New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

President Grant's Opinion of it Publicly Expressed—What He Says of Mr. Fish, and About Various Other Matters.

NEW YORK, June 3.—A reporter of a morning paper yesterday interviewed President Grant at Long Branch.

The President said: There is a good deal of apprehension on both sides of the water concerning the treaty of Washington. It is thought by a great many that it was rushed and acted upon without proper consideration on the part of both governments. The facts are, that every article of the treaty was submitted to me after it was adopted by the commission, and approved by me, and that each article was in the same way submitted to the British Cabinet, and approved by the minister of the crown at once.

The English commissioners spent a great deal of money in telegraphing the sections of the treaty to the Queen of England, who pledged her signature beforehand. I, therefore, regard the treaty as practically ratified. There will be pecuniary considerations, of course. The measures will have to be adopted on both sides to carry out the provisions of the treaty. Our House of Representatives will, I feel certain, act patriotically in the matter. The treaty must be ratified and made a law of by both nations; it is necessary—an immediate necessity, as far as we are concerned. But we would like to have better terms; but there are two parties to the bargain.

If I had it all my own way I think I could make it more favorable to us. The point I aimed at was not merely to procure any satisfaction for our losses by the Alabama and other cruisers from British ports, but the settlement of an irritating and disturbing question likely any day to bring two nations into armed conflict. My aim was by this treaty to secure peace through justice, and I believe I have succeeded. No apprehension need be felt as to the cause of the British people. I would regard it as an act of bad faith on their part to reject the treaty after its almost unanimous acceptance by our Senate.

The English must surely prefer a fair settlement of our differences with them, for which this treaty provides, than to nurse or cause war. Settlement or war were the alternatives, and the final ratification will be a blessing to both countries.

In regard to the report of Mr. Fish leaving the cabinet, the President said, he will not leave the cabinet or resign his seat in the State Department with my consent while I am President. He has been faithful, patriotic and diligent, and I should be grieved if he resigned; but he won't resign.

As to Cuba there has been no discussion in the cabinet in reference to Cuban affairs of late. The policy of the administration is unchanged in regard to Cuba. We are mindful of our obligations to friendly nations while careful of our rights. The United States will not be unjust. While I am President we will do as we would wish to be done by. The condition of affairs on the island of Cuba does not seem to me, or to Mr. Fish, to demand action on our part. Time heals more wounds than medicine, and patience is a very good specific.

A SERIOUS CUTTING AFFRAY.

One Man Probably Mortally and Another Slightly Wounded.

[From the Marshall, Texas, Weekly.]

We are pained to announce one of those serious and deplorable acts, which, at times, astonish and bewilder every community. It seems that the homicidal mania is yet rife in the land. On yesterday evening, Mr. Dan Myers and Charles Slater had a dispute about some tax bills, as we are told, though at this time there seemed to be no apprehension of any serious or fatal termination of the difficulty. But somewhat later in the day Slater met Myers, the former, it is said, somewhat intoxicated. Slater asked Myers if he would drop the subject of dispute; Myers said yes, that he had no personal ill-feeling against him and should willingly drop the matter. Slater then again brought up the incidents of the previous meeting, and said, speaking to Myers, "You acted the d—d son of a b—," and at the same time attempted to draw his pistol.

Myers, who at this time was seated on a small stool in front of his door, being within reach of Slater, caught Slater's hand containing the pistol with his (Myers') left, at the same time reaching with his right hand an axe handle near by, and with it struck Slater over the head, felling him to the ground. Now comes a new, and up to this time unseen actor on the tragical stage. Young Slater, son of Mr. Charles Slater, came, to all appearances, from a place of concealment, and went at Myers with a knife, using it with terrible effect, inflicting a gash on the forehead from above the left to the right eye, also cutting one of the main arteries of his left arm. The latter, it is thought, will prove fatal.

As usual on such occasions the city police could not be found, and the duty of arresting the parties was performed by the Sheriff. We failed to state that Mr. Wiseman, a by-stander, who attempted to separate young Slater and Myers, was wounded, we are glad to say, but slightly. We understand that Slater was released on bail of $500. We can not see why this was done, when we are told the life of Mr. Myers is in great danger. Slater should have been confined to await the result of Mr. Myers' wound, to see whether it proves fatal or not. At last accounts it was feared the wound would prove fatal. We hope such will not be the case.

