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VOLUME V—NO. 210. NEW ORLEANS, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1871. WHOLE NUMBER 1433.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Friday Evening, December 15,
FAREWELL BENEFIT OF MRS. D. P. BOWERS.
A Double Bill, to commence with
AMY ROBSART.
Amy Robsart.....Mrs. D. P. Bowers.
Earl of Leicester.....Mr. J. C. McCollom.

Saturday December 16,
GRAND MATINEE AT 12 NOON.
AMY ROBSART.

Saturday Evening.
LEAH.

Sunday Evening.
1st appearance of Mrs. BOWERS and Mr. McCOLLOM.
AMY ROBSART,
To conclude with
THE JEALOUS WIFE.

Monday Evening, December 18—First appearance of the celebrated ABBOTT PANTOMIME TROUPE for a short season. de15

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.
BEN DeBAR.....Proprietor.

Benefit and last night but one of
THE CHAPMAN SISTERS.
MR. BEN DeBAR WILL APPEAR IN TWO CHARACTERS.

This Friday Evening, December 15,
Will be presented the comedy of
THE BOARDING SCHOOL.
To conclude with the burlesque of
POCAHONTAS.

SATURDAY—Grand Chapman Matinee at 12 M. de15 1t

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.
BEN DeBAR.....Proprietor.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
Sunday Evening, December 17, 1871,
MR. JOHN COLLINS,
In his famous original musical drama of
PAUL CLIFFORD,
As played by him in London and New York with unbounded success for over one hundred nights. Produced with all the original music and effects. To give effect to the scene THE ROBBING OF THE MAIL COACH, REAL HORSES will be introduced on the stage. New music, new songs, new dances, new scenery, new effects. de14 4t

VARIETIES THEATRE.
DIRECTOR.....LAWRENCE BARRETT.
STAGE MANAGER.....JOHN H. SELWYN.
Engagement of the favorite and distinguished Comedian
JOHN E. OWENS,
Who will appear this
Friday, December 15, 1871,
As BOB ACRES, in Sheridan's celebrated comedy of THE RIVALS. Mr. George Clarke, as Captain Absolute. Mr. Dominick Murray, as Sir Lucius. And a powerful cast.
Friday evening and Saturday Matinee—The Rivals. Saturday evening—Married Life and Solon Shingle. Monday evening—London Assurance.
Matinee every Wednesday and Saturday: admission half price. Box office open from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily. Doors open at 7 P. M.; performance commences at 7:30 P. M. Matinee commences at 2 P. M.
BUSINESS MANAGER.....LORRAINE ROGERS.
TREASURER.....FRANK B. CILLEY.
In preparation GRIMALDI. de15

ATLANTIC GARDENS.
C. A. R. FORSTER.....Proprietor.
L. D. BAUER.....Manager.

GRAND OPENING NIGHT.
Nos. 44 1-2 and 46 Baronne street.
Under the management of L. D. Bauer, former proprietor of the National Pavilion, under the National Theatre.

THE FINEST MUSIC FURNISHED BY AI ARTISTS.
Concert Every Night.
no13 1m

WAIT. WAIT FOR THE BIG SHOW.

TIVOLI CIRCLE LOT
OLD JOHN ROBINSON
Is coming to New Orleans, and will exhibit on Tivoli Circle Lot, with his
GREAT MONSTER THREE TENT SHOW, MUSEUM, MENAGERIE, CARAVAN AND CIRCUS,
Commencing Monday Night, December 18.

The Only and Original OLD JOHN ROBINSON, on his grand annual triumphal tour, with
THREE MONSTER PAVILIONS.
One exclusively for the Museum, another expressly for the Menagerie and Caravan, the third devoted to the Equestrian Entertainments. All adjoining and connected together, but
Only One Price of Admission.
And ONE TICKET admits you to the Entire Combination—Menagerie, Museum, Caravan and Circus—Great Three Tent Show.
Admission: Adults, seventy-five cents; Children under ten years of age, fifty cents.

TWENTY-FIVE GOLD AND CRIMSON CAGES, drawn by beautifully matched cream and dappled horses—all the circus retinue. Biggest and best parade ever seen on the public streets.
FOUR MONSTER LIVING SEA LIONS, with their young, Platyrhychus Leonenus, or Sea Elephants, with mane erect, like forest monarchs, requiring five hundred pounds of fresh fish daily for their subsistence—the only ones on exhibition in the world, and can be seen at all hours sporting in an artificial lake of ocean water.

TWO GRAND PERFORMANCES DAILY.
The doors will open for the day or matinee exhibition at 10½ A. M., and the circus performances will commence at 12 M. And for the night exhibitions the doors will open at 6½ P. M. The circus will commence at a quarter to eight o'clock.
Ample time is given at each exhibition for visitors to witness the Mammoth Museum, Caravan and Menagerie before the equestrian exercises commence.

