New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

THE COURTS.

Eighth District Court.

The Slaughterhouse matter was again before this court yesterday upon the argument for and against the rule nisi, to show cause why an injunction should not issue to restrain the company from interfering with the ferry privileges.

Important Suits to Recover State Taxes Paid by Commission Merchants.

In the Eighth District Court, in the case of the State of Louisiana ex rel. Blakemore, Wooldridge & Co. vs. James Graham, Auditor, it is alleged that relators were lately trading under the firm name aforesaid, and paid to the State of Louisiana the sum of $1141 70, for and on account of the tax on gross sales and receipts, imposed and collected under and by virtue of the third section of an act entitled "an act to provide for increasing the revenue of the State and to raise means to pay the interest on the State debt," approved April 4, 1865, passed by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana; that the whole of said tax was upon gross sales made by relators of commodities, consisting of tobacco, cotton and Western produce, which were consigned to relators by citizens of the United States residing beyond the limits of the State of Louisiana, and that said sales were made for the benefit and account of said non-residents, owners of the said commodities in the form in which they were prepared for market beyond the limits of the State of Louisiana, by their said constituents, and for a commission of two and a half per cent on the gross amount of the several sales made by them.

That relators produce and annex thereto and make part hereof the four receipts for said taxes paid by them. That at the last session of the General Assembly an act was passed, entitled "an act to reimburse certain taxes illegally collected under act No. 55," approved April 4, 1865, by which it was enacted "that all taxes which were collected by the State of Louisiana, under the third section of an act entitled 'an act to provide for increasing the revenue of the State and raise means to pay the interest on the State debt,' approved April 4, 1865, shall be and are hereby refunded to the parties who paid the same, or to their proper representatives, and the Auditor of Public Accounts be and is hereby authorized and required to issue to said parties certificates to the amounts paid by them, which shall be received by all State tax collectors in payment of the general fund tax.

That the relators have presented the said receipts to the Auditor, with an affidavit proving that the amounts thereof were paid under the said third section of the act of 1865, and the said certificates provided for by the act of 1871 were demanded of and refused to said relators by said Auditor, whereby relators are greatly injured.

Wherefore they pray that the said Auditor be ordered and directed to issue a certificate for the said sum of $1411 70, in favor of relators, to be receivable by all State tax collectors in payment of the general fund tax and for general costs.

Order.—Let a writ of mandamus issue as within prayed for, and according to law, directed to James Graham, State Auditor, commanding him to comply with the prayer of the within petition, or show cause to the contrary, Wednesday, May 10, 1871, at ten o'clock.

HENRY C. DIBBLE, Judge.

Messrs. Hays & New have also filed a petition on behalf of a large number of brokers and others, praying for a writ of mandamus upon the State Auditor to compel him to issue certificates to the amount of $52,000 for taxes on sales paid to the State previous to the passage of the act of 1871, the points set up in which are similar to those involved in the above petition of Blakemore, Wooldridge & Co. A rule *nisi* was also ordered in this case, which will come up also on Monday, the tenth instant.

Sixth District Court.

A suit has been instituted by the descendants of Pierre A. Guillotte and wife, against Samuel Hastings, to recover the lot of ground corner of Magazine and Felicity streets.

Plaintiffs allege that said lot forms part of a tract of land purchased by said P. A. Guillotte, from the Ursuline nuns, by act passed before N. Broutin, notary public in the city of New Orleans, on the ninth day of December, 1811. That Samuel Hastings has taken and holds possession of said property without any legal right thereto. They pray that he be decreed to deliver up the property to them, and pay them $500 per annum for the fruits and revenues thereof.

The question in controversy in this case involves the title to a large amount of property on and near Magazine street, between Felicity Road and St. Mary streets, and can only be divided by ascertaining the true and correct boundary line between the purchases made by Guillotte & Gainnee, from the Ursuline nuns, which has long been in litigation in the courts.

The Books of the Second Drainage Commission.

Counsel for the Board of Second Drainage Commissioners have taken a rule upon John Lockwood and G. F. Brott, in the Sixth District Court, to show cause, on the eighth instant, why they shall not be punished for contempt, in resisting the order of said court upon a writ of sequestration directing the Sheriff to take into his posession the books of the Second Drainage Commissioners of the parishes of Orleans and Jefferson. Counsel allege that said books are necessary to the administration of important public offices. It is rumored that the said books are concealed somewhere about the basement of the Custom-house building.

Judgment in Damage Suit Against the Chattanooga Railroad.

