New Orleans Republican.

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OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN

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Eleven	80 ..	145 ..	195 ..	350 ..	540 ..
Twelve	85 ..	155 ..	210 ..	380 ..	580 ..
Thirteen	90 ..	165 ..	220 ..	410 ..	620 ..
Fourteen	95 ..	175 ..	230 ..	430 ..	660 ..
Fifteen	100 ..	185 ..	240 ..	450 ..	700 ..
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THE WEEKLY REPUBLICAN

is published every Saturday morning, and contains the news by telegraph, miscellaneous reading, editorials, local matters of general public interest, commercial and monetary reports, and everything that appears in the Daily, except such items as are of little or no public moment. The WEEKLY REPUBLICAN is an excellent family paper, valuable as well for instruction and amusement as information on the current topics of the day.

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Transient advertisements same terms as in the Daily. Monthly advertisements inserted for one-fourth of the daily rates.

A liberal commission allowed to those who send us clubs of five or more.

The Clanton Tragedy.

[From the St. Louis Republican.]

MEMPHIS, September 29.—The *Appeal's* Knoxville special to-night gives the following particulars of the killing of General Clanton by Colonel D. M. Nelson: The gentlemen were introduced by a mutual friend, when Nelson and Clanton entered into conversation and walked toward a saloon near by. Nelson remarked to Clanton he could take him this evening where there was something nice, if he was not afraid to go. Clanton, misunderstanding Nelson, asked him what he meant by his being afraid. Nelson made some evasive reply, when Clanton told him they might as well settle the matter then. Clanton then stepped into Cumberland street, and called on Fort to measure the ground. Fort declined, and insisted that Clanton should come away, as Nelson was drunk. Nelson, in the meantime, ran into a store and procured a double-barrel shotgun. When he reappeared he found Clanton in the middle of the street, waiting for Nelson to come and take his place. Nelson stepped upon the street, rested his gun against a post and fired. Clanton then drew a pistol and fired, but the shot did not take effect. Nelson again fired, and about sixteen shots entered the body of Clanton. He lived only a few moments.

Congressional Representation.

A Washington special to the St. Louis *Republican* says:

There seems to be an impression in some quarters that the reapportionment of congressional representation has been made under the new census; but this is a mistake. The matter was broached, but no action was taken by Congress, and the Secretary of the Interior will therefore apportion the congressional representation this year under the act of May 23, 1850, as modified by that of March 9, 1867. Under these acts the number of representatives in Congress will be 241. The law of 1850 gives to the States having the largest fractional excess of population, a member, provided the whole number does not exceed the number fixed by law.

In the new apportionment, the late slave-holding States will gain two representatives, their whole negro population being counted for the first time. New York will lose one, Ohio two, Kentucky one and Pennsylvania two members. New England will lose six members.

The States making a gain, will be Illinois two, Iowa one, Kansas one, Michigan one, Minnesota one, Missouri two, New Jersey one, Texas one, Wisconsin one.

Memphis and Vicksburg Railroad.

The Vicksburg *Times* says:

We learn from the officers of the Memphis and Vicksburg railroad company that the work on that road is to be vigorously pushed to completion. No news could be more gratifying to this community, for of all the proposed railroads leading to this city none, in our judgment, is more importance to Vicksburg than this. Ten miles of this road is already under contract. Other contracts will soon be awarded, and the work will commence early in October. A considerable portion of this road, it is expected, will be commenced in time to secure the subsidy of four thousand dollars a mile.

The entire road from Rolling Fork, it is expected, will be in running order in one year from this time.

We congratulate the officers of the Memphis and Vicksburg road; and at the same time let us congratulate ourselves that the interests of the road are entrusted in such worthy hands.

Good Joke on Hunters.

The Opelousas *Journal* relates this good joke on hunters:

A good joke, if a joke, is being told here of a party of gentlemen who recently left this place, on a hunting expidition in the parish of Calcasieu. It is said they made up a heavy purse to defray the expenses of the expedition, and laid in a heavy supply of claret and lager, and other things good to eat and drink. They left seemingly supplied with everything that could be needed, and went on their way rejoicing; but after they had got away over toward the confines of Calcasieu, some one of the party wanted to load his gun, when it was discovered that they had no amunition! When last heard from it is said they were retailing lager and claret to the scattered inhabitants for powder and shot.

