New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

THE COURTS.

Eighth District Court—Jury Term—The Chattanooga Railroad Bond Controversy.

The jury term in this court commenced yesterday. A panel of some three hundred jurors had been drawn, but only about one-fourth of them answered to their names. The case of G. Esnard et al vs. the city of New Orleans was fixed for trial by the jury.

The rule nisi asking for an injunction in the case of C. H. Slocomb and J. L. Webster vs. James Graham, said injunction to restrain said Graham from indorsing the bonds of the New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad Company, came on at one o'clock yesterday.

S. Belden, Attorney General, filed an intervention on the part of the State of Louisiana in which he adopts the answer filed by James Graham, Auditor.

The case was then submitted to the court, counsel being allowed till to-day at three o'clock P. M. to furnish briefs. The main point in the case is this: Whether the grant of the Legislature to the New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad Company is a donation or not.

Fourth District Court.

The second week of the jury term in Judge Theard's court commenced yesterday morning. The following cases had been fixed for trial: J. Frederick Majonier vs. F. Stringer; Edward B. Briggs vs. F. M. Fisk; John Grant vs. George C. Sebastian; Hardie vs. Stevenson.

Second District Court—Decision by Judge Duvigneaud.

Succession of Rachel Cameron.—In this suit, which involves some interesting points, Judge Duvigneaud has rendered a decision, reviewing the case as follows:

F. M. Fisk has filed an opposition to the account presented by his tutor and father, F. M. Fisk, of the administration of his tutorship.

The opponent had previously brought suit against his tutor for alimony; the same has been cumulated with the opposition.

The plaintiff and opponent opposes most of the items of said account, and prays that the same be amended as to credit him with the sum of $29,958 50, being half of the amount of property composing the community existing at time of the death of petitioner's mother, as is shown by the inventory taken May 6, 1853, by Abat, then a notary in this city.

Opponent further alleges that his father, having contracted a second marriage since the death of his mother, is not and never was entitled to the usufruct of the share in the community left by opponent's mother.

Opponent also prays to be put in possession of his mother's share in said community.

Defendant, in answer to the allegations of the opponent, wherein he claims to be put in possession of the community share, says that his late wife died in 1850, and not having disposed by last will of her share in said community, he is entitled to the usufruct thereof during his natural life, and he denies having contracted a second marriage.

Defendant has also filed a plea of prescription, on the ground that plaintiff and opponent was emancipated by marriage in August, 1865, and that a minor so emancipated has the right to demand from his tutor an account of his administration, and that prescription begins to run from that date.

The main question to be decided in this controversy is to ascertain whether the father and tutor of opponent has or has not contracted a second marriage since the death of Rachel Cameron, his wife and opponent's mother

On the solution of this question depends the whole case, for if the defendant has really contracted a second marriage he has thereby lost the usufruct given to him by law of the share of his wife in the community. If, on the contrary, he has not contracted a second marriage, he is entitled to retain the usufruct during his natural life, and his child has no right to call him to an account of his tutorship, by the reason that he administers no property of his ward but his own.

It is not amiss to state here at once that the share of Rachel Cameron, opponent's mother, in the community property, has been settled, and ascertained to be of $8000; that on the fourteenth of June, 1853, by judgment of this court, all the property composing the community has been adjudicated the defendant, the surviving husband, at their appraised value; that subsequently, on the twenty-fifth of June, 1856, by the consent and advice of a family meeting, and in order to erase and cancel the general mortgage resulting from said adjudication, the defendant herein has consented and given a special mortgage, by act passed before A. Abat, then a notary public in this city, on a certain piece of property fully described in said act, and appraised to a sum of $10,000; the said mortgage was intended to secure the rights of his minor child for the amount due him, say $8000, and interest.

After a careful and minute examination of the conflicting testimony adduced in this case, I have arrived at the irresistible conclusion that the defendant, F. M. Fisk, has not contracted a second marriage with Ann Conway, as alleged.

This case represents some very melancholy features, as much on the part of the son as on the part of the father. It is useless for the court to revive them, for the public morals have nothing to gain in such disclosures.

The plaintiff having failed to prove satisfactorily that his father has contracted a second marriage, his suit for an account must be dismissed.

As regards the action for alimony connected with this action, the court is not prepared to pass a judgment on such a demand. The allegations of the petition are supported by the testimony of the petitioner alone, and denied by the defendant. The testimony of the doctor, under whose care the petitioner is now placed, in my opinion, is the best evidence which this case is susceptible of, and that testimony has not been offered. However, I will leave that question open for a future trial.

