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VOLUME V—NO. 304. NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, APRIL 2, 1872. WHOLE NUMBER 1524.

AMUSEMENTS.

VARIETIES THEATRE.
EXTRA ANNOUNCEMENT.
Monday Evening, April 1, and Every Evening
AND
SATURDAY MATINEE.
MR. LAWRENCE BARRETT
Will appear in his great part of
HENRI DE LAGARDERE,
In Brougham's Grand Drama, the
DUKE'S MOTTO; Or, I AM HERE.
Produced in a style of
UNEXAMPLED GRANDEUR.

Prologue—THE ASSASSINATION.
Act First—THE LITTLE PARISIAN.
Act Second—THE DEAD SPEAKS.
Act Third—THE REGENT'S BALL and THE GLOVE SIGNAL.
Act Fourth—DUEL TO THE DEATH.

New Scenery.
New Dresses,
And a
Great Cast.
THE EVENT OF THE SEASON.
mh30 tf

OPERA HOUSE.....OPERA HOUSE.
Tuesday, April 2, 1872.
SI J'ETAIS ROI,
Opera in three acts.
To conclude by a Vaudeville in three acts,
LE SOURD.
Thursday, April 4—Benefit of Mr. DELABRANCHE—LE PROPHETE.
Doors open at half-past six; performance to commence at half-past seven o'clock. ap2 1t

EXTRA.....EXTRA.
MR. STUART ROBSON'S BENEFIT
Will occur at the Varieties Theatre on MONDAY EVENING NEXT, when he will appear in four characters: A SEA SICK TOBACCONIST—EVERYBODY'S FRIEND—JONES' BABY—HAMLET, OR, WEARING OF THE BLACK.
Robson as Jones, De Boots, Shortcut, and Hamlet. Seats can now be secured. ap2 3t*

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.
BEN DeBAR.....Proprietor.
Continued success of the
WYNDHAM COMEDY COMPANY.
To-night, Tuesday, April 2,
Repetition, by request, of the comedy of
SARATOGA.
Pronounced the most brilliant comedy of the season.
In preparation, a new and original comedy entitled
FRIENDS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
EXTRAORDINARY EASTER ATTRACTION.
Monday April 1, 1872,
EVERY EVENING until further notice, and SATURDAY MATINEE, the little wonder,
PERCY ROSELLE,
In his farewell performances. First time in America of the entirely original four-act drama, entitled the
—COMMANDMENT; OR, THOU SHALT NOT—.
And by desire of the press, and in answer to numerous applications at the box office, the drama will be preceded by the celebrated PRISON SCENE from Shakespeare's KING JOHN, as enacted by PERCY ROSELLE for one hundred nights at Drury Lane, London, and at Niblo's Garden, New York, and which has stamped him as an artist of unprecedented quality.
MONDAY, April 8—BLACK CROOK. mh31

VARIETIES THEATRE.
LORRAINE ROGERS.....Business Manager
Monday, April 1, Every Evening and Saturday Matinee.
Mr. LAWRENCE BARRETT in John Brougham's great Sensational Drama, played by him over one thousand nights, entitled
DUKE'S MOTTO; Or, I AM HERE.
At great expense in a style of unexcelled grandeur.
GEORGE CLARKE. STUART ROBSON.
MISS IONE BURKE. MISS M. E. GORDON.
And the Star Company.
Wednesday Matinee, April 3—THE RIVALS.
In Active Preparation—JULIUS CÆSAR.
Friday, April 5—Benefit of George Clarke.
mh31

MAGICAL REPOSITORY.
No. 5 Camp street, Two Doors from Canal.
MAGICAL AND CONJURING TRICKS FOR HOME AMUSEMENT.
From Seventy-five Cents Each.
Purchasers made perfect in the use of each article. ap2 1t

FIRST GRAND
INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION
OF
LOUISIANA.

