[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

street, last week, but it is doubtful if sufficient white testimony can be obtained to convict him.

CHICAGO, June 4.—The Rev. Mr. Cheney has received a letter signed by a large number of Episcopal clergymen and laymen in various parts of the country, assuring him of their undiminished affection and respect. They say: We believe that your determination to teach nothing but that which you shall be persuaded may be concluded and proved by Scripture, while you are faithful in your adherence to the creed and articles of faith established by the Church is consistent with truth to the Church and demanded by your vows of ordination. Accordingly we maintain your right to take such decisive action as that for which you have been punished by an ecclesiastical court, which many others of the clergy of the Protestant Episcopal Church, experiencing a similar difficulty, have habitually exercised.

We feel indeed that it would be a sad day for the Protestant Episcopal Church if it should authoritatively declare that no verbal deviation from its prescriptions on the part of those who are true to its formula of faith is to be tolerated under any stress of conscience or circumstances, or expediency whatever.

Among the clerical signers of the letter are: Stephen H. Tyng, Jr., John Colton Smith, William T. Sabine, of New York; Herman Dyer, secretary of the Evangelical Knowledge Society; Rev. C. Matlack, secretary of the Evangelical Society; Charles A. Quick, editor of the *Episcopalian;* John Stone, professor of the theological seminary of Massachusetts; J. J. McElhany, Sherlock A. Bronson, A. Blakeloreys, A. Tyng, professors of the theological seminary of Ohio.

The total number of clerical signers is sixty-three.

Among the laymen are the Hon. Columbus Delano of Washington, Jay Cooke of Philadelphia, Stewart Brown of New York, and Ex-Governors Alden and Remington of New Jersey.

The Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, Jr., officiated for Mr. Cheney to-day. It is reported that numbers of Mr. Cheney's congregation disapprove of his conducting the church services, and if he continues in it steps will be taken in the civil courts to compel the use of the Protestant Episcopal service by a minister of good standing. It is also hinted that the bishop will take legal action to continue Christ church in the Episcopal diocese, and compel Mr. Cheney to abandon its pulpit.

CHICAGO, June 5.—The Rev. S. H. Tyng, Jr., of New York, who preached yesterday for Mr. Cheney, had previously received a note from Bishop Whitehouse, notifying him of Mr. Cheney's deposition and reminding him of the canon forbidding participation in services with deposed clergymen. Mr. Tyng paid no heed to the letter, but preached both sermons, Mr. Cheney reading the morning and evening service for him, and the two gentlemen uniting and administering the eucharist.

The congregation was the largest ever assembled in Christ church. In the evening even the chancel and vestry were crowded, and hundreds were obliged to go away, unable to obtain even standing room.

In the morning sermon no allusion was made to the existing troubles, but the evening sermon bore more directly upon them, the text being: "Jesus heard they had cast him out, and when he had found him he said unto him: Dost thou believe in the Son of God?"

Mr. Tyng, among other things, said that when the Church interferes with the rights of individual conscience, illuminated by the Word of God, and the liberty of the Christian in his relations to his Lord, then the Church becomes Antichrist, for it assumes the functions of Christ, and substitutes itself in Christ's stead. At such a time of apostacy from Christ and his truths, it is a blessing to be excommunicated, for the castouts of the Church are found to be the followers of Christ.

This passage was received with applause, which Mr. Tyng immediately checked, reminding his auditors that they were in the church of God, and not in a lecture room. Mr. Tyng concluded by exhorting his hearers to hold fast to the old catholic doctrine—in essentials, unity; in non-essentials, liberty; in all things, charity.

River Intelligence.

SOUTHWEST PASS, June 5, 8 P. M.—Barometer 30; wind south and light. Arrived: steamship St. Mary, at 4:10 P. M., Hawthorne, master, from Indianola via Galveston, to C. A. Whitney & Co.; steamship St. Louis, at 7:50 P. M., Whitehead, master, from New York, to A. Moulton. No departures.

VICKSBURG, June 5.—Passed down: Virginia, at 12 M. last night. Down to-day: Katie, at 5 P. M. Up: Natchez, at eight last night. Up to-day: W. S. Pike, at 5 P. M.; Potomac, at 10 A. M. Weather warm and cloudy. River falling fast.

LOUISVILLE, June 5.—The river is slowly falling. It has now two feet ten inches in the chute, and four feet ten inches in the canal. Weather clear and hot. Mercury ranged from 85° to 92°. No business. Arrived: Nightingale, from Cincinnati. Departed: Nightingale, for the Arkansas river; Shannon, for New Orleans. The C. B. Church is loading for New Orleans, and advertised to leave to-morrow.