Admission.....75 cents
Children under ten years of age.....50 cents

N. B.—In order to avoid the annoyance and delay in procuring tickets at the ticket wagon, tickets will also be on sale at the following well known and popular places, viz: A. Eyrich, bookseller and stationer, No. 136 Canal street; St. Cyr Foucrade, apothecary and druggist, No. 215 Canal, corner Rampart street; N. Kautz, ladies' and gentlemen's confectionery store, corner Canal and Carondelet streets; E. Del Nodal, cigar stand, corner St. Charles and Canal streets, and at C. C. Haley's book and news store, No. 153 Poydras street. de13

FOR SALE.

SAW MILL FOR SALE.—THE ESTABlishment known as the JACKSON SAW MILL, situated on the levee, in the Third District of this city, between Poland street and the Convent, is offered for sale with all its implements complete, machinery, carts, horses, mules, etc., the proprietors wishing to retire from business. Said mill is in the most perfect running order, is now running, and can be examined in all its parts and details. It has done and is doing a good business. For particulars apply on the premises, to
no22 1m PITALUGUE & PETIT.

WANTED.

WANTED—A WOMAN TO COOK, WASH AND iron for a family of four. Recommendations required. Apply at this office. no28

WANTED—ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND MEN, women and children afflicted with the following diseases: Dyspepsia, diarrhea, bilious and other fevers, general debility, nervousness, low spirits, etc.; to be cured by the celebrated Peychaud's Bitters. Price, $1 a bottle.
ap30 Sn We Fr 1y

WANTED.—A POSITION AS GOVERNESS OR companion to a lady. Would take the entire care of one or two children, and instruct them. She speaks a refined and correct German; also, French and English. Is a good housekeeper. Would not object to go in the country.
MRS. HAVELAND,
no12 No. 209 Camp street.

AGENTS WANTED—FOR THE UNIVERSAL TWINE AND THREAD CUTTER. Saves time, twine, thread, fingers and teeth. Something everybody wants. Samples mailed on receipt of twenty-five cents. Address GEORGE DAVIS,
oc31 3m No. 599 Broadway, New York.

$1,000,000
Can be made in a short time by a few shrewd men who will not reveal the secret of the business under any circumstances.
For full particulars, address
JAMES CLARK,
no9 3m D W 199 Bleecker street, New York.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALL THE FIRST PREMIUMS
AWARDED AT THE
State Fairs of Louisiana and Mississippi
TO
JOHN FRANK,
Importer and Dealer in
LEATHER AND SHOE FINDINGS,
And Manufacturer of
BOOT AND SHOE UPPERS,
No. 142 Poydras street,
FOR
THE BEST LEATHER OF ALL KINDS,
AND THE
BEST MANUFACTURED BOOT AND SHOE UPPERS.
de13 1m

TO BRITISH SUBJECTS.
British claimants who had property taken or destroyed by the United States Army or Navy in the late war, by filing their claims and proofs with the undersigned, can recover the same without delay.
No charge unless claim is recovered.
J. G. BUSTIS,
Notary and Special Agent for British Claimants, No. 21 Commercial Place, New Orleans. de13 1m

MILLER & DIELMAN,
Manufacture five thousand pounds of sugar every day in
Candies and Confectioneries.
The largest candy manufactory in the United States. They manufacture every kind of stick and barber pole candy and drops, and every kind of bon-bons and kisses, lozenges, and hundreds of different candies. Also, agents of Dr. Henley's celebrated wine and cock-tail bitters, and keep constantly on hand all kinds of wines and liquors. Also a large stock of fireworks and fire crackers. Merchandise delivered in the city free of drayage, and for country orders free of drayage to the steamboat landings and depots.
Eight good candy makers are wanted, to whom will be given steady employment. de12 1m eod

DR. F. B. ALBERS,
RESIDENCE NO. 35 ERATO STREET.
Office No. 29 Canal street.
Office hours from 12 M. to 3 P. M., and from 7 to 8 P. M. de10 eod 1y

COAL.....COAL.....COAL.
C. TYLER,
15.....Carondelet Street.....15
Will deliver the best PITTSBURG, ANTHRACITE and CANNEL COAL to steamers, foundries and families at the LOWEST MARKET RATES.
de 6 2m

FINE GUNS.....FINE GUNS.
J. R. COOPER'S
Celebrated Pin and Central Fire Breech-loading
DOUBLE GUNS,
Known throughout the world for their superior quality.
Orders will be taken for the importation of
ONE OR MORE
of the above fine guns by
JOSEPH LENES,
No. 75 Gravier street, up stairs.
N. B.—Gun implements always on hand.
de5 1m

JOHN G. FLEMING,
DEALER IN GAS FIXTURES,
Has now on hand and for sale at his store, No. 144 Poydras street, the largest and finest assortment of goods in his branch of business that can be found west or south of the Allegheny Mountains. Call and see for yourselves. no25 6m

