# NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN.

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VOLUME IV—NO. 306. NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY, APRIL 6, 1871. WHOLE NUMBER 1218.



## AMUSEMENTS.

ST. CHARLES THEATER.

Second and Last Week of
THE YOUNG COMEDIAN AND TRAGEDIAN,
MR. EDWIN ADAMS.

Thursday, April 6, 1871,
Will be presented, by request, Tennyson's beautiful Poem of
ENOCH ARDEN.
ENOCH ARDEN.....Mr. EDWIN ADAMS.
Annie Leigh....Mrs. MARY MITCHELL ALBAUGH.

To-morrow—Farewell Benefit of Mr. Adams.
Saturday Noon—Last Enoch Arden Matinee.
Sunday—Benefit of Mr. J. W. Albaugh.
Monday—The charming little Artiste, Mrs. LEONA CAVENDER. ap6 1t

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Spalding, Bidwell & MacDonough.....Proprietors.

FOR A LIMITED NUMBER OF NIGHTS.

The Inimitable actress,
MRS. D. P. BOWERS,
Supported by J. C. McCOLLOM, and the St. Louis Dramatic Stock Company.

Monday and Tuesday, April 3 and 4, and also upon the occasion of Mrs. BOWERS' benefit, FRIDAY, April 7, and the Saturday Matinee, April 8,
LADY AUDLEY'S SECRET.
Wednesday, April 5—CAMILLE.
Thursday and Saturday, April 6 and 8—MARY STUART.
Sunday, April 9—STRANGER and THE HONEYMOON. ap6

THE FIFTH ANNUAL SERIES
OF
FOUR PARLOR CONCERTS
Will be given under the direction of Mr. A. B. CHASE, at
ODD FELLOWS' HALL,
on
Monday Evenings, April 10, 17 and 24, and Friday, April 28.

The following vocalists, artists and amateurs will assist during the series:
Mlle. C. ZEISS, late of the French Opera.
Mrs. J. A. ARNOLD, Soprano.
Mme. G. BLACHE, Soprano of Christ Church.
Miss A. WAGNER, Contralto of St. Louis Cathedral.
Mlle. J. FLEURY, Mezzo Soprano.
Miss A. LAFITTE, Contralto of Christ Church.
Mr. J. METEYE, Tenor of Trinity Church.
Mr. AUG. DAVIS, Tenor of Jesuits' Church.
Mr. C. C. TEAGY, Tenor of St. Paul's Church.
Mr. J. A. ARNOLD, Basso of Trinity Church.
Mr. A. R. CHASE, Tenor of Christ Church.
Mr. J. G. WHEELER, Baritone of St. Paul's Church.
Mr. A. CASSARD, Basso of Christ Church.
AND A FULL CHORUS, WITH OTHER DISTINGUISHED ARTISTS.
Miss Melanie May, Pianist.

Subscribers' tickets, good for two seats for each of the four concerts, only Six Dollars, to be had at Bieekmar's and Grunewald's music stores. ap2 6t

CRESCENT CITY MUSEUM,
Nos. 40 and 42 St. Charles street.
Now on exhibition, a large and attractive series of
LIVING WONDERS,
ANIMALS, RARE PAINTINGS,
AND
100,000 Curiosities,
From every part of the World.
ALL FOR ONE PRICE OF ADMISSION.
Open Daily from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. ja1 3m

## WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED FOR SATAN IN Society.—This truly unique and very remarkable work, written from a high Christian and physiological stand-point, in the best interests of fallen, struggling, passion-cursed humanity, has now passed under the eyes of the critics, undergone their scrutiny, and received the "God-speed" of the best and most discriminating. The general verdict is that it is altogether a remarkable book; that it is timely; that it is needed; that it will make its mark, and do good. The third edition is now ready, and agents are meeting with most excellent success. Circulars giving full particulars, with numerous criticisms, sent free. C. F. VENT, Publisher, 38 West Fourth street, Cincinnati, Ohio. ap4 5 7 1tW

A WELL EDUCATED WIDOW LADY wishes a home in a family, for which she would give in return those little accomplishments she possesses. Speaks German, French and English fluently; is a good housekeeper and manager; would take the entire care of an invalid going abroad, or any position of trust or responsibility. Mrs. HAVELAND, No. 209 Camp street. fel5

## FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—TILL OCTOBER—A WELL FURnished house on Customhouse street, between Bourbon and Dauphine streets, for what the house costs unfurnished, namely, $100 per month, to a responsible tenant. This house is near all the cars, business, etc., and has gas, paved yard, cistern, hydrant, etc. Apply to M. H. THOMAS, No. 32 Carondelet street. ap4 3t

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, SINGLY or in suits, at No. 114 St. Charles street, corner of North. mh26 1m

ROOMS TO RENT—ONE OR TWO FINE, large, airy, comfortably Furnished Rooms can be had in a private family, with or without board, where the French and English languages are spoken, and free from the annoyance of children, by applying at No. 321 St. Ann street, corner of Derbigny. The cars pass within a few doors of the house. Terms very moderate. oc30

## FOR SALE.

A GREAT BARGAIN IN REAL ESTATE.

