NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN.

SINGLE COPIES: TEN CENTS. OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA. TERMS: $16 00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME V—NO. 100. NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, AUGUST 8, 1871. WHOLE NUMBER 1323.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND SACRED CONCERT
AT
ST. MARK'S CHURCH.
CORNER ST. CHARLES AND VALENCE STREETS,
Thursday Evening, August 10,
At eight o'clock.
TICKETS.....ONE DOLLAR.
au3

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERTS,
AT THE
MAGNOLIA GARDEN
(Bayou Bridge).
Every Wednesday and Sunday Afternoons.

THE BEST BRASS BAND IN AMERICA.

Admission free. Refreshments of all kinds furnished at reasonable rates.
je2 6m T. J. JUDT, Proprietor.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE NO. 117 COMMON street. Fixtures and counters for sale. au3 3t

FOR RENT—THE FINE STORE NO. 60 MAGAZINE street, between Natchez and Poydras. This store has a very fine yard attached to it and is an eligible location for the wholesale business. Possession on the first of October. For further particulars apply to E. CONERY,
jy26 3m Corner Canal and Delta streets.

ROOMS TO RENT—ONE OR TWO FINE, large, airy, comfortably Furnished Rooms can be had in a private family, with or without board, where the French and English languages are spoken, and free from the annoyance of children, by applying at No. 321 St. Ann street, corner of Derbigny. The cars pass within a few doors of the house. Terms very moderate. oc30

FOR SALE.

SAW MILL SITES.—CAPITALISTS AND lumber merchants can secure the best saw mill sites in the South, at the intersection of the New Orleans, Mobile and Texas railroad with Pearl river, by applying to the undersigned. The location is at the mouth of Pearl river, and saw mills would have splendid water communication with all markets on the gulf; a chance to run side tracks for railroad cars into the mill, and a never-ceasing supply of cypress and yellow pine logs by Pearl river and its tributaries.

Also—Sites for ship yards, shingle factories, wood yards, sash and blind factories, etc. A better opportunity for a substantial investment may not soon offer.

Titles perfect and fully guaranteed. Taxation in Hancock county is very light—about two and a quarter per cent on a nominal assessment.
F. HEIDERHOFF,
Gazette office, Bay St. Louis, Mississippi;
Or apply to C. M. SELPH,
At E. J. Hart & Co.'s, No. 77 Tchoupitoulas street.
au3

BUSINESS CARDS.

NOTICE.....NOTICE.
DR. O. ANFOUX
Has removed his office and residence to
No. 217 Canal street,
Near Rampart street.
Office hours 12 to 2 and 8 P. M. jy1 3mo

W. W. EASTHAM.....G. MORRIS.
EASTHAM & MORRIS,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
BRUSHES,
No. 15 UNION STREET, BOSTON. au

HARPER, GUTMAN & CO.,
Manufacturers of
WAGONS, CARTS, DRAYS, TIMBER WHEELS, WHEELBARROWS, ETC.,
Manufactory, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania.
Warehouse, No. 82 Carondelet street,
NEW ORLEANS.
ap15 8ak8m3m

C. MEHLE & CO.,
CHRIS. MEHLE, R. C. STEINBACK, J. DONALDSON,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
FOR THE
SALE OF LIVE STOCK,
Stock Landing, New Orleans.
jal 1y

EDWARD O'ROURKE,
Steam Boiler Manufacturer and Blacksmith, Nos. 133 and 135 Fulton and 213 New Levee streets, between St. Joseph and Julia streets. Residence No. 530 Clio street. Low Pressure, Locomotive, Flue and Cylinder Boilers; Clarifiers, Filters and Juice Boxes made at shortest notice; and all work done at this establishment will be guaranteed equal in point of workmanship and material to any in the city or elsewhere. je15 1y

H. SPILLMANN, MANUFACTURER
AND APPLIER OF THE BEST
Trusses, Braces and Abdominal Supporters
in America or elsewhere.

SEVEN DIPLOMAS awarded at the Louisiana State Fair, 1870.
THREE DIPLOMAS awarded at the late Texas State Fair, 1871.
I wish to inform the public that my patent truss, as well as my late patent abdominal supporter, has no equal, and both instruments have no springs, back pads or the horrible strape of some familiar instruments.
Practical mechanical experience of over thirty years will fully justify me in soliciting your patronage. A trial will convince you that humbug is outdone. H. SPILLMANN,
No. 80 Baronne street, between Perdido and Union, New Orleans. au3 3mo

C. F. HOLLE & CO.,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
81 Magazine street,
Between Poydras and Lafayette streets
NEW ORLEANS.
Dealers in all kinds of
WESTERN PRODUCE,
WINES AND LIQUORS.
Also, agents for the celebrated CINCINNATI LAGER BEER.
Liberal cash advances made on consignments.
no11 tf

