New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

A British Spy.

This is a special to the New York *Herald*:

WASHINGTON, March 17.—The appointment of Rear Admiral Inglefield, of the British navy, as attache of the British legation at Washington, until quite recently excited little attention in official circles, but as it is now known that since his arrival in this country, six weeks ago, he has been unusually active, there are good grounds for saying that his movements have been directed by the British Minister under instructions from the home government. Rear Admiral Inglefield is one of the highest officers in the British navy. He will soon be promoted to the rank of Vice Admiral, and become entitled to a high command. In the position now occupied he is apparently a mere subordinate, in small pay, fulfilling the duties heretofore discharged by a captain of the royal navy. Admiral Inglefield within the past month has examined into our torpedo system, the condition of our navy, the approaches to New York bay, especially at Hell Gate, the harbor defenses at Portland, Portsmouth and Boston, and the entrances to New London and Newport He has made inquiries in regard to the guns mounted on our fortifications, and has also manifested a good deal of anxiety to ascertain what are the penetrating powers of our heaviest shot in regard to iron, but he has exhibited little or no interest in reference to other details which generally attract the attention of foreign officers. He also attempted to obtain some insight into the army torpedo system at Willett's Point, but the courtesy extended elsewhere was refused him, as the operations are kept a secret so far as the government can guard them. Having ascertained the condition of the coast defenses along New England and New York, and our capacity to build and repair vessels at the Portsmouth, Charlestown and Brooklyn navy yards, he was summoned to Washington by Minister Thornton on the tenth instant, and on the following day, under orders proceeded to New Orleans by rail to inspect the defenses of that city and the approaches to the mouth of the Missisippi. From thence he will leave for Key West via Havana, visit the Pensacola navy yard, and find out what is the actual condition of the Southern ports. All this is the topic of conversation among army and naval officers, and, as there can be no objection to the representative of a nation with which we are at peace availing himself of the privileges always extended to proper representatives, no one blames Admiral Inglefield for his active inquiries. He is spoken of as a most agreeable gentleman, of fine address, and has had the most extended fields for observation in Europe, where he acquitted himself with much honor in prominent service, and is well known as an inventor and an officer skilled in the construction of many valuable machines now in use in the English navy.

This is the gentleman selected by the British government to report upon the exact condition of our means of defensive warfare. He is one who would be well adapted to command a fleet of vessels on our coast in time of war, especially with the knowledge he will gain in traveling through our country.

More Murders in New York.

[From the Chicago Tribune.]

NEW YORK, March 19.—Particulars of three fresh murders are developed to-day. The most distressing case is that of a German saloon keeper named Fevert, who killed his wife, the deed still being a partial mystery. Fevert was probably crazy from continued drink, neighbors testifying that he lived on good terms with his wife. The poor woman had been confined only nine days ago, and when the bullet crashed through her brain, she was just entering the room with a cup of coffee to sober up her maudlin husband, who, for some unexplained reason, had previously borrowed a pistol from an acquaintance. One story is that he was snapping the pistol to show it was unloaded. The moment his wife fell he seemed to become sober, and falling on her prostrate body, embraced and kissed her until his face, hands and garments were covered with blood. Fevert is reported insane to-day. Three children are left motherless by this horrible affair.

The killing of Samuel Calvert, the oldest keeper in the House of Refuge, on Randall's Island, though committed by a boy, Justin Dunn, only sixteen years old, was one of the most desperate in the record of prison murders. The deed was deliberately planned in the spirit of revenge, Dunn being one of the most refractory boys in the institution, and frequently doing penance in solitary cell. When the whistle sounded for the boys to enter their cells, all complied except Dunn. Calvert attempted to push him in, when Dunn suddenly plunged upon him with a sharp shoemaker's knife he had concealed. The shock threw the keeper over, and Dunn's first thrusts missed their mark. Some of the boys attempted to rescue Calvert, but Dunn, by a furious effort, rushed again at the fallen keeper and made a terrible gash in his leg, sundering the femoral artery and causing death in four hours. Deceased was severe with refractory boys, but a great favorite with the better disposed. He was fifty years old, and leaves a family

The third murder happened in a drinking saloon on Forty-second street, Peter Casey, a carman, shooting Patrick Murphy, a street car driver, in the left breast. Both men were drunk in a Thompson street drinking den last night.

Jerry Coffee, after having a quarrel with William Curley, sneaked up behind him with a revolver and tried to shoot him in the back, but his aim being wild, a flesh wound in Curley's shoulder was the result.

