NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN.

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VOLUME V—NO. 73. NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1871. WHOLE NUMBER 1295.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERTS,
AT THE
MAGNOLIA GARDEN
(Bayou Bridge).
Every Wednesday and Sunday Afternoons.
THE BEST BRASS BAND IN AMERICA.
Admission free. Refreshments of all kinds furnished at reasonable rates.
je2 6m T. J. JUDT, Proprietor.

FOR RENT.

FURNISHED ROOMS—SPACIOUS, AIRY, comfortable and convenient, to rent, at summer prices, at No. 114 St. Charles street, corner of North, all fronting on Lafayette square, and fanned by cool evening breezes. Apply at No. 114 St. Charles street. my16 2m

FOR RENT—THE FINE, AIRY, TWO-STORY residence, No. 122 St. Andrew street, between Chippewa and Annunciation streets, containing nine rooms; gas throughout; only a few minutes walk to Magazine Market, and convenient to the cars. Apply at No. 126 St. Andrew street. je29

ELEGANT ROOMS—LIGHT, AIRY, PLEASant and very comfortable, to rent, with or without board. They are situated in the three-story residence No. 212 Carondelet street, which has the advantage of a large yard, and unobstructed breezes from St. Charles street. Prices to suit the season. Apply at No. 212 Carondelet street. my16 2m

ROOMS TO RENT—ONE OR TWO FINE, large, airy, comfortably Furnished Rooms can be had in a private family, with or without board, where the French and English languages are spoken, and free from the annoyance of children, by applying at No. 321 St. Ann street, corner of Derbigny. The cars pass within a few doors of the house. Terms very moderate. oc30

WANTED.

WANTED—ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND MEN, women and children afflicted with the following diseases: Dyspepsia, diarrhea, bilious and other fevers, general debility, nervousness, low spirits, etc.; to be cured by the celebrated Peychaud's Bitters. Price, $1 a bottle. ap30 Su We Fr 1y

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—LOW-PRESSURE STEAMBOAT—The fast, iron hull, low-pressure steamer ARIEL, having fine accommodations as a day passenger boat. Now temporarily running on Lake Pontchartrain between lake end Pontchartrain railroad and Manchac, where she can be seen. Would be sold in preference to returning her North if applied for soon. Apply to
R. Q. SEWALL,
General Superintendent New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad. jy6 6t

FOR SALE.—THE HULL OF THE STEAMboat Canada as it is now lying at the head of Julia street. The dimensions are two hundred feet long, forty feet beam and five feet hold, and it is all in fine condition and very compact.
ALSO,
CARGO BOX of white pine lumber.
For further information apply to
jy4 3t M. DUFFY, No. 28 Poydras street.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

MAMMOTH CAVE.

The route to this greatest Natural Wonder of the World is via the Louisville and Nashville railroad to Glasgow Junction, or Cave City, thence, by easy stages, seven miles through the finest mountain scenery. Mammoth Cave Hotel, newly fitted and furnished throughout, is first class in every respect. Amusements of every kind, splendid Dancing Hall, Billiards, Croquet, Target Practice, Base Ball, Ten Pins, etc. Finest Fishing and Hunting within a few minutes' walk of the Hotel. First class Band during the entire season. Purest atmosphere and most invigorating climate on the Continent. Temperature in the region of the Cave always fifty-nine degrees. Sulphur water of any required strength recently discovered in the Cave, and always on hand. Direct telegraphic communication in the Hotel. The very best summer resort in America.

Passengers leaving New Orleans on the morning trains arrive at the Cave at the best time to stop over for a rest and visit to the Cave, and can resume their journey without material loss of time.
D. L. GRAVES,
je22 2m Proprietor.

SAZARAC RESTAURANT,
16.....Royal Street.....16
BY SARICIO.
The best of everything in the market, and pure Wines and Liquors, at down town prices. Table service elegant. Waiters polite and attentive. je8

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

D. AUGUSTIN,
REGISTER IN BANKRUPTCY, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
126.....Exchange Place.....126
NEW ORLEANS.
As Register of the Bankruptcy of the Bank of Louisiana, he will receive proofs of debt every day at his office. je25 2m

JAMES H. VEAZIE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Will practice his profession in Concordia and adjoining parishes. He will also act as commissioner and conveyancer. Office in Newcomb building Natchez. my30 3m d & w

HAWKINS & THARP,
(J. HAWKINS—ISAIAH THARP.)
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW,
19.....Commercial Place.....19
NEW ORLEANS.
Prompt attention given to business in the State and United States Courts a13

