New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN

May be had of the following dealers:

George Ellis, opposite the Postoffice.

A. Simon, No. 94 Exchange Alley.

C. C. Haley, No. 19 Commercial Place.

C. G. D. Holle, No. 61 Exchange Place.

James Ennis, Pontchartrain Railroad Depot, Third District; also, at Depot foot of Lafayette Street, First District.

J. W. Long, corner of Love and Enghien Streets, Third District.

Crescent City News Depot, No. 258 Canal street, corner of Howard.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY G. DE FERIET, at 11 o'clock, at No 222 Burgundy street, office and household furniture and builders' materials—succession of Joseph A. Celles; at the same hour, at No. 64 St. Peter street, furniture, silver ware and jewelry—succession of widow of Barthelemy Olivari.

BY PLACIDE J. SPEAR, at 2 o'clock, on the premises at Milneburg, undivided half interest of Jules Courche, deceased, in Boudro's restaurant.

BY LOUIS STERN & BROS., at 10 o'clock, at No. 16 Chartres street, 800 cases boots, shoes and brogans.

Local Intelligence.

MAKING HASTE TO COMPLAIN.—When Coroner Jackson was inditing his famous dispatch to Dr. Cooper, "commanding" that ever prompt and able physician to make an autopsy of an unfortunate deceased person, the latter had already made the examination. The Coroner should be sure of his facts hereafter, that he may avoid making an exhibition of himself again.

This reminds us that the custom of preferring a physician for the position of Coroner has a meaning which Dr. Jackson does not see. Heretofore, when our Coroners who wrote "M. D." after their names were called upon to view dead bodies, they made their own autopsies. In any event, Dr. Cooper is the proper judge of his own duties and professional engagements, and not Coroner Jackson. The fact that he rendered the professional services in the case mentioned, should be credited solely to his amiability. Dr. Jackson should thank him for it, instead of making a foolish attempt to bully him.

Again the great rush was to Tivoli circle last night. Standing room only, and doors closed, was the announcement which greeted hundreds when they arrived at the famous three-tent show of Old John Robinson. Another grand matinee to-day, and the usual night performance.

CRIMINAL COURT—*Judge Abell.*—Henry Johnson, who pleaded guilty to stealing twenty dollars from Mrs. Wulkinspaw, was sentenced to eighteen months in the Penitentiary.

Margarette Brown, convicted of having stolen goods valued at forty dollars from Mrs. Mary Stamps, No. 196 Thalia street, was sent to the Penitentiary for eighteen months.

James Daily, twice convicted of having on the twenty-ninth of September, assaulted, with intent to commit a rape, Catherine Fitzgerald, four years old, received the full extent of punishment—two years Penitentiary—the court regretting that the law did not allow a longer term, twenty years being not too much for such a heinous crime.

Henry Cunningham, charged with burglary and larceny, being arrested on two charges, the court ordered the next two charges against him to be continued, to give him a fair chance before a new jury.

The case of James Hogan, charged by David C. Johnson with embezzlement of $161, was continued indefinitely.

George Wallace, charged with carrying a concealed weapon, pleaded guilty, and was remanded for sentence.

Charles Burke pleaded guilty to a charge of larceny—stealing from Mrs. Martin, No. 33 Franklin street, a box containing $125 in currency, $100 in gold and silver, and some jewelry valued at $100—and was remanded for sentence.

In the case of Thomas Randolph, alias Thomas Hill, who attempted to palm off a fraudulent check on the Bank of New Orleans, and was arrested by the special officer of the bank, Mr. Thomas Boylan, the District Attorney entered a nolle prosequi. He said that he had no doubt but that Randolph was guilty, but he did not think that he could legally convict him before a jury.

The cases against Joseph Butterfield and Alex. Blackie (the celebrated war of the bill posters), were continued.

In the case of Isaak Anspacher, charged with knowingly receiving stolen goods—a set of Masonic emblems valued at $100, and stolen from Dr. Hurd—a nolle prosequi was entered.

Ten thousand people visited Old John Robinson's mammoth three-tent show yesterday and last night. Everybody and their neighbors seemed to be there, and they were all enthusiastic in praise of the grand exhibition, each one declaring their intention of going again and again. Another grand matinee comes off to-day.

REVIEW OF THE METROPOLITAN POLICE.—Croakers who witnessed the parade and inspection on Canal street yesterday are not so loud in their denunciations as they were. We doubt if a finer looking body of policemen can be found in any city in this country. They are neatly uniformed and well equipped, keeping ranks almost as perfect as regular soldiers. This was the annual review and inspection. Superintendent Badger accompanied the Board of Commissioners in their round on Canal street, and the members expressed themselves well pleased. The superintendent, assisted by his captains, afterward marched the men into Lafayette square for inspection, and with scarce an exception, all proved well drilled and equipped.