This is a special dispatch to the St. Louis *Republican*:

NEW YORK, March 19.—The Democratic papers claim that the Republican majority in the New York Legislature is in secret consultation to make a fresh raid on the patronage of the metropolis. It is alleged its object is now to get Fenton, Conkling, Greeley and the customhouse to agree in framing important measures: First, a metropolitan police bill for New York, Kings, Staten Island, Queens and Westchester, with an Albany made commission; second, an Albany made health commissioner, which includes inspection of buildings, reorganization of the fire department, and other branches of the city government; third, a commercial port bill, to take in all State offices for the port of New York, and provide for the administration of affairs of public works; fourth, the removal of certain officials, including Mayor Hall; fifth, reorganization of tax office, to get rid of Tax Commissioner Sands, with provisions to cut off official heads in the dock commission, Fields in the park commission, Bell and associates in charities and correction, and Hinchman in the fire commission.

The Mobile *Herald* of March 14 pays the following compliment to our United States Senator, J. R. West:

We have received a pamphlet copy of a speech delivered by Hon. J. R. West, of Louisiana, in the United States Senate, upon the subject of the sale of arms to French agents. We have not read the sayings of any member of the Senate, during the course of the long debate upon this subject, with which we were better, if as well pleased. The Senator's remarks are clear, calm and dignified, and evince throughout the desire to be perfectly fair. The Republicans of Louisiana could not easily have found an abler man than Mr. West to send to the United States Senate.

The Monroe *Intelligencer* says:

We see that the Postmaster General has advertised for proposals, to be sent in before the first of April, for carrying the mails over the following routes:

Arcadia, by Sparta, to Ringgold, twice a week.

Forksville to Indian Village, once a week.

Farmerville, by Spearsville, to Eldorado, once a week.

Rayville to Redmouth, once a week.

These routes were established through the energetic efforts of Hon. Frank Morey, our member of Congress during the last session.

LAWS OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 13.

AN ACT

To authorize the police jury of the parish of Red River to issue bonds for certain purposes.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State Louisiana in General Assembly convened, That for the purpose of building a courthouse and jail, and paying the indebtedness of the parish, the police jury of the parish of Red River are hereby authorized to issue the bonds of said parish, duly signed by the president and treasurer of said police jury, and bearing the impression of the parish seal.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That the bonds so issued shall not exceed in amount the sum of twenty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, and shall be of such denomination and form as the police jury may prescribe. They shall be made payable to bearer, one, two, three, four five, six, seven, eight, nine and ten years after date, respectively, with coupons attached, and shall bear interest at the rate of eight per cent, payable semi-annually upon the presentation to the parish treasurer. They may be sold under the direction and control of the police jury, on the most advantgeous terms.

SEC. 3. Be it further enacted, etc., That in order to provide a fund for the payment of the semi-annual interest and bonds as they become due, the police jury of said parish is hereby authorized and required, within thirty days after the assessment roll of said parish shall have been completed, or as soon thereafter as possible, to determine what rate of taxation on the total assessed value of all the movable and immovable property in said parish will be sufficient for the purpose of paying the said bonds as they become due, and the said semi-annual interest and said tax, as annually determined and ascertained, is hereby levied upon all movable and immovable property that may be annually assessed in said parish, and it shall be the duty of the said police jury to enforce the collection of said tax in the same manner as the law provides or may hereafter provide, for the collection of all other parish taxes. Said tax, when collected, shall be applied exclusively to the purposes mentioned in this act, and said tax shall be payable in United States currency.

SEC. 4. Be it further enacted, etc., That until the final payment of the bonds authorized to be issued by this act, it shall be the duty of the police jury of said parish to apply the proceeds of the tax, collected by authority of this act, to the redemption of said bonds, in such manner as may be deemed by them most advantageous to the best interests of the parish.

SEC. 5. Be it further enacted, etc., That all expenses necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this act shall be be paid by the parish; and this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

(Signed) O. H. BREWSTER.
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) P. B. S. PINCHBACK.
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 4, 1872.
(Signed) H. C. WARMOTH.
Governor of Louisiana.

A true copy:
F. J. HERRON,
Secretary of State.

No. 17.

