[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

Grant and Colfax, and favors their renomination. The present State officers were renominated.

Weather Report.

WAR DEPARTMENT, Office Chief Signal Officer, Washington, March 14, 1872, 4:35 P. M.

PROBABILITIES.

The diminished pressure over West Virginia will continue moving northeastwardly over the Middle and New England States, with cloudy weather and rain, except from Northern Ohio to Northern Vermont and New Hampshire, and northward, where snow will prevail. Cloudy and threatening weather is probable for the Gulf and South Atlantic States to-night. Rising barometer, northwesterly winds and falling temperature will extend by Friday morning over the Southern and Middle States, with clearing weather very generally, and probably over the New England States, by Friday morning. Dangerous winds are not anticipated for the Atlantic and Gulf coasts.

River Intelligence.

SOUTHWEST PASS, March 14.—Barometer 30:35. Weather calm. Arrived—Steamship Clinton at 4:50 P. M., Stowe, master, from Indianola via Galveston to C. A. Whitney & Co. No departures.

MEMPHIS, March 14.—Passed up—Continental, Mollie Moore, Warner and barges. River rising slowly. Weather cloudy and cool.

SHREVEPORT, March 14.—Arrived—Lady Lee, Shields, from St. Louis. Departed—Clifford, for Old river. Weather this morning very warm and cloudy; this evening cool and cloudy. The river has fallen two inches in the past twenty-four hours.

VICKSBURG, March 14.—Passed down—Henry C. Yaeger, at 3 P. M.; Lottawana, at 6 P. M. Up—Belfast, at 6 A. M.; Shannon, at 8 A. M. River rising. Weather mild.

CINCINNATI, March 14.—The river has risen three feet since yesterday, and is still rising; now eighteen feet in the channel. Arrived—Robert Mitchell, from New Orleans. There was some rain to-day.

PITTSBURG, March 14.—Raining late in the afternoon and turning to snow. Monongahela three feet eight inches, falling; stationary at Brownsville.

LOUISVILLE, March 14.—The river has risen twelve inches, and is still rising with seven feet six inches in the canal and five feet six inches in the chute. Rained most of the day. Freights plenty; rates firm, with a tendency to advance. Passed up—Andes, from New Orleans for Cincinnati.

EVANSVILLE, March 14.—Considerable rain fell last night. Weather mild. River fallen three inches. Passed down last night—H. S. Turner, at 8; Kate Kenney, at 11.

CAIRO, March 14.—Arrived—Colorado, from St. Louis, nine last night; Utah, from New Orleans, four this evening. Departed—St. Cloud, for Vicksburg, 6 A. M; Charles Bodmann, for New Orleans, 6 P. M. The river has risen five inches in the past twenty-four hours. Weather—Heavy rain this forenoon; turning cold to-night; strong north wind prevails. Mercury 50.

ST. LOUIS, March 14.—Arrived—Thompson Dean, from New Orleans. Departed—Mary Alice and City of Alton, for New Orleans; H. M. Shreve, for Red River; City of Vicksburg, for Vicksburg. River falling slowly. Rain and snow this morning, since then cloudy and cool.

MARKETS.

Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, March 14.—Cotton—Market dull; sales to-day 1022 bales; middling uplands 22¼c; Orleans 22⅝c. Futures active; sales to-day 17,350 bales. Low middling for March 21 13-16c; April 21⅞, 22⅛c; May 22 7-16, 22⅝c; June 22 11-16, 22 15-16c; July 22 11-16, 22⅞c; August 22½; September 20¾, 21c; October 19½c. Flour quiet and unchanged. Whisky fairly active at 86½c. Wheat dull and heavy; winter red Western $1 02@1 08. Corn 1c better, and in fair demand. Rice 8½@9c. Pork a shade easier, closing steady at $12 80@12 90. Lard more active; prices unchanged. Naval stores quiet. Tallow unchanged. Freights firm.

Coffee dull: Rio 17¾@20c. Sugar firmer; fair to good refining 8⅞@9¼c; Cuba 8¾@9½c. Molasses dull; New Orleans 58@68c. Beef inactive at $9@10 50 for plain mess, and $10 50@12 for extra do.

CINCINNATI, March 14.—Cotton dull and drooping; middling 21½@21¾c. Flour quiet and weak; family $7 25@7 50. Wheat—Market steady, with a moderate demand; red $1 58@1 61. Corn dull but unchanged; 45@46c. Pork dull; prices drooping; $11 87½. Lard dull and lower; 8¼@8⅝c for steam and kettle. Bulk meats in fair demand, but at lower rates; shoulders 4c; clear rib 5¾@5⅞c; clear sides 6⅛c. Bacon—Demand good at full prices; sales of clear rib at 6¾c; clear sides 7c. Whisky steady, with a moderate demand at 83c.