As regards the oppositions to the account it is useless to examine and pass upon them, nor the account itself. The testimony having satisfied me that no second marriage has taken place, the surviving spouse, the defendant in this case, is entitled to the usufruct of the share of the community's property belonging to his deceased wife, and inherited by her child during his natural life. The account and all the other pleadings must be set aside and rejected.

It is therefore ordered, adjudged, and decreed that the opposition filed to the homologation of this account be rejected, and that the account itself be also set aside and rejected, it being null and void; and it is further ordered that the petition for alimony cumulated with this action be placed on the docket of the court for future action, the court reserving the rights of the plaintiff in the prosecution of the same, plaintiff paying the costs of this suit.

Says the Vicksburg *Times:*

The ex-confederate officer referred to by General Eaton in his address on decoration day as being a teacher in a colored school is Major Cook, a prominent and trusted member of the staff of General R. E. Lee. He is principal of the Colored High School at Petersburg, Virginia, and brings to the work all the enthusiastic zeal that characterized his action through the war. There is no fitter field for the exercise of the noblest qualities of manhood than that he has so worthily chosen, and the peaceful laurels gathered there will glow with perennial verdure when the brightest chaplet ever won by soldier's sword shall have faded forever. In the light of his noble example how mean and contemptible appears the would-be aristocracy that turns up its nose in contempt at a "nigger teacher," and prefers a worthless barroom bummer to a brave laborer in the cause of human progress.

A Kansas billiard table is thus described: "First, in the middle of the floor, was a large goods box, on which was laid about a wagon load of sandstone, covered with about eight yards of blue jeans. For pockets they had old boots, about No. 10; for cues they used old broken hoe handles; boiled eggs for balls, and to count this lovely game they used dried apples on a clothes line."

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Passed at the Third Session of the Forty-First Congress.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 45.]

AN ACT making appropriations for the legislative, executive and judicial expenses of the government for the year ending June thirty, eighteen hundred and seventy-two.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the service of the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, for the objects hereinafter expressed, namely:

LEGISLATIVE.

SENATE.

For compensation and mileage of Senators, four hundred thousand dollars.

For compensation of the officers, clerks, messengers and others receiving an annual salary in the service of the Senate, viz: Secretary of the Senate, four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars; officer charged with disbursements of the Senate, five hundred and seventy-six dollars; chief clerk, three thousand dollars, and the additional sum of one thousand dollars while the said office is held by the present incumbent, and no longer; principal clerk, principal executive clerk, minute and journal clerk, and financial clerk, in the office of the Secretary of the Senate, at two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars each; six clerks in office of the Secretary of the Senate, at two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars each; keeper of the stationery, two thousand one hundred and two dollars and forty cents; two messengers, at one thousand two hundred and ninety-six dollars each; one page, at seven hundred and twenty dollars; Sergeant-at-Arms and Doorkeeper, four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars; Provided, That hereafter he shall receive, directly or indirectly, no fees or other compensation or emolument whatever for performing the duties of the office, or in connection therewith: assistant doorkeeper, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars; Postmaster to the Senate, two thousand one hundred dollars; assistant postmaster and mail-carrier, one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight dollars; two mail-carriers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each: superintendent of the document room, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; two assistants in document room, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; superintendent of the folding-room, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; three messengers, acting as assistant doorkeepers, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; twenty messengers, to be appointed and removed by the Sergeant-at-arms, with the approval of the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; secretary to the President of the Senate, two thousand one hundred and two dollars and forty cents; clerk to the Committee on Finance, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; clerk to the Committee on Claims, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; clerk of printing records, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; clerk to Committee on Appropriations, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; superintendent in charge of the furnaces, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; assistant in charge of furnaces, eight hundred and sixty-four dollars; one laborer in charge of private passage, eight hundred and sixty-four dollars; one laborer in stationery-room, eight hundred and sixty-four dollars; one special policeman, one thousand dollars; chaplain to the Senate, nine hundred dollars; chief engineer two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; three assistant engineers, at fourteen hundred and forty dollars each; two firemen, at one thousand and ninety-five dollars each; three laborers, at seven hundred and thirty dollars each; making, in all, one hundred and twenty thousand two hundred and seventy-three dollars and twenty cents.

