New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN

May be had of the following dealers:

George Ellis, opposite the Postoffice.

A. Simon, No. 94 Exchange Alley.

C. C. Haley, No. 19 Commercial Place.

C. G. D. Holle, No. 61 Exchange Place.

James Ennis, Pontchartrain Railroad Depot, Third District; also, at Depot foot of Lafayette Street, First District.

J. W. Long, corner of Love and Enghien Streets, Third District.

Crescent City News Depot, No. 258 Canal street, corner of Howard.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY R. M. & B. J. MONTGOMERY, at 11 A. M., at Old Auction Mart, No. 87 Camp street, a general assortment of new and second-hand furniture.

BY G. DE FERIET, at 12 o'clock, at rotunda St. Louis Hotel, lots of ground and twelve three-story brick stores and residences, Nos. 174, 176, 178, 180 and 182 Royal street, Nos. 40, 42, 44 and 48 St. Ann street, and Nos. 16, 18, 20, 22 and 24 St. Anthony alley; also, Obituary Chapel, corner of Rampart and Conti streets—by order of wardens of Church of St. Louis.

BY S. C. VEDDER, quartermaster, United States army, at 10 o'clock, at Jackson barracks, clothing and camp equipage, subsistence stores, etc.

Local Intelligence.

THE ST. LOUIS STREET MURDER.—The inquest in the case of the killing of the little girl Azalia Bonnet was concluded yesterday, no farther evidence having been elicited which would tend to the identification of the murderer. The police have a description of the man who was seen by Mrs. John to pass her door immediately after the shot was fired, and who was seen to put a pistol in his pocket. It is said that the description tallies with that of a Sicilian who had a quarrel with Demarchi a short time since.

HENRY PETRIE AGAIN.—This notorious individual is in limbo again—this time being charged with the burglaries committed up town a few nights since. He was taken to Dr. Choppin's, and was identified by the doctor and his wife as the burglar with whom the doctor had the tussle. He was arrested by Detective Ward.

BITTEN BY A HORSE.—About noon yesterday the son of Mr. John Mouney, residing on Magazine street, between Berlin and Marengo streets, was severely bitten in the face and hands by his father's horse. The boy is about fourteen years of age. His wounds were dressed by Dr. Milner.

SUSPICIOUS.—Charles Wilson and William McKay, having won the unenviable distinction of being suspected by the police, were taken in yesterday morning as improper persons to be at large. McKay gloried in the possession of a slung shot.

George Wallace, down town, and Edwin Laden, up town, suffer also under the imputation of being dangerous and suspicious characters.

INQUESTS. — Coroner Creagh yesterday held an inquest on the body of Thomas Edwards, a colored man, aged forty years, who died suddenly at No. 280 Lafayette street yesterday morning, of heart disease.

Also, on the body of David Johnson, the colored boy who fell from a cotton float on Monday evening.

BRUTAL SPORT.—Charles Sinnott, after lighting a cigar in a coffee-house at the corner of Bienville and Treme streets, amused himself by setting fire to the dress of a woman in the house, burning her severely. Two blue-coats went after him, and he pitched into them, but his resistance was unavailing, and he was locked up at Treme station, only to emerge thence to be sent to the Parish Prison by Recorder McArthur.

SURRENDERED HIMSELF.—William Lazado, who is charged with complicity in the Burgundy street oyster saloon murder on the tenth instant, surrendered himself to Colonel Badger, at three o'clock yesterday.

SHOT HIMSELF.—About half-past five o'clock yesterday evening a man named William McLaughlin accidentally shot himself in the left hand, inflicting a severe wound. He was carelessly handling a pistol in Andy Parle's saloon, on St. Charles street, when the accident occurred. The wounded man was sent to the Charity Hospital.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—A German named Theodore Spahn, aged forty-one years, was brought to the third precinct station, last evening, for safe-keeping, he having attempted to commit suicide by jumping into the river from the wharf of the Second District ferry, at the head of St. Ann street. He was rescued by some of the employes of the ferryboat Lucretia, and sent in charge of an officer to the station. On being examined there, it was ascertained that sickness and destitution drove him to this rash attempt to settle all his earthly troubles. He was sent to the Charity Hospital.

EVERY TIME THE SAME WAY.—And now comes once more the notorious Lizzie Owens, accompanied by her lieutenant, Mollie Davis, and takes lodging at the first precinct station on the charge of stealing the nice little sum of $800.

Hugh McCloskey, Rose Lightning, Phœbe Williams and Cora Lee were detained as witnesses; but McCloskey, having been found to be suffering from a severe wound in the temple, was sent to the Charity Hospital.