ST. LOUIS, March 14.—Cotton dull, prices nominal; middling 21@21¼c. Flour quiet and unchanged; demand light, only for best grades; double extra winter $6 60; choice treble $7 50; family winter $8 25; Wheat—Spring firmer; No. 2 spring Chicago $1 42; winter dull, and prices lower. No. 3 $1 73; No. 2 red winter $1 78. Corn dull but unchanged; No. 2 mixed 40½c. Oats dull, prices drooping; No. 2 36@36½c. Whisky—No sales. Pork opened dull; delivered $12 25; at the close there was an active speculative movement at a decline. Dry salt meats dull. Bacon and lard nominal.

Foreign Markets.

LIVERPOOL, March 14, Evening.—Cotton closed heavy and lower; sales to-day 10,000 bales, 2000 of which were for export and speculation. Uplands 10⅞@11d; Orleans 11¼d; nearly due from New Orleans 11¼d. Lard 41s 6d.

[Yesterday's Evening Dispatches.]

NEW YORK, March 14.—The sick juror in the Hall case is dead, necessitating a new juror and an entire re-hearing.

The Board of Health found several cases of smallpox which the physicians were attempting to conceal. They will be prosecuted.

A Matamoras special says: General Naranjo is at Espiritu Santo, on the Zacatecas road. General Martinez is besieging San Luis Potosi.

General Trevino, with six thousand men, is marching against General Rocha, who was advancing with seven thousand men.

Rocha retreated to San Miguel, but afterward moved toward San Luis Potosi, compelling Trevino to retreat.

The revolutionists here are reticent, but admit reverses.

PARIS, March 14.—No negotiations for intercepting the balance of the war debt are pending between France and Germany, as reported.

Minister Dufoure made a powerful speech in favor of penalties against internationalists, which secretly, he declared, was a standing menance to European society.

Jules Favre opposed the bill.

The first clause of the bill making it a criminal offense to belong to the society was adopted by 501 to 104.

Advices from Spain indicate a crisis. King Amadeus is concentrating his army around Madrid, disarming the national guard and preparing to defend his throne.

There is said to be a Digger boy employed on a sheep ranche in Monterey county, California, who is a human curiosity. He herds about 800 sheep all by himself, and the overseer says he knows every one by sight, and when he brings them in at night he will get on the corral fence and tell whether one of them is missing. He is about fourteen, has a face as round as the moon, and the brightest black eyes, which sparkle with mischief. He turns more somersaults and hangs head downward from more trees than any man can count readily, and seems hardly to be aware of the existence of the sheep during the day, yet brings them all in at night.

The Plaquemines *Republican* originated this conundrum:

Why is the Louisiana Levee Company like a protested note? Answer—Because it always promises and never pays.

A Sacramento man offered for sale some wild geese, alleging that they were tame. Several gentlemen bought some of the geese to domesticate, and, taking compassion on the web-footed prisoners, untied their feet to let them run around and take exercise. To the complete surprise of the benevolent purchasers the "tame geese" gracefully and majestically arose and floated toward the empyrean vault, never to return.

THE COURTS.

A drawing of twenty-four jurors, who will assemble on the twenty-second, is ordered in the United States District Court.

The libel of Martin Kelly against the steamer H. S. Turner was dismissed and the release bond canceled.

The suit of D. G. Cooke against the steamer Cornelia is to be prosecuted within ten days, or in default of the same will be dismissed.

Those who filed an exception in behalf of the steamer Richmond, in the suit of the Merchants' Insurance Company against the steamers Sabine and Richmond, are called on to show cause why the same should not be more explicit, or in default to be dismissed on the twenty-first instant.

In the case of Carhart, Ellis and Clark against Davis & Jackson, proceedings to force the defendants into bankruptcy, the stipulations for continuance were continued in force until the eighteenth instant.

In the bankruptcy matter of Stephen F. Power, the assignee is ordered to pay Robert Hunchinson, out of any funds he may have in his hands, subject to the usual conditions.

P. A. Morse was recognized as United States Commissioner for this district.

In the suit of A. W. Walker against the bark Scotland, the judgment of the District Court was annulled and the libel dismissed.

William Taylor recovers by judgment of the United States Circuit Court $12,000 from Henry Boyce.

John G Eustis has been appointed United States Commissioner for this district.

Touching the right to recall a witness after dismissal, Mr. Justice Howe, of the Supreme Court, in examining the bill of exceptions which came up with the case on appeal from the Judicial District Court of Rapides, went on to say:

The statement by the Judge of the District Court in the bill of exceptions, "that the witness has already been cross-examined by the attorney for the prisoner until the patience of the court was exhausted," and that the court said to the witness, "Have you told all you know about this case?" and the witness said, "Yes," can hardly suffice to take the cause out of the operation of the just rule. (Found in 8 Rob. 563.) The time of a court can never be better employed than in hearing testimony for the defense in a criminal case; and the statement of a witness that she knew nothing about the case could certainly be of no weight. Many facts which she may have deemed irrelevant might prove very important. The cause was remanded for a new trial.

