

New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

THIS DAILY REPUBLICAN

May be had of the following dealers: George Ellis, opposite the Postoffice. A. Simon, No. 91 Exchange Alley. C. G. Haley, No. 19 Commercial Place. C. G. D. Hollis, No. 61 Exchange Place. James Egan, Poydras Street. Railroad Depot, Third District; also, at Depot foot of Lafayette Street, First District. J. W. Long, corner of Love and English Streets, Third District. Crescent City News Depot, No. 258 Canal street, corner of Howard.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

AT 9 O'CLOCK, A. J. MONTGOMERY, at half past ten o'clock, under Masonic Hall, diamonds, gold and silver watches, chains, bracelets, purses, rings and gold and silver ware. AT 10 O'CLOCK, R. SPEAR, at 12 o'clock, at the St. Charles Auction, Exchange, four lots of ground on Gentilly road, one half interest in four lots of ground on St. James and Victor streets, two lots of ground on Gayez street, two lots of ground on St. Ferdinand street, two lots of ground on same street, four lots of ground in Mandeville, St. Tammany parish—succession of Sampson Blossman, lot of ground corner of Elmira and Love streets—succession of Gustave Aguilar, two lots of ground and buildings on Bayou road—succession of M. M. St. Amant, wife of P. E. Corcoran. AT 11 O'CLOCK, S. L. VAILLANT, at 11 o'clock, at warehouse No. 1, Customhouse, building, masonry, iron, wrapping paper, asphaltum, pamphlets, leaf tobacco, cocoanuts. At 12 o'clock, at warehouse No. 11, class four, seven locomotives, railroad switches and green locomotive collector's sale of warehouse and unclaimed goods. AT 1 O'CLOCK, E. GIBRARDY & CO., at 12 o'clock, at Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, fifty-five barrels and open accounts due forty-five barrels estate—assignee's sale in bankruptcy. AT 1 O'CLOCK, S. L. VAILLANT, at 12 o'clock, at 16 Chartres street, 500 cases boots, shoes and brogans.

Local Intelligence.

POSTPONED.—Yesterday was fixed for the examination of Bernard Duffy, Mr. Farmer and Mrs. McGlin, in the First District Recorder's Court; but as the Grand Jury has undertaken to investigate the subject, no action was taken by the Recorder.

Academy—Mrs. Chanfrau—Christie Johnson.

HANGING.—Louis Henri Henriquez, a laboring man, unable to longer bear the slings and arrows of outrageous fortune, quietly put a rope around his neck to squeeze the breath of life out of his poor body. Before he had ceased to gaze on this world's charms his peculiar position in the world was discovered, and he was taken down a peg. Recorder Houghton lectured him on the crime of self-murder, and threatened him with some very terrible punishment.

Academy—Mrs. Chanfrau—Thursday—Dora.

A FITTING.—A man who carries brass knuckles may safely be set down as a thing, this weapon being peculiarly constructed for aggression. Being caught drunk, the vile thing was found concealed on his person. Recorder Houghton sent him down for trial.

Academy—Mrs. Chanfrau—Christie Johnson.

A BERGLAR.—Detective Officer Pecora noticed a man entering the dwelling corner Girod and Carondelet streets. Keeping an eye on the building, the officer knew when he entered, and did not wait long for he was called. The man when arrested gave his name as C. D. Ewing, but he was recognized as an old 'un. D. Foot. Two skeleton keys were found on him.

Academy—Mrs. Chanfrau—Thursday—Dora.

Having exhausted the slang dictionary, with the billings-gate, which they exhibit a familiarity that proves their character and associations, the writers for the National Republican now hurl such missiles as "anaphoric," "hortatory," and "foronomania" at Governor Warmoth. Poor devil! their political and journalistic use, in Louisiana at least, like their language, will soon be obsolete.

Academy—Mrs. Chanfrau—Christie Johnson.

THE SENATE YESTERDAY.