In this case the plaintiff sued the company to recover five hundred dollars in damages for refusing to stop their train for him at Lookout station, although he signaled them so to do.

In consequence of this action he alleged that he suffered exposure and great hardship, being obliged to be out nearly all night in an open boat. The court gave a judgment for plaintiff in the sum of fifty dollars.

A ROMANCE IN REAL LIFE.

Unfortunate Interference of Paterfamilias—Happy Reunion Under Singular Circumstances.

[From the Cincinnati Commercial, April 8.]

During Dr. Langdon's superintendency of Longview asylum there was developed one of the most interesting romances in real life that has ever come to our knowledge as a chronicler of passing events. The facts are these: About five years since a young lady and gentleman of different families, residing not far from Columbus (both of whom were possessed of abundance of this world's goods, and might be termed millionaires), formed an acquaintance which, ere suspicion darkened the parents' minds, ripened into affection as fond as the most honest and truest hearts could possibly desire. Being neighbors, on not very intimate terms, so far as the elder part of the families were concerned, the frequent *tete-a-tetes* and interviews of the two youths were permitted, because, as alleged by the *amoret*, they "simply meant friendship."

The true guise, fretting and chafing under its mask, soon manifested itself so pointedly that the betrothed lady was confronted by her father, and, throwing her arms around his neck and smilingly gazing into his face, confessed the "soft impeachment." In an instant she was forced from his embrace, and with an expressive expostulation, accompanied by violent anger, she was ordered to her room to await further proceedings. The parient mother was soon made acquainted with the turn in affairs, and indignation, intense and positive, drove her at once to her daughter's chamber, where she found the child walking the floor in great agony of mind. It is not possible to give the conversation, but let it suffice that the mother contributed largely to the girl's sufferings, and left her almost a raving maniac.

Immediately a letter was sent to the young man, who, up to that time, was in blissful ignorance of what was transpiring at his prospective father-in-law's house, positively forbidding him ever to cross their threshold, or even to speak to the young lady again. The young man, who, only a few days before, had arrived at his majority, was loth to believe in the truth of the maxim, "*Audaces fortuna juvat*"—fortune favors the brave—and at once determined on an elopement. His plans were suspected, and before the day arrived fixed upon for the accomplishment of his purposes, the father and the young lady were hundreds of miles away from her lover and the home of her youth. When the intelligence reached the young man that she had been carried away, he sought to learn her whereabouts, but every effort was alike fruitless, and, under fearful torture of mind, which overtaxed all the energies of his manhood in his efforts to repulse it, he succumbed, and in six months became an inmate of the Central Lunatic Asylum at Columbus, the father paying handsomely for his son's care and attention in the pay ward of that institution. In the meantime the daughter was on the banks of the Hudson, tempted with all that luxury and comfort could contribute to make life a "heaven below." To all these she turned a deaf ear, and within the year she, too, became a lunatic, and in facial appearance terribly in contrast with her appearance when with light and gleesome heart she merrily enjoyed the fireside of her home.

The father brought her to Cincinnati and committed her as a pay patient to the tender mercies of Dr. Langdon, of Longview, where, in a suit of rooms, her every need would be attended to. In these two institutions both were prisoners without the knowledge of the parents of either the young lady or the young man. When the Central Asylum was destroyed by fire, the young man was one of the number transferred to the Longview Asylum. Beneath the same roof both were residents, not the least suspicious that each were dwellers in the same atmosphere.

Our readers are doubtless aware that Thursdays are visiting days at Longview, and it is not uncommon for considerable numbers to become visitors on that day. One Thursday a few weeks since the father of the young lady called to see his daughter and was ushered into one of the reception rooms to the right of the hall leading from the main (front) entrance. While closeted in this room a sister of the young man called, and, with her brother, occupied a sofa in the rotunda. The interview of the father and daughter terminated first, and, as she was being led across the rotunda to her ward, the young man caught a side glance at her face, and, with a scream and a bound, rushed toward her. The young lady, startled, turned and recognized her betrothed, and instantly each was in the other's arms. Overcome by the excitement, and in a fainting condition, the two were forcibly separated, and the young lady was conveyed to her room.

The father and sister cordially shook hands, and begged for a reconciliation between their families, and if possible make the effort to restore the two, whose affliction they all so deeply lamented. Dr. Langdon was consulted, and when acquainted with the facts ordered that the loving pair should see each other daily for a few moments, and be assured that their ultimate union was only a question of time, and that their parents had consented to their union. Day after day and week after week passed with a very noticeable and appreciable improvement in the condition of both. Their parents made weekly visits, and each endeavored to outvie the other in their attentions and affections. In the short space of five months both were pronounced cured, and together returned to the homes of their youth. A cheerful greeting met them on their return, and soon both were in the full enjoyment of their firesides as of yore.