TO REMAIN.—The city authorities have decided to allow the seats and stands at the City Hall and Lafayette square to remain until the Fourth of March, the anniversary of our gallant firemen. This decision will be particularly acceptable to the fair sex, who have always taken great interest in the annual parade of the firemen.

LARCENISTS.—Sam Johnson, Sam Lawson, Theodore McMahon and George Wagner, at the third precinct station, Charles Wilson at the second, and Tom Ryan and Elizabeth Casbo at the fifth, are all locked up on charges of larceny.

ASSAULTS.—Joseph Michel and Betsey Toby are locked up at the Lafayette street station, charged by Hetty Cross with attempting to let her life out by means of a murderous knife.

Frank Swiss and Joe Hans assaulted and battered Albert Sadowski in Exchange alley, and are in durance vile to explain.

A Washington special says:

Mrs. Admiral Dahlgren has laid a claim before each House for the amount due from the government to her late husband for the use of guns upon which he had a patent. This claim was fully recognized by the Navy Department, but previous to the Admiral's death he made no collections.

The Grand Duke.

The Grand Duke spent a very quiet day yesterday. He remained in his chambers, and did not move out all day. He received a few visitors, but seemed relieved when they had retired. He then sat down to a grand lunch prepared by the proprietors of the St. Charles Hotel.

In the evening, according to invitation, he was present at the St. Charles Theatre to witness the performance of the "Little Detective," played by Lotta.

Long before twelve o'clock M. the entire number of seats were engaged, and a placard placed outside, "Nothing but standing room." If the theatre had been twice as large, the seats would have been all taken before night.

In the evening, just after dark, a crowd of persons congregated on the opposite side of the theatre, and at a quarter past seven the police were called into requisition to keep the street clear, so as to allow the cars and other vehicles to proceed to their destination.

At precisely eight o'clock a carriage containing the Grand Duke drove up to the door, closely followed by another. The former carriage contained the Duke and Admiral Poisset, the latter containing other members of his suite.

Just as soon as the carriage was stopped the crowd rushed around it, completely blockading the sidewalk and rendering the exit of the Duke an impossibility. People poured out from all quarters; old men, children and handsomely dressed ladies crowded up to the carriage, all eager to catch a glimpse of his Majesty, and it was fully ten minutes before he could alight to proceed on his way up stairs; but this difficulty was finally accomplished by the aid of the clubs of the policemen and their persuasive tones. The crowd fell back just far enough to allow the Duke to pass through. He raised his hat and passed through with his head uncovered, while the mass of human beings applauded and cheered until he was clear out of sight, and even then they followed him to the door of the dress circle.

The Duke and party were conducted to a private box on the right side of the house. The box was beautifully and artistically decorated with Russian and American flags. The box inside was sumptuously furnished with the latest style of furniture, provided specially for the occasion.

The orchestra performed the Russian national hymn in a style worthy of the theatre, and which did credit to the leader. Whether or not the familiar air caused any tears to float to his royal eyes, or pleasant reminiscences to come over the spirit of his dreams, we can not tell, but he seemed to straighten up, and, with his head erect, he walked into his box amid a battery of opera glasses and the cheers of the "gods" in the gallery.

The play was well chosen, as it gave Lotta a chance to exhibit herself to the best advantage. It is not necessary to rehearse the plot of the "Little Detective," as it is too well known.

The performance pleased the Duke, as he frequently applauded, and the smile which has characterized him in this country was as bright as ever, and floated over his countenance more than once during the evening. The delineations of Lotta and Mark Quinlan seemed to specially interest and please him, and he applauded for their encore as heartily as did any one in the house.

After the performance he was conducted back to the St. Charles Hotel.

After the Duke left the St. Charles Theatre and was conducted to the hotel, it was arranged that he should be the recipient of a grand serenade, and for this purpose the large portico of the St. Charles Hotel was illuminated with a double row of gas jets, the form of which was square. The jets crossed and recrossed the balcony, presenting a scene of dazzling magnificence seldom seen in New Orleans.

At midnight the grand orchestra, under the direction of Professor Meyer, made its appearance, and performed, in an exquisite manner, the "Grand Duke Reception March," composed and dedicated to his highness the Grand Duke Alexis, by Louis Meyer; overture of the opera "Raymond," by Ambrose Thomas; "Marche aux Flambeaux," by Meyerbeer.

The "Alexis March," composed by Mr. Meyer, is based on the theme of the Russian national hymn.

