New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY SHERIFF SAUVINET, at half-past ten o'clock, at No. 116 Camp street, entire furniture of the Ouachita House—John R. Grey vs. Harriet P. Bell.

BY NEVILLE & VAN SOLINGEN, at 10 o'clock, at warehouse No. 1, Customhouse building, cigars, cigarettes, Spanish cards, black silk, wool rug, socks, Vanilla beans—Collector's sale.

BY WILLIAM WEEKS, Constable Third Justice Court, at 12 o'clock, lot of furniture, and lot of new and second hand clothing—Joseph Graff vs. Mr. Graff and Katharine Aull, his wife.

Local Intelligence.

ARRESTED.—William M. Leslie, sometimes a practicer at the bar, but sometimes a practicer elsewhere, was arrested, after a somewhat exciting chase. There are several charges of a grave nature pending against him, and half a dozen feminine victims are chasing him up very fast. Recorder Staes sent him to the Criminal Court weeks ago, but when called he was missing, having taken a pleasure trip over the lake, but returned to attend to private business. His presence became known, and as a capias had been issued, police officers looked around after his body. An aggrieved party found him on the street and arrested him, but the accused said he would walk down to the third precinct stationhouse and surrender himself. He kept his promise in part, accompanied by the gentleman who had captured him.

Arriving at Captain McCann's office, Leslie slipped away suddenly, taking a cab and driving off at a round pace. Captain McCann jumped at a guess as to his whereabouts, and followed successfully, after tracing him to three houses, always a few minutes too late. At one of the houses Leslie left a note, which the captain secured. The note stated that the writer was on his way to Mobile. Taking it for granted that the information was correct, the captain and Mr. Arthur S. Gastinel took the first train, but the subject was not on the cars, but as there was a chance that he would get on at a way station they continued on to Gentilly road, when the individual mounted and fell an easy prey, much to his chagrin. He postponed his visit to Mobile, returning to town and penned.

If any portion of the statements made by the victims prove true, this would-be member of the bar is about as bad as bad can be. A portion of the money lost was found on him, which Captain McCann at present has in his possession. One of the feminine complainants states that accused swindled her out of five or six thousand dollars worth of valuable papers. The truth of these assertions will now probably be made evident. When five or six citizens come forward and positively state that Leslie swindled them, the police are inclined to accept some portion of the stories.

Taking a tale as reported by a very old man, bunco is not dead, nor is it sleeping very soundly. This gray-haired man from Penn county, Texas, came down with ninety-five bales of cotton, and about the first bit of hard work he did was to visit his merchants on Union street and make a draw. With his fat pocketbook safely in his pocket he strolled forth to see the sights. He had not traveled far before a ratty looking young man met and said he knew him; but the man of many years was unable to remember the well mannered youth. This nice young man was very plausible, and was ready to show his Texas friend all the sights, but he must first visit a lottery office on the second floor of a St. Charles street house, where he had won a prize of fifty dollars, and he invited Texas to go up with him. Texas went, and not only saw a sight, but was taught a lesson at a cost of one hundred and fifty dollars. The youth presented his lottery ticket, and received his cash, instantly dropping down a small sum of money for more chances. He won much wealth, when he induced the elderly stranger to try his luck. Stranger did try, shaking the dice until the spots nearly came off, but he could not win, although he continued to double up until his spending money had disappeared. At that point he began to think he had been gambling, and felt sore over the disagreeable thought, as his habits for years have been inclined toward the moral. Pacing the streets and meeting one of his country acquaintances, they compared notes, when they concluded that the proper way to proceed was to call on the Chief of Police for an explanation. The more he thought the worse he felt, and finally visited police headquarters, where he made the above statements. Detective Pearson thought he understood the case, and started out to find the culprits. When he finds them developments will show that bunco is not dead entirely.

Mr. Isaac, he of forged coupon notoriety, was yesterday accidentally found in company with two persons on whom the police look, and with not only suspicion and distrust, but decidedly bad feelings. Captain Malone, while looking for Mundy, the vagrant and bond-jumper, found Isaac with the somewhat notorious Nibbler, and another party. Nibbler was taken in, but Isaac was permitted to depart with a warning.

RETURNS OF FINES BY RECORDERS.—The six Recorders have made the following returns to Administrator Lewis, for the week ending April 29:

First District, Recorder Houghton..	$228 00
Second District, Recorder Staes...	114 00
Third District, Recorder Leclerc..	54 50
Fifth District, Recorder Dumont..	20 00
Sixth District, Recorder Campbell..	24 50
Total.....	$441 00

Early yesterday morning Officer Frank Beckler, sixth precinct, accidentally shot himself in his left hand while carelessly handling his pistol, badly lacerating his third and fourth fingers.