This is what the Chicago *Evening Journal* has to say about a discriminating State tax:

In the Baltimore Commercial Convention, one delegate, Mr. Labatt, of New Orleans, stated that a State law of Louisiana imposes a discriminating tax upon the sale or introduction within the State limits of articles produced in, or introduced from, a sister State. This, he thought, was all wrong. Of course, it is. The remedy is not to be found, however, in resolutions. The commercial convention might protest until doomsday, and that is all the good it would do. The way to reach such a case is to bring it before the federal courts. The constitution expressly forbids an export duty on goods imported from one State into another. This prohibition can not be broken or evaded with impunity. The State of Louisiana might as well agree to go into the smuggling business, or the making of counterfeit money.

It is stated, says the New York *Globe*, that Senator Wilson, while in Europe, observing the habits of the Germans in the use of wines and beer, and their freedom from strict laws on Sunday, became a convert to more liberal ideas than he has recently entertained, and does not now believe in strict prohibition and the restraints put upon our people on Sundays and days of recreation. When the Senator "states" this for himself, we will give him credit for a conversion to beer.

CITY COUNCIL—OFFICIAL

REGULAR MEETING.

CITY HALL, NEW ORLEANS, Tuesday, October 3, 1871.

The Council met in regular session to-day at noon.

There were present at roll call Mayor Benj. F. Flanders, Administrators John Cockrem (Improvements), Alfred Shaw (Public Accounts), L. T. Delassize (Waterworks and Public Buildings), James Lewis (Police), and John S. Walton (Finance).

Financial Business.

By Mr. Shaw:

An ordinance appropriating money to defray the expenditures of the Department of Waterworks and Public Buildings for the month of September, 1871.

Be it ordained, That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, are hereby appropriated to defray the expenditures of the Department of Waterworks and Public Buildings, for the month of September, 1871, and that the Administrator of Public Accounts draw his warrants on the Administrator of Finance in payment of the same:

ADMINISTRATOR'S OFFICE.

L. Pierce, cab hire, etc	$25 00	

WATERWORKS.

M. W. Smith, rubber valves	$81 60	
L. Duffy, castings	210 00	
Louisiana Ice Manufacturing Company, ice	3 90	
New Orleans Bee, advertising	9 00	
Folger & Co., hardware	80 04	
Hasam & Pooley, lumber	82 00	
J. C. Van Wickle, rent	83 30	
L. Pierce, hinges, etc	6 00	
R. Carey, replacing pavement	63 25	
New Orleans Republican, advertising	37 00	—665 09

INSANE ASYLUM.

L. Ruch, beef	252 00	
C. Dunn, wood	46 00	
A. E. Dick & Co., soap	12 50	
F. Clavel, drugs	59 50	
J. P. Sarrazin, tobacco	41 00	
E. F. Brown, groceries	131 65	
J. Palmeson, vegetables	115 00	—657 65

HOME OF AGED AND INFIRM.

L. Ruch, beef	42 00	
E. F. Brown, groceries	46 43	
C. Dunn, wood and charcoal	24 25	
J. Henderson, Jr., rent	125 00	
F. Clavel, drugs	16 70	—254 38

CITY HALL.

Crescent City Ice Company, ice	60 00	
Louisiana Ice Manufacturing Company, ice	30 00	— 90 00

PUBLIC SINKS.

Sanitary and Fertilizing Company, cleaning privies	375 00	—375 00

CHARITY.

P. Keenan, forage	55 00	
J. J. Clarke, coal	20 00	— 75 00
Total		$2071 12

Read twice and laid over.

By Mr. Shaw:

An ordinance appropriating money to defray the expenditures of the Department of Improvements for the month of September, 1871.

Be it ordained by the Council of the city of New Orleans, That the following sums of money, or so much thereof as may be necessary, are hereby appropriated to defray the expenditures of the Department of Improvements, for the month of September, 1871, and that the Administrator of Public Accounts draw his warrants on the Administrator of Finance in payment of the same:

DEPARTMENT PROPER.

W. K. Spearing, livery of horse	$50 00	
John W. Madden, stationery	29 50	— 79 50

BUREAU OF STREETS.

