OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

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Elections This Week.

The political election in Connecticut was held yesterday, and the Associated Press has obtained no of the result so far as heard from. During the canvass Governor Hagburn, the Democratic candidate for re-election, was trying to cultivate the colored vote, but he took care not to neglect the Irish. In a speech at Waterbury, he is reported to have said: "When I look around upon this intelligent audience, I almost regret that I was not born in Ireland myself." The Tammany ring was sending money into Connecticut to carry the election at all hazards. One night last week the following dispatch from Governor English to William M. Tweed was received: "Do not disappoint us. Nothing could be more disastrous."

In Michigan, to-day, the people are to elect a judge of their supreme court to fill the place of Hon. James V. Campbell, whose term expires on the first day of January next. They will also choose two regents of the State University. In the Fourth Congressional District of Michigan, there looks to be a special election on the same day for a member of Congress, to fill the vacancy caused by the election of Hon. Thomas W. Ferry to the United States Senate. For this position the Republicans have nominated Hon. Wilder D. Foster. The Democratic candidate is Colonel William M. Ferry, a brother of the Republican Senator, Thomas W. Ferry. The vote in the district last fall resulted as follows: Republican, 16,851; Democratic, 10,384; Republican majority, 6467.

In Rhode Island to-morrow Governor and other State officers are to be elected. Congressmen were chosen last fall. The Republicans have steadily carried the State for several years. Last year, in the Legislature, the Republicans had sixteen majority in the Senate and thirty-six in the House. On the same day Rhode Island will vote upon certain proposed amendments to its State constitution, the most important of which abolishes the property qualification for voters.

Grant and Sumner.

[From the New York Commercial Advertiser.]

The personal animosity of Senator Sumner to the President is a prominent feature in Monday's speech, and the journals of the country very generally notice and condemn a motive to base as this. It was hardly necessary that the President should be defended in the Senate, yet Mr. Frelinghuysen did a graceful thing in calling attention to the eminent services of the President in the field, and to the reliance placed in him by the country, in the darkest days of the war, and in the gloomy period of the Johnson administration. No one for a moment can overlook the services of the President and the Senator without discovering the immense difference between them, and the far greater value of the work accomplished by the sword. A thousand years of silver-tongued oratory could never have brought about the scene at Appomattox, and Sumner never could have risen to the manhood capable of exhibiting the magnanimity that dictated the terms of Lee's surrender and generously condoned the offenses of the rebellion. If the hopes of the general in 1865 have not been realized by the President in 1871, it is because the suspicious and aggressive spirit of the Senator has prevailed in the measures of rehabilitation.

Mr. Sumner can hardly hope to remain in the Republican party after attempting this damage to it. He was asked to draw the line closely in his speech between the administration and the party, but he declined to do so, and he made no disclaimer of hostility to the party. His fierce invective goes out, therefore, not merely against the President, but to injure the cause to which the Senator has professed devotion. The very severity of the arraignment, however, defeats the object of the speech. It is far less harmful than its author would have had it.

Condition of the Levees.

The Iberville *Pioneer*, of the first instant, says:

The river at this point is rising at the rate of two inches in twenty-four hours, and the water is well over the banks, with heavy pressure against the levees. It behooves every one, especially our parish levee commissioners, to keep a good lookout for crawfish holes and weak places, as a "stitch in time saves nine." We hear that hogs are running at large in the parish, and are rooting and injuring the levee very much; we hope that the police jurors will see to the matter in their respective wards along the river, as they well know the great calamity that would befall our parish in case of a crevasse.

The West Baton Rouge *Sugar Planter*, of the same date, says:

The height of the river gives some uneasiness to our planters, although, as a rule, we believe the levees of this parish are in as good order as any others of the State. In the present condition of things, the position is not a very pleasant one, with a board of public works disbanded, the new levee company not yet in operation (if ever), a bankrupt State government, and an impoverished people. If a crevasse should occur, we know of nothing that could be done but let it run until the river goes down, and then another stumbling block would be in our way—who would or could close it!

