NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN.

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VOLUME V—NO. 138. NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1871. WHOLE NUMBER 1361.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

D. BIDWELL.....Proprietor and Manager.

Monday, September 25, 1871,

GRAND OPENING NIGHT.

Entirely renewed in every particular, at an expense of over twenty thousand dollars, introducing (first time in New Orleans) one thousand Patent Folding Academy Chairs. Opening with the Academy's regular Dramatic Company of

TALENTED ARTISTS,

Sustaining the fascinating and accomplished Miss LILLIE ELDRIDGE, for one week only, in her specialties.

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday,

Mr. Frederick Marsden's romantic drama, written expressly for Miss Eldridge, entitled

ALMA,

OR

HELD IN BONDAGE.

WITH FULL CAST.

Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday.

Boucicault's Last Sensation,

ELFIE,

OR

THE CHERRY TREE INN.

Saturday, September 30, 1871,

FIRST GRAND MATINEE.

Box office open on SATURDAY, September 23. Doors open at 6:30; overture at 7:30 P. M. se21

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.

Thursday Evening, September 21, 1871.

SHAKSPEARE CLUB.

SIXTH ENTERTAINMENT—FIFTH SERIES.

The guests of the Club are respectfully informed that the

LADY OF LYONS

Has been substituted for EVADNE on the occasion of the last entertainment of this season's series of dramatic performances by the Shakspeare Club.

The doors of the theatre will open at 7 o'clock; curtain will rise at a quarter before 8 P. M.

Members of the Reception Committee will report at the theatre at half past six o'clock P. M.

se21 COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

GRAND MUSICAL AND PROMENADE SOIREE,

To be given on the night of the twenty-sixth of September,

AT ODD FELLOWS' HALL,

For the benefit of a fund to purchase an organ for CALVARY CHURCH.

Tickets—One Dollar. se17 td

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERTS,

AT THE

MAGNOLIA GARDEN

(Bayou Bridge).

Every Wednesday and Sunday Afternoons.

THE BEST BRASS BAND IN AMERICA.

Admission free. Refreshments of all kinds furnished at reasonable rates.

se2 6m T. J. JUDT, Proprietor.

FOR SALE.

BAY ST. LOUIS LOTS FOR SALE—THE whole tract of forty lots of ground on Nicholson avenue, Bay St. Louis, or a single lot, to suit purchasers. Prices and terms reasonable. Apply to N. H. THOMAS & CO., No. 32 Carondelet street. se8 1m

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THE DESIRABLE TWO-STORY residence No. 159 Calliope street; well adapted for families; conveniently located; terms moderate. Apply to Lock-box No. 160, New Orleans Postoffice. se18tf

FOR RENT.—THE UPPER PART OF BUILDing No. 7 Carondelet street, between Canal and Common streets, containing twenty-two rooms, suitable either for a club or large boarding-house. Apply to office No. 9, Gallier Court. se14 8t

ELEGANT ROOMS—FURNISHED—WITH OR without board, in that pleasant residence, No. 212 Carondelet street. Suites of rooms for families, if desired. se8 1m

WANTED.

WANTED.....WANTED.

At the Phœnix House, No. 94 St. Charles street, a first class female family cook, and a good family washer and ironer. Apply immediately. se21

WANTED—A WELL EDUCATED GERMAN widow lady wishes a position where she could be useful in the family circle. Speaks refined and correct German; speaks also French and English fluently. Is a good housekeeper and manager. Address Mrs. Norris, Magazine street, corner St. Joseph. se6

WANTED—ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND MEN, women and children afflicted with the following diseases: Dyspepsia, diarrhea, bilious and other fevers, general debility, nervousness, low spirits, etc., to be cured by the celebrated Peychaud's Bitters. Price, $1 a bottle. ap30 8u We Fr 1y

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP

The firm of FLEMING, MENDELSOHN & CO. is this day dissolved. Mr. J. P. Fleming retiring. The business will hereafter be carried on by Messrs. S. Mendelsohn and T. H. Patterson. They will settle all accounts and assume all liabilities. The name and style of the firm will hereafter be

se20 3t S. MENDELSOHN & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS

GAS.....GAS.....GAS.

The best and cheapest gas in the city can be had by applying at No. 53 Camp street, to

W. B. BOWMAN,

Agent Fairbanks' Scale and Cotton Beams.

Fairbanks & Co. are the authorized agents for furnishing all the the customhouses, postoffices, and all public buildings connected with the United States, with scales, which is satisfactory evidence that they are the standard for the United States.

Southern Agency at No. 53 Camp street.

au26 3m W. B. BOWMAN, Agent.

THE GAS OF THE AGE.

The New Orleans Hydro-Carbon Gaslight Company.