Harry Ringgold, rent of office	30 00	
L. C. Shaw, material for bridge	75 87	
L. C. Shaw, material for bridge	77 00	
H. Bircher, material for bridge	41 50	
William Dunnigan, sidewalks	32 00	
Daniel Edwards, intersections	152 33	
Charles Hoffman, crossings on St. Charles avenue	468 00	
Nicolas Glasser, pickaxes	3 00	
Folger & Co., hardware	109 50	
J. Root, lake shells	183 54	
J. Root, lake shells	380 00	
George C. Oliver, repairing street bridges	5500 00	
George C. Oliver, building street bridges	1150 30	
William Henry, ballast	683 25	
J. Root, ditching	2267 60	
F. Smithky, ballast	630 00	
Hasam & Pooley, lumber	1316 27	
William Golding, material for bridge	274 52	
Stetson & Armstrong, stationery	40 30	
J. W. Madden, stationery	110 30	
Republican Printing Company, subscription	16 00	
P. Granzin, repairing clock	3 00	
New Orleans Price Current, subscription	10 00	
New Orleans Times, subscription	16 00	
New Orleans Picayune, subscription	16 00	
Francis Noel, rent of office	20 00	
F. Vonder Haar, rent of office	25 00	
A. De Monasterio, rent of office	20 00	—13681 38

BUREAU OF WHARVES AND LANDINGS.

E. L. Cope, towing nuisance boats	407 91	
Samuels & Oliver, lumber	330 47	
Henry Bircher, repairing tools	30 25	
Folger & Co., hardware	97 31	
Hasam & Pooley, lumber	976 22	—1902 17

BUREAU OF CITY DRAINAGE.

Spencer Field, Jr., coal	1447 00	
C. Tyler, coal	1214 00	
Folger & Co., hardware	82 10	
Hasam & Pooley, lumber	539 49	
Edward O'Rourke, repairs to boiler	100 00	—3382 59

SECOND DRAINAGE SECTION.

O. V. Waggner, brick	64 00	
Hasam & Pooley, lumber	277 15	
William Golding, repairs	356 60	— 697 75

SURVEYOR'S DEPARTMENT.

John W. Madden, stationery	129 35	
New Orleans Republican Printing Company, printing	20 00	
A. Hero, copies of contracts	20 00	
H. Noiret, repairs	5 00	— 174 35
Total		$19,917 64

Read twice and laid over.

By Mr. Shaw:

An ordinance appropriating money to defray the expenditures of the Department of Finance for the month of September, 1871.

Be it ordained by the Council of the city of New Orleans, That the following sums of money, or so much thereof as may be necessary, are hereby appropriated to defray the expenditures of the Department of Finance for the month of September, 1871, and that the Administrator of Public Accounts draw his warrants on the Administrator of Finance in payment of the same, viz:

New Orleans Bee, advertising in the months of March, April, May, June, July and September	$179 00	
J. W. Madden, cash book, stationery, etc	123 10	
New Orleans Republican Printing Company, advertising, printing, etc	44 00	
Total		$346 10

Laid over to be printed.

By Mr. Shaw:

An ordinance providing for the payment of the several accounts therein named.

Be it ordained, That the following appropriations be and are hereby made, and that the Administrator of Public Accounts warrant on the Administrator of Finance in payment of the same:

P. Creagh, Coroner First, Fourth, Fifth, and Sixth districts, for inquests, views and burials in the month of September, 1871, $597.

Norbert Trepagnier, Clerk of the First District Court, for fees and costs in sundry cases in the month of September, 1871, as per bill approved by the Judge of the First District Court, $1491 45.

J. A. Masicot, Criminal Sheriff of the parish of Orleans, for maintenance of prisoners and turnkeys' fees for the month of September, as per bill approved by the judge of the First District Court, $6386 10.

J. A. Masicot, Criminal Sheriff of the parish of Orleans, for costs and fees in sundry cases in the month of September, 1871, as per bill approved by the judge of the First District Court, $1833 05.

James T. Jackson, Coroner Second and Third Districts, for inquests, views and burials in the month of September, 1871, $864.

Republican Printing Company, printing for the Department of Public Accounts for September, $937 92.

Republican Printing Company, printing for the Council for September, $382.

Republican Printing Company, printing ordinances for September, $227.

Read twice and laid over.

[Administrator H. Bonzano (Assessments) entered the Council.]

Mr. Shaw called up the ordinance appropriating for the payment of George C. Oliver, $3275 50; William Henry, $11,299, and John Lasky, $1950, which was adopted.

The pay roll ordinance for the month of September was passed with a slight amendment.