The Pointe Coupee *Echo*, likewise of the same date, says:

At this point the river is not rising very fast, and we are glad to report that it is falling at all points above Vicksburg. That Providence will spare our people from overflow this year is the earnest prayer of the *Echo*.

At Dartmouth College, a few days ago, the students were surprised to hear their president, in solemn words and ominous tones, accuse them of engaging in a leagued conspiracy, and declare that such a thing could not go on without his cognizance. While the innocents tremblingly awaited the evident disclosure of some foul plot or mischievous design, suddenly he said he would give his countenance and utmost aid to this measure, which originated in the minds of the students. The "leagued conspiracy" is this: The under-graduates propose to raise among their friends and the alumni the sum of at least fifteen thousand dollars, to be expended in heating the college buildings with steam and lighting them by gas, thus diminishing the danger from fire, to which these buildings, with their valuable contents, are exposed, and, at the same time, securing to the occupants many conveniences and advantages not now enjoyed.

The people of Florida are to decide by their votes to-day, the fourth of April, whether they will reduce the salary of their Governor from $5000 to $3500 per annum, and give him a cabinet of seven officers at $2000 per annum each, instead of eight officers at $3000, and to provide for the payment of the Legislature by a per diem allowance and mileage, instead of a yearly salary, as at present.

Ann Harris, a girl of twelve, recently quitted the family with which she was living in a small town of Tennessee, because its members did not have morning and evening prayers. Such was her righteous indignation that she carried off in her carpet sack a number of silver spoons and articles of jewelry and personal apparel that did not belong to her.

An Ohio lady has been made violently insane by laughing gas, and has been taken to an asylum.

No. 65.

AN ACT

Entitled an act to place the Franklin College, at Opelousas, Louisiana, under the control of the State Board of Education, for the purpose of establishing a normal or high school therein; and the appropriation of moneys for its repairs, and the liquidation of claims against said college for repairs.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in general assembly convened, That the Franklin College, at Opelousas, Louisiana, with all its grounds and appurtenances, be and they are hereby placed under the control of the State Board of Education, for the purpose of establishing therein a normal or high school.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That the sum of seven thousand dollars be appropriated out of any moneys in the State treasury not otherwise appropriated; one thousand dollars of which shall be paid to Rev. Benjamin F. White, on the warrant of the Superintendent of Public Education of the State of Louisiana, as remuneration for his lease thereon, and for repairs done thereon by him, for which amount the said Benjamin F. White shall receipt in full for all claims held by him against said college; the balance, viz—six thousand dollars, to be used by the State Board of Education in repairing and refitting said college for the objects hereinbefore mentioned.

SEC. 3. Be it further enacted, etc., That this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

(Signed) GEO. W. CARTER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) OSCAR J. DUNN,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 21, 1871.
(Signed) H. C. WARMOTH,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy:
GEO. E. BOVEE,
Secretary of State.

No. 66.

AN ACT

Supplementary to the several acts relating to the town of Franklin, fixing the salary of the mayor, and granting to said mayor and councilmen certain powers.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in general assembly convened, That hereafter the mayor of the town of Franklin, in the parish of St. Mary, shall be entitled to receive an annual salary of one hundred dollars, and the members of the council of said town, shall be entitled to receive each two dollars per diem, for each and every day's attendance at the meeting of said council; and the mayor and council are empowered to assess and collect, annually, a sufficient amount of taxes within said town to pay said salary and per diem.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That the mayor shall be commissioned by the Governor a justice of the peace, who shall exercise civil and criminal jurisdiction. The said mayor shall preside at all the meetings of the town council, and shall call meetings thereof whenever he shall deem it necessary; he shall execute and sustain all laws and ordinances passed by the council, and shall vote only when there is a tie. By virtue of his office he shall have, in order to enforce the laws and ordinances of the council, full and exclusive authority and power to try all offenses against or violations of the same, upon a simple rule to show cause immediately, or at such time and place as he may deem proper; to command the town constable, upon a warrant or execution signed by him in his official capacity, to execute his order or judgment, satisfy the same by seizing and exposing for sale, with the usual legal delays and formalities, as in ordinary cases, the property, real and personal of the persons against whom any judgment shall by him have been rendered, or by committing the offender or offenders to jail, as the case may be.