The question whether or not the law of 1869, in reference to minors' property, reproduced in articles 1500, 2667, 3719 of Ray's Revised Statutes, is repealed by articles 341, 9339 of Ray's Civil Code, was decided by the Supreme Court about as follows:

The law of 1869 is not in conflict with the articles above quoted. The different provisions of the law might well be incorporated in the same act. Thus, for instance, the sale of the property of minors shall be authorized by the judge and made at public auction, after having been duly advertised in the manner required for other judicial advertisements, unless it be the wish of any of the heirs interested therein to have the sale made at private sale to effect a partition, in which event it may be sold at private sale on the advice of a family meeting, duly convened according to law to represent the minor, or minors, at the appraisement, and on the terms fixed by the family meeting, if the proceedings of the family meeting be homologated by the parish judge of the parish where the minor resides. The laws are not irreconcilable with each other, and, therefore, the former law is not repealed by implication. (C. C., 23.) Repeals by implication are not favored. (12 M., 697; 2 N. S., 33; 3 N. S., 190; 7 La., 166; 1 Ann., 54; 2 Ann., 919; 5 Ann., 121; 6 Ann., 605.

Jacob Ryan and William H. Kirkman have instituted suit against Benjamin Weil, claiming $2500 in gold for transporting merchandise from Matamoras to Lake Charles in 1864. It is alleged that after an unsuccessful attempt to collect the amounts, and that the said Weil alleged that ex-Governor Allen had taken the goods in exchange for cotton, and the petitioners knowing the said facts to be true, they abandoned their claim for $2500, and formed a new contract during the sitting of the Legislature in 1867, which was that the defendant then having before the Legislature a claim for $141,000, promised that should he succeed in collecting the same he would pay $2500; but in the event of Weil not gaining, plaintiffs agreed to lose this sum. The plaintiffs represent that on the fifteenth of January, 1871, defendant received his full claim from the board of liquidators, but, notwithstanding that Weil has repeatedly promised to pay said $2500, according to agreement, he has failed to do so.

The case of the Crescent City Live Stock Landing and Slaughterhouse Company vs. James Stafford was submitted for decision of the Eighth District Court on Wednesday. It is only one of a series of suits in this never-ending controversy.

In the case of Dr. Samuel Logan against the city of New Orleans, in the Seventh District Court, the jury returned a verdict in favor of plaintiff for the sum of $1000 and interest as claimed.

Dr. Logan's services as a practicing physician were in the beginning of June, 1869, engaged by the Mayor of the city of Jefferson, in pursuance of a resolution of the Board of Aldermen, to attend to J. Purdon and L. Reinhardt, patrolmen of the Metropolitan Police, who were wounded on the eighth of May, 1869, in a public riot which then took place in Jefferson. Dr. Logan attended the policemen for several months. Under the last city charter and the act incorporating the city of Jefferson with the city of New Orleans, the latter corporation is responsible for the debts of the former. Therefore, suit was instituted in this court, and has been decided as above stated.

The future policy of the Second District Court in regard to the fees of the public administrator—a new officer—is thus announced by Judge Duvigneaud: "I am satisfied that the public administrator is entitled to no more than two and one-half per cent on the amount of the inventory and on the property which he has administered, in deducting bad debts."

The Monroe *Intelligencer*, a leading Radical paper of North Louisiana, of which Hon. Frank Morey is chief proprietor, shines upon its readers through the following pertinent paragraphs. All acquainted with politics in the Ouachita country will appreciate the keen sarcasm of several of the allusions.—*New Orleans Republican.*

In justice to Hon. Frank Morey, we would draw the attention of the editor of the *Republican* to the fact that, although Mr. Morey is one of the proprietors of the *Intelligencer*, we are sole editor, and propose to carry on the campaign to suit ourself.—*Monroe Intelligencer.*

In Polynesia, Tahiti, the young ladies have what may be mildly designated as rather jocund manners: "The most bashful and coy never will pass you without a greeting, a glance of the eyes; or else, perhaps, she will come up coquettishly, and ask you for the loan of your cigar, take a few puffs at it, and hand it back again gracefully to the rather astonished owner; and then, with a parting compliment, which you most likely don't understand, let you go your way in peace—or not. The proper way to talk in Tahiti is as as follows: You put your arm around her neck, and she hers around your waist, and hangs on your breast in a limpy, affectionate manner. It is as much *selon les regles* as walking arm-in-arm, and much prettier to look at." So writes a correspondent, whose veracity is of the usual newspaper standard—excellent. Tahiti customs must not be imported.