The ordinance making appropriation for the various orphan asylums was passed; Mr. Walton voting no.

Mr. Shaw called up the ordinance appropriating $60,000 for police expenses for the month of September, and moved that it be passed and referred to the Mayor with power.

Mr. Lewis asked the object of referring this appropriation to the Mayor.

Mr. Shaw said the object was this: The city had been for some time issuing this appropriation paper in place of police warrants, under an arrangement which had not the force of a contract, and he was told that the Police Board, on the first of October, would resume the issuance of their police warrants.

Mr. Lewis remarked that the pay roll was for the month of September. It was either due or it was not due; if it was due, why not let the Administrator of Accounts warrant for it as had been done heretofore?

Mr. Shaw said it was due to the city to have an understanding on this subject. He had regarded the arrangement entered into as a beneficial one on both sides, and if the agreement was an agreement he, for one, was in favor of keeping; but if it was not an agreement he wanted to know it at once before the city piled up its paper pile upon pile.

Mr. Lewis said whether it was police paper or city paper, made no difference. Metropolitan paper was receivable for taxes and city paper was receivable for taxes. The arrangement entered into he believed was, that the police were to be paid as other employes, and in that case the board agreed not to issue warrants. The police board had kept that arrangement in good faith up to this time, and if they did issue warrants it would be for the month of October, and he did not think there was any intention of issuing warrants even for that month.

Mr. Shaw said the Administrator knew quite well there was a litigation going on between the city and the Police Board, in which the city took ground that the police apportionment was excessive and illegal; that the issuing of paper on account of this apportionment was a damage to the city's credit, and prevented the collection of the city's revenues. In place of this litigation, an aggreement had been entered into with an understanding it should continue as long as adhered to in good faith by both parties. The Administrator of Police himself, who belonged to both bodies, had admitted that the Police Board meant to break this arrangement for the month of October.

Mr. Lewis remarked that the Administrator of Public Accounts had misunderstood him. He had not said so, because he did not know of any such intention, but he did say that if the city did not keep good faith the Board of Metropolitan Police would issue warrants, and there was nothing to prevent them.

The Mayor stated that if the matter were left to him, as was proposed by this motion to refer the ordinance to him with power, he would certainly keep good faith with the police board in the arrangement in question.

Mr. Walton said it seemed to him the city had agreed to issue these certificates for the month of September, and ought not now to refuse to do so. The month was passed, and the police expected their pay.

Mr. Shaw said he would not make the motion he had made unless he had good reason for it. The Mayor could in one hour settle this matter by affixing his signature to the ordinance. The city had undertaken to stand the whole expenditure of the Metropolitan Police, provided it was not made a preference matter. The city had told the police board they must suffer with the rest of the city's creditors by the reduction of the city's power of taxation from two and five-eighths to two per cent, and had asked them to share that common misfortune with the other employes and creditors of the city. The board agreed accordingly to waive their right of issuing warrants, without specifying, in paper or in any other way that would bind them to this agreement. He (Mr. Shaw) had been told by police commissioners that in October the board intended to resume the issuance of warrants, and he therefore proposed that if the agreement was going to be broken it should be brought to an end at once, before this other sixty thousand dollars of the city's paper was thrown upon the streets. If the board intended to issue their warrants, let them do so at once, and then this squandering of the public money would not be chargeable to the city. The present city government had kept within its budget. The Mayor himself knew that, and knew that the present deficiency was owing to the striking off of the five-eighths per cent tax by the Supreme Court. These warrants of the police commissioners had been tendered to the city as a legal tender, even for promissory notes, which was a legal absurdity. There were cases down in his (Mr. Shaw's) office now, where promissory notes had been tendered in blue Metropolitan Police warrants.

Mr. Walton said the whole question was whether the city had made a contract with the police board or whether it had not. If it had, the city must carry it out. A police warrant, with Lieutenant Governor Dunn's signature, was good at the city treasury, at the peril of his (Mr. Walton's) removal. If his removal would help the matter at all, he might take it into consideration, but another Treasurer would at once be put in who would receive them.

After further discussion, Mr. Shaw closed the debate, by saying that if the police board intended to issue warrants, and the city assumed this sixty thousand dollars, the city would have to go to the Legislature to beg for bonds to pay it, and he proposed, if the police board went back on their agreement, that the police board should go to the Legislature and beg.