T. A. BARTLETTE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
142.....Gravier street.....142
(Up stairs),
je18 1y NEW ORLEANS.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.
DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA.
IN THE MATTER OF ALFRED B. FARR, INDIVIdually and as a member of the firm of Charles E. Wynne & Farr, bankrupt.
In Bankruptcy—No. 1112.
THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY GIVES NOTICE of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Alfred B. Farr, individually and as a member of the firm of Charles E. Wynne & Farr, of New Orleans, parish of Orleans and State of Louisiana, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition.
je9 law 3t E. E. NORTON, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.
DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA.
IN THE MATTER OF STEPHEN F. POWER, Bankrupt.
In Bankruptcy—No. 1140.
THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY GIVES NOTICE of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Stephen F. Power, of New Orleans, parish of Orleans, and State of Louisiana, adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition. E. E. NORTON,
je20 3t Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.
DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA.
IN THE MATTER OF FREDERICK SEILER, BANKrupt.
In Bankruptcy—No. 1120.
THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY GIVES NOTICE of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Frederick Seiler, of New Orleans, parish of Orleans and State of Louisiana, adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition.
je13 law3t E. E. NORTON, Assignee.

MADAME BLACK, THE GREAT INDIAN Astrologist, is still at 191 Carondelet street, near Julia. She will disclose to you past, present and future events of your life, whether connected with marriage, business, etc. Has a sure remedy for rheumatism, and for reconciling estranged lovers. Satisfaction given or no pay. my4 1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE.....NOTICE.
Having just returned from the West with a fresh supply of HORSES and MULES, and made arrangements to receive weekly; prices to suit purchasers. Call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. JAMES REGAN,
Stonewall Jackson Sale Stables,
jy6 1m* No. 134 Baronne street.

LADIES' SUMMER SUITS
AT
A. T. LEWIS',
207.....Canal street.....207
Between Burgundy and Rampart streets.
We have just received, from our factory above the store, a large number of REAL FRENCH LAWN SUITS, in buff, blue, pink, lilac, purple, gray, fawn and green, FAST COLORS, in EVERY SIZE, from FIVE TO SIX DOLLARS, comprising underskirt, overskirt, and sacque or basque, trimmed handsomely, and very finely made. Also TRAVELING SUITS, in linen-lawn and linen, in the different colors and sizes.
The prices will be found almost as low as the cost of making only. We have the sizes of the garments so arranged that we can insure a PERFECT FIT.
Persons visiting summer resorts, or residing in the country, can secure the correct size of any style we have by sending the measure of skirt, waist, bust and sleeves. jy4 6t

NOTICE.—I HEREBY WARN ALL PERSONS from selling my wife any goods or giving her credit on my account, as she left my domicile without cause or provocation.
MICHAEL ROGERS.
New Orleans, July 1, 1871. jy4 3t*

CAUTION.—ANY GOODS PURCHASED BY J. Kraemstein or other parties for our account will not be paid for by us, having authorized no one to act as our agent.
REISS & GUNDERSHEIMER.
Demopolis, Alabama, June 25, 1871. jy4 3t

THE GAS OF THE AGE.
The New Orleans Hydro-Carbon Gaslight Company.
This company have just completed a series of scientific experiments in the production of Hydro-Carbon Gas by "Sloper's patents," and can strongly recommend these machines as the simplest, cheapest and most substantial gas machines ever offered to the public, producing a gas five times the illuminating power of city gas, and at a much less cost. For churches, halls, sugar-houses and country towns this machine can not be surpassed.
Orders for machines left at the company's office, No. 5 Carondelet street, New Orleans, or with Messrs Jocquish & Co., bankers, Galveston, Texas, will meet with prompt attention.
J. M. WAGENER, President.
HENRY STERN, Secretary and Treasurer.
je25 1m

PELICAN FERTILIZER.
THE NEW ORLEANS SANITARY AND FERTILIZING COMPANY,
No. 12 Union Street, Up Stairs,
Have now ready for delivery their superior FERTILIZING COMPOUND, in quantities to suit purchasers. Certificates from well-known citizens characterize it as superior to Peruvian Guano, while it is sold at less than half the price, and has no disagreeable odor. Send for Circular.
Price of our Pelican No. 1.....$50 per ton
Price of our Pelican No. 2.....$45 per ton
Terms—Cash, or approved city acceptance, payable December 1, 1871.
Also, EARTH CLOSETS and COMMODES for sale. Samples to be seen and orders taken at the office.
fe16 1y

BANK OF LOUISIANA.
IN BANKRUPTCY.
Creditors of the Bank of Louisiana can prove their debts against said estate Monday, Wednesday and Thursday, July 3, 5 and 6, 1871, by calling at the office of C. S. Kellogg, Register in Bankruptcy, room No. 1 Customhouse Building. je30 5t

