New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN

May be had of the following dealers:

George Ellis, opposite the Postoffice.

A. Simon, No. 94 Exchange Alley.

C. C. Haley, No. 19 Commercial Place.

C. G. D. Holle, No. 61 Exchange Place.

James Ennis, Pontchartrain Railroad Depot, Third District; also, at Depot foot of Lafayette Street, First District.

J. W. Long, corner of Love and Enghien Streets, Third District.

Crescent City News Depot, No. 258 Canal street, corner of Howard.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY SHERIFF SAUVINET, at 12 o'clock, at Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, lot of ground on St. John route—City of New Orleans vs. Etienne Charles.

terest of Joseph Vignes in partnership assets of Hermann, Vignes & Israel—Joseph Vignes vs. T. J. Godsbury, et als.

BY R. M. & B. J. MONTGOMERY, at 11 o'clock at Old Auction Mart, No. 57 Camp street, a general assortment of new and second-hand furniture, pianos, etc.

BY A. HUSTON, at 11 o'clock, at corner of Gravier and Baronne streets, saddle and harness horses and mares, mules, new and second-hand top and open buggies and wagons.

BY G. DE FERIET, at 12 o'clock, at St. Charles Auction Exchange, lot of ground and buildings on Piety street; four lots of ground on Piety street; lot of ground and building, including cotton press, cotton gins, etc., on Desire street; lot of ground and three-story brick store, corner of Front and Peters streets—succession of John H. Williams.

BY CHARLES E. PORTIER, at 10 o'clock, at the Old basin, foot of Toulouse street, sloop Two Brothers—succession of Mathew Planeta.

BY NASH & HODGSON, at 12 o'clock, at St. Charles Auction Exchange, the Southern Dry Dock, at Algiers, and stock on hand.

Local Intelligence.

AMONG PICTURES.—Mrs. E. A. Brush, No. 81 Rampart street, recently intrusted seven pictures and a looking glass to Daniel Purdy, alias Hewes, with an understanding that he should at once dispose of them and make a proper account. That he disposed of the articles seems evident, but the other part of the contract remains unfulfilled, wherefore she asserts that Daniel breached a trust, and should be brought to judgment on the twentieth instant.

A HAULER.—Robert Hall hauled off his heavy whip handle and handed Lizzie Hall some strong bats, at No. 12 Calliope street, for which he goes down to the Criminal Court.

ONLY TWO OF THEM.—On the night of the sixth instant, Sergeant Vankirk arrested seven men, Dan Costello, Charles Simonds, Jack Lee, James Foley, Thomas Connery, Dominick Byrnes and John Mackey, for assault and battery and disturbing the peace of Fulton street, and afterward charged them with being vagrants. They were before Recorder Houghton yesterday, and all discharged except Charles Simonds and Dan Costello, who were punished in a small way. Other charges are pending against Connery and Byrnes.

ABOUT A SMALL DOG.—Mr. Foster, who lives at No. 366 Franklin street, and who is the owner of the dog complained of by his neighbor, James Morris, comes in and files a reply. He assures us that his dog is too small to be at all dangerous, and too young and good natured to be vicious. He furthermore assures us that the alleged biting is about as near to being moonshine as it can be without having it so entirely. In the course of business he was called away to Louisville, leaving his household to be protected from burglars by the barking of his canine sentinel. As it is too young to attack, it is only depended upon to sound the alarm upon the approach of improper persons; and as there is no key to the gate, Mr. Foster deems it an essential feature of his domestic economy that he be permitted to keep his little doggy. But while absent in Louisville, his servant girl was sent one evening to the grocery of neiglibor Morris for something that was needed, and Carlo (we assume this to be the dog's name) furtively quit his post as sentinel and trotted after her. As the two were in the grocery together, the girl, probably deeply engaged in cheapening the goods with Mr. Morris' polite young man (we have to suppose he has such for his clerk), little Carlo got into a playful frolic with a little child. It appears, however, that the two juveniles did not quite agree, and that in response to what Carlo took to be a kick he responded with a hasty snap. But as there was no mark of teeth visible, it is and must remain a doubt if he didn't miss fire. At any rate baby squalled, Carlo was deeply disgraced for the time being, and papa Morris demands his blood. Recorder Houghton will examine the matter on the twentieth, and we will bet a hat that he will get at the facts of the case. In the meantime we hope the neighborly amity will be kept up, and that Mr. Morris may continue to have the benefit of Mr. Foster's custom, as well as that of all who owe the establishment allegiance. We have no idea that the case is a serious one.

