NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN.

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VOLUME V—NO. 146. NEW ORLEANS, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1871. WHOLE NUMBER 1369.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

D. BIDWELL.....Proprietor and Manager

TWO GRAND PERFORMANCES TO-DAY.

MISS LILLIE ELDRIDGE,

AND THE ACAMEMY COMPANY, in Boucicault's powerful sensation,

ELFIE;

OR, THE CHERRY TREE INN.

At the Grand Matinee, Twelve O'Clock,

AND EVENING, QUARTER TO EIGHT.

ACTING SUPERB,

Every Tableau receiving a DOUBLE ENCORE.

SUNDAY EVENING—A Great Double Bill.
MONDAY—DOMINICK MURRAY. se30

FIRST GRAND ANNUAL PIC-NIC

AND

GENERAL JUBILEE,

TO BE GIVEN BY THE

Hope Hook and Ladder Fire Co. No. 3

EXEMPT RELIEF SOCIETY.

To take place at the Fair Grounds on

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1871,

For the Benefit of Widows and Orphans.

Grand Match Trotting Race between the celebrated horses DUSTY BOB, of Eagle Steam Engine Company No. 7, and LION, of Vigilant Steam Engine Company No. 3.

BUGGY RACE—By celebrated horses.

GRAND BASE BALL MATCH—Crescents vs. Pelicans.

TROTTING RACE WITH HOSE CARRIAGE—One mile; open to all. Prize: Fine Horse Blanket.

PONY RACE—One mile; open to all. Prize: Five Dollars in Gold.

TROTTING RACE—One mile, hand engine, LOAFER horse, Volunteer No. 1.

FOOT RACE—Half Mile; for members of the Department. Prize: Gold Medal.

MULE TROTTING RACE—Under buggy, one mile. Prize: Bale of Hay.

MATCH GAME OF FOOT BALL.

FOOT RACE—Half mile; open to all. Prize: Silver Cup.

GRAND TOURNAMENT RACE—Entries by forty-five Knights. Prize: One Hundred Dollars in Gold.

DOUBLE TEAM MULE RACE—One mile in Floats. Prize: Bale of Hay and one sack of Oats

TROTTING RACE—One mile for Baggage Wagons; open to all. Prize: Silver Mounted Whip.

DRAY RACE—One mile; open to all; for Mules. Prize: Bale of Hay.

DRAY RACE—One mile; open to all; for Horses. Prize: Bale of Hay.

TROTTING RACE—For Steam Engines, double team; one mile. Prize: Pair of Horse Blankets.

AMATEUR BUGGY RACE—Dash of one mile, trotting. C. L. Frantz enters br. h. Jim Fisk; William Swan enters a. h. Willie; P. Doloney enters b. m. Fannie; John Grayer enters b. m. Gentle Annie; M. Carroll enters g. m. Erie; P. Dufour enters b. h. Black Prince.

GRAND HAND ENGINE RACE—Quarter mile, with twenty-three bona fide members, to go to work and throw water through fifty feet of hose in the shortest time. Prize: Silver Punch Bowl.

WHEELBARROW RACE—Three hundred yards, blindfold. Prize: Gold Medal.

Races to commence at 3 P. M. No prizes given unless two or more entries. Entries to be made up to the time of starting.

GRAND BALL—To commence at 5 P. M., under the supervision of the Terpsichorean Committee. Music by Charles Jeager's celebrated Silver Cornet Band.

CHALLENGE DANCE—For One Hundred Dollars, twenty-five dollars aside, between the following gentlemen: Harry Hill, of New Orleans; John Miller, of New Orleans; Charles Anderson, of New York; John Atkinson, of Liverpool.

Tickets FIFTY CENTS. Ladies and children free. For further particulars see programme.
se30 2t

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERTS,

AT THE

MAGNOLIA GARDEN

(Bayou Bridge).

Every Wednesday and Sunday Afternoons.

THE BEST BRASS BAND IN AMERICA.

Admission free. Refreshments of all kinds furnished at reasonable rates.
je3 6m T. J. JUDT, Proprietor.

FOR SALE.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE—THE DRUG Store of the late Leibig, situated on Levee street, between Napoleon avenue and Berlin street, Sixth District, for sale on very advantageous terms. Apply to GEORGE WEISS,
se23 Magazine and Austerlitz streets.

BAY ST. LOUIS LOTS FOR SALE—THE whole tract of forty lots of ground on Nicholson avenue, Bay St. Louis, or a single lot, to suit purchasers. Prices and terms reasonable. Apply to N. H. THOMAS & CO., No. 32 Carondelet street.
se8 1m

WANTED.