THE SOUTHWESTERN EXPOSITION ASSOCIATION OF NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

Will inaugurate the enterprise for which their immense new building has been erected, in the business portion of the city, by A GRAND INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION of Manufactures, Products and Arts, commencing WEDNESDAY, May 1, 1872, and continuing until WEDNESDAY, May 22, 1872, every day (Sundays excepted) from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. Open to receive goods April 15, 1872. Open to the public from May 1 to May 22, 1872.

Ample preparations have been made for the exhibition of machinery in operation, for the display of manufactures, products and works of art, and for the convenience of exhibitors and visitors. No effort or expense will be spared to make this the largest and most satisfactory exhibition ever held in the South.

The building is located in the centre of the city, is of immense size; it fronts on two of the principal business streets of the city (St. Charles and Carondelet), and is perfect in its arrangements for the purpose. The Exposition will be held in the most delightful and healthful season of the year in this section. It will be open both day and night, and is certain to attract a large attendance.

To the people of the South, and all interested in her industrial development, this Exposition offers an opportunity never before presented of seeing, collected in one mammoth building, a grand and complete display of all kinds of machinery and implements, house furnishing goods, textile fabrics, paintings, statuary, etc.

The managers, as above stated, will spare neither expense nor labor to render this Exposition both interesting and valuable to all classes of the community, and therefore urgently invite all to visit it.

SOUTHWESTERN EXPOSITION ASSOCIATION.
mh31 1m Su Th Sa New Orleans, Louisiana.

MACHINERY.

NOVELTY IRON WORKS.
Corner of Delord and New Levee streets.
WILLIAM GOLDING, PROPRIETOR.
mh9 1y

ARMSTRONG'S FOUNDRY
AND BOILER MANUFACTORY.
Corner of Erato and New Levee streets,
NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.
W. J. J. Armstrong, Manager.
Manufacturer of Vertical and Horizontal Steam Engines, Sugar Mills, Draining Machines, Saw Mills, Cotton Screws and Gearing, Iron Columns and Fronts of Buildings, Furnace Mouths, Grate Bars, Base Black, Revivifiers, Gas Retorts, Railroad Forge, etc., Low Pressure, Locomotive Flue and Cylinder Boilers of all kinds, Filters, Juice Boxes and Clarifiers, etc. ja31 1y

J. S. SIMONDS & CO.,
Nos. 19 Canal, 9 Crossman and 4 Front Streets.
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE,
IRON AND SHIP CHANDLERY,
Nails and Castings, Hoop, Sheet and Bar Iron, Manila and Tarred Cordage, Sail Duck, Plows, Shovels and Spades, Sheet Copper and Zinc, Anchors and Chains, Axes and Hoes, Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead, Paints and Oils, Blocks and Oars.
INDIA RUBBER BELTING,
Hose, Packing, and all supplies necessary for Railroads, Steamships, Plantations, etc.
Agents for the new patent
"Self-Lubricating Packing."
COPPER, TIN, SHEET IRON AND GAS WORKER
sep5 1y

Address of the Republican Central Committee.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE,
Republican Party of Louisiana.
New Orleans, March 19, 1872.

To the Republicans of the State of Louisiana:

The Republican State Central Committee having, in the discharge of the duties imposed upon them by the last State Convention, arrived at the regular period which has been set apart by the usages of the party for its State Conventions, and having authorized their President to issue the usual call therefor, deem the occasion suitable to address these brief remarks upon the political situation to their fellow Republicans. The quadrennial election for a President of the United States occurs this year. The election of this high officer of the republic, whose character and political views are so important, especially to the Republicans of the South, and whose selection almost decides our political fate for the next four years, and perhaps for the whole future, makes this election one of the deepest and most vital interest to all our people. We feel that we speak their unanimous sentiment when we invite them to respond to the call of the National Republican Committee, and advise them to send our best representative men to the Philadelphia Convention, to help in selecting a tried, true and unflinching Republican to be our next President. Our State election is also of the greatest importance. We have to elect a Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts, Superintendent of Public Education, Attorney General, a new General Assembly, and Representatives in Congress. In fact, this election is to determine a question still more important to us than who shall be the next President. It is to determine for the next four years whether the State government shall be Republican or Democratic; in favor of equal rights, or against them; in favor of progress, education and improvement for all people, black as well as white, or in favor only of white progress, education and improvement, and opposed to equal advantages for the black people; whether we shall retain all that we have won and go forward, or whether we shall lose all and go back to where we were at the close of the war.