AN ACT

To amend and re-enact sections one, seven, forty-nine, fifty-six, sixty-one, sixty-six, seventy-five and seventy-seven of an act entitled "An act to provide revenue; to levy and collect taxes; to prescribe certain penalties and forfeitures; to provide for the creation and removal of revenue officers, and to define their duties; to punish certain crimes and misdemeanors; to create liens and mortgages in favor of the State in certain cases; to regulate the manner of the payment of moneys from the treasury; to prescribe certain duties of justices of the peace, State and parish officers; to provide for the collection of back taxes or licenses," approved March three, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, and relative to fees of the Auditor of Public Accounts, and to repeal all acts inconsistent therewith.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened, That section one of the act recited in the above mentioned title, and approved March three, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, be so amended and re-enacted as to read as follows:

That an annual ad valorem tax of four mills on each dollar of the valuation for each year of all the real and personal property in this State subject to taxation shall be assessed, levied and collected in current moneys: provided, that two mills of said tax may be paid in State warrants; provided further, that all warrants known as "free school warrants" shall be receivable for general tax and licenses for the purposes of supporting the government of the State, of paying the public debt and of promoting the public interests; said tax to be levied upon the following described property:

First—All lands and lots of ground lying within this State owned or claimed by any person or corporation, whether patented or not, including in the assessment thereof all houses, machinery, fixtures and improvements of any kind thereon or appertaining thereto.

Second—All horses, mares, geldings, mules, jacks, jennies, all neat cattle, all sheep, hogs and goats.

Third—All carriages or vehicles, whether with two or four wheels, kept for pleasure, use, or hire.

Fourth—Shares of stock or interest in steamboats, ships, brigs, schooners and all other water crafts, whether at home or abroad.

Fifth—All moneys loaned or in possession.

Sixth—All capital invested or employed each year in trade, traffic, merchandise, or any kind of compromise.

Seventh—The property, of whatever kind, of all corporations over and above their capital stock, and all money and funds held by any such corporation in trust or deposit for persons or corporations of this State, and used in trade or commerce for the benefit of such persons or corporations.

Eighth—The capital stock of all banks or corporations doing business in this State, not expressly exempted from taxation by their charters granted by this State.

Ninth—Household goods, silver plate and jewelry, to an amount in excess of five hundred dollars in each household.

That section seven of the act recited in the above mentioned title, and approved March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, be so amended and re-enacted as to read as follows:

That no city or other municipal corporation shall levy a tax for any purpose which shall exceed two and three-quarters per centum on the assessed cash value of all the property therein listed for taxation, except the city of New Orleans, which may levy a tax of two and three-quarters per centum; nor shall the police jury of any parish levy a tax for any parish purposes, except to pay indebtedness incurred prior to the passage of this act, during any year, which shall exceed one hundred per centum of the State tax for that year, unless such excess, whether levied by village, city or parochial authorities, shall first be sanctioned by a vote of a majority of the said voters of said village, city or parish, at an election held for that purpose. No per capita tax, except the poll tax authorized by the constitution, shall be assessed or collected in this State.

That section forty-nine of the act recited in the above mentioned title, and approved March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, be so amended and re-enacted as to read as follows:

That the tax collectors, outside of the city of New Orleans, shall receive annually, as compensation for making the assessment of taxable property, five per centum on the amount of taxes assessed or levied on such property. The Board of Assessors for the city of New Orleans shall receive annually, as compensation for making an assessment of taxable property, two per centum on the amount of taxes assessed or levied on such property. The poll tax shall be no longer a subject of assessment, the compensation so fixed to be paid in the manner provided by law, after a copy of the roll, to be lodged with the Auditor of Public Accounts shall have been received by him; provided, that no tax collector outside of the city of New Orleans shall receive less than three hundred dollars nor more than two thousand dollars for performing the duties herein imposed on him by this section. Each assessor for the city of New Orleans shall be allowed a payment in advance upon his earnings, as such, in the sum of two thousand dollars, and such advance shall be payable to such assessors, respectively, in two equal installments, one thereof on the first day of April, and the other thereof on the first day of July of each year; and the advances so made shall be deducted from the compensation to which said assessors will be entitled on their final settlement with the Auditor of Public Accounts.

That section fifty-six of the act recited in the above mentioned title, and approved March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, be so amended and re-enacted as to read as follows:

"That in all cases of neglect or refusal to pay their licenses, of any description, by any person, firm, company or corporation doing business in this State, the tax collectors shall give ten days' written or printed notice to such delinquent taxpayer to pay such license; and if, at the expiration of said notice, the licenses, together with all costs, be not fully settled, the tax collector may, without any legal formality, proceed to seize and sell, after ten days' advertisement, the property, rights and credits of such delinquent taxpayer, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the claims of the State, as aforesaid, together with all legal costs and charges.

That section sixty-one of the act recited in the abovementioned title, and approved March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, be amended by adding the following words, viz:

That the tax collectors shall be authorized and required to collect all back taxes not overdue more than two years, for which they shall received a commission of ten per cent on all collections."