CHARLES G. SCHULZE,
No. 66 Gravier Street, New Orleans.
Postoffice Box 1138.
Stereotype and Electrotyping,
Seal Press Engraving, Die Sinking, Stencil Cutting, Designing. Agency for the best Card and Cancelling Stamps, Red, Black and Blue Ink, Ribbons for Hand Stamps, Stencil Plates, etc. First premium for best Stereotype Plate at last Fair. jal4

S. GOLTMAN & CO.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
132.....St. James Street.....132
(Near the Ottawa Hotel),
MONTREAL, CANADA.
Suits or single garments made to order and sent to any part of the United States at very low prices. Send for fashion plates and price lists. au7 1y

W. W. SHARPE & CO.,
(OF THE LATE FIRM OF JOY, COE & CO.)
GENERAL ADVERTISING AGENTS,
Tribune Buildings,
oc31 NEW YORK.

JOHN RHEINTHAL,
CARRIAGE MAKER,
170.....Girod Street.....170
(Near St. Charles Street,)
NEW ORLEANS. ap23 1y

ECONOMY THE ROAD TO WEALTH.
HAVE YOUR OLD CLOTHES CLEANED AND THEY WILL LAST ANOTHER SEASON,
BY
J. JOLY,
TAILOR AND SCOURER,
514.....Camp Street.....514
(Near the Magazine Market.)
Suits of every description made to order.
au26 1y

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION.—THE FIRM OF OBER, ATwater & Co. is dissolved by expiration of copartnership. Either partner, or our successors, Ober, Edwards & Co., will sign the firm's name in liquidation. OBER, ATWATER & CO.
New Orleans, August 7, 1871.

COPARTNERSHIP.—ALBERT G. OBER AND William Edwards have formed a copartnership, and will continue the commission business as successors to Ober, Atwater & Co., under the firm style of OBER, EDWARDS & CO.
New Orleans, August 7, 1871. au8 6t

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO HOTELS, BOARDING-HOUSES,
HOUSEKEEPERS, LIVERY STABLE KEEPERS,
DAIRYMEN,
AND
To Owners of Horses, Mules and Cattle.

The Louisiana Fertilizer Manufacturing Company is now manufacturing its justly celebrated DISINFECTANT AND DEODORIZING POWDER, the most efficacious disinfecting agent and most potent deodorizer ever presented to the public, and the surest safeguard against all infectious diseases arising from foul localities and offensive odors, completely absorbing all poisonous gases within the reach of its influence, and driving away flies, bugs, ants, fleas, roaches and other insects and vermin.

This Disinfectant and Deodorizing Powder is put up in packages of two and a half and five pounds, at the low price of ten cents per pound, and will be found for sale at the following depots (others in addition will shortly be established, and the public duly notified): Jules Boulenger, corner Chartres and Ursulines; J. Beaufort, corner Royal and Hospital; R. F. Theurer, No. 16 Front Levee; F. Sancho, No. 229 Decatur street (Old Levee); R. Beltran, No. 101 Decatur street (Old Levee); N. Maritche, corner Ursulines and Burgundy; J. M. Lowenstein, No. 379½ Dryades street, and at the office of the company, No. 122 Carondelet street, up stairs.
au3 3t B. BLOOMFIELD, Secretary.

L. W. FILKINS HAVING RESIGNED his office as General Western Passenger Agent of the Providence and New York Steamship Company, all reports will be made to
Z. WILLIAMS, Treasurer,
au3 1t* Providence, Rhode Island.

NEW ORLEANS
FREE MEDICAL DISPENSARY,
Corner of Carondelet and Girod Streets.
Medicines will be given free of any charge to any person who can bring satisfactory proof that they are in indigent circumstances.
Free consultation every morning in the above office from eleven to twelve o'clock by any of the City Physicians.
au3 1m A. SHELLY, Public Dispenser.

THE GAS OF THE AGE.

The New Orleans Hydro-Carbon Gaslight Company.

This company has just completed a series of scientific experiments in the production of Hydro-Carbon Gas by "Sloper's patents," and can strongly recommend these machines as the simplest, cheapest and most substantial gas machines ever offered to the public, producing a gas five times the illuminating power of city gas, and at a much less cost. For churches, halls, sugar-houses and country towns this machine can not be surpassed.