WANTED.—THE ADVERTISER, A THOROUGH BOOK-KEEPER, ACCOUNTANT and CORRESPONDENT, with a large business experience, tenders his services, in each and all those capacities, to any commercial house requiring them, but correspondence being his forte, he especially commends himself to whomsoever would value the offices of a CONFIDENTIAL SECRETARY, whose duties would involve the exercise of a delicate discrimination in the employment of expressions and phrases apposite to the occasion. Has references of the highest character, and no political prejudices. Address CORRESPONDENT,
se29 6t Lock box 462, Postoffice, New Orleans.

WANTED—ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND MEN, women and children afflicted with the following diseases: Dyspepsia, diarrhea, bilious and other fevers, general debility, nervousness, low spirits, etc.; to be cured by the celebrated Peychaud's Bitters. Price, $1 a bottle.
ap30 8u We Fr 1y

WANTED—A WELL EDUCATED GERMAN widow lady wishes a position where she could be useful in the family circle. Speaks refined and correct German; speaks also French and English fluently. Is a good housekeeper and manager. Address Mrs. Norris, Magazine street, corner St. Joseph. se6

EDUCATIONAL.

UNION NORMAL SCHOOL,

CORNER CAMP AND RACE STREETS,

Near Coliseum Place,

New Orleans, Louisiana.

This institution has now been in successful operation for two years, and the first term of the third scholastic year opens at nine o'clock, A. M., MONDAY, October 2, 1871, and closes December 22, 1871.

Persons desiring to enter the school should apply, during the week preceding the opening of the term, to the Directors, who will be at the building during that time from nine o'clock, A. M., to three o'clock P. M.

MISS R. A. COIT, under whose efficient management the institution has thus far succeeded, will continue her labors, and it is now being arranged to have associated with her, the coming year, other experienced teachers.

The building has a beautiful and central location. It is being put in thorough repair, and when the term opens will have good accommodations for one hundred and fifty students.

Tuition free. Incidental fee, $1 per month.
J. C. HARTZELL,
se18 20t for Executive Committee.

PASS CHRISTIAN COLLEGE.

This institution will enter upon its sixth academic session on MONDAY, October 2, 1871. For particulars see catalogue of 1870-71. Special communications may be addressed to the president of Pass Christian College, Mississippi. All arrangements can be made at the office of James Timony, the agent of the college, No. 6 Davidson court; at M. Wheelahan's store, No. 119 Common street, or at St. Mary's College, Foucher street, New Orleans, Louisiana. BROTHER EDWARD,
se12 1m* Principal of the Christian Brothers.

COLUMBIAN COLLEGE,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

The PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT of this College opens September 13, 1871.
The COLLEGIATE DEPARTMENT, September 20.
The THEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT, October 2.
The MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, October 4.
The LAW DEPARTMENT, October 11.

Young men wishing to enter either of the departments should be present at the commencement of the term.
J. C. WELLING, President.

For further information inquire of W. STICKNEY, Secretary and Treasurer. au22 2m

MILITARY HIGH SCHOOL,

138 RACE STEET, head of Coliseum Place.

T. B. Edwards and Samuel H. Lewis, Principals.

Will prepare pupils to enter the Louisiana State University, or any other College in America. A Commercial and Primary Department attached. Military discipline, with daily drill.

Circulars to be had at the School, or at James A. Gresham's, 93 Camp street. au20 10m

MISCELLANEOUS.

LUMBER.....LUMBER

VIA THE LAKE BORGNE CANAL.

For the local and coast trade, a large supply of all kinds of PINE LUMBER constantly on hand at the river end of the Lake Borgne canal, ten miles below New Orleans. The location of the yard (directly on the levee) is admirably adapted to loading steamboats or barges.

Prices considerably below the New Orleans rates. Special orders for Lumber, Timber and Wood for local use or shipment promptly filled.

Apply at the Lumber Yard, or to
JAMES O. NOYES,
President of the Canal Company,
se30 eod1m 183 Common street, New Orleans.

THE VICTOR CANE MILLS

AND

COOK EVAPERATORS,

Manufactured by

BLYMYER, NORTON & CO.,

OF CINCINNATI,

(Successors to Niles & Co).

Are the only reliable MILLS and EVAPORATORS for small planters, say from a half to five hogsheads per day.

Larger Mills, up to heaviest ever made, and Kettles, Vacuum Pans, or Steam Trains, to suit, furnished on order.

Small sizes, as above, always on hand, and furnished in time for present crop.
THOMAS B. BODLEY,
Sole agent, No. 9 Perdido street, New Orleans.
se30 d&W 1m

THE FORMER PATRONS OF THE

WASHINGTON EXCHANGE,

No. 21 St. Charles street, are respectfully invited to attend the opening of said Exchange on SATURDAY EVENING, September 30, at seven o'clock.
se28 3t J. CIMARELLI, Proprietor.