Immediately preparations were made for the matrimonial fete that would unite two happy hearts in one. The nuptials were celebrated with great *eclat*, everything being done that the most fastidious could desire. This latter event having recently occurred, the heavenly couple are now in the noontide of their honeymoon. May we not all wish them a happy life?

The attention of sugar planters and others interested in the manufacture of sugar would be well repaid and agreeably occupied by a visit to the extensive copper and brass establishment of Messrs. Daniel & James D. Edwards, on Delta and Front streets, between Gravier and Poydras streets, and examine the large copper steam train just completed by them for Messrs McCall Brothers' plantation, Ascension parish, Louisiana, and now set up and connected together, awaiting orders for shipment.

This is the largest and most effective train of the many this house has furnished the many planters of our State. It consists of five copper clarifiers, ten feet by six and three deep, with skim troughs and flanges, with all their mountings in highly finished brass columns and plates, with four inches opening finished brass cocks to charge and discharge same, with copper pipes all fitted and set up in their places. Also, four copper evaporating pans eight feet in diameter and thirty inches deep with troughs and flanges, and all their mountings, finished columns to support flanges and with finished plates and finished charge cocks four inches opening, as well as discharge cocks, same size opening, with brass finished drain cocks and pipes for troughs, and all copper pipe fitted and placed.

Those interested in the mechanics of our city, should not let this opportunity pass of seeing what can be done by the mechanics of our city. The design and finish as well as the workmanship, reflect the greatest credit on Messrs. Edwards and their mechanics, and ought to be seen by all that they may form some opinion as to its excellence as well as for the information of the ability of our mechanics to make machinery of this kind, particularly, and as cheap as any house East, West, North, or South, with whom Messrs. Edwards compete, though probably they do not make as much profit to themselves, owing to higher wages being paid here than in other places.

Go one and all and see the train as well as their business facilities as carried on in their vast establishment. They promise to sell everything in their line at as low rates and on as accommodating terms as any others, be they New York or elsewhere. The whole work on this train was completed in seven weeks from the giving of contract, and every sheet of copper for the different uses rolled and made for same order.

The procuring of clams on Nantucket Bar furnishes a source of employment to many persons during the winter months. They are taken up from the bottom with long rakes, got out ashore, and shipped to Cape Ann and Cape Cod for bait, where they are readily sold at about $10 per barrel. The number of barrels shipped from the island from the first of December to the tenth of April was about fourteen hundred and fifty, it taking sixteen bushels of clams to make a barrel of open bait. About two hundred people on the island have been employed the past winter in this business, taking the clams, getting them out, etc.

"Irene Worrell, of the Worrell Sisters," says the Tiffin *Tribune*, "weighs about one hundred and sixty-five pounds, and is four feet high—her breadth can be imagined. She dressed in tights—hadn't anything to speak of on but tights—and made rather a dumpy, doughy figure, and lacked playing qualities sufficient to make amends for her appearance. She is the fattest person we ever saw in tights, and, with all respect to persons of great avoirdupois, we don't like her appearance."

It is pleasant to know, upon the authority of a veteran statistician, that in 1950 the population of the United States will be 179,000,000. How, then, we will all look back with contempt upon this day of small things!

The Delaware Legislature refused to pass a law exempting one hundred dollars from levies, but did pass one attaching workmen's wages.

CORPORATIONS.

CHARTER.....CHARTER.

OF THE

NEW ORLEANS AND HAVANA

Steamship and Lottery Company.

No. 122 Carondelet street (up stairs).

STATE OF LOUISIANA—PARISH OF ORLEANS, CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

Be it known that on this the tenth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, and of the independence of the United States of America the ninety-fifth, before me, Eusebe Bouny, a notary public in and for the parish of Orleans, State of Louisiana, duly commissioned and qualified, and in the presence of the witnesses hereinafter named and undersigned, personally came and appeared Benjamin Bloomfield, E. Tomatis, James Benton, John B. Desangles, W. Hyllested, William Bluhme, Samuel J. Seymour, Emile Bouny, Joseph Lang and J. A. Quintero, all of this city, who severally declared that, availing themselves of the several provisions of the statutes of the State of Louisiana, authorizing the organization of corporations, they have agreed and hereby bind themselves and their successors, and those whom they represent, to form themselves into a corporation for the objects and under the stipulations and obligations of the said statutes of Louisiana and the charter hereinafter set forth, to wit:

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. This corporation shall be known and styled the NEW ORLEANS AND HAVANA STEAMSHIP AND LOTTERY COMPANY.