This company has just completed a series of scientific experiments in the production of Hydro-Carbon Gas by "Sloper's patents," and can strongly recommend these machines as the simplest, cheapest and most substantial gas machines ever offered to the public, producing a gas five times the illuminating power of city gas, and at a much less cost. For churches, halls, sugar-houses and country towns this machine can not be surpassed.

Orders for machines left at the company's office, No. 5 Carondelet street, New Orleans, or with Messrs. Jockush & Co., bankers, Galveston, Texas, will meet with prompt attention.

J. M. WAGNER, President.

HENRY STERN, Secretary and Treasurer.

aug 6m

CHARLES G. SCHULZE,

No. 66 Gravier Street, New Orleans.

Postoffice Box 1138.

Stereotype and Electrotyping,

Seal Press Engraving, Die Sinking, Stencil Cutting, Designing. Agency for the best Card and Cancelling Stamps, Red, Black and Blue Ink, Ribbons for Hand Stamps, Stencil Plates, etc. First premium for best Stereotype Plate at last Fair. ja14

THE COURTS.

Eighth District Court—Removing Red River Obstructions—An Injunction and Sequestration Writ—Waterworks—Slaughterhouse.

The petition of Andrew J. Oliver, who resides in the parish of Orleans, and of George Alban, who resides in the parish of DeSoto, respectfully shows: That on the eighteenth of September, 1868, your petitioners, being owners of a certain contract with the State of Louisiana, for the improvement of the navigation of Red river, and in great want of some ready money in order to complete it, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract, applied to one William Durbridge, who also resides in the city of New Orleans, for the loan of three thousand dollars, to be used for that express purpose, and succeeded in obtaining from him said sum.

Your petitioners aver that their straightened circumstances at the time, combined with the absolute necessity of having said sum of money without delay, and the usurious demands of said Durbridge, induced them to enter into an agreement with him by which they obligated themselves to pay him for the use said three thousand dollars; the one-third part of the net profits greatly exceed the amount of the loan. They aver that they were unable to make any better or more favorable negotiation with the said Durbridge for said loan of three thousand dollars than the one agreed upon, which was reduced to writing, by public act before P. R. Hogan, a notary, a copy of which will be produced on the trial hereof.

Now your petitioners aver that by said act, in order to induce the said Durbridge to make said loan they constituted him their agent and attorney in fact, with power to collect the bonds provided for in their said contract from the State as will also appear from said act.

They further aver that the said Durbridge has already received on account of said loan, or the transaction named, a sum largely in excess of the said $3000, with eight per cent interest per annum from the date thereof until paid, but that he persists in demanding the whole one-third part of the net earned profits of said contract for the use of his said $3000 in excess of the highest rate of interest allowed by law, and not only that, but he still persists in claiming the right to collect the same from the State.

Your petitioners aver that said contract was and is highly usurious; that the said Durbridge took an undue advantage of the necessities and circumstances of your petitioners in compelling them to promise to pay such outrageous interest, it being more than a thousand per cent per annum; and they aver that to the extent of the payment of said one-third part of the net profits of said contract for the use of said $3000, the agreement of said eighteenth of September, 1868, is null and void by reason of a prohibitory law, and that your petitioners are desirous of having it so declared by a judgment of this honorable court.

Your petitioners aver that the said Durbridge is not only claiming that one-third part of said contract, net, but that he also pretends that he has a right to act as agent aforesaid for your petitioners in its collection from the State, notwithstanding numerous withdrawals of said authority, all of which is unjust, illegal, and ruinous to your petitioners' interests in the premises.

They aver that unless the said Durbridge be restrained and enjoined from all further action, under and by virtue of said written agreement of the eighteenth of September, 1868, from claiming or asserting in any manner whatever an interest in the contract of the tenth of September, 1868, between the State and your petitioners, and from pretending to act either in courts of justice or elsewhere as agent or transferee, under the written agreement of said eighteenth of September, 1868, they will sustain irreparable injury and be deprived of the whole benefits of said contract now remaining due to them, which amounts to the sum of fifty thousand dollars.

Wherefore your petitioners pray that citation may issue herein to the said William Durbridge, in accordance with law; that after all due and proper proceedings had in the premises, judgment may be rendered in favor of your petitioners and against the said William Durbridge, decreeing that the written agreement entered into between your petitioners and the said Durbridge, on the eighteenth of September, 1868, before E. R. Hogan, notary public, be canceled and annulled; decreeing that the three thousand dollars therein mentioned as having been advanced by the said Durbridge have been paid to him with the highest rate of interest allowed by law, from its date to final payment; and decreeing further, that the said Durbridge has now no lawful right to any portion of a certain contract with the State mentioned in said act, and that he has no right in law to claim to represent your petitioners either as agents or transferees under said act.