That section sixty-six of the act recited in the above mentioned title, and approved March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, be so amended and re-enacted as to read as follows:

That on the second Monday of December in each year it shall be the duty of every tax collector in every parish of the State to render to the parish recorder thereof, and in the city of New Orleans to the recorder of mortgages, a list, in alphabetical order, of the names of the owners of all lands or lots within his parish or district, on which all taxes and penalties due by such owner have not been paid or fully realized by a sale of the property assessed; and he shall distinctly set forth that, after diligent inquiry, he could not find other property liable to seizure and sale sufficient to pay the taxes due, which list shall contain a description of the lands and lots, as set forth in his assessment rolls. The following oath shall be attached to such list:

I, ———, tax collector of ——— parish, or district, do solemnly swear that the taxes on the lands, or lots, in the above list have not been paid by the owners thereof for the year ——; that I have received no other part of the same than as therein set forth, and that after diligent inquiry I have found no other property liable to seizure and sale for the same. So help me God.

A—— B——, Tax Collector,
Parish of ———.

All fees, now allowed by law to the Auditor of Public Accounts for services, as such, or otherwise, shall be paid into the State treasury, and be placed to the credit of the interest tax fund.

That section seventy-five of the act recited in the above mentioned title, and approved March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, and be so amended and re-enacted to read as follows:

That the following compensation is hereby allowed to tax collectors for collecting the taxes levied on the assessment rolls, to be computed on the sums actually collected and paid into the State treasury, to wit: In all parishes except the city of New Orleans, collectors shall receive ten per cent commission on all taxes and licenses collected by them and paid into the State treasury; in the city of New Orleans tax collectors shall receive, on all taxes collected by them and paid into the State treasury, in the First District two and a half per cent; in the Second District three per cent; in the Third and Fourth Districts tax collectors shall receive, on all taxes collected by them and paid into the treasury, a commission of eight per cent; in the Fifth District the tax collector shall receive, on all taxes collected by him and paid into the treasury, a commission of ten per cent; in the Sixth District the tax collector shall receive, on all taxes collected by him and paid into the treasury, a commission of ten per cent. In addition to the aforesaid compensation, each tax collector shall be entitled to collect and receive from each taxpayer, after the publication of the notice required by law, twenty-five cents for each notice and two dollars for each seizure made and suit brought."

That section seventy-seven of the act recited in the above mentioned title, and approved March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, be so amended and re-enacted as to read as follows:

That within the first five days of every month it shall be the duty of the tax collectors in and for the city of New Orleans to have their respective accounts settled for all taxes collected or moneys received on account of the State during the preceding month, and to pay the same over to the State treasury, and for that purpose the said tax collectors shall make and transmit to the Auditor of Public Accounts a statement whether they have or have not collected any taxes or licenses within the preceding month, and with an oath taken and subscribed appended thereto that the same contains a faithful account of all taxes collected and the amount received, if any, from licenses to persons pursuing trades, professions or taxed occupations, and it shall be the duty of the several tax collectors of the other parishes of this State to have their accounts settled, and to make payment and statement as hereinbefore prescribed, within the first ten days of April, July and October, respectively, for all taxes collected and moneys received for licenses for the preceding quarter, and such payments and statements for the last quarter shall be made at the time prescribed in the final settlement of the year; provided, that all tax collectors shall be and are hereby authorized, in making each settlement with the Auditor of Public Accounts, to deduct from such settlement the amount of commissions to which they are entitled by law for collecting licenses and taxes. The amount of parish taxes collected shall be paid and accounted for quarterly in like manner to the parish treasurer.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That all laws or parts of laws in conflict with the provisions of this act be and the same are hereby repealed, and that this act take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

(Signed) O. H. BREWSTER.
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) P. B. S. PINCHBACK.
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 6, 1872.
(Signed) H. C. WARMOTH.
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:
F. J. HERRON,
Secretary of State.

No. 19.

AN ACT

To incorporate the Pacific Fire Company No. 1, of the town of Alexandria, in the parish of Rapides, State of Louisiana.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened, That James W. Osborn, John M. Bassett, W. S. Ridge, B. H. DeSola, W. T. Rodgers, John T. Ferguson and T. T. Peterman, etc., citizens of the city of Alexandria, are hereby created an independent fire company, by the name of the Pacific Fire Company. It shall be the duty of said company to keep their engine, hose, etc., in good order and repair, and on the alarm of fire to go to it with dispatch, and to assist in extinguishing the fire. The said company shall not be less in number than seventy officers and members.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That a majority of said company, as soon as thirty names have been subscribed, shall have power and authority to form and establish such by-laws and rules, not inconsistent with the laws of the State, for its government as such majority may think proper; and that such fines and penalties as they may prescribe for the government of its officers and members may and shall be collected and enforced before any justice of the peace within the town and city of Alexandria, or in any court of competent jurisdiction.