CRIMINAL COURT.—Counsel for the Boyd brothers, having asked that the case be fixed for trial on the twenty-first instant, argued their motion yesterday. The Attorney General held that there are other cases which have preference as to date, and also desired delay because an important witness is absent, but who will be present at some future day, say about the first of October. No day was finally fixed on, but the Attorney General thought he would be prepared about the first of next month. Counsel for accused asked that they be admitted to bail, but this was opposed by Mr. Belden; he asserting that they were not entitled to that favor under the constitution. Mr. Pasteur is out on bonds, which is said to be correct.

The Grand Jury, through its foreman, inquired of Judge Abell if it had the right to inquire into a case on which a former Grand Jury had found already an indictment, and if it should feel bound to do so, if it could bring in a new true bill for a higher offense than that found by the preceding Grand Jury.

The court decided that such action would be proper.

It is believed that the Grand Jury will change a late indictment for manslaughter to one for murder.

The Grand Jury investigated the case of Officer James Coughlin, charged with the murder of Michael Hickey, at the corner of Franklin and Gasquet streets, on the twenty-fourth ultimo.

L. V. Coiron was found guilty of carrying a concealed weapon, but recommended to the mercy of the court. He was released on bond to await sentence.

William Johnson, charged with robbery, picking the pocket of a drunken man, on Dryades street, of $87, was convicted of larceny and sentenced to two years in the Penitentiary.

Tom Jones convicted of an assault and battery, on the tenth of August, on Robert McIntyre, twenty-four hours Parish Prison.

Lawrence Zoeller, charged with assault and battery by Mrs. Grunstean, was acquitted. The woman had thrown brickbats into the store of the accused, who afterward gave her a little lesson.

Another William Johnston, convicted of burglary, was sentenced to four years Penitentiary.

John McCloskey, who pleaded guilty of assault and battery, on the eleventh of August, on Dick Williams, was sentenced to pay a fine of $50 or two months Parish Prison. The same accused, who pleaded guilty to a charge of assault and battery, on the same day, on Officer Nevin, of the harbor police, who arrested him, was furthermore sentenced to pay $40 or one month Parish Prison.

John Jones, convicted of assault and battery, on the twenty second of August, on Jacob Rack, four months Parish Prison.

BELLIGERENT LADS.—Between seven and eight o'clock Thursday night, a difficulty occurred in the Third District between John Rooney and Thomas Gavin, in which the latter was cut in the right arm and side, and severely wounded. He was taken to his residence on Mandeville street, between Chartres and Casacalvo. The quarrel originated in an obscene remark made concerning the mother of one of the boys.

The river is twelve feet nine inches below the high water mark of 1862.

A ferocious dog was killed by Sergeant Vankirk, at the corner of Basin and Perdido streets. The canine had attacked a child, and, to prevent any further damage, the officer closed out the dog's life.

A GENTLEMAN FROM ITALY.—A little progress has been made in the Poydras market shooting affair. Captain Malone and Detective Pearson yesterday arrested Natalie Bemfonti as an accessory. When searched, an old-fashioned horse pistol, charged almost to its muzzle, was found in his breast, not to mention a razer in his pocket. He had no explanation to make. It is believed he was directly concerned in the assassination of Joseph Anelio. Anelio's condition is said to be very low.

A FALL.—John McGinnis, twelve years old, fell off a dray on Orange street and was badly bruised. He was sent to his home, No. 485 Tchompitoulas street.

COMMITTED.—Recorder McArthur yesterday committed the following named persons to the Criminal Court, that they may answer charges of larceny: Jack Williams, Hattie Mitchell, Charles Lee and Edward Powlett.

AN ACCIDENT.—Dr. Jones, Jr., while riding in his carriage, on the corner of Magazine and Robin streets, was capsized by a wheel breaking. The doctor was not materially injured, but his driver was badly bruised.

The Shreveport *Southwestern* says:

We learn that a telegram was received here from New Orleans Saturday last from Mr. James K. Ashmore, to the effect that he had recovered in that city his buggy and two horses, some time since taken off by H. W. Hart, the party who drew a draft for five hundred dollars on a New Orleans house, of which he represented himself the agent, and which was cashed by a banking house here. Mr. Ashmore traced the swindler all the way to New Orleans, and we have understood that Hart got the best of several other persons, on his way down, for considerable sums of money. We believe the dispatch failed to state whether Hart had been arrested or not.