Orders for machines left at the company's office, No. 5 Carondelet street, New Orleans, or with Messrs. Jockush & Co., bankers, Galveston, Texas, will meet with prompt attention.
J. M. WAGNER, President.
HENRY STERN, Secretary and Treasurer.
au4 6m

BANK OF LOUISIANA.
IN BANKRUPTCY.
Creditors of the Bank of Louisiana can prove their debts against said estate by calling at the office of C. S. Kellogg, Register in Bankruptcy, room No. 1 Customhouse Building. jy18 1m

MADAME BLACK, THE GREAT INDIAN Astrologist, is still at 191 Carondelet street, near Julia. She will disclose to you past, present and future events of your life, whether connected with marriage, business, etc. Has a sure remedy for rheumatism, and for reconciling estranged lovers. Satisfaction given or no pay. my4 1y

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THE honor to inform their friends and the public that they have opened a retail CIGAR BRANCH at the corner of Canal and Bourbon streets where the best brands of imported HAVANA CIGARS will always be found, as heretofore, at the lowest market prices. All Cigars fully guaranteed.
GONZALES BROS.
New Orleans, July 29, 1871. au3 5t

JOHN GRAYER,
Proprietor of Phœnix Stables and Undertaker, Nos. 35 and 37 Elysian Fields street, opposite Pontchartrain railroad, Third District, New Orleans. Carriages, Barouches, Buggies and Saddle Horses to hire. Horses bought, sold and kept on livery. Patent Metallic Burial Cases, Mahogany, Black Walnut and plain Coffins always on hand. Funerals attended to by the Proprietor, who hopes, by strict attention to business, to obtain a share of public patronage. jy28 1y

C. S. HUNT & CO.,
MACHINERY DEPOT,
No. 185 Gravier Street, New Orleans.
Manufacturers' Agents for
E. CARVER COMPANY'S CELEBRATED COTTON GINS AND LINTERS.
F AKE'S STEAM PUMPS,
Of all kinds.
Boston Machine Company's Engines; Portable and Stationary Boilers; the Baxter Portable Engines; Schaffer & Budenberg Steam Gauges; Coffin's Steam, Water and Gas Valves, Hydrants and Water Metres; Sturtevant's Pressure and Fan Blowers, Exhaust and Dryer Fans; Berryman's Automatic Boiler Feed Regulator and Low Water Alarm; Drake's, Evart's and Low's Automatic and Hand Feed Shingle Machines; Clark's Linen Hose, Hose Pipes, Couplings, etc.; New York Tap and Die Company's Screw Plates, Taps, Dies, Reamers, etc.; United States Standard Nut Company's Finished and Unfinished Nuts and Bolts; J. W. Mixter & Co.'s Saw Gummers, Upsets and Mill Picks; Selden's Steam Packing; Plymouth Mills Rivets; the Eagle Vise.
Plantation, Draining, Cotton, Iron, Wood-working and all kinds of Machinery, Belting, Shafting and Pulleys, on hand, or will be furnished at short notice, at Manufacturers' Prices.
ja28 8a Su Tuly

PACIFIC WINE COMPANY,
Organized for the sale of
PURE CALIFORNIA WINE AND BRANDY.
VINEYARDS IN ELDORADO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.
CHARLES B. PETTIT, Treasurer and Business Agent—Office and Salesrooms, No. 98 Camp street, New Orleans.

This company is composed of the owners of vineyards in the best grape district of California, who have formed an association for the purpose of selling their own Wines and Brandy.

The following list comprises a part of their products now ready for the market:

WHITE WINE,	ANGELICA,
RED WINE,	MUSCAT,
CLARET,	CATAWBA,
HOCK,	ISABELLA,
OLD MISSION,	SPARKLING,
SHERRY,	WINE BITTERS,
TOKAY,	GRAPE BRANDY,
PORT,	BRANDY BITTERS.

All their Wine and Brandy Warranted Strictly Pure.

Arrangements are now perfected for weekly shipments, direct from the vineyards, thus insuring a full and constant supply of these PURE AND DELICIOUS WINES.

Dealers, physicians and families are requested to call and examine in regard to quality and price.
All orders should be addressed,
PACIFIC WINE COMPANY,
mh19 6mo No. 98 Camp street, New Orleans.

WILLIAM PHILLIPS, UNION STABles, No. 189 Calliope, near St. Charles street, has every accommodation in the line of Pleasure and Family carriages, such as hacks, brettes, phaetons, buggies, etc., for the use of the public, and at rates to correspond with the stringency of the times. All hacking done below tariff rates. Orders for weddings, balls, picnics, races, etc., will be attended to so as to guarantee satisfaction. I am also prepared to hire vehicles (alone) to parties having their own horses. je16 1y

PELICAN FERTILIZER.
THE NEW ORLEANS SANITARY AND FERTILIZING COMPANY,
No. 12 Union Street, Up Stairs,
Have now ready for delivery their superior FERTILIZING COMPOUND, in quantities to suit purchasers. Certificates from well-known citizens characterize it as superior to Peruvian Guano, while it is sold at less than half the price, and has no disagreeable odor. Send for Circular.
Price of our Pelican No. 1.....$50 per ton
Price of our Pelican No. 2.....$45 per ton
Terms—Cash, or approved city acceptance, payable December 1, 1871.
Also, EARTH CLOSETS and COMMODES for sale. Samples to be seen and orders taken at the office.
fo13 1y

MEMORIAL ADDRESS.