The motion to refer the ordinance to the Mayor, with power, was put, and on a yea and nay vote, was unanimously carried.

Mr. Shaw introduced the following amended resolution:

A resolution appropriating improvement bonds for a settlement with William Henry, for shells furnished the city, and repealing resolution No. 1105, Administration series.

Resolved, That improvement bonds, at the rate of seventy-five cents on the dollar, be issued to William Henry, for 50,277¼ barrels bank shells, at sixty-two and one-half cents per barrel.

Resolved, That resolution No. 1105, Administration series, adopted September 26, 1871, be and is hereby repealed.

Adopted.

By Mr. Shaw:

An ordinance appropriating money to defray the expenditures of the Department of Police, for the month of September, 1871.

Be it ordained, That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, are hereby appropriated to defray the expenditures of the Department of Police, for month of September, 1871, and that the Administrator of Public Accounts draw his warrants on the Administrator of Finance in payment of the same:

ADMINISTRATOR'S OFFICE.

New Orleans Republican, printing ordinance No. 1096, 1000 copies	$10 00	
John W. Madden, stationery	57 25	— $67 25

CITY WORKHOUSE.

Spencer Field, Jr., coal	8 50	
Louisiana Ice Manufacturing Company, ice	15 00	
Joseph H. Wilson, dry goods for inmates' clothing	15 40	
P. Buckley, milk, vegetables, etc	40 00	
Vizard & Wilmuth, wood	88 00	
Barrett & Wiemann, hardware	89 90	
J. McCaffrey & Co., forage	147 91	
Louis Ruch, fresh beef	238 50	
Dan Moriarty, groceries and provisions	356 78	— 999 99

BOYS' HOUSE OF REFUGE.

Pickles & Albers, carbolic acid	11 50	
Barrett & Wiemann, hardware, oils, etc	15 80	
Barre Jacques, milk	18 00	
Hasam & Pooley, lumber	35 29	
Mrs. C. Fleckinger, vegetables	45 00	
Vizard & Wilmuth, wood and charcoal	74 00	
Louis Ruch, fresh beef	215 00	
Packwood & Brothers, groceries and provisions	277 64	
Daniel Moriarty, flour for bakery	287 75	
Daniel Moriarty, flour for bakery	290 75	— 1,270 64

GIRLS' HOUSE OF REFUGE.

Crescent City Ice Company, ice	9 00	
Vizard & Wilmuth, wood and charcoal furnished in July, 1871	12 75	
Vizard & Wilmuth, wood and charcoal furnished in September, 1871	15 00	
J. Nitsche, vegetables	22 50	
Daniel Moriarty, groceries and provisions	40 25	— 99 50

PUBLIC SQUARES.

Barrett & Wiemann, hardware and oil	8 00	— 8 00

RECORDERS' COURTS.

First District—		
Albert Pittman, ice	13 50	
John W. Madden, books, blanks and stationery	231 25	
Second District—		
John W. Madden, books, blanks and stationery	167 75	
New Orleans Republican, blank book	54 04	— 466 54
Fourth District—		
John W. Madden books, blanks and stationery	78 45	
Fifth District—		
John W. Madden, blanks and stationery	49 40	
Sixth District—		
B. Campbell, expenses for conveying prisoners to prison, etc	16 30	
John W. Madden, blanks and stationery	27 25	— 171 40

PUBLIC POUNDS.

First District—		
New Orleans Republican, advertising pound notice	6 00	
James Wright, rent	30 00	
Second District—		
New Orleans Republican, advertising pound notice	8 00	
John R. Clay, rent	60 00	
Third District—		
New Orleans Republican, advertising pound notice in August, 1871	12 00	
New Orleans Republican, advertising pound notice in September, 1871	6 00	
J. Simon, rent	12 00	
Fourth District—		
James Coyle, rent	30 00	
Fifth District—		
New Orleans Republican, advertising pound notice	12 00	
Charles Pillman, rent	15 00	
Sixth District—		
New Orleans Republican, advertising pound notice	6 00	— 197 00

LIGHTING CITY.

Jefferson City Gaslight Company, lighting Sixth District with gas	1,360 00	
W. J. Behan, lighting city with oil	3,931 88	
W. J. Behan, for ten per cent retained on cost of lighting fifteen hundred lamps during the year ending August 31, 1871, at $34 95	5,242 50	
New Orleans Gaslight Company, lighting city with gas	14,189 06	—24,723 44
Total		$28,003 76

Read twice and laid over.

