New Orleans Republican.
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY C. E. GIRARDEY & CO., at 12 o'clock, at Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, lot of ground and buildings on St. Peter street—succession of Dulcinea Gregory; two lots of ground corner of Eighth, Water and Tchoupitoulas streets; four lots of ground adjoining, on Water and Tchoupitoulas streets—partition sale, John E. Devlin et al vs. succession of James B. Taylor.

BY WILLIAM DE LACY, at 12 o'clock, at St. Charles Auction Exchange, undivided half of a lot of ground and buildings on Clara street—succession of George Hebrick and wife; six lots of ground on Bienville street and on corner of Bienville and Rochebiave streets—succession of David Kaiser.

BY S. GUINAULT, at 12 o'clock, at Royal Street Auction Exchange, twelve lots of ground in Rickerville—succession of Lewis W. Lyons.

BY NASH & HODGSON, at 12 o'clock, at St. Charles Auction Exchange, three lots of ground and buildings on Apollo and General Taylor streets—succession of Joseph Hanlon; eighty-acre sugar plantation and pretty residence, six miles above Carrollton.

BY R. M. & B. J. MONTGOMERY, at 11 o'clock at Old Auction Mart, No. 87 Camp street, a general assortment of new and second-hand furniture, pianos, etc., large list of unclaimed property, consisting of revolvers, knives, watches, trunks, cotton, copper, trunks of clothing, etc., by order of Metropolitan Police Board. Also, two rowboats, twenty-feet long by four and a half feet beam.

BY SHERIFF SAUVINET, at 12 o'clock, at Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, lot of ground and buildings, corner New Levee and Fulton streets—Henry Philip Lameyer vs. Miss Mary Susanpah Walker. Lease of house No. 178 Philip street, till September 30, 1871—Widow P. Lamoine vs. Maximilian Labusquiere. Two one-story frame buildings, corner First and Derbigny streets, and corner Claiborne and First streets—Poppe & Elliott vs. J. J. Daly.

Local Intelligence.

Coroner Creagh yesterday held an inquest on the body of a woman who dropped dead while waiting on a happy party in St. Thomas street. A post mortem examination disclosed the fact that death had been caused by the bursting of her heart, or some portion of it. She had indulged freely in iced drinks a few minutes previous to the attack.

SHOOTING AFFRAY.—Thursday afternoon about five o'clock, a man named Stephen Terigo entered the grocery store of Mr. Pierre Hargutet, on Carondelet walk, corner of Villere street, and, after a few words, fired a shot from a one-barrel pistol at the proprietor, but without effect.

Sergeant Hussey, of Treme precinct, who was near by, at once arrested the offender and locked him up. It seems that Terigo, who is a sailor, had some difficulty with the captain of his vessel and intended to shoot him. Recorder Staes remanded him to await examination.

A brief visit to Camp Chalmette showed that the nation's dead are not forgotten. Ample preparations are in progress to celebrate decoration day in a fitting manner. The gentlemen who are intrusted with details will leave nothing undone.

The dead body of a colored man was found near the five-mile post on the Jackson railroad yesterday. There were marks of violence, as if he had been struck by a cow-catcher.

A few poor specimens of ripe peaches have come in.

DISMISSED THE FORCE.—The Board of Police Commissioners dismissed the following named patrolmen from the force:

J. Glossen, first precinct; S. Engel and J. Victor, fifth precinct; P. Garvey, third precinct.

P. King and A. Marigny, third precinct, were fined, the first ten days, and the latter five days' pay.

Charlotte Jackson anchored in the first precinct station because something considered her an embezzler.

Peter Jockett was halted and jugged for slaughtering within the sacred limits prescribed by lawmakers.

Mike Dermott was accused of stealing newspapers from under doors where carriers had left them. The charge was not made entirely good.

JEWISH FEAST. — Yesterday—commencing, however, according to Hewbrew custom, with sundown of Thursday—was the first day of the feast of weeks. It is the anniversary of the receiving of the ten commandments by Moses upon Sinai. In former times it was upon this occasion that each householder took "of the first of all the fruit of the earth, * * * * and put it into a bottle," and presented it at the temple, the priest setting it down before the altar.

THE LESLIE CASES.—Yesterday Messrs. Dennee & Belden, counsel for the convicted, "Judge" W. Minor Leslie, filed a motion in the First District Court for the arrest of judgment.

Their reasons for this motion are:

1. That the verdict is contrary to law and the evidence as adduced on the trial.

2. The evidence did not support the indictment either for larceny or embezzlement, for which he was found guilty.

3. That being an attorney at law, he is not amenable to the law under the statutes as replying to larceny and embezzlement and any act committed by him in a professional capacity does not amount to more than a breach of trust under the special statutes governing attorneys.