A fine three-story RESIDENCE, which cost over twenty thousand dollars to build, and nine Lots of Ground, fronting Washington avenue, filled up two feet above the street, with all necessary out-buildings, all in good repair, rented on a long lease at fifteen hundred dollars a year,
FOR TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS.
Title guaranteed.
Apply, between the hours of ten and two o'clock, to JAMES READY, fe3 No. 41 Natchez street.

## WOOD—COAL.

FIELD & BELL,
(SPENCER FIELD, JR.—WALTER O. BELL.)
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Pittsburg, Anthracite and English Cannel
COAL,
Also, ASH, OAK and PINE WOOD. Steamships, steamboats, cotton presses, foundries and families promptly supplied at the lowest market rates. Main office 147 Camp street, corner Girod. Branch office 261 Magazine street near Poydras. ap3 1y

## MACHINERY.

O'ROURKE & MEAGHER
(Edward O'Rourke—Mathew Meagher.)
Steam Boiler Manufacturers and Blacksmiths, Nos. 183 and 185 Fulton, and 213 New Levee streets, between St. Joseph and Julia streets. Residence—No. 380 Clio street. Low Pressure, Locomotive, Flued and Cylinder Boilers; Clarifiers, Filters and Juice Boxes made at shortest notice, and all work done at this establishment will be guaranteed equal in point of workmanship and material to any in the city or elsewhere. fe16 1y

ARMSTRONG'S
FOUNDRY AND BOILER MANUFACTORY,
Corner of Erato and New Levee streets,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.
W. J. J. ARMSTRONG, Manager.
Manufacturer of Vertical and Horizontal Steam Engines, Sugar Mills, Draining Machines, Saw Mills, Cotton Screws and Gearing, Iron Columns and Fronts of Buildings, Furnace Mouths, Grate Bars, Bone Black, Revivifiers, Gas Retorts, Railroad Frogs, etc.; Low Pressure, Locomotive Flue and Cylinder Boilers of all kinds, Filters, Juice Boxes and Clarifiers, etc. no22 1y

D. C. McCAN,
IRON AND BRASS FOUNDER,
Fulton, New Levee, Notre Dame and Julia streets
Office, No. 125 Fulton Street.
Manufacturer of Vertical and Horizontal Steam Engines, Boilers, Sugar Mills, Vacuum Pans, Sugar Kettles, Clarifiers, Filters, Steam and Horse Power Draining Machines, Saw Mills, Gin Gearing, Furnace Mouths, Grate Bars, etc. Second hand Machinery and Boilers always for sale.
Steamship and Steamboat Repairs promptly attended to. ap30 1y

## MISCELLANEOUS.

THE GREAT ENGLISH SATIRE
On the Franco-Prussian war, entitled
THE FIGHT AT DAME EUROPA'S SCHOOL;
Showing how the German boy trashed the French boy, and how the English boy looked on.
One hundred and twenty thousand copies of this little Brochure were sold in London in less than one month. 12mo paper; price, 25 cents.
ap5 1t A. KYRICH, Publisher, 139 Canal street.

NOTICE!.....NOTICE!
The circumstances that for some time past have prevented Messrs. Krug & Co., of Rheims, from putting up their champagne wine in a regular style having ceased to exist, we beg to inform the public that the goods now sold and an invoice of 1500 baskets expected are the last prepared with tin foil or wax, and that henceforth all bottles will have a cap bearing the usual trade mark.
A. ROCHEREAU & CO.,
16 and 18 St. Louis street.
New Orleans, April 4, 1871. ap5 15t

THE GENUINE STANDARD AND Reliable Scales, as represented by Messrs. Foresythe & Co. in Sunday's edition of Picayune, is not the standard for the United States.
Messrs. FAIRBANKS & CO. furnish the post-offices throughout the United States with all their scales and weights, and they challenge any other manufacturer of scales to show an equal list of those using their scales in the city of New Orleans, exclusive of the thousands who use them throughout the country. In a few days a list of persons using Fairbank's Scales will be published in the city papers.
W. B. BOWMAN,
ap4 7t 53 Camp street.

COW PEAS.....COW PEAS.
CHOICE CAROLINA CLAYKD,
For sale by
TOULMIN & MARTIN,
ap2 3m No. 41 Natchez street.