We wish plainly and distinctly to understand the fact that all parties opposed to the Republican party, whether under the name of Democrats, Reformers, People's party, or any other title whatever, are simply the old Democratic party under new names, and have for their object but one thing, that is to throw the State government out of the control of the Republican party and into the hands of their enemies. Our people will also see that to defeat the strong and determined efforts of the enemy to again get control of the State, one thing is the great essential, that all Republicans shall be UNITED AND WORK TOGETHER. If we do this, victory is certain.

To this end, we cordially invite all true and earnest Republicans without regard to past differences, to unite in this convention and to nominate such a ticket and adopt such a platform as will command the respect and support of the whole people.

All good Republicans also desire that our party shall, as we are assured it will, declare itself decidedly, distinctly and definitely in favor of retrenchment, reform, reduction of taxes and the removal of all unnecessary burdens on commerce and trade, and in favor of equal and just legislation for all interests and all classes of persons.

By order of the committee.
J. B. S. PINCHBACK,
President.
WILLIAM VIGERS, Recording Secretary State Central Committee. mh30

Apportionment of Delegates.

By authority vested in me, and in pursuance to the following resolution unanimously adopted at a meeting of the State Central Committee of the Republican party, held March 19, 1872, at the committee rooms, to wit:—

Resolved, That the president of this committee be and is hereby authorized to call a State Convention of the Republican party of Louisiana to meet at the Mechanics' Institute, in the city of New Orleans, at twelve o'clock M. on Thursday, May 2, 1872, for the purpose of electing delegates to attend the National Republican Convention called by the National Republican Executive Committee, to be held at Philadelphia, June 5, 1872. Also, to nominate a Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts, Superintendent of Public Education, Attorney General and Representatives in Congress, and to transact such other business as may come before it.

I do hereby call a convention of the Republican party of Louisiana, to be held at Mechanics' Institute, in New Orleans, at twelve o'clock M. on THURSDAY, May 2, 1872, to select delegates to the National Republican Convention to be held at Philadelphia, June 5, 1872, and also to nominate a Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts, Attorney General and Representatives in Congress, and to transact such other business as may come before it.

The basis of representation to said convention shall be as follows, viz:

Parishes.	Number of delegates.	Parishes.	Number of delegates.
Ascension	4	St. Bernard	2
Avoyelles	4	St. Helena	2
Assumption	4	St. John Baptist	2
Baton Rouge, East	4	St. Martin	4
Baton Rouge, West	2	St. Charles	2
Bossier	2	St. James	4
Bienville	2	St. Landry	4
Calcasieu	2	St. Mary	4
Cameron	2	Tangipahoa	2
Catahoula	2	Terrebonne	2
Concordia	4	Tensas	2
Caddo	5	Union	2
Caldwell	2	Vermilion	2
Carroll	4	Red River	2
Claiborne	2	Vernon	2
De Soto	2	St. Tammany	2
Feliciana, East	4	Winn	2
Feliciana, West	4	Washington	2
Franklin	2	Webster	2
Grant	2	Orleans—	
Iberia	2	First Ward	4
Iberville	6	Second Ward	4
Jackson	2	Third Ward	3
Jefferson	4	Fourth Ward	4
Lafayette	2	Fifth Ward	6
Livingston	2	Sixth Ward	4
Lafourche	4	Seventh Ward	6
Morehouse	2	Eighth Ward	2
Madison	6	Ninth Ward	4
Natchitoches	6	Tenth Ward	4
Ouachita	4	Eleventh Ward	4
Plaquemines	4	Twelfth Ward	2
Pointe Coupee	4	Thirteenth Ward	2
Richland	2	Fourteenth Ward	2
Rapides	6	Right Bank	4

The various parish committees throughout the State are requested to call parish conventions to elect delegates according to this apportionment.