450,000 IMPORTED HAVANA CIGARS.—In store and in bond, 450,000 genuine imported Havana CIGARS: Cesares, Imperiales, Ne Plus Ultras, Regalia Britannica, Regalia del Rey, Regalia Chica, Regalia de Londres, Orientales or Khedives, Londres et all descriptions, etc., for sale at our known moderate prices by
GONZALES BROS.,
Corner of Common and Camp streets,
Opposite City Hotel,
And at our branch stores, No. 2 Carondelet, near Canal, corner Canal and Bourbon, and corner Carondelet Gravier. se26 5t

NOTICE.....NOTICE.

Excursion to St. Louis State Fair.

THE NEW ORLEANS, JACKSON AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY will issue round trip tickets from date, from New Orleans to St. Louis,

at one regular fare, $28 75.

Tickets are good until October 15, 1871.
E. Q. SEWALL,
General Superintendent.
S. E. CAREY,
se26 18t General Freight Agent.

FINE WATCHES AND DIAMONDS.

JEWELRY, SILVER AND PLATED WARE.

M. SCOOLER,

No. 5 Camp street, near Canal,

Has just returned from New York with an immense stock of Jewelers' Ware, embracing every article usually found in a first-class establishment. All the Latest Styles in Jewelry have been selected. He offers to the public the richest goods to be found in New Orleans at low prices.

On the first of October M. Scooler will remove to No. 105 Canal street, in the new building next to the New Orleans National Banking Association, where he would be pleased to see his old customers and the public generally.
se23 1m

WALLACE & CHOPPIN.

(AMADEE L. CHOPPIN. WILLIAM WALLACE.)

STAR COTTON GINNERY,

Peters street, between Thalia and Hunter, and Hunter street,

Between Tchoupitoulas and Peters.

Our machinery and gin stands are new, with all the latest improvements, with a capacity of turning out forty bales per day. No delays. A supply of bags always on hand.

We gin for the seed, and guarantee satisfaction.

Highest market price always paid for seed cotton.

REFERENCES:

S. B. Newman & Co.,	A. H. Peale & Co.,
Nalle & Cammack,	Hugh Allison & Co.,
A. Miltenberger & Co.,	Barrett & LeSassier,
J. P. Higgins & Co.,	Garrard, Craig & Co.,
Warren Crawford & Co.,	John Chaffee & Brother,
Penn, Pace & Simmons,	F. B. Ernest & Co.,
Witherspoon, Moss & Co.,	S. H. Aby & Co.,
Nelson, Lanphier & Co.,	J. Burnet & Co.,
Johnson & Goodrich,	Oscar Chopin,
Robert Hare,	Renshaw, Cammack & Co.,
Sam Stafford & Co.,	Dr. Sam Choppin.

Orders left at the ginnery, or at our office, No. 14 Union street, will meet with prompt attention.
se17 6m

CLAIMS COMMISSION.

The undersigned has made ample arrangements with counsel in the City of Washington for the prosecution of claims against the United States under the late act of Congress.

Address Washington, District Columbia, No. 1433 I street, corner of Fifteenth.
ap19 JOHN M. G. PARKER.

J. S. SIMONDS & CO.,

Nos. 19 Canal, 9 Crossman and 4 Front Streets.

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

IRON AND SHIP CHANDLERY.

Nails and Castings, Hoop, Sheet and Bar Iron, Manila and Tarred Cordage, Sail Duck, Plows, Shovels and Spades, Sheet Copper and Zinc, Anchors and Chains, Axes and Hoes, Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead, Paints and Oils, Blocks and Oars.

INDIA RUBBER BELTING,

Hose, Packing, and all supplies necessary for Railroads, Steamships, Plantations, etc.

Agents for the new patent

"Self Lubricating Packing."

COPPER, TIN, SHEET IRON AND GAS WORKERS.
sep5 1y

GAS.....GAS.....GAS.

The best and cheapest gas in the city can be had by applying at No. 55 Camp street, to
W. B. BOWMAN,
Agent Fairbanks' Scale and Cotton Beams.

Fairbanks & Co. are the authorized agents for furnishing all the the customhouses, postoffices, and all public buildings connected with the United States, with scales, which is satisfactory evidence that they are the standard for the United States.

Southern Agency at No. 55 Camp street.
au26 3m W. B. BOWMAN, Agent.

PACIFIC WINE COMPANY,

Organized for the sale of

PURE CALIFORNIA WINE AND BRANDY.

VINEYARDS IN ELDORADO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.

CHARLES B. PETTIT, Treasurer and Business Agent—Office and Salesrooms, No. 98 Camp street, New Orleans.

This company is composed of the owners of vineyards in the best grape district of California, who have formed an association for the purpose of selling their own Wines and Brandy.

The following list comprises a part of their products now ready for the market:

WHITE WINE,	ANGELICA,
RED WINE,	MUSCAT,
CLARET,	CATAWBA,
HOCK,	ISABELLA,
OLD MISSION,	SPARKLING,
SHERRY,	WINE BITTERS,
TOKAY,	GRAPE BRANDY,
PORT,	BRANDY BITTERS.