SEC. 2. Its domicile shall be at New Orleans, parish of Orleans, State of Louisiana.

ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The purpose and object of this corporation are to establish a line of steamships, of not less than four vessels, to be propelled wholly or partially by steam, and to own, manage and maintain the same, to run between Havana, Island of Cuba, and the city of New Orleans, State of Louisiana, or other ports within the United States, for the transportation of passengers, freights and mails; to construct docks, wharves, buildings, and such other constructions which may be necessary to the building and repairing of vessels; to acquire and hold real estate or personal property for its own use and benefit.

SEC. 2. To obtain the requisite amount of money to purchase, or to build and complete in every particular said vessels, and to maintain the same, it is proposed by this corporation, as a means to carry out its purposes, to establish and organize a lottery or a series of lotteries, in the city of New Orleans, and throughout the world, and if necessary, throughout the State of Louisiana, or in any other State, and to conduct, maintain and manage them, and all things appertaining to the drawings of said lotteries.

SEC. 3. To sell lottery, policy and combination tickets, certificates, and fractional parts thereof of this corporation, and of other lottery corporations, companies, associations or individuals.

SEC. 4. The President shall be the proper person on whom all citations and legal instruments of writing shall be served.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1. The capital stock of this corporation is fixed at five hundred thousand dollars, represented by five thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

The capital stock may be increased to an amount not exceeding one million dollars by a majority of the directors at any regular meeting; providing notice has been given at a preceding regular meeting.

SEC. 2. Two and a half per cent on each share of stock subscribed to shall be paid to the treasurer of this corporation at the time of subscribing, or upon the demand of said treasurer, and two and a half per cent additional shall be paid sixty days after date of subscribing, and no more payments shall ever be payable or demanded. Certificates of stock shall be issued only when two installments shall have been paid.

SEC. 3. When two thousand and five hundred shares shall have been subscribed, this corporation shall be considered organized.

Four directors shall form and constitute a quorum, and a majority of whom shall have the power and authority to transact and perform all and any business of the corporation, and all of which shall be and is hereby declared binding upon the corporation.

SEC. 4. The officers of this corporation shall be the directors, the president, the vice president, the secretary, the treasurer, the manager, and the attorneys.

SEC. 5. This corporation shall have the power to adopt a common seal, with such device and motto, as may be prescribed by a majority of a quorum of the directors. To sue and be sued in its corporate name; to buy, own, hold, receive, sell, transfer, or alienate real and personal property, and to do all things incidental to corporations.

SEC. 6. No subscriber or stockholder shall ever be held liable or held responsible for the contracts, faults or losses of this corporation beyond his, her or their subscription or stock, nor shall any informality in the organization of this corporation have the effect of rendering this charter null and void.

SEC. 7. A majority of a quorum of the directors shall cause to be paid every three months, from the net earnings of the lotteries and sale of all lottery, policy and combination tickets, devices, certificates and fractional parts thereof, five per cent interest on the face value of each share, to the owners thereof or their assigns, commencing and dating three months from the first drawing of the lottery, and the residue of the net earnings shall be set apart and reserved for the purposes to purchase or build, own, maintain and manage not less than four steamships, and when said earnings, after the payment of the interest as above required, shall have reached one hundred thousand dollars, immediate and necessary steps shall be taken by the president of this corporation to purchase or contract to have built and completed, in every particular, one of the four steamships required for this corporation, as per section first of article second.

SEC. 8. Should any subscriber not pay his, her or their subscription upon demand of the Treasurer, and their second installment within five days after being notified of said dues by the Treasurer or the President, their shares, and all amounts paid thereon, shall be forfeited to and become the property of this corporation, without recourse to judicial proceedings.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. The following named persons, to wit: Benjamin Bloomfield, James Benton, E. Tomatis, John B. Desangles, W. Hyllested, William Bluhme, Samuel J. Seymour, Emile Bouny, Joseph Lang and J. A. Quintero, are hereby appointed, constituted and declared the first Board of Directors for this corporation, with the following officers: The said Benjamin Bloomfield as President, said E. Tomatis as Vice President, the said William Bluhme as Treasurer, the said J. A. Quintero as Secretary, the said James Benton as Manager, and the attorneys who may be appointed by the President; all of whom, with the aforesaid directors, shall serve and hold their respective positions until the third Monday in May, 1875, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