DRAINING MACHINE.—The *Picayune* of last evening says:

The Department of Improvements has taken charge of the Dublin avenue draining machine, which has heretofore been in charge of the Second District Drainage Commissioners. Only one wheel of this machine has been working, and the city will rapidly complete the second wheel and engine.

The machine drains the area between the New Canal, the upper line of Carrollton, the river and Metairie Ridge, and both wheels, it is hoped, will be ready for operation in about thirty days, so that those residents of the Sixth District who have been under water during and after heavy rains, may expect to live on comparatively dry land.

BAD BOYS.—Some lads, imbued with a greater amount of fun than discretion, recently made an attempt to intrude themselves on the presence of some young ladies in a well known educational institution. The young misses have a room in which is a piano, and they take an hour or so daily practicing dancing; and the boys, disliking to see them without male partners, essayed to make a forcible entrance into the building. A repetition will meet with certain punishment.

CRIMINAL COURT.—P. Keminger, charged with assault and battery on Peter Flemming, on the seventh of February, withdrew his plea of not guilty and pleaded guilty. He had cut a man who had asserted that the gift candy business on the levee was a swindle. The charge on which Recorder Staes bound him over was cutting and wounding with intent to kill. He was released on his bond to appear for sentence.

Samuel Mitchell, charged with larceny, was acquitted.

P. Hanmore pleaded guilty to an assault and battery, and was sentenced to pay one dollar fine or one day in the Parish Prison.

Charles Auguste, who wounded Charles Lewis, in the Treme district, with a hatchet, was found guilty.

Pierre Laurens, with half a dozen aliases, was convicted of chicken stealing.

Alvin Green was convicted of stealing a hand cart from C. E. Bozant.

Emile Luther was convicted of entering, on the seventeenth of March, the residence of Mrs. Nelson, on Bourbon street, with intent to steal.

Charles Williams was convicted of larceny, and recommended to the mercy of the court.

Munday, who was arrested at the races for carrying a concealed weapon and for being a vagrant, failed to answer for trial. Will his bondsman be held to account? Several persons are curious, waiting for a reply.

LOSS AND RECOVERY OF A SEVEN-THIRTY CERTIFICATE.—Recently an employe in the office of Mr. Shaw, Administrator of Public Accounts, missed a certificate, the face of which was for $775 65, drawn to the order of James Fallon, but the document was incomplete, lacking date and number. Mr. Wood, a gentleman of well known capacity and undoubted integrity, is the clerk in charge of that department, and had written the certificate, leaving it on his desk Saturday morning. Soon afterward he missed it, but had no idea that it had been stolen. Monday morning, not finding the certificate, Mr. Wood mentioned the loss to Mr. Shaw. Mr. Burke, also employe in he Administrator's office, was instructed to look into the case. He visited several brokers' offices, and found the document in the office of Mr. Strauss, a money broker on St. Charles street.

The date and number had been inserted, but the number was wrong, being 145 instead of 745, indicating that the person who had made the additions had an idea of what the figures should be. Mr. Strauss stated that he had purchased the certificate of Mr. E. Merle, another St. Charles street broker, last Saturday, paying at the rate of about eighty-nine cents on the dollar for it. Mr. Merle was easily found, and when an explanation was demanded of him as to where he procured it, he said that he had bought it of a man with gray beard, whose name and occupation were entirely unknown to him. At this stage it was distinctly remembered that Mr. Merle had been in Mr. Shaw's office last Saturday and sat or stood close to Mr. Wood's table at the time the certificate was lying on the table, the record book, with proper number in it exposed to view. A person standing where Mr. Merle did could have seen the number, although bottom upward. It will be noticed that the inserted number is 145, which should be 745. A man looking at the record book might easily mistake the figure seven for the figure one, even though the book were not reversed. Mr. Merle, failing to produce or indicate who the party was from whom he says he purchased the certificate, placed himself in a dilemma, out of which he must emerge as best he may, as an affidavit was made charging him with the crime. A warrant was issued, but at a late hour last night Mr. Merle was not arrested, although he visited police headquarters two or three times, and even expressed a wish to deliver himself up to any one who had the warrant. He will to-day appear before Recorder Houghton, he says, and take the consequences, if there are any consequences, so far as he is concerned. He denies all knowledge of the theft.

CARRYING CONCEALED WEAPONS—*Order from the Administrator of Police.*—Administrator Lewis has issued the following order to the several Recorders:

DEPARTMENT OF POLICE, Administrator's Office, New Orleans, May 6, 1871.

Homicides and assaults with dangerous weapons are almost of daily occurrence in this city. Reports show such an alarming increase of crime in this respect, that demands are made upon every official, whose duty it is to preserve the peace of the city, to use every effort to abate this evil.