Both motions are worded exactly the same.

The motion will be argued Friday and Saturday next by the counsel and the District Attorney.

THE CASE OF DR. EVERITT.—The trial of Dr. Launcelot Hope Everitt, charged with the murder of Henry Switzer, on the evening of the third of April, on Canal street, has been fixed by the Attorney General for the fifteenth of June. H. C. Castellanos, Esq., for the defense.

John Jackson forced his way into prison for stealing one hundred and seventy dollars worth of clothing from Elias Jones.

A man who indites his autograph figuratively, thus: X A. Dams, complains that four sailors are deserters from the bark Sewars. The quartette were sent to a United States Marshal.

George Henning is under arrest for stealing and bolting with a bolt of canvas, property of ship Camperdown.

PICKPOCKETS.—Recorder Dumont sent Thomas Castello and J. S. Rutherford before the First District Court, on the charge of having on the twenty-second of May, at the corner of Vallette and Patterson streets, attempted to rob Mr. Bacheland, by thrusting their hands into his pocket. Officer Bijon had witnessed the affair and arrested the parties.

LARCENY.—Charles McIntyre will tire of the accusation that he stole a pair of pantaloons and a shirt from E. J. Johnson, for which he will be wheeled into line on the sixth of June.

Margaret Anthony is in durance for prigging a few commissary stores from Lawrence McGraw, No. 125 Basin street.

ROMANCE AND REALITY.—*Human Bones Found.*—Just before dark last evening, while men were engaged tearing down an old building on St. Mary street, between Fulton and Chippewa streets, they discovered a box which contained a loaded single-barreled pistol, and the bones of two children. An eccentric woman, Mrs. Duffy, has occupied the house for ten or eleven years, and as it was supposed she possessed some knowledge of the remains, Captain Edgeworth found and questioned her concerning the subject. She said that she found the bones in a field years ago, but she appeared to regard them with veneration, and asked that they be returned to her. The captain thinks she will explain to-day, rather than suffer imprisonment. She had been arrested for some trifling offense.

There was a brilliant gathering on Thursday evening at the Masonic Hall, Algiers. The occasion was a grand fancy dress and military ball, given by Company C, of the Fifth Regiment of Louisiana Volunteer Militia. Company C is commanded by Captain J. D. Lorio. As it is composed to a great extent of men who have already smelt powder, it is safe to say that no volunteer company in the State excels Company C in drill, marching, and all that belongs to a high state of discipline. The ball was kept up till near daylight. Every one was in high spirits, and all enjoyed themselves exceedingly.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION THIS DAY.—Messrs. Nash & Hodgson, auctioneers, will sell at auction, this day, at the St. Charles Auction Exchange, for account of the succession of William Nicol and others—

1. Those two eligibly located and well built two-story brick residences, Nos. 281 and 283 Baronne street.

2. A charming eighty-acre sugar farm, six miles above Carrollton, with a commodious and handsome residence.

For full particulars, see the advertisement and the plans at the St. Charles Auction Exchange.

Ku-Klux Again.

[From the Jackson Pilot.]

LIBERTY, Miss., May 20, 1871.—Since my visit to Jackson some time ago I have lost all connection with the outside world, being busily engaged with matters strictly of a local nature. The principal topic of conversation and question of vital importance to us in Amite county is the building of the Meridian, Red River and Texas railroad. Our people almost to a man are fully aroused to the importance of the undertaking, and are only divided as to the most practicable method of raising the amount of money required of them by the railroad company to insure the passage of the road through Liberty (our county seat), thereby giving us the greatest length of road in the county. As to the final success of the road there can be no doubt, and the people are loud in their approval of the railroad law giving $4000 a mile in the construction of new roads, and look upon it as a wise and judicious step toward the future prosperity of the State.

We have been cursed with a recent attack of that unfortunate complaint known as Ku-Klux. Some fifteen or twenty men disguised, broke into the house of a colored man by the name of Jordan, took him out and beat him until nearly senseless, then took him on a horse into the woods a mile and a half from his home, and hung him up just high enough to let his toes touch the ground until he was nearly dead, when they cut him down and turned him loose, after extracting a promise that he would not disclose any of the proceedings. He, however, did go immediately to town and made an affidavit against six of whom he recognized beyond a doubt as in the gang. When the Sheriff's possee went to arrest them none of them could be found, but being convinced that the matter under the Ku-Klux law would be thoroughly sifted, and that they would evidently be captured, they went in and gave themselves up to Squire Galtrey, who heard the case and bound them over to the circuit court in the sum of $1000 each, and my opinion is they will find "Jordan" a hard road to travel before they hear the last of it. The Ku-Klux business will prove an unhealthy one in this county.