BUILDING PAPER.
This is a hard, compact paper, like an ordinary book cover, and is saturated with tar and used on the outside of frame buildings under the clapboards, also under shingles and floors, to keep out damp and cold. It is also used on the inside, not saturated, instead of Plastering, and makes a warm and cheap wall. It costs only from $3 to $3[illegible] (according to size) to cover houses on the outside. Samples and descriptive circulars sent free.
Address, Rock River Paper Company, Chicago,
Or, E. C. PALMER & CO.
93, 95, 97 Camp street, New Orleans,
General Agents for the Southern States.
mh6

RAMIE PLANTS FOR SALE.
Crescent City Ramie Planting
AND
MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
RAMIE PLANTS, securely packed for shipping for sale by the thousand at reasonable rates. Terms—Cash when ordered.
Books of subscription to the capital stock of this company are now open at the office, No. 122 Carondelet street. WILLIAM HALL, President.
EDWARD TOMATIS, Treasurer. oc13 3m

C. S. HUNT & CO.,
MACHINERY DEPOT.
No. 185 Gravier Street, New Orleans.
Manufacturers' Agents for
E. CARVER COMPANY'S CELEBRATED COTTON GINS AND LINTERS.
FRAKES STEAM PUMPS,
Of all kinds.
Boston Machine Company's Engines; Portable and Stationary Boilers; the Baxter Portable Engines; Schaffer & Budenberg Steam Gauges; Coffin's Steam, Water and Gas Valves, Hydrants and Water Metres; Sturtevant's Pressure and Fan Blowers, Exhaust and Dryer Fans; Berryman's Automatic Boiler Feed Regulator and Low Water Alarm; Drake's, Evart's and Tow's Automatic and Hand Feed Shingle Machines; Clark's Linen Hose, Hose Pipes, Couplings, etc.; New York Tap and Die Company's Screw Plates, Taps, Dies, Reamers, etc.; United States Standard Nut Company's Finished and Unfinished Nuts and Bolts; J. W. Mixter & Co.'s Saw Gummers, Upsets and Mill Picks; Selden's Steam Packing; Plymouth Mills Rivets; the Eagle Vise.
Plantation, Draining, Cotton, Iron, Wood-working and all kinds of Machinery, Belting, Shafting and Pulleys, on hand, or will be furnished at short notice, at Manufacturers' Prices.
ja28 8a Su Tuly

DENTIST—DR. ALLEN, NO. 13 DELAUDE street, near Canal, will attend personally to all those who may require his services or advice. Dr. Allen would inform his patients that the Rubber plate hereafter made will be from a new compound, free from poisonous ingredients and twice as strong as the Vermilion Rubber. Old plates made new at twenty per cent less than the usual price. se25 1y

GAS.....GAS.....GAS.
The best and cheapest gas in the city can be had by applying at No. 53 Camp street, to
W. B. BOWMAN,
Agent Fairbanks' Scale and Cotton Beams.
Fairbanks & Co. are the authorized agents for furnishing all the the customhouses, postoffices, and all public buildings connected with the United States, with scales, which is satisfactory evidence that they are the standard for the United States.
Southern Agency at No. 53 Camp street.
au26 3m W. B. BOWMAN, Agent.

MADAME EMMA, JUST ARRIVED, has located herself at No. 250 Common street, between Rampart and Basin—Will tell the PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE, and guarantees to cure all FEMALE DISEASES. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. no19 1m

MACHINERY.

ARMSTRONG'S
FOUNDRY AND BOILER MANUFACTORY.
Corner of Erato and New Levee streets.
NEW ORLEANS, LA.
W. J. J. ARMSTRONG, Manager.
Manufacturer of Vertical and Horizontal Steam Engines, Sugar Mills, Draining Machines, Saw Mills, Cotton Screws and Gearing, Iron Columns and Fronts of Buildings, Furnace Mouths, Grate Bars, Bone Black, Revivifiers, Gas Retorts, Railroad Frogs, etc.; Low Pressure, Locomotive Flue and Cylinder Boilers of all kins, Filters, Juice Boxes and Clarifiers, etc.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.....REMOVAL.
THE METROPOLITAN LOAN, SAVINGS AND PLEDGE BANK has removed from No. 114 St. Charles street to No. 14 Camp street, under the City Hotel, and is prepared to RECEIVE DEPOSITS, DISCOUNT NOTES and MAKE ADVANCES on approved collaterals, as usual, on the most accommodating terms.
no22 eod 1m T. D. VANHORN, Cashier.

THE CITY HALL.

The sub-committees of the Fifty-one, namely: committees on police, assessments and improvements, visited the several departments to which they had been assigned, yesterday afternoon. Having paid their respects to the Mayor, in a body, the visits to each of the three departments transpired.

The citizens' committee on police interviewed Administrator Lewis, ascertaining from him the system of the department and the theory of its working, making inquiries in regard to the keeping of accounts and in reference to the disbursements.