Accused vanished, only regretting the girl he left behind him—an affair of the heart. He came to Louisiana a soldier, and, after the war, settled, but a pair of jet black eyes captured him. The eyes did not favor his suit; hence the little irregularities.

The Warmoth Defenders.

A meeting was held on the ninth instant, at the house of Mr. Louis Cheneau, in the Ninth Ward, for the purpose of organizing a Republican sub-club, to be called the Warmoth Defenders. After the meeting was called to order, on motion of Mr. J. W. Edwards, Mr. F. Fondal was elected president, Louis Cheneau first vice president, John W. Edwards second vice president, Samuel Carter treasurer, John Blandin secretary, Octave Rock assistant secretary, and John Augustin sergeant-at-arms. The Defenders will meet monthly.

The Temperature.

Yesterday the thermometer at Louis Frigerio's, No. 50 Chartres street, stood as follows: 8 A. M., 79°; 2 P. M., 84°; 6 P. M., 81°. Rain one-third of an inch.

The Springfield *Republican* says: "It now seems probable not only that the greater part of the $80,000,000 bonds at six per cent, coming under Mr. Boutwell's published notice, and held abroad, will be exchanged directly for the new five per cents, but that a market can soon be found for another hundred millions or more of our four and a half and five per cents on the other side of the ocean, and for an equal amount here. Nor would it be surprising if, before the first of January, all the five per cents except $100,000,000, and $200,000,000 of the four and a half per cents, should thus have been taken up—in all, more than a third part of the whole refunding loan of $1,500,000,000. This would be a brilliant success for our persistent secretary, and would reduce the yearly interest by $7,000,000."

The New York *Commercial* says rather satirically:

General Beauregard has emerged from his obscurity for the sake of warning the President that Louisiana will be lost to the Republican party "unless Governor Warmoth is disposed of." The interest which General Beauregard feels in the success of the Republican party is so refreshing, beautiful and sincere, that the Republican President who could be indifferent to it is unworthy the confidence of his party. There ought to be no delay in signing Warmoth's death warrant, for he is a nuisance that must be abated.

The Minden *Democrat* has this to say about cotton:

The first bale of new cotton was brought to our market September 1, by Dr. J. P. Schultz, but not sold; the sample was beautiful, and twenty cents was offered. The next bale was received the following day from Mr. Dugald Stewart, and sold to Isaac Murrell, of the firm of Rollins & Murrell, for seventeen cents. The third bale was raised by an industrious old freedman by the name of Samuel Tillman, and sold to Chaffe, Shea & Love, who gave him a premium of five dollars in gold, which had been offered by them to any freedman who would get into market the first new bale.

The cotton is shedding dreadfully, and in the middle of the day looks almost dead; it is opening rapidly and picking is getting good. If the dry weather continues much longer it will soon be all opened and picked. The average will hardly reach half a crop.

Ramie.

For the information of the public we publish the following communication from a ramie planter in St. Bernard parish.

"Ramie vs. Cotton," is the caption of an article which appeared in the REPUBLICAN of the thirteenth instant. The writer thinks the only "drawback to its extended cultivation has been the lack of proper machinery for separating the fibre, and the apparent slow interest manifested in supplying this want by manufacturing men."

In this your correspondent is in error. It is more the want of interest among the agricultural men to plant and cultivate the same. There is now so little attention paid to its propagation that there is but little inducement for machinists to manufacture the machinery. There have been patented three or four diffrent machines for this purpose, and although manufactured and offered for sale, but few are sold, from the fact that there is such a small quantity of ramie being planted. If the agriculturalists would plant more extensively there would be an inducement to make improved machinery for its cleaning, as has been done year after year in the machinery for cleaning cotton.

I have, with the assistance of a colored carpenter on the plantation, made in two days a machine which cleans ramie in the rough, and I have sent samples of the same to England, where it has been, in that condition, pronounced to be worth fifty-six pounds sterling per ton, or equal, in our currency (premium added), to about three hundred and ten dollars per ton.

This same ramie, having thus been cleaned by my machine, has been recleaned by the machines which they now have on a large and most perfect scale in England, and the most beautiful fibre returned that eyes ever beheld. I enclose you some of the same, which was grown on my plantation near the city, and recleaned in England.

Let there be more ramie planted and well cultivated, and the machinery will come to the ramie as it has to the cotton.

F. J. KNAPP.

We repeat what was said in the REPUBLICAN of the thirteenth, that there are machines already invented in this city which will clean and put in marketable condition all the ramie that can be planted or produced.

"The Same Old Coon."