SEC. 3. Be it further enacted, etc., That the constable shall attend the meetings of the council, and execute such summons, warrants or orders as the mayor is authorized to issue, as well during the recess as during the sittings; and in case the constable is, from any cause, prevented from attending, the mayor may appoint a constable pro tem.

SEC. 4. Be it further enacted, etc., That the mayor and council shall have power to provide for the punishment of vagrants and disorderly persons who may be found, in the day or night time, disturbing the public peace, by fine not to exceed fifty dollars, and imprisonment not to exceed forty-eight hours; and in default of paying said fine the party shall be made to work on streets and public works of the corporation, under such regulations as the mayor and council may direct; provided, said party be allowed a reasonable price for his labor while under sentence.

SEC. 5. Be it further enacted, etc., That the mayor shall have power to revoke any license that he may have issued where, from the disorderly, outrageous or improper conduct of the party, the peace and good order of the town may require it; provided, no license shall be so revoked until the party shall have been cited by rule to show cause why judgment should not be rendered canceling and revoking said license.

SEC. 6. Be it further enacted, etc., That all laws or parts of laws heretofore passed inconsistent with or contrary to the provisions of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed.

(Signed) GEO. W. CARTER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) OSCAR J. DUNN,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 22, 1871.
(Signed) H. C. WARMOTH,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy:
GEO. E. BOVEE,
Secretary of State.

No. 67.

AN ACT

To incorporate the Franco-Amis Benevolent Association of New Orleans, Louisiana.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in general assembly convened, That J. Rey, A. Duhart, O. Augustin, L. Henry, Mathieu E. Robert, J. J. Monette, W. Joublanc, F. J. Delhomme, D. Derinze, Edgard Thezan, O. Bart, Henry Favelin, L. Pelissier, J. Sarros, and such other persons as are or who may become members of said association, are hereby erected and constituted, in name and fact, a body corporate and politic, under the name and style of Franco-Amis Benevolent Association of New Orleans, Louisiana, for the object and purpose of erecting and perpetuating a charitable association; they shall be capable in law to purchase, receive, hold, lease, sell, or otherwise acquire or alienate real or personal estate; shall have a common seal, and may change or alter the same at pleasure, and by said corporate name may sue and be sued; provided, that the lands so held or acquired for the proper uses, purposes, and behoof of said association, and provided further, that all real estate owned by said association shall be exempt from State, parish and municipal taxation. Said corporation shall have, under the above title, a perpetual succession of officers and members; it shall have full power to make and adopt all by-laws and regulations it may deem fit and proper for its government, and to modify, amend and change the same, provided said by-laws and regulations are not contrary to the constitution and laws of this State and of the United States of America.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That the officers of this association shall consist of a president, a vice president, secretary, assistant secretary, treasurer and orator, who shall be chosen by the majority of the members.

SEC. 3. Be it further enacted, etc., That all the power of the association is placed into the president thereof, who will have the right to sue and be sued in behalf of said society.

SEC. 4. Be it further enacted, etc., That this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

(Signed) GEO. W CARTER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
OSCAR J. DUNN,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 22, 1871.
(Signed) H. C. WARMOTH,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy:
GEO. E. BOVEE,
Secretary of State.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in general assembly convened, That section second of an act entitled an act to authorize the compilation of a new and official map of the State, No. 166, approved October 20, 1868, be so amended and re-enacted as to read as follows:

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That the special engineer thus created shall receive compensation for his services rendered to the State at the rate of two hundred dollars per month from the date of his appointment up to the completion of the work on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

SEC. 3. Be it further enacted, etc., That this act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

(Signed) GEO. W. CARTER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) OSCAR J. DUNN,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 23, 1871.
(Signed) H. C. WARMOTH,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy:
GEO. E. BOVEE,
Secretary of State.

No. 69.