We copy this from the Mobile *Tribune:*

We have been informed that some dissatisfaction has been expressed that no notice was taken of an accident which occurred lately on the railroad between this city and New Orleans. We did not hear of the occurrence for several days after it was said to have taken place, and then learned from the local editor that he made inquiry at the office of the road of a party who seemed to have direction, the superintendent being absent from the city, and that the only information he was able to obtain was, that the accident was to a freight train, and that no material damage was done to persons or property. Knowing that reflections had, unjustly if not culpably, been cast on the character and safety of the road, we cared not to be numbered with those who were evil-eyed toward it, and therefore permitted the matter to pass without further investigation or notice. We are not unmindful, and it is not our purpose to be neglectful of the duty imposed on a newspaper to keep the public advised of any route of travel being unsafe, or being under incompetent and reckless management.

There is not a suspicion in our mind that the New Orleans, Mobile and Texas road can be made amenable to either charge. True it is that the road is new, that it is constructed for several miles over water, that piles of very unusual length were found indispensable, and that the experience of practical working was necessary to suggest all the safeguards which prudence and a proper sensitiveness under responsibility would cause to be promptly supplied. This we believe to be the purpose of the management of the road, such its practice in the past and present, and such its purpose as to the future. The road is unquestionably of the first class, and for comfort and safety can compare with any road in the country. Its management and its appointments are such as to preclude just fault-finding.

This is our estimate of the road, of its safety and comfort to the traveling public, and of the prudence and circumspection of its management. When we shall discover reason to alter this opinion we shall not be slow to inform the public of the fact. In the meantime, we have no intention to lend ourselves to any procedure which, whether so designed or not, may be calculated to work it injustice.

Important Medical Discovery.

The Washington *Patriot* says:

Dr. D. W. Bliss has met with wonderful success in using a decoction of the bark of the Cunderango bush as a specific for cancer. A few pounds of this bark were forwarded here by our minister at Ecuador, where it is found in the interior, and it has produced almost magical results; Mrs. Matthews, the mother of Vice President Colfax, being one of those afflicted by cancer, who has been wonderfully benefited by it. Dr. Bliss regards it as much of a specific in diseases of the blood, depending upon the defective condition of the pabulum, as quinine is in fermentative diseases. He has sent his assistant, Dr. Keene, to Ecuador to obtain a supply of this panacea, and expects him back here with it by the first of July. Meanwhile he will report to the regular medical journals the results of his experiments.

Big Talk with Indian Chiefs.

A Washington special of Monday, to the Louisville *Courier Journal*, says:

A council was held to-day between the Indian delegations now here and the Secretary of the Interior and Commissioner Parker, on behalf of the government. The chiefs had abandoned their savage dress, and appeared in dark vests, coats and pants. Commissioner Parker began the talk. He called the attention of the Indians to the fact that they were promised annuities for only ten years, four of which have passed, and in the time yet remaining they should try and care for themselves as farmers. He advised them to do so, as they could live by hunting but a few years longer. When the Indians go home, said the Commissioner, it will please the President if they would stop on their way in the Indian Territory and attend the general council of Indians, to be held there in the Creek country, the object, of which is simply and solely for the good of themselves, and to establish peace and harmony and one general government among all the tribe of that country. At the conclusion of the Commissioner's remarks, Little Raven said his people were anxious to get together by themselves, and he was anxious to have a dividing line between white and Indian blood. A long time ago a treaty of peace was made, (Little Raven probably referred to Colonel Mitchell's treaty in 1851), and soon afterward rich ores were discovered west of them. This brought the white man into their country. Then railroads came among them; and later other railroads came and drove the Indians away from their homes. They do not know where this is to end.

The whites are approaching them constantly, and the Indians do not know what country they own. He said peace existed before the soldiers were stationed among them, and asked that they be withdrawn. The Whichita chief thought that nearly all the lands which had been given to other Indians was the property of the Whichitas. This was his principal complaint, and what he particularly desired was pay for it. "Here I am," said Buffalo, "good, with a white man's coat and pantaloons on. But there are no greenbacks in my pocket, and now I hope the government will give me some to carry around so as to show something for the lands that have been taken." Secretary Delano made a short speech to the delegation, advising the Indians to learn habits of civilization as soon as possible, and form a government of their own, and they would be furnished with clothes and agricultural implements, and schools and churches would be established among them. Little Raven wanted to know if he would be authorized in getting his people in the North to the South. This was one thing about which he was very anxious, and upon that point the commissioner said he would let him know to-morrow. The Indians have been very greatly impressed with what they have seen in a country of civilization. Some of them are disposed to repel the idea that the capitol buildings and paintings in the rotunda are the works of man. The commissioners endeavored to be complacent under the circumstances, and to permit no expressions of wonder at the sights they experience to escape them.