SEC. 3. Be it further enacted, etc., That said Pacific Fire Company and their successors be capable of suing and being sued in any of the courts in this State, and they and their successors, by their corporate name, shall be capable of purchasing and conveying any estate, real or personal, for the use of the company.

SEC. 4. Be it further enacted, etc., That it shall be the duty of the foreman of said company to furnish to the sheriff of the parish of Rapides and to the officers commanding the militia, if there is such, a list of the names of the members of the company.

SEC. 5. Be it further enacted, etc., That the officers of said company shall consist of a foreman, a first assistant, a second assistant, a financial secretary, a treasurer, and such other officers as it may elect.

SEC. 6. Be it further enacted, etc., That this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

(Signed) O. H. BREWSTER.
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) P. B. S. PINCHBACK.
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 6, 1872.
(Signed) H. C. WARMOTH.
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:
F. J. HERRON,
Secretary of State.

No. 20.

AN ACT

To incorporate an independent hook and ladder fire company of the town of Alexandria, parish of Rapides, State of Louisiana.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened, That A. B. Rachal, E. A. Boissot, W. W. Whittington, L. Bogan, J. E. Bailey, P. W. Linskie, J. P. Grogan, R. P. Hunter, Thomas Crawley, Jacob Ringgold, etc., citizens of the town of Alexandria, are hereby incorporated as an independent hook and ladder fire company, by the name of Stonewall Independent Hook and Ladder Fire Company No. 1. It shall be the duty of said company to keep their hooks and ladders, etc., in good order and repair, and on the alarm of fire to go to it with dispatch, and to assist in extinguishing the fire. The said company shall not be less in number than seventy, officers and members.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That a majority of said company, as soon as thirty names have been subscribed, shall have power and authority to form and establish such by-laws and rules, not inconsistent with the laws of the State, for its government, as such majority may think proper; and that such fines and penalties as they may prescribe for the government of its officers and members may and shall be enforced and collected before any justice of the peace within the town of Alexandria, or any court of competent jurisdiction.

SEC. 3. Be it further enacted, etc., That said Stonewall Independent Hook and Ladder Fire Company Number One, and their successors, be capable of suing and being sued in any of the courts of this State, and they and their successors, by their corporate name, shall be capable of purchasing and conveying any estate, real or personal, for the use of the company.

SEC. 4. Be it further enacted, etc., That the officers and members of said Stonewall Independent Hook and Ladder Fire Company No. 1 shall, at all times, be exempted from serving on juries, and from military duty; and it shall be the duty of the foreman of said company to furnish to the sheriff of the town of Alexandria and parish of Rapides, and to the officer commanding the militia, if there is such, a list of the names of the members of the said company.

SEC. 5. Be it further enacted, etc., That the officers of said company shall consist of a foreman, first assistant, second assistant, recording secretary, financial secretary, treasurer, and such other officers as it may elect.

SEC. 6. Be it further enacted, etc., That this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

(Signed) O. H. BREWSTER.
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) P. B. S. PINCHBACK.
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 6, 1872.
(Signed) H. C. WARMOTH.
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:
F. J. HERRON,
Secretary of State.

No. 3.

AN ACT

Appropriating to Mrs. Ellen B. Dunn, widow of the late Lieutenant Governor Oscar J. Dunn, the balance of the salary that would have been due him had he lived to the end of his term of service.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened, That there be and is hereby appropriated out of any money now or hereafter in the State treasury, not otherwise appropriated, to Mrs. Ellen B. Dunn, widow of the late Lieutenant Governor Oscar J. Dunn, the balance of the amount of salary that would have been due him as Lieutenant Governor from the day of his death to the end of his term of service, had he survived, and that the same be paid on the warrant of the said Mrs. Ellen B. Dunn on the Auditor of Public Accounts. This appropriation not to interfere with the salary of the present Lieutenant Governor.

(Signed) O. H. BREWSTER.
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) P. B. PINCHBACK.
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved February 10, 1872.
(Signed) H. C. WARMOTH.
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:
F. J. HERRON,
Secretary of State.

No. 12.