All their Wine and Brandy Warranted Strictly Pure.

Arrangements are now perfected for weekly shipments, direct from the vineyards, thus insuring a full and constant supply of these PURE AND DELICIOUS WINES.

Dealers, physicians and families are requested to call and examine in regard to quality and price.

All orders should be addressed,
PACIFIC WINE COMPANY,
mh19 6mo No. 98 Camp street, New Orleans.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED, BETTER than ever, to supply the best qualities of AMERICAN AND FOREIGN ALE AND PORTER.

We respectfully solicit orders from families, guaranteeing satisfaction, at the old price, $1 25 per dozen. Delivered free to all parts of the city. Send your orders to T. I. HARRISON, Agent,
No. 41 Natchez street, between Camp and Magazine streets. au16 1y

THE CITY HALL.

Mayor Flanders was yesterday engaged in preparing a report touching the question whether or not yellow fever has existed in this city during the present season. It will be accompanied with the opinions of distinguished practitioners and forwarded to the governor of Texas.

Department of Improvements.

The next important work which will soon address itself to the serious consideration of Administrator Cockrem and the other members of the Council, will be the providing of suitable machinery for the drainage canals of the city. The work which is being done now on these canals will require machinery which can scoop up water to the depth of twelve or fifteen feet, and for this purpose the ordinary water wheels will be inadequate, and can no longer be profitably employed, except, perhaps, as auxiliaries, those only which already exist. The Surveyor, Mr. Bell, thinks, in fact, that they even can be dispensed with, but that powerful pumping apparatus will be indispensably necessary at the terminus of these canals near the lake shore.

We make this timely mention in order that the foundrymen and other mechanics of this city may direct their attention to this subject, and make preparations to do some, if not all the work which has to be done to perfect the drainage, and in order to turn the vast amount of capital invested in their hands to a profitable account.

By the way, it occurs to us also, that the Waterworks commissioners recently appointed by the Council might give the matter their consideration, and report on this subject as well as on the Waterworks improvements.

Sink in the Levee at Clouet Street.

The levee still continues to sink opposite Clouet street, making altogether nugatory any effort to repair the wharf at that point for the present. Abundance of timber and machinery to drive it has been at the caves, on the large steamship wharf, near Montegut and Clouet streets, and in front of the Liverpool warehouse, but, in consequence of the bank still sliding in, it is considered unsafe to attempt any construction at present. City Surveyor Bell informs us that the wharf will be extended at the upper end, so as to preserve a wharf front of six hundred feet, which was its length when the cave took place.

Shanties on the Levee.

A petition, signed by the property owners on Canal and Front streets as far as Chartres street, has been presented to the Council, for the removal of all the sheds, booths, shanties and other buildings erected at the head of Canal street, especially those within the square bounded by Front, Wells, Crossman and Canal streets. The petitioners urge that these buildings are in contravention of law; that it is contrary to ordinance to be found in Leovy's Digest, section one hundred and twenty-seven, to erect any buildings within this locality unless they be of brick and covered with slate. They urge, also, several other grounds.

A similar petition is also in preparation to be signed by the presidents of all the insurance companies.

Drainage.

The dredgeboat on the Orleans canal is pushing steadily ahead, and is now within two squares, or about six hundred feet of the City Park. In two more weeks it will cut through the railroad track which leads from the Bayou St. John to the ridge cemeteries, and a bridge will have to be built at the crossing. Thence, the canal will deflect to the right a short distance beyond the "Oaks," and, proceeding onward, will connect with the canal on Taylor avenue, in the rear of the park. The effect of these connecting canals will be to drain the marshy portions of the park, and render its filling up unnecessary. And so we are promised, at no distant day, a high and dry pleasure ground in the rear of the city, and the cry is "Still onward!"

Department of Assessments.

The Administrator of Assessments, Mr. Bonzano, is now engaged in drawing up the new license ordinance for the coming year, and it behooves those who might feel aggrieved by some of its provisions to present their objections while there is time to correct them.

Department of Police.

The Administrator of Police, Colonel Lewis, is engaged in preparing an ordinance relative to the storing of inflammable oils.

It is asserted that oils of this character, which can not be stored in other cities except under restrictions, are brought here to be stored by the owners, and shipped off when sold. Colonel Lewis thinks that this is the cause of frequent fires in this city, and he is determined to prepare measures for the prevention of such calimities, as far as possible.

Attorneys' Fees in the Drainage Suits.

In the letter of Mr. J. Q. A. Fellowes to Mayor Flanders, published in the REPUBLICAN of the twenty-fourth instant, there is an important omission. Mr. Fellowes neglected to mention that the five suits arising out of the pretensions of the Ship Island Canal Company have all been appealed, and are yet undecided. When these suits again come up for argument, it is not improbable that claims for additional fees may be made, and the overcharge of $14,000, already settled by the payment of $2000, may be supplemented by like exorbitant demands.