Eighth Day's Session. SENATE CHAMBER, Monday, January 9, 1872. The Senate met at 12 M., pursuant to adjournment. Present—Hon. P. S. Pinchback, Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate, and Messrs. Banks, Kelso, Lynch, Noland, Ragan, Swords, Twitchell, Whitney, 14. The President announced that there was no quorum present. Mr. Hunsaker moved that the Senate adjourn until tomorrow at 12 M. Adopted. The President then announced that the Senate stood adjourned until Wednesday, the tenth instant, at 12 M.

Metropolitan Record.

The signal service, United States army, reports, for the benefit of commerce, the meteorological record, at 6:43 A. M., yesterday, as follows:

Table with 4 columns: Place, Time, Wind, Weather. Rows include New Orleans, St. Louis, New York, etc.

Academy—Mrs. Chanfrau—Christie Johnson.

Stimmy thinks he would learn much more at school if he did not have to attend to his own book all the time. "Because," he says, "if I study my own book all the time, I shall only learn what there is in it, but if I hadn't any book to study, I should know all that the whole school are reciting."

Academy—Mrs. Chanfrau—Thursday—Dora.

THE LEGISLATURE.

The efforts of the Customhouse faction and the old rebel Democracy are still combined, and working to prevent a quorum in the Senate. That body met yesterday in the State House at twelve o'clock, and was called to order by Lieutenant Governor Pinchback, and there being no quorum present, the Senate was declared adjourned until to-day at twelve o'clock. The delay in the organization of the Senate prevents progress in the work of reform that has been earnestly recommended by Governor Warmoth in his annual message, and in fact, all reforms that are contemplated by our people through the aid of legislation. The House has been organized since last Friday, and is prevented from entering upon the work of legislation in consequence of the inability of the Senate up to this time to obtain a quorum. Let the blame, then, rest where it belongs—upon the Democratic party, the renegade Republicans known as the Customhouse clique and the Senators who, for a political purpose, have deserted their seats in the Senate, and are thus obstructing the work of legislation and reform.

The House was punctually called to order at ten o'clock by Speaker Brewster, and there being no quorum present, on motion, a recess was taken for an hour. At eleven o'clock the House was again called to order by Speaker Brewster, who instructed the Clerk to call the roll. He announced fifty-one members present, and no quorum. Shortly after this Messrs. Gartsch and Hempstead took their seats, and the Clerk announced fifty-three members present. After prayer the minutes of the previous day were adopted without reading. Mr. Stanton called for the reading of a bill relative to the erection of a jail and courthouse for the parish of Red River. After some discussion upon the subject, it was decided the bill could not be taken up and acted upon until the Senate had effected an organization.

Mr. Brown offered a resolution, which was adopted, indorsing the prompt and prudent action of Governor Warmoth in using the authority conferred upon him by the constitution and laws for the suppression of tumult and violence in the city of New Orleans, imminent at one time in consequence of the incendiary speeches of the Carter factionists. The resolution also indorses the action of President Grant in ordering, through the Secretary of War, the United States military authorities in this State to support the State executive in maintaining peace and quiet in this city, and in protecting with the strong arm of the government the lives of members of the General Assembly, and the State Capitol from the assaults of an infuriated mob, whose only desire is the suppression of the legally constituted authority of the State.

Dr. Worrall introduced a resolution asserting it to be the opinion of the House "that there is no occasion to justify any member entitled to a seat absenting himself from the floor of the House of Representatives, and that absenting members are urgently requested to return and engage in the discharge of their sworn duty as representatives of the people." He advocated the passage of his resolution at some length. He said that while a few might propose revolutionary measures, he did not believe the majority of those absent from the House and congregated in another place for legislative purposes meant anything of the kind. If their motive is reform, he wished to distinctly state that the leading members of the lawful House of Representatives are emphatically for retrenchment and reform; and for this reason, if the absent members were in earnest about reform, they should return at once and help pass such measures of reform as the Governor advocates and are demanded by the people. In conclusion, Dr. Worrall said: "If, however, the destruction of the government was the purpose of their departure, this was not the time, neither the place, to engage in such a work. The members of the House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana were not sent for that purpose. This should, in his opinion, be left to the people at the next election." The resolution passed.

