[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

valley to the Atlantic and gulf. It has risen on Lake Superior. Northerly winds have, during the day, spread from the latter southwest to the Ohio and Missouri rivers. Southwesterly winds now prevail in the Middle and Eastern States; light east winds in the Gulf States. Smoke and haze continue on lakes Erie and Ontario. Clondy weather has partially broken away in Pennsylvania and New York, with light local rains. An area of rain and cloud has extended during the day from Missouri and Louisiana to Eastern Kentucky. It is now clearing on the coast of Texas.

PROBABILITIES.

Rising barometer, with partially cloudy and clear weather, will probably continue on Thursday from Wisconsin north and west. Falling barometer, with cloud and rain, will probably extend northeastward to the lower lakes and New York, and the conditions remain favorable for local rains from Virginia to Florida.

River Intelligence.

SOUTHWEST PASS, September 13, 6 P. M.—Barometer 30:15. Wind east, fresh. No arrivals or departures.

VICKSBURG, September 13.—Passed up: Shannon at twelve o'clock last night. Weather warm and cloudy, and the river is falling.

MEMPHIS, September 13.—Weather rainy, and river falling, navigation both above and below being very difficult. Passed up: Turner and City of Alton. Passed down: Dictator and barges, and May Lowrie.

ST. LOUIS, September 13.—Arrived: Fannie Lewis, Cambridge, Glencoe, M. J. Wicks, Andy Johnson and Pauline Carroll from New Orleans. Departed: S. S. Merrill, St. Paul and Grand Tower for Memphis, and Tom Jasper for New Orleans. River stationary. Weather cloudy and rain is probable.

CINCINNATI, September 13.—River five feet. It has been raining since four o'clock.

LOUISVILLE, September 13.—Arrived: Rose Hite from Henderson. Departed: Palestine for Henderson, Leclare No. 2 for Evansville, Eddyville for Cairo. River falling, with four feet in the canal and seventeen inches in the chute. Rained nearly all day.

MARKETS.

Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 13.—Sales of future cotton to-day 7300 bales; September 20¼c; October 19⅝ @19¾c; November 19½ @19⅝c; December 19½ @19 9-16c. Cotton strong and demand fair: sales of 3337 bales; uplands 21⅛c; Orleans 21½c. Flour: Southern a shade firmer. Whisky quiet at 92½c. Wheat 1@2c better, with a fair demand: winter red and Western $1 53@1 57. Corn firmer and unsettled at 71@72c. Rice steady at 8¾@9¾c. Pork lower at $13 75. Lard heavy: kettle 9⅝c. Rosin quiet and weak. Freights very firm.

The market for leather has been more active and unchanged; hemlock sole Buenos Ayres and Rio Grande light middle and heavy weight 26@29c; California ditto 25@28c; Orinoceo ditto 24½@27½c. Wool quiet and firm: Ohio 60c, pulled 60@65c, tubbed 71@73, unwashed 50c, spring clip California 38½@42c. Coffee very firm; Rio 15@18c. Sugar firm; fair to good running 9⅜@9¾; Cuba 8¾@10¼. Molasses nominal; Cuba muscovado 33@40c. Beef quiet; $7@11 for plain mess, $11@14 for extra mess.

LOUISVILLE, September 13.—Bagging 18@19c. Cotton: middling 20c. Flour $5 75. Provisions in fair demand at yesterday's quotations. Whisky 91c. Tobacco: sales 150 hhds; 7@8c for common to good lugs.

CINCINNATI, September 13.—Cotton: Middling 19@19½c. Flour: Family $5 75@6. Wheat $1 20@1 22. Corn steady at 52c. Rye 65@68c. Oats steady. Mess pork $12 50. Lard 9@9¼c. Bulk meats: Shoulders 5¾c; rough sides 6c; clear rib 7@7¼c; clear sides 7⅝@7¾c. Hams: Sugar-cured 13@15½c.

ST. LOUIS, September 13.—Cotton 19@19½c. Flour $4 10@4 25. Wheat: No. 3 red $1 17@1 20. Corn 45c. Oats 32@40c. Barley 60@65c. Rye 62c. Highwines 89c. Mess pork $13@13 50. Bacon: shoulders 7c; clear rib 7½c; clear sides 8c. Lard 9¼@9½c.

Foreign Markets.

PARIS, September 13.—Bourse closed flat. Rentes 57f 60c.

LONDON, September 13.—Common rosin 8s 3d. Turpentine 37s.