The Pittston Sufferers.

NEW YORK, June 1.—A special dispatch says that the miners rescued alive at the West Pittston shaft are still suffering from the effects of the gas and smoke inhaled by them. The first man taken out of the pit Sunday morning, Andrew Morgan, lies in a very critical condition. The brothers, Robert, Thomas and William Small, seem to have almost recovered their health, and are considered out of danger. John Price is recovering rapidly, being able to be removed to his own house in East Pittston. George Edwards has suffered great agony, but now seems to be slowly improving; Michael Cox is very low—his recovery seems doubtful; Anthony Ford is reported much better, and though very weak is moving about. Thomas Edwards is fast regaining the use of his faculties and his strength; Owen Martin is dead; James Jones, a lad about twelve years old, who was supposed on Sunday to be sinking, is now improving and expected to recover. John Gibbs is extremely ill, though his physicians do not despair of saving his life; Thomas Savage is in a very low and dangerous condition, with feeble pulse, and his fate is doubtful; John Williams is in imminent danger; he has suffered injuries to the spinal column, though he may recover; Joseph Fell is low and in equal danger. The correct number in the mine at the time the breaker was discovered on fire is fifty-nine; twenty-two of these were taken out before the works burned down, seventeen were taken out of the pit dead, and four died since. The sixteen remaining are all doing well, and will probably recover.

The Richmond *Whig* is very severe on Jeff Davis for uttering language that will be used to the detriment of the South, and which he had promised to keep to himself. Davis forever proclaims his aversion to publicity, and declares that he will be silent, because he knows he will be misrepresented. After this declaration he generally hunts up a "stump" and puts in an appearance as a speaker. The *Whig* does not altogether love Jeff Davis, but it dislikes to speak unkindly of one who has worn "Yankee manacles for his political principles," which, considering all things, is rather a mild manner of stating the offenses of the late confederate president. The *Whig*, like a good many other Southern organs, thinks that Davis is taxing Southern endurance, and it upbraids him with gross incompetency and an unpardonable ignorance at the time of the Hampton Roads conference, which brought upon the South the evils it has since suffered. Davis, in spite of his assumed modesty, is filled with selfish vanity, and he is only too eager to make the same sort of "mess" now that he so effectually made a dozen years ago.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Passed at the Third Session of the Forty-First Congress.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 45.]

AN ACT making appropriations for the legislative, executive and judicial expenses of the government for the year ending June thirty, eighteen hundred and seventy-two.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the service of the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, for the objects hereinafter expressed, namely:

LEGISLATIVE.

SENATE.

For compensation and mileage of Senators, four hundred thousand dollars.

For compensation of the officers, clerks, messengers and others receiving an annual salary in the service of the Senate, viz: Secretary of the Senate, four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars; officer charged with disbursements of the Senate, five hundred and seventy-six dollars; chief clerk, three thousand dollars, and the additional sum of one thousand dollars while the said office is held by the present incumbent, and no longer; principal clerk, principal executive clerk, minute and journal clerk, and financial clerk, in the office of the Secretary of the Senate, at two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars each; six clerks in office of the Secretary of the Senate, at two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars each; keeper of the stationery, two thousand one hundred and two dollars and forty cents; two messengers, at one thousand two hundred and ninety-six dollars each; one page, at seven hundred and twenty dollars; Sergeant-at-Arms and Doorkeeper, four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars; Provided, That hereafter he shall receive, directly or indirectly, no fees or other compensation or emolument whatever for performing the duties of the office, or in connection therewith; assistant doorkeeper, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars; Postmaster to the Senate, two thousand one hundred dollars; assistant postmaster and mail-carrier, one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight dollars; two mail-carriers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each: superintendent of the document room, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; two assistants in document room, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; superintendent of the folding-room, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; three messengers, acting as assistant doorkeepers, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; twenty messengers, to be appointed and removed by the Sergeant-at-arms, with the approval of the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; secretary to the President of the Senate, two thousand one hundred and two dollars and forty cents; clerk to the Committee on Finance, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; clerk to the Committee on Claims, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; clerk of printing records, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; clerk to Committee on Appropriations, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; superintendent in charge of the furnaces, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; assistant in charge of furnaces, eight hundred and sixty-four dollars; one laborer in charge of private passage, eight hundred and sixty-four dollars; one laborer in stationery-room, eight hundred and sixty-four dollars; one special policeman, one thousand dollars; chaplain to the Senate, nine hundred dollars; chief engineer two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; three assistant engineers, at fourteen hundred and forty dollars each; two firemen, at one thousand and ninety-five dollars each; three laborers, at seven hundred and thirty dollars each; making, in all, one hundred and twenty thousand two hundred and seventy-three dollars and twenty cents.