AN ACT

To amend an act entitled "An act defining the distances from the domiciles of members of the General Assembly to the State House, fixing the mode of ascertaining the per diem of members of the General Assembly for the time engaged in going to and returning from the State House, and their mileage to be paid, and the number of employes of the General Assembly and their compensation, and defining their duties, and making an appropriation to defray the expenses of the General Assembly, and to repeal act No. 52 of 1869."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened, That section eleven of said act be amended and re-enacted to read as follows: That the Committees on Contingent Expenses of both houses of the General Assembly shall keep a regular set of books, crediting the State with the amount of the per diem and mileage of members, per diem of employes, and the contingent fund set apart for their respective houses, and debiting the State with payment made on any of the above accounts daily, so as to have the account made up at the end of each business day of the session, and shall also open an account with each member and employe, on contingent account, charging the amount due them, and crediting them with payment made as they are made. The chairman of the Committee on Contingent Expenses shall, upon the production of the certificate required by this act, draw his warrant upon the Warrant Clerk of each house for the amount due the member or employe, which warrant shall be countersigned by the presiding officer of the respective houses, if he finds the same correct, and the Warrant Clerk is hereby directed to warrant on the fiscal agent for the amount, to be paid out of the funds provided therefor. The President of the Senate and Speaker of the House shall, by themselves or their clerks, at any time, have the right to examine all books required to be kept by the Warrant Clerk and Committee on Contingent Expenses of either house, and the vouchers in the possession of said respective committees and Warrant Clerk, as the case may be, and other evidence they may desire, to ascertain whether such warrants issued are correct and the amounts legally due. Said book shall be kept posted up at the end of each business day during the session, and be opened to the inspection of any member of each house. The money appropriated for contingent expense of each house shall be paid on the warrant of the chairman of the Committee on Contingent Expenses, approved by the presiding officer of the respective houses, drawn on the Warrant Clerk. The warrants shall be drawn by the Warrant Clerk on the fiscal agent, in favor of the persons to whom the amount may be due.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That section thirteen of the said act be amended and re-enacted to read as follows: That there be and is hereby appropriated the sum of two hundred thousand dollars to pay the per diem and mileage of the members of the General Assembly and the officers and employes and the contingent expenses thereof, for the session commencing on the first day of January, A. D. eighteen hundred and seventy-two, and for the extra session of the Senate held on the sixth and seventh days of December, A. D. eighteen hundred and seventy-one, payable out of any money in the State treasury to the credit of the general fund; and that if there be not sufficient funds in the State treasury to meet this appropriation, that the Auditor of Public Accounts be and he is hereby directed to issue warrants on the State treasury in denominations of five thousand dollars each, in favor of the Governor of the State, who is hereby authorized and empowed to procure a loan of the said sum of two hundred thousand dollars by executing a note to be signed by him, as Governor of the State, to which may be annexed the warrants above authorized to be issued to him, as collateral security for the payment of such loan; said warrants to be registered in the office of the State Treasurer, and paid out of any money now in the State treasury to the credit of the general fund, and out of the first money which shall be paid into the treasury to the credit of the general fund, until all the warrants issued under the appropriation made in this act shall have been paid; provided, that the warrants heretofore registered in accordance with the provisions of act No. 22 of the acts of 1871 shall be paid in their proper order; that said money, so borrowed, shall be deposited in the State treasury, one hundred and forty thousand dollars to the credit of the House of Representatives, and sixty thousand dollars to the credit of the Senate of Louisiana, to be drawn upon the warrant of the Warrant Clerk, countersigned by the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House, as the case may be, by the chairman of the Committee on Contingent Expenses of the respective houses. The amounts so drawn shall be deposited, in United States currency, in the Citizens' Bank of Louisiana, to the credit of the respective houses, and shall be disbursed upon the check of the Warrant Clerk, in settlement, first, of the mileage and per diem of members, officers, employes and contingent expenses of the session of eighteen hundred and seventy-two, and the extra session of the Senate, convened December sixth, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, and the Warrant Clerk is hereby directed to make no payment except upon vouchers drawn upon him by the Committee on Contingent Expenses, and countersigned by the presiding officers of the respective houses; that no warrant shall be issued by the Committee on Contingent Expenses, and countersigned by the officers of either the House or Senate, except for the mileage and per diem of the members and employes, and contingent expenses of either house for this session and the extra session of the Senate in December, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, it being understood by this proviso that no warrant issued by either house prior to the sixth day of December, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, in the Senate, and first day of January, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, in the House of Representatives, shall be paid out of the money appropriated by this act, and the checks issued by the Warrant Clerk in payment of the mileage, per diem and contingent expenses of the General Assembly shall be countersigned by the chairman of the Committee on Contingent Expenses, whose duty it is hereby made to keep a separate register and numbers of all checks so issued by the Warrant Clerk and countersigned by him, and make a statement each day to their respective houses, which shall be laid upon the desks of the Chief Clerk or Secretary for the inspection of the members of the General Assembly.

SEC. 3. Be it further enacted, etc., That this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

(Signed) O. H. BREWSTER,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) P. B. S. PINCHBACK,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved February 26, 1872.
(Signed) H. C. WARMOTH.
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

A true copy:
F. J. HERRON,
Secretary of State.

No. 14.