LIVERPOOL, September 13.—Cotton closed firm. Lard 44s 9d. Cumberland cut 33s. Tallow 43@44s 6d. Short middles 36s. Common rosin 8s 6d.

[Yesterday's Evening Dispatches.]

NEW YORK, September 13.—The *Sun* reports intense excitement in postoffice circles over an alleged defalcation in the money order department.

The *Sun's* article mentions the name of John W. Norton, and places the swindle at from $100,000 to $150,000. Norton, however, being a man of wealth, compounded with the government and resigned.

John Moore, a clerk, who was detected opening letters, and held in $10,000 bail, has been in the postoffice twenty-five years and owns valuable property. Other employes are suspected of similar crimes.

CINCINNATI, September 13.—Eleven thousand persons attended the Exposition today. New England and the South contribute the largest part of the fabrics, Georgia and South Carolina furnishing the greater portion.

North Carolina and Tennessee are both represented. Georgia sends sheetings, ticking, osnaburgs and warp.

LEXINGTON, Ky., September 13.—Longfellow beat Pilgrim in two mile heats today. Time: 3:38¾, 3:34¼.

Planet won the dash of three-quarters of a mile in 1:18¼.

LONDON, September 13.—Professor Robert Bentley, publisher of the *Temple Bar*, is dead.

There was enormous betting on the great Doncaster St. Leger race to-day.

Rothschild's filly Nanna won the Doncaster St. Leger, Albert Victor second, Ringwood third.

The Mont Cenis tunnel was opened today, and a train passed through it without delay.

BUCHAREST, September 13.—It is reported that the Jews had sacrificed a Christian child, and that the government promptly interfered and arrested the leader. An attempt was made to renew the disturbance.

VERSAILLES, September 13.—A committee of the Assembly have agreed to report in favor of a recess.

Theirs' message to the Assembly urges the adoption of a provisional increase of the taxes.

He regrets the weariness of the members and the approaching vacation. Thinks it best that the chamber separate and reassemble on the same day. He relies on the patriotism of the country to preserve perfect tranquillity, which France needs to revive her credit.

M. De Tocqueville, a nephew of the late statesman, will probably be appointed French minister to Washington.

Duel in Shreveport—Four Shots Exchanged—Nobody Hurt

[From the Shreveport Gazette.]

Our city was somewhat excited on Sunday morning, the third instant, by a duel being fought on the opposite bank of the river. The facts in the case we will briefly narrate, as they have come to our knowledge. Early Sunday morning the rumor was rife on our streets that a difficulty had occurred the night previous between Mr. Ned Phelps and Mr. Charles E. Hughes, comparatively new citizens of the place. What the point of difference was, or what the provocation, we have not been able to learn, but a blow on the cheek was struck and prompt demand for the satisfaction usual among gentlemen when the insult direct is given followed. Early on the next morning the necessary and preliminary arrangements were effected through the services of their respective friends—Mr. J. H. Boothe acting for Mr. Ned Phelps, and Mr. Andy Currie for Mr. Hughes. At ten o'clock, accompanied by a few friends, the parties crossed the river in skiffs, and the ground stepped off, the weapons charged and all things pronounced ready, when the principals took their respective positions, the word was given, and each fired two shots, as was the understanding, with six-shooters, at twenty paces. Neither shot took effect, though both did good shooting, the balls whistling in remarkably close proximity to the ears of the opponents. Through the intervention of mutual friends the difference was then amicably adjusted and the matter ended.

There was considerable interest manifested, and eye witnesses speak of the coolness and nerve of both parties when looking down the charged muzzles of the death dealing weapons.

We are pleased to state that there was no blood shed.

A Mississippi Murderer—Scott Herring.

[From the Jackson Pilot.]