The Baton Rouge *Journal* has these comments on the action of the Board of Selectmen in declaring the election of a Republican mayor the result of fraud:

It is with a feeling of sorrow that we read in the *Advocate*, of last Saturday, the indirect assault made upon the commissioners of election, who so faithfully and acceptably performed their duty upon the tenth day of April last. The shaft is hurled no less to these gentlemen than to the supervisor of registration. Who were the commissioners who are thus indirectly charged with receiving fraudulent votes? George M. Husted, ex-judge of the parish court and a Democrat; Samuel P. Greves, Esq., also a Democrat; Mollere Lange, Republican—first ward. Commissioners in second ward: J. W. Bates, a Democrat; Charles E. Lehman, Republican; John Wolf, Democrat. The above named gentlemen were, by the supervisor of registration and the then mayor (Elam), mutually agreed on as men of stamina of character, of principle, of high tone, and two-thirds of them of his individual selection, and as we supposed selected to hold (as we believe they did hold) an honest election.

These certificates have been set aside as nought, and by whom? Better men than those who sat at the polls to receive, sort and count the votes, with Marshal Weis and Brady to watch with jealous care the interests of Mr. Elam? No. Better men than these don't find a domicil in the city of Baton Rouge. Compare Tim Duggan and R. J. McCabe with the men who made the certificates of that day's election, and let public opinion have an opportunity to reply, and anxious listeners would tire long before the echoings of the names of Lehman and Lange, of Bates and Husted, or Greves and Wolf should cease to sound upon their ears. Let the Board of Selectmen reconvene. Let it at once reconsider the vote given in secret session last week, Tuesday evening, and admit the truth so patent to impartial minds, that a partizan prejudice warped their judgment and blinded their intellects. Thus, and thus only, will this deep stain be wiped out, and justice receive her reward.

The Louisville *Commercial* of a recent date gives the following account of the loss of Captain Miller's son:

On Tuesday last a melancholy event transpired on board the Mary Houston, while the boat was under way between Cairo and Paducah. Mrs. Charles Miller, wife of a New Orleans and Balize pilot, and her little son Charles were passengers, en route to Lawrenceburg, Indiana, to visit some relatives. About eight o'clock Tuesday morning Charlie and another little boy were playing in the gangway, between the bulwarks of the cabin and the wheelhouse, and Charlie's playmate had a switch with which he was imitating a man backing a horse by touching Charlie lightly on the legs and causing him to walk backwards. The cabin boys were at the time engaged in cleaning up the paint work, and had temporarily left a bucket of hot water in the gangway, in a corner behind some table slats. While backing, as above described, little Charlie accidentally sat down in the bucket of hot water, and was badly scalded. His cries attracted the attention of a gentleman passenger, who ran to his rescue and relieved him as much as possible, and then conveyed the unfortunate boy to his mother's room. Every remedy was tried to ease his sufferings, but they being of no avail, it was proposed that morphine be administered. Some of the ladies procured a phial of this remedy and administered five drops, and in about two hours after little Charlie died. When the boat arrived at Evansville the master purchased a fine metalic case and the remains were carefully embalmed. Upon her arrival at this port Mr. Sam Black, passenger agent of the steamer, was summoned to accompany Mrs. Miller to Lawrenceburg and see that the corpse was carefully and respectfully given over to the care of friends there.

Within the past two months twenty-five thousand chests of tea, representing $1,500,000, have arrived at Chicago, shipped direct from Yokohama, via San Francisco and the Central Pacific railroad. In addition to this amount, designed entirely for the Western trade, fifty thousand chests, or $3,000,000, passed through Chicago en route for New York and other Eastern markets. The cost of transportation has been figured down to a nicety, and it has been determined that the lowest ocean rate from Japan to New York, including freight, insurance, and all other charges, is five and one-half cents per pound. Arrangements have been made with the Pacific steamship and railroad companies by which the article can be delivered for four and one-half cents per pound, thus saving a full cent in the cost, beside some eighty days in time. This, of course, determines the route the trade will take in future. The extremities of the earth have now fairly met, and for the first time the tide of commerce begins to flow backward from the West to the East, instead of following the setting sun in its course around the globe.