PACIFIC WINE COMPANY,
Organized for the sale of
PURE CALIFORNIA WINE AND BRANDY.
VINEYARDS IN ELDORADO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.
CHARLES B. PETTIT, Treasurer and Business Agent—Office and Salesrooms, No. 98 Camp street, New Orleans.
This company is composed of the owners of vineyards in the best grape district of California, who have formed an association for the purpose of selling their own Wines and Brandy.
The following list comprises a part of their products now ready for the market:

WHITE WINE,	ANGELICA,
RED WINE,	MUSCAT,
CLARET,	CATAWBA,
HOCK,	ISABELLA,
OLD MISSION,	SPARKLING,
SHERRY,	WINE BITTERS,
TOKAY,	GRAPE BRANDY,
PORT,	BRANDY BITTERS.

All their Wine and Brandy Warranted Strictly Pure.
Arrangements are now perfected for weekly shipments, direct from the vineyards, thus insuring a full and constant supply of these PURE AND DELICIOUS WINES.
Dealers, physicians and families are requested to call and examine in regard to quality and price.
All orders should be addressed,
PACIFIC WINE COMPANY,
mh19 6mo No. 98 Camp street, New Orleans.

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.
Fifty thousand dollars worth of MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING at twenty-five per cent below cost, to close out business. The above articles must be sold within sixty days. Please call and see for yourself. CHARLES LAMM,
je18 1m No. 192 Poydras street.

FORSYTH UNITED STATES
STANDARD SCALES.
The Strongest Scale Made.
Every scale warranted, in every respect; 250 varieties, adapted to every branch of business.
For price list, or any information, address
FORSYTH, ELLISON & CO.,
No. 46 Magazine street, New Orleans.
je9 eod3m

JOHN GRAYER,
PROPRIETOR OF
THE PHŒNIX STABLES, AND UNDERTAKER,
Nos. 35 and 37 Elysian Fields street, opposite Pontchartrain railroad, Third District, New Orleans.
Carriages, barouches, buggies and saddle horses to hire; horses bought, sold and kept on livery; patent metallic burial cases; mahogany, black walnut and plain coffins always on hand; funerals attended to by the proprietor, who hopes, by strict attention to business, to obtain a share of public patronage. je15 1m

ICE KING REFRIGERATOR.
ON EXHIBITION AND FOR SALE AT
No. 6 Carondelet street.
An indispensable comfort for a family during the summer months. The public (and ladies in particular) are respectfully invited to call and examine them. J. A. WARNER,
my13 2m Agent.

COW PEAS.....COW PEAS.
CHOICE CAROLINA CLAYED,
For sale by
TOULMIN & MARTIN,
ap2 3m No. 41 Natchez street.

NOTICE TO TOURISTS.
Round trip tickets, good to return until the thirty-first of October, can be procured at the General Ticket Office, corner of Camp and Common streets, at the following low rates:
Knoxville, $40; Alleghany Springs, $52 25; Lynchburg, $56 25; Charlottesville, $60; White Sulphur Springs, $70 25.
Elegant Pullman Sleeping Coaches on all night trains. Ask for tickets via Grand Junction or Corinth and Chattanooga.
JULIUS HAYDEN,
je11 1m General Southern Agent.

LETTER FROM SARATOGA.

Union College Commencement—The New President—Governor Hoffman Says Some New Things—He Calls Greeley a Strong Man—What Hoffman Says of Hoffman—He Laughs at Logan and then Does the Same Thing Himself—Your Correspondent Made Master of Arts.

[Special Correspondence of the Republican.]

CONGRESS HALL, Saratoga, June 30, 1871.

The seventy-fifth commencement of Union College brought us, with the college alumni, to Schenectady yesterday. Schenectady is an old Dutch town, formerly called Dorp, of ten thousand inhabitants. The college was formerly much patronized by Southern students, and at the commencement of the war a large crowd of Southern boys left it to join the rebel army. Among them were Mr. Weims and John R. George, of New Orleans. As these boys left Schenectady they run up a large rebel flag from the town liberty ple. and in the morning the quiet denizens of Dorp were startled to see the stars and bars of the *esse futurus* confederacy flying in the breeze.

Yesterday, the trustees elected a new president in place of Dr. Aiken. The selection fell upon the Rev. Dr. Eliphalet Nott Potter, son of Bishop Potter. Young Potter was of the writer's class, 1861, and consequently is the youngest college president in the United States. A great many magnates were present at the commencement exercises, among whom ex-Senator Harris, of New York, and Governor Hoffman, of the class of 1846. We had the pleasure of riding up from Albany with the Governor, who, it is thought, will be the candidate of the young Democracy for the Presidency in 1872.