Hon. S. S. Fish—Life and Character.

Delivered at Ames' Methodist Episcopal Church, August 6, 1871, by Rev. L. C. Matlack.

More than twenty years ago, I stood before a large audience in Williamson, Wayne county, New York, one Sabbath day. A crowd filled the house and swarmed around it. Among the outside worshipers I noticed a flaxen haired boy, whose riveted attention to my sermon led me to speak to him after the service closed. He was a stranger to me, but the timid, shrinking lad gave me his hand, and we were friends. To-night, in this far off southern city, I unite with you, my fellow citizens, in a testimony of respect and esteem for that lad, since, and until lately known as the Hon. S. S. Fish, late member of the Louisiana Senate.

Stephen Selby Fish was born July 12, 1837. Before the age of manhood he united with the Baptist church on profession of faith in Christ, and thus became a member of the church militant. Four years afterward he volunteered his services as a soldier in the Seventeenth New York Infantry, United States army, for two years, and served with the Army of the Potomac. One year after this he was admitted to the bar as counselor at law, in Rochester, New York. In 1865 he became a citizen of New Orleans, was admitted to the bar of Louisiana, and was, for a time, the law partner of Judge Dibble, now of the Eighth District Court. In November last he was elected a member of the Senate for the First (!) District, of Orleans parish, for four years. He was also appointed to the highly responsible post of secretary of the consolidated desk, which made him custodian of the bonds of the four corporations, now united. His ever faithful discharge of duty, and his fidelity to trust, were at once a demonstration of his virtue as a citizen, and of the wise choice of those he represented in public life.

Thus, in a brief paragraph, his short and honorable career as a public man is summed up. The indices thus given afford matter for more detailed remarks, to which I ask brief attention.

The period of his short career was crowded with events of immense importance, of which he was not an idle spectator. Ten years only measure the time from his enlistment as a private soldier in the Union army to the day of his death; then a Senator of a State whose secession, with other States, had periled that soldier's life in many a hard fought field. So wond pous are the compensations of an overruling Providence in the affairs of men. That he fairly won what he obtained, and deserved all the confidence his warmest friends placed in him, will be manifest by reviewing his personal character.

He was from early life a purely virtuous and truly pious person. Although deprived of a mother's care in early childhood, he had one of those precious dispensations of God's goodness, known as a pious grandmother. She was a personal acquaintance and friend of mine. Her impress was very distinctly made upon his youthful mind.

After he united with the Baptist church in Williamson, New York, he never forfeited or removed his church relation. Coming to New Orleans, he was identified with, but not a member of the Coliseum congregation, while under the care of the lamented Jotham Horton, who was, with himself, a victim of the July massacre of 1866. But the subsequent reorganization of that church was upon a basis which Mr. Fish did not approve, and he never removed to it his membership from the North. With true liberty of Christian fellowship, and from a preference for that which is loyal and true, through evil and good report, he presented himself publicly at this altar during my pastorate, and as a Baptist asked to be taken under Methodist watchcare. Regularly thereafter he communed with us as a Christian brother. And when he died, two church records lost a name, while Paradise won a soul which had been tried as by fire, and purified by Him who sitteth as a refiner and purifier of silver.

He was a patriot and a soldier of disinterested devotion and unflinching courage. Forever blessed, of perpetual dominion, and gloriously immortal, is that nation whose sons by the million answer promptly the stern call of duty, and bare their backs to the burden and their breasts to the flaming hail storm of battle. And such a nation is America. For every one of her hundreds of thousands now dead on the field cheerfully said, by their voluntary sacrifice, "it is expedient for us that we should die for the people that the whole nation perish not."

And the most unselfish devotion is that exhibited by a private soldier, who has little or no opportunity for becoming distinguished, and yet bears the knapsack for years, and moves cheerfully on in the ranks. These are the unnamed demi-gods of our nation. Revering the fabled story of the mother bird who plucked out her own blood for her brood, these children of the country fed their mother with their health and strength and life, and renewed her vital power.

It was my fortune, the first year of my army life, to have encamped on the same fields, and to be marshaled in the same lines of battle where Selby Fish bravely bore his part. I know the wretchedness of the camping grounds near Alexandria, Virginia, from which he was borne away to the hospital, and suffered an exhaustive typhoid fever for weeks. You who have seen him with slight, trembling form, slow and painful step, pale face and ashen lips, parted so piteously to speak even in whisper tones, would not have known the brave young soldier when he laid himself upon the altar of his country. His vigorous, stalwart frame was clothed with rugged muscle, weighing one hundred and seventy-five pounds, and gave promise of three score years and ten. Yet he died at thirty-four. More than half a life time was the tax he paid toward the freedom we enjoy to-night.