The citizens' committee on assessments likewise interviewed Administrator Bonzano, requiring from this department a list of employes, the residence of each and salaries, with comparative statements of the expenses of the office for three or four years.

Precisely similar were the questions in the department of the Administrator of Improvements.

The visit was in accordance with a resolution adopted in the Committee of Fifty-one, authorizing the expedition and directing its conduct.

Nothing definite has yet resulted from the executive meeting of the Council to take into consideration the grant by the Legislature of the levee for railway purposes. From what has been heard outside of this meeting, it is ascertained that a majority of the Administrators favor a ratification of the legislative grants, in view of obtaining rapid railroad communication with Texas, and that certain irregularities in the demand of Charles Morgan should be overlooked. The Mayor, however, is opposed to the plan. The City Attorney was directed to make a synopsis of the legislative grants, and it seems the general impression that the Council will, by the next meeting, grant the privileges asked for by Mr. Morgan.

The Department of Improvements is now busy in filling up the caving in the wharves and in patching up the levees so far as down to the old cotton press. There is now an unbroken chain of wharves from the Lower Market to Thalia street by the present arrangement. A plank road is now being laid on Calliope street in front of the Jackson railroad depot.

The Disappearance of A. W. Walker.

It appears to be generally admitted that the supposition of suicide of A. W. Walker is not well founded. It is stated that he has a relative in Cuba who is a wealthy sugar planter, and his destination is held to be in that island. He was seen on Saturday, one day later than the last glimpse of him in this city, on the mail boat going to Mobile, where it is reported he had arrived. Had he committed suicide, his body would have been found.

He was a man who, from his political connections and business transactions, was widely known, and a day would not have elapsed before some traces would have been revealed giving evidence of his death. The suicide is improbable, and by those who knew the fibre of his mind it is deemed impossible.

Few certainties have come to light beyond those already mentioned. He bought a large amount of French gold on Friday from a broker, in whose office he appeared with "an armful of bank notes" to be cashed, and as the letters are dated on this day, it appears he could not have "meant business" when he spoke of suicide. Mr. Walker had not passed a year of his life for the past ten that he was not engaged in litigation, and, compared with his means, he probably had more lawsuits on his shoulders than any other man in the city. Judgments against him were many. He was persistent and tenacious, never yielding except at the decided expense of his adversary, whether the latter was assailant or assailed.

The late reverses which are presumed to have led him into the suicide's grave were only of the same kind and weight which he had often received before. We incline to the opinion that he will soon be found, and that the reasons for the step he has taken will then become apparent. But his suicide is not to be thought of for a moment.

Redemption of Fragments of Notes.

The following circular was recently issued by General F. E. Spinner, United States Treasurer. We are under obligations to Mr. Charles Clinton, United States Assistant Treasurer at New Orleans, for a copy:

On and after the first day of January, 1872, the existing rules governing the redemption of all kinds of paper money, which now is, or may hereafter become redeemable at the treasury of the United States, will be changed so as to read as follows:

First—Fragments of a note, constituting less than one half, will not be redeemed at all, unless on clear and satisfactory proof of the total destruction of the missing part.

Second—An entirety of less than five-eighths of a note, and being clearly half of a note, will be redeemed at half the face value of a whole note.

Third—An entire piece, constituting five-eighths of a note, will be redeemed at its full face value.

The Late Cornelius Fellowes.

The Louisville *Courier-Journal* of Tuesday says:

Mr. Cornelius Fellowes, one of the oldest and most prominent merchants of New Orleans, and well known here in Louisville, died in the former city of pneumonia on the night of the eighth instant. Mr. Fellowes was a native of Kentucky, and was born near Henderson in 1801 or 1802. He went to New Orleans about thirty years ago, and commenced business with his brother, the style of the firm being W. & C. Fellowes & Co. They were successful from the start, and for many years before the breaking out of the war the firm of W. &. C. Fellowes & Co. was by all odds the most solid and prosperous and did the largest business of any in New Orleans. It had a reputation all over the country. During the war Mr. Fellowes sided with the South, and lost all he had. Since the war he has been engaged in settling up his accounts, involving many millions of dollars, and paying off his debts, which he succeeded in accomplishing, it is said, to the last cent, before his death. Mr. Fellowes was universally loved and respected. He was a gentleman of rare social qualities, and always had hosts of friends around him. He was here at the Galt House only a week ago in excellent health, and seemed to be bearing his seventy years of life as if they were no more than forty. The announcement of his death will be received in this city with surprise.

The Temperature.

The thermometer at Louis Frigerio's, No. 50 Chartres street, yesterday stood as follows: At 8 A. M., 50°; at 2 P. M., 57°; at 6 P. M., 55°. Lowest point during the night of December 13, 48°. Rain during the night of December 13, one-sixth of an inch.