For temporary clerks, ten thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of the Senate, viz:

For stationery and newspapers for seventy-four Senators, at the rate of one hundred and twenty-five dollars each per annum, nine thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For stationery for committees and officers, eight thousand dollars.

For clerks to committees, fourteen pages for the Senate chamber, two riding pages, one page for the Vice President's room, and one page for the office of the Secretary of the Senate, making eighteen pages in all, at the rate of three dollars per day while actually employed, and horses and carryalls, fifty thousand dollars; said pages to be appointed and removed by the Sergeant-at-arms, with the approval of the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate.

For fuel for the heating apparatus, eight thousand dollars.

For furniture and repairs of furniture, ten thousand dollars.

For labor, thirteen thousand dollars.

For folding documents, and materials therefor, twelve thousand dollars.

For packing boxes, seven hundred and forty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, exclusive of labor, thirty thousand dollars.

For the usual additional compensation to the reporters of the Senate for the Congressional Globe, for reporting the proceedings of the Senate for the session of the Forty-second Congress, beginning on the first Monday in December, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, eight hundred dollars each, four thousand dollars.

CAPITOL POLICE.

For one captain, one thousand eight hundred dollars, two lieutenants, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; twenty-five privates, at one thousand two hundred dollars each, thirty thousand dollars; and eight watchmen, at one thousand dollars each, eight thousand dollars; making, in all, forty-two thousand eight hundred dollars, one half to be paid into the contingent fund of the House of Representatives, and the other half to be paid into the contingent fund of the Senate.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

For compensation and mileage of members of the House of Representatives and Delegates from Territories, one million five hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars.

For compensation of the officers, clerks, messengers, and others receiving an annual salary in the service of the House of Representatives, viz: Clerk of the House of Representatives, four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars; chief clerk and journal clerk, three thousand dollars each; five assistant clerks, at two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars each; one assistant clerk, at two thousand five hundred and twenty dollars; eight assistant clerks, including librarian and assistant librarian, at two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars each; one chief messenger and clerk to Speaker, at five dollars and seventy-six cents per day each; for three messengers, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; one messenger in the House library, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; one engineer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; three assistant engineers, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; six firemen, at one thousand and ninety-five dollars each per annum; for clerk to Committee of Ways and Means, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars; clerk to Committee on Appropriations, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars; clerk to Committee of Claims, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; clerk to Committee on the Public Lands, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; Sergeant-at-arms, four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars; provided, that hereafter he shall receive, directly or indirectly, no fees, other compensation, or emolument whatever for performing the duties of his office, or in connection therewith; clerk to the Sergeant-at-arms, two thousand five hundred dollars; messenger to Sergeant-at-arms, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; Doorkeeper, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars; first assistant doorkeeper, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars; Postmaster, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars; first assistant postmaster, two thousand and eighty-eight dollars, four messengers, at one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight dollars each; five mail carriers, at one thousand and eighty dollars each; chaplain of the House, nine hundred dollars; two stenographers, four thousand three hundred and eighty dollars each; superintendent of folding room, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; superintendent and assistant of the document room, at five dollars and seventy-six cents per day each; document file clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; eleven messengers, five at one thousand eight hundred dollars, and six at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; twelve messengers during the session at the rate of one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each per annum; making, in all, the sum of one hundred and fifty-two thousand two hundred and twenty seven dollars and sixty cents.

For contingent expenses of the House of Representatives, viz:

For cartage, three thousand eight hundred dollars.

For clerks to committees, and temporary clerks of the House of Representatives, forty-one thousand three hundred and four dollars.

For folding documents, including pay of folders and materials, eighty thousand dollars.

For fuel, seven thousand dollars.

For horses and carriages for transportation of mails, and saddlehorses for the use of messengers, ten thousand dollars.

For furniture and repairs of the same, eighteen thousand dollars.

For packing-boxes, two thousand six hundred dollars.

For laborers, eighteen thousand two hundred and forty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, fifty-five thousand dollars.

For newspapers and stationery for Members and Delegates, at one hundred and twenty-five dollars each per annum, thirty-one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; and for stationery for committees and officers of the House, five thousand dollars.

For twenty-three pages (including three riding pages), seventeen thousand six hundred and thirty-nine dollars and thirty-four cents.