And for all general and equitable relief and considering the premises, the annexed bond and affidavit, your petitioners pray that a writ of injunction may issue herein, restraining and enjoining the said William Durbridge from asserting, aside from this suit in any manner whatever, either directly or indirectly, an interest in the contract made between the State of Louisiana and your petitioners for the improvement of the navigation of Red river, made before E. R. Hogan, notary, on the tenth day of September, 1868, that he may be restrained and enjoined from presenting any such claim to the Auditor of Public Accounts in any form, shape or manner whatever, and that he may be prohibited and enjoined from instituting any suit or proceedings in any court or courts of justice, either as agent or transferee of your petitioners of any interest in or to said contract of the tenth of September, 1868, until after this suit shall have been finally determined. And to the end that the jurisdiction of this honorable court may be maintained over all the issues and matters that may arise in the course of this litigation, and that the writ of injunction prayed for may become the more effectual, your petitioners pray that the Clerks of the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Seventh District Courts, for the parish of Orleans, may be prohibited and enjoined from filing any suit or suits in their respective courts, of the above described character, and for all general relief.

A. J. Oliver, one of the within named petitioners, being sworn, says all the facts contained in the above and foregoing petition are true and correct.

Let the defendants show cause on Tuesday, the twenty sixth day of September, 1871, at 10 A. M., why the injunction herein prayed for should not issue; and meantime let the defendants be enjoined and restrained from committing or performing any of the acts complained of and set forth in this petition, and plaintiffs giving bond with good and solvent security in the sum of one thousand dollars conditioned as the law directs.

In the same court the same plaintiffs pray for a writ of mandamus to compel the State Auditor to issue certificates of indebtedness to the amount of fifty thousand dollars.

George Alban, a resident of the parish of Caddo, and Andrew J. Oliver, of New Orleans, represent that, in the year 1868, they entered into a contract with the State to perform the work of improving the navigation of Red river, under act of Legislature No. 59, approved September —, 1868.

Relators claim that on the part of the State, represented by the commissioners appointed by said act, it was stipulated and agreed that for the entire work they were to be paid the sum of $135,000, to be paid in installments as the work progressed, and on the completion of each section—that is to say, for section No. 1, $50,000; for section No. 2, $42,000; for section No. 3, $22,000, and for section No. 4, $21,000.

They further show that the State reserved the right of making payment in its bonds payable to bearer twenty years after date of contract (September 10, 1868), and bearing seven and three-tenths per cent interest, and that they bound themselves to receive said bonds in payment of said work at their par value.

Relators show that they have made application for said bonds to the Auditor of Public Accounts, as provided for in the fifth section of said act, who refuses compliance or to entertain any jurisdiction in the matter whatever, on the ground that no such bonds have ever been sent to his office.

Relators aver that there is no appropriation made by law for the payment of their said claim except in the bonds aforesaid; that the omission on the part of the proper authorities of the State to cause said bonds to be executed, signed and countersigned, as required by said act, can in no manner alter or affect the rights and obligations of the parties to said contract; and that in default of the immediate delivery of said bonds, they are entitled to certificates of indebtedness of the State for similar amounts, according to article No. 187 of Ray Revised Statutes, which have been demanded of James Graham, Auditor, and by him refused.

Wherefore they pray for a writ of mandamus to compel the Auditor to issue certificates of indebtedness to the amount of $50,000.

The case of the Crescent City Waterworks Company and certain taxpayers vs. the City of New Orleans, praying for an injunction to restrain the city from disposing of or mortgaging the Waterworks, came up this morning, when the City Attorney represented that he was not prepared, and asked for a continuance at the hands of opposing counsel, which being refused, he stated that the case could not be tried by any one but the judge of this court, except recused. Judge Emerson decided adverse to counsel and ordered the cause to proceed. After hearing arguments of counsel, the court decided, that the face of the papers must be taken as true, and as the papers allege the Crescent City Waterworks to be a corporation, as a corporation they have an interest. They also allege that they are citizens and taxpayers.

I will not decide whether the creation of the company was, or was not according to law, for I do not consider it necessary now: but there is a serious question involved here, as to the rights of petitioners as taxpayers. Whether the corporation be a myth or not, as taxpayers they have a right to be heard. Has the city a right to dispose of or incumber the Waterworks?

Suppose the city should sell this court building and not provide any other place for the transaction of legal business. It seems to me that any member of the bar would have the right to ask for an injunction to restrain them from so doing. The city would neither have the right to incumber the building to the prejudice of legal proceedings.

Taxpayers say, "The city is about to incumber the Waterworks."

I shall be compelled to issue the injunction, and let the full merits of the case come up hereafter in some other shape.

The writ was issued upon plaintiffs furnishing bond in the sum of $5000.

Slaughterhouse Injunction.

Jean Berthin, representing himself to be a butcher, applies for a writ of injunction to restrain the Slaughterhouse company from removing their buildings, etc., from the west bank of the river, to the great injury and detriment of petitioner's business. The allegations in the petition are similar to those in the suits of Frelot and Barrien.

Sixth District Court.