There was no speech-making, and after the band was through the Grand Duke retired to his couch, at which place we leave him.

The Duke and suit will visit the Circus to-day at twelve o'clock.

Meteorological Record.

The signal service, United States army, reports, for the benefit of commerce, the meteorological record, at 6:43 A. M., local time, yesterday, as follows:

Place.	Ther.	Wind.	Weather.
Augusta	36	W.	Clear.
Baltimore	28	N. W.	Clear.
Boston	40	S. E.	Foggy.
Buffalo	13	W.	Fair.
Cairo	42	W.	Clear.
Charleston	42	N. W.	Clear.
Chicago	2*	W.	Clearing.
Cincinnati	9	N. W.	Cloudy.
Davenport	4*	N. W.	Cloudy.
Indianapolis	8	N. W.	Light snow.
Jacksonville, Fla.	44	W.	Fair.
Key West	67	N. W.	Fair.
Leavenworth	3	N.	Clear.
Louisville	11	W.	Cloudy.
Memphis	25	W.	Clear.
Mobile	37	N.	Fair.
Nashville	22	W.	Clear.
New Orleans	45	N. E.	Fair.
New York	30	W.	Cloudy.
Norfolk	34	N. W.	Fair.
Omaha	5*	N. W.	Clear.
Pittsburg	15	W.	Cloudy.
Portland, Maine	32	N. E.	Sleet.
Punta Rassa, Fla.	57	N.	Cloudy.
Savannah	41	N. W.	Clear.
Shreveport	32	N. E.	Clear.
St. Louis	7	W.	Fair.
St. Paul	14*	N. W.	Clear.
Wilmington, N. C.	42	W.	Clear.
Vicksburg	33	N. W.	Fair.

*Below zero.

The impression created by the congressional investigations in New York and New Orleans is thus plainly and forcibly stated by the Philadelphia *Inquirer:*

Some of the most devoted of the partisan administration journals have at length come to the sage conclusion that the New York and New Orleans customhouses are "ulcers upon the body politic." Facts of the most unmistakable character have of late been developed that the New York customhouse is little better than a den of thieves, and that the Crescent City headquarters for the collection of the national impost is nothing more nor less than the headquarters of a band of desperate politicians, who stop at nothing save their own personal safety to acquire and retain political power. It is certainly the duty of the President to extirpate these two plague spots of the nation. He has at his command the means, and needs only the will to thoroughly reform the federal office-holders of both New York and Louisiana.

Says the Philadelphia *Press:*

As will be seen from our Washington dispatches, "Old John Burns, of Gettysburg," is dead. Few of us forget how he fought in that battle, the turning point of the rebellion; how, clad in a uniform of his own—a bright blue swallow-tailed coat, long buff vest and knee-breeches, with a a high bell-crowned white hat covering his gray locks—he fought, not under orders, but as an independent force, commanded by himself!

ON CARONDELET STREET.

The famous corner, where brokers congregate and members of the General Assembly sometimes accumulate, wears its ordinary aspect. The late sensation consists entirely of the speculative movements in State warrants, which have floated up to the surface and have drifted steadily ahead under the impulses which have lately controlled the markets. When the recent commotions ceased, and the Legislature went to work, warrants were valued at sixty cents, and rose cent by cent, until at present they are firm and reliable at seventy-three cents. Viewed as a test of the permanency of the administration, the price is instructive, as measuring the estimation in which the State is held. Those who "copper" on it do so only by advices upon which they rely. It seems a general opinion that these securities, were the speculators' hands out of the trough, would appreciate still more. Just as a ship upon the sea is subject as well to the winds as to the waves and currents of the ocean, such State obligations are dependent for their motions upon the rumors and intimations upon the street that rapidly pass from one broker to another. These rumors are all in favor of a rise, though the bears even go so far as to make and report sales below the market rate with the ultimate object of cornering, playing the trump and taking the trick.

Foreign exchange is idle; the movement is scarcely appreciable. Its rate is down to the rate of 119¾, 119¾ and 120.

Business in the way of banking had a portion of the rush which quieted on Mardi Gras, and was not in operation the day before.

City certificates are held at 85 cents.

