[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

Hawthorne, master, from Indianola, via Galveston, to C. A. Whitney & Co. No departures.

VICKSBURG, November 4.—Passed up: Louisville at ten last night. Boats up today: Katie at 10 A. M., John Kyle at 11 A. M., W. J. Lewis at 7 P. M. River falling. Weather cool and clear.

MEMPHIS, November 4.—Passed up: H. S. Turner. River falling. Weather clear and cool.

PITTSBURG, November 4.—Weather clear and mild. River falling slowly, with twenty-seven inches in the channel.

CINCINNATI, November 4.—River four feet two inches in the channel. Weather clear and pleasant.

CAIRO, November 4.—Arrivals and departures: Ada Heilman, Cairo to Memphis, 10 P. M.; Alice, Memphis to St. Louis, 2 A. M.; J. N. Kellog cleared for New Orleans at 6. P. M.; Julia, St. Louis to Vicksburg, 11 P. M.; H. C. Yaeger, St. Louis for New Orleans, 3 P. M.; Utah, Vicksburg to St. Louis, 3 P. M.; the Henry Ames cleared for New Orleans at 4 P. M. The river has risen one inch in the past twenty-four hours. Weather clear and pleasant.

EVANSVILLE, November 4.—Weather clear and warm. River stationary. Business dull.

ST. LOUIS, November 4.—Arrived: Belle St. Louis. Departed: St. Luke, for Memphis, and Glasgow, for Vicksburg. River rising slowly. Weather clear and warm.

LOUISVILLE, November 4.—River falling slowly, with two feet and six inches at the head of the canal, eight feet and ten inches in the chute, twenty-eight inches at Puppy Island, and thirty inches at French Island.

MARKETS.

Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, November 4, Evening.—Cotton closed weak and nominal; sales to-day 3548 bales; middling uplands 18¼c; Orleans 19⅜c. Flour 10c lower and heavy; common to fair extra $6 80@7 50; good to choice $7 55@9 25. Wheat heavy, 1@2c lower; winter red Western $1 53@1 58. Corn steady, 76@77c. Pork lower, $13@13 15. Beef quiet. Lard more active. Groceries quiet and steady. Naval stores firm. Freights steady.

CINCINNATI, November 4.—Cotton dull and nominal; low middling 17c. Flour quiet and unchanged; family $6 60@6 75. Wheat steady and in moderate demand; red $1 40@1 43. Corn is fair demand; new 47c, old 56c. Oats in fair demand; 36@40c. Pork: advance asked, but not established; $12 50 offered Lard quiet and unchanged; 9@9¼c. Bacon firm and in fair demand; shoulders 7¼c, clear rib and clear sides 8c. Whisky steady and in moderate demand 88c.

ST. LOUIS, November 4.—Cotton dull and nominal. Flour firm and in fair demand; superfine winter $5@5 25; extra winter $5 50@5 75; double extra $6@6 35. Wheat dull; No. 3 red in elevator $1 40; No. 2 red winter $1 52. Corn steady; No. 2 mixed 43c. Oats firmer; No. 2 33½c. Highwines dull at 88@89c. Pork higher; closed at $13 75. Bacon unchanged; jobbing lots, shoulders 7¾c, clear rib 8c, clear sides 8c. Lard quiet; refined at 9⅛@9¼c.

Havana Markets.

HAVANA, November 4.—The following is the condition of the market at the close of business to-day: The stock of sugar in the warehouses at Havana and Matanzas is 131,600 boxes and 875 hhds; receipts of the week at Havana and Matanzas 225 hhds; exported during the week from Havana and Matanzas 20,050 boxes and 25 hhds, of which 16,275 were to the United States. Sugar market firm, with a light demand, and buyers demand a reduction. Nos. 10 to 12 D. S. 9½@10 reals per arrobe; Nos. 15 to 20 D. S. 11¼@13½ reals. Molasses sugar, 7¾ reals for Nos. 8 to 10; Muscovado sugar, for good refining 7¾@8 reals. Bacon $14 50 per cwt. Flour $17 25. Hams: sugar cured and Mexican salted 25c ⅌ quintal. Lard: in kegs ($16 50) in tins $18 50. Potatoes $10 ⅌ bbl. Tallow $2 62. Wax: yellow $9 25; white $13. Onions $2. Coal oil in tins 4 reals. Lumber: white pine $39 50. Freights: per box on sugar to Northern ports 75c; hhds $3 50. Exchange on the United States, sixty days, currency, 1½@1¾ discount; short sight ½ ⅌ cent discount; short sight gold 11½ premium; on London 18½@19 ⅌ cent premium.

[Yesterday's Evening Dispatches.]

SAN FRANCISCO, November 4.—Chinese companies are suing Los Angeles for damages on account of the late massacre.