The primary cause of so much bloodshed is doubtless to be attributed to the habit of carrying concealed weapons. Police officers frequently complain that when arrests are made for carrying concealed weapons, the parties are dismissed by the recorders, and their weapons returned.

The law on this subject is plain, and recorders have no alternative but to bind over the offender to keep the peace and to require his appearance before the district court to answer the charge.

The Administrator, after calling attention of recorders to this matter, indulges the hope that all persons whosoever brought before them for carrying concealed weapons will be summarily committed to the district court for trial by jury. By direction of the Adminstrator:

F. E. MYERS, Secretary.

THE MURDER IN THE FOURTH DISTRICT. Captain Edgeworth, under an order from the First District Court, this morning delivered Henry Stevens, who murdered Isaac Jackson, on Sunday, April 30, at the corner of Rousseau and St. Andrew streets, to the Criminal Sheriff, the Grand Jury having found a true bill, and a capias having been issued.

FIRE YESTERDAY MORNING.—About a quarter to two o'clock yesterday morning a fire was discovered in an unoccupied one-story frame house, at the corner of Philip and Locust streets, owned by Mr. Miller. The flames extended to three other cottages, also the property of Mr. Miller, and all four were wholly destroyed. They were recently purchased at sheriff's sale, and it is not known whether they are insured or not. A cottage belonging to Mr. N. Miller, which was also consumed, is insured in the Lafayette office for sixteen hundred dollars. The disaster, it is thought, was the work of an incendiary.

BURNING OF THE STEAMER BELLE OF ALTON—*Examination of William Marsh, Charged with Arson.*—The case of William Marsh, charged with causing the steamer Belle of Alton to be burned at this port, on the night of the twenty-eighth of March last, was called yesterday, before Judge Weber, in the Fourth District Recorder's Court. The case has excited considerable interest, and quite a large array of witnesses were present on both sides. The case was opened by the prosecuting attorney, Mr. Atocha, for the State, with Colonel Field and Mr. McKay for defendant.

The first witness called was Special Police Officer Smith, who testified as follows: Am by occupation a special officer of the police; know about the burning of the steamer Belle of Alton on the twenty-eighth of March last, between three and four o'clock in the morning; did not see her burn; saw her after she was burned; she was lying at the wharf, at the foot of—I do not remember what street, but it was in the Fourth District; I made the affidavit against William Marsh; I made it from information received; arrested Marsh in St. Louis, brought him back here on requisition from the Governor of Louisiana on the Governor of Missouri, and placed him in Parish Prison for safe keeping; I had a conversation with Marsh on the road down, and asked him if anyone was lodging on the boat at the time she was burned; he answered that there were the two watchmen and a "striker" on the boat; he did not state what time these people were on the boat; the striker or greaser was in the habit of sleeping on board when the boat was laid up; he called my attention to the class of people who were associated with him and who called on him while in my custody, to relieve any fears I might have of his attempting to escape.

Witness was then cross-examined by Colonel Field, as follows:

Made this affidavit on the fourteenth of April before the First District Recorder's Court; a man named Palmer was here at the time; the conversation took place on the street; have met Palmer at the office of the Chief of Police, New Orleans; have seen him there more than once; may be as often as three or four times; I know Mr. Palmer by reputation; know him to be an agent for insurance companies; have been acting in this case in a measure for insurance companies; I had a warrant; the paper is at the office of Chief of Police of New Orleans; I had a requisition from Governor Warmoth on the Governor of Missouri; I delivered the requisition in person, and directed his order to the Chief of Police of St. Louis, and other civil officers of the State, requesting them to use all diligence in arresting Marsh, and turn him over to my custody; after I arrested Marsh, several steamboatmen and gentlemen called to see him—Captain Bruner and others; did not know any of them; was told one was a foundryman or blacksmith—a Mr. Manion; he did steamboat work; Marsh told me he had no interest in the boat, but that he had worked for her owners a long time, and that their word was as good to him as their money; he looked to these men for his bread and butter; I heard that a night watchman, a day watchman and a former employe slept aboard the boat at the time she burned.

This concluded his evidence for the present.

The next witness called was Officer Dexter B. Woods, of the harbor police, who merely testified to the time of the destruction of the boat.

The next witness was Mr. Frank M. Mayfield, who resides at the corner of Love and Enghien streets, Third District: Is a steamboatman; says that the evening before he was passing along by the boat, when he met Joseph Nixon, who said—

Here the witness was interrupted by the defense, who desired to hear what the witness knew, not what he had heard. The witness was dispensed with for the present.