A JOURNALISTIC TOURNEY

Speaker Carter Hauled Over the Coals

FIRST BLOOD AND A CLEAN KNOCK DOWN FOR HIS OPPONENT.

The taunts and insinuations of the *National Republican*, edited and controlled by the (at present) Speaker of the House of Representatives, has called forth for our new Lieutenant Governor a champion of his own race, who writes as though thoroughly posted on the subject he handles so deftly. We copy from the New Orleans *Louisianian* of yesterday:

THE FAG END OF JOURNALISM.

Since the elevation of Senator Pinchback to the position of Lieutenant Governor, the *National Fag* that disgraces the name of Republican, has poured forth a torrent of abuse and vilification against the new Lieutenant Governor unwarranted by facts and unjustified by the ethics of decent journalism. In that sheet falsehood has followed misrepresentation, and scarcely has one calumny gone out before another slander has followed it. Silent contempt must cease to be dumb in the midst of such outrageous persecution. No one with manhood beating at his heart can stand forever the rheum of a set of sneaks who, whipped out of the Republican party, have found their only resource to consist in the vilest display of venom compatible with the viper, nor can reason produce silence, though its pure light shows us all that personal vituperation is always the low resort of those who have no other argument at their call, and is a characteristic of a blackguard.

From the time Mr. Pinchback was pronounced Lieutenant Governor until the very hour at which we write, the *Fag* has not ceased to snarl and show its teeth, which, making evident as it does that the *Fag* end of the Republican party have been so soundly beaten that pitching dirt is now their last hold, yet calls for a rebuke from every man interested in the extirpation of all barbarism. The writers and promoters of such emanations live in a glass house. We know their record. If such were not the case, the great zeal in behalf of their present affiliations would lead, of itself, to suspicion. Whatever Mr. Pinchback may have done hastily, he has never sacrificed his principles, his country or his kind. Nor has he sold out his adherents or his friends. True, he had always a contempt for a set of mean white men who, while they curried favor with him to procure political influence, at the same time would hate to walk with him in the street.

He has even now a loathing for a hypocrite that disguises his malice in a fawning cant, and who only shows the devil in his heart when it will no longer serve his purpose to play the saint. Though willing to acknowledge the Providence of God, Mr. Pinchback never carried the politician and the preacher under the same skull. A Republican of the straitest sect now he was one in the past. He has never left his home for a place which his people refused to accord him. He is not disappointed, nor is he suffering from a sad attack of veto. His policy is "reform," and already he has severed, pulled up by the roots the "dead beats" of journalism in this State. He would not continue such an outrageous nuisance in the premises of the government.

Here is the cause of the whole business. These journals, so ruthlessly cut off in the prime of life, were the pap upon which these people of the *Fag* subsisted. As to any and all aspersions on the official conduct of Mr. Pinchback, we cast it in the teeth of those who utter it. The editor of the *Fag* can not prove himself honest by calling every other man a thief, nor is it possible to show he is right by denouncing his opponents as in the wrong. "He who first loses his temper has lost the battle also," and if "gentlemen" are made of such material as showed itself in the columns of the *Fag*, let us all travel in the opposite direction.

If "the Pinchback supporters represent nothing in Louisiana," whom do the Carter men represent? A fugitive from his adopted State, this would-be Governor, according to the Galveston papers, "left his country for his country's good." At home he can not command a corporal's guard, and could not be elected an acting sub-assistant deputy constable. By his own confession, he is "jack of all trades, master of none." In the course of a few years he has successively appeared as a psalm-singing hypocrite, a pettifogger, a false friend, a lobbyist, a politician and a newspaper slang-whanger. In all these capacities the personal character of the man as a truckling lick-spittle has cropped out from the mask of a good purpose, which fits him so badly that, like the jackass who would wear the lion's skin, he can not hide, do what he will, the ass' ears.

Under willful and persistent misrepresentation, distortion of the truth, warping of published statements and direct insinuations, we have remained almost silent. Small as the assailant is, politically and socially, yet even a lion may be fretted to death by a gnat. We have grown tired of of him. Every man in the position of Mr. Pinchback has a manhood which must and shall be vindicated, come what will.

AMUSEMENTS.

St. Charles Theatre.

A bright, clear evening, and there was nothing to prevent the multitudes from wending their way to "Old Drury" last night, where Ben DeBar appeared as *Toodles*, and the Chapman sisters in the burlesque of "Little Giovanni." This evening the Chapman sisters hope to derive something handsome from their farewell benefit, when the comedy of "The Boarding School" and the American burlesque of "Pocahontas" will be presented. Ben De Bar will appear in two characters. To-morrow at twelve o'clock grand Chapman matinee. Next Sunday evening Mr. John Collins will appear in his famous original musical drama of "Paul Clifford."

Varieties Theatre.