MEMPHIS, June 5.—Weather cloudy and warm. River falling. Passed up: Sam Hale, Belle of Memphis, Richmond, Columbia and H. S. Turner. Passed down: Dexter, Susie Silver, City of Vicksburg and H. M. Shreve.

PITTSBURG, June 5.—Weather clear. There is three feet five inches in the channel of the Monongahela by the metal marks.

CINCINNATI, June 5.—There is now only eight feet six inches in the channel, the river having fallen six inches in the past twenty-four hours. Arrived: Aberdeen and Emperor, from St. Louis; Leonidas, from New Orleans. Weather warm and clear.

MARKETS.

Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, June 5.—Cotton active and excited; sales 6841 bales; uplands 19⅛c. Flour, Southern unchanged, common to good extra $5 75@7 25, good to choice $7 50@9. Whisky firm, 93c. Wheat 1c better on spring; winter red and amber Western $1 62@1 64. Corn closed dull, 70@72c. Pork heavy and low, $15@15 25. Naval stores steady. Tallow 9@9¼c. Freights firm. Freights per sail, corn 7@7¾d; per steam, grain 9d. Coffee quiet. Sugar firm. Molasses dull and nominal. Beef quiet, 10@14c plain mess; 14@17c for extra mess.

CINCINNATI, June 5.—Cotton excited and higher; middling 18c. Flour firm and demand fair; family $6 25@7. Wheat scarce and firm; No. 1 red fall $1 50. Corn: demand good at full prices; 54@55c. Rye drooping; $1 02@1 03. Oats steady. Pork: demand light and irregular; $15 25 asked; $15 offered. Lard quiet and weak at 9¾@9⅞c; the latter rates generally asked. Bulk meats: advance asked but none established; asking rates—shoulders 5¼c, clear rib sides 7¼c; clear sides 7½c; rough sides 6¾c; ⅛c less was freely offered. Bacon: only a limited jobbing demand and small sales; shoulders 6¾c; clear rib sides 8c; clear sides 8½c, though sparingly offered. Hogs dull and drooping at $3 90@4 20. Cattle quiet and unchanged at $4@6. Whisky opened firm, but closed dull, with sellers at 89c.

ST. LOUIS, June 5.—Flour unchanged; superfine $5 75, extra $6@6 12½, double extra $6 25@6 50. Wheat dull and drooping; very little done; No. 1 soft Iowa spring $1 23; sample lots No. 2 red fall $1 60. Corn slow; mixed on track 48⅞@48½c; in elevator 50c; sacked 57½c. Oats dull; 48½@49c on track, 50c in elevator, 55c for sacked. Barley, nothing done. Rye declined, 72½@75c. Pork unchanged, $15@15 25. Dry salted meats, considerable movement, but all sales on private terms. Bacon weak; order lots, shoulders 6½c; clear rib sides 8¼c; clear sides 8¾c. Hams, sugar cured choice canvased 15½c. Lard dull; choice tierce held at 9¾c. Hogs $3 30@$3 50. Cattle $2 50@5 50 for inferior to choice.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, June 5.—Turpentine 39@40d. Consols 91¾. Bonds 70½.

LIVERPOOL, June 5, Evening.—Cotton firm; uplands 8@8¼d; Orleans 8¼d; sales 20,000 bales, of which 6000 were for speculation and export.

[Yesterday's Evening Dispatches.]

CHICAGO, June 5.—The wheat harvest has begun in Southern Illinois, which is earlier by several days than ever before known. The yield is represented as abundant.

Legal proceedings to compell Mr. Cheney, the rebellious divine, to leave the pulpit, are about to be inaugurated.

LOUISVILLE, June 5.—Horace Greeley passed through to-day en route for New York. He gives glowing accounts of Texas, but is unfavorably impressed with Mississippi, where, he says, there is more waste land and old Southern spirit than in any Southern State he had passed through.

PORT AU-PRINCE, May 23.—The newspapers here publish protests against annexation.

SAN DOMINGO, May 30.—President Baez is making extensive preparations for war, having received army stores from New York. The revolutionists are also preparing for the struggle.

Ramie.

The first bale of ramie ready for the market has been prepared by Mr. Adolphe Bouchard, one of our citizens, who is the inventor of a ramie machine of great value and importance. This ramie is the first of this year's crop, grown on Mr. Lombard's plantation, situated about four miles below this city, and beside this crop just produced, it is said that from the same plants there will be three more cut during the year.

The ramie from which the bale above referred to was produced was cut on the twentieth of last month, and on the next day after the cutting was passed through Mr. Bouchard's machine. The bale weighs one hundred pounds. The appearance of the ramie is somewhat similar to newly hatcheled flax, but the texture of the fibre is rather finer and the color a shade lighter. This bale of ramie is now on exhibition at the news depot of Alonzo Folse, No. 25 St. Charles street, and is well worthy the examination of all who may be interested in the ramie subject.