PSYCHOMANCY.—ANY LADY OR GENTLEman can make $1000 a month, secure their own happiness and independence, by reading Psychomancy, Fascination or Soul Charming, 400 pages. Full instructions to use this power over men or animals at will, how to Mesmerize, become Trance or Writing Mediums, Divination, Spiritualism; Alchemy, Philosophy of Omens and Dreams, Brigham Young's Harem, Guide to Marriage, etc.; 200,000 sold. Sent by mail in cloth for $1 25; paper covers, $1. The Philadelphia Star, speaking of the book, says: "Its author is Herbert Hamilton, B. A., the celebrated Psychological lecturer. The publisher, T. W. Evans, one of the oldest established perfumers and publishers in the city, the mention of whose name is a sufficient guarantee of its merits. Mr. Evans has spent $60,000 in advertising and getting out this extraordinary book. Skeptics in Psychology read and be convinced of this wonderful occult power."
NOTICE.—Any person willing to act as Agent will receive a sample copy free. As no capital is required, all desirous of genteel employment should send for the work, inclosing ten cents for postage, to T. W. Evans, 41 South Eighth street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. ap2 3m W*

FINE WATCHES AND JEWELRY.
S. SILVERSTEIN,
195.....Poydras street.....195
(Corner of Carroll street),
DEALER IN
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, FINE JEWELRY,
CLOCKS, SILVERWARE, SPECTACLES,
EYE GLASSES, ETC.,
Would respectfully inform his old friends and customers that he has reopened at the above named location. His stock being entirely new, his goods, consequently, are all of the latest styles, and are warranted to be equal to anything in the market. Having bought for cash, he can sell lower than almost any other house in the city, and being in favor of quick returns and small profits, he will guarantee bargains to all customers. Come and see his goods.
Watches and Jewelry repaired in the very best manner and at the shortest notice. oc23 6m 112p

PACIFIC WINE COMPANY,
Organized for the sale of
PURE CALIFORNIA WINE AND BRANDY.
VINEYARDS IN ELDORADO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.
CHARLES B. PETTIT, Treasurer and Business Agent—Office and Salesrooms, No. 98 Camp street, New Orleans.
This company is composed of the owners of vineyards in the best grape district of California, who have formed an association for the purpose of selling their own Wines and Brandy.
The following list comprises a part of their products now ready for the market:

| | |
|---|---|
| WHITE WINE, | ANGELICA, |
| RED WINE, | MUSCAT, |
| CLARET, | CATAWBA, |
| HOCK, | ISABELLA, |
| OLD MISSION, | SPARKLING, |
| SHERRY, | WINE BITTERS, |
| TOKAY, | GRAPE BRANDY, |
| PORT, | BRANDY BITTERS. |

All their Wine and Brandy Warranted Strictly Pure.
Arrangements are now perfected for weekly shipments, direct from the vineyards, thus insuring a full and constant supply of these PURE AND DELICIOUS WINES.
Dealers, physicians and families are requested to call and examine in regard to quality and price.
All orders should be addressed,
PACIFIC WINE COMPANY,
mh19 6mo No. 98 Camp street, New Orleans.

LAST AND FINAL NOTICE
TO THE SUBSCRIBERS TO THE STOCK OF THE
NATIONAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY.
The subscribers to the above named stock are hereby notified that the balance of the installments unpaid are now due and payable at my office, No. 22 Front street, between Gravier and Poydras streets. All those who pay up immediately will participate in the bonds and stocks of the Automatic Telegraph Company, which will soon be issued and distributed to those who have paid up in full. And those failing to do so will forfeit the amount they have already paid.
DANIEL EDWARDS,
mh29 ap2 7 Local Director.

MONEY CAN NOT BUY IT.
FOR SIGHT IS PRICELESS!!
BUT THE DIAMOND SPECTACLES
WILL PRESERVE IT.
THE DIAMOND GLASSES,
Manufactured by
J. E. SPENCER & CO., NEW YORK,
Which are now offered to the public, are pronounced by all the celebrated Opticians of the world to be the MOST PERFECT. THE SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLE on which they are constructed brings the core or centre of the lens directly in front of the eye, producing a clear and distinct vision, as in the natural, healthy sight, and preventing all unpleasant sensations, such as glimmering and wavering of sight, dizziness, etc., peculiar to all others in use.
They are Mounted in the Finest Manner,
In frames of the best quality, of all materials used for that purpose.
EDWARD LILIENTHAL,
JEWELER AND OPTICIAN,
Is sole agent for New Orleans, Louisiana,
No. 95.....Canal Street.....No. 95
From whom they can only be obtained. These goods are not supplied to peddlers, at any price.
He also keeps constantly on hand a very large and well selected stock of
Watches, Jewelry and Silverware.
All of which is of the very best quality, and fully guaranteed. oc23 6m 2t 3p

$1000 REWARD.
DuBING'S VIA FUGA cures all Liver, Kidney and Bladder Diseases, Organic Weakness, Female Affections, General Debility, and all complaints of the Urinary Organs, in male and female; $1000 will also be paid for any case of Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles that DuBING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. Sold everywhere. Send for Pamphlet.
Laboratory No. 143 Franklin street,
my11 dawly Baltimore, Maryland.