For temporary clerks, ten thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of the Senate, viz:

For stationery and newspapers for seventy-four Senators, at the rate of one hundred and twenty-five dollars each per annum, nine thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For stationery for committees and officers, eight thousand dollars.

For clerks to committees, fourteen pages for the Senate chamber, two riding pages, one page for the Vice President's room, and one page for the office of the Secretary of the Senate, making eighteen pages in all, at the rate of three dollars per day while actually employed, and horses and carryalls, fifty thousand dollars; said pages to be appointed and removed by the Sergeant-at-arms, with the approval of the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate.

For fuel for the heating apparatus, eight thousand dollars.

For furniture and repairs of furniture, ten thousand dollars.

For labor, thirteen thousand dollars.

For folding documents, and materials therefor, twelve thousand dollars.

For packing boxes, seven hundred and forty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, exclusive of labor, thirty thousand dollars.

For the usual additional compensation to the reporters of the Senate for the Congressional Globe, for reporting the proceedings of the Senate for the session of the Forty-second Congress, beginning on the first Monday in December, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, eight hundred dollars each, four thousand dollars.

CAPITOL POLICE.

For one captain, one thousand eight hundred dollars, two lieutenants, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; twenty-five privates, at one thousand two hundred dollars each, thirty thousand dollars; and eight watchmen, at one thousand dollars each, eight thousand dollars; making, in all, forty-two thousand eight hundred dollars, one half to be paid into the contingent fund of the House of Representatives, and the other half to be paid into the contingent fund of the Senate.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

For compensation and mileage of members of the House of Representatives and Delegates from Territories, one million five hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars.

For compensation of the officers, clerks, messengers, and others receiving an annual salary in the service of the House of Representatives, viz: Clerk of the House of Representatives, four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars; chief clerk and journal clerk, three thousand dollars each; five assistant clerks, at two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars each; one assistant clerk, at two thousand five hundred and twenty dollars; eight assistant clerks, including librarian and assistant librarian, at two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars each; one chief messenger and clerk to Speaker, at five dollars and seventy-six cents per day each; for three messengers, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; one messenger in the House library, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; one engineer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; three assistant engineers, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; six firemen, at one thousand and ninety-five dollars each per annum; for clerk to Committee of Ways and Means, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars; clerk to Committee on Appropriations, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars; clerk to Committee of Claims, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; clerk to Committee on the Public Lands, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; Sergeant-at-arms, four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars; provided, that hereafter he shall receive, directly or indirectly, no fees, other compensation, or emolument whatever for performing the duties of his office, or in connection therewith; clerk to the Sergeant-at arms, two thousand five hundred dollars; messenger to Sergeant-at arms, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; Doorkeeper, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars; first assistant doorkeeper, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars; Postmaster, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars; first assistant postmaster, two thousand and eighty-eight dollars, four messengers, at one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight dollars each; five mail carriers, at one thousand and eighty dollars each; chaplain of the House, nine hundred dollars; two stenographers, four thousand three hundred and eighty dollars each; superintendent of folding room, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; superintendent and assistant of the document room, at five dollars and seventy-six cents per day each; document file clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; eleven messengers, five at one thousand eight hundred dollars, and six at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; twelve messengers during the session at the rate of one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each per annum; making, in all, the sum of one hundred and fifty-two thousand two hundred and twenty seven dollars and sixty cents.

For contingent expenses of the House of Representatives, viz:

For cartage, three thousand eight hundred dollars.

For clerks to committees, and temporary clerks of the House of Representatives, forty-one thousand three hundred and four dollars.

For folding documents, including pay of folders and materials, eighty thousand dollars.

For fuel, seven thousand dollars.

For horses and carriages for transportation of mails, and saddlehorses for the use of messengers, ten thousand dollars.

For furniture and repairs of the same, eighteen thousand dollars.

For packing-boxes, two thousand six hundred dollars.