A fine audience welcomed the presentation of "The Rivals" last night, with Mr. John E. Owens as *Bob Acres*, Mr. George Clarke as *Captain Absolute*, and Mr. Dominick Murray as *Sir Lucius*. Sheridan's celebrated and generally popular comedy has seldom been presented with a better distribution of characters, nor to the greater satisfaction of an audience. The same play will be presented again this evening, and for the matinee to-morrow at twelve o'clock. To-morrow evening, "Married Life and Solon Shingle."

Academy of Music.

It does seem as though the patrons of the Academy of Music would never tire of "Amy Robsart," for the attendance is undiminished, and the interest in the performance unabated. The scenery is so gorgeous and the wardrobes so beautiful that other charms are added to the excellent impersonations of Mrs. Bowers as *Amy Robsart* and Mr. McCollom as *Earl of Leicester*. This evening, on the occasion of the farewell benefit of Mrs. Bowers, "Amy Robsart" and Coleman's beautiful comedy of the "Jealous Wife" will be presented. An "Amy Robsart" matinee to-morrow at twelve o'clock.

The Opera House.

This evening, for the third time, Rossini's grand opera of "Guillaume Tell," in four acts, will be performed.

Tivoli Circle.

Old John Robinson's three mammoth tents, combining museum, menagerie, caravan and circus, will make things lively around Tivoli circle next week. The first exhibition will be Monday evening, after which there will matinee and evening performances daily. Read the advertisement, and then let the little folks see the great show.

A young lady on her way to be married was run over and killed. An elderly single lady savagely remarked: "She has escaped a more lingering and horrible destiny."

Lieutenant Governor Pinchback.

The Monroe *Intelligencer*, in noticing the election of Senator Pinchback to the position of President of the Sente and the Lieutenant Governorship, says:

Mr. Pinchback has been prominently before the people of this State since the constitutional convention of 1867, of which he was a member, having been elected a member of the State Senate on the adoption of the present constitution, and re-elected last year.

Last winter, prior to the meeting of the Legislature, in a caucus of the colored members of that body, he was selected as their choice for United States Senator, in preference to the late Lieutenant Governor. Mr. Pinchback, as a writer and an orator, has shown decided ability, and unless we are greatly mistaken, the positive elements of his character are such as to give him a decided leadership, where negative characters would not be equal to the occasion. His speech in favor of reform has been followed by an act which shows that he means what he says. We allude to the cancellation of printing contracts throughout the State by him and Governor Warmoth. By this means a number of papers that had no standing, no influence and but few readers, will be swept out of existence.

In making this assertion, we do not include all papers whose contracts are canceled, for such papers as the Homer *Iliad*, *Louisianian*, *State Register*, *Attakapas Register*, *Madison Journal*, and others, will be able to sustain themselves without any aid from the State. It was a well known fact at the press convention last summer that the circulation of five or six papers represented there exceeded the combined circulation of the rest.

We hope that such reforms as are practical will be proceded with.

The Baton Rouge *Journal* says, on "The Victory of Principle:"

The elevation of Senator Pinchback to the high position of Lieutenant Governor of this great commonwealth is a just tribute of respect to his worth as a sound and hard working political leader and a thorough-going and staunch Republican. Not only this, but the election of Mr. Pinchback was indeed a great Republican victory; it was a grand triumph over the corrupt faction—a perfect Waterloo defeat to the combined enemies, and settling the question as to which party the lifelong enemy of Republicanism, Democracy, was allied. It is gratifying beyond expression to have gained this victory, and to know that not one single vote of the enemies of the great reform party was necessary to accomplish the object. It was, in truth, the adhering to principle, and not money and other corrupt modes which were used by the Customhouse clique, that gained us the day. We all know that money was freely used by the Customhouse faction. "Uncle Sam's" cash box was perverted to the use and benefit of bad and soulless conspirators against our State government. The strong box of the Customhouse alone was a fund much larger than could have been produced by our State administration, if the State had wished to have stooped to such base means of action; but no, thank God, it was, as we said before, principle, and principle alone, that won the day.

After contemplating this great achievement of right over corruption, what becomes of the oft repeated tale—concocted by the wicked clique—that the Governor intended to sell out to the Democracy? What becomes of the story that the Governor wished a Democrat to be elected to the position which Mr. Pinchback now occupies, and which position he will undoubtedly fill with honor and credit to the State? His excellency the Governor, it was said, wanted a white man, and that it was the Customhouse alone that desired a colored man. Who was it that put forward the white man? and who was it that put in nomination the colored man? The question is easily answered. It was the genuine Republicans who stuck to principle, and they compose the make up of our State administration. All those wicked slanders circulated by the recreant officials of the general government must now revert with shame to the originators. The venom and malice that actuated them is now brought to light, and we should think that with such a vile record they would now yield, and depart to some clime where they were not known.

Texas Railroads.