William Durbridge has filed a suit in this court claiming that he entered into a copartnership with A. J. Oliver and George Alban, in taking a contract for improving the navigation of Red river, for the sum of $135,000, entered into with the State, under Act 59, passed September 10, 1868.

That according to said terms he was to receive one-third the profits of said contract, but that the work has been completed, and said Oliver and Alban have received on account of the same the sum of $85,000 without having recompensed plaintiff for his share of the profits claimed.

He represents that defendants have received or are about to receive certificates to the amount of $50,000 the balance of contract price, and therefore prays for a writ of sequestration, to restrain the said defendants from converting to their use the said sum until the matter between these parties shall be settled.

Judge Cooley has issued the writ of sequestration, plaintiff furnishing bond.

THE CITY HALL

Now that the Mayor has full power to settle with the property holders, who will be dispossessed by the opening of Moreau street, the work of opening the street ought to be commenced, and the railroad company notified to lay its tracks.

The New Railroad Track on Canal Street.

Canal street, beyond Claiborne, is in a terrible condition, partly owing to the late rains, partly to the terrible mess made by the railroad company, in digging up dirt to lay the new track.

The company, if they are really entitled to the excavations from the canal, should not be allowed to haul it in such bad weather as we have had of late, as the fine shellroad is completely covered with mud, and cut to pieces by the passage, stopping, backing, twisting and turning of their carts.

Carrollton Avenue.

For the information of gentlemen fond of driving pleasure vehicles, we would state that lumber is now being hauled to Carrollton avenue, at the intersection of the Orleans canal, and a good substantial bridge will soon be built, which will enable travelers from all parts of the city to reach the Bayou bridge, City Park, the Fair Grounds, etc., in a remarkably short time, and by a good shell road, if Administrator Cockrem will make good his promise.

Department of Improvements.

The strengthening of the levees along the Old and New canals has been attended to, and the work has been done under the superintendence of the Administrator of Improvements and Surveyor Bell in such a manner as to insure the city from all possible danger of inundation from them. The work being completed, several hundred laborers have been thrown out of employment, and the Administrator of Improvements is much annoyed by applications of the discharged laborers for other employment.

Proposals for removing and towing nuisance boats for one year, commencing on the seventeenth of October, were opened yesterday, at noon, in the office of the Administrator of Improvements. Kouns & Co. bid $3852 50 and W. H. McChesney $5500 per month.

The offer of Kouns & Co., to take the contract for $3852 50, will probably be accepted by the Administrator at the next regular meeting of the Council. Last year, the amount paid for the same service was $4895 per month.

Work for the Prisoners.

A number of hale, hearty men are confined for various crimes in the Parish Prison. There is little or nothing for them to do there. Why not, with the prospect of fine weather before us, take a lot of these men and set them to work in the City Park? With very little labor devoted to the cutting out of the weeds and undergrowth, and topping off the lower branches of the trees in the park, the place could be made a pleasant resort for pedestrians and those able and fond of driving for pleasure and recreation.

We wish Administrator Lewis would join hands with the park commissioners for the improvement of that central and most beautiful piece of ground.

Sink in the Levee at Clouet street.

The levee at the head of Clouet street has gone down a space of one hundred and twenty feet by thirty to forty feet wide and four feet deep. The sink has now probably reached its ultimate, and immediate measures will be taken to put the landing in its original condition. The cause of the sinking of the levee is attributed to the high water of the present season and the rapid decline of the river. While the bank has caved in in some places, the batture has been forming in the upper portion of the Fourth District, and a large amount of deposit is accumulating which will hereafter be useful.

In Contravention.

The chimney of the blacksmith shop, No. 219 Claiborne street, has been inspected by City Surveyor Bell, and is reported by him to be in violation of article 203, revised city ordinances. The ordinance requires that chimneys used for manufacturing purposes shall be elevated to the height of the highest adjoining roof within a hundred feet of the establishment. The same officer reports the iron shutters of the warehouse at the corner of Race and Peters streets, to be suspended by one hinge each, and liable to fall at any moment.

Workhouse.

James Murphy, an inmate of the Workhouse, has petitioned the Mayor for a release. He furnishes a certificate, signed by ten property holders, that he is not a vagrant, but a hard working man.

New Books for the Public Schools.

Yesterday the pupils in the public schools were required to turn over to the teachers all their old, and to receive in return, for a small consideration in money, an entirely new series of books. These books were adopted by the school board, on the first of May, and their introduction was postponed until after vacation. The committee who chose them were Dr. Jackson and Messrs. Boothby and Matlack, and among others they have selected Wilson's Readers.

The New Fire Company.

The proposition of Good Intent Fire Company No. 25, asking for admission into the Firemen's Charitable Association, will not be entertained until after the fifteenth of December, the day upon which the city's contract with the association expires.

Article 394 of the ordinance authorizing the contract says: "That no association or organized society or club of firemen shall be allowed, except as authorized by this ordinance, and working under this contract."