In China no virtue is universally recognized except duty to parents. The motive to avoid disgrace and seek honor is that credit may be reflected back on a man's father, and this reverence is the basis of all respect paid to the political powers that be.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Notice.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Louisiana and Texas Canal Company, held on the twenty-third instant, the following resolution was adopted:

That the stockholders of the Louisiana and Texas Canal Company are hereby notified to meet at room No. 22, in the Pelican House, corner of Canal and Baronne streets, on SATURDAY EVENING, May 27, 1871, at seven o'clock, for the purpose of ascertaining and entering upon the stock books the amount of stock held by each stockholder.

H. T. BUEGESS, Secretary.
my25 3t*

Notice.—The stockholders of the Calcasieu Sulphur and Mining Company are hereby notified that a fifth installment of five dollars per share on all the ordinary stock of the company has been called by the Board of Directors, and made payable on the third of June next, at the office of the company, No. 3 Carondelet street, rear room, second floor.

ALEX. BONNEVAL, Secretary.
New Orleans, May 23, 1871. my25 15t

Office of the Louisiana Land Company and Loan and Savings Bank—New Orleans, May 22, 1871.—At a meeting of the Executive Committee, held this day, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That an additional assessment of forty per cent on the capital stock be and the same is hereby assessed and payable within fifteen days from the date of this resolution.

my23 15t CHARLES H. FOX, Secretary.

Avoid Quacks.—A victim of early indiscretion, causing nervous debility, premature decay, etc., having tried in vain every advertised remedy, has a simple means of self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow sufferers. Address J. H. TUTTLE, 78 Nassau street, New York. ja26 eod6m

Notice.—I have constituted DAVID D. SMITH my attorney, to act for me during my absence from the city. All powers of attorney heretofore given by me have been revoked.

ap21 JOHN M. G. PARKER.

New Orleans Academy of Sciences.—At a meeting of the Academy, held on Monday, May 15, 1871, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That this Academy, through the medium of all the newspapers in the State of Louisiana that will publish the same gratuitously, offer the following prizes for collections of entomology within the State of Louisiana, and descriptive essays accompanying the same, to wit:

1. A prize of One Hundred Dollars for the best collection of insects peculiar or indigenous to the State of Louisiana; the insects to be shown, as much as possible, in their various stages of development—eggs, larvæ, chrysalis and perfect insect. In judging, a preference will be given to those collections which most successfully illustrate the life, history, habits, propagation and alimentation of the insect, as also any of its peculiarities, whether shown by specimens, drawings, models or other means.

2. A second prize of Fifty Dollars for the second best collection; and

3. A third prize of Twenty-five Dollars for the third best collection.

Each collection is to be accompanied by a descriptive essay of the insects exhibited, and must be subscribed with the name of the competitor.

The collections and essays to be sent to the Recording Secretary of the Academy, on or before the first day of June, A. D. 1872, to be transmitted by him to the Chairman of the Prize Committee, which shall consist of five fellows, all of whom shall be immediately appointed by the President.

The Academy shall be entitled to take from any of the collections and essays sent in, whether successful or not, any portion thereof it may choose, at a price to be fixed by the Prize Committee.

The Prize Committee shall have power to decline awarding any prizes, should the collections seem not worthy.

PRIZE COMMITTEE:

V. O. King, M. D., Chairman,
J. B. Robertson, Gustave Kohn,
A. F. McLain, M. D., John Kruttschnitt.

A true copy from the minutes.

ALBERT G. BLANCHARD,
Recording Secretary.

All papers favorable to the purposes implied in the foregoing resolution will please give it an occasional insertion during the period fixed for the preparation of collections. my18

Special Notice.—New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad, May 25, 1871.—Proposals will be received at the Freight Office of this company (Pontchartrain Railroad Depot) for the transportation of lumber from Manchac into the New Basin.

EDWARD A. BURK,
my25 3t Freight Agent.

Notice.—Carondelet Street and Carrollton City Railroad Company, Office No. 12 Carondelet street, New Orleans, May 2, 1871.—Subscribers to the capital stock of the Carondelet Street and Carrollton City Railroad Company are hereby notified that the second installment of ten per cent will be due and payable at the office of the company, No. 12 Carondelet street, on the first day of June, 1871.

By order of the Board of Directors.

CHARLES W. SQUIRES,
my3 28t Secretary.

Getting Married.—Essays for young men, on great social evils and abuses, which interfere with marriage—with sure means of relief for the erring and unfortunate, diseased and debilitated. Sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. fe14 1y

POLITICAL NOTICES.

Fifth Ward Radical Republican Mother Club.—A meeting of the above Club will be held on THURSDAY, June 1, 1871, at seven o'clock P. M., corner of St. Philip and Claiborne streets, for the election of officers of said Club.