Joseph Nixon, the alleged incendiary, was placed on the stand. The defense objected to the admission of Nixon's testimony, on the ground that it was inadmissible, the witness having by his voluntary confession of having set fire to the boat, and having been fully committed by the judge of this court for trial, in the First District Court, according to precedents and former rulings, no right to testify against an alleged accomplice. The defense quoted the law, and made written objection to the evidence.

The court overruled the objection, and the witness proceeded with his statement. Witness now resides in the Parish Prison. When not there, is an active steamboatman, and resides at different posts. Knows how the Belle of Alton burned. She burned on, I think, the twenty-second of March, 1871, between three and four o'clock in the morning; I set her on fire aft in the recess, with a match, where some mattresses were piled up; the mattresses were in the recess, aft of the cabin; the mattresses were piled up in the recess in the back part of the boat; the boat caught fire from these mattresses; William Marsh, the accused, was the engineer of the boat; he represented to me that he had an interest in the boat, and wished she was burned up, and said that was the only show for him to get his money out of her, and requested me to set fire to the boat, the Belle of Alton; I told him I did not like to undertake the job; he said he would rather have me to do it than anybody else, because he knew me so long, and put dependence in me before anybody else; I asked him how it was with the old man, the captain - Captain Bruner; he said it was all right with him, and the rest of the owners in St. Louis would be glad to hear of her burning up; me and him agreed on $300 for burning the boat Belle of Alton; he came there the morning before the boat was burned and told me to let her go; the next morning after the boat was burned Captain Bruner and Mr. Marsh came up there; Captain Bruner came on board the boat and said, "She is burned, is she," and I said yes, sir, she is gone; after I set the boat on fire aft. I went up stairs in the texas, then went down the forward gangway, with hat, pants, shirt on and barefooted; went down forward; saw the watchman sitting on the steps; Marsh paid me the $100 the day after the boat burned; the $100 was on account of the $300 for burning the boat; after Mr. Marsh had given me the hundred dollars, Captain Bruner gave me an order on John Janney's office, on Common street, for mine and the watchman's wages; I gave William Marsh this order that I got from Captain Bruner to take the night watchman up there and pay him off and draw my wages; I didn't see Mr. Marsh any more; I hunted for him, and they told me he had gone to St. Louis; so I saw Captain Bruner on the Sunday morning following coming down street; when he saw me he turned back, and I went over to the depot. Said I, "Good morning, Captain." He says "good morning, Joe." Said I, "Have you seen Mr. Marsh?" He said "No; I think he has gone to St. Louis." I told him Mr. Marsh had drawn my wages, and I needed the money; he took me round the corner to the door of a candy shop and gave me the money, eighteen dollars; it was at the corner of Gravier and St. Charles that Marsh gave me the hundred dollars.

The court here ordered a recess.

A Murderous Ruffian.

We copy the following dispatch:

MEMPHIS, May 6.—The Fort Smith (Arkansas) *Era* of April twenty-fourth says a most damnable outrage was perpetrated last Saturday at Chieoville, a quiet village near the Indian reservation. As Rev. Mr. Decamp, of the Missionary Baptist church, was about to open religious services, a ruffian named Handly entered, with revolver in hand, and approaching the minister, asked his name. On being told, Handly fired four shots at him, three striking Decamp in the head, killing him instantly. The assassin then leveled his revolver at the congregation and drove them out with threats of death and curses. He then mounted his horse and fled. It is said that Handly, some four years since, interrupted services at which Decamp officiated, and was indicted for so doing. Handly then went to Texas, which was made too hot for him, and returned here. The greatest excitement prevails over the affair.

Benefit of Mr. Henry Ducatel.

Tuesday evening next is set down by the Opera House management for the benefit of Mr. Henry Ducatel, who, for the past two years, has been the controller. The compliment has been well merited, and we doubt not that most of his friends who have been familiar with his face on musical nights, at the entrance of the Opera, will take this opportunity of rendering him a substantial compliment. We understand that in anticipation of this occasion, a magnificent opera is in rehearsal.

"Why don't you give us a little Greek and Latin occasionally?" asked a country deacon of a new minister. "Why, do you understand those languages?" was asked. "No; but we pay for the best, and ought to have it."

Academy of Music.

Robertson's charming comedy of "Home" was repeated last evening, and was, if anything, played better than on the previous evening. It's pretty construction, witty dialogue and effective stage situations render it a most enjoyable piece, while the repose and quietness of the plot make it peculiarly enjoyable this weather, when mental exertion is more a fatigue than a pleasure.

To-night will be given a beautiful little comedy entitled "Rosine, or the Wife of Two Husbands," which abounds in fun, and is, moreover, richly and elegantly dressed in costumes of the Richelieu period. To-morrow, Alberny's exquisite comedy, "The Two Roses," will be given for one time only, with Mr. Wyndham in the character part of *Sir Digby Grant*, and an otherwise powerful cast.