There were no sales at the Board of Brokers last evening. The offerings and bids were as follows:

	Asked.	Bid.
Gold	110½	— —
Germania National Bank	— —	160 00
New Orleans National Banking Association	35 50	— —
Mechanics and Traders' Bank	34 00	— —
Bank of America	174 00	172 50
Southern Bank	— —	80 00
Citizens' Bank	141 00	— —
People's Bank	57 00	— —
Hibernia Bank	128 50	127 00
New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Company	— —	5 00
Carrollton Railroad	114 00	— —
Orleans Railroad Company	— —	88 00
New Orleans Gaslight Company	— —	142 00
Jefferson City Gaslight Company	55 00	— —
Calcasieu Sulphur and Mining Company	— —	36 00
Louisiana Lottery Company	— —	56 00
Sugar Shed Company	20 50	— —
Louisiana Levee Company	4 25	2 38
Pneumatic Propelling Company	1 20	1 00
New Orleans Wrecking and Salvage Company	— —	65 00
Louisiana Oil Company	— —	102 00
Canal and Claiborne Railroad first mortgage bonds	— —	86
Louisiana State warrants	73½	71¾
Louisiana State certificates of indebtedness	67½	60
City consolidated bonds	75¾	—
City five per cent Waterworks bonds	—	53
City seven per cent funding bonds	70½	—
City ten per cent bonds, 1871	—	93½
City wharf bonds	—	72½

THE CITY HALL.

Since the carnival, little business of importance has been transacted at the Hall. There is an evident necessity for rest and recreation, and it is not improbable that several days will elapse before the ordinary routine of official work is resumed.

Within a few days we shall have a specific report of the extent and character of the improvements made upon the canals. The work upon them is still progressing. The completion of the canal running parallel with the New canal will afford an effectual system of drainage to the central portion of the city. It will also enable the authorities to dispense with the comparatively useless drains along Claiborne and Galvez streets.

The practice of using appropriation certificates in payment of laborers' wages is likely to continue until it is prohibited by law. It is a source of much inconvenience to those who are compelled to take them, and occasions no little dissatisfaction to the authorities themselves.

The Carrollton and Carondelet street railroad is progressing as rapidly as possible. It will probably be, when complete, the best constructed road in the city. It is a matter of some regret that all the other roads have not been fenced around with the same guarantees that is required from this one.

Nothing has been done as yet toward compelling the city railroad company to fill the requirements of their contract to the extent of cleaning and keeping in repair the streets through which it runs. Esplanade street in this respect is a public reproach, and such measures should be taken as will effectually put a stop to such neglect.

The Administrator of Assessments will soon have the assessment rolls complete. A large clerical force is engaged on them, and the work is being rapidly pushed forward.

The stands erected for the accommodation of the public in front of the City Hall are to remain until after the firemen's display on the fourth proximo.

On account of Mardi Gras there was no meeting of the Council on Tuesday, nor will there be until the next regular meeting.

The Street Commissioner is taking advantage of the last few sunny days to put the shell roads in good repair. It will be some time before anything can be done with the dirt streets.

PIANOS.—No person who desires to purchase a really first class piano should fail to go and examine those splendid instruments at Grunewald's, on Canal street. He is the agent for the celebrated manufactories of Steinway and Knabe, whose reputations extend all over the world. All sorts of new sheet music can, also, be found at Grunewald's.

BABCOCK FIRE EXTINGUISHER.—We invite attention to the correspondence in regard to the Babcock fire extinguisher which will be found on our fourth page this morning. It will be seen that one of our most flourishing villages was saved from being swept by a conflagration by means of one of the Babcock extinguishers.

The Philadelphia *Press* says:

Yesterday the President sent to the Senate the name of Edwin M. McCook as Secretary of the Territory of Dakota. This is General Ed McCook of Illinois, a leading Republican of that State, and not General Ed McCook of Ohio, who ran for Governor on the Democratic ticket last fall. The new Secretary was familiarly known in the army as "Horse Ed," the other being known as "Foot Ed." Both were much distinguished for efficient and gallant services during the war. The new Secretary of Dakota is a man of great popularity.

A Washington special to the New York *Herald* of the tenth instant says:

The Senate chamber concentrated all the interest felt in the capitol to-day. Its galleries were filled by noon. The short debate over Senator Edmunds' resolution relative to proceedings in England was evidently regarded with approval. Mr. Tipton then made a slashing assault on Mr. Sumner, General Sheridan, the New York and New Orleans Customhouses and the President. He was not quite as amusing as usual, being apparently much too bitter for wit to temper the severity of his assault.

Sad Story of Real Life—Appeal for Sympathy.

We publish the following, which needs no explanation:

NEW ORLEANS, February 13, 1872.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:

It is in the hope that the accompanying letter may attract the notice of those of my countrymen and countrywomen who may be at present in New Orleans that I ask the favor of its insertion.