For laborers, eighteen thousand two hundred and forty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, fifty-five thousand dollars.

For newspapers and stationery for Members and Delegates, at one hundred and twenty-five dollars each per annum, thirty-one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; and for stationery for committees and officers of the House, five thousand dollars.

For twenty-three pages (including three riding pages), seventeen thousand six hundred and thirty-nine dollars and thirty-four cents.

For the usual additional compensation to the reporters of the House for the Congressional Globe, for reporting the proceedings of the House for the session of the Forty-second Congress beginning on the first Monday in December, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, eight hundred dollars each, four thousand eight hundred dollars.

PUBLIC PRINTING.

For compensation of the Congressional Printer, and the clerks and messengers in his office, twelve thousand five hundred and fourteen dollars.

For contingent expenses of his office, viz: For stationery, postage, advertising, furniture, traveling expenses, horses and wagons, and miscellaneous items, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For the public printing, six hundred and fifty-five thousand nine hundred and ninety-six dollars and fifty cents; provided, that so much of section ten of the act approved June twenty-five, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, entitled "an act to expedite and regulate the printing of public documents, and for other purposes," as provides that the "Superintendent of Public Printing," under certain conditions therein stated, may furnish extra copies of any document to persons applying therefor, be and the same is hereby, so amended that ten per centum shall be added to the cost paid for said documents.

For paper for the public printing, seven hundred and twenty-five thousand nine hundred and fifteen dollars.

For the public binding, five hundred and twenty-eight thousand three hundred and nineteen dollars and sixty cents.

For lithographing, engraving, mapping copies of maps, plans and diagrams in fac simile on tracing linen, ninety-one thousand dollars.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS.

For compensation of the Librarian, four thousand dollars.

For three assistant librarians, at two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars each, six thousand four hundred and eighty dollars.

For three assistant librarians, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each, four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.

For two assistant librarians, one at one thousand two hundred dollars, and one at nine hundred and sixty dollars, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

For one messenger, one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight dollars.

For three laborers at eight hundred and sixty-four dollars each, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars.

For purchase of books for said library, eight thousand dollars.

For purchase of law-books for said library, two thousand dollars.

For purchase of files of periodicals and newspapers, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For expenses of exchanging public documents for the publications of foreign governments, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For shelving a room underneath the library for copyright books, and an iron stairway to communicate therewith, five hundred dollars.

For constructing cases of shelves for the alcoves in library, five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said library, two thousand dollars.

For botanic garden, grading, draining, procuring manure, tools, fuel and repairs, and purchasing trees and shrubs, under the direction of the Library Committee of Congress, five thousand dollars.

For pay of superintendent and assistants in botanic garden and greenhouses, under the direction of the Library Committee of Congress, eleven thousand two hundred and ninety-six dollars.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.

For clerk in the office of Public Buildings and Grounds, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For messenger in the same office, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For compensation to the public gardener, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars.

For compensation to the laborer in charge of the water closets in the Capitol, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For compensation of a foreman and twenty-one laborers employed in the public grounds, nineteen thousand two hundred and ninety-six dollars.

For compensation of four laborers in the Capitol, two thousand eight hundred and eighty dollars.

For compensation of furnace-keeper, in charge of heating apparatus under the old hall of the House of Representatives, eight hundred and sixty-four dollars.

For compensation of furnace-keeper at the President's house, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For two policemen at the President's house, two thousand six hundred and forty dollars.

For compensation of two night watchmen at the President's house, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

For compensation of the doorkeeper at the President's house, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For assistant doorkeeper, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For compensation of two draw-keepers at the bridge across the Eastern Branch of the Potomac, and for fuel, oil, and lamps, one thousand six hundred dollars.

For watchman in Franklin Square, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For compensation of the person in charge of the heating apparatus of the Library of Congress, and other steam heating apparatus in the central building, eight hundred and sixty-four dollars.

For electrician for the Capitol, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation of five watchmen in reservation number two, three thousand six hundred dollars.

COURT OF CLAIMS.

For salaries of five judges of the Court of Claims, the chief clerk and assistant clerk, bailiff and messenger thereof, twenty-seven thousand three hundred and forty dollars.

For compensation of attorneys to attend to taking testimony, witnesses, and commissioners, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For stationery, books, fuel, labor and other contingent and miscellaneous expenses, three thousand dollars.