## FOUND.

FOUND.—THE UNDERSIGNED HAS FOUND A BLACK POODLE DOG, which the owner can get, by proving property and paying expenses, at No. 191 St. Louis street.
ap5 3t* C. ZIMMERMAN.


### SPRING FIGHTS COMMENCED.

**Pistols on St. Charles Street.**

Between nine and ten o'clock last night the corner of St. Charles and Common streets echoed the dulcet sounds of five or six pistol shots in rapid succession.

The particulars, as near as we could gather them, are about as follows:

One night recently a man named T. McCormack uttered some words derogatory to Wash Rockwell, soon after which the latter floored the former, and that was all at the time. Last night Rockwell, McCormack and Aleck Newton met at or near the corner mentioned when a promiscuous fusillade opened. The men were well armed, it appears, fully prepared for a battle.

Five or six shots were heard, two of the bullets wounding Rockwell in his back, the remainder doing no damage as far as heard from. Rockwell's wounds are serious, and may result in death, as one of the balls is very large, evidently sent from a pistol not unlike a navy revolver. Both bullets were in his body when he was sent to the Charity Hospital, and he could feel one of them under the flesh of his heart.

Aleck Newton was arrested and charged with wounding Rockwell with intent to kill. The pistol found on his person was the largest sized Remington, two loads out of the cylinder. The weapon taken from Rockwell showed the same number of discharges. A loaded Deringer was found on Newton. One or two more shots are to be accounted for, and persons who were near the scene express the belief that McCormack fired them. He made his escape during the excitement. A score of witnesses were on the spot, and saw the duel from first to last.

Of course, it is almost impossible to ascertain the origin of the difficulty, but particulars may be developed when the case shall come before the Recorder.

When the surgeon in the Charity Hospital dressed Rockwell's wounds it was thought they were not likely to prove fatal or really serious. He then left and visited St. Charles street, and was arrested by Officer Rinehart, the same officer who arrested Newton. As Rockwell's condition was not very pleasant, he was released to appear to-day. He asserts that Newton is the one who wounded him, and that McCormack's shots did not take effect.

### No School To-day.

At a meeting of the City School Board, last evening, a resolution was passed closing the public schools for the remainder of the week, including to-day, which is held in observance by several religious denominations. To-morrow being Good Friday is a legal holiday, and Saturday, in school affairs, is always *dies non*. We suppose that all the boys and girls who read the REPUBLICAN will find out, before the hour of school arrives, that there will be no school to-day.

### The Metairie Races.

The first day of the spring races inaugurated by the Metairie Jockey Club will be one of the liveliest of the season. It occurs on Saturday next, and will begin with the annual Metairie stake for three year olds. Yesterday morning, Mr. L. B. Armstrong, of Memphis, arrived here on the steamer Henry Ames, and brought down some racers. Among Mr. Armstrong's stock is the celebrated racer Woodburn, by Lexington, dam Lulu Horton by imported Albion—a full brother to Kildare.

Peterson's Counterfeit Detector for April is just out; being the only safeguard against counterfeit money, of which just now the country is flooded, and containing an accurate description of all counterfeit national bank notes, legal tenders, and fractional currency, with correct rules for the detection of all counterfeit notes; latest financial and banking intelligence; names and location of all new banks; list of counterfeit bank note plates captured by government detectives, the bogus notes of which are still in circulation; list of counterfeit bank note plates still in the hands of, and being used by, the counterfeiters. We advise all to send for sample number, price fifteen cents; or subscribe for one year, price only one dollar and fifty cents. Canvassers wanted. Address T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Every business man ought to subscribe to it. It is especially valuable to ticket agents on railroads.

Governor Warmoth yesterday made the following appointments: L. A. Snaer, Tax Collector, Iberia parish; J. L. Brown, Inspector of Weights and Measures, Iberville parish; F. C. Remick, John Cockrem, and James Lewis, Directors of Milne Asylum for Destitute Orphan Boys. The following appointments were made for Avoyelles parish: Alphonse B. Coco and Louis Ducote Notaries Public; Walter Aikenhead, Justice of the Peace for the Seventh Ward; P. P. Normand, Justice of the Peace for the Third Ward. Police Jurors: Aristide Barben, First Ward; L. A. Normand, Second Ward; A. D. Coco, Third Ward; A. L. Boyer, Fourth Ward; Henry Anderson, Fifth Ward; P. Goddeau, Sixth Ward; W. Aikenhead, Seventh Ward.

IMPORTANT TO YOUNG MEN.—All who wish a practical education for a small expense and in the shortest possible time, should apply at once to Dolbear Commercial College, Nos. 164 and 166 Canal street, where so many of our business men acquired that instruction which has been a fortune to them. Let young men do likewise, and not throw away their time.

ASSESSMENT NOTICES NUMBERS FIFTY TO FIFTY-THREE.—See special notice column Death of Daniel Ewald, Ignatius Caulfield, W. J. Duncan and John Lutz, payable at the office of the Mutual Aid and Benevolent Life Insurance Association within thirty days from April 3, 1871.