The Apache Indians, on the eleventh of October, sixty strong, attacked a ranch on San Simon, in Arizona. They killed one man, wounded another, and burned the place.

Captain Smith, of the Twenty-first Infantry, writes that the Indians were pursued by the troops and were found to come directly from the reservation of Canada, Arizona.

There are five hundred Indians on the ration rolls at Camp Grant, and on the last ration day only fifty answered to their names, the remainder being on the war path.

NEW YORK, November 4.—Arrived: Steamers General Sherman, Virgo and Australia. Arrived out: America.

PARIS, November 4.—The trial of the communists who were directly concerned in the assassination of Generals LeCompte and Thomas is progressing, and attracts large crowds.

A Boston gentleman, traveling in Europe, had his watch stolen from him in Vienna, and offered a reward equal to $50 in our money. The watch did not appear, and, when returning toward America, he left his name and address, and the number of his watch. A year has since gone, and he gave up all hopes of ever seeing it, when a few days ago his watch came to him in Boston, the only charge upon it being one of fifty cents for express transportation from New York. The thief had been arrested in Vienna, the watch found upon him, and forwarded by the city government of Vienna free of charge to New York. This shows a desire upon the part of the authorities there to secure the good wishes of travelers, to say the least.

A very sensible match has been proposed at the fair in Columbus, Georgia. It is a contest between young ladies to cook the best meal on the fair grounds, for a prize of a seventy-five dollar silver service. First class stoves will be furnished, and each young lady will cook in a room where all the materials have been furnished and the heavy work performed. Six young ladies have already entered for the contest.

Pequog, Massachusetts, puts in her claim for the champion snorer. The young wife of an elderly resident, awaking from a sound sleep, began to shake her slumbering lord smartly to make him stop snoring. Just then came several very loud rolls of thunder, and desisting from her attempt, she resigned herself quietly to sleep, remarking: "It is only thundering, after all; I thought you were snoring!"

He who labors to diffuse competence and comfort among the many, instead of promoting the accumulation of vast fortunes in the hands of a few, seeks to confer on his fellow creatures the best material gifts they are capable of receiving, while at the same time he lays a broad foundation, on which to rear every moral and social virtue that can elevate and ennoble them.

An exchange tells us that "twenty years ago Leland Standford arrived in California with only one shirt to his back. Since then, by close attention to business, he has contrived to accumulate over ten million." What the deuce can a man do with ten million shirts.

The ill-natured *Saturday Review* says "dress ever was and ever will be as webs spread in the way of woman's righteousness. No doubt Eve frilled her apron of fig leaves before she had worn it a day."

The chairman of the Republican State committee of Massachusetts has been authorized to address the national Republican committee, inviting them to select Boston as the place of holding the national convention of 1872.

One Buffalo paper calls the editor of another Buffalo paper the "best impromptu liar in America."

LOWLAND MARY.

BY JAMES LINEN.

The rosy rays of the morning light
In their downward course may tarry,
And linger to gild the mountain tops
Ere I cease to love my Mary.
The rolling spheres may be lost in night,
The sun in his course may vary,
But my constant heart will aye beat true
To my own dear Lowland Mary.

O'er my head the clouds of care may hang,
And my cherished hopes miscarry,
But no changes that the world may bring
Can e'er change my love for Mary.
Trees may not bloom and birds may not sing,
And the speed of time may vary,
But warmly throned in this loving heart
Shall reign my own Lowland Mary.

—[Home Journal.

Mrs. James A. Oates.

This popular and sprightly little lady, a general favorite in New Orleans, will commence a brief engagement at the Academy of Music to-morrow evening, with her comic opera company. The St. Louis *Dispatch* says of the troupe, at the Olympic in that city:

Mrs. Oates and her comic opera company commenced the final week of their engagement last evening, appearing in the burlesque extravaganza of "Fortunio," never before given here. The piece is like many others of its class, abounding in improbable situations, sprightly developments, and local and other hits and witticisms, which give rise to infinite amusement. In many respects it is above the average of such productions, and calculated to afford an unusually sparkling entertainment. In the hands of such favorite artists as Mrs. Oates, Mr. Allen, Mr. Drew, Mr. Crane, and their associates, it is destined to have a successful run. The costumes, scenery and mountings generally display taste and enterprise on the part of all concerned, and "Fortunio," in its many fine features, well merits a liberal patronage.

The St. Louis *Democrat* says:

"Fortunio" has fulfilled the promised conditions of elegant scenery and costuming, fine music and thorough acting. The play develops in a tangible form the vague ideas of fairies and supernatural changes planted in the mind of every youth by the stories of imaginative nurses. The Prince, guarded by the old fairy god-mother, is here, supported by elfs and sprites of strangely human aspect. The vindictive half-sister, who was the warning to open-eyed youngsters against the indulgence in feeling of envy and malice, is well personated by Mr. Allen. The *Prince Fortunio* of Mrs. Oates is a jolly little knight of the order of *Jack*, who used to sever immense heads from larger bodies with his tiny sword. The entertainment is rich in humor, and will continue until further notice.