A TRIAL FOR MURDER

A Young Girl the Victim

STANDING OF THE ACCUSED

On Tuesday last the case of John Fazende, charged with the murder of a Marie Estelle, a mulatto girl of great beauty, came up in Jefferson parish before Judge William Kern, of the parish court—J. J. Roman, R. King Cutler and Judge Scott, counsel for the accused, and Z. McKay, Esq., district attorney, for the prosecution.

Several witnesses were examined on the part of the State, and most of the testimony appeared to be very damaging to the accused.

This case, from the social position of Fazende, is exciting considerable interest in Jefferson parish. His family, being composed of several interesting young ladies, are in constant attendance, and great sympathy is expressed for them in this their hour of trouble.

At three o'clock the court adjourned till ten o'clock yesterday morning.

In the same court yesterday the examination was resumed. The testimony on the part of the State closed with that of Dr. Henry, who held the post-mortem examination.

The defense opened with the testimony of two medical gentlemen, and, at the time of the adjournment, three o'clock P. M., Miss C. Duprie, neice of Mr. Fazende, was giving her testimony. The court adjourned to ten o'clock this morning.

Explosion in the Ice Works.

About nine o'clock last night a portion of the machinery in the Louisiana Ice Manufactory exploded, causing considerable damage and injuring several persons.

John Hart was the greatest sufferer, as one of his legs was badly fraciured. Besides that, he is suffering in consequence of having inhaled gas.

All those who were near the place at the time inhaled the fumes coming from the broken vase, which made them quite sick for the time.

The damage to property is about three thousand dollars. The cause of the explosion is not explained.

Great Council of Red Men.

The great council of the United States of this order adjourned at Philadelphia, last Saturday, after a four days session. A pretty full abstract of the proceedings is given in the Philadelphia papers. A great council charter was granted for the tribes in Louisiana, which were represented at the session by Edward S. Wurzburger. Mr. Wurzburger, we are informed, was to leave again on Saturday evening for New York. The organization in this State consists of Osyka Tribe No. 1 (German), New Orleans Osceola No. 7, and Tunica No. 8, Shreveport.

The St. Charles Theatre.

The Shakspeare Club will give their sixth entertainment of the fifth series this evening, at the St. Charles Theatre, on which occasion the "Lady of Lyons" will be substituted for "Evadne" previously announced. Members of the reception committee will report at the theatre at half-past six o'clock. Doors open at seven o'clock curtain rises at a quarter before eight o'clock.

Academy of Music.

The Academy of Music has a grand opening night next Monday evening, with the regular dramatic company, sustaining the fascinating and accomplished Miss Lillie Eldridge in her specialties. The initial drama will be "Alma," with Miss Eldridge in the title role.

GREAT AND IMPORTANT SALE OF FURNITURE.—The contents of twelve well furnished residences, removed for convenience of sale, this day at eleven o'clock, at old auction mart, No. 87 Camp street.

Mrs. Laura D. Fair has put in conspicuous places in her prison quarters the cards of nearly four hundred of her feminine sympathizers who have called on her since she murdered Judge Crittenden. She boasts, it is said, of having more of the sympathy of San Francisco than any woman in the whole city.

Mahony, Pennsylvania, as might be guessed from the name, is full of Democrats, and the only man in town who can read and write is also the only Republican in the place, and the Democracy are obliged to elect him justice of the peace, or go without such an official.

An old gentleman of seventy wanted to be married to a girl of seventeen. One day a friend surprised him, tenderly embracing his intended. "I don't wonder at your astonishment," said the young lady; "you don't generally expect to find old heads on young shoulders."

BY TELEGRAPH.

OUR BOSTON DISPATCHES

THE GATLING GUNNERS

THEIR REMOVAL CERTAIN

GOVERNOR WARMOTH ALL RIGHT

[Special to the New Orleans Republican.]

BOSTON, September 20, 1871.

A special correspondent of the Boston *Advertiser* telegraphs from Washington that Casey, Packard, Lowell and others will be removed, and that Governor Warmoth is all right, and has the influence of the Republican party with him.

SHAWMUT.

LATEST NEWS FROM ALL POINTS

A THIRD COMMISSIONER

THE WASHINGTON TREATY

TYPHOON IN THE PACIFIC

STEAMBOAT CUT DOWN

TREASURER SPINNER RETURNED

WHO STOLE THE VOUCHERS?

THE THIEF IS KNOWN

EUROPEAN AND NORTH AMERICAN RAILROAD.

THE LAST RAIL LAID

CONCLAVE OF KNIGHTS TEMPLAR

[Associated Press Dispatches.]

WASHINGTON.

Count Conti Third Commissioner—Delano Gone—Sentence of Lieutenant Fenno Approved.

WASHINGTON, September 20.—Count Conti, the Italian minister here, is the third commissioner under the Washington treaty.