The St. Louis *Republican* of Tuesday says:

The magnificent stoamboat Great Republic, which left the landing here on Sunday evening, bound for New Orleans, struck a bar in front of Jefferson barracks and grounded. A steam-tug towing two barges as lighters went down to her relief yesterday afternoon. No apprehensions concerning the safety of the vessel are felt by her owners. She has on board a very heavy cargo, a portion of which will be removed to light her over the shoal.

The Clinton *Patriot* says:

Through the instrumentality of Judge L. M. Pipkin, and the attention of Hon. J. H. Sypher, we are now to be blessed with a daily mail. On Monday next the contract is to begin, and the mail to leave this place for Amite City. Our energetic townsman, Charles A. Crane, is the sub-contractor.

Monetary--Commercial.

MONETARY.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY REPUBLICAN, THURSDAY EVENING, March 14, 1872.

There was an increased demand for money to-day, the offerings not being confined to any particular branch of trade, cotton factors and Western produce and grocery merchants being about equally represented. With an ample supply of available funds, however, pretty much all the A1 paper presented was taken by the banks, leaving very little for negotiation on the street. We still quote as street rates 10@— ⅌ cent ⅌ annum for A1 notes, accompanied by unquestionable collaterals, and —@12 for second grade; 10@11 for A1 without collaterals, and 12@15 for second class. Mortgage paper still rules at 9@10 ⅌ cent ⅌ annum for A1, and —@12 for second grade.

Gold opened at 110⅛@110⅜ (against 110⅛ at New York) and closed at 110⅛@110¼ (against 110⅛ at New York). We noticed sales of $1000 at 110⅛, $3000 and $20,000 at 110 3-16, $10,000 and $10,000 at 110¼, $50,000 at 110¼@110⅜, and $4000, $4000 and $10,000 at 110⅜.

A lot of $500 in American silver half dollars sold at 108½. They are quoted at 107½@108½, and Mexican dollars at 3½@4 ⅌ cent premium in gold.

Foreign exchange was more active, but rates showed no marked variation. The movement in sterling reached £96,000, including £6000 bill of lading at 119¾; £2000 and £2500 clear and £8000 bill of lading at 120; £5000 bill of lading and £20,000 clear at 120@120⅛; £47,000 bill of lading and clear at 120⅛@120¼; £1500 A1 clear at 120⅜; £1400 bank at 121, and £1500 at 109⅝ gold.

In francs, 20,000 A1 commercial sold at 4.72½. We quote sterling at 119¾@120¼ for good to A1 bill of lading and clear, and 120¾@121 for bank.

Domestic exchange was very firm. The banks drew on New York for remittance at ⅜ ⅌ cent premium, and there were sales of $20,000 commercial New York sight at ¼ ⅌ cent premium, $50,000 and $60,000 commercial, $25,000 and $55,000 private bankers', $120,000 bank and private bankers' and $50,000 bank at 5-16, and $75,000 private bankers' at ⅜.

A bank gold check on New York sold at ⅛ ⅌ cent premium.

The business in stocks included 20 shares Carrollton Railroad at $116, and 10 and 20 Ammonia Propelling Company at $26 50.

$8000 city tax ⅌ cent bonds sold to-day at 93¼. The $12,000 consolidated city bonds reported yesterday at —, sold at 75⅛.

The only transaction reported in warrants is $15,000 State at —.

COMMERCIAL.

THURSDAY EVENING, March 14, 1872.

COTTON—The sales to-day summed up 8750 bales, at stiffer prices in the morning, but easier towards the close, requiring no change in our quotations, excepting the addition of an outside rate for middling. We give also the Exchange figures, which are for average lists (not even-running as formerly), according with its types, while ours are for average lists, with the inside rates for strict:

	Average lists.	Exchange figures.
Low ordinary	—@19	—
Ordinary	19⅞@20	—
Good ordinary	20⅝@20⅞	20⅝
Low middling	21 @21⅛	21⅛
Middling	22 @22⅛	22
Strict middling	22⅛@—	—
Good middling	22⅝@23	22⅝

The market opened quiet, but soon exhibited more animation, buyers coming forward with increased spirit, and operating freely, although factors raised their pretensions. The demand was mostly at 21c for low middling, but there was very little to be had under 21⅛c; some sales being made as high as 21¼c. The movement then continued active until the receipt of the New York telegrams reporting a decline of ⅛c, and the Liverpool, which noted a falling off of 1 16@⅛d. The subsequent sales indicated a loss of the previous improvement, and we heard of 21c being accepted for low middling. It was also stated that a high style of strict good ordinary sold at the same. Sales of good ordinary were reported under 20½c. Low middling sold at 21 and 21⅛c, and was even reported at 21¼c, middling as high as 22¼c for good style, average do at 22 1-16c, and strict middling (at the highest point), at 22⅝c. The supply of low ordinary is increasing, but although mostly of good staple, meets with no demand. It is held at 19c.