Friday has been set aside for a complimentary benefit to Charles Wyndham, and the public should testify their approbation of his efforts in presenting a charming series of the most charming plays in a perfect and elegant manner, by giving a crowded house. The attraction will be a strong one, namely, the first production in New Orleans of a drama by the celebrated author Watts Phillips, entitled "Camilla's Husband." It is a splendidly written piece, romantic in plot, strong in dialogue, with well defined characters and very effective stage effects and climaxes. Everything done by this company has been so well done, and the pieces selected for them have shown such good taste, that we feel assured the novelties promised will fully justify all the claims set forth for them.

We trust the business for the remainder of the week will equal the expectation, and that none will miss the opportunity of witnessing these delightful entertainments.

The Flower Queen.

The correspondence of several very estimable ladies, whose education enables them to appreciate such an entertainment as the floral operetta of the Flower Queen, performed with great success on the evening of the first and second instant, with Mr. A. B. Chase and Rev. C. W. Hilton, has led to an arrangement for a repetition of the operetta at the National Theatre next Friday evening. The object of the first representation was to benefit the Christ church parochial school; that is also the object of this representation. Tickets, one dollar each, may be had of the committee at the music, book and jewelry stores. A few of the box seats may be reserved at fifty cents extra, by calling at the box office, on the twelfth instant, from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. See correspondence in another column. Tickets purchased for former representation are not good for this.

Benefit at the Opera.

Mr. and Mrs. Billon Von Hamme, the talented dancers and ballet directors of the French Opera, announce their first benefit for to-morrow, Thursday. The programme will comprise the opera of "Les Huguenots," Meyerbeer's *chef-d'œuvre*, with a cast of characters excelling any opera produced this season. All the leading artists, MM. Cazeaux, Castelmary, Dumestre, Perie, De-Keghel, Thery, with Mesdames Rozes, Naddi and Dumestre. Besides this powerful attraction a new ballet will be produced, entitled "Les Egyptiennes," which will present some brilliant and striking effects. The beneficiaries are sure of a crowded and fashionable house from the attractive character of the entertainment as well as the many friends they have made during their stay here.

Flower Queen Matinee.

At the National Theatre next Saturday there will be a grand "Flower Queen" matinee. This floral operetta will be performed under the charge and direction of Mr. A. B. Chase. Doors open at eleven o'clock. Admission tickets one dollar, children half price. Tickets purchased for next Friday night, and not then used, will be good for admission to the matinee.

New Books.

We have received from George Ellis & Brother, No. 82 Camp street, "Gabrielle Andre," a new historical novel by S. Baring Gould, and "Callirhoe," a novel, by Maurice Sand, son of the distinguished French novelist. The latter is translated by S. A. Da Ponte, of this city.

The Treaty.

A special to the St. Louis *Republican* reads thus:

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The announcement made in the House of Commons last night that the high joint commission treaty provided for a special commission to audit the claims of British citizens which arose during the late war is not denied here by the American commissioners, and is otherwise known to be true. The fact excites no inconsiderable comment here, as this very feature caused the rejection by the Senate of the Johnson-Clarendon treaty for the settlement of the Alabama claims. Lord Tenterden and Bancroft Davis were in conference to-day with Messrs. Morton and Cameron explaining the details. Secretary Fish having been asked, unofficially, the direct question whether the commission would involve the payment of money down by the United States, replied hesitatingly that it would not just now. "Well," said the questioner, before the commissioner had time to recover, "you mean by that that the arbiters must find a balance against us in considering the Alabama claims and English counter claims for losses in the South, or there will be no money paid?"

"Precisely so. In no other case will money be paid. We don't propose to order the payment of money in the treaty."

General Schenck was asked, "You don't intend to pay money for the use of the fisheries, do you?"

The answer was quite unsatisfactory, as follows: "How else do you suppose we will secure their use? You have no idea that England will give a valuable privilege without some consideration, have you?"

A Railroad Sold.

[From the Galveston News.]