GOVERNOR HOFFMAN

Is a reticent man. He knows when and how much to say at all times, and his great power lays in his own silence, with Tweed to act as the great political Warwick behind the throne to do the blowing and striking. Grant used to know how to keep silent, but lately he has taken into his confidence a man by the name of Stherens, on the *Herald*, and every day Stherens "rushes into print" with what Grant has said the night before on the steps of his "cottage by the sea."

EN PASSANT

We will say that Grant does this because Greeley's intended candidacy has developed a strong love on the part of the chief executive toward the *Herald*. The organ of the Scotchman is to be henceforth Grant's official organ. Day by day he spins off the official cabinet news—how Fish will remain in the State Department, how Murphy will continue to remain collector, how the new loan is a stupendous success (though nobody takes it), and how Bancroft is to be retained in Berlin. This shrewd correspondent makes the most of Grant's loquacity, and our morning daily is flooded with a diluted President's message every morning. Now Hoffman don't talk so easy. His conversation, unlike the quality of mercy, *is* strained. No big piece of news gets through the conversational seive, if he knows it. But on this occasion the Governor was going to pay a visit to the college of his boyhood, an old classmate got hold of him, reticence was forgotten and

J. T. HOFFMAN TALKED.

He actually opened his lips and the words flew out. Now there is only one kind of news which a newspaper man feels any satisfaction in keeping to himself, and that is news criminating himself. Why George Carleton, the publisher, in a moment of confidence the other day, told me some of the jokes in a coming book of Josh Billings'. Then he said: "Hush! (putting his hands on his lips) don't tell, for it will kill the book!" He had told me how Josh Billings commenced a story—"Delancy Langdon, the hero of our story, was one of seven children, but not the only one—." I promised not to steal this funny thunder from Josh Billings' coming book, and I don't mean to. (If Carleton is one of your subscribers let this number get lost in the mail).

We asked the governor what he thought of the project of Judge Pierpont and J. W. Forney going to Long Branch to see Grant and patch up a truce between Fenton and Conkling which would bring back the straying Greeley into the fold?

"No use at all," said the Governor, "Greeley has more strength in this country from New York to Kansas, than any other man. Even in New York, where he is deluged with Democratic votes, he always runs ahead of his ticket. Greeley is a progressive man. He has made a "new departure" as grand as Vallindigham's, and Grant must come over to it and bring Conkling or they will both be left out in the cold."

What do you think of Chase?

"Chase," said the Governor, "is in earnest, far-seeing, selfish man. He is a natural Democrat, and his hatred of Grant, coupled with the jealousies of Mrs. Sprague and Mrs. Grant has thrown him out of the Republican party. His letter to Vallandigham was a bid for the Democratic nomination in 1872. He stands with Greeley, and if he should be nominated against Grant Horace Greeley would go for him. And Whitelaw Reid, the present pet of Greeley, and the managing editor of the New York *Tribune*, didn't he come to our Democratic convention in '68 to get us to take Chase? Colfax has a good deal of stock in the *Tribune*, but he couldn't pull both Greeley and his sub-editor away from their own course—and a course in sympathy with the acts of both men for four years."

Then there is to be a big break up!

"Yes, sir. The new departure brings the old Whigs and the barn burners together. Grant is stubborn as a mule. He lost Sumner through stubbornness. Then he tried to kill Fenton—Greeley's friend—as soon as he saw the latter a prospective candidate, and now he is trying to kill Greeley by throwing all patronage into the hands of the influential Murphy faction. Don't you see he talks with a *Herald* correspondent every day?" said the Governor, holding up the *Herald*.

Which faction is the strongest?

"Greeley's faction, of course. He commands all the live men. He has Sumner, who hates Grant; Carl Shurz, who holds the German element in his hands; Fenton, the best political manager in the party; Wilson, who commands the workingmen of New England; Chase, who leads the old silver grey Whigs, and Butler will come round as soon as he sees that Greeley means to fight."

Who is talked of by the Democrats?

"No one yet in particular. We have many good men and our party is united." We now handed him the *Sun*, with our former talk with General Logan, as copied from the REPUBLICAN, when the Governor laughed heartily, but he did not know we were its author.

"Hendricks is a strong man," we suggested.

"Yes and a most cultivated gentlemen—a worthy man," and then the Governor was silent.

Did you hear that Grant said "Hancock is dying to run?"

"Yes, I saw it in the *Herald*, but Grant said that because he personally hates General Hancock. There is a personal feud between them."

But New York talks about you, Governor.

"Well, but—" and then the Governor looked fixedly at a wheat field through the car window. He was playing the role of Logan. He was willing to talk about the Republicans, but wouldn't say much about the Democracy."

Pendleton keeps making a big fuss in Ohio?