For reporting the decisions of the court, clerical hire, labor in preparing and superintending the printing of the sixth volume of the reports of the Court of Claims, to be paid on the order of the court, one thousand dollars.

To pay judgments of the Court of Claims, five hundred thousand dollars.

EXECUTIVE.

For compensation of the President of the United States, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For compensation of the Vice-President of the United States, eight thousand dollars.

For compensation of Secretary to sign patents for public lands, fifteen hundred dollars.

For compensation to the private secretary, assistant secretary, (who shall be a shorthand writer,) two executive clerks, at two thousand three hundred dollars each; steward and messenger of the President of the United States; thirteen thousand eight hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of the executive office, including stationery therefor, four thousand dollars.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

For compensation of the Secretary of State, eight thousand dollars; two Assistant Secretaries of State, at three thousand five hundred dollars each; for chief clerk, at two thousand two hundred dollars; ten clerks of class four, additional to one clerk of class four as disbursing clerk, nine clerks of class three, three clerks of class two, eight clerks of class one, one messenger, one assistant messenger, nine laborers, and four watchmen; in all, seventy-four thousand five hundred and twenty dollars.

For publishing the laws in pamphlet form, and in newspapers of the States and Territories, and in the city of Washington, fifty thousand dollars: Provided, That hereafter no laws or treaties shall be published in newspapers except those which are of a general nature, which laws shall be selected by the Secretary of State; and the same shall, in all cases, be published without delay.

For proof-reading, and packing the laws and documents for the various legations and consulates, including boxes and transportation of the same, three thousand dollars.

For stationery, furniture, fixtures, and repairs, five thousand dollars.

For books and maps, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For extra clerk hire and copying, four thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses, viz: rent, fuel, lights, repairs, and miscellaneous expenses, thirty-two thousand five hundred dollars.

UNITED STATES AND MEXICAN CLAIMS COMMISSION.

For compensation of the commissioner on the part of the United States, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of umpire, three thousand dollars.

For agent, four thousand dollars.

For secretary, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For legal assistant to agent, three thousand dollars.

For two clerks, at one thousand four hundred dollars each.

For two translators, at one thousand five hundred dollars each.

For one messenger, six hundred dollars.

For one assistant messenger, three hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses, five thousand dollars.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

For compensation of the Secretary of the Treasury, eight thousand dollars; two Assistant Secretaries of the Treasury, at three thousand five hundred dollars each; chief clerk, two thousand two hundred dollars, and three hundred dollars additional for acting as superintendent of the building; forty nine clerks of class four, additional compensation of two hundred dollars to one clerk of class four as disbursing clerk, thirty clerks of class three, twenty-six clerks of class two, twenty-seven clerks of class one; thirty-two female clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; eleven messengers, one assistant messenger, and ten laborers; one clerk of class four and one clerk of class one, to assist the chief in superintending the building; one captain of the watch, one thousand four hundred dollars; one engineer, one thousand four hundred dollars; one machinist and gasfitter, one thousand two hundred dollars; one storekeeper, one thousand four hundred dollars; sixty watchmen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each, and to two of said watchmen, acting as lieutenants of watchmen, two hundred and eighty dollars in addition; thirty laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; five firemen, at six hundred dollars each; ninety charwomen, at one hundred and eighty dollars each; in all, three hundred and sixty-one thousand nine hundred dollars.

In the construction branch of the Treasury: For Supervising Architect, three thousand dollars; assistant supervising architect, two thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; photographer, two thousand five hundred dollars; two assistant photographers, one at one thousand six hundred dollars, and one at one thousand two hundred dollars; two clerks of class four, four clerks of class three, three clerks of class one, and one messenger; in all, twenty-seven thousand two hundred and forty dollars.

For First Controller of the Treasury, five thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; ten clerks of class four, twelve clerks of class three, twelve clerks of class two, six clerks of class one; six copyists, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger, one assistant messenger, and three laborers; in all, seventy-seven thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.

For Second Controller of the Treasury, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; twelve clerks of class four, twenty clerks of class three, twenty-eight clerks of class two, twenty-one clerks of class one; twelve copyists, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger, eight hundred and forty dollars; one assistant messenger, at seven hundred and twenty dollars; and two laborers; in all, one hundred and thirty-six thousand eight hundred dollars.