FOR YOUR CHARITY.—At this season of the year, when most people are indulging in other things than the pleasures of hope, they should remember, in odd moments that there are unfortunate fellow-beings, those who are bereft of reason and have no means of obtaining a daily sustenance except through the charity of those who are more favored. At the present time some benevolent and large-hearted ladies are, through the instrumentality of a fair in Odd Fellows' Hall, making a laudable effort to raise a small fund to support the charity patients in the Louisiana Retreat Asylum for the insane. Every good inducement has been used to bring citizens to a charitable sense of the question, and they have provided the tables with appropriate goods, such as will be in demand during the holidays.

Parents can purchase toys for their children at reasonable rates. Mrs. Higgins has a splendid surplice at her Press table, to be voted for the favorite Redemptorist father of the Fourth District, and she has a beautiful dinner and tea set of china, worth not less than one hundred dollars, which can be had for a song. Madame Christie will sell you as many votes as you wish. Then step over to the Louisiana Retreat table and buy trinkets for your children, also dropping a vote for the fine vestments, either for Father Allen or Father Hebert. Do not fail to visit the hall to-night, and leave a few dollars for the benefit of the really needy.

"Straws show which way the wind blows" is an old and true saying. And the wind blew over five thousand people into Old John Robinson's big show on Tivoli circle last night. The riding of Stickney, Wilson and Robbins was superb and elegant, and as Robert Stickney finished his great act he was greeted with a perfect hurricane of applause.

SINKING OF AN OYSTER LUGGER.—The Morgan ferry boat Sarah accidentally collided with an oyster lugger in the river, opposite the French Market, about a quarter before seven o'clock yesterday morning, and the lugger was sunk. No lives lost.

FELONIOUS ENTERING.—The store of Mr. B. Schwartz, No. 218 Canal street, was entered by unknown parties, about half-past seven o'clock Monday night, and a bolt of cloth, valued at twenty dollars, stolen. The thief succeeded in making his escape with the goods without detection.

Old John Robinson has brought an exhibition among us that has done one thing pretty effectually, and that is a show to please the little folks. Those dogs, monkeys and ponies of William Conrad—the children are wild and crazy to go and see them. On all sides can be heard: "I have not been to a circus and menagerie for twenty years; but the children want to go, and somebody must go to take care of them, you know." The grand matinees take place every day.

A BLAZE.—About six o'clock yesterday morning a fire broke out in a one-story house corner of Upper Line and Front streets, Jefferson City, which resulted in the total destruction of the building, which was owned and occupied by Mr. Conrad Miller as a grocery and dwelling. The furniture and principal part of the stock of groceries were saved by the firemen and police. The building was insured in the Carrollton Insurance Company for fifteen hundred dollars. The fire is said to have originated from the explosion of a coal oil lamp, the oil for which was purchased from a street peddler, name at present unknown.

A WHISTLE.—Burglars of high and low degree hold the notes of a police whistle as one of their worst enemies. They will run from its sound quicker than they will from a pistol shot. Citizens should provide a whistle and keep it at home, so when in the night time a thief poaches on the premises an alarm can be sounded, provided they are not inclined to use cold lead to some purpose. A lady or servant will not be afraid to blow a whistle, but they might decline to use a fire-arm. There is no danger or expense in our suggestion.

DISEASED CATTLE.—Mr. Craig, who presides over the destinies of the Third District pound, informs us that he has recently noticed the presence of cattle afflicted with glanders and like contagious diseases, in the rear of our city, below Canal street. This he considers nearly as bad as if a person sick with the small-pox should be roaming at large. He is aware of the mischief that may be done by the presence of a single sick beast, and hopes that the authorities will speedily take some action in the matter.

Coroner Jackson having held an inquest on the body of Louis Recciportia, his jury returned a verdict that death was caused by a gun-shot wound, given by an unknown person. It will be remembered that he was wounded by a bullet from the pistol of two Italians who were shooting at each other near the head of the Old Basin. It is not known who they were.

DESERTERS.—John Lynch, John Hall, J. P. Morchead and Charles Hodge were arrested on the levee as deserters from the United States army. Their command is resting in the barracks below our city.

The river is fourteen feet four inches below high water mark of 1862.

AMUSEMENTS.

St. Charles Theatre.