SEC. 2. Any vacancy occurring in said Board of Directors shall be filled by a majority of a quorum of the directors, who shall also appoint all agents, clerks and employes that may be required, and fix their respective salaries, and also designate their duties. A majority of a quorum of the directors shall fix the salaries of all officers, and shall have the power and authority to establish branch offices, agencies, etc., make and adopt by-laws, rules and regulations for the guidance of this corporation, and to do all things required and incidental to conducting, managing and putting into operation lotteries and the drawing of lotteries, selling lottery, policy and combination tickets, devices, certificates and fractional parts thereof, and all things appertaining to lotteries, which may conduce to the acquiring and owning by this corporation of four steamships, either by purchase, or built to order, and furnishing, completing and maintaining the same.

SEC. 3. The officers and directors of this corporation shall serve for four years, and the agents, clerks and employes shall serve for such time as may be decided by a majority of a quorum of the directors.

SEC. 4. The salaries of the aforesaid officers shall date and commence three months from the date of the first drawing of the lottery to be established and organized by this corporation, unless the necessities of the case should require that one or more of said officers shall perform services previous to said drawing, which shall be decided by a quorum of the directors.

SEC. 5. On the third Monday in May, 1875, and every four years thereafter, the stockholders of this corporation shall vote, at the office of the corporation, between the hours of nine o'clock A. M. and twelve o'clock M., and elect ten persons from their number to serve as directors for the term of four years, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

SEC. 6. Each share of stock shall represent one vote, either in person or by proxy.

SEC. 7. The president of the corporation shall appoint three commissioners and two tellers to conduct and superintend said election, as set forth in section five of this article, and they shall certify, under oath, to its correctness and fairness.

SEC. 8. No person shall vote at any meeting of the stockholders, unless he, she or they are bona fide owners of the number of shares of the stock to be voted, and which shall have been registered on the books of the corporation in his, her or their names thirty days (Sundays excepted) previous to said election.

ARTICLE V.

SECTION 1. Three-fourths of the stockholders in capital shall have the power to make such alterations, modifications, additions or changes to this act of incorporation, at a meeting specially called for that purpose and announced ninety days (Sundays excepted) previously in two newspapers published in this city.

SEC. 2. The term of years for which this corporation is formed and shall exist shall be for twenty five years, unless sooner dissolved by a vote of three-fourths of the stockholders in capital, at a meeting specially called for that purpose, and announced ninety days (Sundays excepted) previous, in two newspapers published in this city; but so much of this act of incorporation as is embraced in sections two and three, of Article II, and all its subject matter, shall cease and be null and void as soon as the requisite amount of money is obtained for the purchase or building and completing and maintaining four steamships for this corporation.

SEC. 3. The commissioners to close up and settle the affairs of this corporation shall be three stockholders, and shall be elected by the stockholders.

Thus done and passed in my office at the city of New Orleans in the presence of Charles F. Barry and Joseph Cohn, competent witnesses, residing in this city, who have signed their names, together with the said appearers and me, notary, on the day, month and year first above written.

Originally signed and stamped.

B. Bloomfield	J. B. Desangles,
James Benton,	E. Tomatis,
W. Hyllested,	William Bluhme,
Samuel J. Seymour,	Joseph Lang,
J. A. Quintero,	Emile Bouny,
Charles F. Barry,	Joseph Cohn.

A true copy:

E. BOUNY, Notary Public.

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CORPORATIONS.

NOTICE OF LIQUIDATION.

NEW ORLEANS INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

NEW ORLEANS, April 20, 1871.

In conformity with the decision of the stockholders representing nine thousand and one shares, at a general meeting held on Wednesday, April 12, 1871, after due advertisements, notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, in furtherance of a resolution of the board adopted on the fourteenth instant, that the New Orleans Insurance Association is dissolved, and that the liquidation of its affairs will be effected by Messrs. Samuel Henderson, Jules Aldige and D. Bouligny, as commissioners duly appointed under article eleven of the charter.

G. LANAUX, Secretary.

NOTICE.

NEW ORLEANS MUTUAL INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

Capital.....$1,000,000

The New Orleans Mutual Insurance Association, a corporation under the laws of the State of Louisiana, is ready to insure against fire, marine and river risks. Office No. 10 Exchange alley.

G. LANAUX, Secretary.

New Orleans, April 20, 1871.

Board of Directors.

CHARLES CAVAROC, President.