For Commissioner of Customs, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; two clerks of class four, six clerks of class three, eight clerks of class two, five clerks of class one; one messenger, and one laborer; in all, thirty-six thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars.

For First Auditor of the Treasury, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; three clerks of class four, ten ten clerks of class three, ten clerks of class two, thirteen clerks of class one, one messenger, one assistant messenger, and one laborer; in all, fifty-eight thousand two hundred and eighty dollars.

For Second Auditor, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; six clerks of class four, fifty-four clerks of class three, one hundred and nine clerks of class two, one hundred clerks of class one, one messenger, five assistant messengers, and seven laborers; and for additional to disbursing clerk, two hundred dollars; in all, three hundred and eighty-four thousand four hundred and eighty dollars.

For Third Auditor, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; fourteen clerks of class four, additional to one clerk of class four as disbursing clerk, two hundred dollars; thirty-two clerks of class three, ninety-two clerks of class two, eighty-six clerks of class one; ten copyists, at nine hundred dollars each; two messengers, three assistant messengers, and seven laborers; in all, three hundred and thirty-one thousand and eighty dollars.

For the Fourth Auditor, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; five clerks of class four, eighteen clerks of class three, twelve clerks of class two, eleven clerks of class one, one messenger, one assistant messenger, three laborers, and eight female clerks at nine hundred dollars each; in all, eighty-three thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For the Fifth Auditor, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; four clerks of class four, eight clerks of class three, eight clerks of class two, twelve clerks of class one; seven copyists, six thousand three hundred dollars; one messenger; one assistant messenger, and two laborers, in all, fifty-nine thousand nine hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Auditor of the Treasury for the Postoffice Department, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; nine clerks of class four; additional to one clerk of class four as disbursing clerk, two hundred dollars; forty clerks of class three, sixty-four clerks of class two, thirty-seven clerks of class one, one messenger, one assistant messenger, and eleven laborers; also, four additional clerks of class three, and four additional laborers for the money-order division; in all, two hundred and forty thousand five hundred and sixty dollars.

For compensation of the Treasurer of the United States, six thousand five hundred dollars; assistant treasurer, two thousand eight hundred dollars; cashier, two thousand eight hundred dollars; assistant cashier, two thousand five hundred dollars; five chiefs of division, at two thousand two hundred dollars each; two principal bookkeepers, two thousand two hundred dollars each; two tellers, two thousand two hundred dollars each; one chief clerk, two thousand dollars; two assistant tellers, two thousand dollars each: fifteen clerks of class four, fifteen clerks of class three, eleven clerks of class two, nine clerks of class one; sixty female clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; fifteen messengers; five male laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; and seven female laborers, at two hundred and forty dollars each; in all, one hundred and eighty-nine thousand four hundred and eighty dollars: Provided, That ten thousand dollars are hereby appropriated to be expended in the office of the Treasurer of the United States at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury.

For compensation of the Register of the Treasury, three thousand dollars; assistant register, two thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; five clerks of class four, twelve clerks of class three, twenty-four clerks of class two, ten clerks of class one, one messenger, two assistant messengers at seven hundred and twenty dollars, and two laborers; in all, eighty-four thousand five hundred and twenty dollars: Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury may employ three additional clerks of class four, and eight female clerks at nine hundred dollars each per annum, in lieu of nine of said clerks of class two.

For Controller of the Currency, five thousand dollars; deputy controller, two thousand five hundred dollars; eleven clerks of class four, thirteen clerks of class three, ten clerks of class two, eleven clerks of class one, twenty-four female clerks, four messengers, two laborers and two night watchmen; in all, one hundred and three thousand one hundred and forty dollars.

For Commissioner of Internal Revenue, six thousand dollars: deputy commissioner, three thousand five hundred dollars; two deputy commissioners, at three thousand dollars each; seven heads of divisions, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; thirty-four clerks of class four, forty-eight clerks of class three, fifty-two clerks of class two, thirty-eight clerks of class one, ninety five copyists, five messengers, three assistant messengers, and fifteen laborers; in all, three hundred and ninety-two thousand and sixty dollars.

For dies, paper, and for stamps, two hundred thousand dollars.

For salaries and expenses of collectors, assessors, assistant assessors, supervisors, detectives and storekeepers, together with the expense of carrying into effect the various provisions of the several acts providing internal revenue, excepting items otherwise provided for, five million four hundred thousand dollars.