Last Saturday, on the recommendation of Messrs. Porter, Platt and Stowell, of Virginia, the white page from that State was superseded by the appointment of a colored youth from Virginia. This is the first time a colored youth has been appointed page in the House.

Mr. MacDonough, of the theatrical firm of Spalding, Bidwell & MacDonough, is now here, and will remain during the engagement of Mrs. D. P. Bowers at the Academy of Music.

The Fifth Ward Republican Club will meet this evening, at half past seven o'clock, by order of the President, Major Vigers. All Republicans are invited to attend.

### Mrs. D. P. Bowers.

The engagement of this accomplished actress at the Academy of Music commenced on Monday evening last, upon which occasion she appeared as *Lady Audley* in the thrilling four act drama entitled "Lady Audley's Secret."

The novelty of the play may have helped to inspire favorable impressions. The plot, though not faultless, is intensely interesting throughout; and the characters, well arranged and sufficiently natural, in the hands of good artists do not fail to make a most lively and entertaining picture of real life.

The fame of Mrs. Bowers as an actress had excited the curiosity of many persons who had not witnessed her performances, and since the commencement of her present engagement they have availed themselves of an opportunity of witnessing her in powerful renditions of character.

Monday and Tuesday evenings were dedicated to what turned out a triumphal approval of her representation of *Lady Audley*. As much as the public had been led to expect of Mrs. Bowers, it was quite evident that all who witnessed her superb acting of this subtle, polished and most difficult character, went away well satisfied that all praise bestowed upon her was well merited.

She fully comprehends all the passions that move the human heart, and, gifted with a graceful person, mind of a high order in the line of the drama, a sweet and powerful voice well trained in the art of elocution, and judgment withal, it is not strange that she should succeed in pleasing those who are fond of refined and intellectual entertainment.

Mrs. Bowers is very ably supported by J. C. McCollom, and the ladies and gentlemen of the St. Louis Dramatic Stock Company. Mr. McCollom's *Robert Audley* is a smooth and perfect piece of acting. Miss Mary Maddern's *Alicia* is also excellent, and Harry Ellis' *Luke Marks* can not be excelled. Without stopping to further individualize, we will say that every character is well sustained.

Last evening Mrs. Bowers played *Camille* in the exciting drama of that name. We can not say that we admire the piece, though in justice to the talents of the lady we must say no one can help admiring her acting. Her *Camille*, like her *Lady Audley*, is a masterpiece of acting, well calculated to reach the hearts of all who are not proof against passion—passion, if you please, in all its phases, instigated by good and evil—from the holiest and tenderest love to the most subtle and bitter hatred.

### An Interesting Speech.

A Washington special of the first instant to the Cincinnati *Gazette* says:

The ordinary dull routine of the speech-making of the week was somewhat relieved this afternoon by the remarks of Elliott, a colored member from South Carolina, who got the floor on the pending Ku-Klux bill. Elliott is a successor to Preston Brooks in that strongest of all old South Carolina's secession districts. He is the darkest of all the colored members of the House, and at the same time the most cultivated, being a graduate from an English university. He came to Congress with the reputation of being one of the most forcible and eloquent speakers in the present body. In the several impromptu speeches which he has made thus far during the present session, he has borne himself creditably, and impressed even the most prejudiced Democrats that he is a man of unquestioned power and ability. When he arose this afternoon both Democrats and Republicans flocked around him, and the galleries presented a marked contrast to their deserted appearance of the last few days. Elliott's voice is very strong, and suggestive of large experience in outdoor speaking. His delivery is good, and his gestures well timed and graceful. His speech throughout was listened to with marked attention, there not being the slightest confusion from the exordium to the close. Of course, it was in favor of stringest legislation to suppress existing Southern outrages. The idea he kept continually putting forward was that no loyal man need fear putting too much power in the hands of a well meaning administration. It was only the rogues that felt the halter draw who had a bad opinion of the law. He spoke for about an hour and a half, from written notes, and was interrupted but twice, and then in connection with facts which it appeared he related from his own personal experience. His replies to these interruptions were exceedingly ready, and caused great laughter on the Republican side of the House.

### Election in Baton Rouge.

An election was held in Baton Rouge last Monday, which was quietly conducted, and resulted in the choice of a portion of the Republican ticket.

M. Weis, Democrat, was elected city marshal, and Michael Gravary, Democrat, treasurer and collector.

Selectmen, First Ward—R. J. McCabe, Democrat; B. J. Vienna and Leon Gaste, Republicans.

Selectmen, Second Ward—Jordan Holt G. Gusman and Timothy Duggan, Democrats.

Charles Neff, Republican, was defeated as a candidate for selectman in the First Ward by only one vote.

The election for mayor will be held next Monday.