By order of the committee.
P. B. S. PINCHBACK,
President.
WILLIAM VIGERS, Recording Secretary Republican Executive Committee.

Republican papers throughout the State are requested to copy. mh31 1m

WANTED.

WANTED—ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND MEN, women and children afflicted with the following diseases: Dyspepsia, diarrhea, bilious and other fevers, general debility, nervousness, low spirits, etc.; to be cured by the celebrated Peychaud's Bitters. Price, $1 a bottle. ap30 Su We Fr 1y

AGENTS WANTED—MARK TWAIN'S NEW BOOK is now ready. A companion to "Innocents Abroad." Don't work on books no one wants, but take one people will stop you in the streets to subscribe for. "There is a time to laugh," and all who read this book will see clearly that time has arrived. For best agents' goods in America, address GOODSPEED'S EMPIRE BOOK, MAP AND PICTURE HOUSE, No. 41 Natchez street, New Orleans. mh7 3m dx W

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A DRUG STORE, WITH A SMALL and well selected stock, and fixtures will be sold on accommodating terms, as the proprietor's attention and time is devoted to other business. Address Glass Box No. 927, New Orleans Postoffice. mh27 6t

FOUND.

FOUND—A NEW FOUNDLAND PUP, ABOUT nine months old. The owner can get him by applying at this office and proving property and paying for this advertisement. mh27

LOST.

STRAYED OR STOLEN,—ON FRIDAY, March 29, from my residence on Dorgenois, between Banks and Palmyra streets, a large brown Newfoundland dog. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning him to me at my residence. WILLIAM CONDON. ap2

SIXTH DISTRICT FIREMEN

THE ANNUAL PARADE

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Sunday evening and night thousands of wistful eyes looked up from the Sixth District (City of Jefferson that was) to scan the sky, anxious as to what the weather would be on the morrow. Old Probabilities had asserted that the weather would be threatening, and he was right. Happily there was nothing moister than threats, and Monday opened pleasant, though with a hazy atmosphere.

At ten o'clock a fine carriage, in Russian fashion, with top thrown wide open, three splendid horses abreast, found our reporter, and the driver informed him that the gentlemen of Protector No. 2 had sent him for us. The invitation was not thrown away, nor will it be forgotten. A few minutes' ride, and we found ourselves in what looked very like a fourth of March celebration.

All around the old City Hall could be seen firemen, citizens, ladies and children, engines and trucks, and hose carriages. Evidently the Sixth District had turned out for a holiday, and bent on seeing the sights.

The regular annual parade day is on the thirty-first of March, but as that happened on a Sunday it was necessary for a postponement of twenty-four hours. Ample preparations had been made by the several companies and their friends, expecting to give the finest firemen's display ever known in that section, and brilliant success followed. Old citizens and new ones entered into the spirit, and for a time there was a hearty unity of feeling among all classes. Every face wore a pleasant smile, for was not that volunteer body of noble men, the firemen, to make a public display? They would form in a long line and show what they were made of once in twelve months, giving themselves up to recreation in a parade.

Immediately after eleven o'clock all the companies, guests and everything being in readiness, Mr. J. T. Michel, grand marshal, gave a signal for starting, and the cavalcade was formed without noise or commotion, led off by the following named officers:

John T. Michel, grand marshal. Aids—P. Blessey, of Pioneer No. 1; Joseph Costa, of Pioneer No. 1; G. W. Pope, of Home Hook and Ladder No. 1; J. H. A. Deilion, of Home Hook and Ladder No. 1; L. Redon, of Protector No. 2; William Thomas, of Protector No. 2; N. Fousse, of Young America No. 3; J. Weiss, of Young America No. 3.