The Governor remained silent, but a classmate of his said: "Yes, Pendleton and his squirrel shooters came up to our last Presidential convention and made a good deal of trouble. They killed Chase and Johnson, and while they were wrangling, Sam Tilden slipped in Governor Seymour, and Montgomery Blair stole a march by getting Frank Blair nominated Vice President. George Pendleton and Wash McLean are disorganizers, and Sam Tilden is an antiquarian. The new Democracy, with Mayor Hall, Tweed, Young Adams, of Boston, and the new departure men of Ohio, are to rule the convention of 1872."

We meant to have said something of Saratoga, which now begins to brighten with the blaze of political faces, and look gay with the caravans of fashion, but we save up for our next.

Yesterday the degree of Master of Arts was conferred upon your correspondent by the Faculty of Union College, "and he feels his oats." LANDON.

FROM NORTHERN NEW YORK.

[Correspondence of the Republican.]

LOCKPORT, New York, June 29, 1871.

Singular, but fires are comfortable this morning, a bleak wind blustering, and no sign of the sun.

This is indeed an odd city, but still one of the neatest I have seen. Its foundation is solid limestone, which has been quarried extensively, and many of the dwelling houses are constructed of that material, forming durable tenements. Flouring and woolen mills abound in the strangest of situations, down in deep gullies and valleys that at first glance appear quite inaccessible. Through the central portion of the city runs the Erie canal, and it happens that there is a fall of about sixty feet. This necessitates the use of eight "locks," four on each side, showing one of the solidest pieces of masonry in the country, and is a sight worthy of a visit. Railroads have robbed the canal of its glory, and to-day it is scarcely a skeleton of what it once was. The clumsy boats bring grain from Buffalo, and the many mills quickly convert it into flour of excellent brands. It sounds strange to my senses that flour should command a greater price here than in New Orleans.

Other branches of manufactures are pursued here on a small scale, paper, glass and woodenware among the number. The Holley hydraulic headquarters are located here, and give constant employment to more than three hundred mechanics.

To the north of the city toward Lake Ontario, in an immense valley, forming the country between Lockport and the lake, a distance of about a dozen miles. Standing on the brow of the hill, one can obtain a view of such bewildering beauty that the sight will be forever photographed on your memory. A vast and cultivated plain is beheld to the right, left and front as far as can be seen with eye or glass, perfectly charming. A drive through that section did not dissolve the enchantment, but rather added to the pleasures. Numerous small farms are worked up to their full extent, producing excellent wheat, corn, garden vegetables and fine fruit for shipping.

For novelty, I took a bath in Lake Ontario, in less than a week from the time of swimming in the Gulf of Mexico—the extreme boundaries north and south of the United States.

Water-power facilities are so great here that most manufactories avail themselves of it. Establishments located a mile from the large mills derive their power to drive machinery through the medium of wire ropes, which are stretched through the air higher than telegraph lines. The presses of one of the daily papers are thus operated, at a considerable saving. The wire ropes, connected with a water wheel down in a ravine, are stretched up seventy or a hundred feet and can be used at pleasure. I am told that this system will be put in operation in a mill a mile and a half from the first power, and that little of the force is lost even at that distance. The idea seems a good one, and is as applicable to steam as to water.

Passing along one of the principal streets, I saw a sign: "This building lot for sale." As I could see nothing from the street, my curiosity induced me to take a closer view. The lot consisted of an irregular hole in the ground, the bottom being barren rocks. This was quite as ludicrous as another item near it. A dilapidated dwelling was without fencing around it other than a pretty gate, which is regularly used by the inmates for ingress and egress.

The people here are certainly industrious and economical, even unto stinginess. I venture to say that no town in the Union can or will vie with it in the number of villainous looking men. Faces that express the depth of unrelenting wickedness, features which convey no idea but the utmost meanness and depravity are plentiful. This disagreeable fact is so prominent that a stranger is compelled to make a note of it. However, there is consolation in knowing that appearances are deceitful.

Great preparations have been made to celebrate the Fourth of July. An old steamer, the Continental, now near Buffalo, will be turned loose in Niagara river and be permitted to make its last voyage, over the great falls. By an advertisement in the Lockport papers, I am forcibly reminded of Mardi Gras—a portion of the display to consist of mummery. I forward you the advertisement as a curiosity. The committee will doubtless make a more successful display than does the Mistick Krewe of Comus, and I shall remain for the purpose of obtaining instruction, in order that I may be enabled to teach our newsboys how to celebrate Shrove Tuesday hereafter, or perhaps gain an idea to give the Revelers or Comus. However, I will not laugh until I witness the parade.