The Exchange reports: "Market opened active at a shade higher in prices and closed at quotations (showing no change except in low middling, which is raised ⅛c, rep). Futures: Sales to-day, 100 April at 21⅛c and 100 May at 21⅜c."

COTTON STATEMENT.

	Bales.
Stock on hand September 1, 1871	23,320
Arrived since last statement	1,565
Arrived previously	900,386—910,268
Total	933,711
Cleared to-day	5,564
Cleared previously	752,938—758,502
Stock on hand and on shipboard, not cleared	177,209
Stock same date last year	205,306

To-day's exports embraced 1669 bales to Liverpool, 954 to Havre, and 2926 to Boston. Receipts proper since last evening 1332 bales, against 4358 on last Thursday, and 2595 last year, making an aggregate since Friday evening of 17,221 bales, against 18,343 for the corresponding time last week, and 36,120 last year, and since August 31 of 815,846 bales, against 1,104,181 last year.

The Exchange telegrams make the receipts at all the ports for the past six days—from 12 M. on Friday to 12 M. to-day—12,233 bales, against 30,079 for the corresponding time last week, and 81,780 last year.

SUGAR—The market continues dull, with light receipts. A few small sales were made on the basis of 6½@7c for inferior; 7¼@7½c for common; 8@8¼c for fair; 8½@8¾c for good fair; 9@9⅛c for fully fair; 9½@9¾c for prime, and 10@10½c for choice.

MOLASSES—Is also in light supply and limited demand. Common fermenting is quoted at 35@40c, fair fermenting 45c, prime fermenting 50@52c, prime, not fermenting, 55c, and choice 60c ⅌ gallon.

FLOUR—The medium and better grades are in fair demand, but the lower grades are very dull. 1200 bbls were sold, of which 75 single extra at $7 25; 300 and 80 low treble extra at $8 25; 100 choice treble extra at $9 35; 100 and 100 choice extra at $9 75; 50 do at $9 87½; 100 do at $10 50; 600 do at $10 25, and 21 at $11 12½.

CORN—Continues in demand. Mixed is in supply but white is scarce. 11,000 sacks were sold, of which 2500 mixed at 76c; 300 and 500 mixed and 600 mixed and yellow at 77c; 2000 and 4000 white at 79c, and 1000 at 92½c ⅌ bushel.

OATS—Are in fair supply and demand. 1200 sacks were sold, of which 150, 200 and 500 at 59c; 250 choice at 60c, and 100 at 61c ⅌ bushel.

BRAN—Is in moderate supply and demand. 200 and 200 sacks sold at $1 60 ⅌ 100 lbs.

HAY—Is in light supply and good demand. Choice is scarce. 100 bales prime Ohio river sold at $35; 50 and 60 choice St. Louis at $37 ⅌ ton.

PORK—Prices have suffered a further decline of 50c ⅌ bbl. 600 bbls were sold, of which 100 bbls evenweight mess at $13; 200 and 100 original mess at $13 25; 30 do at $13 37½; 50 and 100 do at $13 50 ⅌ bbl. It is retailing at $13 75@14 ⅌ bbl.

DRY SALT MEAT—Is dull. 5 and 25 casks shoulders sold at 5c, and 10 do at 5⅛c ⅌ lb. Rib sides are quoted at 5¾c, clear rib 6½c, clear 6¾c, and hams 6½c ⅌ lb.

BACON—Is dull. 10 and 10 casks clear sides sold at 8c, and 25 casks clear rib sides at 7½c ⅌ lb. 9 sugar hhds clear sides sold at 7⅝c; 20 casks clear rib sides, in job lots, at 7½c, and 20 do clear sides, in job lots, at 8c. Shoulders are quoted at 6c ⅌ lb.

LARD—Is also dull. 100 kegs refined sold at 10¼c ⅌ lb. Tierces are quoted at 9¼@9½c.

HAMS—43 tierces sugar-cured sold at 11c ⅌ lb.

STAR CANDLES—A lot of 158 boxes sold at 18½c. The market is quoted at 19c ⅌ lb wholesale, 19½c retail.

LOUISIANA RICE—The stock is light, and there is not much demand. Fair is quoted at 8¼@8½c; prime 8¾@9c. Carolina is jobbing at 9½c. There have been some large receipts of India. It is selling at 7¼@7½c ⅌ lb.

CORN MEAL—Is in fair supply and good demand. 500 bbls were sold, of which 25 and 50 bbls at $3 85; 50, 100, 20, 25 and 50 at $3 87½; 25, 25, 50 and 50 at $3 90; and 50 at $3 95 ⅌ bbl.

COW PEAS—Are offering at wholesale at $2 50 ⅌ bushel, and are retailing at $3.