Tonnage of the United States.

The following statement of the number of vessels and tonnage of the United States on June 30, 1871, as compared with the corresponding date of 1870, is furnished by the chief of the bureau of statistics:

	1871		1870	
	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.
Sail	17,071	2,167,398	16,926	2,135,268
Steam	3,499	1,049,181	3,341	1,015,073
Unrigged	8,757	894,831	7,862	795,805
Total	29,327	4,111,412	28,138	3,946,149

Exhibiting a gain over 1870 of 76 sailing vessels, with a tonnage of 32,129,87; 158 steam vessels, of 34,106.51 tons, and 955 unrigged vessels, of 99,026.29 tons; or a total of 1189 vessels, with a tonnage of 165,262.67.

Adroitly Hit.

A presiding elder of the United Brethren Church, while preaching, was much annoyed by persons talking and laughing. He paused, looked at the disturbers, and said: "I am always afraid to reprove those who misbehave in church. In the early part of my ministry I made a great mistake. As I was preaching, a young man who sat just before me was constantly laughing, talking and making uncouth grimaces. I paused and administered a severe rebuke. After the close of the service one of the official members came and said to me, 'you made a great mistake; that young man whom you reproved is an idiot.' Since then I have always been afraid to reprove those who misbehave in church, lest I should repeat that mistake and reprove another idiot." During the rest of that service at least there was good order.

In his able speech at the recent Republican meeting in New York, the Hon. William Evarts, referring to the corruption of the city government, spoke as follows:

"I know what I speak. I know that all through Europe there is intenser solicitude on the part of the common people of that whole continent that this defilement, this polution, this infamy shall be shown to have been from the negligence of the American people, and that when discovered it can no longer be maintained. If you could only know with what interest friends, perhaps honest friends, at any rate the interested friends of despotic government, look at the same problem which is now proceeding before their eyes, claiming and hoping that their theory of government, that the strong arm is necessary and that freedom is illusion, will find in the result of your action, you would see then how both cities of the continent of Europe in opinion are dwelling upon this election to determine whether or no your country—my country—is the hope of freedom, or is the danger to liberty that they must avoid."

The comment of a colored preacher on the text, "It is more blessed to give than to receive," is inimitable for its point as well as eloquence. "I've known many a church to die 'cause it didn't give enough, but I never knowed a church to die 'cause it gave too much. Dey don't die dat way. Bredren, has any of you knowd a church to die 'cause it gave too much? If you do, just let me know, and I'll make a pilgrimage to that church, and I'll climb by de soft light of de moon up the moss-covered roof; and I'll stand dar, and lift up my hands to heaven and say, 'Blessed are de dead dat die in de Lord.'"

A melancholy case of special judgment is sent us from Rome through the London *Tablet* newspaper, which duly improves the awful warning. One Morelli, a builder, employed on the public works at Rome, having mounted a high scaffolding, got into a furious passion with his workmen because they asked for a half-holiday that they might celebrate the "Feast of the Nativity of the Blessed Virgin." "I know nothing of your Madonna, or your Christ either," bawled Signor Morelli, in a rage; and then his foot slipped, and down he went, and that, so far as this world is concern, was an end of Signor Morelli.

A chemist of Vienna, it is reported, has succeeded in discovering a composition which will make even the slight material of ballet dancers' dresses fireproof. The Prince of Lichtenstein has given this composition a first trial on the stage in his own palace in the presence of a numerous company. The rise of the curtain discovered two life-sized dolls dressed as ballet girls, to both of which a light was applied. One of the dolls was rapidly reduced to ashes, while the other, saturated with the protective composition escaped with a small hole burned in the dress.

The editor of the Oxford (Maine) *Democrat* recently visited Elm Vale Cemetery, where repose the remains of the late Artemus Ward. On a neat marble slab at the head of his grave is this inscription:

"Rest, loved one, rest.
CHARLES F. BROWN,
known to the world as
ARTEMUS WARD,
Died
In South Hampton, Eng.,
March 6, 1867,
Aet 33 yrs.
His memory will be a sweet and unfading recollection."

This is from that modest journal that never indulges in sensational language, the *Louisiana State Register:*

Senator Kellogg is in New Orleans. An army of about forty thousand camp followers are after him to "see Casey" and get them places in the Customhouse. The Senator wishes he had the small-pox for a few days that he might have rest from the bummers.

The editor of a Chicago journal has refused several poetical effusions on the late disaster, on the ground that it is wasteful to reprint anything which requires every line to begin with a capital, when capital is as scarce as it is now in Chicago.