It being customary in these times to interview celebrated and remarkable persons, whether they be warriors, statesmen, or criminals, a *Pilot* reporter, through the courtesy of deputy sheriff Massie, was "put in jail" and had a talk with the murderer whose name heads this article. We found him lying on a pallet in the second story of the jail building, and he was complaining that he suffered a great deal of pain from the wound in his thigh. As the criminal's statement can not be used either for or against him, we give his version of the affair. Scott says that on the day of the killing he was driving an ox team, loaded with lumber from Mr. Herring's saw mill; that the oxen were not going in the right direction and Mr. Herring gave him some orders in respect to the way he should drive them; that he obeyed Mr. Herring's directions, but the oxen being contrary he commenced cursing them; that Mr. Herring came up to him and asked him what he was cursing about, and he replied that he was not cursing him (Mr. Herring) but the oxen; that Mr. Herring became incensed and took hold of him by the neck and commenced choking him; that he told Mr. Herring to let him go, but Mr. Herring not doing so, he grasped him by the collar and whiskers; that Mr. Herring then tried to get a firmer hold on his neck, but in doing so his hand slipped, and Scott caught his thumb in his mouth between his teeth; that Mr. Herring told him to release his thumb, but he would not do so unless Mr. Herring would agree to let him alone; but that finally he let go and ran off toward the ferry, which was near by; that Mr. Herring then went to the building and got his gun, and he and William Herring, also with a gun, followed him to the ferry; that he ran into the woods and remained some time, when the ferryman calling him he returned, supposing that the Herrings had left; but that as soon as he got there Mr. John Herring called to him that he was going to arrest him, and that he must give up or be shot; that John Herring laid down his gun and went up to him, directing William to shoot him if he made any resistance. Scott says that he told Mr. Herring he would give up and go with him, but that as soon as John Herring took hold of him he threw him down and began choking him, and William Herring also laid down his gun and took hold of his hands and drew his arms above his head, as if to tie them, but that he drew himself up and wrenched or squirmed loose, and getting his right hand free, put it in his pocket, drew out a clasp-knife, opened it, and commenced cutting about promiscuously, until he was released, when he got up and ran; that he did not know he had mortally wounded the two men; that he looked around and saw William Herring walking up the hill and John Herring in the act of firing; that he ran for about half a mile when the pain in his thigh from the shot caused him to stop; that he did the cutting while he was down, and the Herrings had hold of him. Scott says he was raised by Herring; had belonged to him as a slave; that he was generally a good master, but was easily excited and disposed to quarrel. Scott was struck on the side of the left thigh with fifteen or twenty squirrel shot, and in the left arm and hand with several more, producing painful but by no means serious wounds, as the shot are all scattered. He says he is about twenty years old. He is apparently five feet five or six inches in height, and weighs about 135 pounds; of a brown, rusty color; is wiry and active, and, to use a common expression, "as hard as a pine-knot."

He is ordinarily intelligent, yet seems to have no idea of the magnitude and horror of the crime he has committed, but is solicitous about his wound, and expressed the wish that he was down in Rankin county where his mother lives, so that she could attend to him. His features are heavy, eyes dull, upper front teeth prominent, nose "pug;" altogether, a countenance in which, as the phrenologists say, the animal features predominate. His expression is sinister, and in looking at him one would not care to trust him. Scott says that he is not quarrelsome, and never hurt any one seriously before. That he had a fight with a white man named Carnot (for something similar) last year; that Carnot picked up a pole and struck at him, but that he picked up an axe and warded off the blow, and then struck Carnot on the leg with it, disabling him but not trying to kill him.

Altogether, this is a remarkable murder, and it does seem strange that two large, well-armed men should be killed in capturing a small man, who had no weapon except an old brass-handled Barlow knife.

An Exciting Scene.

NEW YORK, September 6.—The Paris correspondent of the London *Telegraph*, August 25, says:

We had yesterday by far the most exciting scene in the Assembly that I have witnessed since the deputies met in February last. The question was on the dissolution of the national guard. M. de Meaux made an excellent and practical speech, very conciliatory, but not sparing the plain truth when it had to be told. After Vicompte de Meaux rose M. Thiers, who never before, in my opinion, appeared at such an immense disadvantage. From the very first he went dead against a majority of certainly two-thirds of the chamber; and almost without deigning to offer any argument in favor of his own views, he stated broadly that the executive alone was judge as to when or how, or where or in what manner the national guard should be disarmed. He was at first almost hooted down, and retorted by telling the right centre and left centre that if they did not respect themselves, they ought to respect the man whom they had placed as the chief of the executive department. This deplorable exhibition ended by the curt declaration on the part of Thiers that if the Assembly did not, on this question, vote as he wished he would resign his position.

That a man of Thiers' parliamentary experience would even dare to transgress in such a way the first rules of constitutional government, seems alike incredible and incomprehensible. If the Assembly could have tamely taken such a flogging, and, like so many naughty children, submit to be put in a corner, and that upon a measure upon which I deliberately assert all Frenchmen, except those that look to a revolution as a future panacea for French troubles, are of one mind, then adieu to all ideas of parliamentary or constitutional government in France. We talk much in this land of the emperor and his faults of policy, but I am certain that in the most palmy days of the emperor, Mr. Rouher, or any other prime minister, would never have dared to attempt to command the Corps Legislatif as Thiers did yesterday.