Charles de Ruyter,	U. Marinoni,
Augustus Reichard,	A. Poincy,
Leon Haas, Jr.,	Ant. Lanata,
E. F. Mioton,	William Agar,
S. Cambon,	Jean Egle,

F. E. Bernard.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—STATE OF LOUISIANA.

Parish of Orleans, city of New Orleans.

Be it known that on this fifteenth day of the month of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, and of the independence of the United States of America the ninety-fifth, before me, Gustave LeGardeur, Jr., a notary public, duly commissioned and sworn, in and for the parish and city aforesaid, therein residing; and in the presence of the witnesses hereinafter named and undersigned, personally came and appeared Messrs. Charles Cavaroc, Charles de Ruyter, Augustus Reichard, Leon Haas, Jr., Eugene F. Mioton, Sylvestre Cambon, Ulysses Marinoni, Arthur Poincy, Antoine Lanata, F. Edgard Bernard, Jean Egle and William Agar, all of this city, and composing the Board of Directors of the New Orleans Mutual Insurance Association. And the said C. Cavaroc, in his name and in the presence and in the name of the other above named appearers, presented to me, the undersigned notary, a certain instrument in writing, purporting to be the act of organization of the New Orleans Mutual Insurance Association; and the said appearers being desirous to give to said instrument due validity and authenticity, have requested me, the undersigned notary, to make an act of deposit and registry of the same; and I, the said notary, in pursuance of the request aforesaid, have registered the above mentioned act of organization, which is in the words and figures following, to wit:

The undersigned hereby form themselves into a cor oration to be styled the NEW ORLEANS MUTUAL INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, under the provisions and regulations contained in the amended charter of the New Orleans Insurance Association in this city, made part hereof by reference, with the distinct provision that no stockholder of the present corporation shall participate in the profits of the same unless he has effected insurance therein and paid premiums accordingly, and then only in the proportion of the earned premiums so paid; and that the capital of the present corporation is hereby fixed at one million dollars ($1,000,000).

It being well understood that the present Board of Directors and other officers of the said New Orleans Insurance Association shall assume the organization of the affairs and management of the business of the present corporation as soon as five hundred thousand dollars shall have been subscribed, and continue unchanged, in the manner provided for by said amended charter.

The undersigned agree to be considered bound, as though by stock note, for the number of shares opposite to their respective names, maturing on the thirty-first of December, 1871, and bound also to transfer to the present corporation whatever profits may accrue to them respectively in the New Orleans Insurance Association.

The undersigned binding themselves, moreover, to furnish to the present corporation stock notes for the full amount of their subscription, due thirty-first December, 1871, the same to be credited with the profits transferred as aforesaid.

The Board of Directors aforesaid is hereby authorized to make a deposit of the present act in a notary's office, authenticate, register and publish the same in the manner prescribed by law.

New Orleans, February 7, 1871.