First in the line was

Pioneer No. 1.

This sterling company, composed of broad-shouldered, hard-fisted men, citizens who delight in earning their daily bread by the sweat of their manly brows, carry the significant motto, "Ready at first call," and on that they never fail. They showed one hundred or more stalwart men on the ropes, presenting a splendid appearance. All along the route of march we noticed that this company was remembered by maids, matrons and happy children. Henry Flassoller, John Monnerjahn and Henry Bassmir were aids to the grand marshal. Alphonse With, president; J. Athenhoffer, vice president; D. Athenhoffer and Charles Seidenstraicher, secretaries; W. Wolf, treasurer; J. Gassenberger, foreman; Philip Draube and M. Redegelde, assistants.

The lads were made glad by the presence of firemen—guests from down town. Volunteer No. 1, friends of Pioneer, presented three handsome wreaths; a pretty one from C. Hahn, and another from Mr. Durouse. The horse, Prince Frederick, looked really royal, although he is what is termed a Creole pony, but he is seventeen hands high. A delegation of Carrollton firemen assisted the company in the celebration. The machine was tidy and looked as if it could render lively assistance at a fire. The Sixth District may well feel proud of its Pioneers.

Blue-shirted, lively looking boys, nearly a hundred in number, told that Home Hook and Ladder was on hand with its superb truck, which, with its strong ladders, was painted red, all embellished by wreaths and bouquets. As a worthy tribute of respect this company had a picture of a well remembered face placed on the truck—Dan O'Brien. Only one year ago he was with the company, happy and brave, but now he is dust; yet his deeds are still spoken of and lauded.

The company made a handsome appearance, and the members are well drilled. The officers are: John T. Michel, president; J. Simpson, vice president; T. G. Weiss and L. Edler, secretaries; J. Landry, treasurer; C. C. Piper, foreman; L. Lethique and J. Sabatine, assistants; B Dible, steward; M. Larthique, marshal.

On the front of the truck was a huge pair of horns, across which was stretched the glaring banter, "Come and Take Them." Several pretty wreaths and many bouquets were presented to this company. Few organizations in the land can be more effective.

A delegation from Lafayette No. 1, Jackson street, were guests and enjoyed themselves as they know how to. After the procession the members visited many of their friends and passed some happy hours, not forgetting to call on Mr. M. Lethique and Squilette Fallmer. The marshals were Messrs. J. P. Grau, M. Lethique and G. W. Pape.

Here comes the great company called Protector No. 2, whose guest we were for the day. About seventy handsome lads, in neat white uniform, black trimmings, were preceded by a delegation of Washington No. 20, guests for the occasion—a fine sight. Then came the company's hose carriage, one of the finest in the land, bearing many pieces of rich silverware, trophies of hard tought contests. The trimmings were tasty and appropriate. Following, drawn by twelve strong horses, came the pretty steamer, Lulah Garner, silver and white. The horses were blacks and whites, placed alternately, looking quite novel yet unique. The members may well be proud of the organization, and if they only had a decent engine house would be quite content. Their house is nothing but a miserable shell, unfit even for a stable, and when rain falls the machine is covered with tarpaulins to shelter it. After the parade this company returned to its "seive," where a delicate repast was spread, when guests and members fell to work nearly as lively as if they were at a fire. Several short speeches were made, Protectors and Washingtons exchanging happy sentiments. Other neat speeches were made by Captain Greathouse, Messrs. Solomon, Fox, Chevally, Burke, Collier, and Mr. Armstrong, of the *Times*, and Mr. Weichart, of the *German Gazette*. There was a delightful time altogether.

One of the pet horses of this company looked very proud in his splendid new harness, made by Mr. Weydig, No. 170 Poydras street, under direction of Mr. Parmelee, which fact should be noted, as some of our companies go abroad to purchase harness.