AN ACT

To provide a revenue, and grant and collect licenses, to prescribe certain penalties and certain duties of judges of courts, justices of the peace, State and parish officers, and to repeal all acts inconsistent herewith.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened, That there shall be levied and collected an annual amount as a license or tax:

First—From each male inhabitant over the age of twenty-one years, not attached to the army or navy of the United States, the sum of one dollar, ninety per cent of which shall be appropriated exclusively to the support of public schools in the parish in which the sum is paid, and the balance placed in the State treasury to the credit of the Charity Hospital fund.

Second—From each wholesale or wholesale and retail merchant, dealer or trader, from each importer or dealer in bar stores, one hundred dollars; from each and every retail merchant, fifteen dollars.

Third—From each keeper of a warehouse, cotton or lumber yard, or other place of public storage for hire, fifty dollars.

Fourth—From each keeper of a livery stable, sale stable or yard, or livery and sale stable, with stalls or other accommodations for horses or mules, twenty-five dollars; for every public hack, twenty-five dollars.

Fifth—From each keeper or proprietor of a distillery, except distilleries used exclusively in distilling from fruit or turpentine, three hundred dollars; from each keeper or proprietor or manufacturer of cordials, liquors, wines or syrups, one hundred dollars; from each keeper of a distillery from fruit or turpentine exclusively, and for the keeper or proprietor of a brewery, fifty dollars; provided, that no license shall be required from any person who distils from fruit for his own use and not for sale.

Sixth—From each proprietor or keeper of every billiard saloon, bowling alley or pistol gallery in which there is but one table, alley or target, twenty-five dollars; where there are two tables, alleys or targets, forty dollars; where there are more than two tables, alleys or targets, two dollars additional on each table, alley or target.

Seventh—From the managers or lessees of a theatre, concert saloon, opera house or museum, five hundred dollars; from the owner of any coffeehouse or beer saloon where theatrical plays, dancing or singing are performed, whether with or without admission fee, one thousand dollars; from each proprietor of a show, menagerie, race course or cockpit, in the city of New Orleans, five hundred dollars; provided, that no distinction shall be made on account of race or color; and any violation of this proviso shall incur forfeiture of such license.

Eighth—From each keeper of a cotton press, cotton pickery or ginnery, two hundred and fifty dollars; provided, that this article shall not apply to cotton gins on plantations.

Ninth—From each fortune-teller, astrologer, clairvoyant, five hundred dollars.

Tenth—From the proprietors of all coffeehouses, bar rooms, grog shops, beer saloons, or gardens, or cabarets, eighty-five dollars; from the proprietors of all bars kept on steamboats owned and registered in this State, fifty dollars; all retail groceries selling or giving away liquors by the glass, shall pay, in addition to the grocery license, a coffeehouse license; and each retail grocer or dealer in distilled liquors in the State of Louisiana, without such additional license, and who shall keep for sale, sell, or give away, either by himself or by any employe, distilled liquor in less quantity than one gallon, shall be liable to a fine of one hundred dollars for each and every offense, to be recovered by motion by any person, after five days' previous notice, before any justice court, which, when recovered shall be paid by such justice to the State Treasurer for the benefit of the Charity Hospital fund.

Eleventh—From each proprietor or keeper of a restaurant, eating house, oyster saloon or refreshment saloon, in which cakes, ice cream, and other refreshments are furnished, one hundred dollars; provided, however, that it shall be the duty of the Auditor of Public Accounts to have printed on the face of all State licenses issued by tax collectors throughout the State, article thirteen of the Constitution of this State.

Twelfth—Every person keeping a hotel for the entertainment of transient persons or travelers, two hundred and fifty dollars; every keeper of a country inn, twenty-five dollars; every keeper of a private or public boarding house for the entertainment of persons by the week, month, or year, twenty five dollars; every keeper of a lodging house for the accommodation of night lodgers only, fifty dollars; provided, however, that it shall be the duty of the Auditor of Public Accounts to have printed on the face of all State licenses issued to the keepers of aforesaid places throughout the State the provisions of article thirteen of the constitution.

Thirteenth—From each peddler or hawker who peddles or carries goods, wares, merchandise or groceries for sale, or sells through this State in a boat or other water craft, one hundred dollars; in a vehicle by horses or mules, fifty dollars; on foot, ten dollars.

Fourteenth—From each broker, acting as agent between buyer and seller for percentage or other consideration, in the sale of real estate, produce, merchandise for freight, and from each factor or commission merchant, ship or steamboat agent, one hundred dollars; from each money, stock, note, exchange and insurance broker, one hundred dollars; from each auctioneer, thirty dollars, and from each pawn broker and keeper of junk store, five hundred dollars.