By Mr. Shaw:

An ordinance providing providing for the payment of the several accounts therein named.

Be it ordained, That the following appropriations be, and are hereby made, and that the Administrator of Public Accounts warrant on the Administrator of Finance in payment of the same:

Clerk of the United States Circuit Court, for making transcript of appeal in case of Myra Clark Gaines vs. the city of New Orleans, $178 10.

C. E. Girardey & Co., rent of the premises known as the Orleans ball room, from June 21 to September 21, three months, $180.

John W. Madden, stationery and blank books for the Department of Public Accounts, examined and approved, $114 75.

Morning Star and Catholic Messenger, advertising redemption of bond, examined and approved, $4 50.

Peter Hand, for services in the office of the City Attorney in the months of August and September, examined and approved, $200.

Charles Burke, Grand Jury warrant, $129.

Michael Carroll, Grand Jury warrant, $120.

C. H. Luzenberg, District Attorney, for eighteen convictions in the month of September, 1871, as per bill approved by the Judge of the First District Court, $270.

Tug Tyler, for deepening water at wharf between Lafayette and Girod streets, approved by the Administrator of Improvements, $416 86.

Tug Tyler, for deepening water at wharf between Gentilly road and Bienville streets, approved by the Administrator of Improvements, $179 16.

A. Kalinski, use of skiff in service of police, $25.

Weed & Kelly, stationery for Department of Public Accounts, $20.

New Orleans Republican Printing Company, for advertisements, approved by the Administrator of Improvements, $157.

A. Hero, Jr., for copies of contracts, etc., $36.

Weed & Kelly, for stationery, approved by the City Attorney, $6 25.

W. T. Mayo, cash expended in removing drainage records, $7 50.

Adopted.

The ordinance providing for the monthly payment of the Firemen's Charitable Association was adopted.

Mr. Shaw called up the following resolution, introduced at the last meeting:

Resolved, That for extra services performed in paying laborers, etc., after office hours, the salary of the chief clerk in the Department of Finance is hereby fixed at the rate of $5000 per annum from September 1, 1870.

The yeas and nays were called on the passage of the resolution.

Mr. Walton, in voting yea, explained that at the present scale of salaries he believed the gentleman named was entitled to this increase, but he was in favor of reducing salaries all round.

The resolution was unanimously passed.

By Mr. Shaw:

An ordinance to provide for the payment of interest on improvement bonds.

Be it ordained by the Council of the city of New Orleans, That the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be appropriated and set apart for the payment of interest, due February 1, 1872, upon such improvement bonds as have been or may be issued; and the Administrator of Finance is ordered to reserve the said amount as a preference payment to secure the punctual discharge of interest upon said bonds when due.

Read twice and laid over.

General Business.

By Mr. Delassize:

DEPARTMENT OF WATERWORKS AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS, October 2, 1871.

To the City Council of New Orleans:

There has been presented to the department under my control a bill for $315 78, from battery C, Louisiana State Militia, for repairs made on what is styled the "State Arsenal," located on St. Peter street. Although not cognizant of the necessity of the repairs referred to until they were made, an examination proved them of so proper a character that I waive all objections on the ground of irregularity, and report in favor of payment of the bill. I ask the passage of the accompanying resolution.

L. T. DELASSIZE, Administrator.

Resolved, That the Admistrator of Public Accounts warrant on the Department of Finance, in favor of John Glynn, Jr., captain commanding battery C, regiment field artillery, for the sum of $315 78, to reimburse him for repairs made to the St. Peter street arsenal.

The resolution was adopted, with the express understanding that this was not to be made a precedent.

By Mr. Delassize:

Resolved, That permission is hereby granted to Joseph H. Wilson to erect and operate a steam engine, of about four or five horse power, to be placed in the yard of the four-story brick building, situated No. 109 Gravier street, for printing purposes; this permission to be revocable at the pleasure of the Council.

Adopted.

By Mr. Walton:

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, October 3, 1871.

To the City Council of New Orleans:

I have to report that in answer to an advertisement issued under ordinance No. 1106, for the sale of ten per cent bonds, payable in appropriation certificates, I received bids to the amount of $54,450, ranging from par to 2.30 per cent premium, which were opened by the Mayor in my presence, and that the following were the only bids accepted, viz:

J. Henriques, $5500 at 2.30 per cent.

Isidore Newman, $5000 at 2.26 per cent.