Were I possessed of wealth, my inclination would bring me to this place to pass the summer months, for a better can not be found; at least I have seen no locality so well adapted and with so many charms for a temporary resort. Hills from which ravishing scenery can be viewed, and valleys in which the softest of comforts may be found abound. And then, after having satisfied one's appetite with wholesome spring fruits in Louisiana, you may find a repetition here during the months of June and July, larded with the coolest of healthy breezes off the big lakes. Superior drives with splendid teams are not the least attractions, for horseflesh here is something the natives can brag of.

DON McPARIS.

Military Encampment.

The Fourth of July was celebrated in New Orleans and environs in a manner indicative that bygones are bygones, and that the era of good feeling is fast approaching, never, it is to be hoped, to depart again.

Among the many testimonials that holy remembrances of the Fourth of July yet live in the hearts of the American people, the most prominent was the military display at the Metairie Race Course.

The encampment of the First Regiment of Louisiana Militia commenced on Sunday last, and terminated on Tuesday, with a grand military display. We may remark that the men who encamped at the Metairie, as well as the men who, on the Fourth, took part in the military demonstration, are no "feather-bed soldiers," but men who, in field and flood, have experienced the stern realities of "grim-visaged war." They know all about the whizzing of a bullet fired in earnest—all about the headlong charge of cavalry, or the deadly effect of well served artillery. All this is over; at least as far as Uncle Sam's farm is concerned, and the gallant fellows whose bravery would do credit to any cause, will hereafter stand shoulder to shoulder against a common enemy should any arise.

There was a very large attendance of ladies and gentlemen at the Metairie Course during the latter part of the day to witness the dress parade, and unquestionably the pageant was worth seeing. There were at least a thousand men under arms, and as they formed for review not long before sundown, the effect was magnificent. The extreme right was occupied by Colonel Squires, with a battery of three twelve pounders and three artillery companies parading as infantry. Colonel Street's Crescent City Guards; the First Regiment of Infantry, commanded by Lieutenant Colonel Briggs; the Second Brigade, commanded by Colonel W. M. Owen; the Fifth Regiment, under command of Major Braughn; the whole force being reviewed by Major General Campbell and staff, among whom we noticed Colonel Mehle.

The military music at the review was splendid. In addition to the Berlin Cornet Band, the band of the Nineteenth Regiment of United States Infantry had been obtained, this band being stationed at the Barracks, under the charge of Drum Major Lee.

At the close of the review a grand salute was fired by Colonel Squires' artillery, and then the tents were struck, and the soldiers departed for peaceful homes.

After leaving the field, the command was escorted through the principal streets of the city, according to the programme designated in the REPUBLICAN of Tuesday morning, eliciting much admiration from the spectators.

Hibernia Benevolent Association.

The picnic of the Hibernia Association at the Oakland Course terminated on the evening of the Fourth of July, or, rather, on the morning of the fifth, for the boys kept it up tremendously; all the more so, no doubt, on account of the near neighborhood of the Metairie Course. After the review of the military and the breaking up of the camp, a great many of the boys forgot to go home, but happened into the Oakland Course, where there were unrivaled facilities for tripping the light fantastic toe, or treading the mazy.

There is no doubt that this picnic has been a grand success, and we may say without fear of contradiction that nowhere in the world could have been found an assemblage of several thousand happier people. The amusements were such as ought to suit every taste, intellectual as well as muscular. The whole passed off in the happiest manner, nothing occuring to mar the enjoyment.

Creole Fire Company No. 9, after indulging in a ball Monday night, dancing the third out and the Fourth of July in, came from Biloxi Tuesday evening on the last train of the New Orleans and Mobile railroad. They were welcomed by a delegation of firemen on their arrival at the Canal street depot and marched up Canal street, escorted by a torchlight procession. Among the interested parties who came up with the Nines were Justice Montamat, ex-Recorder Gastinel, District Attorney Luzenberg and Captain McCann. The gallant Nines had a good band of music with them.

The time is gradually drawing near when the next single number drawing of the Louisiana State Lottery will take place, and as there are quite a large number of fortunes in store for a large number of lucky individuals, it is well that all should know it in order that all may have an equal chance in the race for fortune. Next Saturday 440 prizes will be drawn in this lottery, amounting in the aggregate to over $280,000. A few dollars invested in tickets might prove a fortune to some individual who stands much in need of it.

The Fourth of July was a great day for the New Orleans and Mobile railroad. Heavy passenger trains went out at eleven and half-past two o'clock, but lighter at half-past five. The return trains came through on time, though some of them were so much crowded that there were not seats sufficient for all the passengers.

The thermometer yesterday morning at seven o'clock was 79° at New Orleans, 82° at Augusta, 84° at Charleston, 81° at Savannah, 78° at Cincinnati, 81° at Louisville, 74° at St. Louis, 78° at Nashville, 84° at Key West and 85° at Havana.