The *Paul Clifford* of Mr. John Collins is one of his best dramatic characters, and he is much admired in it, because of his perfect adaptation to the hero of his impersonation. As a spectacular drama it has essential merit. "Paul Clifford" will be repeated again this evening, and the entertainment will close with the farce of the "Magic Shirt." Friday evening, farewell benefit of Mr. John Collins. On the occasion of the Christmas matinee, Mr. John Collins and Mr. Ben DeBar will appear, and five thousand toys will be given away. Monday evening Miss Lucille Western will commence an engagement at the St. Charles, and will open with "East Lynne," supported by James A. Herne.

Varieties Theatre.

The comedy of "London Assurance," produced at the Varieties Theatre Monday night and last night, will be succeeded this morning at the matinee by "Married Life." Mr. John E. Owens appearing as *Henry Dove*. This evening, "London Assurance" will be presented for the last time. To-morrow evening, and every evening during the week, "Grimaldi." In preparation, Boucicault's dramatization of Charles Dickens' Christmas story, "The Cricket on the Hearth," which will be presented for the first time this season at the special matinee next Monday—Christmas day.

Academy of Music.

The novelty of Abbott's Pantomime Troupe will not wear off for a week or two, and their performances are specially adapted for the holidays. The "Three Hunchbacks," with original cast, elegant wardrobes, brilliant appointments and dazzling scenic effects, is one of the best as well as the latest pantomime novelty on the stage. All through the performance there is life and animation, and even the audience feels gay and happy while witnessing the fancy dance (*Harlequin* and *Columbine*); the Hungarian ballet, the carnival of Venice, the skaters' carnival, the grand ladder dance and the Vienoise polka. This evening the Abbott pantomimists will appear in all their magnificence.

Tivoli Circle.

It must be admitted that he whom the world calls "Old John Robinson" has furnished to our citizens an entertainment, or a series of entertainments, worthy of his illustrious name. The mammoth three-tent show inside of the Tivoli circle enclosure embraces a menagerie, museum, caravan and circus, and everything about the exhibition is of the first class and highest order. The circus-riding, without entering into details, is superior to any that we have seen in New Orleans for many long months. One ticket entitles the holder to admission to all the tents. By going through the entrance at half-past ten in the morning, all that is attractive in the museum, menagerie and caravan may be seen before the circus commences. At half-past six in the evening the same thing may be done.

ON CARONDELET STREET.

The present scarcity of money is attributed to the disposition evinced by merchants to gather means with which to settle their liabilities, that are due, as a general thing, within the first four days of January. It is also urged as a reason why this dearth should continue, that the first of January begins one of the four quarters of the year, which quarters are set upon by mercantile classes as a time when they will settle up. It does not appear that money is at all scarce, except when asked for a "call loan," for it is easily forthcoming when the borrower holds a first mortgage on improved property in his hands, and tenders, with this security, money in advance for interest, that is, four per cent taken out when the loan is made, and eight per cent when the time ends. The times, notwithstanding widespread complaints, are by no means so "dull" as a good many merchants out of business are ready to preach. Cotton sets afloat large amounts of cash that are devoted immediately to settling indebtedness and cashing accounts.

Places of amusement are well attended, and this is the brightest of all the signs that times in the city are not so bad as pretended. "There is a great deal of misery among the poor," it is said. There never was a period in the history of this city that such was not the case. The whole question is not to be determined upon the fact that poor people are miserable, and many men of talent are looking for situations where they may earn only their daily bread. This state of things happens every year. By the arrivals of produce and the exportation, the receipts of cotton, the sales and the orders from abroad, by the measure of importations, unprecedentedly large for our population, by the fact that the tableaux of licenses increase twenty-five per cent every year, and a consequent increase in business houses is proved, by city improvements and building of dwellings, we may conclude that New Orleans is on the onward march, and is doing better than the previous year. We will be met with the assertion that houses on good streets are for rent; that is because landlords asked too much when there was a "rush" after dwellings in October, and are now glad to rent them for half price. But general opinion is "pronounced" in favor of the city "going down." This is what we have attempted to beat down.

The cotton market was rather blue on Monday. Prices, in view of the indifference of buyers, were lowering. Yesterday a pronounced change took place, and prices ascended an eighth. This is owing to news that is kept down for the present, but may be told in its result among buyers.

In stocks there is nothing to report. Not a transaction was heard of yesterday; the movement seems to have been confined within Monday's history. Concerning the Levee directory, no change has been produced in the stock, which will not get up higher than $2 25. The men whose names are announced as directors are good and solid; but, it is said, they may resign—they may not have authorized their election. We must find out about that. Such impressions appear to be general.

The stock known as "fancies" have disappeared. No one has the hardihood now to quote them. It is better such obligations should forever disappear from business.