COFFEE—The demand is better, though only local. There is a stock in first hands of 10,144 bags; in dealers' hands of 13,800 bags. Prime is quoted at 21¼@22¾c, gold duty paid; good 21⅞@21⅛c; fair 20¼@20½c; ordinary 20c ⅌ lb.

POULTRY AND EGGS—Chickens are selling on the landing at $6@7 for the grown and $3@4 for the young; ducks $4@5; geese $7@8; turkeys $22@24; eggs 22@2c4 ⅌ dozen.

ESCULENTS—Potatoes are selling on the landing at $2 50@3; onions $1@2 50; apples $5@8; sour krout $15; Western beans $11@12; red beans $8@12; green peas $9; turnips and beets $1 50@2; carrots and parsnips $3@4; horse radish $6@12 ⅌ bbl; dried apples and peaches 9@10c ⅌ lb; cabbages $10@15 ⅌ box.

COOPERAGE—The season is over and there is no demand for sugar hogsheads or molasses barrels. Half barrels are selling at $1 25, and kegs at $1. Poles and staves are in good supply, but very little in demand. Green poles sell at $20 ⅌ 1000 for barrel poles, and $40 for hogshead poles; barrel, staves $16; hogshead staves $30 ⅌ 1000.

WHISKY—Is dull; choice Western rectified is quoted at 86c; ordinary 90c ⅌ gallon.

BREAKFAST BACON—Is scarce and in demand, and Western commands 10½c ⅌ lb. Northern is quoted at 11@11½c.

BUTTER—Choice continues in light supply and good demand at 25@27c for Western and 33@35c for Goshen. Inferior is unsalable.

CHEESE—Is scarce and in demand at 16c for Western Reserve; 17c for factory; 18c for New York cream and 20c for English dairy. No demand for poor.

BAGGING—Dealers fill orders for the country at 19c ⅌ yard for jute, 18c for Western, 17c for India in bales, and 16c for rolls.

MACKEREL—Is in good demand, with only a moderate supply on haad and an upward tendency in prices. No. 1 barrels command $14@16; No. 2 $10@11; No. 3 $8@9; No. 1 kits $1 65; No. 2 $1 35; No. 3 $1 15.

NAVAL STORES—Some No. 1 rosin on hand is held at $5 ⅌ bbl. Tar is dull at $2 75 ⅌ half bbl and $6 ⅌ bbl. The market is bare of pitch. Some spirits of turpentine are coming in and selling at 90@92½c ⅌ gallon.

SALT—The stock on hand is small, but quite sufficient for the demand, which is moderate. The last cargo sale of Liverpool was at $1 40 ⅌ bushel. The dealers' rates from store are $1 60 ⅌ sack for coarse, and $1 70 for fine. Turks Island is selling at $1 30@1 35 ⅌ sack of two bushels. A cargo of Turks Island, in bond, sold at 22c ⅌ bushel. Table salt in pockets is selling at 2½@7½c, as in size.

GUNNY BAGS—Are held at 19c apiece.

HIDES—Are in light supply and good demand. Green command 10½@12½c; dry salted 16@16½c; dry flint 18½c ⅌ lb.

MOSS—Is dull at 4@6c for country picked and 6@11c for clean picked, city baled.

COTTON SEED—Is in demand, and commands $13 ⅌ ton when bags are furnished by factors, and $14 ⅌ ton when in planters' bags, and $18 50 ⅌ ton for seed and bags.

Marine Intelligence.

OFFICE OF THE REPUBLICAN, Friday, March 15, 1872.

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

Steamship Austin, Farwell, for Bros Santiago via Galveston
Ship Reynard, Arbeeam, for Boston
French bark Victorie, Alaterre, for Havre
Brig Carrie Bertha, Soule, for Liverpool
Brig R B Grove, Harkness, for East Pascagoula

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Bark Llains Castle, Williams, 11 days from Kingston, Ja, to Delgado & co—2d district
Brig Eudorus, Cummings, 7 days from Cardenas, to master—2d district
Schooner J G Craig, Connors, 6 days from Utilla, to master—2d district P T
Schooner Lily of the Valley, Leitch, 7 days from Ruatan Island, to master—2d district P T
Schooner Nellie Chase Dalling, 5 days from Havana to master—2d district 7

TOWBOATS.

Abita, Palmer, from the Passes—Towed down and to sea, 13th instant, bark Alcyone, brig Medina and schooner M B Tower—Brought up bark Llains Castle, brig Eudorus, and schooner J G Craig and Lilly of the Valley

STEAMBOATS.

City of Cairo, Dix, from St Louis
Indiana, Neal, from Cairo
Pauline Carroll, White, from St Louis
Mayflower, Carlton, from Alabama Landing
W S Pike, Brown, from Bayou Sara
Rapides, Truslow, from Jefferson
Bradish Johnson, Radovitch, from Lower Coast
Sallie V. Jeanfran, from Fort Jackson
Willoon, Ruiz, from Jesuits Bend

BELOW COMING UP.