NAMES.	SHARES.	NAMES.	SHARES.
C. Cavaroc	130	Seignouret Freres	160
Frank Haas & Co.	60	Leon Haas, Jr.	10
H. F. Given	60	E. Thibaut	60
Lehman, Newgass & Co.	60	Benjamin Newgass	10
Hartwell, Chambers & Sedberry	40	B. T. Walshe	15
Juan Garcia y Mora	5	Charles de Ruyter	20
S. Cambon	60	H. Loeb & Co.	15
M. Veuillet	3	Jose Garcia y Bovias	5
John Wendling & Co.	1	Spotorno	6
Bourdier & Belisecin	2	Paul Laplanche	20
A. Vignes	1	J. Teisser	1
H. J. Rivet	2	Marx Israel	15
A. Poincy & Son	20	J. Gebelin	2
E. F. Mioton	30	Theodore Lanaux	30
Aymar & Co.	30	Stewart & Fizer	80
DeBlanc & Beer	60	D. Blum, Sterne & Co.	60
M. Stumpf	10	E. Roger & Co.	10
Geo. Micklbben & Co.	15	Kursheedt & Bienvenu	10
Hermann, Hertz & Co.	20	Hoffman, Marks & Co.	60
Cte. Carlos	60	J. Aldige	60
B. Blardone	10	H. Gally	15
J. F. Barthelemy	2	J. W. Sheerer & Co.	30
Theophile Gollain	5	Bouligny & Esclapon	60
J. B. Pignola	5	L. McCarthy	10
John L. Sterry	5	F. Schexnaidler	10
A. Tertrou & Co.	60	A. Dumestre	10
Wallace & Co.	85	O'Neill & Gleason	20
F. E. Bernard	20	L. Gex	1
Mrs. E. Puech	1	Katz & Barnett	65
John Stumpf	5	Amedee Couturie	20
McSteb & Valoe	70	L. Beer	10
Bogel Brothers	20	John Zahn	5
Alcus, Scherck & Autey	20	John Henry & Co.	30
Angelo Lanata	20	N. M. Benachi	10
E. K. Converse & Co.	10	P. S. Wiltz	50
E. L. K. Bonnet	10	Ant. Lanata	60
Christian & Hyatt	15	Avendano Brothers	60
Louis Ruch	15	Bornio & Brother	40
Stewart & McCarthy	30	G. W. Bancker	60
E. Battalora	15	C. B. Block & Co.	30
C. Coutenx	20	Ball, Lyons & Co.	70
Brown, Hyde & Co.	10	Everett, Lane & Co.	60
Block, Brittin & Co.	10	F. G. & C. W. Barriere	50
George W. Byrne	25	G. H. Andree	1
John Breen	10	Brown & Tureman	5
V. Morano	2	E. B. Courtet	10
Madame Veuve X. Lambert	1	M. Brochet	30
N. Barrois	5	J. T. Belknap	20
P. Rideau	3	Commagere & Lambert	10
Mumm, Schroeder & Co.	100	V. Maignan & F. Laborde	20
Thomas M. Converse & Son	40	P. E. Brabatour	25
P. N. Canton	1	Joseph Brugere	10
Blancand & Guitet	60	Gates & Hodges	20
J. R. Waterman	2	U. Marinoni	60
F. Cusachs	20	J. Leisy	60
Simon Loeb & Joseph	15	E. F. Golsan & Co.	20
Amedee Paris	1	Pio Marzoni	2
S. Becker	2	Charles Raymond	2
W. R. Bell	2	Eugene Tourne	3
E. Kichelberger	30	Charles J. Ledig	60
Demoritz & Dibrell	40	Hays, Tunstall & Co.	25
J. Bethancourt	10	E. Deschamps	20
A. Bayhi	3	Henry Boeglin	1
John Wendling	3	Clark & Meader	10
J. B. Solari	20	J. Bloch	4
J. Aicard	1	Est. B. Bayhi	7
Van Norden & Co.	25	Perret & Frere	2
M. Aronstein	10	Chs. de Monsabert	2
William L. Cushing	20	A. Barraud	5
John G. Monroe	4	W. Van Norden	25
Thomas C. Porteus	5	Nle. Bienvenu	5
M. A. de Lizardi	60	E. Bordelois	60
David Stewart	2	Armand J. Dolze	2
John Bietry	5	L. Monrose	2
F. Melicour Bienvenu	10	Chauvin, Levois & Co.	12
Brednas & Campbell	20	Th. Morano	2
E. Monteuse	15	L. Deloche	10
A. Alciator	4	F. Brion	5
William Braun	2	Pierre Canteron	3
Berand & Gibert	30	Christian Stumpf	1
Neill Bros. & Co.	30	J. de L. Fitzgerald	1
John H. Bruns	2	J. N. Charbonnet	5
J. B. Rossi	2	V. Perillat	10
Bradshaw, Rountree & Co.	15	A. Coutin	5
J. Bloom & Co.	10	George Alces	10
D. L. Campbell & Co.	20	J. M. Carr	5
E. Bermudez	4	J. Barre	2
A. Griffo	1	Mrs. E. Eulalie Le Blanc	1
P. V. Bernard	5	E. T. Bernard	1
Bostick & Seymour	20	Mrs. Emilie Hoa	10
A. Camors & Billerman	3	A. Bonnet	2
F. B. Bernard	1	N. H. Baumgarden	10
S. Stafford & Co.	20	J. B. Camors & Co.	60
Louis Stern & Bros.	50	A. Camors	4
Schmicken & Pothier	60	A. Camors & Grouchy	3
J. A. Blaffer	25	Manuel Payro	10
William Creevy	25	G. J. Leveque	5
J. Jeanneaud & Co.	8	Lawrance & Hebrard	15
A. A. Mouton	50	B. Riehl	25
Eugene Gauthier	1	Jas. Macheca	20
P. B. Roy & Co.	1	J. Villarrubia & Co.	5
Norman & Reiss	20	A. Tesson	3
Lapeze & Ferre	30	Cappel & Curry	2
G. & S. Saloshin	5	J. G. Muse	1
B. & H. Dreyfus	20	J. Eisenman	40
Th. Chauviere	5	Henry Tete	60
Jayne Magl	20	U. Laroussini	10
Dr. E. B. Marmillion	10	J. Dreyfus	20
J. C. Denis	20	A. C. Tremoulet	20
A. N. Tourne	2	T. & S. Henderson	60
G. Lavie	5	Lafitte, Duilho & Co.	60
Herriman & Chesse	2	E. Troisgros	60
Jac. Newhouser	10	Jul. Loeffler	3
William J. Sheldon	10	Henry Ruty	60
Lien & Pinsard	5	Jules P. Zatarain	4
J. B. Knight	10	Queyrouze & Bois	20
J. Buhler	2	Chaffraix & Agar	50
Widow P. B. LeBeau	4	Charles Will	5
Puig Brothers	60	C. Lanata	2
Mrs. C. G. Southmayd	1	George Ulmer	2
Joseph B. Lasaux	1	Levi Wolf & Co.	15
Edward Lillienthal	2	Louis E. LeBeau	1
Page, Peel & Moran	60	J. Senac	3
L. Uter	10	F. Surmely, Jr.	2
J. Mandin	3	Forcheimer & Haber	60
F. Janfroid	10	Jacob Gugenheim	5
L. Vallon	1	H. Labasse	6
Fernandez y Villa	20	Meyer Weill	10
E. Villa	1	F. Lacroix	60
C. Livaudais	1	J. Segassie	2
Sevin & Gourdain	5	Pelton & Dunbar	50
P. E. Durand	20	Manuel Fernandez	5
L. Bonnemare	1	Slocomb, Baldwin & Co.	30
Francisco Sancho	15	James M. Walsh	5
B. Laplace	20	H. Flotte	1
F. Hollander	10	Sureaud & Dupont	4
J. Plaisent	10	N. Bauer	10
M. Reiman	30	John Poustein	3
G. G. Gordin & Co.	30	Joseph H. Wilson	5
Shute T. Lee	3	L. Chaplain	10
C. F. Jaubert & Co.	30	St. Armand & St. Cyr	5
		W. F. Goldthwaite	3
		G. Sabatier	50