There are other accounts connected with this business which call for the sleepless vigilance of the three commissioners having them in charge.

Mechanics are the palace builders of the world; not a stick is hewn, not a stone is shaped in all the lordly dwellings of the rich, that does not owe its beauty and fitness to the skill of the mechanic. The towering spires that raise their giddy heads among the clouds depend upon the mechanic's art for their strength and symmetry. Not an edifice for devotion, or business, or comfort, but bears the impress of their hands. How exalted is their vocation, how sublime their calling!

Kansas City, that young prodigy of the West which outstripped every city of the Union in the last decade, increasing her population by 610 per cent, and ending at 32,000, has followed in the footsteps of Eastern cities and opened a grand exposition. Its supply is fed from both Missouri and Kansas, and is said to be worthy of both.

A letter from a fashionable summer resort says a young man is scarcely considered eligible unless he has lost his hair—this being received as almost indisputable evidence that he has always moved in the best society.

A Douglas in the Field.

[From the Washington Chronicle.]

Colonel Robert Douglas recently visited the polling place of the twenty-first district, simply as a looker-on, to see the workings of such a meeting in New York city. Being found out by the audience, he was received with cheers for himself, for his distinguished father and for President Grant. Thus crowded into service, he made a very brief address, full of pith and excellence. Few in the land can say so much in equal space and say it so well. He said:

I may candidly say I think your confidence in the administration is well deserved. The administration of General Grant, in all its branches, has been firm, honest, prudent and economical, protecting the interests of the government and maintaining the rights of the citizen. All its acts have been conducive to the welfare of the country, while some of them will rank among the highest in our history. The rapid payment of the national debt, coincident with the great reduction in taxation, is unexcelled as a financial achievement, and the treaty with England, while giving us honorable redress for our injuries, and thus averting the probabilities of war, commands the admiration of the world as one of the great milestones in the path of civilization. Last, but not least, the unflinching support given the loyal men of the South, who are there fighting the battles of the Union, has gained for the great soldier a strong hold upon the affections of the people. He not only deserves our confidence as a man, but is entitled to our support as the representative of the principles of our party. The honesty and economy shown by the national government bear a striking contrast to the corrupt administration of the finances of New York, but the zeal and harmony which you exhibit in endeavoring to rescue your city from the clutches of the unprincipled demagogues who now control it give flattering prospects of success. In your able efforts I can assure you of the warm sympathy of the President. President Grant has no private revenge to gratify, no personal enemies to punish, but regards every true Republican as his friend. In all his appointments, even if some of you may think he has been mistaken, he has sought to promote the welfare of the Republican party, subordinate of course to the higher object, the good of the public service. No action of his will ever intentionally interfere with the harmony which should, and I think does, exist among you. Select, therefore, true and tried Republicans to represent you in the coming canvass, and above all let them be men whose characters are above suspicion. Remember that no one can be a true Republican unless he is an honest man.

The speech, says the *Standard*, was received with round after round of applause, and the young statesman received the congratulations and hand-shaking of the entire audience.

Family Reunion and Wedding in Illinois.

We copy the following from the Rock Island (Illinois) *Union* of September 21:

FAMILY REUNION AND WEDDING.

A very pleasant affair occurred at the house of our old citizen, Michael Hartzell, yesterday afternoon. Calling incidentally about one o'clock, we found assembled in the old home a very happy company of children and grand children to the number of thirty. Mr. Hartzell has eleven children—eight daughters and three sons. Five of the daughters and two sons are married. Soon after our arrival Mr. William Wallace, of Burlington, Iowa, and Miss Asenath Hartzell, were united in marriage by Rev. J. C. Hartzell, of Ames chapel, New Orleans, assisted by Rev. J. H. Rhea, late pastor of the Methodist church of Rock Island. The ceremony was performed according to the form in the Methodist discipline. After the congratulations the many beautiful and useful presents for the bride were examined and admired. Then came the dinner, of which we can only say that it was according to our taste. Before commencing dinner all assembled at the table, the venerable parents holding the places of honor, and Rev. J. C. Hartzell, in a very neat and touching address on behalf of the children, presented Mr. and Mrs. Hartzell a beautiful silver castor as a token of their love.

Then began a scene of joyousness not often witnessed. Stories and reminiscences of other days, childish sports, courting incidents of the older daughters and sons, mingled with hearty laughter and good cheer, made us forget the cares and realities of life for the hour, and all were happy. May they all live long and witness many such happy reunions. Rev. J. C. Hartzell and his lady will soon return to their home in New Orleans.

The Lafourche *Republican* publishes this about the newly invented steam plow:

We witnessed a few days since a partial trial of the new steam plow, invented and built by Mr. Prescott, a resident of this parish.