His regiment and mine both passed through the dark, disastrous campaign on the Peninsula. We groveled for weeks in the mud of Chickahominy, wasted months of precious time in building useless works, lost fearfully in well fought battles and badly planned retreats around Richmond, and then left ingloriously from Harrison's Landing to await the "coming man" who should lead the Union arms to glorious victory. But no better fighting men were ever formed in line of battle than Selby Fish and his comrades were of the Potomac army.

He was an early, unselfish and constant friend of the slave. Excuse a personal allusion. Thirty years ago this winter I became editor of the first anti-slavery paper for children published in this country. For twenty-five years I was known to thousands of the little ones of the North and West as "Uncle Lucius." An entire generation of them grew to manhood and womanhood, under my training while readers of the *Juvenile Instructor*. And they were abolitionists of the most radical type. Stories and pictures about slavery were freely interspersed with other matter suited to the minds of children in a land which had been consecrated to freedom, although peopled with slaves. As one of my first and constant readers, his sympathies were spontaneous and enduring.

When war followed swiftly on the heels of rebellion, no abolitionist doubted whereunto it would culminate. The freedom of the slave was a foregone conclusion. And whatever others did, and for what others may say—but this we say for each other, as survivors who stand beside the graves of those who have gone before—the battle hymn of the republic was our favorite song. Whether on the field after a day of victory, or in Libby Prison with Chaplain McCabe, we sang in full chorus—

"I have read a fiery gospel writ in burnished rows of steel,
As ye deal with my contemners, so with you my grace shall deal;
Let the hero born of woman crush the serpent with his heel,
Since God is marching on.

For—

"In the beauty of the lilies Christ was born across the sea,
With a glory in his bosom that transfigures you and me;
As he died to make men holy, let us die to make men free!
While God is marching on."

When Selby Fish fixed his domicile in New Orleans, he did not bate his breath, nor conceal his sympathies, as crowds of Northern men do here. These are self-seekers wholly. "The fact is," say they unblushingly, "we come here to make money." And any word, or act of independence, benevolence, or religious duty, that can be traded away for a dollar, they give or withhold, with degrading servility, at the bidding of the Southern masters of trade and commerce. Poor, mean slaves are they who wear chains of their own forging, when they might be free! Not so did Stephen Selby Fish. Baptist though he was, and, therefore, within reach of strong backers and patrons, if he would be prudent, in the perverted sense of popular usage, he was yet guilty of the very marked imprudence of being a worshiper here, and a supporter of Ames' Methodist Episcopal Church. Scores of Northern Methodists, who are clamorous friends of the African, where there are few or none, are as silent and cautious as mice in New Orleans. The spies who look in at these doors, to report who are to be put on the black list of Southern tradespeople, will never find them here. They are too prudent for that.

Every time that calm face and tottering step was seen coming up these aisles, it was an utterance of eloquent and scathing rebuke to time-seving Northern Methodists in New Orleans, who, for the sake of gain, forgot the mother who gave them birth, and disowned their prethren of the same homestead born. But that coming to this house of prayer was more than a rebuke. It was a noble self-assertion; it proclaimed a will; it declared a changeless purpose. Behind that physical frailty was the mental and moral strength of matured manhood.

Stop that man! Try to bind him! Turn him back from his chosen path! Ahah! he is more than a match for any arm of flesh or the hosts of hell! Truth and right crown a single man with God's omnipotence.

Follow him to his office; note the business documents filed by the poor people, whose ignorance of law was offset by the services he cheerfully and gratuitously rendered. See how naturally they turn their steps to his desk. These are to-day the living witnesses of his unselfish and constant friendship. And their choice of him as a Senator for four years from last November shows that they knew who their friend was. Sorry are they, and we share that sorrow, that he has not lived to serve them during that full term of office.

He was a victim finally of that malice, cowardice and treachery which constitute a fiendish trio only born of the demon slavery. The written and unwritten history of July 30, 1866, in this city, we will not now unfold. But this must be said: a cold blooded massacre of free, unoffending citizens was perpetrated by the neglect of the military and by the connivance, if not command, of the civil powers. And men known, whose hands are red as Cain's with the blood of their brothers, walk our streets unchallenged and without fear of punishment.

Among the victims not instantly killed, but wounded severely, was Stephen Selby Fish. He was not a member of the doomed convention, but being known, was none the less a target for the assassin's fire. On the banquet, outside the Mechanics' Inntitute, he received three successive balls. His head, his arm and chest were wounded. Each shot was from behind. Even an unarmed man could not be faced by an armed coward.

The last bullet entered the flesh below the shoulder blade, and buried itself near the vital organs. Every step of his pathway since has been accompanied with the conscious presence of a hidden foe to life, that bit him as with the poison of asps and plagued him as with the sting of a viper. And that deadly bullet, which eluded the surgeon's scalpel and could not be found, will only be discovered by the unerring finger of decay among the handful of dust to which all human dust finally returns.