One o'clock yesterday was the hour set for the sale of the section of the New Orleans and Texas Railroad lying between Liberty and Orange. The distance is, we believe, sixty-eight miles. Judge Josiah F. Crosby, master in chancery, read the notice, announced himself ready to receive bids, and adjourned the sale to fifteen minutes before three o'clock, at which time the sale was resumed. Major Charles A. Burton started the bids at $100,000. Mr. Charles Todd raised to $200,000. Mr. Burton advanced ten thousand, when Mr. Hamilton Stuart arrived and announced that at the outbreak of the war he was collector of the port; that iron then belonging to the road was in his possession, that there were unpaid dues on it to the amount of $26,000, or thereabouts; that the iron was taken from the customhouse in some irregular manner, and that the duties had not been paid. He further gave notice that subsequent to peace the authorities at Washington called his attention to these circumstances, and that he replied he did not hold himself responsible; that if the government did he desired suit brought at once, but that he has never heard from the matter since that time. Thereupon the bidding was resumed and the road knocked down to Mr. Todd for $220,000. Mr. Todd represented Messrs. E. S. Morgan, John S. Terry, John A. Griswold and others of New York, for the New Orleans, Texas and Mobile Railroad Company.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

The Flower Queen.—Many of the green tickets distributed for the "Flower Queen" concerts, at the National Theatre, on May 1 and 3 being yet unreturned, it has been decided by the committee that none of the tickets bearing the above dates will be received for admission on Friday evening, the twelfth, or Saturday matinee, the thirteenth, instant. Only the new pink tickets will be good. my10 3t

In Hoc Signo Vinces.—Asylum of Orleans Commandery K. T. No. 3, Grand Lodge Hall, New Orleans, May 10, 1871. A regular conclave of this Commandery will be held THIS EVENING, at half-past seven o'clock. Important business to be transacted. Sojourning Sir Knights are courteously invited.
By order of the E. C.
my10 S. B. WRIGHT, Recorder.

Louisiana Savings Bank and Safe Deposit Company, May 9, 1871.—At the annual election of directors, held on the first instant, the following gentlemen were elected, viz:
W. H. Thomas, Hy. Peychaud,
D. Wallace, H. J. Mullan,
W. H. Holcombe, W. Van Norden,
John S. Walton.
At a meeting of the board on the second instant W. Van Norden was elected President and Hy. Peychaud Vice President.
JOHN S. WALTON, Cashier.
my9 3t

Office Mutual Aid and Benevolent Life Insurance Association of Louisiana, No. 120 Carondelet street, New Orleans, May 9, 1871.—Members of this association are hereby notified of the death of D. C. Bell, who died in this city February 2, 1871; A. Candide, who died in this city February 11, 1871; W. F. Tupnard, who died in Baton Rouge February 17, 1871, and Francisco Repoll, who died in this city February 21, 1871, and are called upon to come forward without further notice and pay $1 25 on each, at the office of the association, No. 120 Carondelet street, within thirty days from the date of this publication.
my7 7t R. W. YOUNG, Secretary.

Notice.—Carondelet Street and Carrollton City Railroad Company, Office No. 12 Carondelet street, New Orleans, May 2, 1871.—Subscribers to the capital stock of the Carondelet Street and Carrollton City Railroad Company are hereby notified that the second installment of ten per cent will be due and payable at the office of the company, No. 12 Carondelet street, on the first day of June, 1871.
By order of the Board of Directors.
CHARLES W. SQUIRES, Secretary.
my3 23t

Notice.—I have constituted DAVID D. SMITH my attorney, to act for me during my absence from the city. All powers of attorney heretofore given by me have been revoked.
ap21 JOHN M. G. PARKER.

Avoid Quacks.—A victim of early indiscretion, causing nervous debility, premature decay, etc., having tried in vain every advertised remedy, has a simple means of self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow sufferers. Address J. H. TUTTLE, 78 Nassau street, New York. ja26 ed6m

Office of the Louisiana Land Company and Loan and Savings Bank.—The books of subscription for the capital stock of this company will be opened at the office of the company, No. 43 Dryades street, on the tenth day of April, 1871, and will remain open for thirty days from that date. During the first ten days the Directors of the company shall have the privilege of subscribing for the stock, and after that they shall be open to the public.
An assessment of ten dollars per share on one thousand shares has been made, and will be made payable in ten days after closing the books of subscription.
ap9 30t CHARLES H. FOX, Secretary.

Getting Married.—Essays for young men, on great social evils and abuses, which interfere with marriage—with sure means of relief for the erring and unfortunate, diseased and debilitated. Sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. ie14 1y

POLITICAL NOTICES.

International League Republican Club. This club will meet every SUNDAY, at one o'clock P. M., at the hall over Simon's Cosmopolitan News Depot, No. 94 Exchange alley. All friends of progress are invited to attend.
By order of the President. my7 14*

Attention, Fifth Ward Radical Republican Club.—The president pro tem, in the name of the people of the Fifth Ward, gives notice to the members of said club that an election for the officers of said club will be held on next Thursday, May 11, 1871, at the present club room, corner of St Philip and Claiborne streets, at half-past seven o'clock P. M. O. P. FERNANDEZ, Secretary pro tem.
my 7t

SUCCESSION NOTICES.