Delano has gone.

The sentence of Lieutenant Fenno, Seventeenth Infantry, to be cashiered, five years' imprisonment in the penitentiary, and to refund $1500, has been approved. Fenno was convicted of embezzlement of public funds and betting while he had the funds in charge.

Rear Admiral T. Bailey succeeds Shubrick as chairman of the Lighthouse Board.

Commodore Napoleon Collins succeeds Commander Hunt as inspector of the tenth lighthouse district.

Captain Andrew Bryson succeeds Captain Guest in command.

Captain J. B. Creighton has been ordered to the Guerriere, which Captain Stevens grounded in the Mediterranean, to bring her home.

NEW YORK.

Typhoon in the Pacific—Steamer Fort Lee Cut Down—Recorder Gurney Arrived—Treasurer Spinner Home—The Tammany Imbroglio—Deputy Controller in Possession—Requiem Mass—Governments Steady—States Heavy—Evening Post on Tammany—The Voucher Thief Known.

NEW YORK, September 20.—A typhoon at Keeling island, Pacific ocean, wrecked a number of vessels, and a number of lives were lost.

The steamboat Fort Lee was cut to the water's edge by the steamer Nevens, from Boston. The Lee was run ashore. No lives lost.

One of the Washington treaty commissioners, Recorder Gurney, has arrived.

Treasurer Spinner came on the China.

There is a perfect calm about the city hall and the new courthouse; Deputy Controller Green is in quiet possession.

Money 5@6, with exceptions at 7. The outstanding loans at 4 were undisturbed, especially when this money was with leading bankers. Sterling closed a trifle firmer: Gold 114½@114⅝. State bonds are rather heavy; Tennessees 72, new 72; Virginias 62¾, new 63; Louisiana sixes 65, new 60, levee sixes 70, eights 82; Alabama eights 100, fives 67; Georgia sixes 82, sevens 91; North Carolinas 40, new 24; South Carolinas 76, new 56. Sales of cotton for futures to-day 8500 bales; September 19 3-16@19¼c. October 19@19 15-16c, November 19@19¼c, December 19@19 3-16.

Governments are steady, and but little change in prices. Five-twenties of January and July are off about ⅛ per cent, and ten-forties ¼ to ⅜; sixes of 1881 118¼; five-twenties of 1862 115⅛; 64s 114⅞; 65s 115¼ new 113¾; 67s 113⅞; 68s 114; ten-forties 111⅜.

There was a requiem mass to-day for the repose of the souls of the Pontifical Zouaves who fell a year ago defending Rome.

Up to five o'clock Mayor Hall issued no orders revoking the order ignoring Controller Connolly and his deputies.

The *Evening News* says the person who stole the vouchers is known, and there is a warrant out for his arrest.

The *Post* learns on good authority that early in the summer city vouchers for $3,000,000 were stolen from the controller's office. The mayor and other officers outside of the controller's office only recently learned of the abstraction. The city auditor, through whose hands these vouchers passed, was a son of Connollys, now in Europe.

The fact that the vouchers were missing, however, was believed for good reasons by the editors of the *Evening Post* early in the present month, and was referred to in a leading article as a subject of inquiry.

It now appears that the condition of the controller's records is even worse than supposed. The city auditor, through whose hands these vouchers passed and who was responsible for their accuracy, was J. Townsend Connolly, son of Controller Connolly. He has since left this country and gone to Europe, and Mr. Herring has taken his place.

Up to the time of going to press we have not been able to learn whether the vouchers were missing immediately after Connolly's son's departure, nor have we any facts which directly tend to implicate him in the theft.

It was said, some days ago, by men who knew that these vouchers were missing, that it was designed in the controller's office to manufacture new vouchers in place of these, but we do not find any evidence that such is the case; but it is believed Mayor Hall will make official use of this robbery, as well as of the latter one, to the utmost, for the purpose of driving Mr. Connolly from his office.

The department of parks has made a requisition upon Controller Connolly for the money required to meet the payments now due upon the pay rolls of the parks. This is a distinct recognition of Connolly's right to perform the duties of controller.

Advices from the City of Mexico state it is conceded that a majority of the new congress favors Juarez. There are no signs of a revolution. Ex-Minister Plumb, agent of the international railway of Texas has arrived. His object is to make negotiations for a continuation of the railway to this city, and its extension thence to Mazatlan, on the Pacific coast.

By a recent order all foreigners are obliged to register their names within three months.

LONDON.

The Times on New York Affairs—The Strikes Continue.

LONDON, September 20.—The *Times*, discussing the municipal affairs of New York, advises the citizens to put aside party interests, as otherwise the evil will be checked for a time only, and will reappear in an aggravated form.

The strikes continue. There has been a large number of sympathetic meetings.