His memory will be perpetuated as a precious thing by the affectionate family circle, whose members live to sweep over his grave. First of these is the beautiful widowed bride, to whom he was married at Marion, New York, in October, 1870. She is not here. On the twenty-first of June last they were accompanied by his brother, Carlton, to Williamson, New York. There, in his father's house, he died, on the eighth day of July. From there Mrs. Josephine G. Eish (formerly Miss Eddy) went out a widow, to her own father's house, only six miles away. Eight months before the bridal morning dawned upon her where now she sits overwhelmed with sorrow for the loved and lost.

His brother, Carlton, who is present, one of eight surviving children of the same father—recalls, beside the usual touching memories of a kinsman, those stronger ties which loving comrades in the army cherished for each other; for they were both soldier brothers and brother soldiers in the Union army.

Nor are the kindly memories of his uncle and aunt, whose family tree sheltered their brother's son for years, less holy, or endearing. Theirs is the privilege to recall the presence and movements of one of God's dear children who was attached only to the things that are true and pure and lovely, and of good report. Longer than the evergreen of their own garden will his memory perpetuate its fragrance and freshness in the sanctuary of their hearts.

Public men, fellow members of the bar, or his associates in the State Senate, will not dismiss him hastily from their friendly recollections. While yet you think of him, permit this lesson to be suggested: You may live as legislators, or as magistrates, you must die as men. The soul, in its spiritual, mysterious, and deathless affinities, must treat with God alone. Each single soul must become adjusted in perfect harmony with the one living and true God. Then, eternity will be peace, at home in heaven. This adjustment with God, by faith in the Lord Jesus Christ, your late honored associate made early in life. May you all, who hear me this hour, die the death of the righteous, and may your last end be like his.

Election Returns.

At the election held yesterday for delegates to the State Convention, the following returns have been reported by the commissioners:

First Ward—Thomas Isabelle and J. P. Murphy, elected.

Second Ward—Henry C. Dibble, 1269; C. F. Glaudin, 1271.

Third Ward—P. Creagh, Dr. A. W. Smith, A. Cartwright.

Fourth Ward—P. B. S Pinchback, elected.

Fifth Ward—E. Aleix, Philip Montane, H. Reis, all elected.

Sixth Ward—Hugh J. Campbell.

Eighth Ward—E. V. Leclerc elected.

Ninth Ward—William C. Kinsella and David Douglas elected.

Tenth Ward—H. C. Warmoth and E. P. Ducloslange were elected delegates by a handsome majority. Before proceeding to count the votes in this ward, the commissioners of election, in a loud, clear voice, invited any gentlemen present who felt an interest in the result, or who desired to witness the count, to come into the room where the ballot-box was to be opened. One gentleman, only, responded.

Eleventh Ward—Edward Williams, 321; F. J. Herron, 220; William Wright, 173; Robert West, 86; scattering, 4.

Twelfth Ward—W. G. McConnell elected.

Thirteenth Ward—C. B. Augustus elected.

Fourteenth Ward—W. R. Fish elected—no contest.

We are indebted to Colonel A. S. Badger, Superintendent of Police, for the following returns by telegraph:

Twelfth Ward—McConnell, 400; Bruce, 13.

Ninth Ward—The following gentlemen were elected: Louis Chenau, 923; Daniel Douglas, 923.

Fifteenth Ward—C. B. Augustus, 118; Job Gould, 116; Boutte, 60.

The following is the result of the election in the Fourth Ward mother club: P. B. S. Pinchback, 330; F. McK. Dunn, 129.

In the Fifth Ward regular mother club administration ticket, 1415; opposition 5.

In the Fifth Ward bogus mother club, administration ticket, 35; opposition, 1042.

In the Sixth Ward regular mother club, Hugh J. Campbell, 827; A. L. Young, 5.

In the Sixth Ward bogus mother club, A. L. Young, 471; Hugh J. Campbell, 8.

First Ward, corner of White and Melpomene streets, 237.

Second Ward, Geddes Hall, Dibble 1269, and Glaudin 1271; Erato street poll, Customhouse ticket 180; Magnolia bridge 226.

Seventh Ward—The following gentlemen were elected: H. L. Rey, 1473; W. J. Moore, 1454; P. Griffin, 1470. The following alternates were elected: J. B. Jourdain, 1470; C. Banks, 1466; E. Duissiau, 1465.

Fifteenth Ward—The following is the vote of this precinct: Poll No. 1, A. Jackson, C. P. Ames and D. Mason, 778; S. B. Packard, A. Dumont and E. Jones, 35. Poll No. 2, A. Jackson, C. P. Ames and D. Mason, 197; S. B. Packard, A. Dunhont and E. Jones, 4. Poll No. 3, A. Jackson, C. P. Ames and D. Mason, 150; S. B. Packard, A. Dumont and E. Jones, none.