BY TELEGRAPH.

LATEST NEWS FROM ALL POINTS

REGULATIONS FOR FRUIT DISTILLATION

THE STATISTICS OF DISTILLERIES

DEFEAT OF WOMAN SUFFRAGE

CANAL BOTTOM FALLS OUT

FLOODING OF COAL MINES

SYMPATHY FOR A CUBAN INSURGENT

BROKER SENTENCED TO PENITENTIARY

Increase of President Thiers' Supporters

WILHELM VISITS THE CZAR

WASHINGTON.

New Regulations for Fruit Distillation—Favorable Fruit Distillation this Season—Grain and Molasses Distilleries—Woman Suffrage Defeated.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Brandy, in and out of bond, 263,000 gallons, of which but 101,000 gallons are the genuine product of fruit.

The new regulations for fruit distillation, nearly ready, show but few changes.

Information at the Revenue Department indicates favorable fruit distillation this season.

The reports received at the Internal Revenue office show that 192 grain and 7 molasses distilleries were in operation on the first instant, producing 180,839 gallons of spirits daily.

On the first of June last there were 214 distilleries in operation, producing 192,059 gallons per day, a decrease in the daily production since June 1 of 11,220 gallons per day. The decrease for the same period in 1869 was 47,971 gallons daily. Of the 192 distilleries in operation 29 are in Illinois, 19 in Indiana, 30 in Kentucky, 33 in Ohio and 30 in Pennsylvania.

The lower house of the Territorial Legislature defeated woman suffrage by a vote of 12 to 8.

NEW YORK.

Bottom of a Canal Falls Out—Coal Mines Flooded—Arrivals—Governments Very Strong—State Bonds Dull and Heavy—Broker Sentenced to Five Years in the Penitentiary—Charged with Defrauding—Prominent Wall street Operators Still Celebrating the Fourth.

NEW YORK, July 5.—The bottom of a canal near Wilkesbarre, Pennsylvania, fell out yesterday, draining the entire level and flooding the mines over which it was built. The holiday, fortunately, caused a desertion of the mines, otherwise the loss of life would have been fearful.

Arrived: Manhattan, Montgomery, San Salvador and Scotia. Arrived out: Caledonia.

Evening.—Money closed at 2@3. Sterling weaker at 10½@10⅝. Gold closed at 113⅜@113⅝. Governments very strong. Five twenties of 1862 115⅝. State bonds dull and heavy. Tennessees 72, new 71¾; Virginias 65, new 72½; Louisianas 68, new 62, levee sixes 71, eights 86; Alabamas 99, fives 69; Georgias 85, sevens 89; North Carolinas 26½, new 26; South Carolinas 52, new 53¼.

NEW YORK, July 5.—Several well known citizens of New York and Philadelphia are using their best efforts to save the life of General Frederici Canada, the Cuban general who was captured on the third instant by a Spanish gunboat. He was formerly lieutenant colonel of the One Hundred and Fourteenth Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers and was brevoted brigadier general.

A prominent gentleman has gone to Long Branch to request President Grant to direct Secretary Fish to intercede for Canada.

Freights to Liverpool are steady; per sail 7d and per steam for wheat 8½d.

William Okill, broker, convicted of receiving stolen bonds, has been sentenced to five years' imprisonment.

At the Jefferson Market Police Court this morning, Aaron Bradley, colored, Senator from Georgia, charged Samuel L. Harris, financial inspector of the National Freedmen's Saving and Trust Company of this city, with cheating him out of fifty dollars. Complainant stated as follows: On the seventeenth of June last he (Bradley) deposited one hundred and fifty dollars in the aforesaid bank, and subsequently, on looking back, Bradley discovered that there had been but one hundred dollars entered to his credit. Harris is held in five hundred dollars bail to answer the charge.

The prominent Wall street operators are still celebrating Fourth of July.

The main feature to-day was an advance of about one per cent on governments, attributed to the improvement in bonds abroad, and the easy settlements for the French loan. London has drawn largely on the Continent on French loan account, producing a marked decline in exchanges.

Money is a drug in London at 1@1½.

The ease in Continental centres continues.

Bonds: 1881, 115⅝; 1862, 114⅜; 1865, same; new, 113⅜; 1867, 113⅜; 1868, 113⅜; ten-forties, 112¼.

PARIS.

Thiers' Supporters Increased by the Elections—Courts Martial on the Tenth Instant—Permanent Camp at Satory—Compulsory Service in the Army.

PARIS, July 5.—The elections have increased Thiers' supporters fully.

The court martials meet here on the tenth.

A permanent camp will be soon established at Satory, replacing the camp of Chalons.