This ramie machine, which is so successful in separating the fibre from the bark and other substances which hold the fibre together, was patented by Mr. Bouchard on the second of last month, and seems destined to prove a valuable acquisition in promoting the growth and production of the ramie, now a very important article of commerce. This invention of Mr. Bouchard's is well worthy the attention of men of capital and influence.

A Legacy.

One of the reporters of the REPUBLICAN has received information that a real estate legacy has been left him in the State of New York, supposed to be valued at about forty thousand dollars. The reporter referred to, Mr. T. H. Draper, will leave here in a few days to secure the results of this legacy, and it is expected that he will return in about two months with the full fruition of the legacy to a reporter whose attachment to the profession is such that he will resume his duties on the REPUBLICAN staff.

Southern Laziness.

[From the Goodwin (Mississippi) Southern Star.]

The stranger visiting the South is particularly impressed with the vast wealth of the country that can support in idleness so large a portion of its male inhabitants. Two-thirds of our citizens are only nominally employed, and under a pure pretense of employment manage to pass their time in complete indolence. This will apply to white as well as colored. There are numbers of both classes out of work and money, and yet will not work. Offer a negro a dollar to cut up a cord of wood and he has not time, he has something to do for somebody else; yet that something is not done. Offer a job to a white man and the chances are ten to one your answer will be a shot from a pistol or a thrust from a bowie knife. Of the two the negro is the only one ashamed of his laziness, for he excuses himself, but the white man is insulted. Yet neither of them have seen a dollar for a week, perhaps, and both are lying around a dramshop waiting to be asked to drink by some acquaintance who has a few dimes.

The Vicksburg *Times* says:

The Republican party of Mississippi has time and again placed itself fairly and squarely upon the platform of universal amnesty. The last State convention passed resolutions strongly favoring it. The last Legislature almost unanimously urged that policy upon Congress. It passed an election law, removing, as far as possible, every disability, and under it every citizen of the State, without distinction on political grounds, is allowed to vote. Every member of our congressional delegation favors the same policy. The Republican press of the State is unanimous in its support, and yet the Democracy calls the Republican party the party of oppression and hate. With the consciousness of rectitude, we can calm y endure every manner of vituperation and slander. We have learned the practice of that most difficult of all virtues—tolerance even of intolerance.

A special dispatch to the St. Louis *Democrat* relates the sorrows of an ex-Senator:

WASHINGTON, May 31.—Ex-Senator Willard Warner, who was nominated for Governor of New Mexico by the President, and subsequently confirmed by the Senate, does not regard with favor the disposition which has been made of him. He desired to be appoint d collector at Mobile, and has no fancy for being sent away off on the frontier, outside of the arena of national politics. He waited upon the President today to ascertain if his wishes as to the appointment at Mobile could not be complied with, but the former did not give him any satisfaction. Pending a further appointment Warner will hold himself in readiness to proceed to New Mexico, provided his fortunes can not be otherwise bettered.

We copy this from the Homer *Iliad:*

Two of our old and worthy fellow-citizens and townsmen have recently removed to Texas—Colonel John C. Blackman and Dr. W. W. Bennett. It was with regret that we saw them depart, and they have our best and kindest wishes for their future prosperity. They left behind many appreciative friends, who will remember them with much sincere love and respect.

Dr. Bennett was a member of the first House of Representatives under the present constitution of the State, and won the esteem of all parties. In politics he was a Democrat.

An American press association dispatch reads thus:

SAN FRANCISCO, June 2.—A terrible tragedy was enacted here at an early hour yesterday morning in Kent county. It appears that a number of ladies and gentlemen were returning from a party to which they had been the night previous, and while walking along the road an Italian knowu as "Austrian George" suddenly sprung into the road, and seizing a young girl named Lizzie McDaniel, drew a knife and cut her throat from ear to ear. Her death was instantaneous. She was eighteen years of age. The murderer had been her lover for the last four years and was incited to the commission of the deed by jealousy.

The following is a comparative statement of receipts of internal revenue for the first eleven months of the fiscal years ending July, 1870 and 1871:

Collections from July 1, 1869, to May 31, 1870	$158,601,007 61
From July 1, 1870, to May 31, 1871	131,745,696 44
Decrease	$26,855,311 17
Collections for May, 1870	$21,164,996 07
Collections for May, 1871	11,063,946 81
Decrease	$10,101,049 26

In Iowa City a prospective child was pledged to a creditor to cancel a debt, should the offspring be a boy. The baby proves to be a boy, and the creditor demands him on contract. The mother refuses, and the creditor has brought suit for the child.

Monetary--Commercial.

MONETARY.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY REPUBLICAN, MONDAY EVENING, June 5, 1871.