Russian Cooking Materials.

We copy the following, written at New Iberia, from the last number of the *Planters' Banner:*

Not only are the leading men of New Orleans waking up and preparing for an onward march to success, removing the clogs and dead weights from trade and commerce, and clearing the way for a glorious future for the Crescent City, but we see signs of new life and vitality in several of the country parishes.

We have just been conversing in this place with a gentleman from a neighboring parish, who contemplates bringing about a dozen families to the country to open and cultivate small farms. He says that men of small means should have more favors from capital, that men of industry and frugality are of vast importance to the State, and will do their full share in restoring prosperity and happiness to our people. He and another enterprising and influential gentleman of our acquaintance contemplate a movement to aid farmers and mechanics of small means. He considers the purchase of cheap lands, establishing cottages and other improvements on them, and selling farms to industrious families on a long credit, with yearly payments, the true way to utilize the labor of the State, attract more labor, and to make the State prosperous and independent.

A hundred such men in Louisiana would do more to redeem the State than all of the mock statesmanship we have had in our legislative halls, since Radicalism has had control of our government. In fact legislators are now "the rats that eat the malt that lay in the house that Jack built."

A Paris paper says that a gentleman purchasing a number of photographs purporting to be likenesses of some of the female communists now in custody, was surprised to find among them the portrait of his mother-in-law. Having discovered the name of the photographer, the gentleman, accompanied by two police agents, called upon him and extracted from him an avowal that he had availed himself of the negatives of some of his former patrons, least remarkable for personal attractions, in order to form a collection of portraits representing the inmates of the Versailles prisons and the Brest hulks, the sale of which had been extremely large.

Monetary--Commercial.

MONETARY.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY REPUBLICAN, SATURDAY EVENING, November 4, 1871.

The money market was rather easier to-day, though rates were without any quotable variation. We heard less complaint of stringency on the street, borrowers being able to obtain accommodations with more facility at the quoted rates. At bank the demand for discounts was good, but a large proportion of the offerings were accepted. We still quote A1 notes with first class collaterals at 11@12 ⅌ cent ⅌ annum, and good and second grade at 12@18; first class business paper without collaterals at 12@15, and second grade at 18@—. Mortgage notes rule at 10 ⅌ cent ⅌ annum for A1, and 12@15 for second grade.

Gold opened at 111⅞@112⅛ (against 111½ at New York), and closed at 112⅛@112⅜ (against 112). The sales included $2000, $5000 and $6000 at 111⅞, and $3000, $4000, $5000 and $13,000 at 112⅛.

The only sale of silver reported is $500 in American half dollars at 110. We quote 109@110 for these, and Mexican dollars nominal.

Sterling exchange was unfavorably affected by the course of gold at New York, and a decline in New York sight bills, though the influence was partially counteracted by an improvement in gold toward the close. The market closed with a net decline of about ⅛ per cent. The sales embraced £30 000, of which £4000 bill of lading at 119⅝; £3000 clear at 119⅝; £2500 A1 clear at 119¾; £6500 bill of lading and clear at 119⅝@119¾; £3000 bill of lading at 119⅞; £2000 first class, equal to private bankers', at 120, and £3000 same at 120⅛.

A round amount of francs were sold, all the particulars of which were suppressed. We now quote sterling at 119½@120 and 120⅛ for good to A1 bill of lading and clear, and 120⅜@120¾ for bank.

Domestic exchange continued dull and drooping and closed at a decline of ⅛ per cent. At the close the banks drew on New York at ⅛ ⅌ cent discount for remittance, one of them only asking ¼ for small sums. The sales included $25,000 commercial New York sight, $10,000 private bankers' and $40 000 bank at ¼ per cent discount, $15,000 and $15,000 commercial and $10,000 private bankers' at ⅞, and $2500 sight on Boston at ¼.

A New York gold check for $6000 sold at ¼ ⅌ cent discount. Some of the banks supplied remitters with small amounts at ¼ discount

In the stock market there was some excitement in Mexican Gulf canal shares, which sold as high as $187 50, an advance since day before yesterday of $77 50. We noticed, also, an improvement in Ammonia Propelling Company. The sales included 200 Louisiana Levee Company at $3; 20 Ammonia Propelling Company at $15; 20 do at the same; 15 do at $15 25; 5 Mississippi and Mexican Gulf canal at $125; 10 do at the same; 5 do at $137 50; 10 do at $147 50; 5 do at $150; 10 and 10 do at the same; 5 do at $155; 10 do at $160; 15 do at the same; 25 do at $165; 25 do (regular) at $187 50; 217 Crescent City Waterworks at 12c, and 45 Jefferson City Gaslight Company at $55.

In bonds $1000 city seven per cents changed hands at 66, and $1000 and $2000 city ten per cents at 83¼.