HYMAN SMITH, President pro tem.
O. P. FERNANDEZ, Secretary pro tem. my27

State Central Committee, Republican Party, State of Louisiana, May 25, 1871—At a regular meeting, held on Tuesday, May 23, 1871, Hon. John Ray, a member of the committee for the State at large, was elected to till the vacancy occasioned by the death of Hon. John L. Lewis, of the Fifth Congressional District. Hon. James F. Casey, of Orleans, was then elected as a member of the committee for the State at large. By order of the President.

my26 3t WILLIAM VIGERS, Secretary.

CONSTABLES' SALES.

V. Oehmichen vs. Pelican Sawmill and Owners—No. 1054.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS TO me directed by the Hon. H. M Dibble, First Justice of the Peace in and for the parish of Orleans, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the corner of Cypress and Liberty streets, on TUESDAY, June 6, 1871, at 12 M—

One lot of LUMBER, etc., as per inventory on file in my office.

Seized in the above entitled suit.
Terms—Cash on the spot.

my27 je2 6 DANIEL CROWLEY, Constable.

Frank & Stratten vs. Mr. and Mrs. Ainslie, Madame James H. Ames, intervenor—Second Justice Court for the parish of Orleans, No. 11,272.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS TO me directed by the Hon. W. L. Evans, Second Justice of the Peace in and for the parish of Orleans, I will proceed to sell at public auction, on MONDAY, May 29, 1871, at twelve o'clock M., at No. 246 Girod street—

ONE LOT OF CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, etc., as per inventory on file in my office.

Seized in the above entitled cause.
Terms—Cash on the spot.

A. J. DAVERN,
my17 23 28 Constable Second Justice Court.

Mrs. C. B. Shearer vs. Harris Parsons—Sixth Justice Court for the parish of Orleans, No. 4670.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS to me directed by the Hon. Charles A. Meyers, Sixth Justice of the Peace in and for the parish of Orleans, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at my warehouse, No. 231 St. Andrew street, on FRIDAY, June 2, 1871, at twelve o'clock M.,—

A LOT OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Seized in the above suit.
Terms—Cash on the spot.

my25 30 je2 JAMES MOORE, Constable.

John Myers vs. Peter Rausch—First Justice Court for the parish of Orleans, Nos. 204 and 205.

BY VIRTUE OF TWO WRITS OF FIERI FACIAS to me directed by the honorable the First Justice of the Peace in and for the parish of Orleans, I shall proceed to sell at public auction, at No. 139 Julia street, on FRIDAY, June 2, 1871, at twelve o'clock M.—

ALL THE RIGHTS, TITLE AND INTEREST of plaintiff in and to the above entitled suits, being two claims for the sum of $100 each.

This present sale will be on a twelve months' credit, the property having, on the first sale, not brought a sufficient amount upon the appraisement to authorize an adjudication.

Terms—Costs of suit cash; the remainder upon a twelve months' bond, with solvent surety.

DANIEL CROWLEY,
my23 27 je2 Constable.

Poppe & Elliot vs. J. J. Daly—First Justice Court for the parish of Orleans, No. 667.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS TO me directed by the Hon. H. M. Dibble, First Justice of the Peace in and for the parish of Orleans, I will proceed to sell at public auction at the corner of First and Derbigny streets, on SATURDAY, May 27, 1871, at twelve o'clock M., the following described property, to wit—

TWO ONE-STORY FRAME BUILDINGS, one situated at the corner of First and Derbigny streets, and the other situated at the corner of First and Claiborne streets. Said buildings to be removed fifteen days after date of sale.

Seized in the above entitled suit.
Terms—Cash on the spot in United States treasury notes.

my18 23 27 DANIEL CROWLEY, Constable.

Mrs. Mary Glenn vs. Mr. Salmon—First Justice Court for the parish of Orleans, No. 1096.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS TO me directed by the Hon. H. M. Dibble, First Justice of the Peace in and for the parish of Orleans, I will proceed to sell at public auction, on FRIDAY, June 2, 1871, at my warehouse, No. 139 Julia street, at twelve o'clock M—

ONE LOT OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Seized in the above entitled suit, as per inventory on file in my office.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

my23 27 je2 DANIEL CROWLEY, Constable.

Sarah Horton vs. Hattie Bond—Second Justice Court for the parish of Orleans, No. 12,046.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS to me directed by the Hon. W. L. Evans, Second Justice of the Peace in and for the parish of Orleans, I will proceed to sell, at public auction, on FRIDAY, June 2, 1871, at No. 246 Girod street—

One lot HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS, as per inventory on file in my office.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

my23 28 je2 A. J. DAVERN, Constable.

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

SALE OF MARKET REVENUES.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE,
New Orleans, May 26, 1871.