JOHN S. WALTON, Administrator.

Received and approved.

By Mr. Cockrem:

Resolved, That the Administrator of Improvements be and he is hereby authorized to advertise for proposals for culverting the Canal street canal, from Claiborne street to the terminus of said canal.

Laid over to be printed.

By Mr. Cockrem:

DEPARTMENT OF IMPROVEMENTS, October 2, 1871.

To the City Council of New Orleans:

The undersigned, to whom was referred the petition of property owners for a shell road on Marengo street, from Tchoupitoulas to Claiborne street, and on the south side of Claiborne street, from Marengo to Washington avenue, in accordance with the provisions of section twenty-five of the amended city charter, respectfully submits for the approval of the Council the accompanying plan and reported estimated cost of same, viz:

City's portion about	$33,000 00
Property owners' portion about	20,000 00
Total	$53,000 00

And recommends the adoption of the annexed resolution.

JOHN COCKREM, Administrator.

Resolved, That the Administrator of Improvements be and he is hereby authorized to advertise for proposals for making a shellroad on Marengo street, from Tchoupitoulas to Claiborne street, and on the south side of Claiborne street, from Marengo street to Washington avenue, in accordance with the petition of property owners.

Laid over to be printed.

By Mr. Shaw:

An ordinance to prohibit unmuzzled dogs in the streets.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the Council of the city of New Orleans, That no dog shall be allowed in any street of the city of New Orleans unless the same shall be so muzzled as to render it impossible for such dog to bite any one; and the police are hereby required, and any citizen is authorized, to kill any dog found in any street of the city, unless such dog is muzzled as above provided.

SEC. 2. And be it further ordained, That all ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith be, and the same are hereby repealed, and that this ordinance shall take effect and be in force sixty days from and after its promulgation in the official journal.

Mr. Shaw moved the adoption of the ordinance, which was opposed by Mr. Lewis, who moved to lay it over, and on a division the motion to lay over was carried.

Mayor's Veto.

The Mayor said he had a message to communicate to the Council if they would permit him to do so at this stage of the proceedings.

Permission being given, the following message was handed over to the secretary to be read:

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, City Hall, October 3, 1871.

To the City Council of New Orleans:

I veto the resolution, just passed, increasing the salary of the chief clerk of the Administrator of Finance. The salary of that clerk, in my opinion, was high enough before. If it was not equal to the salary of other officers of the same rank, the latter may be reduced, which would better comport with the financial condition of the city; and I recommend the Council to adopt an ordinance for such decrease, in lieu of this resolution.

BENJ. F. FLANDERS, Mayor.

Mr. Bonzano inquired whether the Mayor was not a little too hasty in vetoing a resolution, before the ink was scarcely dry, expressing the will of the Council.

Mr. Shaw said he thought the resolution was not yet in possession of the Mayor.

The Mayor replied that the charter said he might veto any resolution or ordinance at or before the next regular meeting. This matter might lie over till next week if the Council chose, but he felt it his duty to put in the veto at once.

The message was received and laid over.

General Business Resumed.

Mr. Cockrem offered the following amended ordinance:

An ordinance to prevent obstructing pavements, banquettes and sidewalks by goods, etc.

Be it ordained by the Council of the city of New Orleans, That from and after the passage of this ordinance, it shall not be lawful for any person or persons to incumber or obstruct any of the streets, public roads, public grounds, public squares or promenades, sidewalks or gutters of the city, by depositing in or on the same any box, bale, hogshead, barrel, or any goods, wares or merchandise, or any article or object whatsoever, except for the necessary time for loading or unloading the same, nor shall boards for advertising purposes be permitted to stand against fences so as to obstruct the banquette; and should any owner or owners, or any person or persons, having charge of the same, after being notified by the Administrator of Police, fail to remove such obstructions immediately, they shall be removed to the public pound of the district wherein the obstructions may have been in contravention of this ordinance; and if the property be not claimed by the owner or owners within five days thereafter, then it shall be the duty of the Administrator of Police to advertise and sell it, as provided for in the case of estrays, vehicles, etc.

Be it further ordained, etc., That all ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

On suggestion of Mr. Lewis, the time for the ordinance going into operation was extended until the first of November, and so amended the ordinance was passed.