An impartial looker on at the passing events in France must, I fear, come to only one conclusion respecting the present state of affairs—that the statesmen of this land have somehow got to be what we call soft, and which the French term "mou." There exists among all classes a deplorable want of moral energy. The people of France are now divided into two grand classes—those who wish for order at any cost, and sacrifice of duty and hard work in grappling with difficult questions, and those who desire revolution. Only by regarding the position of these, the extremes, may the extraordinary problem of the last four months be solved.

The Winnemucca (California) *Register* thus writes of a ponderous bird recently seen in that place: "Our attention was first attracted by hearing some one sing out, 'Holy mother, see that cow with wings.' We stepped to the door just in time to see the monster alight, with something of a crash, on the roof of Mrs. Collier's dwelling house, where it remained for several minutes, taking a quiet survey of the land and the astonished multitude who stood gazing at that unexpected visitor. It could not have weighed less than seventy-five or one hundred pounds, with a pair of ponderous wings, which, when stretched out to the breeze, must have been fully twelve feet from tip to tip. Its color was that of a raven, with the exception that the tips of its wings and tail were white. An 'old salt,' who happened to get sight of the bird, thinks he must be a renegade member of the condor family. He says he has frequently met with just such 'critters' on the coast of South America."

Monetary--Commercial.

MONETARY.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY REPUBLICAN, WEDNESDAY EVENING, September 13, 1871.

The money market is without any material variation. We quote the following as street rates: 8@9 per cent per annum for first class notes with approved collaterals, and 10@12 for good and second grade; 9@10 A1 short paper without collaterals, and 11@15 for second grade. Mortgage paper still rules at 9@— per cent per annum for A1, and 10@12 for good and second class.

Gold opened at 113⅜@113⅝ (against 114⅛ at New York), and closed at 113¼@113½ (against 113⅞). The movement showed very little animation, the reported sales being confined to $3000, $3000 and $4000 at 113⅜, and $1000 and $12,000 at 113⅝.

Nothing of any moment was done in silver. It is quoted nominal at 107½@109 for American half dollars, and 1½@1¾ per cent premium in gold for Mexican dollars.

Foreign exchange was at almost a standstill. What little sterling was offered was held above the views of buyers, and the only sale reported was £600 bill of lading at 122¼. Quotations are nominal, but the following figures are a close approximation, viz: 122@122½ for good to A1 bill of lading and clear, and 123¼@123½ for bank.

Domestic exchange was inactive and dull. The remittance rate of the banks was still quoted at ⅛ ⅌ cent premium, and we noticed sales of $10,000 New York commercial sight at ⅛ premium: $25,000 at 3-16, and $10,000 sight on Boston at ⅛.

A bank gold check on New York for $4000 sold at 114¼.

The sales of stocks included 30, 30, 50 and 92 Pneumatic Propelling Company at $6 50; 70 and 100 do at $6 75; 700 do at $7; 100 Louisiana Levee at $6 87½; 150 do at $7; 50 do at $7 12½, and 50 do (resale) at $7 25. New Orleans National Banking Association was offered at $38 50, and Union National Bank at $101.

Yesterday evening $2500 city appropriation certificates sold at 85, which is now about the ruling rate; $3000 same were reported to-day at 89½, an extreme figure.

Nothing reported in bonds or warrants.

City Treasury notes are entirely nominal.

COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, September 13, 1871.

COTTON—The sales to-day embraced 458 bales at still stiffer prices for the better qualities and previous rates for other descriptions. We slightly modify our quotations for middling and strict middling. We give also the Exchange figures, which are for even running of its types, while ours are for average lists, with the outside rates for strict:

	Average lists.	Exchange figures.
Low ordinary	13¾@15	—
Ordinary	15¾@16¾	16
Good ordinary	17¾@18	17½
Low middling	18¼@18¾	18½
Middling	19¼@19½	19¾
Strict middling	19¾@20	—
Good middling	—@—	—

There are several orders pending, but buyers are unwilling to come forward while so little scope is offered for operations, and the demand is consequently limited. On the other hand factors are confirmed in their high pretentions by further discouraging crop accounts, and the tenor of the Liverpool and New York dispatches, the latter reporting a further advance of ⅛c. Good ordinary sold at 13¼c, low middling at 18¼c, strict good ordinary to low middling at 18½c, strict low middling at 18¾c, a high style of the same at 19c, and strict low middling to middling at 19⅝c. New crop sold at 19½c for strict low middling, 20c for strict middling, and 20¾c for good middling.

The Exchange reports "market firm; difficult to buy at quotations for want of supply."

COTTON STATEMENT.