It tells its own sad tale. Every line is, alas! too true! On my return to Great Britain it will receive all the attention it deserves. In the meantime, I am anxious to collect from among my countrymen a sum sufficient to meet present necessities. Subscriptions will be received by J. H. Oglesby, Esq., president of the Louisiana National Bank of New Orleans, or by, dear sir, your obedient servant, JOHN HAROLD,

St. Charles Hotel.

John Harold, Esq., St Charles Hotel:

SIR—Forgive me the liberty I take in addressing you; I, a total stranger. I have determined on writing to you, from a belief that the circumstances which lead me to do so may plead my apology; accompanying this feeling is the hope that, as a merchant from Liverpool, you may be personally acquainted with some of my friends and become kindly interested in one whose trials have been of more than usual poignancy, and who, in soliciting the sympathy of my countrymen, feels keenly and deeply the humiliation attendant on the manner I am compelled to adopt in so doing.

I arrived here in January, 1851. My husband had preceded me, coming to New York some two years before. I was residing during his absence with my children in Liverpool, and my lot a happy one, for I had not yet drank of the cup of sorrow. My husband was very urgent for our coming, his anticipations being very well founded according to human probabilities. But, alas! it was otherwise destined by the Great Ruler of events. On the twenty-first of February, not much more than a month after our arrival in New Orleans, my dear, good husband was buried. He had taken the ship fever from my children, who were fast recovering when he came, and, alas! we were left desolate strangers in a strange country.

My first wish was to return again to Liverpool; but, on reflection, my husband had wished us to come, and our duty to his memory bade us remain. My son was but a lad—employment to suit him offered. I procured some pupils and commenced teaching; so, in awhile we were beyond the grasp of adversity. When the war came, however, the dark pages of my life again came. My darling boy joined the confederate army, and in eight months the prop of my struggling life was torn from me. Oh! sir, how pitiless has death been to me. My son! my son!

My only daughter, married some time, was, alas, called to suffer. Her husband, from exposure and the trouble of having lost by the war the proceeds of years of economy and industry, became a spiritless and hopeless man, leaving her totally unprovided for, with two children. He died two years ago.

My story is a very tedious one, and, in truth, I can not give all its details. The little we had accumulated by our joint efforts was all expended during the time we were surrounded by the war and its effects. I have not been able to rally against the combined calamities that followed the death of my son. We—my daughter and I—have eked out life by needle-work, ill-paid sometimes, difficult to procure at others. For the last few months I have been anxious to establish a preparatory school, but, for want of means, can not, and have well nigh disparired.

Do not condemn me quite when I say that for the first time that I ever applied to any person from Liverpool for sympathy or aid is to-day. An impulse or persuasion has urged me to lay my case before you, sir, with the hope that you will assist me in carrying out an effort upon which all the hope I have is now dependent. I do not ask your sympathy for myself, but for my child, frail in health, weak in body and broken in spirit—for her two helpless little ones, who have none but myself to struggle for them.

I fear, sir, this letter is a very uninteresting one to you; but if it can convey to you sufficiently my motives in writing it, and cause you to feel for us in our great sorrow, it will be enough. If favored with the opportunity, I can easily satisfy you of its genuine truth, and of those of my friends whom, although I may never see in this world of trial, would not believe that I have survived, and so suffered as I have.

My grandchild is the bearer of this. If you will kindly favor me with a reply I shall appreciate the kindness done to, sir,

Yours most respectfully, * * * * *

NEW ORLEANS, February 9, 1872.

The Temperature.

The thermometer at Louis Frigerio's, No. 50 Chartres street, yesterday stood as follows: At 8 A. M., 41°; at 2 P. M., 52°; at 6 P. M., 54°. Lowest point during the night of February 13, 40°.

A Washington special of the tenth instant to the St. Louis *Republican* says:

The representatives in Washington of the press of other cities, and the editors of the daily papers here, joined in a social reunion to-night at a banquet given by themselves. It was the largest affair of the kind ever given here. All the Senators and members who have been journalists were invited, and nearly all attended, including Vice President Colfax, Senators Cameron, Anthony and Schurz, Speaker Blaine, Representatives Cox, Brooks, Sargent, Roosevelt, Roberts and Kinsella. President Grant was also present. Among those from a distance were John W. Forney, Murat Halstead, of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, and Tom Nast, of *Harper's Weekly*.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Notice.—Calcasieu Sulphur and Mining Company, New Orleans, February 10, 1872.—The stockholders of this Company are hereby notified that an eighth installment of five dollars per share on all the ordinary stock, and a like installment of five dollars per share on all the preferred stock of the Company, has been called by the Board of Directors and made payable on the fifteenth instant, at the office of the Company, No. 3½ Carondelet street.

fe11 15t ALEX. BONNEVAL, Secretary.