AN ACT

Granting to Mrs. Louisa F. Collins, of the parish of Pointe Coupee, the right of keeping a ferry across the Atchafalaya river, at the mouth of Bayou Coville.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in general assembly convened, That Mrs. Louisa F. Collins, her heirs or assigns, shall, subject to the terms and conditions hereafter expressed, have and enjoy the exclusive privilege of keeping a ferry across the Atchafalaya river, on both sides, at the mouth of Bayou Coville, in the parish of Avoyelles, for the term of ten years.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That it shall be the duty of the aforesaid Mrs. Louisa F. Collins, her heirs or assigns during the term she or they shall keep the aforesaid ferry, to keep, support and maintain a sufficient number of ferryboats in good order for crossing persons, horses, wagons and baggage at all reasonable terms and seasons without delay.

SEC. 3. Be it further enacted, etc., That if any person or persons shall, within the distance of one mile from the said place (the mouth of Bayou Coville), set up, maintain or keep a ferry, or transport any persons, horses, cattle or carriages, for pay or hire, from either side the Atchafalaya, other than said Mrs. Louisa F Collins, her heirs or assigns, during the aforesaid term of ten years, every person or persons so offending shall, for every such offense, forfeit and pay the sum of fifty dollars, to be recovered before any competent tribunal, by any person suing for the same; provided, that no person shall be prohibited by the provisions of this act from crossing himself and family or any other he may choose; provided such crossing be for his own business or accommodation, and free of charge.

SEC. 4. Be it further enacted, etc., That whenever Mrs. Louisa F. Collins, her heirs or assigns, shall neglect or refuse to comply with any of the requisitions contained in the preceding section, the said Mrs. Louisa F. Collins, her heirs or assigns so offending, shall forfeit and pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars nor less than twenty-five dollars, before any court of competent jurisdiction, by any person suing for the same, and shall, moreover, be liable for action for damages sustained by any individual in consequence of their neglect or misconduct in the management of the aforesaid ferry.

SEC. 5. Be it further enacted, etc., That each and every person, when going on jury, or military duty, in the service of the State, together with their baggage wagons, horses and accoutrements, belonging to the State, shall be transported free of toll.

SEC. 6. Be it further enacted, etc., That the rates of toll for the aforesaid ferry during the ten years of charter, shall be as follows:

For wagons, four horses and driver, one dollar and fifty cents.

For wagons, two horses and driver, one dollar.

For carriages, two horses and passengers, one dollar and fifty cents.

For stage, four horses and passengers, one dollar and seventy-five cents.

For buggy, two horses and passengers, one dollar and twenty-five cents.

For buggy, one horse and passengers, one dollar.

All other vehicles, twelve cents and a half per wheel, and twelve and a half cents each for passengers.

Twenty-five cents for horse and rider.

Ten cents per head for horses, cattle, mules, and five cents per head for hogs and sheep.

SEC. 7. Be it further enacted, etc., That this act take effect from and after its passage.

(Signed) GEO. W. CARTER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) OSCAR J. DUNN,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 21, 1871.
(Signed) H. C. WARMOTH,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy:
GEO. E. BOVEE,
Secretary of State.

No. 70.

AN ACT

To provide for the cleaning out of Bayou Portage and Bayou Mayers, and digging a canal from Bayou Mayers to Bayou Yokely, for the purpose of securing a better drainage to a large portion of the parish of St. Mary, and to grant the aid of the State thereto.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in general assembly convened, That the sum of one hundred thousand dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated out of the treasury of the State of Louisiana for the purpose of cleaning out Bayou Portage and widening Bayou Mayers, and digging a canal from Bayou Mayers in a northwardly direction, inclining between seven and ten degrees west, across the boundary line between townships number fourteen and fifteen, to its intersection with Bayou Yokely, it being about four miles, and then to clean out and deepen Bayou Yokely.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That James R. Rice, R. K. Diossy, and Samuel Randlett, are hereby appointed commissioners for the State of Louisiana, to superintend and take charge of said work, to receive the appropriation and to expend the same as their judgment may dictate upon the said work, and to that end are hereby vested with all the usual and requisite power to make contracts, purchases, and build or purchase suitable dredge boats, machinery, etc., and shall elect a president and treasurer from their own number, and also appoint such officers and agents as may be necessary for carrying out the purposes of this act, determining the amounts of pay and salary in each case, etc., and do and perform all such things as may be requisite and necessary for the speedy and efficient completion of this work; provided, that within sixty days from the passage of this act the said commissioners file at the office of the Secretary of State their oaths of office and bonds, in solido, in the penal sum of one hundred thousand dollars, for the faithful execution of the work and expenditure of the appropriation herein made.