	Bales.
Stock on hand September 1, 1871	25,323
Arrived since last statement	275
Arrived previously	3,946— 4,220
Total	29,543
Cleared to-day	none
Cleared previously	8,139— 8,139
Stock on hand and on shipboard, not cleared	21,404
Stock corresponding day last year	16,246

Receipts proper since last evening 275 bales, against 443 on last Wednesday and 603 last year, making an aggregate since Friday evening of 1315 bales, against 1831 for the corresponding time last week and 2819 last year, and since August 31 of 3787 bales, against 5311 last year.

SUGAR—There is nothing doing worthy of note. Fully fair Louisiana is quoted at 11c; yellow clarified 12@12½c; white 13@13¼c; Cuba yellow clarified 11½@12c; Demerara 11¾@12¼c ⅌ lb.

MOLASSES—The market is without any movement. Inferior and common Louisiana is quoted at 12½@20c ⅌ gallon; cistern bottom 50c ⅌ gallon. Refinery reboiled is quoted at 30@65c ⅌ gallon, as in quality; golden syrup at 90c@$1 ⅌ gallon.

FLOUR—The market is firm, with a fair demand for export and for the local trade. The sales to-day embrace 7000 bbls, of which 200 and 700 choice extra and 3500 treble extra on private terms; 160 superfine at $5; 75 single extra at $5 50; 100 and 110 double extra at $6; 100 treble extra at $6 12½; 100, 300, 300 and 500 good treble extra at $6 50; 200 choice extra at $6 95, and 75 do at $7 ⅌ bbl; 120 half bbls single and double extra sold at $3 10 ⅌ half bbl.

CORN—The supply is light, but the demand is only moderate; 3000 sacks were sold to-day, of which 1300 sacks white long in warehouse, at 73c; 1000 yellow mixed at 73c; 150 white mixed at 74c, and 150 white at 75c ⅌ bushel.

OATS—Are also in light supply and moderate demand; 2500 sacks were sold to-day, of which 500 inferior at 51½c; 150 light at 53c; 200 and 1200 prime at 54c, and 135 Galena at 56½c ⅌ bushel.

BRAN—Is in fair supply and moderate demand; 250 sacks sold at $1 15, and 100 at $1 17½ ⅌ 100 lbs.

HAY—The market is bare. There is some on the barges not yet discharged. Choice is quoted at $31 ⅌ ton.

BREAKFAST BACON—The market is bare. The last sold at 12½c ⅌ lb.

PORK—Is in request, and the market is still firmer. A lot of 50 bbls mess sold at $14 50 ⅌ bbl. None can be had for less. It is retailing at at $15 ⅌ bbl.

BACON—The market is firm, although it has not shown so much activity to-day; 5 casks shoulders sold at 7¾c; 5 do clear sides at 9¾c; 10 casks shoulders at the railroad depot at 7¾c; and 10 casks clear sides, also at the depot, at 9⅛c. Shoulders are quoted at 7¾@8c; clear rib sides at 8@8¼c; clear sides at 9⅛@9¼c ⅌ lb.

DRY SALT MEAT—Is scarce, and shoulders are quoted at 6@6¼c ⅌ lb.

RICE—The new crop of Louisiana is coming to market quite freely, and is in good demand at 8½@9c for prime, 7½@8c for ordinary, and 6¾@7½c for common. The crop is being harvested in sound condition, and the quality is superior. It comes to market in barrels, which are convenient for shipment. The attention of Western buyers is called to the importance of sending orders to market for early supplies of new crop.

CHEESE—Continues dull at 10@11c ⅌ lb for Western factory, and 8@8½c for Reserve.

ESCULENTS—Potatoes are selling on the levee at $2 75@3 50 ⅌ bbl; onions at $3 50; apples at $2@3 25, and krout at $7@9 ⅌ bbl. Cabbages $6@9 ⅌ crate.

BUTTER—The market is without any change. Choice grades are in moderate supply and fair request, but inferior kinds are not selling. We quote choice Goshen at 33@34c; common 20@25c; choice Western 20@22c; inferior do nominal.

FREIGHTS—The demand is only moderate, and rates are unchanged. Liverpool, sail, ½d; Havre 1⅛c; New York, steam, ⅛c ⅌ lb on cotton.

WHISKY—Is quiet and steady. Rectified is quoted at 90c@$1 and $1 02 ⅌ gallon, as in quality, and Bourbon at $1@1 25 ⅌ gallon for patent, and $1 35@5 for pure; 25 bbls rectified sold at 99c ⅌ gallon.