Fifteenth—From each agent or representative of an insurance company, by or under the laws of this State, and transacting an insurance business therein, one thousand dollars; from each insurance company or agency not chartered by this State, but transacting business therein, one thousand dollars; from each insurance company or agency not chartered by the State but transacting an insurance business therein, one thousand dollars; provided, that no insurance company whose license tax shall be one thousand dollars shall be liable to any assessment, State, parish or municipal throughout the State, other than that imposed by this article and by section six of this act; from each banking company or private banker or agency, unless exempted by a charter from this State or the United States, one thousand dollars.

Sixteenth—From each notary public, thirty dollars.

Seventeenth—From each apothecary or druggist, fifty dollars; provided, that no druggist shall be licensed except he shall have a diploma of some medical or pharmaceutical society. From each physician and attorney at law, twenty dollars; provided, that before any physician, surgeon, or midwife, can obtain a license, he, she or they shall comply with the requirements of section 2677 of the Revised Statutes, except those who are exempted from such requirements by section 2681 of said act. Each attorney-at-law, before practicing in any court in this State, shall have his license under this law recorded in a minute book kept by the clerk of such court for that purpose; and no judge, justice of the peace, or recorder, shall allow any lawyer to practice in his court until this law is complied with. Any judge, justice or recorder violating this act shall be liable to a fine of five hundred dollars, to be recovered before a district court, to be sued for by the district attorney or Attorney General, one half to go to the informer, and the prosecuting attorney to receive a fee of fifty dollars in each case from the amount recovered. And any physician who shall falsely pretend to have been a professor of any medical college, or to hold literary or professional titles to which he is not entitled, shall be forever barred from a right to practice medicine in this State, and a failure to supply evidence to substantiate any claim to such titles by proper diploma, or other documentary or other satisfactory evidence, shall, on conviction, be imprisoned in the State Penitentiary not less than six months nor more than five years.

Eighteenth—That the only legal evidence that a license has been paid shall be the appropriate form of license issued by the Auditor, and no receipt issued by a tax collector in place of the license itself shall be valid.

Nineteenth—From each and every butcher or market dealer of any kind, from each and every person who keeps a stand or stall in a market place, five dollars.

Twentieth—From each merchant tailor, one hundred dollars.

Twenty-first—From every contractor, sub-contractor and stevedore, twenty dollars.

Twenty-second—From the owner of every coffee stand, or soda or mineral water fountain, fruit stand or stall of any kind on the streets, or tombola, ten dollars.

Twenty-third—From every incorporated company other than a railroad, whether domestic or foreign, engaged in transporting merchandise in this State, one hundred dollars.

Twenty-fourth—From the owner of every towboat for public use or hire in the waters of this State, one hundred dollars.

Twenty-fifth—From the proprietor of every transient circus, menagerie or other public show or exhibition, twenty-five dollars, in advance, for each performance or exhibition.

Twenty-sixth—From every traveling agent or employe of any merchantile house, who sells or contracts for the sale of goods, wares and merchandise, by sample or otherwise, shall pay a license tax of one hundred dollars; and any such agent or employe who shall, when called upon to do so, fail to pay said license tax, shall be subject to a fine of one hundred dollars, recoverable as other fines for every sale thus made, one-half of which shall go to the informer: provided, that when such agent or employe represents a house which has paid a State license tax he shall only be liable for the license imposed by the parish or municipal corporation in which he proposes to sell.

Twenty-seventh—Every person having more than one shop, store or other establishment, or who shall exercise or follow more than one profession, trade, calling or business, shall pay the tax on each separately.

Twenty-eighth—Each partner of any firm doing business in the State, in any line of occupation, whether resident or non-resident, active or silent, shall pay a license as herein prescribed.

Twenty-ninth—Parties having a tax assessed againt them other than real estate, shall not receive a license to pursue their occupation until they shall pay the tax due upon such assessment.

Thirtieth—All forfeitures collected as herein expressed in the country parishes or rural districts, be paid over to the parish treasurer, for the exclusive use of the poor of the parish, to be expended as directed by the police juries of the several parishes, instead of the Charity Hospital of New Orleans.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That from and after the passage of this act it shall not be lawful for any person or corporation to carry on or pursue, practice or follow any of the trades, professions or occupations enumerated in the foregoing sections of this act, in the State, before paying the tax levied thereon, and obtaining a license therefor, if not already licensed, from the collector of the State taxes; and no person or corporation carrying on a profession, business or occupation subject to the payment of a license, as herein provided, shall be allowed to collect any claims for services rendered in such professions, business or occupation, unless he, she or it can, upon demand, exhibit the tax collector's receipt for such license, according to law; and a failure to exhibit such license receipt, by any person or corporation liable to such license, shall, in any suit instituted by him,