The "dark seance" of the Davenport brothers was rudely interrupted in Charleston, South Carolina, by a scoffer among the audience, who suddenly cast the light from a bull's-eye lantern upon the stage. It lasted but a moment, but a writer in the Charleston *News* says that in the dim light he saw distinctly the figure of a man, swinging a guitar, directly in front of the chair in which Professor Fay had been a moment before tied and seated. The gas was relighted, and, upon examination, Professor Fay and one of the Davenports were found tied to their chairs. The volunteer illuminator was put out.

The second annual party of the Orleans Dramatic Relief Association will be given at Minerva Hall on Thursday evening of next week. We are under obligations to Mr. Holyhead for the courtesy of an invitation ticket. The Orleans Dramatic Relief Association intend giving six of their dramatic entertainments during the summer months on the subscription plan. Books of subscription are now open.

We had the pleasure of a visit last evening from Mr. William A. DeLong, business agent for Miss Leona Cavender, who appears at the St. Charles Theatre next Monday evening in one of her specialties.

A colored man in Florida, convicted on circumstantial evidence, has been sent to jail for twelve months for killing a white man's dog. Suppose a white man had killed the negro?

### Crevasse at the St. Sophie Plantation.

The *Empire Parish* of the first instant says:

In our last issue we made mention of the crevasse in the levee just above here, on the left bank of the river, fronting the unoccupied land owned by Mr. Soulie, and at that time stated that if nothing was done to close it, a large portion of the parish would be inundated. We had hoped that the parish authorities, whose duty it is to attend to the condition of the levees, would do something in regard to the matter, but regret to announce that nothing has been done, and, moreover, there is not even the shadow of a probability that anything will be done.

During the past three or four days the break in the levee referred to has been steadily widening, and is now nearly a mile in extent. The water is rushing through with the rapidity of a torrent and the roar of a cataract. The depth of water where it rushes through the levee is from two to four feet. This width and depth of current sweeps with such force that the heaviest drift wood is carried by it far into the fields as if mere reeds. The very foundation of the broken levee, which was compact from age, has been undermined, and is washed away, and the ground upon which it stood is torn into gullies and ruts, as is readily ascertained by those who have the hardihood to venture on horseback along the highway at that point. Such a volume of water as is now escaping at this crevasse, with the river steadily rising, will certainly continue to widen the break, not only arpents or acres, but miles in extent. The river is already above its natural banks, and is only confined to its channel by the artificial ones and the headlong swiftness of its current. Permit it to have an outlet, and it will soon cover these fertile lands with a deluge of water, destroying all prospects for this year, and causing the loss of all the expenditure in the preparations which have been so far made for cultivation.

The greater portion of three or four plantations in this immediate vicinity are already under water, which has flowed through at this crevasse, and the submersion is steadily and rapidly spreading.

The people immediately affected by this overflow are powerless to remedy the disaster. They have several times endeavored to close the breaks, but in the absence of a sufficient force and the necessary combinations, having but few implements and being entirely destitute of lumber and other material, they are unable to stem the torrent now rushing in upon their lands.

Is there no help for this perilous state of things? If they cannot expect assistance from the police jury of the parish, may they not look with hope to the State Board of Engineers? The people of this parish pay taxes for the purpose of keeping the levees in repair, and now that they need assistance in staying the flood of waters which is rushing in upon them, we venture to express the hope that their appeal will not be in vain. Prompt and energetic action in this matter is necessary to prevent an entire cessation of field work, and a loss of this year's crop to many who are not able to sustain such a loss.

### Miss Leona Cavender.

Next Monday evening Miss Leona Cavender will commence an engagement of one week only at the St. Charles Theatre. About three years since she was here, as *Cinderilla*, with the Leffingwell troupe. The New York *Herald* says this of Miss Cavender and her specialty:

Another airy sprite has appeared. Miss Leona Cavender is the name of this new Ariel. She appeared last evening for the first time before a Brooklyn audience, at the Park Theatre, and from her first entrance won the full guerdon of success. She is at once artless, modest and versatile. Her voice is full and sweet, and she sings with good expression. The play in which she appeared is called "Minnie's Luck," and is a local New York story, expressly written for her by John Brougham. It is filled with good local hits, the most extensive of which is the sensational reporter and interviewer of the period, and has, of course, a number of startling incidents. *Minnie* (Miss Cavender) is a little street singer, abducted from her mother by an enemy, and the good reporter, assisted by a lawyer, is engaged throughout the play in returning her to her home. Miss Cavender was warmly cheered by the enthusiastic audience present, and received several calls before the curtain.

### Tornado in Lafayette Parish.

The Vermillionville *Advertiser* says:

Last Sunday morning between three and four o'clock a tornado passed through this parish destroying trees, houses and fencing. Fortunately it lasted but a few seconds, and its average width being only two hundred yards; had it lasted longer scarcely a building would have been left standing in its path. Its course was from southwest to northeast, striking the southern portion of our town, sweeping in its path trees and fencing and damaging several buildings. At the convent the damage was severe, all the beautiful orange, pear and other fruit trees were destroyed there. Northeast of town, on Mr. William Campbell's plantation, a large building used as a cornhouse was completely demolished and the timber scattered in every direction; pieces of wood were thrown one hundred and fifty yards from where the building stood. Beyond Mr. Campbell's place we have not been able to ascertain what damage was done.