The sales of warrants included $1000 State at 56; $2200 at 56¼; $1150 and $1500 at 57; and a smaller amount at the same.

One thousand dollars city appropriation certificates sold at 82½; and $4000 at 83.

City treasury notes are nominal.

COMMERCIAL.

SATURDAY EVENING, November 4, 1871.

COTTON—The sales to-day embraced 2550 bales, at irregular prices, a part of the business showing little or no falling off, but the bulk of it a decline of ⅛c, and a part of ¼c. We modify our quotations accordingly, and give also the Exchange figures, which are for even running of its types, while ours are for average lists, with the outside rates for strict:

	Average lists.	Exchange figures.
Low ordinary	— @ —	—
Ordinary	— @ —	—
Good ordinary	17⅛ @ 17½	—
Low middling	17⅞ @ 17⅞	17¾
Middling	18 @ —	18
Strict middling	18⅛ @ —	—
Good middling	18½ @ —	—

We heard of low mindling as low as 17½c, but this was regarded as exceptional. A fair amount changed hands at 17⅝c. It also sold at 17¾c, which was the ruling rate for good style. Strict sold at 17¾c and 17⅞c, the latter with good staple. Middling sold as low as 17⅞c, but ruled at 18c. Strict middling sold at 18⅛c. Some factors held at previous rates, and refused offers of 18c for middling and 18⅛c for strict, asking for them, respectively, 18¼c and 18½c. The movement was checked by light supplies.

The Exchange reports: "Good demand. Market easy at quotations." Its quotation for middling is reduced ⅛c.

COTTON STATEMENT.

	Bales.
Stock on hand September 1, 1871	25,323
Arrived since last statement	2,944
Arrived previously	125,088—128,032
Total	153,355
Cleared to-day	2,890
Cleared previously	87,656—90,546
Stock on hand and on shipboard, not cleared	62,809
Stock corresponding day last year	74,289

To-day's exports were to New York. Receipts proper since last evening 2036 bales, against 1631 on last Saturday and 7230 last year, making an aggregate since August 31 of 161,996 bales, against 147,919 last year.

SUGAR—Received, 106 hhds. The demand continues good, principally for the better descriptions and the supplies have sold at 9¾@10¼c for fair to good fair; 11¾@11¾c for fully fair; 11⅞c for prime; 11½@11¾c for seconds, and 12¼c for centrifugal.

MOLASSES—Received, 379 bbls and 13 half bbls. The supplies were mostly sold, but the market is weak. Common 40@45c; centrifugal 46c; fair 48@50c; prime 52@53c; strictly prime 55@56c; choice 58c ⅌ gallon.

FLOUR—We note a very great scarcity of superfine, double and low treble extra, and the sales today were confined to 800 bbls, of which 50 on its merits at $5 50; 50 single extra at $6 40; 150 do at $6 50; 200 treble extra at $7 25, and 100 choice at $7 87½ ⅌ bbl. Fifty half bbls treble extra sold at $3 80 ⅌ half bbl.

CORN—Is in light supply and moderate demand; 5000 sacks were sold to-day, of which 350 sacks soft new white and yellow at 78c; 500 new yellow at 60c; 400 yellow mixed at 81c; 600 yellow mixed and 1500 do at 82c; 200 yellow mixed at 82c; 100 do at 83c; 100 white at 89c; 150, 200 and 300 white at 90c ⅌ bushel.

OATS—Are in fair supply and demand. Two hundred inferior sold on private terms; 150 and 600 prime at 53c ⅌ bushel.

BRAN—Is quiet. Two hundred sacks sold at $1 20, and 100 and 150 sacks at $1 25 ⅌ 100 lbs.

HAY—There is no choice in market. Fifty bales prime sold at $30, and 100 at $32 ⅌ ton.

PORK—The market is quiet. Three hundred and seventy-three bbls mess (50, 50, 50, 50, 73 and 100) sold at $15 50 ⅌ bbl, and 250, to arrive, at the same. It is retailing at $15 75 ⅌ bbl.

BACON—Clear sides are scarce, and held at 8¾c; shoulders are in light supply at 8⅛@8¼c. Ten and 16 casks clear sides sold at 8⅝c; 15, 20 and 40 do at 8¾c ⅌ lb.

HAMS—The market is very dull. Sixteen tierces choice sugar cured sold at 16½c ⅌ lb.

BREAKFAST BACON—Is also very dull. Twenty-eight boxes Western sold 12½c ⅌ lb.

LARD—The stock is small, but the demand is limited; 40 tierces refined sold at 10⅝c; 50 do at 10½c; kegs are quoted at 11½c ⅌ lb.

CORN MEAL—Is in better supply, and there were sales on the landing of 100 bbls at $3 75; 100 at $3 80; 25 and 25 at $3 85 ⅌ bbl.