City and State securities remain unchanged.

The only sale at the Board of Brokers last evening was $7000 gold at 109½. The offerings and bids were as follows:

	Asked.	Bid.
Gold	109½	109¼
State National Bank	101 50	— —
New Orleans National Bank	— —	96 50
New Orleans National Banking Association	98 50	— —
People's Bank	— —	62 50
Merchants' Bank	— —	66 00
Hibernia Bank	1 25 00	1 12 50
Lafayette Bank	— —	44 25
New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Company	— —	5 00
New Orleans City Railroad Company	— —	172 50
Jefferson City Gaslight Company	— —	56 50
Crescent City Slaughter House Company	19 50	— —
Sugar Shed Company	21 50	— —
Louisiana Levee Company (first call)	2 87½	2 25
Louisiana Levee Company (second call)	2 37½	2 25
Louisiana State warrants	70	50
Louisiana State warrants (favor of Judges)	—	15
City certificates of appropriation	17½	15½
City consolidated bonds (old) January coupons	—	76½
City seven per cent funding bonds (new)	62	61½
City ten per cent bonds, 1871	—	94½
City improvement bonds	—	61

THE COURTS.

In the United States Circuit Court was yesterday tried the suit of J. M. Beebe & Co., of Boston, against A. Levi. This suit was one to recover of the defendants $2212, which the plaintiff averred was due on certain promissory notes, and on a balance of account between the parties. The defendant, who was sued as a member of the late commercial firm of Bloom, Kohn & Co., answered that the firm was dissolved in 1862; that he had no personal knowledge of the firm's transactions, the business being conducted by his copartners; that the notes were transferred to Thomas Layton, and held by him long after the same had been prescribed, and finally, the notes were barred by a lapse of five years. The defendant asked for the rejection of the plaintiff's suit. The jury found for the defendant.

The judgment of the United States Circuit Court on the suit of Mygatt against A. W. Walker is final and executory. A default was entered in the suit, and the sum claimed amounted to $1821 70.

The opinion of Judge Cooley, of the Sixth District Court, in the suit of Chapman against Harrison & Son, concluded in favor of the plaintiff, who sued his factor for the proceeds of a sale of cotton. Harrison & Son, when the cotton had been sold, received orders from the plaintiff to transmit the money. With this object they inclosed it in an envelop and sent it by a clerk to be put on board the Belle Lee. On the way to the steamer the clerk was knocked down and robbed. It appeared that counsel on both sides agreed on the peculiarity of the case, and that there was no action similar to this on record to which reference could be made. Judge Cooley then applied only the general rules of law, and inquired, first, who owned the money, the cash being lost "for account of the owner, whoever that was." The judge concluded the ownership rested with the defendants before the envelop had been shipped on the Belle Lee.

"The rule," said the judge, "which is applicable to the transmission of money has been often stated—that the party transmits at his risk unless he follows the special instructions which had been given to him by the party to whom he is to transmit; and in many cases it has been held that in the transmission of money by the mail or the boat in kind, unless specially authorized by the party to whom the money is to be sent, places the money at the risk of the party sending it, showing that in all cases except special ones, the law held the liability to be against the factor, in transmitting the money, until it safely arrived in the hands of the person or corporation which was authorized to receive it by the party to whom the money was to be sent. As long as it is not in the hands of the party chosen for its transmission by the one to whom it is to be sent, the money is considered at the risk of the party sending it."

The court wound up in deciding that the defendants were "still liable for the money." If they had a right to infer that the transmission was to be made by the Belle Lee, "they assumed upon themselves the risk of getting it to that carrier," while the plaintiff only assumed the responsibility of delivering the money after it had been delivered to the carrier.

Judge Cooley dismissed Tim Nolan, alias Fred Nelson, in course of a habeas corpus, on the ground that "the commitment was not in due form of law."

In the Eighth District Court the mandamus of G. T. Long against the Crescent City Gaslight Company, the mandamus of William Hawkesworth against the same corporation, the mandamus of Eugene P. Boyer against A. Dubuclet, State Treasurer, were all refused.

There is scarcely a man, woman or child in this country who has not heard of John Robinson, and all through the South his name is a household word. The simple announcement of it alone is sufficient to bring together a vast crowd of people, such as was seen yesterday and last night at Tivoli circle. Another great matinee to-day, and the usual night exhibition.

The superintendent of police says that five hundred men, women and children go every fine day into the streets of New York city for the purpose of stealing whatever they lay their hands on—the aptitude of many of whom is glossed over with the good dress and good manners of lady and gentlemanhood.