The first anniversary of the occupation of Rome by the Italian troops was celebrated with great enthusiasm to-day. The city was literally covered with festoons, flags, flowers and tapestry. The shops were all closed, and political associations participated with full ranks, accompanied by bands of music, and carrying flags and banners bearing inscriptions in honor of united Italy. The crowds in the streets were immense and orderly.

In the afternoon there was a grand review of the troops.

Many visitors arrived in the city by the Mont Cenis tunnel railway in season to witness the festivities.

VERSAILLES.

Illness of Von Arnim—Treaty of Peace Formation—Details Thereof.

VERSAILLES, September 20.—Herr Von Arnim was slightly indisposed yesterday, and the negotiations for a formation of a treaty of peace with Germany were, for the time being, suspended. These negotiations include the putting into effect of the customs treaty recently negotiated, and the evacuation of the greater portion of the French territory now held by the Germans as a security for their indemnity.

Notwithstanding the temporary suspension of the negotiations, it was hoped an understanding would be perfected upon the original basis, and be mutually agreed upon.

[NOTE.—A dispatch indicating the whole matter has been referred to Berlin.]

Later.—No permanent difficulty is apprehended, and an eventual arrangement of all questions at issue between the representatives of the two countries is regarded as certain.

The appeal of the convicted communist from the sentence imposed by the courtmartial, will be heard on Thursday, of this week.

The plan adopted for the military defense of France includes the fortifications of Champagne and the erection of a quadrilateral of detached forts around Meziers and Charteville. The disarmament of the national guards of the department of the Rhone and Loiré has been completed.

BRUSSELS.

Striking Engineers—Terms Accepted.

BRUSSELS, September 19.—The terms of the striking engineers have been accepted by three of the employing firms of this city.

VERONA.

King Victor Emanuel—City Illuminated.

VERONA, September 20.—King Victor Emanuel arrived yesterday on a brief visit. The city is illuminated in honor of his presence.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Shooting and Mortally Wounding—Caving of a Sewer and Lives Lost—European and North American Railroad Finished—Conclave of Knights Templars—Virginia City Fire—Loss Seven Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars—Quebec Boat Race—Fever in Charleston.

MEMPHIS, September 20.—A shooting affray occurred last Saturday at Shawneetown, Arkansas, fifty miles above here, between Dr. Grundy McGarock and Mr. Thadford, both well known planters. The former was shot in the mouth, the ball coming out back of his head—the latter through the lungs. The affair grew out of a dispute about hogs. Both gentlemen are supposed to be mortally wounded.

INDIANAPOLIS, September 20.—Ten to fifteen laborers were buried in the caving of a sewer on Kentucky avenue. Two were taken out alive and one dead. The others can be heard and will soon be reached.

BANGOR, September 20.—The last rail on the European and North American railroad, connecting the United States with the maritime provinces of Canada, was laid to-day.

BALTIMORE, September 20.—The Grand Conclave of Templars convened to-day. Grand Master Sewell delivered the triennial address. The entire session was consumed hearing reports.

A delegation of Canada knights in full regalia visited the convocation.

The Grand Royal Arch Chapter also convened.

The supreme council of the southern jurisdiction gave a grand banquet to the supreme council of the northern jurisdiction at Barnum's to-night.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 20.—The losses by the fire at Virginia City will reach $750,000. Four entire blocks in the centre and business portion of the town were burned. The origin of the fire was a defective smokestack in a planing mill. Many firemen were injured, and one was killed.

QUEBEC, September 20.—In the four-oared race Renforth's crew and five Quebec crews started. Renforth's crew won by two minutes.

In the single scull race Kelly was first, Chambers second and Percy third.

BOSTON, September 20.—The conductor whom the coroner's jury accused of criminal carelessness, resulting in the death of a woman, has been held for the action of the Grand Jury, but released on $8000 bail.

CHARLESTON, September 20.—There has been three fever deaths in the last twenty-four hours.

The cool change has had an unfavorable effect upon the sick.

BOSTON, September 20.—James O'Meara, in jumping from a street car, was struck by a passing car and instantly killed.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., September 20.—The Republican convention nominated a congressman at large. There were four counties unrepresented. D. W. Munn presided. General J. L. Buering was nominated.

GALVESTON, September 20.—The grand torchlight procession last night, in this city, of the opponents of the present administration, was the most brilliant affair ever witnessed here. It is estimated 5000 persons were in the procession and 10,000 around the speakers' stand.

The stand was decorated with one hundred flags, every nation being represented. The assembly was addressed by distinguished speakers from different sections of the State, and much enthusiasm was manifested.

A great many negroes have been registered as voters at Houston, ten of whom have been recognized by the citizens of Galveston and Hempstead as being citizens of those places.

A large schooner is ashore on Galveston island, three miles below the city, and is a total wreck. The words "Tom, of Cincinnati," are on her bow.

Weather Report.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Office Chief Signal Officer,
Washington, September 20, 1871, 9:30 P. M.

SYNOPSIS OF THE PAST TWENTY-FOUR HOURS.