Southwest of town on Mr. Donat Breaux's plantation a number of trees were blown down. On Mr. A. Guidry's place a number of trees and a large quantity of his fencing was destroyed.

The wind appeared to be more violent in town and northeast than to the southwest of us, as we have learned of no damages beyond Mr. Breaux's plantation.

### Our Foreign Commerce.

A New York special to the Chicago *Tribune* says:

The condition of our foreign commerce is beginning to attract the attention of our shrewd bankers and merchants. The importations into the port of New York for the months of March and February, were the largest in amount on record, being $35,491,324, against $19,356,379 in 1860, and $25,024,492 in 1857, the year of excessive importations, which produced a commercial panic and crisis in the fall of that year. The total imports from January 1, to the close of this week are $93,202,171, against $73,816,628 last year, and $76,367,354 in the year 1869. These excessive importations of merchandise have been affecting the foreign exchange market for some time, keeping the rates for bills unusually high and close to the specie shipping point at the season of the heaviest cotton exports.

We find this paragraph in the *Morehouse Conservative:*

The New Orleans REPUBLICAN is after Brother Dennett, of the *Planters' Banner*, with a sharp stick. Fortunately, Dennett is able to take care of himself. We would advise him, however, in his great mathematical problem, to borrow of his friends their arithmetic.

This is good advice from the Clinton *Patriot:*

There is plenty of time yet to plant corn, and we advise our planters to do so in preference to cotton. They should at least plant enough for their own use. Cotton at twelve cents won't pay, and we can safely predict that the staple will remain at the present low figure.

A splendid case has been obtained and placed in the adjutant general's office, Trenton, for the preservation of the sword and saddle of General Philip Kearney. The case, saddle and sword are quite ornamental to the office.

Snow fell in New York on Saturday morning.

## BY TELEGRAPH.

LATEST NEWS FROM ALL POINTS

The President's San Domingo Message

REPORT OF COMMISSIONERS

SHARP CONTROVERSY IN HOUSE

SWANN AND BUTLER

INSPECTION OF THE TENNESSEE

HER ENGINES A FAILURE

Conflict in Paris Desperate

DEFEAT OF THE COMMUNISTS

ARCHBISHOP OF PARIS ARRESTED

THE BATTLE BEFORE PARIS

DETAILS OF THE REPORT

Important News From Mexico

JUAREZ' RE-ELECTION CONCEDED

## WASHINGTON.

**The President's San Domingo Message—Report of the Commissioners—Weather Report—Ku-Klux Bill Discussed—Sharp Controversy Between Butler and Swann.**

WASHINGTON, April 5.—The President sent the following message to Congress today:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

I have the honor to submit herewith to the two houses of Congress, the report of the commissioners appointed in pursuance of a joint resolution approved January 12, 1870.

It will be observed that this report more than sustains all that I have heretofore said in regard to the productiveness and healthfulness of the republic of San Domingo, of the unanimity of the people for annexation to the United States, and of their peaceable character.

It is due to the public, as it certainly is to myself, that I should here give all the circumstances which first led to the negotiations of a treaty for the annexation of the republic of San Domingo to the United States.

When I accepted the arduous and responsible position which I now hold, I did not dream of instituting any steps for the acquisition of insular possessions. I believed, however, that our institutions were broad enough to extend over the entire continent as rapidly as other people might desire to bring themselves under our protection. I believed, further, that we should not permit any independent government within the limits of North America to pass from a condition of independence to one of ownership or protection under an European power.

Soon after my inauguration as President, I was waited upon by an agent of President Baez with a proposition to annex the republic of San Domingo to the United States. This gentleman represented the capacity of the island, the desires of the people and their character and habits about as they have been described by the commissioners whose report accompanies this message. He stated further, that being weak in numbers and poor in purse, they were not capable of developing their great resources, that the people had no incentive to industry on account of a lack of protection for their accumulations, and that if not accepted by the United States, whose institutions they loved above those of any other nation, they would be compelled to seek protection elsewhere. To these statements I made no reply and gave no indications of what I thought of the proposition. In the course of time I was waited upon by a second gentleman from San Domingo, who made the same representations, and who was received in like manner. In view of the facts which had been laid before me, and with an earnest desire to maintain the Monroe doctrine, I believed that I would be derelict in my duty if I did not take measures to ascertain the exact wish of the government and inhabitants of the republic of San Domingo in regard to annexation, and communicate the information to the people of the United States. Under the attending circumstances I felt that if I turned a deaf ear to this appeal, I might in the future be justly charged with a flagrant neglect of the public interests and an utter disregard of the welfare and happiness of a down-trodden race, praying for the blessings of a free and strong government, and for protection in the enjoyment of their own industry. Those opponents of annexation who have heretofore professed to be pre-eminently the friends of the rights of man, I believed would be my most violent assailants if I neglected so clear a duty. Accordingly, after having appointed a commissioner to visit the island, who declined on account of sickness, I selected a second gentleman, in whose capacity, judgment and integrity I had, and have yet, the most unbounded confidence. He visited San Domingo, not to secure or hasten annexation, but, unprejudiced and unbiased, to learn all the facts about the government, the people and the resources of that republic. He went certainly as well prepared to make an unfavorable report as a favorable one, if the facts warranted it. His report fully corroborated the views of previous commissioners, and upon its receipt I felt that a sense of duty and a due regard for our great national interests required me to negotiate a treaty for the acquisition of the republic of San Domingo.