The "honest" Democracy will crop out and show themselves occasionally, as they did last week in Homer, when the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, The people have been under the government of a legislative body which recognize neither the laws of God or man, increasing the State debt to $25,000,000, one-eighth of the whole property of the State; and

Whereas, The remainder is threatened by vast schemes of monopoly, railroad jobs, land, levee and canal schemes, by fictitious companies with pretended plans of improvement; and lastly, by open pillage and robbery, such as no people ever suffered under before; and

Whereas, These outrages have been perpetrated not only by men who were placed in power by tyranical election laws, despite the will of the people, but in some cases by trusted servants who ought to have protected the public treasury:

Resolved, That the rescue of the State from the ruin to which she is fast hastening is the practical question of the hour—superior in importance to idle discussions of equality of races; and the men who fomented the passions of the two races, while plundering the State of her last dollar, deserve the contempt of mankind; that we call upon every voter, of what party soever, to make honesty and capacity the basis of office; to use their influence to bring men who have shown themselves thieves to justice.

2. That the interests of the colored race and white are indentical, and that the happiness and prosperity of both should be the labor of all good men in the State; that we sympathize with the spirit of harmony which has brought together colored and white voters in the recent election in Charleston, and the one now pending in Mississippi, to the exclusion of the corrupt and foreign element which has accumulated fortunes from the previous dissensions of both.

3. That we demand the repeal, by every possible means, of the infamous printing bill, of the election and registration law, by which the people were defrauded in the last election of the men of their choice and all officers at the caprice of one man.

4. That we favor a fair, equitable division of the school fund between the pupils of the white and black races, and that we approve of the policy of parish school directors in establishing separate schools as being the most satisfactory to both races.

5. That we invite the tax-payers of the State to meet us in a convention to be held at Baton Rouge, or other place that may be designated by the parishes, the basis of representation to be determined by the convention itself.

6. That we request the Claiborne *Advocate*, and all other papers friendly to the reformation of the State government, to publish these resolutions.

The following delegates were appointed to the Tax-payers' Convention, to meet at Baton Rouge or whatever place designated: W. F. Blackman, W. J. Blackburn, J. T. Tignor, J. C. Egan, Napier Bartlett.

We reproduce the proceedings of the Homer meeting for the information of our general readers.

Raid on Ku-Klux.

This is a special to the St. Louis *Democrat*:

WASHINGTON, September 12.—A military officer, just arrived here from a Southern trip, says there is great excitement in North Carolina, along the Central railroad, owing to the frequent arrests lately made there of Ku-Klux. Under the recent orders from Washington, the military authorities in the interior of the State had been arresting all persons charged with committing outrages on their neighbors. Of this organization, on the train on which he took passage at Charlotte, there were some twenty prisoners in charge of soldiers, being conveyed to Raleigh for imprisonment and trial, and about six passenger cars crowded with witnesses who had been subpenaed from all parts of the State in these cases.

Tragedy in Illinois.

CHICAGO, September 12.—Yesterday morning at Franklin, De Kalb county, Illinois, a German, name not given, killed his brother-in-law, a farmer named Weisenberg, his wife, and attempted the life of still another man, and then hung himself. The causes which led to this tragedy are stated as follows: Some time since the murderer sent Weisenberg some money from Germany, and then shortly came over himself, on promise of being deeded a portion of the farm which Weisenberg owned. When he arrived, Weisenberg refused to fulfill his agreement with his brother-in-law, and sold his farm to the man whose life was also attempted. This developed a bad feeling among the parties, which resulted in the tragedy as above stated.

A novel case came before a Boston court a few days since. Recently a man died through the mistake of a drug clerk in filling a prescription. His friends raised a fund of eight hundred dollars, which they used in clearing off an encumbrance on the home of the family, and placed the property in trust for the widow and children. The widow demanded the property, to be administered on as the estate of the deceased, and divided. The trustees refused, and the widow brought suit. No precedent for such a case could be found in an American court; but the judge held that the contributions to the relief of the family of a dead man could not be considered part of the estate of the deceased, and that the contributors had a right to dispose of the sum as they saw fit.

This is from the New York *Globe*:

The editor of the Lynchburg (Virginia) *Republican* confesses that the result of the election in California, on Wednesday, gave him a great shock of surprise. A Republican victory was a result very different from his expectations. The *Republican* editor thinks a corrupt Democratic Legislature caused many Democrats to go over to the Radicals. When this State, and New Hampshire, and New Jersey, and Pennsylvania, all go Republican, we suspect there will be another shock in the office of the Lynchburg paper.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

To the Suffering.—The Rev. William H. Norton, while residing in Brazil as a missionary, discovered in that land of medicines a remedy for consumption, scrofula, sore throat, coughs, colds, asthma and nervous weakness. This remedy has cured myself after all other medicines had failed.