Asylum Orleans Commandery No. 3, K. T.—Grand Lodge Hall, New Orleans, February 6, 1872.—General Order No. 1.—In compliance with orders issued by the Right Eminent Grand Commander K. T. of the State of Louisiana, calling upon the Knights Templar of this jurisdiction to assist at the ceremonies of laying the corner stone of the Masonic Temple on the fifteenth instant, the members of Orleans Commandery No. 3 desiring to turn out will assemble at their Asylum (Grand Lodge Hall) at 9:30 A. M. sharp, on the FIFTEENTH INSTANT, equipped in the regulation uniform of the Order, viz: Black coats, chapeau, bandric, gauntlets, sword and belt.

Sojourning Knights are courteously invited to be present and assist. By order of

SIR GEORGE BALDY, Eminent Commander.

SIR S. B. WRIGHT, Recorder. fe7

The "Terrebonne Patriot," Published at Houma, Louisiana, is one of the best advertising mediums in Southern Louisiana. de13 1y

Merchants' Bank—New Orleans, January 3, 1872.—At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of this bank, held this day, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the negotiations authorized by the stockholders of this bank, to consolidate its affairs with those of the State National Bank of New Orleans, having been consummated, notice is hereby given that the assets have been transferred to said bank, and the business of the Merchants' Bank ceases from this day, the said State National Bank assuming liabilities.

Holders of the shares of the capital stock of this bank, upon surrender of their certificates to the State National Bank, will receive certificates for new shares of the capital stock of said bank, issued in conformity to the terms and conditions of the transfer.

All balances to the credit of depositors will be paid on presentation at the counter of the State National Bank, No. 33 Camp street, and all notes falling due at this bank will, also, be payable at the State National Bank.

Persons having bank notes and other valuables on deposit with this bank are requested to withdraw them immediately.

The election for directors, advertised to be held on the ninth instant, is postponed indefinitely.

ja4 30t S. H. BOYD, President.

New Orleans Merchants should Advertise in the TERREBONNE PATRIOT, Houma, Louisiana, it will pay. de13 1y

Batchelor's Hair Dye.—This superb hair dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine William A. Batchelor's hair dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown; leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. jy13 1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN GRAYER,

Proprietor of Phœnix Stables and Undertaker, Nos. 35 and 37 Elysian Fields street, opposite Pontchartrain railroad, Third District, New Orleans. Carriages, Barouches, Buggies and Saddle Horses to hire. Horses bought, sold and kept on livery. Patent Metallic Burial Cases, Mahogany, Black Walnut and plain Coffins always on hand. Funerals attended to by the Proprietor, who hopes, by strict attention to business, to obtain a share of public patrona . 1y28 1y

1872 NEW ORLEANS CITY DIRECTORY.

FOR SALE AT PUBLISHER'S OFFICE,

Room No. 9, No. 5 Commercial Place.

Parties wishing the above publication can obtain it as above.

Price, Five Dollars.

NOT ON SALE AT ANY OTHER PLACE.

SOUTHERN PUBLISHING COMPANY,

fe8 6t No. 5 Commercial Place.

GEORGE L. NORTON,

HARBOR MASTER FIRST DISTRICT.

Office at Woodward & Wight's,

Corner of Front and Thalia streets.

ja30 1m

J. S. SIMONDS & CO.,

Nos. 19 Canal, 9 Crossman and 4 Front Streets.

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

IRON AND SHIP CHANDLERY,

Nails and Castings, Hoop, Sheet and Bar Iron, Manila and Tarred Cordage, Sail Duck, Plows, Shovels and Spades, Sheet Copper and Zinc, Anchors and Chains, Axes and Hoes, Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead, Paints and Oils, Blocks and Oars.

INDIA RUBBER BELTING,

Hose, Packing, and all supplies necessary for Railroads, Steamships, Plantations, etc.

Agents for the new patent

"Self-Lubricating Packing."

COPPER, TIN, SHEET IRON AND GAS WORKER

sep5 1y

WALLACE & CHOPPIN.

(AMADEE L. CHOPPIN. WILLIAM WALLACE.)

STAR COTTON GINNERY

Peters street, between Thalia and Hunter, and Hunter street,

Between Tchoupitoulas and Peters.

Our machinery and gin stands are new, with all the latest improvements, with a capacity of turning out forty bales per day. No delays. A supply of bags always on hand.