WILL BE SOLD FOR CASH AT PUBLIC AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY, the thirty-first instant, at twelve o'clock M., in the Mayor's Parlor, City Hall, the revenues of the public markets for the month of June.

The lessees will be required to conform to all the city ordinances relating to markets, and will have the privilege of collecting the revenue according to ordinance No. 787.

Accepted bidders will be required to make a deposit of fifty dollars in cash for each market at the time of sale, which shall be forfeited to the city in case of failure to complete the contract.

The city reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

my26 5t F. C. REMICK, Administrator.

TO TAXPAYERS OF THE THIRD DISTRICT.

STATE TAXES OF 1870 AND LICENSES OF 1871 must be paid before the first of next month (June).

All persons failing to comply with the above will be dealt with the utmost rigor according to law.

J. R. CLAY,
State Tax Collector, Third District,
my10 30t No. 9 Esplanade street.

TO TAXPAYERS OF THE FOURTH DISTRICT.

THE TAXPAYERS OF THE FOURTH DISTRICT are hereby notified that the time for the payment of taxes for 1870 and licenses for 1871 is extended to the tenth of June, 1871. Those failing to comply with the above notice will be dealt with according to law. New Orleans, May 25, 1871.

V. GERODIAS,
State Tax Collector Fourth District; office No. 689 Tchoupitoulas street, near Adele street.
my25 15t

PETITION.

NEW ORLEANS, April 8, 1871.

TO THE HONORABLE COUNCIL OF THE CITY of New Orleans: We, the undersigned property owners residing on Howard street, between Delord and Jackson streets, respectfully request that your honorable body will cause to be adjudicated a contract for the laying of a brick sidewalk and wooden curbing on both sides of Howard street, between the two above named streets:

Names.	Feet.
R. W. Graham	32
Adam Schlosser	32
Louis Pellrach	64
John Boensel	254
F. Dirrhammer	64
Mrs. Voges	32
J. W. Albro	32
Joseph G. Glaudin	32
James McNally	32
Mrs. Susan Cox	32
W. W. Carre & Co.	192
John F. Popp	312
Mrs. M. Bardalles	62
William Barclay	32
Michael F. Lillride (more or less)	29
Stephen Wignmann	32
W. Spiekerkoette	64
Daniel Mahony	30
Charles Hemard	77
Philip Fisher	58
William Ebert	15
Eva Raible	32
Martin Cash	32
J. A. Fitzpatrick	32
Michael Hanrohan	32
S. Durey	32
Matthew Ward	32
Mrs. Rosa Vicellio	64
John J. Reilly, M. D.	80
Sylvester Dooley	32
Mrs. Gray	32
J. H. Keller	359
Total	2214

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CANCELLATION OF BOND.

STATE OF LOUISIANA,
Executive Department,
New Orleans, April 27, 1871.

WHEREAS, APPLICATION HAS BEEN MADE to me for the cancellation of the official bond of W. H. Pemberton, as Flour Inspector in and for the city of New Orleans, to wit: A bond dated July 15, 1869, in the sum of five thousand dollars, signed by W. H. Pemberton as principal, and —— Lindolph and J. M. Burchard as sureties; the said bond being conditioned for the faithful performance by the said W. H. Pemberton of his duties as Flour Inspector aforesaid.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the said bond to file their objections to the cancellation thereof, in writing, in the office of the Secretary of State, within ninety days after the last publication hereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State, this twenty-seventh day of April, A. D. 1871, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-fifth.

By the Governor:
JOSEPH WITTGENSTEIN, H. C. WARMOTH.
ap26 30t Assistant Secretary of State.

CANCELLATION OF BOND.

STATE OF LOUISIANA,
Executive Department,
New Orleans, May 1, 1871.

WHEREAS, APPLICATION HAS BEEN MADE to me for the cancellation of the official bond of Thomas H. Jenks, Jr., as Assessor and Tax Collector in and for the parish of East Feliciana, to wit: A bond dated April 8, 1870, in the sum of ten thousand dollars, signed by Thomas H. Jenks, Jr., as principal, and J. N. Shanhan and O. E. Roper as sureties; the said bond being conditioned for the faithful performance by the said Thomas H. Jenks, Jr., of his duties as Tax Collector aforesaid.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the said bond, to file their objections to the cancellation thereof, in writing, in the office of the Secretary of State, within ninety days after the last publication hereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State, this first day of May, A. D. 1871, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-fifth.

By the Governor,
GEORGE E. BOVEE, H. C. WARMOTH.
Secretary of State. my2 30t

NOTICE TO CITY TAXPAYERS.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
New Orleans, April 18, 1871.