The marshals were Mesars. E. R. Chevally, C. J. Fox and J. H. Peyton. The company officers are:

S. F. Parmelee, president; D. Pochelu, vice president; C. E. Babcock, secretary; J. Keiffer, treasurer; H. P. Phillips, foreman; William Weidner and George Aiken, assistants; A. C. Jagot, steward.

At night the company gave a ball, but duties elsewhere prevented us from attending.

Last, but not least, appears Young America No. 3, one of the solidest companies out. Every member looked a host, while the machine was like its masters. The men were neatly uniformed, and looked every inch fire-fighters. Some of our city companies could pattern after them, and be none the worse.

The following is a list of officers: Henry Lind, president; William Perren, vice president; Jacob Stentz, treasurer; Fred Blessey, secretary; Fred Geiss, foreman; Jacob Luther and Jacob Sadler, assistants; Charles Gannenberg, steward; Fred Folger, housekeeper.

The line of march extended over many streets, some portions looking really rural. The entire route was lined with people, all gazing at the spectacle with hearty satisfaction, evidently feeling proud of their volunteer firemen. We doubt if the Sixth District boys will ever beat themselves on yesterday's display.

Mr. L. Madere is chief engineer of the department, ably assisted by Henry Dick and S. Rapp. These gentlemen are rated as No. 1 among their companions, and we think the estimate about right.

Among the city firemen who visited the Sixth District boys yesterday, we noticed Colonel Louis Power, J. T. Condon, Mr. Ballustier, John Donnellan and others, whose names we can not recall.

BOLD ROBBERY YESTERDAY

IMMENSE AMOUNT STOLEN

SIXTY-SEVEN THOUSAND IN MONEY

BILLS OF EXCHANGE TAKEN

The business community was startled yesterday by the announcement in the evening papers that an employe of the Citizens' Bank was strangely robbed of $67,000 in money and bills of exchange to a large amount. The facts are that Mr. A. Bozonier, who is runner of the Citizens' Bank, while making the customary morning exchanges in the Canal Bank at ten o'clock in the forenoon, was robbed of his portfolio, containing currency and bills of exchange. He was standing in front of the paying teller's desk in the Canal Bank, when he was accosted by a gentlemanly looking man in the rear, who asked him if he knew where Mr. J. W. Taylor kept. He turned his back to answer, and while so doing, it is supposed an associate of the man who first accosted him removed his portfolio containing the money, substituting another closely resembling it in its place.

Mr. Bozonier, who was simply awaiting his turn, finding the book lying on the counter, opened it, but to his great and unatterable surprise, found it was only a substitute, filled and stuffed with blotting paper and thirty one dollar bills. It was not ascertained what appearance the robber had, and as yet there is no clue to his whereabouts or identity. The portfolio "planted" and the one stolen were precisely alike as far as external appearances went.

Mr. Emmet, bookkeeper at the Canal Bank, saw two men enter, and, without transacting any business, leave, before the loss was discovered. The Citizens' Bank immediately made good the amount lost, and afterwards offered a reward of $12,000 for the apprehension of the thief and the return of the property.

Messrs. Izard and Farrell are employed as detectives by some of the banks, but we understand the Citizens' Bank decided not to incur that expense. It is supposed in police circles that Mr. Bozonier has been watched from day to day by the adroit thieves who slyly substituted one portfolio for another, and thus made a pile in currency. Payment of the checks and bills of exchange, so far as the Citizens' Bank knows them, have been stopped, but the bold operators may succeed in converting some of them into money.

Louisiana Jockey Club Races.

The Louisiana Jockey Club races will commence on the thirteenth instant, and continue on the sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth and twentieth, during which time there will be thirteen races for a grand total of purses and stakes of $20,000. It is a noticeable fact that this is the only club in the South that has ever offered $20,000 in purses and stakes alone, the total amount of money to be run for counting upward of $30,000. Prominent among the events are the "grand inaugural post stake, with six entries—value $4100; Louisiana stake, with fourteen entries—value $2700; and Pickwick stake, twenty-three entries—value $2075.