DRY SALT MEAT—Is in light supply and shoulders command 8c. They are retailing at 8½c ⅌ lb.

COFFEE—There is a good supply for the wants of the trade, although there is none in first hands. The market is dull, prices have a downward tendency and we quote, nominally, 30@30¾c (gold duty paid) for prime; 19¾@19¾c for good, and 18⅛@19c for fair ⅌ lb.

POULTRY AND EGGS—Chickens are selling on the landing at $4@5 for the young, and $7 for the old; geese $8@9; ducks $5; turkeys $15@24 ⅌ down. Eggs 36@37c ⅌ dozen.

WHISKY—The supply is light but the demand is limited. Choice packed is quoted at $1 02½; ordinary, 92c ⅌ gallon.

ESCULENTS—Sweet potatoes are selling at $1@1 25 ⅌ bbl. Irish potatoes $2 50@2 75. Onions $2 50@3. Apples $2 50@3 50 ⅌ bbl. Cabbages $5@7 ⅌ crate. Sour krout $10 ⅌ bbl. Horse radish $5@6 ⅌ bbl. Beets $3. Turnips $3. Carrots $3@4. Parsnips $3 ⅌ bbl. Dried apples 6@7½c, and peaches 10@11c ⅌ lb. White beans $10@11 ⅌ bbl for Western and $12 50@13 for Northern, and $18@19 for red kidney. A lot of 25 bbls dried apples sold at 8c ⅌ lb.

BAGGING—The last round sales of jute rolls were at 16½c ⅌ lb. Holders now ask 17c. Dealers are filling orders at 18c for India in bales; 17c in rolls; 19c for jute in rolls, and 19c for Western bagging in rolls.

PIGS' FEET—Are selling at $2 50@3 ⅌ keg, and pickled pigs' tongues at 8@9c a piece.

LOUISIANA RICE—There is very little demand and a large stock on hand. Prices have declined ½@¾c ⅌ lb. Ordinary is quoted at 6@6¾c; fair 6¾@7¼c; prime 7¼@7½c; No. 2 3¼@3½c ⅌ lb.

STAR CANDLES—The stock on hand is light and the demand is fair. All weights are now sold at 18c ⅌ lb wholesale, actual weight, and 16½c for small lots.

BALING TWINE—Sells at 19@20c ⅌ lb.

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO—There is very little doing on account of the low stage of water in the tributaries. All descriptions are quoted at 40@65c ⅌ lb., as in quality and packing.

MALT—Is in good supply but in limited demand at $1 50@1 60 ⅌ bushel for choice Canada, and $1 40@1 50 for Western.

HOPS—There is very little coming in. It is selling at 35@37½c ⅌ lb.

COTTON SEED—The supplies are selling readily at $12 ⅌ ton, sacks returned, and $16 with the sacks. The supply is not equal to the demand.

RICE BRAN—Is selling at 75@80c ⅌ 100 lbs.

RICE STRAW—Is selling at $2 50@3 50 ⅌ bale, as in size. It is taken mostly for England, as food for cattle.

RICE HULLS—Command $1 ⅌ cart load, for packing glass. It is also taken for New England, for paper stock.

GUNNY BAGS—Are held at 16½@17c ⅌ lb.

COTTON SEED OIL CAKE—Commands $36 ⅌ ton readily.

NAVAL STORES—The stock is so limited that orders can not be filled. Rosin commands $4 for No. 2, $5 for No. 1, and $6 50@7 for pale. Tar $2 75 ⅌ half bbl, and $6 ⅌ bbl. Pitch $5 ⅌ bbl for lake, and $4 50 for domestic. Spirits turpentine 75c ⅌ gallon.

BUTTER—Choice Western and Northern is in light supply and good demand at 20@24c for Western and 22@23c for Goshen. Inferior is plenty and unsaleable.

CHEESE—Is in good supply and dull at 12c for Western Reserve and 13@14c for choice factory; New York cream 15@16c; English dairy 18c ⅌ lb.

COOPERAGE—Hogsheads are scarce and in good demand at $4 50 apiece, but barrels are dull at $2 25@2 30, half barrels $1 40. Poles are in demand at $20@25 ⅌ 1000 for barrel poles, and $45@45 50 for hogshead poles. Hogshead staves $40@45, and barrel staves $30.

TALLOW—Is in light supply, and Texas is held at 9¼c ⅌ lb.

MOSS—There is a good stock on hand, especially of country picked, but the demand is limited. Choice picked commands 5½@11c; country picked 3¼@4c ⅌ lb.

WOOL—Negotiations are pending for some just received from Texas. The supplies of this season's clip have pretty nearly all been received. Lake commands 40@42c. Louisiana clean 37@38c; Mexican improved 30@35c; burry 20@25c ⅌ lb.