TAXPAYERS OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS who have not yet paid their taxes for the year of 1870 are again reminded that the time is rapidly passing in which they can settle their tax bills without additional cost.

JOHN S. WALTON,
my18 Administrator of Finance.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

SEALED PROPOSALS ADDRESSED TO THE Board of Administrators, are required for the erection of two wings to the State Insane Asylum at Jackson, Louisiana, the same indorsed "Proposals for New Wings, etc.," will be received on or before the fifth day of June, at the Treasurer's office, No. 28 Natchez street.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of Henry Howard, architect, No. 13 Commercial place.

The Administrators reserve to themselves the right of rejecting the whole or any of the proposals.

my4 1m

TO THE TAXPAYERS OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

STATE OF LOUISIANA,
Auditor's Office,
New Orleans, May 13, 1871.

THE FOLLOWING LAW IS PUBLISHED FOR the information of the taxpayers of the city of New Orleans. The taxes of the city to which the said law refers are collected at this office.

JAMES GRAHAM, Auditor.

[No. 84.

AN ACT to release the damages for the non-payment of taxes due previous to the year 1869, and to authorize warrants to be received in payment thereof.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in general assembly convened, That all the damages awarded by any law for the non-payment of any taxes and licenses due to the State previous to the year eighteen hundred and sixty-nine be, and are hereby remitted and released; provided, said taxes and licenses shall be fully paid by the thirty-first day of December, 1871; otherwise the damages to stand unremitted, and to remain in full force.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That all the taxes and licenses referred to in the first section of this act, including taxes assessed for any of the special funds, shall, when collected, be credited to the general fund, and may be paid in warrants of the Auditor of Public Accounts on the State Treasurer.

SEC. 3. Be it further enacted, etc., That the collectors of State taxes shall publish this act in the official journal in each parish thirty days before they commence collecting.

SEC. 4. Be it further enacted, etc., That this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

(Signed) GEORGE W. CARTER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) OSCAR J. DUNN,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved April 3, 1871.
(Signed) H. C. WARMOTH,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:
GEO. E. BOVEE, Secretary of State.
my14 1mo

NOTICE.

IN CONFORMITY WITH AN ORDER OF THE HONorable the Fourth District Court for the parish of Orleans, dated March 16, 1871, the undersigned, being appointed commissioners by said court, on application of the city of New Orleans, and in conformity with a resolution of the City Council, for the purpose of making an estimate and assessment for the straightening of Magnolia street, pursuant to a plan drawn by L. H. Pilie, surveyor, a copy of which is filed in the aforesaid court; do hereby propose to straighten said street as follows:

Magnolia street, a distance of one hundred and nineteen feet eleven inches and two lines. The said street to be straightened as per plan herewith filed for special reference.

Notice is given to all persons herein interested that the undersigned Commissioners have deposited copies of the said estimate and assessment concerning the straightening of said street, with a plan thereto annexed, with the Clerk of the said Fourth District Court, for the inspection of whomsoever it may concern, and that the report of said estimate and assessment by the undersigned Commissioners will be presented to said court for confirmation according to law, on MONDAY, June 26, 1871.

All persons whose rights or interests may be affected hereby may state specially their objections in writing within ten days after the last publication of this notice; such objections to be filed with the Clerk of the said Fourth District Court, in order that the said Commissioners may reconsider and alter or amend their said estimate and assessment, if they deem proper, before presenting the same for confirmation, according to law.

J. B. WALTON,
THOMAS THEARD,
MARION A. BAKER,
Commissioners.
C. W. CULBERTSON, Secretary. my24 29 je6 10 13

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

PROPOSALS FOR FUEL.

UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS,
Quartermaster's Office,
Washington, May 18, 1871.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office until two o'clock P. M. of THURSDAY, the twenty-second day of June next, for supplying wood and coal to the United States marines at one or more of the following places during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1872—the wood to be merchantable oak, and to be delivered, piled, measured and inspected at such points within the limits of the Marine Barracks as may be designated by the commanding marine officer, free of expense to the United States.

The coal to be good, white ash anthracite egg coal, free from dust, and to weigh 2240 pounds to the ton, to be inspected and delivered at such points within the limits of the Marine Barracks as may be designated by the commanding marine officer, free of expense to the United States; and both wood and coal to be furnished upon the monthly or quarterly requisition of the commanding officer, showing the quantities required in accordance with regulations, viz: At

WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.
200 tons of coal, 450 cords of wood.
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
120 tons of coal, 75 cords of wood.
CHARLESTOWN, MASS.
140 tons of coal, 100 cords of wood.
BROOKLYN, N. Y.
250 tons of coal, 120 cords of wood.
PHILADELPHIA