For the usual additional compensation to the reporters of the House for the Congressional Globe, for reporting the proceedings of the House for the session of the Forty-second Congress beginning on the first Monday in December, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, eight hundred dollars each, four thousand eight hundred dollars.

PUBLIC PRINTING.

For compensation of the Congressional Printer, and the clerks and messengers in his office, twelve thousand five hundred and fourteen dollars.

For contingent expenses of his office, viz: For stationery, postage, advertising, furniture, traveling expenses, horses and wagons, and miscellaneous items, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For the public printing, six hundred and fifty-five thousand nine hundred and ninety-six dollars and fifty cents; provided, that so much of section ten of the act approved June twenty-five, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, entitled "an act to expedite and regulate the printing of public documents, and for other purposes," as provides that the "Superintendent of Public Printing," under certain conditions therein stated, may furnish extra copies of any document to persons applying therefor, be and the same is hereby, so amended that ten per centum shall be added to the cost paid for said documents.

For paper for the public printing, seven hundred and twenty-five thousand nine hundred and fifteen dollars.

For the public binding, five hundred and twenty-eight thousand three hundred and nineteen dollars and sixty cents.

For lithographing, engraving, mapping copies of maps, plans and diagrams in fac simile on tracing linen, ninety-one thousand dollars.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS.

For compensation of the Librarian, four thousand dollars.

For three assistant librarians, at two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars each, six thousand four hundred and eighty dollars.

For three assistant librarians, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each, four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.

For two assistant librarians, one at one thousand two hundred dollars, and one at nine hundred and sixty dollars, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

For one messenger, one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight dollars.

For three laborers at eight hundred and sixty-four dollars each, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars.

For purchase of books for said library, eight thousand dollars.

For purchase of law-books for said library, two thousand dollars.

For purchase of files of periodicals and newspapers, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For expenses of exchanging public documents for the publications of foreign governments, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For shelving a room underneath the library for copyright books, and an iron stairway to communicate therewith, five hundred dollars.

For constructing cases of shelves for the alcoves in library, five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said library, two thousand dollars.

For botanic garden, grading, draining, procuring manure, tools, fuel and repairs, and purchasing trees and shrubs, under the direction of the Library Committee of Congress, five thousand dollars.

For pay of superintendent and assistants in botanic garden and greenhouses, under the direction of the Library Committee of Congress, eleven thousand two hundred and ninety-six dollars.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.

For clerk in the office of Public Buildings and Grounds, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For messenger in the same office, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For compensation to the public gardener, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars.

For compensation to the laborer in charge of the water closets in the Capitol, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For compensation of a foreman and twenty-one laborers employed in the public grounds, nineteen thousand two hundred and ninety-six dollars.

For compensation of four laborers in the Capitol, two thousand eight hundred and eighty dollars.

For compensation of furnace-keeper, in charge of heating apparatus under the old hall of the House of Representatives, eight hundred and sixty-four dollars.

For compensation of furnace-keeper at the President's house, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For two policemen at the President's house, two thousand six hundred and forty dollars.

For compensation of two night watchmen at the President's house, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

For compensation of the doorkeeper at the President's house, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For assistant doorkeeper, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For compensation of two draw-keepers at the bridge across the Eastern Branch of the Potomac, and for fuel, oil, and lamps, one thousand six hundred dollars.

For watchman in Franklin Square, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For compensation of the person in charge of the heating apparatus of the Library of Congress, and other steam heating apparatus in the central building, eight hundred and sixty-four dollars.

For electrician for the Capitol, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation of five watchmen in reservation number two, three thousand six hundred dollars.

COURT OF CLAIMS.

For salaries of five judges of the Court of Claims, the chief clerk and assistant clerk, bailiff and messenger thereof, twenty-seven thousand three hundred and forty dollars.

For compensation of attorneys to attend to taking testimony, witnesses, and commissioners, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For stationery, books, fuel, labor and other contingent and miscellaneous expenses, three thousand dollars.

For reporting the decisions of the court, clerical hire, labor in preparing and superintending the printing of the sixth volume of the reports of the Court of Claims, to be paid on the order of the court, one thousand dollars.

To pay judgments of the Court of Claims, five hundred thousand dollars.

EXECUTIVE.

For compensation of the President of the United States, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For compensation of the Vice-President of the United States, eight thousand dollars.

For compensation of Secretary to sign patents for public lands, fifteen hundred dollars.