We gin for the seed, and guarantee satisfaction.

Highest market price always paid for seed cotton

REFERENCES:

S. B. Newman & Co.,	A. H. Peale & Co.,
Nalle & Cammack,	Hugh Allison & Co.,
A. Miltenberger & Co.,	Barrett & LeSassier,
J. P. Higgins & Co.,	Garrard, Craig & Co.,
Warren Crawford & Co.,	John Chaffee & Brother,
Penn, Pace & Simmons,	F. B. Ernest & Co.,
Witherspoon, Moss & Co.,	S. H. Aby & Co.,
Nelson, Lanphier & Co.,	J. Burnet & Co.,
Johnson & Goodrich,	Oscar Chopin,
Robert Hare,	Renshaw, Cammack & Co.,
Sam Stafford & Co.,	Dr. Sam Choppin.

Orders left at the ginnery, or at our office, No. 14 Union street, will meet with prompt attention.

se17 6m

CONSTABLES' SALES.

M. Reel vs. McAnsby—Sixth Justice Court for the parish of Orleans, No. 7719.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS TO me directed by the honorable the Sixth Justice of the Peace in and for the parish of Orleans, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at my warehouse, No. 231 St. Andrew street, on SATURDAY, February 24, 1872, at twelve o'clock M.—

A LOT OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND ONE VIOLIN.

Seized in the above entitled suit.

Terms—Cash in United States treasury notes.

fe15 20 24 JAMES MOORE, Constable.

Joseph Loyd and John Richardson vs. Henry Horton—Fifth Justice Court for the parish of Orleans, No. 234.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS TO me directed by the Hon. C. L. Sweet, Fifth Justice of the Peace in and for the parish of Orleans, I will proceed to sell at public auction, in front of the courthouse, on Villere street, between Seguin and Bartholomew streets, on THURSDAY, March 15, 1872, at twelve o'clock M—

A CERTAIN ONE-STORY FRAME BUILDING, situated on the corner of Madison and Decatur streets, in the square bounded by Decatur, DeArmas, Madison and Jefferson streets, in this district and city.

Terms—Cash on the spot in United States currency. H. W. FARROW,

Constable Fifth Justice of the Peace.

fe15 29 mh15*

John Baird vs. St. Leon Dufiere—Seventh Justice Court for the parish of Orleans, No. 556.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS TO me directed by the Hon. P. Gallaher, Seventh Justice of the Peace in and for the parish of Orleans, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the corner of Magazine and Austerlitz streets, on WEDNESDAY, February 21, 1872, at 12 o'clock M., to wit—

One Piano, one Sideboard, one Bureau, one Worktable, one Dining Table, six Cane-Bottom Chairs, one Rocking Chair.

J. JOACHIM,

Acting Constable Seventh Justice Court.

fe10 15 21

Clark & Meader vs. Mrs. Jules Hebert, widow—Second Justice Court for the parish of Orleans, No. 1250.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS, TO me directed by the Hon. W. L. Evans, Second Justice of the Peace in and for the parish of Orleans, I will proceed to sell at public auction, on SATURDAY, February 24, 1872, at twelve o'clock M., at No. 195 Basin street, between Girod and Lafayette streets—

ONE SQUARE STEINWAY PIANO.

Seized in the above cause.

Terms—Cash on the spot.

fe14 20 24 A. J. DAVERN, Constable.

William Zufle vs. Henry Schrote—Fifth Justice Court for the parish of Orleans, Right Bank—No. 300.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS, TO me directed by the Hon. C. L. Sweet, Fifth Justice of the Peace in and for the parish of Orleans, I will proceed to sell at public auction, on MONDAY, February 19, 1872, at the courthouse on Villere street, between Seguin and Bartholomew streets, at 12 o'clock M.—

ONE LOT OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, and SHOW-CASE and effects.

Seized in the above entitled suit, as per inventory on file in my office.

Terms—Cash on the spot in United States currency.

H. W. FARROW,

fe9 13 19* Constable Fifth Justice Court.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

ESTATE OF JEAN M. T. MICHON.

OFFICE OF UNITED STATES MARSHAL, District of Louisiana, New Orleans, February 9, 1872.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE seventh day of February, A. D. 1872, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Jean M. T. Michon, of New Orleans, in the parish of Orleans, and State of Louisiana, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Customhouse building, in the city of New Orleans, Louisiana, before C. S. Kellogg, Register, on the fifteenth day of February, A. D. 1872, at nine o'clock A. M. S. B. PACKARD

fe9 ap6 United States Marshal.