The frame work is four by five inches, hard pine timber, and supports an upright tubular boiler six feet high, three feet heads, which drives two engines. Cylinders five inch bore, eighteen inch stroke. The whole weight of the frame work, boiler and engines, rest on two driving wheels eight feet high, twenty inch face, in which slots are cut and pinions work on a counter shaft driven from the main shaft by an endless chain. The two front wheels turn on a king bolt, like an ordinary wagon, and are governed by a pilot wheel, over which the pilot has perfect control, being able to turn them either way whether the machine is in motion or not, the weight being so equally balanced.

The wheels are four feet six inches high, and twelve inch face. The entire machine, except boiler, engines and main shaft—the counter shaft and axes being two inch gas pipe—is built of wood, strongly braced and bolted. The machine started with thirty pounds of steam, and made several revolutions, turning in a space of twenty feet the length of itself very satisfactory. By accident, one of the driving wheels slipped into an old well, and the driving chain broke. The chain was soon repaired, however, and, with the slight help of a lever, the engines lifted the wheel on to terra firma again. The plows, which are of a circular form, and a specialty of Mr. Prescott's also, were not attached to the wagonette in this trial, they not being quite finished. The machine has been built merely as an experiment, and as such, we believe, the result was highly satisfactory. The weight of the machine, with everything attached, is about three and a half tons.

Mr. Abernethy is supposed to be addressing a dyspeptic American, who had applied to him for medical advice:

"I'll be hanged," said he, "if I ever saw a Yankee that don't bolt his food whole, like a boa constrictor. How the devil can you expect to digest food that you neither take the trouble to dissect nor the time to masticate? It's no wonder you loose your teeth, for you never use them; nor your digestion, for you overload it; nor your saliva, for you expend it on the carpets, instead of on your food. It's disgusting; it's beastly. You Yankees load your stomach as a Devonshire man does his cart, as full as it can hold, and as fast as he can pitch it in with a dung-fork, and drive off; and then you complain that such a load of compost is too heavy for you. Dyspepsia, eh? Infernal guzzling, you mean. I'll bet you what, take half the time to eat that you do to drawl out your words, chew your food half as much as you do your filthy tobacco, and you'll be well in a month."

Skating without ice is a novelty just introduced in Philadelphia. By the use of a newly invented skate, it is said, excellent skating may be had on any smooth surface, as, for instance, a house floor or sidewalk. The next thing desirable in this line is an invention for sleigh riding without snow. Winter sports could thus be secured to all the people, with none of the inconveniences of winter weather.

Tammany Condemned.

We copy the following dispatch from the Memphis *Appeal* of Tuesday:

NEW YORK, September 25.—General Siegel addressed a communication to a ward association strongly denouncing the Tammany ring, and recommending united action for the overthrow of enemies of honest government.

Several prominent preachers yesterday referred to the corruption of the city government, and exhorted citizens to purify their primary meetings and elections; not to be so avaricious as to neglect the public welfare and that of the country at large for their own pecuniary benefit.

C. C. Leigh, candidate for secretary of State on the temperance ticket, in an address to the Father Mathew Temperance Society last night, said judges had taken advantage of their power to suspend judgment, instead of sending guilty men to prison, until twenty thousand of these suspended criminals are now at liberty in this city.

The *Times* this morning called upon the committee of seven to be expeditious in breaking down the Tammany ring at any cost, and says: "We have found fault with the committee partly because they have not, as it appears to us, placed sufficient confidence in the public, and partly because they seem, needlessly, to be uncertain about the temper of the people. They need not feel so; they can depend upon it that the hearts of the people are with them, and that, if they do their work well and thoroughly, they will find the public a much greater power than any which Hall, Tweed, or Sweeney can conjure up."

The Democratic elements opposed to Tammany held a meeting on Saturday evening to perfect arrangements to inaugurate a formal and vigorous campaign against the present system of corruption in the municipal government. The chairman of the meeting was Samuel G. Courtney, Esq. Committees are to be appointed, comprising the leading Democrats of the city, who will be authorized to call a mass meeting during the week, and to issue an address to the people. The meeting was marked by a wonderful unanimity of sentiment, and was attended by all the leading politicians of the city. The men identified with this movement are known to be of the first standing, and there is every reason to think that the organization will be a successful one against Tammany in the city and State.

More of the Yellow Fever Scare—Meeting of Merchants.

Last evening there was a meeting of merchants at the Chamber of Commerce to take further action in relation to the quarantine proclaimed at Galveston by Governor Davis of Texas.

The meeting was called to order by J. T. Tucker and a committee appointed to draft resolutions.

The resolutions recited that the circulation of false and unfounded rumors regarding the health of the city are proving detrimental to our commercial interests, and causing the ports of some of our sister cities to be closed against us, and preventing the return of our absent citizens and the advent of others, it was resolved that we feel warranted in giving our most solemn assurance, upon the report of our Board of Health and the testimony of distinguished physicians, that the health of our city was never better than at present, and that there exists no epidemic whatever, in any shape or form. It was further resolved that we call upon the press of our own and other States to disseminate these facts, and to call attention to the dispatches of the Governor, the Collector of the Port and the Mayor of the city, already published. The report was signed by J. T. Tucker, T. Tupper and L. J. Webster.