SEC. 3. Be it further enacted, etc., That the appropriation before provided for shall be paid as follows:

First—That upon the passage of this act and filing of their oaths of office and bonds, it shall be the duty of the Auditor to issue his warrants upon the Treasurer for one-half the amount appropriated, to the order of the president of the commissioners, to be expended for the purpose of purchasing or building a suitable dredge boat, and working the same in cleaning said bayous Portage and Mayers, and digging said canal.

Second—That upon the clearing out of bayous Portgage and Mayers, and widening to at least forty feet and deepening to four and a half feet, to be evidenced by the affidavit of the president of the commissioners, and approved by an engineer appointed by the Governor, the balance of the appropriation shall become due and payable in the same manner as heretofore provided.

SEC. 4. Be it further enacted, etc., That [illegible] the appropriation herein.

SEC. 5. Be it further enacted, etc., That in the event of the expenditure herein authorized amounting to more than the appropriation, the said commissioners are hereby authorized to levy an assessment upon all the lands to be benefited by said drainage, sufficient to make up any deficiency which may remain after the appropriation herein authorized shall have been expended, which said assessment shall be due and payable to said commissioners after publication and notice of the same for thirty days, in any newspaper published in the parish, or by posting the same in three public places in the parish; and in the event of the failure of any assessment, made under the provisions of this act, being paid at the expiration of sixty days after said notice has been published, the said commissioners are hereby authorized to advertise and sell, after sixty days' notice, so much of the land assessed as may be necessary to pay said assessment, with all costs of sale, etc.

SEC. 6. Be it further enacted, etc., That this act shall be liberally construed in the furtherance of the object herein contained.

SEC. 7. Be it further enacted, etc., That all laws and parts of laws inconsistent with this act be and the same are hereby repealed, and this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

(Signed) GEO. W. CARTER.
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) OSCAR J. DUNN,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 24, 1871.
(Signed) H. C. WARMOTH,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy:
GEO. E. BOVEE,
Secretary of State.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Passed at the Third Session of the Forty-First Congress.

[PUBLIC—No. 1.]

AN ACT to enlarge the jurisdiction of the probate courts in Idaho Territory.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the probate courts of the Territory of Idaho, in their respective counties, in addition to their probate jurisdiction, be, and they are hereby, authorized to hear and determine all civil causes wherein the damage or debt claimed does not exceed the sum of five hundred dollars, exclusive of interest, and such criminal cases arising under the laws of the Territory as do not require the intervention of a grand jury: Provided, That they shall not have jurisdiction in any matter in controversy, when the title, boundary or right to the peaceable possession of land may be in dispute, or in chancery or divorce cases: And provided further, That in all cases an appeal may be taken from any order, judgment or decree of said probate courts to the district court.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed; provided, this act shall not affect any suit pending in the district courts of said Territory at the time of its passage.

J. G. BLAINE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
SCHUYLER COLFAX,
Vice-President of the United States and President of the Senate.
Approved December 13, 1870.
U. S. GRANT.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 2.]