We have no variation to report in the money market proper. The offerings of approved paper are fair, but the supply of loanable funds in bank is ample for the requirements of all A1 borrowers. We still quote as street rates —@8 per cent per annum for A1 notes with unquestionable collaterals; 8@10 for good do; 8@10 for short A1 business paper without collaterals; 12@18 for good and second grade do, and 10@12 for A1 long do. Mortgage notes rule at 9@— for A1, and 10@12 for second class.

Gold opened at 112⅛@112⅜ (against 112 at New York), and closed at the opening rates (against 112⅛.) The sales included $3000 (in small sums) at 112@112⅛, $2000, $3000, $3500 and $4000 at 112⅛, $5000 and $9000 at 112¼, $10,000 at 112¼@112⅜, and $2000 and $4400 at 112⅜. The government offered $100,000 at 112¼, but we did not learn of any of it having sold.

No transactions were reported in silver. We quote 108½@109¼ for American half dollars and 3@3¼ ⅌ cent premium in gold for Mexican dollars.

The market for foreign exchange was poorly supplied, and the movement was extremely light. Rates for sterling bills closed a shade firmer. The sales embraced from £10,000 to £12,000, including £2000 bill of lading at 122¾; £750 bill of lading and £2000 clear at 123¼; £1500 clear sight at 123¾, and a small amount of bank at 124.

We heard of no sales of francs.

Sterling is quoted at 123@123½ for good to A1 bill of lading and clear, and —@124 for bank.

Domestic exchange was quiet, but steady. We have still to report ⅛ ⅌ cent premium as the bank remittance rate for sight drafts on New York. The sales included $10,000 New York commercial sight at ⅛ premium, $9000, $25,000 and $30,000 commercial and $20,000 and $60,000 private bankers' at 3-16, $10,000 private bankers' at 7-32, $30,000 at ¼, and $25,000 sight on Boston, without grace, at ⅛.

A fair business was done in New York gold checks. We noticed sales of $14,000 and $20,000 private bankers' at ¼ ⅌ cent discount, and $2000 and $8000 bank at par. Some of the banks drew small sums for remittance at the latter rate.

The stock market continues very dull; 15 shares Louisiana National Bank were sold at $115 50, 40 Carrollton Railroad at $119 25, and 15 Southern Portable Gaslight Company at $17 50; $88 was bid for Factors and Traders' Insurance Company; Slaughterhouse is quoted at $32 50@33.

In bonds a lot of $2000 city ten per cents sold at 98½c.

On Saturday, not reported, $3000 large State warrants sold at $55. Dealers bought these at 54@55c, and small at 59@60c, and asked for the former 55@57c, and for the latter 62@65c. Metropolitan police are quoted at 97½@98½c.

Nothing reported in city notes.

COMMERCIAL.

MONDAY EVENING, June 5, 1871.

COTTON—The sales to-day summed up 6000 bales, at prices showing an improvement of ⅛@⅜c during the morning, and closing at a net advance of about ½c. We raise our quotations accordingly, and also give the Exchange figures, which are for even running of its types, while ours are for average lists, with the outside rates for strict:

	Average lists.	Exchange figures.
Low ordinary	11½@12¼	—
Ordinary	13¼@14	13½
Good ordinary	15½@16	15½
Low middling	16¾@17⅛	16¾
Middling	17¾@18	17¾
Strict middling	—@18¼	—
Good middling	nominal.	nominal.

The market opened with some few sales at Saturday's advance, but soon assumed a sharp upward movement, stimulated by, but not equal to the advance at New York, and closed as above. At 10:30 A. M. the New York telegram reported an advance of ¼c on Saturday's closing rates; at 12 M. a further improvement of ¼c; at 2 P. M. an additional advance of ¼c, and at 3:10 P. M. ¼c higher, showing an entire improvement since Saturday of 1c, the market there closing strong at the figures of 3:10 P. M. Good ordinary sold here as high as 16¼c, low middling at 16½ and 17c, strict at 17⅛, or a fraction higher, and middling at 17½ and 18c, prices varying as the news came in from New York.

The Exchange reports "Demand active, prices firm." Its quotations are raised ¼c.

COTTON STATEMENT.

Stock on hand September 1, 1870—bales	20,696
Arrived since last statement	2,523
Arrived previously	1,442,526—1,445,049
Total	1,465,745
Cleared to-day	1,314
Cleared previously	1,371,637
Burnt	669—1,373,620
Stock on hand and on shipboard	92,125

To-day's exports were to Bremen. Receipts proper since last Saturday evening 2247 bales, against 4132 on last Sunday and Monday, and 2010 last year, making an aggregate since Friday evening of 3146 bales, against 6633 for the corresponding time last week, and 2763 last year, and since August 31 of 1,364,186 bales, against 1,101,704 last year.