As soon as it became publicly known that such a treaty had been negotiated, the settution of the country was occupied with allegations calculated to prejudice the merits of the case, and with aspersions upon those whose duty had connected them with it. Amid the public excitement this created the treaty failed to receive the requisite two-thirds vote of the Senate, and was rejected; but whether the action of that body was based wholly upon the merits of the treaty, or might not have been in some degree influenced by such unfounded allegations, could not be known by the people, because the debates of the Senate in secret session are not published. Under these circumstances I deemed it due to the office which I hold, and due to the character of the agents who had been charged with the investigation that such proceedings should be had as would enable the people to know the truth. A commission was therefore constituted, under authority of Congress, consisting of gentlemen selected with special reference to their high character and capacity for the laborious work intrusted to them, who were instructed to visit the spot and report upon the facts. Other eminent citizens were requested to accompany the commission in order that the people might have the benefit of their views.

Students of science and correspondents of the press, without regard to political opinions, were invited to join the expedition, and their numbers were limited only by the capacity of the vessel. The mere rejection by the Senate of a treaty negotiated by the President only indicates a difference of opinion between two co-ordinate departments of the government without touching the character or wounding the pride of either. But when such rejection takes place simultaneously with charges openly made of corruption, made on the part of the President or of those employed by him, the case is different.

Indeed, in such case the honor of the nation demands investigation. This has been accomplished by the report of the commissioners herewith transmitted, and which fully vindicates the purity of the motives and action of those who represented the United States in the negotiation, and now my task is finished, and with it ends all personal solicitude upon the subject. My duty being done yours begins, and I gladly hand over the whole matter to the judgment of the American people, and of their representatives in Congress assembled. The facts will now be spread before the country, and a decision rendered by that tribunal whose convictions so seldom err, and against whose will I have no policy to enforce.

My opinion remains unchanged; indeed it is confirmed by the report that the interests of our country and of San Domingo alike invite the annexation of that republic. In view of the difference of opinion upon this subject, I suggest that no action be taken at the present session beyond the printing and general dissemination of the report.

Before the next session of Congress the people will have considered the subject and formed an intelligent opinion concerning it; to which opinion, deliberately made up, it will be the duty of every department of the government to take heed and no one will more cheerfully conform to it than myself. It is not only the theory of our constitution that the will of the people, constitutionally expressed, is the supreme law; but I have ever believed that all men are wiser than any one man, and if the people, upon a full presentation of the facts, shall decide that the annexation of the republic is not desirable, every department of the government ought to acquiesce in that decision. In again submitting to Congress a subject upon which public sentiment has been divided, and which has been made the occasion of acrimonious debate in Congress, as well as of unjust aspersions elsewhere, I may, I trust, be indulged in a single remark. No man can hope to perform duties so delicate and responsible as pertain to the presidential office without sometimes incurring the hostility of those who deem their opinions and wishes treated with insufficient consideration, and he who undertakes to conduct the affairs of a great government, as a faithful public servant, if sustained by the approval of his own conscience, may rely with confidence upon the candor and intelligence of a free people whose best interests he has striven to subserve, and bear with patience the censure of disappointed men.

U. S. GRANT.

Executive Mansion, April 5, 1870.

*Weather Report.*—It is probable that the barometer will continue to fall over the lakes with increasing cloudiness, and threatening weather. Light and fresh winds, with partially cloudy weather, will probably be experienced along the gulf and Atlantic coast, and on the lower Mississippi.

The latest returns give English the plurality. The election will undoubtedly go to the Legislature. The Democratic majorities in St. Louis range from 1300 to 3200.

The Democrats elect ten out of twelve aldermen, which, with those holding over, make the City Council a tie.

The Democrats generally carry the municipalities throughout the State.

*House.*—The Ku-Klux discussion was continued. Mr. Shellabarger amended his bill so as to exclude the martial law features, but retaining the right to suspend habeas corpus. No action or amendments will be considered to-morrow, as the House will be in committee of the whole.

*Senate.*—Mr. Sherman's resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to report a Ku