For detecting and bringing to trial and punishment persons guilty of violating the internal revenue laws, or conniving at the same, in cases where such expenses are not otherwise provided for by law, one hundred thousand dollars.

For chief clerk of the Lighthouse Board, two thousand dollars; one clerk of class four, two clerks of class three, one clerk of class two, one clerk of class one, one female copyist, one messenger, and one laborer; in all, twelve thousand and sixty dollars.

For the officer in charge of the Bureau of Statistics, two thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; twelve clerks of class four, eight clerks of class three, ten clerks of class two, five clerks of class one; five copyists, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger, one laborer; and one char-woman, at four hundred and eighty dollars; in all, sixty-five thousand four hundred and forty dollars.

For temporary clerks for the Treasury Department, forty thousand dollars: Provided, That hereafter no temporary clerk shall receive a greater compensation than at the rate of twelve hundred dollars per annum for the time actually employed.

For stationery for the Treasury Department and the several bureaus, forty-five thousand dollars.

For postage, books, newspapers, arranging and binding canceled marine papers, sealing ships' registers, care of horses for mail and office wagon, repairs of wagons and harness, washing towels, investigation of accounts and records, and the other miscellaneous items required for the current and ordinary business of the Department, not herein otherwise provided for, sixty-five thousand dollars.

For furniture, carpets, desks, tables, chairs, shelving for file rooms, boxes and repairs of furniture, cases, oil-cloth, matting, rugs, chair covers and cushions, repairs and laying of carpets, and other miscellaneous articles of the like character, fifty thousand dollars.

For fuel, light, soap, brooms, brushes, feather dusters, sponge, chamois, spittoons, shades, awnings, wall paper, clothes-hooks, drop-lights, and tubing, blank keys, crash, cotton, water-coolers, tumblers, hatchets, and matches, oils, pitchers and basins, towels, tacks, traps, thermometers, candles, buckets, and other miscellaneous items, fifty thousand dollars.

INDEPENDENT TREASURY.

Office of the assistant treasurer at New York: For assistant treasurer, eight thousand dollars; for deputy assistant treasurer, three thousand six hundred dollars; chiefs of division, tellers, registers, clerks, book-keepers, messengers, keeper of building, watchmen, engineer, detectives, and porter, one hundred and twenty-seven thousand six hundred and eighty-eight dollars; in all, one hundred and thirty-eight thousand six hundred and eighty-eight dollars.

Office of the assistant treasurer at Boston: For assistant treasurer, five thousand dollars; for chief clerk, two thousand seven hundred dollars; for clerks and messengers, twenty-three thousand dollars; for three watchmen, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

Office of assistant treasurer at San Francisco: For assistant treasurer, in addition to his salary as treasurer of the branch mint, one thousand five hundred dollars; for cashier, three thousand dollars; for book-keeper, two thousand five hundred dollars; for assistant cashier, two thousand dollars; for assistant book-keeper, two thousand dollars; for stamp clerk, two thousand four hundred dollars; for one clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; for three night watchmen, four thousand five hundred dollars; for one day watchman, nine hundred and sixty dollars.

Office of assistant treasurer at Philadelphia: For assistant treasurer, in addition to his salary as treasurer of the Mint, one thousand five hundred dollars; for clerks, messengers, and watchmen, thirty-four thousand eight hundred and twenty-three dollars.

Office of assistant treasurer at Saint Louis: For assistant treasurer, five thousand dollars; for clerks, messengers, and watchmen, ten thousand eight hundred dollars.

Office of assistant treasurer at New Orleans: For assistant treasurer, four thousand dollars; for chief clerk and cashier, two thousand five hundred dollars; one clerk, two thousand dollars; two clerks, three thousand dollars; one porter, nine hundred dollars; two watchmen, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; amounting in all to thirteen thousand eight hundred and forty dollars.

Office of assistant treasurer at Charleston, South Carolina: For assistant treasurer, four thousand dollars; one clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; one assistant messenger, seven hundred and twenty dollars; and two watchmen, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars.

Office of assistant treasurer at Baltimore: For assistant treasurer, five thousand dollars; for cashier, twenty-five hundred dollars; for three clerks, five thousand four hundred dollars; for two clerks, two thousand eight hundred dollars; for one clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; for messenger, eight hnndred and forty dollars; for five vault watchmen, three thousand six hundred dollars.