Providence takes care of horses as well as men. A short time since one of a span of hack horses on top of Lookout mountain was turned out to graze. When the driver went after him he refused to be caught, but wheeled suddenly around and fell down a ledge fifty feet, whence he bounded and fell one hundred feet further, catching by his harness in a tree and hanging suspended, yet when cut down there was only a small gash in his side, which a little attention would soon cure.

Marine Intelligence.

OFFICE OF THE REPUBLICAN, Thursday, September 14, 1871.

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

(No clearances at the Customhouse yesterday.)

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamship Hutchinson, Talbot, from Indianola via Galveston, to C A Whitney—1st district 9
Ship Nonantum, Pratt, 20 days from Boston, to Thorndike, Norton &co—1st district
Ship Oswego, Anderson, from Liverpool July 12, to Decan, Zerega &co—Point
Spaniah bark Pedro Antonio, Oliver, 15 days from Havana, in ballast, to Puig Bros—2d district
Schooner Mai, Webb, 10 days from Utilla, to K Morgan &co—2d district P T
Schooner Etna, Pizzati, 6 days from Utilla, to G Grande—2d district P T
Schooner Lizzie Lima, ——, 9 days from Rnatan Island, New Orleans and Bay Island Fruit Company—2d district P T

TOWBOATS.

Perry, Sturtevant, from the Passes—Went down light—Brought up ship Oswego and schooner Lizzie Lima
Ocean, McLellan, from the Passes—Went down light—Brought up ship Pedro Antonio and schr Etna

STEAMBOATS.

Henry Tete, Dalferes, from Donaldsonville.
Mary Carroll, from Mobile.
H C Yaeger, Vanhook, from St Louis.
Fleta, Barnes, from Jefferson.
Ruth, Burton, from Washington.
Ouachita Belle, White, from Greenville.
Beaufort, Jeanfreau, from Lower Coast.

BELOW COMING UP.

Bark Newcastle, Wilkins, from Greenock June 21, to Lovell & Bailey—
French bark Fewenche, Bonnat, from Marseilles July 11, to V Maignan & F Laborde—

BELOW AT QUARANTINE.

Spanish bark Prosperidad, Mora, 11 days from Havana, in ballast, to Puig Bros—
Schooner Time, Montgomery, 13 days from Tampico, to S Fernandez—

IMPORTS.

INDIANOLA VIA GALVESTON—Steamship Hutchinson—49 bales cotton 111 bdls hides 11 bales hides 62 bbls tallow 150 head cattle and sundries

UTILLA—Schooner Mai—500 bunches bananas 37,000 plantains 13,300 cocoanuts

RUATAN ISLAND—Schooner Etna—18,000 plantains 9,000 cocoanuts 700 bunches bananas 36 pineapples

MOBILE—Steamer Mary—338 bbls lime 25 half bxs tobacco and sundries

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

WASHINGTON—Steamer Ruth—53 bales cotton 228 sks cotton seed and sundries

JEFFERSON—Steamer Fleta—158 bales of cotton 8 bales hides and sundries

ST LOUIS—Steamer 5995 bbls flour 95 bbls whisky 2002 sks corn 1500 sks bran 519 sks oats and sundry produce

LUSK LANDING—Steamer Ouachita Belle—374 782 sks cotton seed 72 sks seed cotton and sundries

LOWER COAST—Steamer Beaufort—213 bbls rice and sundries

DONALDSONVILLE—Steamer Henry Tete—Sundries

BY THE RAILROADS.

NEW ORLEANS, JACKSON AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD, September 13—52 hhds bacon and sundry produce

MORGAN'S LOUISIANA AND TEXAS RAILROAD, September 13—52 half bales moss 3 bags wool 121 head cattle $21,040 in currency 35,000 feet lumber and sundries

SHERIFF'S SALES.

State of Louisiana vs. John Ernst.

THIRD DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 19,043.—By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the honorable the Third District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Custom house streets, in the Second District of this city, on MONDAY, September 18, 1871, at twelve o'clock M., the following described property, to wit—

A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, situated in the Fourth District of this city, in square number three hundred and three, bounded by St. Patrick, St. David, Third and Fourth streets.

Seized in the above suit.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

C. S. SAUVINET.

au18 se2 17 Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

Charles Reggio, Jr., vs. Mrs. Widow John Collins (Lucy Ann Baldwin.)

FOURTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 25,301.—By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale to me directed by the honorable the Fourth District Court for the parish of Orleans in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the Second District of this city, on MONDAY, September 25, 1871, at twelve o'clock M., the following described property, to wit—

A CERTAIN SQUARE OF GROUND, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, rights, ways, privileges, servitudes and dependencies, situated in Rickerville, formerly in the parish of Jefferson, in this State, now in the Sixth District of the city of New Orleans, which square is designated by the number thirty, on a plan of Rickerville, drawn by Benjamin Buisson, surveyor, dated twenty third March, 1849, deposited in the office of J. R. Beard, formerly a notary in this city, and is bounded by Peters avenue, Plaquemines, Leontine and Chestnut streets, and measures two hundred and fifty-three feet front on Leontine street, two hundred and fifty-eight feet six lines front on Peters avenue, two hundred and fifty-three feet nine inches and two lines front on Plaquemines street, and two hundred and seventy-five feet ten inches and one line on Chestnut street, all American measure.

Being the same property which the said defendant acquired by purchase from William C. Watkins, by act passed before E. G. Gottschalk, notary public in this city, on the thirteenth day of August, 1859.

Seized in the above suit.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

C. S. SAUVINET.

au25 se le 24 Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

Dorothea Kopper, Widow of George Krauss vs. Succession of James McRoberts.

SEVENTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 8867.—By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale to me directed by the honorable the Seventh District Court for the parish of Orleans in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the Second District of this city, on TUESDAY, September 19, 1871, at twelve o'clock M., the following described property, to wit—

ALL THE RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST of the defendant, S. L. Langdon, in and to a certain judgment rendered by the Fourth District Court for the parish of Orleans in the suit entitled S. L. Langdon vs. the New Orleans Insurance Association, No. 24,356 of the docket of said court, for the sum of fifteen hundred dollars, interest and costs, rendered June 12, signed June 12, 1871, and appealed to the Supreme Court by the defendant.

Seized in the above suit.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

C. S. SAUVINET.

se12 17 23 Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

Joshua Jones & Co. vs. Hille & Thomas et al (Fred. A. Thomas, L. F. DeGray and Clarence E. Holmes).

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF Orleans, No. 1457.—By virtue of a writ of fieri facias, directed by the honorable the Fifth District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, on the premises hereinafter designated, on MONDAY, September 18, 1871, at five o'clock P. M., the following described property, to wit—

The FURNITURE AND MOVABLE EFFECTS contained in the house occupied by defendant, and situated at No. 117 Bolivar street, between Perdido and Gravier streets, in the First District of this city, as per inventory, which may be seen in my office.

Seized in the above suit.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

C. S. SAUVINET.

se6 12 19 Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

Patrick Clancy vs. S. L. Langdon.

SEVENTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 8766.—By virtue of an alias writ of fieri facias to me directed by the honorable the Seventh District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, in the Second District of this city, on TUESDAY, September 26, 1871, at twelve o'clock M., the following described property, to wit—

ALL THE RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST of the defendant, S. L. Langdon, in and to a certain judgment rendered by the Fourth District Court for the parish of Orleans in the suit entitled S. L. Langdon vs. the New Orleans Insurance Association, No. 24,356 of the docket of said court, for the sum of fifteen hundred dollars, interest and costs, rendered June 12, signed June 12, 1871, and appealed to the Supreme Court by the defendant.

Seized in the above suit.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

C. S. SAUVINET.

se12 17 23 Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

Geiger & Robinson vs. B. J. Berkery.

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF Orleans, No. 2433.—By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed by the honorable the Fifth District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, on the premises hereinafter designated, on MONDAY, September 18, 1871, at five o'clock P. M., the following described property, to wit—

The FURNITURE AND MOVABLE EFFECTS contained in the house occupied by defendant, and situated at No. 117 Bolivar street, between Perdido and Gravier streets, in the First District of this city, as per inventory, which may be seen in my office.

Seized in the above suit.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

C. S. SAUVINET.

se6 12 19 Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans.

STEAMSHIPS.

FOR PHILADELPHIA, VIA HAVANA.

To Sail on ——————, at 6 P. M.

The Fine A1 Steamship PIONEER,

WAKELEY, Commander.

For freight or passage apply to WILLIAM CREEVY, Agent, Corner Carondelet and Gravier streets.

se8

FOR NEW YORK.

MERCHANTS STEAMSHIP LINE.

Comprising the first-class steamships

CRESCENT CITY.....Captain Miner B. Crowell
SHERMAN.....Captain A. Blanchard
GENERAL MEADE.....Captain A. W. Sampson
UNITED STATES.....Captain ——
WESTERN METROPOLIS.....Captain H. S. Quick
EMILY B. SOUDER.....Captain B. F. Burdick.

SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY.

FOR NEW YORK DIRECT—The steamship

EMILY B. SOUDER,

B. T. BURDICK, Commander,

Will leave her wharf, foot of Jefferson street, on SATURDAY, September 16, at 5 P. M.

These steamers have superior accommodations for passengers.

Cabin Passage.....$50
Steerage Passage.....25

Bills of lading signed through to Liverpool, Glasgow, Bremen and Hamburg. Through tickets for first-class and steerage passengers for Liverpool and the Continent, connecting with Guion's Line of Steamers, sailing from New York every Wednesday

For freight or passage, apply to LOW & LUDWIGSEN, No. 180 Common street.

The steamship WESTERN METROPOLIS will follow, leaving on SATURDAY, September 23, at 5 P. M. oc30

BREMEN.

North German Lloyd.

STEAM BETWEEN BREMEN AND NEW ORLEANS VIA HAVRE, SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVANA.

The Steamships of the North German Lloyd will resume their regular trips as follows:

	From Bremem.	From New Orleans.
KOLN	September 16.	October.. 21.
FRANKFURT	October .. 7.	November 11.
AMERICA	November 4.	December 16.
HANNOVER	November 25.	January 15.
FRANKFURT	December 20.	February 19.

Touching outward at Havre and Havana, and on their home trip at Havana and Southampton, to land and receive passengers and freight.

Later days of departure will be advertised hereafter.

PRICES OF PASSAGE

From Bremen, Southampton or Havre to Havana or New Orleans:

CABIN.....$150 gold.
STEERAGE.....40 gold.

From New Orleans or Havana to Southampton, Havre or Bremen:

CABIN.....$150 gold.
STEERAGE.....45 gold.

From New Orleans to Havana:

CABIN.....$50 currency.
STEERAGE.....20 currency.

Passage tickets from Bremen, Southampton or Havre to New Orleans issued by the undersigned. For further particulars apply to

ED. F. STOCKMEYER & CO., Agents, 42 Union street.

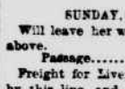
jy25 1y

THE CROMWELL LINE.

For New York Direct.

This Line is composed of the Steamships

GEORGE WASHINGTON, CORTES,
GEORGE CROMWELL ST. LOUIS.



The Steamship **ST. LOUIS,**

WHITEHEAD, Commander.

SUNDAY, September 17, at 8 A. M.

Will leave her wharf, foot of Toulouse street, as above.

Passage.....$50.

Freight for Liverpool, Bremen and Havre taken by this line, and through bills of lading given for the same. For freight or passage apply to ALFRED MOULTON, No. 41 Carondelet street.

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STEAMBOATS.

CAIRO.

NEW ORLEANS, CHICAGO AND THE WEST.

THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD AND

BLUE LINE, VIA CAIRO,

Will Take Freight from New Orleans on first-class steamers,

LEAVING DAILY, AT FIVE P. M., FOR

Cairo, Chicago, and All Points North, West and East, at the Lowest Rates.

All rates and all through bills of lading from New Orleans by above route given, signed and recognised only at the General Office of the Company, No. 36 Carondelet street.

Shippers by this route save all drayage and transfer charges at Cairo, and their goods are always under cover, and no charges are made for forwarding.

JAMES T. TUCKER, General Agent.

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LOTTERIES.

DRAWING OF THE LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY FOR SEPTEMBER 13, 1871.

CLASS 218.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
16	44	6	41	42	7	72	71	29	26	68	38	31	19

The above drawings are published in all the principal papers, and are drawn in public daily at the rooms of the company.

Information furnished and prizes cashed by HOWARD, SIMMONS & CO., Contractors. St. Charles street, corner Union, New Orleans.

Witness our hands at New Orleans, Louisiana, this thirteenth day of September, 1871.

H. PERALTA,
ADAM GIFFEN,
Commissioners.

BEWARE OF BOGUS LOTTERIES. au28

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

Incorporated August 17, 1868.

CHARLES T. HOWARD.....PRESIDENT.

SINGLE NUMBER LOTTERY.

SPLENDID SCHEME—ONLY 20,000 NUMBERS.

Capital Prize.....$50,000.

CLASS N.

TO BE DRAWN AT NEW ORLEANS ON **Saturday, September 30, 1871.**

HOWARD, SIMMONS & CO., Contractors.

SCHEME:

20,000 Numbers—Tickets Only $20.

1 prize of	$50,000	is	$50,000
1 prize of	30,000	is	30,000
1 prize