SUGAR—Received to-day 36 hhds. The demand is good and prices are firm. The receipts sold at 9¾c for common; 10c for low fair; and 10⅞c for good fair.

MOLASSES — Received to-day 200 bbls. 100 bbls of which sold on private terms. The market is firm, and fermenting is quoted at 35@40c; plantation reboiled 40@53c; city refinery reboiled 35@60c ⅌ gallon.

FLOUR—The market is in good supply and dull. About 1500 bbls were sold to-day, of which 50 single extra at $6 20; 25, 50 and 80 double extra at $6 50; 200 treble extra at $7; 50 and 50 treble extra at $7 25; 100 choice extra at $7 62½; 100 do at $7 75; 25 choice extra at $8; 50 do at $8 62½; 50 and 100 choice extra at $9; 25 do at $9 25 ⅌ bbl.

CORN—Is in fair supply and good demand. About 8000 sacks were sold to-day, of which 1000 yellow mixed at 75c; 300 white, 500 and 1700 white mixed at 70c; 180 white at 77½c; 800 yellow on private terms; 50 and 2500 white at 78c ⅌ bushel.

OATS—Are in fair supply and demand; 2500 sacks were sold to-day, of which 150 St. Louis at 63c, 350 and 400 do at 64c, 150 St. Louis and 1200 Galena at 65c ⅌ bushel.

BRAG—Is in fair supply and moderate demand; 200, 225 and 300 sacks sold at $1 35 ⅌ 100 lbs.

HAY—Is in moderate supply and demand; 75 bales prime Western sold at $23, 50 choice do at $23 50, 50 and 350 do at $24 ⅌ ton.

PORK—Is without animation. Mess is offering at $16 25@16 50 ⅌ bbl. It is retailing at $16 50@17 ⅌ bbl.

BACON—Is dull. Shoulders are offering at 7⅛@7¼c; clear rib sides 9c; clear sides 9½c; sugar cured hams 13@14c ⅌ lb. Ten tierces sugar cured hams sold at 13½c, and 10 do at 14c ⅌ lb.

LARD—Is dull. Tierces are quoted at 10½@10¾c; kegs 12@12½c ⅌ lb.

DRY SALT MEAT—Shoulders are quoted at 6½c ⅌ lb.

BREAKFAST BACON—Is quoted at 11½@12c ⅌ lb.

CORN MEAL—Continues in light supply and fair demand; 75 bbls kiln-dried sold on the levee at $3 40 ⅌ bbl. From store it is quoted at $3 60@3 65.

RICE—There is only a limited jobbing demand; quotations nominally unchanged, viz: Carolina prime 9¼@9½c; good 9¼c; fair 8¾@9c ⅌ lb; Louisiana prime 8¾c; ordinary 7¼@8c; common 7c ⅌ lb.

BUTTER—All kinds are in fair supply, and demand for choice is steady, while inferior grades are neglected. Choice Goshen 32@35c; choice Western 20@23c ⅌ lb.

COFFEE—Market very dull. Stock 14,525 bags—dealers holding 5500. We quote nominally (gold duty paid) prime 15@15¼c; good 14⅞@14⅝c; fair 13¼@14c ⅌ lb.

WHISKY—The market is very dull. Rectified is quoted at 80c; choice brands 90c ⅌ gallon.

FREIGHTS—The demand for room in all directions is only moderate and rates are unchanged. Cotton to Liverpool ⅝d; to Havre, by sail, ¾c; to Bremen ¾c by sail; to Amsterdam, 7-16@½d by sail; to New York and Philadelphia, by steam, ⅜c.

SALT—Market very dull. Dealers sell Liverpool at $1 10@1 15 for coarse, and $1 25@1 30 for fine. When large lots are taken at wharehouse by boats a deduction is made for drayage.

River Intelligence.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY REPUBLICAN, TUESDAY MORNING, June 6, 1871.

WEATHER, BUSINESS, ETC.—Yesterday was quite a pleasant day, though excessively warm, and very cloudy. Business on the landing was moderately active yesterday, the arrivals proving heavily laden, and the departures, though few, had fair cargoes. Among those that arrived were the James Howard, from St. Louis, with a fine trip, amounting in all to 21,258 packages of miscellaneous freight; Kellogg and barges, with 24,200 packages of Western produce; Robert E. Lee, with a moderate trip; C. H. Durfee, moderately laden; Frank Pargoud, with a light cargo; Bradish Johnson, rather light.

The departures were the Olive Branch, to St. Louis, well laden with freight, and with numerous passengers; the Oceanus, for St. Louis, rather light; the Clarksville, for Arkansas, probably filled out well. She had considerable railroad iron.