Aleck Stephens wouldn't print the President's message. It was too long. The truth is he meant to print it, and when he got his comments ready, the latter alone filled a space equal to four miles of the Amazon river, quirks included. The two could not be set up, and are left over until next year.

Girls who are properly educated, who are early taught the useful lessons of self-reliance, who have placed before them a high standard of excellence to attain, will never stoop to be dolls for display of the latest fashions—the butterflies of life, gaudy but worthless—but will become sober, earnest women, who are fitted to work out the high mission entrusted to them.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Notice.—Neither the owners, captain nor the undersigned consignees of the Russian bark Maria will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of said vessel. WILLIAMS, RUPERTI & CO. de20 3t

Carondelet Street and Carrollton City Railroad Company, office No. 12 Carondelet street, New Orleans, December 18, 1871.—An election for seven Directors of this company, to serve the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company, on TUESDAY, the second day of January, 1872, from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., the first Monday in January, fixed by the charter, being a day of public rest. de19 td CHARLES W. SQUIRES, Secretary.

Citizens' Executive Committee, No. 27 Carondelet street, New Orleans, December 15, 1871.—Any person able to furnish information that will aid the committee in their investigations is requested to do so in writing, over their signature, addressed to the officers of the committee. de17 3t W. P. RICHARDSON, Secretary.

Hibernia Bank.—New Orleans, December 14, 1871.—The annual election for twelve directors, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at this bank, on MONDAY, January 15, 1872, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. de15 1m JAMES J. TARLETON, Cashier.

St. Charles Loan Office—No. 15 St. Charles street, December 14, 1871.—Notice is hereby given that all pledges due October 31 will be sold at public auction December 21, next, and the following days. ST. L. DESTEZ. de14 17 29

The "Terrebonne Patriot," Published at Houma, Louisiana, is one of the best advertising mediums in Southern Louisiana. de13 1y

Crescent City Gaslight Company.—Notice of Election of Directors.—The stockholders of the Crescent City Gaslight Company are hereby notified that in conformity with the charter of said company and with their by-laws, the annual election for six directors will be held on Tuesday, the second day of January, 1872, at the office of the company, No. 160 Common street, in this city, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.; and that in conformity with the by-laws, the transfer book of stock will be closed from and after Saturday, the sixteenth day of December, 1871, until Wednesday, the third day of January, 1872. ROBERT J. KER, de2 15 25 ja2 Secretary.

New Orleans Merchants should Advertise in the TERREBONNE PATRIOT, Houma, Louisiana; it will pay. de13 1y

The People's Bank, New Orleans, November 28, 1871.—The stockholders of this bank having consented to an amendment to the charter to increase the stock from two hundred thousand to the sum of three hundred thousand dollars, as recommended by the Board of Directors under the eighth article of the charter, they are hereby notified that the subscription list for the additional stock is now open at the banking house, and will remain open for sixty days from this date. The subscriptions to the new stock should be paid in full before the first day of February next.

Extract from Article VIII. of the Charter.]

And within which time stockholders shall have the privilege of taking additional shares, in proportion to the number of shares held by them respectively; and shares not taken at the expiration of said time may be sold by the Board of Directors, at not less than par, for the benefit of the corporation.

By order of the Board.

no29 de6 13 29 R. M. DAVIS, President.

The Louisiana National Bank, New Orleans, December 9, 1871.—The annual election for Directors to serve the ensuing year will be held at the banking house on TUESDAY, January 9, 1872, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. de9 1d A. LURIA, Cashier.

Metropolitan Loan, Savings and Pledge Bank, No. 14 Camp street, under City Hotel, New Orleans, December 8, 1871.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a dividend of FIVE PER CENT was declared out of the net earnings of the institution for the three months terminating November 30, 1871. de9 codlm T. D. VAN HORN, Cashier.

Office New Orleans Credit Foncier Association, New Orleans, November 29, 1871.—At a regular meeting of this association, held at this date, the following gentlemen were elected officers: President, J. A. Fernandez; Secretary, Alfonzo Saulet. de6 1m

Notice.—Stockholders of the Cuba and Louisiana Mining and Paving Company are hereby notified that an election for directors will be held at the office of the company, No. 13 St. Charles street, on Monday, January 1, 1872, from twelve to two o'clock. de5 J. R. HASTINGS, Secretary.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.—This superb hair dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine William A. Batchelor's hair dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown; leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. jy13 1y

POLITICAL NOTICES.