The horses expected to be in attendance will number over a hundred, and among them will be found the names of those whose brilliant exploits on every course in America have passed into record as among the most novel events in the history of the turf. There are already in training several stables of horses, to which will be added the horses now entered at the Metairie.

The Fair Grounds course, over which the meetings of the club will be held, has been materially improved and beautified, and in general appointments will compare favorably with any track in the United States. The course has been shortened to the exact length of a mile, the home stretch and first quarter have been widened from sixty to 115 feet; a great deal of labor has been performed in grading the track, and now, as an evidence of the state of perfection to which it has been brought, it is said there is none faster extant.

LAW SCHOOL GRADUATES.

Commencement Exercises.

A large audience attended the commencement exercises of the law department, University of Louisiana, held at Lyceum Hall yesterday, at twelve o'clock. The proceedings opened in the prayer of Rev. B. M. Palmer, he beseeching the divine blessing on the young men and their undertakings as they were about to go out into life.

In conformity to custom, the Hon. Randell Hunt, president of the University of Louisiana, of which this was the law department, then conferred the degree Bachelor of Laws upon the following gentlemen, making it the occasion of an impressive address of few words, in which he congratulated the class upon having selected the profession of law as one they would follow:

Thomas P. Chaplin, Leonard M. Finley, Samuel Jamison, Jr., Frederick D. King, Thomas Langdon, Andrew J. Murphy, James O. Nixon, Jr., E. K. Skinner, Benjamin D. Tarlton, Garrett Walker, James O. Wright.

Thomas Allen Clarke then made the address on the part of the faculty, wherein he first brought to mind the late graduation ceremonies in medicine, referring to the simplicity of American customs which ordained that all useless paraphernalia should be dispensed with, and then the address touched upon the present graduation in law, alluding to the young gentlemen as "ministers of hope," and drawing an indefinable parallel between the officer of medicine on the one hand and law upon the other. The apostrophe to law in the abstract, and its uses as illustrated by history, was next the theme of the speaker, who reviewed the track of the science of law from Justinian down to Napoleon, and from Magna Charta (so to speak) down to the Gaines suit, and drew from the whole consolation to the young aspirants, who were then pronounced endowed with the full degree of Bachelor of Laws.

Mr. Garrett Walker then delivered the valedictory address to the class. He at first bid the audience welcome, and then went into the generalities, such as the uses and powers of education, the benefits of applied labor, beside the advantages of certain principles which are axioms to the world at large. He paid a tribute to the science of law, which he characterized as a goddess, before whose eyes no ways were hidden and dark. By way of establishing the proposition of the speaker himself, of the greatest works of fiction having been founded upon events which had transpired within the pale of law, he alluded to the wealth of fiction and to the greatness of Charles Dickens, who, by the way, can scarcely be looked upon as authority upon the beauty or the nobleness of the law.

Forsaking generalities, the speaker then came down to local events, such as the history of the McDonogh case, and a sketch of the life of miserable John, and the Gaines case, with an allusion to the life and times of Daniel Clark, besides a reference to the indefatigable conduct of Myra Clark Gaines, drawing from these an illustration of the truth that the study of law was not entirely destitute of romantic and entertaining subjects of thought.

The farewell to the class was conducted according to the well understood rules of courtesy prevailing on such occasions.

The address, on the part of the Alumni, which follows, by Mr. Samuel P. Blanc, was elegantly couched in good language. It appeared to be his mission to extend the felicitations of those who had "been there before" to those who were now coming in to the ranks of a profession which, to use his own language, "is the highway to most offices of trust and profit," a beaten path trod by great statesmen. The speaker told the class of the difficulties which would beset the first entry into practice on the part of the youth, and told the truth outright, not even setting it compliments or flattery. The first case of the lawyer would probably be a loss, and he might think himself fortunate if his client did not sue him for damages. The speaker was eminently practical in the course of his address, and simply confined himself to the truth upon the question of "fees," his felicitous allusions winning with the audience, who frequently applauded the simple fact. He welcomed the young gentlemen to the law in a feeling manner, saying the old lawyers would be the best friends of the young graduates.