HIDES—The market is dull. There are not many arriving, but they are not much in demand. Dry salt command 12½@14c; flint, 13@15½c ⅌ lb; green salt, 10@10½c; kips, 12½@13c ⅌ lb.

SALT—The demand is limited and we quote: Coarse, $1 35@1 40; fine, $1 85@1 90 ⅌ sack. When taken from warehouse by boats a deduction is made for drayage. Turks' island is scarce. There is none in first hands. Table salt in pockets sell at 2¼@3c each, as in size. We have not any cargo sales to report.

LARD OIL—Is in fair demand with a light stock. It commands 75@80c ⅌ gallon

TOBACCO—Operations are restricted by the light supplies, and only 35 hhds have been sold in the past few days. We quote lugs 7@8c; low leaf 8@8½c; medium 9c; good 9@10c; fine and selections 10@12c.

FREIGHTS—The offerings for Liverpool are fair, with an ample supply of room on the berth. The market for coastwise freights is dull. We quote cotton by steam for Liverpool 11-16d; New York ¾c; Philadelphia ⅞c; Bremen and Hamburg ¾d; by sail for Liverpool 9-16d; Havre 1⅛c; Bremen 1⅛c; Boston ⅝c.

Weekly Coffee Statement.

Messrs. Lonsdale, Marks & Co. furnish us the following weekly statement of coffee transactions:

	Bags.
Imports from Rio Janeiro from July 1, 1870, to July 1, 1871	203,945
Imports from July 1, 1871, to date	52,391
Stock in first hands	2,781
Arrivals this week—	
November 4, ship Assam Valley, to J. L. Phipps & Co.	3,662
November 4, ship Assam Valley, to G. L. Laughland	2,642
November 4, ship Assam Valley, to L. Grand & Co.	1,132
November 4, ship Assam Valley, to Williams, Ruperti & Co.	834
November 4, ship Assam Valley, to Herman, Hertz & Co.	739
Total	8,409
Sales—	
Invoice ex Assam Valley (before arrival), private terms	3,662
Invoice ex Assam Valley (before arrival), private terms	1,132
Invoice ex Assam Valley (before arrival), private terms	834
Total	5,628
Stock made up as follows—	
G. L. Laughland	2,642
Herman, Hertz & Co.	739
Total	2,781
Market—We quote:	
Prime, gold duty paid	20 @20½
Good, gold duty paid	19¾@19¾
Fair, gold duty paid	18¾@19

REMARKS—We note an inactive market. Dealers hold 5500 bags.

Weekly Quotations of Hides, Etc.

Messrs. Hay & Mehle furnish us the following report. Their quotations represent actual sales at first hands. Expenses taken out, weighing, bundling, drayage and commission have to be added:

Steer hides, city slaughter, over 85 lbs. ⅌ lb	—	@	9¾
Steer hides, city slaughter, 70 to 84 lbs. ⅌ lb	—	@	10
Steer hides, city slaughter, under 70 lbs. ⅌ lb	—	@	9¾
Cow hides, city slaughter, as they run, ⅌ lb	—	@	9
Kips, city slaughter, 20 to 24 lbs. ⅌ lb	—	@	13
Kips, city slaughter, 25 to 30 lbs. ⅌ lb	—	@	12
Calf skins, each	—	@	75
Country hides, flint, 20 to 25 lbs. ⅌ lb	—	@	15
Country hides, flint, damaged, half price	—	@	—
Beeswax, prime yellow ⅌ lb	—	@	28
Ox horns, each	4	@	5
Tallow, ⅌ lb	8½	@	9¾

The market is weak, and prices are giving way. Among other sales we note 1600 selected kips at 13c, and 500 steers at 10c.

TIME OF ARRIVAL AND CLOSING OF THE MAILS.