Meeting of the Parish Committee.

By a notice in another column it will be seen that the Parish Executive Committee meets to-day, at twelve o'clock M., in the hall of the House of Representatives, Mechanics' Institute. Every member of the committee should be present, as we understand there is important business to be transacted.

Regatta at Bay St. Louis.

The following is the result of the yacht race at Bay St. Louis yesterday:

FIRST CLASS.

Limnas, 27 feet 5 inches, owned by H. Rareshide, sailed by A. Hawley	2	24	14
Matilda, 27 feet 3 inches, owned and sailed by A. Brewster	2	23	18

SECOND CLASS.

Domino, 21 feet 7 inches, owned by M. O. Tracy, sailed by J. Gartril	2	38	1
Nameless, 17 feet 11 inches, owned by Hayward, sailed by Martin Green	4	43	00
Minnie, 17 feet 8 inches, owned by M. L. Ridgeway, sailed by Ridgeway	4	10	¾
Corinne, 17 feet 11 inches, owned by J. Carney, sailed by Carney	4	5	00

THIRD CLASS.

Annie, 16 feet 9 inches, owned and sailed by E. J. O'Brien	4	23	15
Sarah, 16 feet 1 inch, owned and sailed by J. McNeil	4	36	15
Alpha, 16 feet 11½ inches, owned by A. Brewster, sailed by R. Brewster	4	59	15

Delegates from Natchitoches.

We learn from a certified copy of the proceedings of a meeting of the Central Executive Committee that Messrs. Raford Blunt, H. Raby and Mr. M. P. Blackstone were, on the fifteenth of July, elected delegates to the State Convention. Messrs. Blackstone and Blunt paid us a visit yesterday, and favored us with a copy of the proceedings certified by the secretary, Mr. John G. Lewis.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.—See special notice column, Nos. 63, 64 and 65—death of N. J. Thaxton, Elizabeth Carraffa and Joseph A. Celles, payable at the office of the Mutual Aid and Benevolent Life Insurance Association of Louisiana, No. 120 Carondelet street.

A lady living in Lyndon, Vermont, who lost her husband in the late war, had an offer of marriage from a man who lost his wife by divorce. She answered: "The Lord parted me and my husband, but your own devilish actions parted you and your wife; and if you want another one you must go to the devil for her, for I won't have you."

BY TELEGRAPH.

LATEST NEWS FROM ALL POINTS

GRANT AND SHERMAN AT WASHINGTON

CLASSIFYING PATENT SUBJECTS

Steering Apparatus Patented

PARADE OF GERMAN TURNERS

ORATION AND A SHAM FIGHT

KENTUCKY STATE ELECTION

LARGE REPUBLICAN GAINS

WASHINGTON.

Return of General Sherman—The Nipsic at Pensacola—President Grant at Washington—New Orleans News via Washington—Steamboat Clearances—Simplified Classification of Patents—Cabinet Meeting To-Day.

WASHINGTON, August 7.—General Sherman has returned.

The Nipsic arrived at Pensacola from a cruise on the Mexican coast. No news. All well.

Postmaster General Creswell is here.

President Grant is here to close out the Boutwell-Pleasonton imbroglio.

George H. Stone has been appointed Deputy Collector of the port of Savannah.

Boats conveying foreign merchandise between New Orleans and St. Louis, under the regulations of May 9, 1871, are not governed, as respect clearance and manifests, by the act of February 18, 1793, nor the act of March 2, 1871.

The Commissioner of Patents has had prepared, for the convenience of inventors and as a means of facilitating the business of his bureau, a simplified classification of the subject matter of patents issued. The classes number one hundred and twenty-eight, in which are grouped all cognate articles, inventions and processes.

The Commissioner will hereafter send to persons desiring them, copies of the specifications and drawings of all the patents issued in any designated class, commencing with July 1, 1871, and continuing until, at ten cents per patent, the amount shall equal the sum of money inclosed to him.

There will be a full cabinet meeting tomorrow, excepting Fish.

Dr. E. A. Drew has secured a patent for his steering apparatus. The invention is regarded as valuable.

Pleasonton's friends are making tremendous efforts in his behalf, but his early displacement is almost certain.

NEW YORK.

Slight Accident on the Erie—Chamber of Commerce and the Mayor and Controller—Parade of German Turners—Sham Fight and Social Reunion—Another Victim of the Westfield—Ninety-Five Dead—Texas Troops on an Indian Hunt—A Fruit Dealer Pounded and Stabbed—Embezzlement—Governments Quiet—Southerns Dull.

NEW YORK, August 7.—The Eastern bound express on the Erie road had a narrow escape from total destruction, yesterday, from a displaced switch, at Shohala, Pennsylvania. The engine, baggage cars and two sleeping coaches diverged from the track; but, owing to the watchfulness of the engineer, who, seeing the trouble, slacked speed. No person was injured, and the damage to the rolling stock slight.