The Austin *Journal* of the ninth instant says:

The Hon. G. A. Grow, president of the Great Northern road, called at the *State Journal* office yesterday. This important road is victoriously advancing at a rate never surpassed in the history of Texas railways. Next week passenger and freight trains will run to a point fifty miles above Houston. If a favorable decision is obtained from the State supreme court with regard to their land certificates the work of construction will be pushed on without a halt by the energy and skill of the new direction.

The same paper says of the International railroad:

This road on Monday next will have fifty miles ready for travel and traffic. It crosses the Texas Central at Hearne, traversing the counties of Robertson and Leon. Passenger and freight trains will run daily, Sundays excepted, in connection with the Houston and Texas Central railway, and will connect at Jouitt with Johnson & Mitchell's stage line for Butler, Fairfield, Palestine and points east. The Trinity river will be reached by the first of February next. Through bills of lading will be given for freight to Houston, Galveston and all points on the Houston and Texas Central railway and connections. Property in the towns of Englewood, Marquez and Jouitt is now being sold at low prices, and every facility will be extended to both emigrants and shippers.

The Corsicana *Observer* says:

We are informed that there are over 200 car loads of freight between here and Houston for this place. The agent here tells us that they can not possibly get up with the work in a less time than three weeks. The heaviest shipments ever made at any depot on the road are now being made.

It is said in Paris that President Thiers, notwithstanding his numerous and arduous duties, has found time to complete his history of the reign of Louis XIV., and that the work, which will be issued in six volumes, will appear at an early day.

Immigration to Texas.

Colonel J. H. Lippard, one of the Texas State commissioners of immigration, has gone over to Houston, where he reports that he has recently returned from a trip to Tennessee and West Virginia, and speaks in favorable terms of the prospects of heavy immigration from there during the season. In West Virginia particularly the people were making preparations to come to Texas in large numbers. Colonel Lippard says most of the transportation lines are very liberal in their deductions in favor of immigrants.

New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad.

Messrs. Charles A. Whitney & Co., general agents of this railroad, give notice of a change of rates to-day, the fare between New Orleans and Mobile being seven dollars, instead of the rates heretofore established. Freight will be taken at new tariff rates. See advertisement in the proper column of the REPUBLICAN.

Assessment Nos. 77, 78, 79 and 80—see special notice column; death of C. W. West, Jacob Huhner, Margaret Dinkel, and Rutson Newlove, payable at the office of the Mutual Aid and Benevolent Life Insurance Association of Louisiana, No. 120 Carondelet street; amount paid, $9234.

BY TELEGRAPH.

LATEST NEWS FROM ALL POINTS

FREE SALT AND FREE COAL

ACRIMONIOUS SENATE DEBATE

Trumbull's Amendment Defeated

APPORTIONMENT BILL PASSED

LOUISIANA MEMBERS UNCHANGED

SCHENCK NOT RESIGNED

AKERMAN AND HIS SUCCESSOR

RECOGNITION OF CONSULS

PARLIAMENT WILL NOT CONVENE

A COTTON FIRM SELTLES

A SMALL-POX EXCITEMENT

The Prince of Wales

HOPES OF RECOVERY EXPRESSED

CAPTURE OF EXPRESS ROBBERS

They Make a Desperate Fight

SOUTHERN CLAIMS COMMISSION

AN INTERESTING REPORT

ATTORNEY GENERAL CONFIRMED

CONGRESS.

Free Salt and Free Coal—Acrimonious Debate—Trumbull's Amendment Defeated—Committee of Investigation and Retrenchment—House Apportionment Bill Passed—Louisiana Members Unchanged—House Committee on Commerce—Delegation from Steamboatmen's Convention.

WASHINGTON, December 14.—*Senate.*—Mr. Trumbull gave notice that he would to-morrow move the discharge of the committee of finance from the consideration of free salt and coal, for the purpose of proceeding at once with the bill in the Senate.

The bill authorizing a full day's pay for eight hours' work, retroactive, was referred to the committee on finance.

The argument on Mr. Trumbull's amendment to the resolution organizing a committee of investigation and retrenchment was resumed, and continued with much acrimony to five o'clock, when the amendment was defeated by a vote of thirty-five to to twenty-four.

The following named Republicans voted aye: Alcorn, Fenton, Logan, Patterson, Robertson, Schurz, Sumner, Tipton, Trumbull, West and Wilson.

A resolution organizing the committee, without instructions or power to send for papers and persons, was adopted without division.

Senate then adjourned.

Senate.—Mr. Kellogg moved a reference of that part of the Secretary of the Treasury's report referring to ship building to the committee on commerce, with instructions that the committee inquire into the expediency of paying a premium per ton upon American built iron steamers. Adopted.

Also, that part of the report favoring the establishment of iron ship building yards and docks be referred to the naval committee, with instructions to inquire into the expediency of establishing an iron ship building yard and dock at some point in the Mississippi valley, and report by bill or otherwise. Adopted.

The apportionment bill was resumed in committee of the whole, and an amendment adopted that hereafter no State shall be admitted with a less population than required for a member.