The river here is receding slowly. Red river is rising. Arkansas river is becoming very low. Rates are unchanged and firm.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.—The Tom Jasper telegraphs she will arrive here to morrow and leave next Wednesday for St. Louis.

A deck passenger, named Gus Ehrhardt, was drowned off the steamer Thomas Allen at Memphis recently.

The following are Shreveport rates to New Orleans: Down freights—Cotton, $1 50 per bale; cattle, $5 for mixed lots; passage, $20.

The Shreveport *Southwestern*, of June 1, says:

"The river at this point rose four inches during the twenty-four hours ending at six o'clock yesterday evening, and was seven feet four inches below high water of this year. It is still rising at a fair rate. We noticed a good deal of fine drift floating past yesterday which would indicate that the upper river rise was about reaching us.

"We learn from the officers of the steamer C. H. Durfee, which came in from Jefferson yesterday, that the bayou at that point was rising when they left. The lakes this side of there are also rising. They report very little cotton coming into Jefferson on account of high creeks and overflowed swamps.

"We have no later news of a reliable nature from upper Red river. We heard rumors yesterday that Long Prairie was under water, but could not trace the rumor to a satisfactory source."

The bellboat Osage has succeeded in removing the boilers of the burned steamer Julia A. Rudolph.

The fine large side-wheel steamer Glencoe, Captain Thomas Calhoun, master, J. Q. A. Parr, clerk, will leave this evening at five o'clock, punctually, for all landing on the Ohio river to Louisville. A more commodious steamboat would be hard to find. She is perfect in every respect.

The Bannock City, Captain W S. Bassett, master, J. W. Bryant, clerk, leaves tomorrow at 12 M. for all landings on the lower coast. This regular packet runs with most praiseworthy reliability, no matter whether it rains or shines. She is immensely popular, and well deserves to be so.

The commodious and elegant steamer Pauline Carroll leaves to-morrow at 5 P. M., in the New Orleans and St. Louis packet line, for St. Louis and all intermediate points. Captain James Yore commands, and Mr. Miltenberger is chief clerk.

The Olive Branch went across the river yesterday to take on 500 tons of sugar for St. Louis.

The Merchants' Southern Line packet, John Kyle, departs to-morrow at 5 P. M. for St. Louis and way landings. Captain William Thompson has command, and Mr. William Brown is chief clerk. The Kyle is a new and fine steamer.

Marine Intelligence.

OFFICE OF THE REPUBLICAN, Tuesday, June 6, 1871.

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

Steamship Morgan, Lockwood, for Rockport via Indianola and Galveston
Bark Jonathan Chase, Chase, for Bremen
Steamer Olive Branch, McCord, for St Louis

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamship St Mary, Hawthorne, from Indianola via Galveston, to Charles A Whitney &co—1st district 10
Steamship Harlan, Lewis, from Indianola via Galveston, to C A Whitney &co—1st district 9
Steamship Yazoo, Catherine, from Philadelphia, via Havana, to Wm Creevy—2d district
British steamship Gladiator, Williams, from Liverpool 10th ultimo, to Decan, Zerega &co—3d district 34
Schooner Addie M Bird, Merrill, 20 days from Rockland, Me, to Thorndike, Norton &co—1st district 19
Schooner Gertrude Hawes, Smith, from Ruatan Island, to R Tramontana—2d district P T

TOWBOATS.

Perry, Sturtevant, from the Passes—Towed down and to sea, 30th ult, ships Castine and St James Brought up schooner Addie M Bird
J N Kellogg, Townsend, from St Louis, with four barges
John A Wood, Wood, from Pittsburg, with 18 coal boats

STEAMBOATS.

Wade Hampton, Goddin, from Natchez.
Louise, Hopkins, from Mobile.
Colossal, Reily, from Little Rock.
Frolic, Reynaud, from Donaldsonville.

ARRIVED SUNDAY.

Steamship Western Metropolis, Quick, from New York 27th ultimo, to Low & Ludwigsen—2d district

STEAMBOATS.

Selma, Pickett, from Washington.
James Howard, Pegram, from St Louis.
Robert E Lee, Cannon, from Vicksburg.
Frank Pargoud, Tobin, from Vicksburg.
Bradish Johnson, Brown, from Baton Rouge.
C H Durfee, Aiken, from Jefferson.
Hunter, Sallibs, from Lower Coast.
Henry Tete, Dalferes, from Donaldsonville.
Mary, Carroll, from Mobile.

BELOW COMING UP.

Ship Lizzie Moses, Cox, from Cardiff, Wales, April 19, to master—
Bark Caribou, Wood, from Cardiff, Wales, April 1, to master—

BELOW AT QUARANTINE.