ESTATE OF ELIZA F. FORSTER.

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES MARSHAL, District of Louisiana, New Orleans, January 30, 1872.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE TWENTY-second day of December, A. D. 1871, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Eliza F. Forster, of New Orleans, parish of Orleans, and State of Louisiana, who was adjudged a bankrupt on her own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to her or for her use, and the transfer of any property by her, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of her estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Customhouse building, in the city of New Orleans, Louisiana, before C. S. Kellogg, Register, on the twenty-ninth day of February, A. D. 1872, at nine o'clock A. M. S. B. PACKARD,

United States Marshal, District of Louisiana.

ja30 fe15

ESTATES OF WHITEMAN BROS. AND Edwin W. Whiteman and Theodore McK. Whiteman, individually.

OFFICE UNITED STATES MARSHAL, District of Louisiana, New Orleans, February 2, 1872.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON THE first day of December, A. D. 1871, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estates of the firm of Whiteman Bros. and Edwin W. Whiteman and Theodore McK. Whiteman, individually, of Bayou Sara, in the parish of West Feliciana and State of Louisiana, who have been adjudged bankrupts on their own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts, to them or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of their estates, will be held at a court of bankruptcy, to be holden at the Customhouse building, in the city of New Orleans, Louisiana, before C. S. Kellogg, Register, on the twenty-ninth day of February, A. D. 1872, at nine o'clock A. M.

S. B. PACKARD,

United States Marshal, District of Louisiana.

fe2 29

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

PROPOSALS FOR FRESH BEEF AND VEGETABLES.

OFFICE NAVY PAYMASTER, February 12, 1872.

SEALED PROPOSALS, INDORSED "PROPOSALS for Fresh Beef and Vegetables," will be received at this office until two o'clock P. M. on THURSDAY, February 22, 1872, for the supply of ten thousand pounds of fresh beef and ten thousand pounds of fresh vegetables at the Pensacola Navy Yard and Station, as required.

The beef must be of good quality, and equal to the grade necessary to make the best mess beef, and be delivered in equal proportion of fore and kind quarters. The vegetables must be of the best quality the market affords, and the beef and vegetables must be offered for by the pound.

Bonds, with approved security, will be required in one-quarter the estimated amount of the contract, and twenty per cent in addition will be withheld from the amount of each payment, as collateral security for the due performance of the contract, which reservation will not be paid until the contract is fully complied with.

Every offer must be accompanied by a written guarantee, signed by one or more responsible persons, that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, enter into an obligation within five days, with good and sufficient sureties, to furnish the articles proposed.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by such guarantee, and the department reserves the right to reject any proposal, unless the responsibility of the guarantors is certified to by the Assessor of Internal Revenue for the district in which they reside, and unless satisfactory evidence that the bidder is a regular dealer in the articles he offers to supply is furnished with the proposal, as well as to reject any proposal not considered advantageous to the government.

It is to be understood that the contract will expire June 30, 1872, without regard to the quantities which may have been delivered, and, in case the stipulated quantity of either article shall be delivered before that date, leaving a balance due on the other article, the contract may be considered as completed in full, at the option of the department. DANIEL A. SMITH,

Paymaster United States Navy.

Approved. E. MIDDLETON,

fe15 7t Commodore Commandant.

PROPOSALS.

DEPARTMENT OF IMPROVEMENTS, New Orleans, February 14, 1872.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office until 12 M., WEDNESDAY, February 21, 1872, for the construction and repairing revetments and repairing earthworks of the levee along the Mississippi river, left bank, from Louisiana avenue to the lower line of Carrollton, in accordance with specifications on file in the office of the City Surveyor.

The city reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

All parties making proposals for this contract are required to deposit with the Administrator of Finance, as evidence of their intention to abide by the adjudication, the amount of one thousand dollars in cash, which shall be forfeited to the city in case of failure to sign the contract.

Bidders to whom contracts are not awarded shall have their deposits returned to them on the day adjudication is made.

No bid will be entertained unless the certificate of the Administrator of Finance is inclosed therewith to the effect that the required cash deposit has been made.

Proposals to be made as set forth in specifications, and addressed to the undersigned, indorsed "Proposals for left bank levees."

fe15 1d JOHN COCKERN, Administrator.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF WHARF IMPROVEMENT BONDS.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, City Hall, February 6, 1872.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR THE SALE TO THE city of eight Wharf Improvement Bonds will be received by the undersigned until THURSDAY, the fifteenth instant, at eleven o'clock A. M.

The city reserves the right to reject any and all proposals.