AN ACT granting to the Utah Central Railroad Company a right of way through the public lands for the construction of a railroad and telegraph.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the right of way through the public lands be, and the same is hereby granted to the Utah Central Railroad Company, a corporation created under the laws of the legislative assembly of the Territory of Utah, its successors and assigns, for the construction of a railroad and telegraph from a point at or near Ogden City, in the Territory of Utah, to Salt Lake City, in said Territory; and the right, power, and authority is hereby given to said corporation to take from the public lands adjacent to the line of said road material of earth, stone, timber, and so forth, for the construction thereof. Said way is granted to said railroad to the extent of two hundred feet in width on each side of said railroad where it may pass through the public domain, including all necessary ground for station-buildings, work-shops, depots, machine-shops, switches, side-tracks, turn-tables and water-stations: provided, that within three months from the passage of this act, the said Utah Central Railroad Company shall file with the Secretary of the Interior a map to be approved by him, exhibiting the line of the railroad of said company, as the same has been located and constructed; provided, further, that said company shall not charge the government higher rates than they do individuals for like transportation and telegraphic service. And it shall be the duty of the Utah Central Railroad Company to permit any other railroad, which has been or shall be authorized to be built by the United States, or by the Legislature of the Territory of Utah, to form running connections with its road on fair and equitable terms.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the United States make the grants herein, and that the said Utah Central Railroad Company accepts the same, upon the express condition that the said company shall not exercise the power given by section ten of chapter sixteen of the laws of the Territory of Utah, approved nineteenth of February eighteen hundred and sixty-nine; and upon the further express condition that if the said company make any breach of the conditions hereof, then in such case, at any time hereafter, the United States, by its Congress, may do any and all acts and things which may be needful and necessary for the enforcement of such conditions.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That said Utah Central Railroad shall be a post route and a military road, subject to the use of the United States for postal, military, naval and all other government service, and also subject to such regulations as Congress may impose, restricting the charges for such government transportation.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the acceptance of the terms, conditions and impositions of this act, by the said Utah Central Railroad Company, shall be signified in writing under the corporate seal of said company, duly executed pursuant to the direction of its board of directors first had and obtained, which acceptance shall be made within three months after the passage of this act, and shall be served on the President of the United States; and if such acceptance and service shall not be so made, this grant shall be void.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That Congress may at any time, having due regard for the rights of said Utah Central Railroad Company, add to, alter, amend, or repeal this act.

Approved, December 15, 1870.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 3.]

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "An act to reduce internal taxes, and for other purposes," approved July fourteen, eighteen hundred and seventy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of section twenty-one of the act to reduce internal taxes, and for other purposes, approved July fourteen, eighteen hundred and seventy, as relates to sugar, be amended so [that] it will read—

On all sugar not above number seven, Dutch standard in color, one and three-quarter cents per pound.

On all sugar above number seven, and not above number ten, Dutch standard in color, two cents per pound.

On all sugar above number ten, and not above number thirteen, Dutch standard in color, two and one-quarter cents per pound.

On all sugar above number thirteen, and not above number sixteen, Dutch standard in color, two and three-quarter cents per pound.

On all sugar above number sixteen, and not above number twenty, Dutch standard in color, three and one-quarter cents per pound.

On all sugars above number twenty, [illegible] That the Secretary of the Treasury shall, by regulation, prescribe and require that samples from packages of sugar shall be taken by the proper officers, in such manner as to ascertain the true quality of such sugar; and the weights of sugar imported in casks or boxes shall be marked distinctly by the customhouse weigher, by scoring the figures indelibly on each package: And provided further, That all syrup of sugar, syrup of sugar cane juice, melada, concentrated melada, or concentrated molasses, entered under the name of molasses, shall be forfeited to the United States.

Approved, December 22, 1870.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 4.]

AN ACT in relation to certain territorial penitentiaries.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the penitentiary which has been, or may hereafter be, erected by the United States in any organized Territory thereof, shall, when the same is ready for the reception of convicts, be placed under the care and control of the Marshal of the United States for the Territory or District in which such penitentiary may be situated.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it is hereby made the duty of the Attorney General of the United States to prescribe all needful rules and regulations for the government of such penitentiary, and the marshal having charge thereof shall cause them to be duly and faithfully executed and obeyed. The reasonable compensation of such marshal and his deputies, for their services under this act and said regulations, shall be fixed by the Attorney General; and it and the expense incident to the subsistence and employment of offenders against the laws of the United States, who have been or may hereafter be sentenced to imprisonment in such penitentiary, shall be chargeable on and payable out of the fund for defraying the expenses of suits in which the United States are concerned, and of prosecutions for offenses committed against the United States; Provided, That this act shall not be construed to increase the maximum compensation now allowed by law to those officers.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That any person convicted by a court of competent jurisdiction in a Territory, for a violation of the laws thereof, and sentenced to imprisonment, may, at the cost of such Territory, on such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by such rules and regulations, be received, subsisted, and employed in such penitentiary during the term of his or her imprisonment, in the same manner as if he or she had been convicted of an offense against the laws of the United States.