For compensation to the private secretary, assistant secretary, (who shall be a shorthand writer,) two executive clerks, at two thousand three hundred dollars each; steward and messenger of the President of the United States; thirteen thousand eight hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of the executive office, including stationery therefor, four thousand dollars.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

For compensation of the Secretary of State, eight thousand dollars; two Assistant Secretaries of State, at three thousand five hundred dollars each; for chief clerk, at two thousand two hundred dollars; ten clerks of class four, additional to one clerk of class four as disbursing clerk, nine clerks of class three, three clerks of class two, eight clerks of class one, one messenger, one assistant messenger, nine laborers, and four watchmen; in all, seventy-four thousand five hundred and twenty dollars.

For publishing the laws in pamphlet form, and in newspapers of the States and Territories, and in the city of Washington, fifty thousand dollars: Provided, That hereafter no laws or treaties shall be published in newspapers except those which are of a general nature, which laws shall be selected by the Secretary of State; and the same shall, in all cases, be published without delay.

For proof-reading, and packing the laws and documents for the various legations and consulates, including boxes and transportation of the same, three thousand dollars.

For stationery, furniture, fixtures, and repairs, five thousand dollars.

For books and maps, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For extra clerk hire and copying, four thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses, viz: rent, fuel, lights, repairs, and miscellaneous expenses, thirty-two thousand five hundred dollars.

UNITED STATES AND MEXICAN CLAIMS COMMISSION.

For compensation of the commissioner on the part of the United States, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of umpire, three thousand dollars.

For agent, four thousand dollars.

For secretary, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For legal assistant to agent, three thousand dollars.

For two clerks, at one thousand four hundred dollars each.

For two translators, at one thousand five hundred dollars each.

For one messenger, six hundred dollars.

For one assistant messenger, three hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses, five thousand dollars.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

For compensation of the Secretary of the Treasury, eight thousand dollars; two Assistant Secretaries of the Treasury, at three thousand five hundred dollars each; chief clerk, at two thousand two hundred dollars, and three hundred dollars additional for acting as superintendent of the building; forty nine clerks of class four, additional compensation of two hundred dollars to one clerk of class four as disbursing clerk, thirty clerks of class three, twenty-six clerks of class two, twenty-seven clerks of class one; thirty-two female clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; eleven messengers, one assistant messenger, and ten laborers; one clerk of class four and one clerk of class one, to assist the chief in superintending the building; one captain of the watch, one thousand four hundred dollars; one engineer, one thousand four hundred dollars; one machinist and gasfitter, one thousand two hundred dollars; one storekeeper, one thousand four hundred dollars; sixty watchmen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each, and to two of said watchmen, acting as lieutenants of watchmen, two hundred and eighty dollars in addition; thirty laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; five firemen, at six hundred dollars each; ninety charwomen, at one hundred and eighty dollars each; in all, three hundred and sixty-one thousand nine hundred dollars.

In the construction branch of the Treasury: For Supervising Architect, three thousand dollars; assistant supervising architect, two thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; photographer, two thousand five hundred dollars; two assistant photographers, one at one thousand six hundred dollars, and one at one thousand two hundred dollars; two clerks of class four, four clerks of class three, three clerks of class one, and one messenger; in all, twenty-seven thousand two hundred and forty dollars.

For First Controller of the Treasury, five thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; ten clerks of class four, twelve clerks of class three, twelve clerks of class two, six clerks of class one; six copyists, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger, one assistant messenger, and three laborers; in all, seventy-seven thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.

For Second Controller of the Treasury, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; twelve clerks of class four, twenty clerks of class three, twenty-eight clerks of class two, twenty-one clerks of class one; twelve copyists, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger, eight hundred and forty dollars; one assistant messenger, at seven hundred and twenty dollars; and two laborers; in all, one hundred and thirty six thousand eight hundred dollars.

For Commissioner of Customs, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; two clerks of class four, six clerks of class three, eight clerks of class two, five clerks of class one; one messenger, and one laborer; in all, thirty-six thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars.

For First Auditor of the Treasury, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; three clerks of class four, ten ten clerks of class three, ten clerks of class two, thirteen clerks of class one, one messenger, one assistant messenger, and one laborer; in all, fifty-eight thousand two hundred and eighty dollars.