Succession of Lucy Margaret Hurd, deceased, wife of James H. Jones—No. 34,160.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to the creditors of the minors Cora L. Jones, Emma B. Jones and Stella B. Jones, to show cause, if any they have or can, within thirty days from the first publication of this notice, why the application filed this day in this court by James H. Jones, of Massachusetts, to be recognized as guardian of his aforesaid minor children, and to be allowed as such to take possession of all the property belonging to said minors and remove the same from this State should not be granted.
Clerk's Office, April 18, 1871.
ap19 26 my3 10 17 M. O. TRACY, Clerk.

Succession of Lewis W. Lyons—No. 26,896.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by Mrs. C. Lyons, administratrix of this estate, should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.
By order of the Court.
my10 14 19 M. O. TRACY, Clerk.

Succession of Herman Dierfeld—No. 34,115

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by Phil B. Fouke, public administrator, as such administering this estate, should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.
By order of the Court.
my10 14 19 M. O. TRACY, Clerk.

Succession of Robert M. Ogden—No. 15,894.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF Orleans.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by the testamentary executrix of the deceased should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.
By order of the Court.
my10 14 19 M. O. TRACY Clerk.

Notice to Creditors.

ALL THE CREDITORS OF THE SUCCESSION of Victoria Malard are requested to present their claims within ten days to Albert Malard, administrator of said succession, at No. 151 Marais street, or to Julien A. Seghers, attorney at law, No. 22 Exchange place, up stairs. my5 10 15*

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

CANCELLATION OF BOND.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Executive Department, New Orleans, April 14, 1871.

WHEREAS, APPLICATION HAS BEEN MADE to me for the cancellation of the official bond of Abraham Depue, as sheriff in and for the parish of East Feliciana, to wit: A bond dated December 3, 1869, in the sum of six thousand dollars, signed by A. Depue as principal and J. P. Monihan, S. E. Hunter, David W. Pipes and H. M. Pool as sureties; the said bond being conditioned for the faithful performance by the said A. Depue of his duties as sheriff aforesaid—

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the said bond to file their objections to the cancellation thereof in writing in the office of the Secretary of State, within ninety days after the last publication hereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State, this fourteenth day of April, A. D. 1871, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-fifth.
By the Governor: H. C. WARMOTH, Governor of Louisiana.
GEORGE E. BOVEE, Secretary of State.
ap16 30t

OFFICIAL RETURNS.

COMPILED STATEMENT OF VOTES CAST IN the parishes of Caddo and Natchitoches for and against the creation of the new parish of Red River, as provided by section one of act No. 39 of the session of 1871, at a special election held May 1, 1871, under the provisions of "an act to regulate the conduct and to maintain the freedom and purity of elections," etc., approved March 16, 1870:

PARISH OF CADDO.

	For.	Against.
Poll No. 1	19	None.
Total	19	None.

PARISH OF NATCHITOCHES.

	For.	Against.
Poll No. 1	279	12
Poll No. 2	62	1
Poll No. 3	42	None.
Total	383	13

We, the undersigned, returning officers, pursuant to authority vested in us by act No. 100, approved March 16, 1870, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct compilation of the statements of the votes cast in the parishes of Caddo and Natchitoches, State of Louisiana, on May 1, 1871, as made by the Supervisors of Registration of each parish, for and against the creation of the new parish of Red River, as provided by section one of act No. 39 of the session of 1871. And we do hereby declare that act No. 39 of the session of 1871 has been duly and lawfully approved by the qualified electors of that portion of the parishes of Natchitoches and Caddo residing within the limits specified in section two of the said act.
H. C. WARMOTH, Governor of Louisiana.
OSCAR J. DUNN, Lieutenant Governor of Louisiana.
GEORGE E. BOVEE, Secretary of State.
JOHN LYNCH.
Dated at New Orleans, May 9, 1871. my10 1t

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

SUB-TREASURY GOLD SALES.

OFFICE UNITED STATES ASSISTANT TREASURY, May 10, 1871.

UNDER PRESENT REGULATIONS FOR THE sale of gold at this office, $100,000 per week will be the limit of such sales.
CHARLES CLINTON, Assistant Treasurer.
my10 2t

TO TAXPAYERS OF THE THIRD DISTRICT.

STATE TAXES OF 1870 AND LICENSES OF 1871 must be paid before the first of next month (June).

All persons failing to comply with the above will be dealt with the utmost rigor according to law.
J. R. CLAY, State Tax Collector, Third District, No. 9 Esplanade street.
my10 30t

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned, at the office of Price, Hine & Tupper, No. 26 Carondelet street, New Orleans, Louisiana, until twelve o'clock M. May 20, 1871, for dredging Bayou Portage, in the parish of St. Mary, and cutting a canal three miles, more or less, connecting the same with Bayou Yokely, said canal running through cypress swamp, and to be thirty feet wide and six feet deep, there being three hundred thousand cubic feet, more or less, of earth to be removed.