Hall Sixth Ward Republican Mother Club, New Orleans, December 19, 1871.—At a regular meeting of this body, the following resolutions were presented by Mr. Albert McCarthy, and unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, By the election of P. B. S. Pinchback to the Presidency of the Senate and Lieutenant Governorship of the State of Louisiana in the stead of our most lamented deceased, O. J. Dunn, it is clearly shown and evidently demonstrated that the moral and progressive ideas of the true principles of Republicanism are still in a perpetual course of ascendancy in all that concerns the political standing of the African race; and

Whereas, It also shows and demonstrates that the exaltation of P. B. S. Pinchback to these most dignified honors is regarded by every sensible Republican as a just acknowledgment paid to his political merits in the defense of a down-trodden people, and also as an omen of conciliation and victory over the factionists who are trying actually to dismember the Republican party here; and

Whereas, These glorious achievements we owe, undoubtedly, to the moral courage, ability and good will that have always animated his Excellency H. C. Warmoth in the management of public affairs; be it

Resolved, That we, members of the Sixth Ward Republican Mother Club, appreciating the aforesaid considerations, heartily approve and indorse Governor Warmoth's conduct for the extra call that he has made upon that single body of the General Assembly, which has succeeded in carrying the party to such a beneficial result.

Be it further resolved, That as a part of the mighty and sovereign State of Louisiana, we demand of our mandatories at the next Assembly to tender all their legal aid, support and confidence to the executive, in all just and reasonable means that may be conducive to secure reform, progress and liberty in our beloved Louisiana.

Be it further resolved, That two copies of the foregoing resolutions be sent by the secretary of this club, and respectfully submitted, to Hon. H. J. Campbell and Hon. V. E. McCarthy for guidance, and that the same be printed in the New Orleans Republican and semi-weekly Louisianian.

V. E. McCARTHY, Vice President.
A. CAPLA, Secretary. de20 1t

POUND NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF POLICE, New Orleans, December 6, 1871.

WERE BROUGHT TO THE SECOND DISTRICT Pound, corner of Orleans and Claiborne streets—

One Cream Colored HORSE, white star on forehead.

One Black HORSE; no brand visible.

Which, if not claimed within five days, and the expenses thereon paid, will be sold at public auction at said pound, on THURSDAY, December 21, 1871.

JAMES LEWIS, No. 136—de6 10d Administrator.

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO LICENSE-PAYERS.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, City Hall, New Orleans, December 19, 1871.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I AM PREpared to issue to all persons requiring the same, licenses for the year 1872.

JOHN S. WALTON, de20 3t Administrator of Finance.

NOTICE.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, New Orleans, December 16, 1871.

COMPLAINT HAVING BEEN ENTERED AT THIS office by J. R. Gates against James Fulton for abandoning his homestead entry, No. 1179, dated December 23, 1869, upon the lots one and six, section nine, township seven south, range eleven east, in St. Tammany parish, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the twentieth day of January, 1871, at one o'clock P. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

CHAS. BARNARD, Register. de20 4w W. H. HYATT, Receiver.

NOTICE.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, New Orleans, December 18, 1871.

COMPLAINT HAVING BEEN ENTERED AT THIS by Joseph R. Gates against Conrad D. Ludeke for abandoning his homestead entry, No. 389, dated August 19, 1869, upon the lots numbers two, three, four and five, section nine, township number seven south, range number eleven east, in Greensburg district, Louisiana, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the twent eth day of January, 1872, at one o'clock P. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

CHAS. BARNARD, Register. de20 4w W. H. HYATT, Receiver.

PROPOSALS FOR BANK SHELLS.

DEPARTMENT OF IMPROVEMENTS, New Orleans, December 14, 1871.

SEALED PROPOSALS ADDRESSED TO THE UNdersigned will be received at this office until 12 M. FRIDAY, twenty-second instant, for furnishing this Department fifty thousand barrels Bank shells, in accordance with specifications on file in office of the City Surveyor.

The city reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

All parties making proposals for this contract are required to deposit with the Administrator of Finance, as evidence of their intention to abide by the adjudication, the amount of one thousand dollars in cash, which shall be forfeited to the city in case of failure to sign the contract.

Bidders to whom contracts are not awarded shall have their deposits returned to them on the day adjudication is made.

No bid will be entertained unless the certificate of the Administrator of Finance is inclosed therewith to the effect that the required cash deposit has been made.

Shells to be delivered at such point as designated in the specifications.

Proposals to be indorsed "Proposal for Bank Shells."

de15 td JOHN COCKREM, Administrator.

CANCELLATION OF BOND.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Executive Department, New Orleans, November 15, 1871.