For Second Auditor, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; six clerks of class four, fifty-four clerks of class three, one hundred and nine clerks of class two, one hundred clerks of class one, one messenger, five assistant messengers, and seven laborers; and for additional to disbursing clerk, two hundred dollars; in all, three hundred and eighty-four thousand four hundred and eighty dollars.

For Third Auditor, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; fourteen clerks of class four, additional to one clerk of class four as disbursing clerk, two hundred dollars; thirty-two clerks of class three, ninety-two clerks of class two, eighty-six clerks of class one; ten copyists, at nine hundred dollars each; two messengers, three assistant messengers, and seven laborers; in all, three hundred and thirty-one thousand and eighty dollars.

For the Fourth Auditor, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; five clerks of class four, eighteen clerks of class three, twelve clerks of class two, eleven clerks of class one, one messenger, one assistant messenger, three laborers, and eight female clerks at nine hundred dollars each; in all, eighty-three thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For the Fifth Auditor, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; four clerks of class four, eight clerks of class three, eight clerks of class two, twelve clerks of class one; seven copyists, six thousand three hundred dollars; one messenger; one assistant messenger, and two laborers, in all, fifty-nine thousand nine hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Auditor of the Treasury for the Postoffice Department, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; nine clerks of class four; additional to one clerk of class four as disbursing clerk, two hundred dollars; forty clerks of class three, sixty-four clerks of class two, thirty-seven clerks of class one, one messenger, one assistant messenger, and eleven laborers; also, four additional clerks of class three, and four additional laborers for the money-order division; in all, two hundred and forty thousand five hundred and sixty dollars.

For compensation of the Treasurer of the United States, six thousand five hundred dollars; assistant treasurer, two thousand eight hundred dollars; cashier, two thousand eight hundred dollars; assistant cashier, two thousand five hundred dollars; five chiefs of division, at two thousand two hundred dollars each; two principal bookkeepers, two thousand two hundred dollars each; two tellers, two thousand two hundred dollars each; one chief clerk, two thousand dollars; two assistant tellers, two thousand dollars each: fifteen clerks of class four, fifteen clerks of class three, eleven clerks of class two, nine clerks of class one; sixty female clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; fifteen messengers; five male laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; and seven female laborers, at two hundred and forty dollars each; in all, one hundred and eighty-nine thousand four hundred and eighty dollars: Provided, That ten thousand dollars are hereby appropriated to be expended in the office of the Treasurer of the United States at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury.

For compensation of the Register of the Treasury, three thousand dollars; assistant register, two thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; five clerks of class four, twelve clerks of class three, twenty-four clerks of class two, ten clerks of class one, one messenger, two assistant messengers at seven hundred and twenty dollars, and two laborers; in all, eighty-four thousand five hundred and twenty dollars: Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury may employ three additional clerks of class four, and eight female clerks at nine hundred dollars each per annum, in lieu of nine of said clerks of class two.

For Controller of the Currency, five thousand dollars; deputy controller, two thousand five hundred dollars; eleven clerks of class four, thirteen clerks of class three, ten clerks of class two, eleven clerks of class one, twenty-four female clerks, four messengers, two laborers and two night watchmen; in all, one hundred and three thousand one hundred and forty dollars.

For Commissioner of Internal Revenue, six thousand dollars; deputy commissioner, three thousand five hundred dollars; two deputy commissioners, at three thousand dollars each; seven heads of divisions, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; thirty-four clerks of class four, forty-eight clerks of class three, fifty-two clerks of class two, thirty-eight clerks of class one, ninety five copyists, five messengers, three assistant messengers, and fifteen laborers; in all, three hundred and ninety-two thousand and sixty dollars.

For dies, paper, and for stamps, two hundred thousand dollars.

For salaries and expenses of collectors, assessors, assistant assessors, supervisors, detectives and storekeepers, together with the expense of carrying into effect the various provisions of the several acts providing internal revenue, excepting items otherwise provided for, five million four hundred thousand dollars.

For detecting and bringing to trial and punishment persons guilty of violating the internal revenue laws, or conniving at the same, in cases where such expenses are not otherwise provided for by law, one hundred thousand dollars.

For chief clerk of the Lighthouse Board, two thousand dollars; one clerk of class four, two clerks of class three, one clerk of class two, one clerk of class one, one female copyist, one messenger, and one laborer; in all, twelve thousand and sixty dollars.