Spanish bark India, Argento, 4 days from Havana, to Puig Bros—
Spanish brig Joven Miguel, Maristany, 3 days from Havana, in ballast, to Puig Bros—
Brig Frieda, Brane 37 days from Rio de Janerio, to G L Laughland—

EXPORTS.

INDIANOLA VIA GALVESTON—Steamship Morgan—for Indianola—500 bbls flour 200 sks salt 20 bags coffee 10 bbls whisky

For Galveston—700 bbls flour 40 bbls whisky 100 sks corn 70 bags coffee 20 bbls sugar 10 cks bacon 300 pkgs mdse

BREMEN—Bark Jonathan Chase—1314 bales cotton 162 hhds tobacco 2660 staves

ST LOUIS—Steamer Olive Branch—70 tcs sugar 562 hhds sugar 50 cks wine 4 cks hardware and sundries

IMPORTS.

RUATAN ISLAND—Schooner Gertrude Hawes—1500 bunches bananas 30,000 plantains 600 pineapples 17,000 cocoanuts

LIVERPOOL—Steamship Gladiator—Asstd mdse

ROCKLAND—Schooner Addie M Bird—350 tons of granite and sundries

INDIANOLA VIA GALVESTON—Steamship Harlan—276 bales cotton 18 hhds sugar 224 head cattle 35 bales wool 116 bags wool $20,800 in specie and sundries

NEW YORK—Steamship Western Metropolis—Asstd mdse

MOBILE—Steamer Louise—4 bags wool 42 bdls hides and sundries

MOBILE—Steamer Mary—7 bales paper stock 37 bbls turpentine 81 bbls rosin 141 bdls hides and sundries

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

LITTLE ROCK—Steamer Colossal—93 bales of cotton 130,000 feet lumber and sundries

DONALDSONVILLE—Steamer Frolic—37 bbls rice 80 sks onions and sundries

ST LOUIS—Steamer J N Kellogg and barges—900 bbls pork 4976 bbls flour 12,510 sks corn 3456 sks oats 288 hhds tobacco and sundry produce

NATCHEZ—Steamer Wade Hampton—98 bales cotton 373 sks cotton seed 26 bbls molasses 24 hhds sugar and sundries

WASHINGTON—Steamer Selma—56 bales cotton 16 hhds sugar 24 bbls potatoes and sundries

PITTSBURG—Steamer John A Wood and barges—400,000 bush coal

RECEIPTS SUNDAY.

ST LOUIS—Steamer James Howard—13 bales of cotton 321 hhds tobacco 7074 bbls flour 9133 sks corn 1020 sks oats 1400 sks bran 701 sks oilcake and sundry produce

VICKSBURG—Steamer Robert E Lee—753 bales cotton 400 sks cotton seed 325 sks oilcake and sundries

VICKSBURG—Steamer Frank Pargoud—227 bales cotton 30,516 feet lumber and sundries

BATON ROUGE—Steamer Bradish Johnson—3 bales cotton 154 bbls molasses

LAPOURCHE—Steamer Henry Tete—26 bbls molasses 1 hhd sugar and sundries

JEFFERSON—Steamer C H Durfee—1088 bales cotton 350 head sheep 4 bales hides 2 bbls wax and sundries

LOWER COAST—Steamer Hunter—Sundries

BY THE RAILROADS.

NEW ORLEANS, JACKSON AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD, June 5—412 bales cotton and sundry produce

MORGAN'S LOUISIANA AND TEXAS RAILROAD June 5—8 bales cotton 10 hhds sugar 20 sks potatoes 1 bbl molasses 30 half-bales moss and sundries

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA.

IN THE MATTER OF ALFRED RHODY, BANKRUPT.

In Bankruptcy—No. 1135.

THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY GIVES NOTICE of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Alfred Rhody, of New Orleans, parish of Orleans and State of Louisiana, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition.

je6 law 3t — E. E. NORTON, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA.

IN THE MATTER OF CARL WOLFF, BANKRUPT.

In Bankruptcy—No. 1131.

THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY GIVES NOTICE of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Carl Wolff, of New Orleans, parish of Orleans and State of Louisiana, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition.

je6 law 3t — E. E. NORTON, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA.

IN THE MATTER OF JOSEPH COLLINS AND John M. Young, individually and as members of the firm of Collins & Young, bankrupts.

In Bankruptcy—No. 1106.

THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY GIVES NOTICE of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Joseph Collins and John M. Young, individually and as members of the firm of Collins & Young, of New Orleans, parish of Orleans and State of Louisiana, adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition.

je6 law 3t — E. E. NORTON, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA.

IN THE MATTER OF MICHAEL GERNON, BANKRUPT.

In Bankruptcy—No. 1099.

THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY GIVES NOTICE of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Michal Gernon, of New Orleans, parish of Orleans and State of Louisiana, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition.

je6 law 3t — E. E. NORTON, Assignee.

STATE OF LOUISIANA.

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS.

THE STATE OF LOUISIANA, TO ALL WHOM it may concern—Greeting:

Whereas, Edmond Burthe, of the city of New Orleans, having purchased at a public sale made by Thomas L. Maxwell, late Sheriff of the parish of Orleans, on the sixth day of August, 1870, the property hereinafter described, has applied to this court for a monition or advertisement, in conformity with law (Revised Statutes, sections 2370 to 2380)—

Now, therefore, know ye, and all persons interested herein, are hereby cited and admonished, in the name of the State of Louisiana and of the Fifth District Court for the parish of Orleans, who can set up any right, title or claim in and to the property hereinafter described, in consequence of any informality in the order, decree or judgment of the court under which the sale was made, or any irregularity or illegality in the appraisements and advertisements, in time or manner of sale, or for any other defect whatsoever, to show cause, within thirty days from the day this monition is first inserted in the public papers, why the sale so made should not be confirmed and homologated.

The said property was sold by the Sheriff of the parish of Orleans under and by virtue of a writ of seizure and sale issued to the said Sheriff from the honorable Fifth District Court for the parish of Orleans, at the suit of Edmond Burthe et al vs. Benjamin Foster and B. C. Steinback, No. 1729 of the docket of said court; at which sale the said Edmond Burthe became the purchaser for the price and sum of sixteen hundred ($1600) dollars.

Description of the property as contained in the judicial conveyance recorded in the clerk's office of the said Fifth District Court:

A certain square of ground, situated in Burtheville, late of the parish of Jefferson, but now part of the city of New Orleans, and of the parish of Orleans, bounded by Levee, Calhoun and Preston streets and Foucher's property, being square number twelve, containing twenty-five lots numbered from one to twenty-five, inclusive, and measuring, in the aggregate, three hundred and forty-two feet one inch three lines front on Levee street, two hundred and ninety-four feet three inches seven lines front on Calhoun street, three hundred and thirty-five feet five inches seven and a half lines front on Preston street, and two hundred and ninety-four feet two inches six lines on the division line of the Foucher property. Which property was acquired by Benjamin Foster and B. C. Steinback by purchase from the heirs of D. F. Burthe and wife and others, as per act before S. Magner, notary public in this city, on the seventh day of June, 1867.

Witness our hands and the seal of this court.

New Orleans, June 1, 1871.

CHARLES LEAUMONT, Judge.

LOUIS POWER, Clerk. — je6 21 jy5

THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

FOURTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS.

ANN A. WALL, WIFE OF D. H. LONGMIRE, VS. Her Husband—No. 25,300.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT ON THE TWENTY-second day of May, 1871, judgment was rendered in this court, in the following entitled suit, in the words and figures following, to wit:

Ann A. Wall, wife of D. H. Longmire, vs. her husband—No. 25,300.

This case having been submitted, the court considering the law and evidence as being in plaintiff's favor, it is ordered, adjudged and decreed that plaintiff, Mrs Ann Aurelia Wall, wife of Davis H. Longmire, have judgment of separation of property from her said husband, and that the legal community of acquets and gains resulting from the marriage be dissolved, and that she have the management and control of her separate and paraphernal property, and costs of this suit.

Rendered May 22, 1871.

Signed May 26, 1871.

PAUL E. THEARD, Judge.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and affixed the seal of the said court, at the city of New Orleans, on this twenty-sixth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, and the ninety-fifth year of the independence of the United States.

WILLIAM H. CARSON, Deputy Clerk.

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STATE OF LOUISIANA.

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS.

CATHERINE McMONAGLE VS. SIMON F. MUNROE, Her Husband—No. 2652.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT ON THE TWENTY-ninth day of May, 1871, judgment was rendered in this court, in the following entitled suit, in the words and figures following, to wit:

Catherine McMonagle vs. Simon F. Munroe, her husband—No. 2652.

In this case, submitted to the court for adjudication, upon the testimony in the record, the court considering the law and the evidence to be in favor of plaintiff, it is ordered, adjudged and decreed that there be judgment in favor of plaintiff, Catherine McMonagle, and against defendant, Simon F. Munroe, her husband, decreeing a separation of property and a dissolution of the community of acquests and gains heretofore existing between them, and that she recover of her said husband, the sum of five thousand dollars with legal interest from judicial demand, to wit: May 22, 1871, until paid, and costs of suit, with lien and privilege as allowed by law to married women on the property of their husband.

Judgment rendered May 29, 1871.

Judgment signed June 2, 1871.

[Signed] CHARLES LEAUMONT, Judge.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the said court, at the city of New Orleans,