Approved, January 10, 1871.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 5.]

AN ACT to amend an act entitled "An act to authorize the refunding of the national debt."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the amount of bonds authorized by the act approved July fourteen, eighteen hundred and seventy, entitled "An act to authorize the refunding of the national debt," to be issued, bearing five per centum interest per annum, be, and the same is, increased to five hundred millions of dollars, and the interest of any portion of the bonds issued under said act, or this act, may, at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, be made payable quarter-yearly; Provided, however, That this act shall not be construed to authorize any increase of the total amount of bonds provided for by the act to which this act is an amendment.

Approved January 20, 1871.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 6.]

AN ACT ceding certain jurisdiction to the State of Ohio.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the jurisdiction over the place purchased for the location of the "National Asylum for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers," under and by virtue of the act of Congress of March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, entitled "An act to incorporate a National Military and Naval Asylum for the relief of the totally disabled officers and men of the volunteer forces of the United States," and the act of March twenty-first, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, amendatory thereto, and upon which said asylum is located, is hereby ceded to the State of Ohio, and relinquished by the United States. And the United States shall claim or exercise no jurisdiction over said place after the passage of this act: Provided, That nothing contained in this act shall be construed to impair the powers and rights heretofore conferred upon the board of managers of the National Asylum for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, incorporated under said act, in and over said territory.

Approved, January 21, 1871.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 8.]

AN ACT making appropriations for the payment of invalid and other pensions of the United States for the year ending June thirty, eighteen hundred and seventy-two.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of pensions for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and seventy-two:

For army invalid pensions, and for furnishing artificial limbs or apparatus for resection, or commutation therefor, as provided by acts of April twenty-four, eighteen hundred and sixteen; May thirteen, eighteen hundred and forty-six; July fourteen, eighteen hundred and sixty-two; June six, eighteen hundred and sixty-six; July twenty-seven, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight; and July eleven, eighteen hundred and seventy, nine million five hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For revolutionary pensions, and pensions of widows, children, mothers, fathers, brothers and sisters of soldiers, as provided by acts of March eighteen, eighteen hundred and eighteen; May fifteen, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight; June seven, eighteen hundred and thirty-two; July four, eighteen hundred and thirty-six; July seven, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight; March three, eighteen hundred and forty-three; June seventeen, eighteen hundred and forty-four; February twenty, eighteen hundred and forty-seven; February two, July twenty-one, and July twenty-nine, eighteen hundred and forty-eight; February three, eighteen hundred and fifty-three; June three, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight; July fourteen and seventeen, eighteen hundred and sixty-two; June thirty, eighteen hundred and sixty-four; July twenty-five, eighteen hundred and sixty-six; and July twenty-seven, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight; and for compensation to the pension agents and expenses of the agencies, and fees for preparing vouchers and administering oaths, nineteen million dollars.

For navy invalid pensions, including the compensation to pension agents, expenses of the several agencies, and fees for preparing vouchers and administering oaths, and for furnishing artificial limbs or apparatus for resection, or commutation therefor, as provided by acts of April twenty-three, eighteen hundred; February, twenty, eighteen hundred and forty-seven; August eleven, eighteen hundred and forty-eight; April five, eighteen hundred and fifty-six; July fourteen and seventeen, eighteen hundred and sixty-two; June thirty, eighteen hundred and sixty-four; June six and July twenty-five, eighteen hundred and sixty-six; July twenty-seven, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight; June seventeen, June thirty, July eight and July eleven, eighteen hundred and seventy, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For navy pensions of widows, children, mothers, fathers, brothers and sisters of sailors and marines, as provided by acts of August eleven, eighteen hundred and forty-eight; July fourteen, eighteen hundred and sixty-two; July twenty-five, eighteen hundred and sixty-six; and July twenty-seven, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, three hundred and fifty thousand dollars: Provided, That the appropriations for navy pensions be paid out of the navy pension fund.

Approved, January 30, 1871.

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