Mr. Cockrem called up an ordinance entitled "an ordinance to promote the cleanliness and salubrity of the city," and moved its adoption. The ordinance re-enacted the regulations with regard to the removal of offal, etc.

Mr. Lewis said the trouble was, that the nuisance carts did not call for the offal when it was put outside.

Mr. Cockrem said that could easily be remedied by a complaint to the department.

Mr. Shaw remarked that the title of the ordinance was defective. It provided certain pains and penalties, but the title simply alluded to the promotion of the health of the city. No one would think of finding a penalty in such an ordinance.

Mr. Cockrem said he proposed to meet this objection by having a number of copies of the ordinance printed and circulated.

Mr. Shaw observed that a good many bills—the Slaughterhouse bill and others for instance—started out with a preamble, that they were for the improvement of the health of the city, when they had entirely different objects in view.

On a viva voce vote the ordinance was lost.

Petitions.

A proposal to lay down an experimental pavement of prepared wood on Lafayette street, to be paid for when approved, was referred to the Administrator of Improvements.

A petition of lumber men for additional facilities for landing of lumber at the New Basin, was referred to the Administrators of Commerce and Improvements.

A pound petition of Martin Burke was referred to the Administrator of Police.

A petition for the grading of State street, Sixth District, was referred to the Administrator of Improvements.

A cotton pickery petition of R. C. Van Wickle was referred to the Administrator of Commerce.

A petition of the Sisters of the Louisiana Retreat was referred to the Administrator of Public Buildings.

Miscellaneous.

Mr. Bonzano presented the following as his monthly report:

DEPARTMENT OF ASSESSMENTS, October 3, 1871.

To Hon. Benj. F. Flanders, Mayor:

During the month of September the employes, under the superintendence and direction of the Administrator of the department, have been engaged in examining assessments of 1871, to which oppositions have been put on file by taxpayers during the period permitted and specified by law.

Their labors, in that respect, are nearly completed.

H. BONZANO, Administrator.

A resolution for the relief of G. W. Stockton, was called up by Mr. Bonzano and passed, as was also a resolution for the relief of A. C. Tremoulet.

Mr. Cockrem, as Administrator of Commerce *ad interim*, offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That permission is hereby granted to E. Volkerman to erect a brewery on St. Ferdinand street, between Peters and Chartres streets; provided that this permission is revocable at the pleasure of the Council.

Adopted.

The Council then adjourned.

H. CONQUEST CLARKE. Secretary.

EDUCATIONAL.

UNION NORMAL SCHOOL,

CORNER CAMP AND RACE STREETS, Near Coliseum Place, New Orleans, Louisiana.

This institution has now been in successful operation for two years, and the first term of the third scholastic year opens at nine o'clock, A. M., MONDAY, October 2, 1871, and closes December 22, 1871.

Persons desiring to enter the school should apply, during the week preceding the opening of the term, to the Directors, who will be at the building during that time from nine o'clock, A. M., to three o'clock P. M.

MISS E. A. COIT, under whose efficient management the institution has thus far succeeded, will continue her labors, and it is now being arranged to have associated with her, the coming year, other experienced teachers.

The building has a beautiful and central location. It is being put in thorough repair, and when the term opens will have good accommodations for one hundred and fifty students.

Tuition free. Incidental fee, $1 per month.

J. C. HARTZELL, for Executive Committee.

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PASS CHRISTIAN COLLEGE.

This institution will enter upon its sixth academic session on MONDAY, October 2, 1871. For particulars see catalogue of 1870-71. Special communications may be addressed to the president of Pass Christian College, Mississippi. All arrangements can be made at the office of James Timony, the agent of the college, No. 6 Davidson court; at M. Wheelahan's store, No. 119 Common street, or at St. Mary's College, Foucher street, New Orleans, Louisiana.

BROTHER EDWARD, Principal of the Christian Brothers.

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COLUMBIAN COLLEGE,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

The PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT of this College opens September 12, 1871.
The COLLEGIATE DEPARTMENT, September 20.
The THEOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT, October 2.
The MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, October 4.
The LAW DEPARTMENT, October 11.

Young men wishing to enter either of the departments should be present at the commencement of the term.

J. C. WELLING, President.

For further information inquire of W. STICKNEY, Secretary and Treasurer. au23 2m

**MILITARY HIGH SCH