Schooner J L Somers, Pitfield, from Horn Island, to master—

EXPORTS.

BOSTON—Ship Reynard—2926 bales cotton 26 tcs hams 1000 staves 3 pkgs molas
HAVRE—Bark Victorie—954 bales cotton 114 pkgs tallow 40 bxs peas
LIVERPOOL—Brig Carrie Bertha—1669 sks oilcake 6794 sks cotton seed 4560 staves
BRAZOS SANTIAGO VIA GALVESTON—Steamship Austin—For Brownsville—1100 bbls flour 2600 sks corn 700 sks oats 221 pkgs mdse 30 tcs hams For Galveston—1200 bbls flour 100 bbls whisky 1000 sks corn 50 bags coffee

IMPORTS.

HAVANA—Schooner Nellie Chase—319 hhds molasses 32 tcs do
HAVANA—Steamship Havana—179 hhds molasses 596 bxs sugar
MATANZAS—Bark Helen Drummond—396 hhds molasses 40 tcs do
BRITTON FERRY—Bark Celeste—5668 bars railroad iron
TABASCO—Schooner Brazos—$1000 in specie 25 pieces mahogany 40,000 pounds logwood
ST MARTINS—Schooner J H West—7500 bushels salt 200 cocoanuts 1000 pounds junk

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

ST LOUIS—Steamer City of Cairo—29 bales cotton 29 hhds tobacco 6559 sks corn 929 sks oats 849 bbls flour 334 bales hay and sundry produce
CAIRO—Steamer Indiana—60 bales cotton 510 sks cotton seed 3640 sks corn 2191 sks oats 1420 bbls flour and sundry produce
ST LOUIS—Steamer Pauline Carroll—3129 bbls flour 232 bbls pork 2929 sks corn 244 sks oats and sundry produce
ALABAMA LANDING—Steamer Mayflower—92 bales cotton 115 sks cotton seed
BAYOU SARA—Steamer W S Pike—249 bales of cotton 86 sks seed cotton 101 hhds sugar 72 bbls molasses and sundries
JEFFERSON—Steamer Rapides—304 bales cotton 14 bales hides and sundries
LOWER COAST—Steamer Bradish Johnson—16 hhds sugar 102 bbls molasses and sundries
FORT JACKSON—Steamer Sallie V—25 bbls molasses 73 bbls rice and sundries
JESUITS' BEND—Steamer Wallon—35 bbls molasses 190 bbls potatoes 27 bales moss and sundries

BY THE RAILROADS.

MORGAN'S LOUISIANA AND TEXAS RAILROAD, March 14—52 bales cotton 213 hhds sugar 140 bbls molasses and sundries
NEW ORLEANS, MOBILE AND TEXAS RAILROAD, March 14—198 bales cotton 12,900 staves 7 bdls hides and sundries
NEW ORLEANS, JACKSON AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD, March 14—365 bales cotton and sundry produce

WANTED.

WANTED—TO GO IN THE COUNTRY—A Gardener and a good Cook. Inquire at No. 249 Julia street. feb18

WANTED—ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND MEN, women and children afflicted with the following diseases: Dyspepsia, diarrhea, bilious and other fevers, general debility, nervousness, low spirits, etc., to be cured by the celebrated Peychaud's Bitters. Price, $1 a bottle. ap30 Su We Fr 1y

WANTED.—AN ACTIVE PARTNER IN AN established and paying business in this city, with $10,000 to $12,000 cash. Address Letter A, Republican office. feb 1m

AGENTS WANTED—MARK TWAIN'S NEW BOOK is now ready. A companion to "Innocents Abroad." Don't work on books no one wants, but take one people will stop you in the streets to subscribe for. "There is a time to laugh," and all who read this book will see clearly that time has arrived. For best agents' goods in America, address GOODSPEED'S EMPIRE BOOK, MAP AND PICTURE HOUSE, No. 41 Natchez street, New Orleans. mh7 3m d&W

POUND NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF POLICE, New Orleans, March 15, 1872.

WAS BROUGHT TO THE SECOND DISTRICT Pound, corner of Orleans and Claiborne streets—
One sorrel COW (L. W.) branded on left hip, left ear clipped.
Which, if not claimed within five days, and the expenses thereon paid, will be sold at public auction at said pound on WEDNESDAY, March 20, 1872, at twelve o'clock M.
JAMES LEWIS, Administrator.
No. 121—mh15 td

DEPARTMENT OF POLICE, New Orleans, March 12, 1872.