Wishing to benefit the suffering, I will send the recipe for preparing and using the remedy to all who desire it free of charge.

Please send an envelope, with your name and address on it. Address,

REV. WILLIAM H. NORTON,
se16 1y d&W 676 Broadway, New York.

Notice.—Office Carrollton Holly Waterworks Company.—At the first meeting for organization, held August 25, 1871, the following Board of Directors and officers were duly elected in accordance with article ten of the charter: Frederick Fischer, Sr., President; X. Commander, Vice President; Charles W. Newton, Treasurer; Theodore Meeks, Secretary; E. E. Chubbuck, H. L. Burns, A. G. Brice, Henry L. Jones.

The public is hereby respectfully informed that the subscription books to the capital stock of the Carrollton Holly Waterworks Company are now open at the office of the company, office, southwest corner Carrollton Railroad Company depot, Carrollton.

THEODORE MEEKS, Secretary.
Carrollton, Louisiana, September 6, 1871. se7 1m

Metropolitan Loan, Savings and Pledge Bank, No. 114 St. Charles street, New Orleans, September 2, 1871.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Bank, held August 1, 1871, Mr. T. D. Vanhorn was elected cashier, vice Mr. B. L. Brown; and at a meeting of the Board held September 1, Dr. J. Wenz was elected vice president.

GEORGE H. BRAUGHN, President.
T. D. VANHORN, Cashier. se2 eod 1m

Batchelor's Hair Dye.—This superb hair dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine William A. Batchelor's hair dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown; leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. 1y13 ly

SUCCESSION NOTICES.

Succession of William Cline—No. 34,595.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF Orleans.—Whereas, Mrs. Mary S. Cline has petitioned the court for letters of administration on the estate of the late William Cline, deceased, intestate. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, to show cause within ten days, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

By order of the Court.
se15 1t 24 M. O. TRACY, Clerk.

Succession of B. P. Boulat—No. 34,844.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans.—Whereas, Auguste Chaimay has petitioned the court for letters of dative testamentary executorship on the estate of the late B. P. Boulat, deceased. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, to show cause within ten days, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

By order of the Court.
se15 2t 24 M. O. TRACY, Clerk.

Succession of John George Damm—No. 34,847.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans.—Whereas, Mrs. Elizabeth Damm has petitioned the court for letters of administration on the estate of her late husband John George Damm. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, to show cause within ten days why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

By order of the Court.
se13 1t 22 M. O. TRACY, Clerk.

Succession of Julie D. Clay—No. 17,608.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate and to all other persons herein interested to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by the executor of this estate should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.
se14 1t 24 M. O. TRACY, Clerk.

Succession of J. W. Zacharie—No. 33,851.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by the testamentary executrix in this estate should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.
se14 2t 24 M. O. TRACY, Clerk.

Succession of Louis Deloche—No. 34,699.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by the testamentary executrix in this estate should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.
se13 1t 22 M. O. TRACY, Clerk.

Succession of Dr. Robert McCracken—No. 34,861.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by the undersigned should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.
se13 1t 22 M. O. TRACY, Clerk.

Succession of Alphonsus M. J. Burke—No. 34,904.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by the administrator of this estate should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.
se8 1t 16 M. O. TRACY, Clerk.

Succession of James Hampton—No. 34,841.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans.—Whereas, John Alexander Minz has petitioned this court for letters of curatorship on the vacant estate of the late James Hampton, deceased, intestate. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern to show cause within ten days, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

By order of the Court.
se5 1t 17 M. O. TRACY, Clerk.

OFFICIAL NOTICES

PROPOSALS.

DEPARTMENT OF IMPROVEMENTS, New Orleans, City Hall, September 14, 1871.

SEALED PROPOSALS, ADDRESSED TO THE UNdersigned, will be received until WEDNESDAY NOON, September 20, 1871, for removing the nuisance boats of the First and Fourth Districts, and towing them back after unloading for one year, from the eighth of October proximo, according to specifications on file in the office of the City Surveyor.

All parties making proposals for this contract are required to deposit with the Administrator of Finance, as evidence of their intention to abide by the adjudication, the amount of five hundred dollars in cash, which shall be forfeited to the city in case of failure to sign the contract.