CORPORATIONS.

F. Lismongy	3	Joseph Leblanc	5
P. Maillard	5	J. Liulo, agent	2
Small & Co.	25	Charles Strahan	25
Schneider & Zuberbier	70	Schwabacher & Hirsch	40
Payne & Co.	15	Gwentell & Richard	60
McNeely & Milburn	30	S. Fernandez & Co.	30
B. Matharan	5	H. R. Gogreve	30
William L. Le Bon	1	Charles Kummel	8
Gus. A. Breaux	5	Augustus Huard	2
Graugnard & Schneider	5	S. Pablo	5
P. Pons, president	4	Joseph Barnes	5
H. Massel	2	Durno & Berry	10
Berry & Williams	5	E. J. Hart & Co.	60
R. Beltran	10	Edmond Bourgeois	5
Mrs. Marie Bourdette	2	C. Fischer	3
Samuel H. Shumway	5	Paul Esteben	4
Paul J. Christian	5	J. C. de Lamoriniere	1
G. W. Dunbar & Son	10	S. Wolff & Co.	5
A. Socola	25	F. J. Colron	1
Thomas Ong	1	J. L. Couret	20
G. A. Lanaux	3	E. K. Converse, President N. O. W. & S. Company	50
L. & J. Weil	5	Charles Trouilly	5
S. Hermann	40	P. Aufenkolk	10
A. Fucich	3	Lehman & Beer	10
J. Jacob Burkhardt	2	Hirsch & Adler	30
H. E. Woodhouse	10	N. Jordy	2
D. W. Ramos	2	Mrs. L. Gallot	5
B. S. Mesne LeBreton	3	Frank M. Hall	3
J. A. Fernandez	15	George Wigg	25
Frank Roder	5	B. Goldenberg	5
Samuel Snodgrass	10	Webster & Co.	10
Hadden, Overton & Burch	15	J. P. Higgins & Co.	30
F. B. Fleitas	20	J. Maristany & Co.	20
P. Macon	5	Woods, Matthews & Co	20
Levi & Navra	10	A. Degeorge	3
Gilbert Degeorge	4	M. Hiller & Co.	30
Delgado & Co.	15	Chas. P. Johnson & Co	40
Mrs. S. Hiller	2	Eugene Fleche	1
J. B. Vanhorn & Co.	60	P. E. Hatrel	5
D. Dohle & Co.	60	J. Davidson Hill	30
J. B. Collie	10	Kern & Fellman	60
Joseph Keller	20	J. H. Chipot	5
Payne, Dameron & Co	60	A. Doussan	4
B. Weil and