For the officer in charge of the Bureau of Statistics, two thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; twelve clerks of class four, eight clerks of class three, ten clerks of class two, five clerks of class one; five copyists, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger, one laborer; and one char-woman, at four hundred and eighty dollars; in all, sixty-five thousand four hundred and forty dollars.

For temporary clerks for the Treasury Department, forty thousand dollars: Provided, That hereafter no temporary clerk shall receive a greater compensation than at the rate of twelve hundred dollars per annum for the time actually employed.

For stationery for the Treasury Department and the several bureaus, forty-five thousand dollars.

For postage, books, newspapers, arranging and binding canceled marine papers, sealing ships' registers, care of horses for mail and office wagon, repairs of wagons and harness, washing towels, investigation of accounts and records, and the other miscellaneous items required for the current and ordinary business of the Department, not herein otherwise provided for, sixty-five thousand dollars.

For furniture, carpets, desks, tables, chairs, shelving for file rooms, boxes and repairs of furniture, cases, oil-cloth, matting, rugs, chair covers and cushions, repairs and laying of carpets, and other miscellaneous articles of the like character, fifty thousand dollars.

For fuel, light, soap, brooms, brushes, feather dusters, sponge, chamois, spittoons, shades, awnings, wall paper, clothes-hooks, drop-lights, and tubing, blank keys, crash, cotton, water-coolers, tumblers, hatchets, and matches, oils, pitchers and basins, towels, tacks, traps, thermometers, candles, buckets, and other miscellaneous items, fifty thousand dollars.

INDEPENDENT TREASURY.

Office of the assistant treasurer at New York: For assistant treasurer, eight thousand dollars; for deputy assistant treasurer, three thousand six hundred dollars; chiefs of division, tellers, registers, clerks, book-keepers, messengers, keeper of building, watchmen, engineer, detectives, and porter, one hundred and twenty-seven thousand six hundred and eighty-eight dollars; in all, one hundred and thirty-eight thousand six hundred and eighty-eight dollars.

Office of the assistant treasurer at Boston: For assistant treasurer, five thousand dollars; for chief clerk, two thousand seven hundred dollars; for clerks and messengers, twenty-three thousand dollars; for three watchmen, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

Office of assistant treasurer at San Francisco: For assistant treasurer, in addition to his salary as treasurer of the branch mint, one thousand five hundred dollars; for cashier, three thousand dollars; for book-keeper, two thousand five hundred dollars; for assistant cashier, two thousand dollars; for assistant book-keeper, two thousand dollars; for stamp clerk, two thousand four hundred dollars; for one clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; for three night watchmen, four thousand five hundred dollars; for one day watchman, nine hundred and sixty dollars.

Office of assistant treasurer at Philadelphia: For assistant treasurer, in addition to his salary as treasurer of the Mint, one thousand five hundred dollars; for clerks, messengers, and watchmen, thirty-four thousand eight hundred and twenty-three dollars.

Office of assistant treasurer at Saint Louis: For assistant treasurer, five thousand dollars; for clerks, messengers, and watchmen, ten thousand eight hundred dollars.

Office of assistant treasurer at New Orleans: For assistant treasurer, four thousand dollars; for chief clerk and cashier, two thousand five hundred dollars; one clerk, two thousand dollars; two clerks, three thousand dollars; one porter, nine hundred dollars; two watchmen, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; amounting in all to thirteen thousand eight hundred and forty dollars.

Office of assistant treasurer at Charleston, South Carolina: For assistant treasurer, four thousand dollars; one clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; one assistant messenger, seven hundred and twenty dollars; and two watchmen, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars.

Office of assistant treasurer at Baltimore: For assistant treasurer, five thousand dollars; for cashier, twenty-five hundred dollars; for three clerks, five thousand four hundred dollars; for two clerks, two thousand eight hundred dollars; for one clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; for messenger, eight hundred and forty dollars; for five vault watchmen, three thousand six hundred dollars.

Office of depositary at Chicago: For cashier, two thousand five hundred dollars; for one clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; for two clerks, three thousand dollars; one messenger, one assistant messenger, and eleven laborers; also, four additional clerks of class three, and four additional laborers for the money-order division; in all, two hundred and forty thousand five hundred and sixty dollars.