Mr. Opdyke, vice president of the Chamber of Commerce, will reply to the mayor and controller to-morrow. He will, of course, strictly obey the by-laws of the chamber, but, in consequence of the absence of a majority of the members, he believes a full expression of the views of the board could not be obtained.

Five thousand German Turners paraded in Williamsburg to-day, and proceeded to Myrtle Avenue Park, where a grand banquet was given. Salomon Spitzen delivered an oration, in which he congratulated the guests upon the victories achieved in Germany.

In the evening there was a sham fight, and at night a general social reunion in Turners' Hall.

At the investigation into the causes which led to the Westfield disaster, John C. Batterstall, of the Pennsylvania iron works, testified that he found a crack in the external shell of the boiler, which must have been caused in rolling. He could not say whether the inspectors could see it, but thinks the inspectors would not be likely to see it without a microscope.

John Finn, editor of the *Technologist*, an engineering magazine, did not discover any crack in the boiler; thinks the steam ran up rapidly, and the explosion took place at not less than forty pounds pressure.

Alexander D. Douglass, chief engineer of the steamship Huntsville, once inspector of boilers, found no sign of a crack or flaw, and believes the explosion occurred at fifty pounds pressure, the gauge probably having got out of order.

J. H. Strong, lighthouse inspector, testified that three weeks ago he went down to Staten Island on a boat, he can not remember whether it was the Westfield or not. Five minutes before starting, seeing no one in the engine room, he glanced up at the steam gauge and noticed that the steam was rising and the valve not up. He told one of the hands to look out or they would have a blow up. The inspectors hope to conclude the investiflation at to-morrow's session.

Charles Brumer, a respectable fruit dealer, was pounded by Michael Coburn, a brother of Joe Coburn, and afterward stabbed by John Saunders.

George C. Tick, cashier of William Knabe & Co., is held in $20,000 bail for embezzlement.

Evening—Money closed unchanged. Sterling weak. Gold 112¼@112⅜. Governments quiet and firm. Sixes of 1881 advanced ⅜. Tennessees, new, and South Carolinas very active and strong. Others dull. Tennessees 75⅛, new 75; Virginias 64⅛, new 72; Louisiana sixes 65, new 61, levee sixes 69, eights 83; Alabama eights 99½, fives 67; Georgia sixes 82, sevens 92; North Carolinas 45; new 25; South Carolinas 72, new 57½.

Sixes of 1881 116½; five-twenties of 1862 114½; 64s 113¾; 65s 114⅛, new 112¾; 67s 113¼; 68s 113¼; ten-forties 113¼.

Richard Moore, another of the Westfield victims, died to-day, making the number of deaths ninety-five.

A Texas letter says the army in Texas, cavalry and infantry, to the extent of several thousand, take up their line of march August 15, with a view to concentration at the head of Wachita mountains, from whence, under Colonel McKenzie, they proceed to the chastisement of the Comanches and Washita Indians. The troops, exasperated by the treatment of their last associates, go for extermination.

KENTUCKY.

The Election Yesterday—Heavy Republican Gains.

LOUISVILLE, August 7, Noon.—The election thus far shows heavy Republican gains. In Frankfort, Leslie has 590 and Harlan 690. The report of the election in Danville up to noon gives Leslie 363, Harlan 582. For representative, Haskins (Democrat) 393, Barkley (Radical) 558.

LONDON.

Critical Condition of Affairs in Algeria.

LONDON, August 7.—The Paris journals say the condition of affairs in Algeria is still critical. Some of the commanders there refuse to obey orders, and the general commanding threatens to resign.

BASE BALL.

Boston Nine and Athletics at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., August 7.—Harry Wright's Boston Nine defeated the Athletics of this city, this afternoon, by a score of twenty-three to seven. The following is the score by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Total
Boston	2	3	5	0	3	0	6	0	4	23
Athletics	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	7

MISCELLANEOUS.

Towboat Sunk—Two Lives Lost—Destructive Hail in Wisconsin—Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars Damages—First New Cotton at Savannah—Flouring Mill Explosion.

CINCINNATI, August 7.—A small towboat struck a hidden object below here, and sunk, drowning the mate and chambermaid.

SAVANNAH, August 7.—The first bale of new cotton was to-day sold for thirty cents a pound.

CHICAGO, August 7.—Two and a half inches of hail fell over Albion, Wisconsin, to-day, inflicting damages to the amount of $250,000.

ST. LOUIS, August 7.—The Yaeger flouring mill exploded to-day, killing two persons.

SAVANNAH, August 7.—An excursion party on the Savannah, Seaboard and Skidaway railroad took possession of the cars. After cutting loose two of the cars, near Sandfly station, they commenced fighting among themselves. One man is re