Resolutions returning thanks to the press, and calling the attention of the commercial convention in Baltimore to the subject, were adopted, and the meeting adjourned. William M. Burwell, Esq., acted as secretary of the meeting.

Academy of Music—First Matinee.

The benefit of Miss Lillie Eldridge, at the Academy last night, was in every respect satisfactory. To-day at twelve o'clock first grand matinee. This evening "Effie," and the last appearance but one of Miss Eldridge. Monday evening Mr. Dominick Murray.

Another Emphatic Testimonial.

We had the pleasure of a call yesterday from R. A. Van Horn, Esq., of Corsicana, Texas, and editor of the *Observer*. He informs us that he yesterday sent a dispatch to Governor Davis, of which the following is a copy:

NEW ORLEANS, September 29, 1871.

Governor E. J. Davis, Austin, Texas:

There is no yellow fever in this city, all reports to the contrary notwithstanding. I have visited this place for twenty-five years, and never found it more healthy at this season. R. A. VAN HORN,
Editor *Observer*, Corsicana, Navarro county, Texas.

If Governor Davis and the Galveston authorities want evidence of the sanitary condition of New Orleans, they can have it in abundance, and from gentlemen whom no one will dispute. We fear, however, that the Galveston people do not care to have such evidence.

Illness of Dr. Worrall.

We regret to learn that Dr. T. D. Worrall is suffering from a sudden attack of severe illness. He was in good health up to Wednesday evening. We trust that good care and attention will bring him out again in a few days.

The following dispatches show the spirit is moving against the quarantine:

GALVESTON, September 28, 1871.

To James F. Casey, Esq., Collector of Customs, New Orleans, Louisiana:

Will do all I can to remove the quarantine.
N. PATTEN,
Collector of Port, Galveston.

AUSTIN, September 28, 1871.

To James F. Casey, Esq., Collector of Customs, New Orleans, Louisiana:

After a few days it will be ascertained whether the epedemic makes headway; if not, the quarantine will be relieved.
ED. J. DAVIS, Governor.

The thermometer at seven o'clock yesterday morning was 53° at Augusta, 50° at Baltimore, 56° at Charleston, 44° at Cincinnati, 44° at Louisville, 46° at Memphis, 55° at Mobile, 53° at Shreveport, 44° at St. Louis, and 64° at Jacksonville.

The bark Les Bons Fils, Captain Horseau, cleared yesterday for Liverpool, with the following cargo: 12,928 bushels of corn in bulk and 134 bales of cotton. William Creevy, Esq., was her agent.

Messrs. R. M. & B. J. Montgomery will sell this morning an assortment of knives, pistols, etc., on account of the Metropolitan Police Commissioners. See advertisement.

Grand "Elfie" matinee to-day at twelve o'clock, with Miss Lillie Eldridge in the title role.

BY TELEGRAPH.

LATEST NEWS FROM ALL POINTS

A Colonel of Marines Dead

DEATH OF COMMODORE BULL

COOLIES FOR CALIFORNIA

ARREST OF FOSTER BLODGETT

Obsequies of General Clanton

A DEFAULTING CASHIER SENTENCED

CINCINNATI INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION

ANTI-TAMMANY DELEGATION

CHARLES O'CONOR HEADS IT

No Cholera in Hamburg

WASHINGTON.

Convention Delegates—Cabinet Officers in Washington.

WASHINGTON, September 29.—The Secretaries of War and Navy are here.

A number of the delegates to the convention are here, en route home. All well.

BALTIMORE.

Universal Amnesty Proposed—Tax on Coal Oil, Iron and Other Commodities.

BALTIMORE, September 29.—The convention adopted various reports, also a resolution recommending Congress to pass a universal amnesty bill; also the following:

WHEREAS, This convention having adopted a resolution asking the general government to refund the tax collected on cotton; therefore be it

Resolved, That coal oil, iron and other commodities having paid a similar tax be included in the resolution.

The convention meets in St. Louis in 1872. Convention adjourned sine die.

NEW YORK.

Colonel William L. Shuttleworth is Dead—Commodore Oscar Bull Dead—Coolies En Route for California—Governments at Eighth Higher—Anti-Tammany Delegation—Charles O'Conor Heads It.

NEW YORK, September 29.—Colonel William L. Shuttleworth, colonel of marines, died to-day, aged fifty years.

A number of coolies, who had completed eight years' service in Cuba, arrived here to-day en route for California, to which point Cuba pays expenses.

Commodore Oscar Bull is dead.