Count Palikao publishes a denial of General Trochu's charges relative to the course pursued by the count on the fourth of September.

He therein recites the details of the events of that time, and claims that he acted properly in all respects.

The *Presse* resumes publication to-morrow under arrangement with M. De La Guerronniere.

General Faidherbe has written a letter proposing a system of compulsory service for a term of two years in the army.

MADRID.

Discussion of the Budget in the Cortes.

MADRID, July 4.—The Cortes continues the discussion of the budget. Reports which have been circulated here of alleged disturbances in Havana are now ascertained to be wholly unfounded.

During the debates in the Cortes, Senor Nocedal took occasion to denounce, in very bitter terms, the occupation of Rome by King Victor Emanuel.

Senor Olozaga, in reply, protested against the expression of any opinion whatever on the subject by the Cortes.

VIENNA.

Passage of the Budget.

VIENNA, July 4.—The upper house of the Reichsrath has passed the budget.

PORTO RICO.

Election of Deputies to Spanish Cortes.

PORTO RICO, July 3, via Havana.—The election of deputies to the Spanish Cortes is now over, resulting in the Spanish conservative party electing Sanz, the ex-captain general of the island. He was their candidate at the capital. The radical party succeeded in electing fourteen members in some districts by immense majorities.

BERLIN.

Visit to the Czar at Ems.

BERLIN, July 5.—Wilhelm visits the Czar at Ems.

BASE BALL.

Eckfords and Mutuals and Eckfords and Forest City Club at New York—Kekiongas and Pastimes at Baltimore—Boston Red Stockings and Olympics at Cincinnati—White Stockings and Forest City Clubs at Chicago.

NEW YORK, July 5.—Yesterday the Eckfords, of Brooklyn, defeated the Mutuals by a score of 7 to 0.

To-day a most excited and closely contested game was played between the Eckfords and Forest City, of Cleveland, which resulted, after ten innings play, in a victory for the Eckfords by a score of 4 to 3. The following is the score by innings.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total.
Eckfords	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4
Forest City	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3

BALTIMORE, July 5.—The Kekiongas beat the Pastimes this afternoon by the following scorce:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Total.
Kekiongas	0	1	0	6	5	0	1	0	1	14
Pastimes	0	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	6

CINCINNATI, July 5.—The Boston Red Stockings beat the Olympics of Washington yesterday by a score of 7 to 3.

CHICAGO, July 5.—The White Stockings defeated the Forest City of Rockford yesterday by a score of 17 to 13.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Death of Dr. Neville. Once of New Orleans—Stables, Horses and a Man Burned—Long Branch Races—Claims Against Memphis and Pacific Railroad—Hearing Before Justice Bradley—No Demonstration in Salt Lake City on the Fourth—The Morman Militia Prevented from Parading—The Cape Island Yacht Race—Senator Conkling at Long Branch—Long Branch Steeple Chase.

HAMILTON, Canada, July 5.—Rev. Dr. Neville, rector of St. Thomas church, is dead. He was formerly stationed at New Orleans, Philadelphia and New York.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 5.—Lyons' stables, with a man and seven horses, was burned last night.

LONG BRANCH, July 5.—Second day—Malta won first, Wanderer won second, and Longfellow won third prize. Time, 4:41½.

NEWARK, July 5.—Justice Bradley, of the United States Supreme Court, has been hearing persons who hold claims against the Memphis and Pacific railroad, and who desire to share equally with the bondholders in the property of the road. Hearing has been adjourned to August 16.

SALT LAKE CITY, July 5.—There were no demonstrations on the fourth. Two companies of United States troops were in the city to prevent a parade of the Mormon militia.

CAPE ISLAND, New Jersey, July 5.—The yachts started from the United States steamer Pinto, which was anchored about a mile from the beach, in front of the Stockton Hotel, which had on board the regatta committee and invited guests. The judges are R. R. Owen, of United States navy, General E. Burd Grubb, of New York, and Charles Macalister, of Philadelphia. The steam yacht Mischief came up followed by the Sappho, Wanderer, Dauntless, Columbia and the others. On the signal being fired from a gun from the Pinto, the yachts got off in good shape. The wind being due southwest, the Dauntless, Sappho and Columbia immediately took the lead on a fair start.

The course as laid out is triangular, going easterly first to the light ship, thence northward to and around the buoy directly southward to point of starting. Distance thirty-five miles—considered four hours sailing, with good wind.

The contest will continue during the entire day. No conjecture can be formed definitely as to the result, both the Columbia and Vindex being the greatest favorites. Yet there appears to be little or no betting.

The wind was light, and at the starting a drifting race was anticipated. Great interest has been manifested in this race. The Vesper, not coming up for the start in time, has been ruled out of the regatta.

LONG BRANCH, July