Bidders to whom contracts are not awarded shall have their deposits returned to them on the day of adjudication.

No bid will be received unless the certificate of the Administrator of Finance is enclosed therewith, to the effect that the required cash deposit has been made.

The City reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Proposals to be indorsed "Proposal for removing nuisance boats."

se15 1d JOHN COCKREM, Administrator.

CITY TEN PER CENT BONDS.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, City Hall, New Orleans, September 9, 1871.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until twelve o'clock SATURDAY, sixteenth instant, for the purchase from the city of Fifty Thousand Dollars in new city ten per cent bonds, with October coupons off.

Payment may be made in cash or in certificates of appropriation, but no bid will be received less than par, and the undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

JOHN S. WALTON,
se9 7t Administrator of Finance.

NOTICE.

Redemption of 5-20 Bonds of 1862.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Washington, D. C., September 1, 1871.

BY VIRTUE OF THE AUTHORITY GIVEN BY an act of Congress approved July 14, 1870, entitled "An act to authorize the refunding of the national debt," I hereby give notice that the principal and accrued interest of the bonds hereinbelow designated, known as five-twenty bonds, will be paid at the Treasury of the United States, in the city of Washington, on or after the first day of DECEMBER next, and that the interest on said bonds will cease on that day. That is to say, coupon bonds known as the first series, act of February 25, 1862, dated May 1, 1862, numbered as follows:

	Each
1 to 2000, inclusive, of	$50
1 to 4372, inclusive, of	100
1 to 4901, inclusive, of	500
1 to 7464, inclusive, of	1,000
And registered bonds of the same act—	
	Each.
1 to 505, inclusive, of	$50
1 to 4103, inclusive, of	100
1 to 1509, inclusive, of	500
1 to 1005, inclusive, of	1,000
1 to 2005, inclusive, of	5,000
1 to 2006, inclusive, of	10,000

The amount outstanding (embraced in the numbers as above) is one hundred million ($100,000,000) dollars.

Coupon bonds of the act of February 25, 1862, were issued in four distinct series. Bonds of the first series (embracing those described above) do not bear the series designation upon them, while those of the second, third and fourth series are distinctly marked on the face of the bonds.

United States securities forwarded for redemption should be addressed to the "Loan Division," Secretary's office.

J. F. HARTLEY,
se6 10t 1awD 5t cowW Acting Secretary.

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES MAILS.

Louisiana.

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT, Washington, August 4, 1871.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECIVED AT THE CONtract Office of this Department until 3 P. M. of October 20, 1871 (to be decided on or before November 1, 1871), for conveying the mails of the United States in the State of Louisiana,

From January 1, 1872, to June 30, 1875,

on the routes and by the schedules of departures and arrivals herein specified, being routes advertised September 30, 1870, and awarded March 30, 1871, but on which the accepted bidders have failed to execute contracts, or to perform service, and are now to be relet at the expense of the said failing bidders or contractors, as required by the forty-fourth section of the act of Congress approved March 3, 1825, and the twenty-seventh section of the act of July 2, 1836.

The attention of bidders is called to the fourth section of the Postoffice appropriation act of March 3, 1871, which requires that all bids of five thousand dollars and upward shall be accompanied by a check or draft of not less than five per cent of such bid.

8006 From Vicksburg (Mississippi), by Delta (Louisiana), Warrenton, New Town Landing (Mississippi), New Carthage (Louisiana), (n. o.), Hurricane (Mississippi), Ashwood (Louisiana), Buck Ridge, Grand Gulf (Mississippi), Hard Times Landing (Louisiana), St. Joseph, Waterproof, Rifle Point (n. o.), Natchez (Mississippi), Fairview (Louisiana), Jackson Point, Kienstras' Store (Mississippi), Black Hawk (Louisiana), (n. o.), Fort Adams (Mississippi), Clarksville, Red River Landing (Louisiana), Bayou Tunica, Morganza, Pointe Coupee, St. Francisville, Port Hudson, Baton Rouge, Plaquemines, and Donaldsonville, to New Orleans, four hundred and eight miles and back, twice a week, in steamboats, and by a schedule satisfactory to the Department.

Proposals invited for three times a week service.

William Williams, of Memphis, Tennessee, failing bidder.

See notice to bidders annexed.

8007 From Brashear, by Berwick (n. o.), Patterson, Centerville, Franklin, Baldwin, Charenton (n. o.), Cypre Mort and Jeanerette's to New Iberia, seventy miles and back, six times a week, in steamboats.