WAS BROUGHT TO THE SECOND DISTRICT Pound, corner of Orleans and Claiborne streets—
One Butcher's CART.
Which, if not claimed within five days, and the expenses thereon paid, will be sold at public auction at said pound on SATURDAY, March 16, 1872, at twelve o'clock M.
JAMES LEWIS, Administrator.
No. 120—mh12 td

LOTTERIES.

DRAWING OF THE LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY FOR MARCH 14, 1872. CLASS 63.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
18	51	78	23	13	11	39	36	28	20	44	54	—	—

The above drawings are published in all the principal papers, and are drawn in public daily at the rooms of the company.
Information furnished and prizes cashed by HOWARD, SIMMONS & CO., Contractors. St. Charles street, corner Union, New Orleans.

Witness our hands at New Orleans, Louisiana, this fourteenth day of March, 1872.
H. PERALTA, ADAM GIFFEN, Commissioners.
BEWARE OF BOGUS LOTTERIES. an28

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.
Incorporated August 17, 1868.
CHARLES T. HOWARD.....PRESIDENT.
SINGLE NUMBER LOTTERY.
SPLENDID SCHEME—ONLY 20,000 NUMBERS.
Capital Prize.....$50,000.
CLASS D.
TO BE DRAWN AT NEW ORLEANS ON Saturday, March 16, 1872.
HOWARD, SIMMONS & CO., Contractors.
SCHEME:
20,000 Numbers--Tickets Only $20.

1 prize of	$50,000 is	$50,000
1 prize of	20,000 is	20,000
1 prize of	10,000 is	10,000
1 prize of	9,000 is	9,000
1 prize of	8,000 is	8,000
1 prize of	7,000 is	7,000
1 prize of	6,000 is	6,000
1 prize of	5,000 is	5,000
1 prize of	4,000 is	4,000
1 prize of	3,000 is	3,000
1 prize of	2,000 is	2,000
1 prize of	1,000	1,000
1 prize of	1,000	1,000
1 prize of	1,000	1,000
1 prize of	1,000	1,000
1 prize of	1,000	1,000
1 prize of	1,000	1,000
1 prize of	1,000	1,000
1 prize of	1,000	1,000
1 prize of	1,000	1,000
1 prize of	1,000	1,000
1 prize of	1,000	1,000
1 prize of	1,000	1,000
1 prize of	1,000	1,000
1 prize of	1,000	1,000
1 prize of	1,000	1,000
1 prize of	1,000	1,000
50 prizes of	500 are	25,000
317 prizes of	200 are	63,400
36 Approximation prizes		12,600
440 prizes, amounting to		$250,400

Whole Tickets, $20; shares in proportion.
Prizes payable without deduction.
Orders to be addressed to CHARLES T. H. WARD, Lock box 692, Postoffice, New Orleans.
Send postoffice money order, or register your letter.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

W. E. PIERCE HAVING WITHDRAWN from the firm of PIERCE & LINDOP, the business will hereafter be carried on under the name of A. H. & R. W. LINDOP. mh13 3t

NOTICE.—THE FIRM OF QUENTELL & REICHARD is this day dissolved by mutual consent, and will be used in liquidation only.
WILLIAM QUENTELL, AUGUSTUS REICHARD.
New Orleans, February 29, 1872.

THE UNDERSIGNED CONTINUE THE business of QUENTELL & REICHARD, under the firm of QUENTELL & CO., with the assistance of Mr. Cesar Philippi, who holds our power of attorney. WILLIAM QUENTELL, T. A. WOOLLEY.
New Orleans, March 1, 1872. mh1 1m

CARD.—ON RETIRING FROM THE DRUG business in New Orleans, I take this occasion to return my sincere thanks to my patrons, and would ask a continuance of favors to my successor, Dr. WILLIAM BOGEL, whom I recommend as worthy of every confidence. S. HASTINGS.
February 17, 1872.

WILLIAM BOGEL, HAVING PURCHASED the well-known drug store of S. Hastings, corner of Magazine and Felicity streets, would inform his friends and the patrons of the old establishment that he will, without delay, replenish the store with a choice stock of fresh and unadulterated drugs, Chemicals, Medicines, Pure Wines and Liquors, Perfumery, and such articles as are usually kept in first class drug stores, and respectfully solicits a share of their patronage.
N. B.—Mr. Joseph H. Stockly, long and favorably known as a competent apotheccary, will assist him in the business. WILLIAM BOGEL, Successor to Hastings.
Corner Magazine and Felicity streets.
New Orleans, February 18, 1872. fe21 1m

EDUCATIONAL.

MILITARY HIGH SCHOOL.
158 RACE STEET, head of Coliseum Place.
T. B. Edwards and Samuel H. Lewis, Principals.
Will prepare pupils to enter the Louisiana State University or any other College in America. A Commercial and Primary Department attached. Military discipline, with daily drill.
Circulars to be had at the School, or at James A. Gresham's,