WHEREAS, APPLICATION HAS BEEN MADE to me for the cancellation of the official bonds of R. M. Montgomery, as Auctioneer in and for the parishes of Orleans, to wit: Two bonds dated respectively August 21, 1858, and February 1, 1861, signed by R. M. Montgomery as principal, and William Barnes and Henry Fassman as sureties; and two bonds dated respectively February 1, 1865, and March 13, 1866, signed by R. M. Montgomery as principal, and William Barnes and D. L. Shearer as sureties, and a bond dated June 21, 1867, signed by R. M. Montgomery as principal, and William Barnes and J. B. De Grange as sureties; each of the aforesaid bonds in the sum of ten thousand dollars; and each being conditioned for the faithful performance by the said R. M. Montgomery of his duties as Auctioneer aforesaid.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the said bonds to file their objections to the cancellation thereof, in writing, in the office of the Secretary of State, within ninety days after the last publication hereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State this fifteenth day of November A. D. 1871, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-sixth.

By the Governor: H. C. WARMOTH.
J. W. FAIRFAX, Assistant Secretary of State.
no17 30t

CANCELLATION OF BOND.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Executive Department, New Orleans, December 4, 1871.

WHEREAS, APPLICATION HAS BEEN MADE TO me for the cancellation of the official bond of E. B. Wentz, as Sheriff in and for the parish of St. James, to wit: A bond dated October 27, 1868, in the sum of six thousand dollars, signed by E. B. Wentz as principal, and J. R. West and Mortimer Carr as sureties, the said bond being conditioned for the faithful performance by the said E. B. Wentz of his duties as Sheriff aforesaid.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the said bond to file their objections to the cancellation thereof in writing, in the office of the Secretary of State, within ninety days after the last publication hereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State, this fourth day of December, A. D. 1871, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-sixth.

By the Governor: H. C. WARMOTH.
J. W. FAIRFAX, Assistant Secretary of State. de14 30t

CANCELLATION OF BOND.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Executive Department, New Orleans, December 12, 1871.

WHEREAS, APPLICATION HAS BEEN MADE TO me for the cancellation of the official bond of S. D. Moody as Controller of Jefferson City, to wit: A bond dated December 29, 1869, in the sum of five thousand dollars, signed by S. D. Moody as principal and W. Van Norden and Edward Thompson as sureties; the said bond being conditioned for the faithful performance by the said S. D. Moody of his duties as Controller aforesaid.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the said bond to file their objections to the cancellation thereof, in writing, in the office of the Secretary of State within ninety days after the last publication hereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State this thirteenth day of December A. D. 1871, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-sixth.

H. C. WARMOTH.

By the Governor:
J. W. FAIRFAX, Assistant Secretary of State. de15 30t

CANCELLATION OF BOND.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Executive Department, New Orleans, December 9, 1871.

WHEREAS, APPLICATION HAS BEEN MADE to me for the cancellation of the official bond of E. Verrett as Sheriff in and for the parish of Iberville, to wit: A bond dated June, 1868, in the sum of six thousand dollars, signed by E. Verrett as principal, and Antoine Dubuclet and John Billings as sureties, the said bond being conditioned for the faithful performance by the said E. Verrett of his duties as Sheriff aforesaid.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the said bond to file their objections to the cancellation thereof in writing in the office of the Secretary of State, within ninety days after the last publication hereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State this ninth day of December, A. D., 1871, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-sixth.

By the Governor: H. C. WARMOTH.
J. W. FAIRFAX, Assistant Secretary of State. de9 30t

NOTICE.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, New Orleans, November 28, 1871.

COMPLAINT HAVING BEEN ENTERED AT THIS office by Joseph Estrat against Thomas Pinkney and Alexander Johnson for abandoning their homestead entries, numbers six hundred and sixty and five hundred and forty-six, dated March 19 and February 1, 1869, upon the east half of northeast quarter section nineteen, and west half of northwest quarter section twenty, township number eight south, range number thirteen east, in St. Tammany parish, Louisiana, with a view to the cancellation of said entries, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the twenty-ninth day of December, 1871, at one o'clock P. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

CHARLES BARNARD, Register. no29 4w W. H. HYATT, Receiver.

NOTICE.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE, Washington, D. C., November 20, 1871.

ON THE PETITION OF BENJAMIN DAVID GULlett, of Amite, Louisiana, praying for the extension of a patent granted to him on the twenty-third day of February, 1858, for an improvement in cotton gins, it is ordered that the testimony in the case be closed on the twenty-third day of January next, that the time for filing arguments and the examiner's report be limited to the second day of February next, and that said petition be heard on the seventh day of February next.

Any person may oppose this extension.

no26 law 3t M. D. LEGGETT, Commissioner.

LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA.