Leave Brashear daily, except Sunday, at 11:30 P. M.;

Arrive at New Iberia next day by 6 A. M.;

Leave New Iberia daily, except Sunday, at 3 P. M.;

Arrive at Brashear by 12 M.

Samuel Blackwood, of Galveston, Texas, failing bidder.

See notice to bidders annexed.

8010 From New Orleans, by Ducros' Station (n. o.), Drews' Station, St. Bernard, Moss Grove (n. o.), Jesuit's Bend, Beausejour, Beamis' Jam, St. Sophia, Home Place, Point-a-la-Hache, Point Michel and Grand Prairie, to Buras, sixty-seven miles and back, twice a week, in steamboats.

Leave New Orleans Monday and Friday at 9 A. M.;

Arrive at Buras by 6 P. M.;

Leave Buras Tuesday and Saturday at 5 A. M.;

Arrive at New Orleans by 5 P. M.

Jacob A. Pulver, of New Orleans, failing bidder.

8013 From New Orleans, by Red River Landing, Alexandria, Pineville, Cotile, Cotile Landing, Colfax, Cloutierville, De Loche's Landing, Montgomery, St. Maurice, Natchitoches, Grand Ecore (n. o.), Campti, and Loggy Bayou, to Shreveport, six hundred and sixty miles and back, three times a week by steamboat, and by a schedule satisfactory to the department.

Proposals invited to extend service to Jefferson, Texas.

See notice to bidders annexed.

William Williams, of Memphis, Tennessee, failing bidder.

8014 From New Orleans, by McCutchen's Landing (n. o.), St. Charles, Gassin's Landing (n. o.), Edgard, Bount's Farm, Longview, Vacherie Roads, Cantrelle, Grande Pointe (n. o.), Convent, Tureaud (n. o.), Donaldsonville, New River, Bayou Goula, St. Gabriel, Plaquemine, Pruly Landing (n. o.), Baton Rouge, West Baton Rouge, Lobdell's Store (n. o.), Belle Vale, Port Hudson, Hermitage and Waterloo, to St. Francisville, one hundred and seventy miles and back, twice a week, in steamboats.

Leave New Orleans Tuesday and Friday, at 9 A. M.;

Arrive at St. Francisville next days by 9 A. M.;

Leave St. Francisville Wednesday and Saturday at 10 A. M.

Arrive at New Orleans next days by 10 A. M.

Proposals for three times a week service invited.

See notice to bidders annexed.

Jacob A. Pulver, of New Orleans, failing bidder.

8015 From New Orleans, by Jefferson, to Carrollton, six miles and back, six times a week.

Leave New Orleans daily, except Sunday, at 9 P. M.;

Arrive at Carrollton by 12 M.;

Leave Carrollton daily, except Sunday, at 1 P. M.;

Arrive at New Orleans by 4 P. M.

Samuel Blackwood, of Galveston, Texas, failing bidder.

8043 From Monroe, by Trenton, Forksville, Douglass, Vienna, Simsborough (n. o.), Arcadia, Mount Lebanon, Minden and Bellevue, to Shreveport, one hundred and twenty miles and back, three times a week.

Leave Monroe Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 2 A. M.;

Arrive at Shreveport next days by 10 P. M.;

Leave Shreveport Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 2 A. M.;

Arrive at Monroe next days at 10 P. M.

Proposals for six times a week service invited, by a schedule allowing twenty-four hours running time.

See notice to bidders annexed.

Jacob Fike, of Lawrence, Kansas, failing bidder.

8056 From Bellevue, by Fillmore, to Bossier Point (n. o.), eighteen miles and back, once a week.

Leave Bellevue Wednesday at 6 A. M.;

Arrive at Bossier Point by 12 M.;

Leave Bossier Point Wednesday at 1 P. M.;

Arrive at Bellevue by 7 P. M.

Proposals invited to end at Fillmore, eight miles.

8072 From Washington, by Dunbarton (n. o.), Bayou Boeuf, St. Peters, and Holmesville, to Evergreen, forty-nine miles and back, once a week.

Leave Washington Monday at 7 A. M.;

Arrive at Evergreen next day by 12 M.;

Leave Evergreen Tuesday at 2 P. M.;

Arrive at Washington next day by 6 P. M.

Joseph Johnson, of Navasota, Texas, failing contractor.

8082 From New Iberia, by St. Martinsville, Cote Gelee, Vermilionville, Grand Coteau, Opelousas, Washington, Ville Platte, Bayou Chicot, Holmesville and Lloyd's Bridge, (n. o.) to Chenevville, one hundred and thirty-one miles and back, six times a week to Washington, and three times the residue.