Bidders will propose for the work in cubic yards; they will state at what time they will be prepared to commence work after the contract is awarded; they will also propose either to furnish dredge boat and machinery or to leave the same to be furnished by the commissioners.

All parties making proposals for this contract are required to deposit with the President of the Commission, as evidence of their intention to abide by the adjudication, the sum of two thousand dollars in cash, which shall be forfeited for the benefit of the work, in case of failure to sign the contract.

Bidders to whom contracts are not awarded will have their deposits returned to them on the day the adjudication is made.

The work will be paid for monthly as far as completed and accepted.

The commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids for any cause deemed by them to be sufficient.

Any further information concerning the work required to be done will be given by S. L. Raulett, Franklin, parish of St. Mary, Louisiana.
JAMES B. PRICE, President.
R. K. OIOSSY, Secretary.
my9 5t

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

OFFICE OF STATE TAX COLLECTOR, Fifth District, May 6, 1871.

THE TIME FOR PAYING STATE TAXES FOR 1870, and licenses for 1871, of this District, at Old Parish Hall, has been extended to the twenty-sixth day of May, 1871. This is positively the last extension.
C. L. SWEET, State Tax Collector, Fifth District.
my7 5t*

PROPOSALS.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE, Mobile Harbor Improvement, No. 7 Royal street, Mobile, Alabama, May 2, 1871.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until twelve o'clock M., MONDAY, June 12, 1871, for dredging Choctaw Pass and Dog River Bar channel, Mobile Bay, each to a depth of thirteen feet and width of 200 feet. The average depth of excavation in Choctaw Pass will be two feet for a length of 3200 feet, requiring the removal of 50,000 cubic yards, more or less, of material, principally sand, the rest mud. And in Dog river channel the average depth of excavation will be about four feet, requiring the removal of 40,000 cubic yards, more or less, of material, principally mud. The average distance at which the material will have to be transported and deposited is three miles.

Bidders will propose for the work per cubic yard for material removed and deposited, measured by soundings in the cuts, and they will also state the additional charge for each half mile of transportation of material beyond the average of three miles. They will also state when they will engage to commence the work after the award of contract, and the time they will require to complete their contract.

Payments will be made monthly, twenty per cent being reserved until the work is satisfactorily completed, and forfeited in case of failure, from any cause, on the part of the contractor to comply with all the conditions of his contract. In addition, bonds to the extent of $10,000 will be required to insure faithful commencement and performance of contract.

The right to reject any and all bids is reserved by the undersigned for any cause deemed by him to be sufficient.

Full information will be given at this office, where blank proposals can be obtained, or from which, on requisition, they will be mailed to the address of any one desiring to bid.

The envelops enclosing bids should be indorsed "Proposals for dredging Choctaw Pass and Dog River Bar Channel," and addressed to the undersigned, in duplicate. A. M. DAMRELL, Captain of Engineers, United States Army.
my6 6t

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

SEALED PROPOSALS ADDRESSED TO THE Board of Administrators, are required for the erection of two wings to the State Insane Asylum at Jackson, Louisiana, the same indorsed "Proposals for New Wings, etc.," will be received on or before the fifth day of June, at the Treasurer's office, No. 28 Natchez street.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of Henry Howard, architect, No. 13 Commercial place.

The Administrators reserve to themselves the right of rejecting the whole or any of the proposals.
my4 1m

CANCELLATION OF BOND.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Executive Department, New Orleans, April 27, 1871.

WHEREAS, APPLICATION HAS BEEN MADE to me for the cancellation of the official bond of W. H. Pemberton, as Flour Inspector in and for the city of New Orleans, to wit: A bond dated July 13, 1869, in the sum of five thousand dollars, signed by W. H. Pemberton as principal, and —— Lindolph and J. M. Burchard as sureties; the said bond being conditioned for the faithful performance by the said W. H. Pemberton of his duties as Flour Inspector aforesaid.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the said bond to file their objections to the cancellation thereof, in writing, in the office of the Secretary of State, within ninety days after the last publication hereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State, this twenty-seventh day of April, A. D. 1871, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-fifth.
By the Governor: H. C. WARMOTH.
JOSEPH WITTGENSTEIN, Assistant Secretary of State.
ap26 30t

PROPOSALS.

DEPARTMENT OF IMPROVEMENTS, New Orleans, May 5, 1871.

SEALED PROPOSALS ADDRESSED TO THE undersigned will be received at this office until SATURDAY NOON, the thirteenth instant, for making brick banquettes on the upper side of Melpomene