Office of depositary at Chicago: For cashier, two thousand five hundred dollars; for one clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; for two clerks, three thousand dollars; for one clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; for one messenger, eight hundred and forty dollars.

Office of depositary at Cincinnati: For cashier, two thousand dollars; for one clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; for one clerk, one thousand five hundred dollars; for two clerks, two thousand four hundred dollars; for two clerks, two thousand dollars; for one messenger, six hundred dollars; for two watchmen, one at seven hundred and twenty dollars and one at two hundred and forty dollars, nine hundred and sixty dollars.

Office of depositary at Louisville: For cashier, two thousand dollars; for one clerk, one thousand five hundred dollars; for one clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; for watchman, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

Office of depositary at Pittsburg: For cashier, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; one watchman, seven hundred and twenty dollars; amounting in all to three thousand nine hundred and twenty dollars.

Office of depositary at Santa Fe: For depositary (in addition to his pay as receiver), two thousand dollars; one clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; two watchmen, each seven hundred and twenty dollars; amounting in all to four thousand six hundred and forty dollars.

For compensation to special agents to examine the books, accounts, and money on hand at the several depositories, including national banks acting as depositaries under the act of the sixth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, six thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses under the act of the sixth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, for the collection, safe-keeping, transfer, and disbursement of the public revenue, fifty thousand dollars: Provided, That no part of said sum shall be expended for clerical services.

For checks and certificates of deposit for office of assistant treasurer at New York, and other offices, eight thousand dollars.

For additional clerks under the act for the better organization of the treasury, at such rates as the Secretary of the Treasury may deem just and reasonable, ten thousand dollars.

UNITED STATES MINT, BRANCHES AND ASSAY OFFICES.

MINT AT PHILADELPHIA.

For salaries of the director, treasurer, assayer, melter and refiner, chief coiner and engraver, assistant assayer, and seven clerks, thirty-seven thousand nine hundred dollars.

For wages of workmen and adjusters, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including wastage and repairs, thirty-five thousand dollars.

For specimens of ores and coins to be preserved in the cabinet of the mint, six hundred dollars.

For freight on bullion and coin, five thousand dollars.

BRANCH MINT AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

For salaries of superintendent, treasurer, assayer, melter and refiner, coiner and six clerks, thirty thousand five hundred dollars.

For wages of workmen and adjusters, one hundred and seventy-eight thousand dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, repairs and wastage, fifty-nine thousand five hundred and forty-five dollars.

ASSAY OFFICE, NEW YORK.

For salary of superintendent, four thousand five hundred dollars; for salary of assayer, three thousand dollars; for salary of melter and refiner, three thousand dollars; for salary of assistant assayer, two thousand dollars; for salary of deputy treasurer, three thousand dollars; for compensation of clerk, ten thousand two hundred dollars.

For wages of workmen, sixty-eight thousand dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, twenty-two thousand dollars.

BRANCH MINT AT DENVER.

For assayer (who shall have charge of said mint), two thousand five hundred dollars.

For melter, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For wages of workmen, fifteen thousand three hundred and thirty-five dollars.

For three clerks, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each, five thousand four hundred dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including repairs and wastage, five thousand dollars.

BRANCH MINT, CARSON CITY.

For salaries of superintendent, assayer, melter and refiner, coiner, and four clerks, seventeen thousand nine hundred dollars. And hereafter there shall be in said mint a superintendent, with an annual salary of three thousand dollars; a melter and refiner, an assayer and coiner, at an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars each; one clerk at an annual salary of two thousand dollars, and three clerks at an annual salary of one thousand eight hundred dollars each. The offices of chief coiner, assistant coiner, assistant assayer, and assistant melter and refiner, are hereby abolished.

For wages of workmen and adjusters, fifty-four thousand dollars.

For chemicals, charcoal, and wood, incidental and miscellaneous expenses, seventeen thousand six hundred dollars.

BRANCH MINT AT CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA.

For assayer, fifteen hundred dollars.

For wages of workmen, fourteen hundred and ninety-two dollars.

For chemicals, charcoal, and incidental and miscellaneous items, one thousand three hundred and thirty-five dollars.

ASSAY OFFICE AT BOISE CITY, IDAHO.

For salaries of superintendent, assayer, melter and clerk, seven thousand four hundred dollars.

For wages of