The bill then passed without division.

It provides that the House shall consist of 283 members, with a distribution as follows:

Maine 5, New Hampshire 2, Vermont 2, Massachusetts 11, Rhode Island 2, Connecticut 4, New York 32, New Jersey 7, Pennsylvania 26, Delaware 1, Maryland 6, Virginia 9, North Carolina 8, South Carolina 5, Georgia 9, Alabama 7, Mississippi 6, Louisiana 5, Ohio 20, Kentucky 10, Tennessee 9, Indiana 12, Illinois 19, Missouri 13, Arkansas 4, Michigan 9, Florida 1, Texas 6, Iowa 9, Wisconsin 8, California 4, Minnesota 3, Oregon 1, Kansas 3, West Virginia 3, Nevada 1 and Nebraska 1.

The House then adjourned.

The House committee on commerce today heard a delegation from the convention of steamboatmen now in session here. The committee promises to investigate the matters complained of.

The Senate unanimously confirmed Mr. Williams as Attorney General.

WASHINGTON.

Schenck not Resigned—Akerman Goes out January Tenth—Williams, of Oregon, his Successor—Consuls Recognized by the President—The House Calls for Customhouse Employes' Information.

WASHINGTON, December 14.—Minister Schenck has not resigned.

Attorney General Akerman's resignation takes effect January 10. George H. Williams, of Oregon, has been nominated as his successor.

The Secretary of the Treasury has been called upon for a report of the number of employes, amounts of salaries, amounts paid as rewards and moieties, other fees and contingent expenses at each customhouse during the fiscal year ending in 1871.

The President has recognized Angel Martinez as consul of Mexico at New Orleans; Dennis Donohoe consul of England for Maryland, Tennessee, Virginia, West Virginia, Kentucky and Missouri—residence, Baltimore, Maryland; Albany DeGrevier DeFoublanjue consul for Louisiana, Arkansas and Mississirpi—residence, New Orleans; Edward Buchan vice consul of the German empire, Wilmington, North Carolina; John Jay Philbrick vice consul of the German empire, Key West, Florida; Herman Batjer consul of the German empire, Mobile.

The Southern claims committee have made their report. They throw out the claims of aliens, notwithstanding naturalization since the war. The applicant claiming loyalty must prove it. Voluntary residence in an insurrectionary State during the war is regarded as *prima facie* evidence of disloyalty. The whole number of claims presented are 10,099, aggregating $26,500,000. The commissioners report upon 580 cases, 256 of which were rejected. Claims favorably reported on aggregate $1,656,000, which the commissioners cut down to $344,000.

NEW YORK.

Cotton Firm Settled at Seventy-Five Cents—Small-Pox at Brooklyn—Great Excitement There—New York Banks in Trouble—Cause of Money Stringency.

NEW YORK, December 14.—The cotton firm of W. P. Wright & Co. settled to-day on a basis of seventy-five cents on the dollar. The firm will resume business shortly.

Great excitement prevails in Brooklyn on account of the small-pox, which has broken out in the jail. A corps of physicians have been detailed to vaccinate the citizens.

It is rumored the Bank of Commonwealth is in trouble.

The Bank of North America has been called to account for aiding in the lock-up of money.

The president of the Bank of Commerce declares that institution sound.

Governments firm; sixes of 1881, 117¼; five-twenties of 1862 110; 1864, 110½; 1865, 111½; new issues 113¼; 1867, 115⅝; 1868, 115½; ten-forties 109⅝. Tennessees old 65½, new 65; Virginias old 60½, new 67; Louisiana old 61, new 50; levee sixes 64, eights 75; Alabama eights 100; fives 65; Georgia sixes 78, sevens 82; North Carolinas old 34, new 12; South Carolinas 48, new 30¾.

The chief cause of stringency in the money market to-day was the Broadway Bank calling in all its loans to meet city obligations to-morrow.

At a special meeting of the board of police, held this evening, a resolution was passed rescinding the order directing the superintendent to prevent the parade of the International societies on Sunday, and another resolution was adopted instructing the superintendent to take the necessary measures to prevent a breach of the peace on the occasion of such procession, and to protect the public from disorder and violence.

An amendment offered by the mayor, to the effect that the matter be referred to the president of the board and superintendent of police, under the action of the board taken May 16, 1871, was lost.

This afternoon Jennie C. Claflin appeared before the Jefferson Market Court and complained to Justice Shandley that her father and mother were a source of continual annoyance to her and Mrs. Woodhull. She complained specifically that they went to her residence on Wednesday evening last and created a great disturbance. Justice Shandley issued summons for their appearance to-morrow morning to answer the charge of their daughter.

The *Tribune* has the following special dispatch from Wasington: "An effort will be made this winter to induce Congress to pass a law directing the refunding of the cotton tax collected in the years 1865, 1866 and 1867."