IN THE MATTER OF JAMES A. McHATTON, bankrupt.

In Bankruptcy—No. 1109.

WHEREAS, JAMES A. McHATTON, OF NEW Orleans, and district aforesaid, duly declared bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, has this day filed in said court a petition praying for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act.

Notice is therefore given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and to all other persons interest, that the sixteenth day of January, 1872, at 11 A. M., is assigned for the hearing of the same, and that they may then and there attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted; and further notice is given that the bankrupt will undergo an examination before Register L. Eaton, on the sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at 11 A. M., at his office, St. Louis, Missouri.

Clerk's Office, New Orleans, December 14, 1871. de14 4t K. LOEW, Deputy Clerk.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

MIDCALF VS. MARTINSON—IN CHANCERY.

RALPH TAYLOR, FORMERLY OF BARLINGton, in the county of Durham, in England, and who, when last heard of, was living in St. Croix, Wisconsin, in the United States of America, and, as is believed, was drowned in 1860 by falling overboard a vessel on the Mississippi river, not far from New Orleans, would, if living, be entitled to a share of certain real estate, under the will of his maternal uncle, THOMAS LEAMEN, of Piccadilly, London, gentleman, who died in 1846. The trustees of the will of the said Thomas Leaman have received information that the said Ralph Taylor was married and left a widow and an only child, who, in case the said Ralph Taylor died intestate, would be entitled to the said share. The real estate of the said Thomas Leaman is being administered in the Court of Chancery in England, in a suit of Midcalf vs. Martinson, and the court has directed an inquiry as to who the persons are who are beneficially interested in the real estate of said Thomas Leaman, deceased.

If the said Ralph Taylor be living, he is requested to communicate forthwith to Messrs. Freer, Cholmeley, Forster & Co., of No. 28 Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, England, solicitors for the trustees, or to Messrs. D. E. and H. M. Duffield, of Detroit, Michigan, solicitors; or if he should be dead, leaving a widow and children, they are requested to send to Messrs. Freer & Co., or Messrs. Duffield, satisfactory proof of the marriage of the said Ralph Taylor, and of his death, and what, if any, children he had, and if any, whether and which of such children, if any, have died; with a view to satisfy the court who are the person or persons beneficially interested in the share of said Ralph Taylor in his said uncle's real estate.

December 12, 1871. de17 3t

NOTICE.

MRS. ZULIME M. CHRETIEN VS. EUGENE H. Angamar, her husband. Fifth District Court for the parish of Orleans. No. 2602.

JUDGMENT.—IN THIS CASE, SUBMITTED TO the court for adjudication upon the evidence on file, the court considering the law and evidence to be in favor of plaintiff, it is ordered, adjudged and decreed that there be judgment in favor of plaintiff, Mrs. Zulime M. Chretien, and against defendant, Eugene H. Angamar, her husband, decreeing a separation of property, and dissolving forever the community of acquests and gains heretofore existing between said parties, that the said plaintiff have the free and exclusive administration and control of her property, and that she recover of the said defendant the sum of twenty-eight thousand seven hundred and seven dollars and sixty-three and a half cents, with legal interest thereon, from judicial demand to wit: May 24, 1871, until paid, and costs of suit, with privilege on the movable property and mortgage on the immovable property of her said husband.

Signed June 2, 1871.

de5 20 ia4 CHARLES LEAUMONT, Judge.

MONITION.

STATE OF LOUISIANA.

FOURTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS.

THE STATE OF LOUISIANA—TO ALL WHOM these presents shall come, greeting: Whereas, Blanc Francis Joubert, domiciliated in the city of New Orleans, having purchased at a sale made by the Sheriff of the parish of Orleans, the property herein described, has applied to this court, in which office the deed of sale was recorded on the twenty-second day of November, 1871, for a monition or advertisement in conformity to an act of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana of 1870, being act No. 96, from sections 2370 to 2380, inclusive—

Now, therefore, know ye, and all persons interested herein are hereby cited and admonished, in the name of the State of Louisiana and of the Fourth District Court for the parish of Orleans, who can set up any right, title or claim in and to the property hereinafter described, in consequence of any informality in the order, decree or judgment of the court under which the sale was made, or any irregularity or illegality in the appraisements and advertisements, in time or manner of sale, or for any other defect whatsoever, to show cause, within thirty days from the day this monition is first inserted in the public papers, why the sale so made should not be confirmed and homologated.

The said property was sold by the sheriff of the parish aforesaid, on the eleventh day of November, 1871, by virtue of a decree of this court rendered on the tenth day of March 1871, in the suit entitled F. A. D'Aquin vs. John B. Robertson, No.