Mr. Floyd introduced a resolution to prevent any but the official paper being paid for printing the House Journals for 1872. The resolution passed unanimously. Mr. Davidson desired to say to the House in answer to an attack made upon him by the trickster Carter, in the Customhouse organ, that he never claimed to be the "old war-horse of the Democracy;" that he never was a wheel horse or lead horse for any party. He is an humble follower of the Democratic party, and will never desert that party, as the apostate Carter has done. When Know-Nothingism was riding rough-shod over the people, Mr. Davidson said, he went against it, and stood up for the rights of all men. He did not pretend to be a Democrat, and at the same time favor the Ku-Klux law. Nor did he have to answer for the sin of voting to make Carter Speaker. He was too smart for that. Nor did he vote for the resolution indorsing Speaker Carter a few days since, and he was perfectly willing the people should weigh the actions of both him and Carter and judge them accordingly. Mr. Davidson said he did not pretend to be a representative man, but he had always had influence enough with his constituents to be elected their representative without resorting to any trickery, and he seemed to think it would be a disgrace for him to be elected by the "gentle reader" may better understand Mr. Thompson's grievances by referring to the following extracts from the extra Republican of Monday evening:

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Perhaps the "gentle reader" may better understand Mr. Thompson's grievances by referring to the following extracts from the extra Republican of Monday evening: Mr. James M. Thompson, one of the leaders of the Gen. Saloon House of Representatives, is considered a reformer when it is recollected that he had reported as a renegade, and was expelled from the House, before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

same subject. He believed the present State government had done much good, and the people would sustain it. He was in favor of the motion to remain in perpetual session until the House determined otherwise. Mr. Faulkner said it was humiliating that the members of the bona fide Legislature should be subject to arrest by pretended members of a fraudulent Legislature; but, nevertheless, such was the fact, and he believed the circumstances which surrounded them are unparalleled, and but few persons understand them. By attempting to arrest members of this House, the Carter faction hope to bring on a conflict, and throw the responsibility of that conflict on the lawful Legislature.

The motion to remain in perpetual session until otherwise ordered by the House was then put, and unanimously carried. By a vote of the House, Mr. Deslonde was seated in place of H. L. Lynch. The House then took a recess until five o'clock P. M.

ON CARONDELET STREET.

During the past few days business in all kinds of obligations has been suspended, and no holders are anxious to risk sales in view of the prevalent uncertainty. The damage this inflicts on trade is widely commented upon, and among business men there is a strong hope that order will soon appear out of the chaos of the past few days. It is the universal hope that a precipitate will be thrown down from the muddy residuum, and that things will resume their natural and legitimate line. The street is hourly filled with rumors, in the midst of which no one wants to buy or sell.

Resolved, that we feel the most heartfelt sorrow on account of the death of Hon. Walter R. Whyland, and view him as a martyr to the cause of law and order, and a victim to the revengeful spirit which emanates from a revolutionary disposition. Resolved, that we respect to the memory of the deceased we will attend his funeral in a body from this place at two o'clock to-morrow.

Resolved, that we point the citizens of those corporations which depend for their vitality upon an accidental instead of a regular formation of the legislative body, are at such a low ebb that they may be put down in the books as worth nothing, or else are not offered for sale at all. Every conversation held runs into political topics. Slang-terse stocks have not been quoted since the auction sale of Saturday, the thirty-first, those who are anxious to sell preferring to wait for a better opportunity. It holds its own, however, despite detraction. But, as there are no buyers, it must, during this state of things, deprecate. State warrants have been affected of late by political troubles, though not seriously. The general opinion is that, in any event, these will reward investment with a fair profit. The "vouchers" which occasionally appear are not touched by anybody. To the soft persuasion of holders the cold shoulder is turned. Though money is a great deal easier, the political clouds have cast their shadow over all State securities and bonds offered for collateral, which are closely scanned.

The cotton demand on Monday was spirited. Dispatches told of 30,000 bales that were sold in Liverpool, and of a consequent advance there of an eighth. It communicated an impulse to the market here which showed the great sympathy of all our trade connections with Europe, and, also, produced an undetermined advance, that is, an advance varying with the sales made by different factors. Tuesday cotton factors were not so ready to offer samples, and the spirit of Monday was damped down by the lack of food upon which to satisfy itself. The more fact that Monday's sales reached the almost unprecedented figure of 12,500 bales is a sufficient mark of the impulse.