For compensation of the Treasurer of the United States, six thousand five hundred dollars; assistant treasurer, two thousand eight hundred dollars; cashier, two thousand eight hundred dollars; assistant cashier, two thousand five hundred dollars; five chiefs of division, at two thousand two hundred dollars each; two principal bookkeepers, two thousand two hundred dollars each; two tellers, two thousand two hundred dollars each; one chief clerk, two thousand dollars; two assistant tellers, two thousand dollars each: fifteen clerks of class four, fifteen clerks of class three, eleven clerks of class two, nine clerks of class one; sixty female clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; fifteen messengers; five male laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; and seven female laborers, at two hundred and forty dollars each; in all, one hundred and eighty-nine thousand four hundred and eighty dollars: Provided, That ten thousand dollars are hereby appropriated to be expended in the office of the Treasurer of the United States at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury.

For compensation of the Register of the Treasury, three thousand dollars; assistant register, two thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; five clerks of class four, twelve clerks of class three, twenty-four clerks of class two, ten clerks of class one, one messenger, two assistant messengers at seven hundred and twenty dollars, and two laborers; in all, eighty-four thousand five hundred and twenty dollars: Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury may employ three additional clerks of class four, and eight female clerks at nine hundred dollars each per annum, in lieu of nine of said clerks of class two.

For Controller of the Currency, five thousand dollars; deputy controller, two thousand five hundred dollars; eleven clerks of class four, thirteen clerks of class three, ten clerks of class two, eleven clerks of class one, twenty-four female clerks, four messengers, two laborers and two night watchmen; in all, one hundred and three thousand one hundred and forty dollars.

For Commissioner of Internal Revenue, six thousand dollars; deputy commissioner, three thousand five hundred dollars; two deputy commissioners, at three thousand dollars each; seven heads of divisions, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; thirty-four clerks of class four, forty-eight clerks of class three, fifty-two clerks of class two, thirty-eight clerks of class one, ninety five copyists, five messengers, three assistant messengers, and fifteen laborers; in all, three hundred and ninety-two thousand and sixty dollars.

For dies, paper, and for stamps, two hundred thousand dollars.

For salaries and expenses of collectors, assessors, assistant assessors, supervisors, detectives and storekeepers, together with the expense of carrying into effect the various provisions of the several acts providing internal revenue, excepting items otherwise provided for, five million four hundred thousand dollars.

For detecting and bringing to trial and punishment persons guilty of violating the internal revenue laws, or conniving at the same, in cases where such expenses are not otherwise provided for by law, one hundred thousand dollars.

For chief clerk of the Lighthouse Board, two thousand dollars; one clerk of class four, two clerks of class three, one clerk of class two, one clerk of class one, one female copyist, one messenger, and one laborer; in all, twelve thousand and sixty dollars.

For the officer in charge of the Bureau of Statistics, two thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; twelve clerks of class four, eight clerks of class three, ten clerks of class two, five clerks of class one; five copyists, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger, one laborer; and one char-woman, at four hundred and eighty dollars; in all, sixty-five thousand four hundred and forty dollars.

For temporary clerks for the Treasury Department, forty thousand dollars: Provided, That hereafter no temporary clerk shall receive a greater compensation than at the rate of twelve hundred dollars per annum for the time actually employed.

For stationery for the Treasury Department and the several bureaus, forty-five thousand dollars.

For postage, books, newspapers, arranging and binding canceled marine papers, sealing ships' registers, care of horses for mail and office wagon, repairs of wagons and harness, washing towels, investigation of accounts and records, and the other miscellaneous items required for the current and ordinary business of the Department, not herein otherwise provided for, sixty-five thousand dollars.

For furniture, carpets, desks, tables, chairs, shelving for file rooms, boxes and repairs of furniture, cases, oil-cloth, matting, rugs, chair covers and cushions, repairs and laying of carpets, and other miscellaneous articles of the like character, fifty thousand dollars.

For fuel, light, soap, brooms, brushes, feather dusters, sponge, chamois, spittoons, shades, awnings, wall paper, clothes-hooks, drop-lights, and tubing, blank keys, crash, cotton, water-coolers, tumblers, hatchets, and matches, oils, pitchers and basins, towels, tacks, traps, thermometers, candles, buckets, and other miscellaneous items, fifty thousand dollars.

INDEPENDENT TREASURY.

Office of the assistant treasurer at New York: For assistant treasurer, eight thousand dollars; for deputy assistant treasurer, three thousand six hundred dollars; chiefs of division, tellers, registers, clerks, book-keepers, messengers, keeper of building, watchmen, engineer, detectives, and porter, one hundred and twenty-seven thous