Evening.—Money abundant at five per cent for call loans. Sterling exchange weak, with actual transactions at 108@108⅛. Gold 114¾. Governments closed ⅛ higher. Five-twenties of 1862, 115½. Southern securities dull, but generally steady. Tennessees 71, new 71¼; Virginias 71¾, new 68¼; Louisianas 65; new 59; levee sixes 69½, eights 82; Alabama eights 100, fives 68; Georgia sixes 82, sevens 91; North Carolinas 41¼, new 23½; South Carolinas 73, new 52⅝.

Sixes of 1881 118¼; five-twenties of 1862, 115; 6ts 114¼; 65s 115½, new 114½; 67s 114⅞; 68s 114⅝; ten-forties 115¾.

Money easy during the day, the supply being abundant at 5@7 per cent on call loans, according to the standing and collaterals of borrowers. At the close 5 per cent was general among stock brokers, and many balances were left over, which could not be loaned. There was a good demand for discounts at bank, and 7 per cent is the rate for prime business notes.

There was a marked change in the temper of speculation on the stock exchange to-day, especially during the afternoon, and the feeling was more bullish than for some time; the volume of business increased, and prices steadily advanced to the close, when the highest prices were made. The advance was equal to ½@1¼ per cent, and extended through the entire list of speculative securities.

At a private meeting of the Democratic reform general committee this afternoon, Charles O'Conor, the eminent jurist, consented to head the anti-Tammany delegation to the Rochester convention.

BASE BALL.

White Stockings Defeat the Bostons.

BOSTON, September 29.—The White Stockings, of Chicago, defeated the Bostons in a game of base ball to-day; score, ten to eight.

FOREIGN.

Newcastle Engineers and Arbitration—Bishop of Litchfield to Attend the United States Episcopal Conference—French Ambassador to Rome—The Paris Loan—Thirteen Times More than Enough Subscribed—Conflicts with the Dijon Garrison.

LONDON, September 29.—The Newcastle engineers have agreed to submit the differences between themselves and employers to arbitration.

The Bishop of Litchfield has sailed for the United States to attend the conference of the bishops of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

PARIS, September 29.—M. de Bonneville, the French ambassador to Rome, has arrived at Versailles.

The loan of Paris, taken by subscription, is thirteen times more than is required.

There have been several conflicts between the French and the German garrison at Dijon.

The men on the strike in Newcastle have decided to hold a mass meeting to-morrow. They have invited the workmen of Sunderland and other places to send delegates.

HAMBURG, September 29.—There are no cases of cholera in this city.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Arrests at Atlanta—Impressive Obsequies of General Clanton—Hung for Rape—Defaulting Cashier Sentenced—Hospitalities to the Grand Duke Alexis—Paper Mill Burned—Industrial Exposition—Nashville and Providence Races—President Grant at Galena—Arizona News—Robbery in Cuba—Arrest of an Alleged Accomplice.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., September 29.—The grandest demonstration ever known in Alabama was given to Clanton. His body, while lying in state at the capitol, was visited by over ten thousand people. The Methodist Episcopal church where the funeral sermon was preached was filled, and for a square around was packed with people. The procession to the cemetery was over two miles long.

It is estimated that the crape on the stores, public buildings and private residences would make a line ten miles long. The grief is great, and men and women freely shed tears.

The colored people vied in their demonstrations of respect to the great Democratic leader of Alabama.

Large contributions have already been made to raise funds to invest for his family.

Every business house is closed.

CHARLESTON, September 29.—There were three fever deaths in the past twenty-four hours.

PORTLAND, Me., September 29.—Rogers, the defaulting cashier of the National Bank of Brunswick, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to six years.

BOSTON, September 29.—A committee of the Council has been appointed to extend the hospitalities of the city to the Grand Duke Alexis.

ATLANTA, Ga., September 29.—Foster Blodgett, late superintendent of the Georgia State road, was arrested yesterday, charged with fraud. H. C. Farrow, the attorney general, was arrested to-day, charged with cheating and swindling.

PHILADELPHIA, September 29.—The paper and rag warehouse of Jessup & Moore was burned to-day. It was in the centre of a number of paper stores. Loss $150,000.

CINCINNATI, September 29.—The general committee of the industrial exposition decided to-day to positively close the exhibition on Saturday evening, October 7. Also, that the exposition of next year would commence September 7 and close on October 6, 1872.

VICKSBURG, September 29.—No new cases of yellow fever in the past twenty-four hours.

BALTIMORE, September 29.—William Pritchard was hanged to-day, at Lawsontown, for committing a rape on a German girl in 1870.

SELMA, Ala., September 29.—The death of Clanton has produced a universal and profound sorrow in this community to-day. The church bells tolled, and other demonstrations of respect were made.

At York, seventy miles west of Selma, yesterday, a drunken man, without provocation, killed his wife and father-in-law, and then fled.

NASHVILLE, September 29.—The first race for three hundred dollars, three mile dash, Foster walked over. The second race, for one hundred and fifty dollars, one mile dash, Commerce