Leave New Iberia daily, except Sunday, on arrival of mail boat—say at 1 A. M.;

Arrive at Washington by 9 P. M.;

Leave Washington Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday at 3 A. M.;

Arrive at Chenevville next day by 11 A. M.

Leave Chenevville Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 11:30 A. M.;

Arrive at Washington next days by 9 P. M.;

Leave Washington daily, except Sunday, at 5 A. M.;

Arrive at New Iberia by 9 P. M.

See notice to bidders annexed.

Samuel Blackwood, of Galveston, Texas, failing bidder.

8083 From New Iberia, by Abbeville, to Perry's Bridge, twenty-four miles and back, twice a week.

Leave New Iberia Monday and Thursday at 6 A. M.;

Arrive at Perry's Bridge by 4 P. M.;

Leave Perry's Bridge Tuesday and Friday at 6 A. M.;

Arrive at New Iberia by 4 P. M.

Proposals invited to end at Abbeville.

Samuel Blackwood, of Galveston, Texas, failing bidder.

8084 From Saint Martinsville, by Breaux Bridge, La Place, Arnaudville, Leonville (n. o.), and Barry's Landing (n. o.), to Opelousas, forty-nine miles and back, three times a week.

Leave Saint Martinsville Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 A. M.;

Arrive at Opelousas next days by 10 A. M.;

Leave Opelousas Wednesday, Friday and Monday at 11 A. M.;

Arrive at Saint Martinsville next days by 3 P. M.

Samuel Blackwood, of Galveston, Texas, failing bidder.

Notice to Bidders.

The certificates on proposals for the following routes in Louisiana, viz: Nos. 8006, 8007, 8013, 8014, 8043, 8082, must be signed by Postmasters at the following offices in the State, viz: New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Shreveport, Monroe, New Iberia, Washington, or by Postmasters at offices of the first, second and third class in other States.

All Postmasters signing certificates of the sufficiency of guarantors and sureties will be held to a strict accountability for the correctness of such certificates.

For forms of proposal, guarantee and certificate, and also for instructions as to the conditions to be embraced in the contract, etc., see pamphlet advertisement of September 30, 1870, and of this date, inviting proposals for mail service in Louisiana, to be found at the principal postoffices.

Bids should be sent in sealed envelopes, superscribed, "Mail proposals, State of Louisiana," and addressed to the Second Assistant Postmaster General.

JOHN A. J. CRESWELL,
se7 1w 4t Postmaster General.

CANCELLATION OF BONDS.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Executive Department, New Orleans, August 15, 1871.

WHEREAS, APPLICATION HAS BEEN MADE to me for the cancellation of the bonds of Charles E. Fortier, as auctioneer, in and for the parish of Orleans, to wit: A bond dated June 22, 1868, in the sum of ten thousand dollars, signed by Charles E. Fortier as principal, and Arthur Fortier and G. W. Dunbar as securities; and a bond dated September 8, 1868, in the sum of ten thousand dollars, signed by Charles E. Fortier as principal, and Arthur Fortier and Samuel Powers as securities; also, a bond dated January 14, 1871, in the sum of ten thousand dollars, signed by Charles E. Fortier as principal, and Arthur Fortier as security—

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the said bonds to file their objections to the cancellation thereof in writing, in the office of the Secretary of State, within ninety days after the last publication hereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State, this fifteenth day of August, A. D. 1871, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-sixth.

By the Governor, H. C. WARMOTH.
GEORGE E. BOVEE, Secretary of State. se10 3t

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO JOSEPH CANNON.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, New Orleans, August 16, 1871.

COMPLAINT HAVING BEEN ENTERED AT THIS office by Valentine Hampson, of St. Tammany parish, against Joseph Cannon for abandoning his homestead entry number sixty-four, dated January 25, 1867, upon the west half of northwest quarter section thirty-four, township eight south, range thirteen east, in late Greensburg district, Louisiana, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the twentieth day of September, 1871, at one o'clock P. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

CHARLES BARNARD, Register.
au19 26 se12 20 W. H. HYATT, Receiver.

PROPOSALS.

DEPARTMENT OF WATERWORKS AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS, September 7, 1871.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the undersigned, until MONDAY, September 18, 1871, at 12 M., for the purchase of the iron building at the foot of Canal street, the same to be removed immediately after adjudication of sale.

Terms of sale—Cash on adjudication.

The city reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

All parties making proposals for this contract are required to deposit with the Administrator of