The low barometer of Tuesday afternoon in the south Atlantic States still continues, and is fallen somewhat. That which was in New England has probably moved eastward beyond our stations, and the pressure has very generally risen from Virginia to Missouri and northward. The high barometer in Minnesota has moved southeastward beyond our stations, and the pressure has very generally risen from Virginia to Missouri and northward. The high barometer in Minnesota has moved southeastward into Wisconsin and Michigan, and the pressure has probably begun to fall in Minnesota.

The temperature has fallen very generally east of Michigan and the Mississippi, and especially in the Middle and Eastern States. Threatening weather with light rain is still reported from the south Atlantic and Florida and from New England; partially cloudy and clearing weather in New York and Pennsylvania. Fresh northerly winds continue from the middle and east Atlantic westward to Lake Michigan and Tennessee. Light southeast winds have risen in Iowa and Minnesota.

PROBABILITIES.

The barometer will probably continue to rise on Thursday on the Atlantic coast, with cloudy weather from Virginia, partially cloudy or clear weather in the Middle and Eastern States and on the lakes north, and northeasterly winds from Chesapeake Bay to Georgia and from Lake Erie to Lake Superior. Northerly winds, with clear weather, from Kentucky to Alabama and Texas.

River Intelligence.

SOUTHWEST PASS, September 20, 6 P. M.—Barometer 30:05. Wind north, fresh. Arrived: The British ship Chillianwallah, Colfrey, master, forty days from Rio de Janerio, in ballast, to master; American bark Solomon, Carter, master, forty days from Boston, with a general cargo, to George A. Fosdick & Co. Sailed: Steamship Sellary.

MEMPHIS, September 20.—Weather clear and cool. River stationary, with six feet six inches above the Scout and seven below. Up: Mary Miller and Colorado.

LOUISVILLE, September 20.—Arrived: Lookout, Madison, Ruby and Brandenburg. Departed: Leclaire, for Evansville; Palestine, for Henderson; Eddyville, for Cairo.

The river at this point is lower than at any time during the season, seven inches in the chute and scant thirty inches on Portland bar. Weather very cool, with stiff northeast wind blowing this evening.

CINCINNATI, September 20.—River four feet and rising.

ST. LOUIS, September 20.—Arrived: Grand Tower, from Memphis; Cambridge and Sallie, from Vicksburg. Departed: Glencoe, for New Orleans; Belle Pike, for Memphis. River falling slowly. Weather clear and cool.

PITTSBURG, September 20.—Weather cloudy and chilly. Monongahela two feet and rising slowly.

MARKETS.

Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 20.—Cotton firmer; sales 2100 bales; uplands 20¼c; Orleans 20½c. Southern flour dull and heavy; common to fair extra $6 35@7; good to choice $7 10@9. Whisky 94½@95c. Pork easier at $13 50. Beef dull. Lard heavy; kettle 9½c. Wheat: Winter red Western $1 50@1 57. Corn 72½@73½c. Rice 8½@9½c. Naval steady. Freights dull and declining.

Coffee quiet; 750 bags Rio sold at 14½@17¾c. Sugar dull; fair to good refining 9¼@9⅜c; 600 hhds Cuba sold at 9⅜@10¼c. Molasses dull.

CINCINNATI, September 20.—Cotton steady; middling 19¼c. Flour $6@6 25. Wheat firm. Corn 53c. Rye, oats and barley unchanged. Butter scarce and firm; 22@25c. Mess pork $12 75@13. Lard 9c. Bulk meats: Shoulders 6¼c; sides 7⅜@7⅝c; clear sides 7⅜. Bacon: Shoulders 7¼c; sides 7⅞@8c. Hams 16½c. Whisky 90c; demand good.

ST. LOUIS, September 20.—Cotton nominal. Flour firm at $4 60@5. Wheat stiff at $1 26. Corn 45@52c. Oats 31½@32c. Barley 80@90c. Rye 62@64c. Highwines 90c. Coffee 18½@20½c. Mess pork $13 25. Bacon: Shoulders 7½@7¾c; clear rib 7⅞@8c; clear sides 8⅛@8½c. Lard 9¼@9½c. Hogs and cattle steady and unchanged in prices.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, September 20.—Consols 93. Bonds 93½. Turpentine 42s.

FRANKFORT, September 20.—Bonds 95⅛.

PARIS, September 20.—Rentes 56.80.

LIVERPOOL, September 20.—Cotton closed heavy; uplands 9⅜@9⅜d, Orleans 9⅝@9¾d. Turpentine 42s.

Betting on the Rainfall in India.

The Calcutta merchants have adopted a plan for whiling away idle hours which might serve to enliven business on our own Exchange when the money market is "flat." According to the *Pioneer*, betting on drops of rain is just now the fashion in Calcutta, where even respectable native merchants bet very large sums about the rainfall. When the