Yesterday factors held on to prices, and asked what buyers were unwilling to give. So has been throughout. Come a day when a rush is made for cotton, then a day when factors hold for higher prices, then another when they are obliged to unload at a decrease, the course beginning with a rush again.

Mr. Thompson on the Rampage. At the Lafayette square meeting of the communists, Monday night, the Times reports: Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

ASSASSINATION OF REPRESENTATIVE WHEYLAND.

Meeting of Members of the General Assembly and Citizens. After the assassination of Hon. Walter R. Whyland last evening, a joint meeting of the Senate and House of Representatives was held in the hall of the House of Representatives, composed of citizens and members of the Legislature. The object of the meeting was to express sorrow caused by his untimely end.

Senator Jenks was called to the chair, and addressed the meeting as follows: Members of the General Assembly—We have met tonight to consider and adopt resolutions expressing our profound sorrow and utter condemnation of the atrocious deed which has ended the life of a member of the House of Representatives, Walter R. Whyland, who died suddenly as a shock beyond the power of expressing any suitable condemnation of the horrid act. After Senator Jenks had concluded his remarks, Dr. Worrall, of the House of Representatives, arose and made a powerful and feeling speech in support of the following resolutions, which he had prepared for the occasion:

Resolved, that we feel the most heartfelt sorrow on account of the death of Hon. Walter R. Whyland, and view him as a martyr to the cause of law and order, and a victim to the revengeful spirit which emanates from a revolutionary disposition. Resolved, that we respect to the memory of the deceased we will attend his funeral in a body from this place at two o'clock to-morrow.

Resolved, that we point the citizens of those corporations which depend for their vitality upon an accidental instead of a regular formation of the legislative body, are at such a low ebb that they may be put down in the books as worth nothing, or else are not offered for sale at all. Every conversation held runs into political topics. Slang-terse stocks have not been quoted since the auction sale of Saturday, the thirty-first, those who are anxious to sell preferring to wait for a better opportunity. It holds its own, however, despite detraction. But, as there are no buyers, it must, during this state of things, deprecate. State warrants have been affected of late by political troubles, though not seriously. The general opinion is that, in any event, these will reward investment with a fair profit. The "vouchers" which occasionally appear are not touched by anybody. To the soft persuasion of holders the cold shoulder is turned. Though money is a great deal easier, the political clouds have cast their shadow over all State securities and bonds offered for collateral, which are closely scanned.

The cotton demand on Monday was spirited. Dispatches told of 30,000 bales that were sold in Liverpool, and of a consequent advance there of an eighth. It communicated an impulse to the market here which showed the great sympathy of all our trade connections with Europe, and, also, produced an undetermined advance, that is, an advance varying with the sales made by different factors. Tuesday cotton factors were not so ready to offer samples, and the spirit of Monday was damped down by the lack of food upon which to satisfy itself. The more fact that Monday's sales reached the almost unprecedented figure of 12,500 bales is a sufficient mark of the impulse.

Yesterday factors held on to prices, and asked what buyers were unwilling to give. So has been throughout. Come a day when a rush is made for cotton, then a day when factors hold for higher prices, then another when they are obliged to unload at a decrease, the course beginning with a rush again.

Mr. Thompson on the Rampage. At the Lafayette square meeting of the communists, Monday night, the Times reports: Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and, "as we are the legal legislative body, and wish you to sustain us, it is for that we are opposed to you." "Don't think," he said, "that the people of this State are to be guarded by the police and military." He said the people ought to arise in their might and withdraw the power from the Governor. Before noon, said he, I intended him for the misdemeanors of which he has been guilty, and although he sits entrenched on Dryades street, pulled up with his illegitimate gains, and surrounded by an armed force, he will come when he will be hurled from the position which he now occupies. It is for you to say whether you will quietly submit, or whether you will stand up for your rights.

Mr. Thompson, member of the House from St. Tammany parish, some time forward and spoke at some length concerning the questions of the day. He said that there was a fight between the Governor and the people, and,