	CLOSE.	DUE.
By New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad—Canton, Memphis, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Louisville, New York, Washington, Baltimore, Boston, Nashville, Eastern States and foreign mails, California and all the Territories (daily, except Sunday)	4:30 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
On Sundays	10:30 A. M.	—
By New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad—Way mail, New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad, Mississippi Central Railroad, Tennessee, Kentucky, Northern Louisiana, St. Louis, Cincinnati, California, Territories, Chicago and New York via Louisville (Sunday excepted)	4:30 P. M.	10:30 P. M.
By New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad—Lake Coast, Mobile, Alabama, Georgia, Florida, North and South Carolina, Mobile and Ohio Railroad, way mail	10:30 A. M.	4:30 P. M.
Sundays	7:30 A. M.	8:45 P. M.
By New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad—Mobile only (except Sunday)	5:00 P. M.	10:30 P. M.
By Morgan's Louisiana and Texas Railroad—Way mail for the parishes of Terrebonne, Assumption, St. Mary, St. Martin, Iberia, Calcasieu, Cameron, Lafayette, Lafourche, St. Landry and Vermillion (except Sunday)	6:45 A. M.	5:45 P. M.
By Morgan's Louisiana and Texas Railroad—Southern and Middle Texas—Arrives Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Closes Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	6:45 A. M.	12:30 P. M.
By Red River steamers—Parishes of Bossier, Caddo, DeSoto, Grant, Natchitoches, Rapides, Sabine and Winn—also counties of Texas, Nacogdoches, Angelena, Shelby, Sabine, Bowie, Davis Harrison, Henderson, Hopkins, Hunt, Lamar, Marion, Panola, Red river, Rusk, San Augustine, Smith, Titus, Upshur, Van Zandt and Wood—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, tri-weekly	6:45 P. M.	10:30 P. M.
By Vicksburg steamers—Donaldsonville, Plaquemine, Baton Rouge, St. Francisville, Avoyelles parish, and all postoffices between St. Francisville and Vicksburg, semi-weekly. Close Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Due Monday, Wednesday and Friday	4:00 P. M.	6:00 A. M.
By St. Francisville steamers—All postoffices between New Orleans and St. Francisville—semi-weekly. Closes Monday and Friday. Due Monday and Thursday	4:00 P. M.	6:00 A. M.
By Lake steamers—St. Tammany parish—semi-weekly. Closes Monday and Thursday. Due Tuesday and Friday	9:00 A. M.	11:30 A. M.
By Lower Coast steamer—Plaquemine parish—semi-weekly. Closes Monday and Thursday. Due Wednesday and Saturday	9:00 A. M.	9:00 A. M.
By Messenger—Carrollton, Louisiana—daily, except Sunday	9:00 A. M.	4:00 P. M.
By Messenger—Algiers, Louisiana—daily	9:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.

Commencing July 26, the Shreveport and Northeastern Texas mails will be dispatched daily per New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad, instead by the river, as heretofore.

Notice of closing of foreign mails will be given the public per bulletin board at the Postoffice.

C. W. LOWELL, Postmaster.

Marine Intelligence.

OFFICE OF THE REPUBLICAN, Sunday, November 5, 1871.

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

Steamship Bienville, Baker, for New York
Steamship George Cromwell, Clapp, for New York
Steamship Gen Meade, Sampson, for New York
Steamship Margaret, Baker, for Key West and Cedar Keys
British schooner Lily of the Valley, Leitch, for Ruatan Island via Cienfuegos
British schooner Brazos, Wilson, for Tabasco
Schooner Florida, Burns, for Pensacola
Schooner Stingray, Harrison, for Pensacola

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamship Morgan, Lockwood, from Indianola via Galveston to Charles A Whitney &co—1st district 10
British ship Pegasus, Powell, from Antwerp, to Thorndike, Norton &co—3d district 27
Bark R A Allen, Fair, 22 days from Boston, to Geo A Fosdick &co—3d district 19

TOWBOATS.

Chamberlain, Williams, from the Passes—Went down light—Brought up bark R A Allen

STEAMBOATS.

Lizzie Hopkins, Aucoin, from Donaldsonville.
Governor Allen, Libano, from Fort Adams.
Gladiola, Lee, from Shreveport.
St John, Greathouse, Baton Rouge.
Tahlequah, Splane, from Washington.
Peerless, Broad, from St Martinsville.
Frances, Hopkins, from Mobile.

EXPORTS.

PENSACOLA—Schooner Florida—650 sks corn 236 pkgs mdse 10 bags coffee 50 bbls flour

NEW YORK—Steamship Bienville—1627 bales of cotton 34 hhds tobacco 75 hhds bones 20 hhds bone black 135 qr cks wine 100 bales moss 700 hides 500 sks cotton seed 150 bbls pecans 105 bbls molasses 104 pkgs mdse

RUATAN ISLAND VIA CIENFUEGOS—Schooner Lily of the Valley—600 bbls flour 50 tcs lard 20 bbls meal 12 bbls beans 100 bbls potatoes 50 bbls onions 100 sks corn

PENSACOLA—Schooner Stingray—4 tcs bacon 10 bbls potatoes 5 bbls pork 7 bbls flour 6 bbls meal 12 sks bran 100 sks corn 49 pkgs mdse

TABASCO—Schooner Brazos—190 bbls flour 20 bbls potatoes 10 bbls onions 929 pkgs sundries 387 boards

NEW YORK—Steamship George Cromwell—473 bales cotton 100 bags wool 1555 sks cotton seed 127 bbls molasses 16 hhds sugar 72 bbls pecans and oranges 62 bales hides 13 bales wool $169,011 in specie

NEW YORK—Steamship General Meade—735 bales cotton 37 bales moss 50 half bales moss 4 bales rags 55 bags wool 632 bdls hides