On the conclusion of the more scholastic exercises, the band played "Home, Sweet Home," and the audience, highly gratified, went home.

Base Ball.

The R. E. Lees played the Crescents at the Base Ball Park, resulting in a score of 22 by the former to 12 by the latter.

The next championship contest will be next Sunday at the park between the Lone Stars and the Lees.

The Excelsior played the Empire club Sunday afternoon on the Empire grounds, the Excelsiors making 72 to 10 by the Empire.

The junior clubs, Lotta and Lazy, had a contest for a purse of $50, resulting in 24 for the Lazy to 45 for the Lotta club.

The Orleans club played the Washingtons on the Clouet street grounds, when the Orleans club made 40 to 24 by the Washington.

The Morgans scored 39 to 19 by the Egg Dealers.

The R. E. Lees, Jr., made a score of 20 to 10 by the Luckies.

The Grasshoppers scored 43 to 30 by the Capitols.

Sale of Pools.

There was a large collection of sporting men in the parlors of John Hawkins last evening, to witness the dispensation of the pools of the Metairie Jockey Club.

The first race, a hurdle one, was sold to a good advantage.

The second race, two mile heats, club purse $1200, between Bacon & Holland's bay mare Nannie Douglas and Sanford's Salina, sold for $200 against $50, Salina being the favorite.

The third race, one mile and a quarter, club purse $600. The first choice, Madam Dudley, sold for $250; the second choice, Glenrose, $80. The rest sold for a nominal sum.

Throughout the entire evening Madam Dudley seemed to be the favorite. Bets of two to one were not acceptable. The disposition of the gentlemen present was to make the race of to-day one of the most successful and pleasant of the season.

BY TELEGRAPH.

LATEST NEWS FROM ALL POINTS

J. M. G. PARKER'S NOMINATION

FAVORABLE REPORT BY COMMITTEE

AMNESTY FOR LOUISIANIANS

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT

DECREASE OF FIFTEEN MILLIONS

THE CASE OF DOCTOR HOWARD

PROFESSOR MORSE VERY LOW

CONNECTICUT ELECTION YESTERDAY

ENTIRE REPUBLICAN TICKET ELECTED

Mexican Revolutionists Defeated

WIFE AND CHILDREN BURNED

VOLCANOES IN CALIFORNIA

EFFECTS OF THE EARTHQUAKE

A NAVAL DUEL IMMINENT

GRADING NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD

CONGRESS.

Nomination Yesterday—Parker's Nomination Favorably Reported On—Bill for Use of Property During the War—Bills Introduced—Supplemental Civil Rights Bill Failed—Amnesty for Louisianians—Objectionable Names Slipped In—Mockery of Legislation—Amnesty Bill With Additions Passed—Louisiana Private Land Claim Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Charles L. Anderson has been nominated collector third South Carlina district.

The Committee on Commerce to-day reported favorably upon the nomination of John M. G. Parker, Surveyor of Customs at New Orleans.

Senate.—A bill was reported paying Joseph Segar $15,000 for the use of his property at Fortress Monroe. Under objection, the bill went over till to-morrow.

Indian appropriations resumed and discussed.

Mr. Kellogg called up the Senate bill to extend the provisions of an act entitled an act for the final adjustment of private land claims in the State of Louisiana, and for other purposes, which extends the provisions of the act of June, 1864, a period of three years after the passage of the act. After some discussion the bill passed.

House.—The following bills were introduced: Repealing the income tax, and forbidding its collection for 1871.

Repealing the tax on brandy, and reducing the tax on whisky.

The effort to get a two-thirds vote for the supplemental civil rights bill failed.

The new Potomac railroad bill passed by a vote of 115 to 55.

The bill repealing the law giving a portion of the fines and penalties to informers in internal revenue cases passed by a vote of 125 to 48.

Mr. Sheldon, of Louisiana, asked to have the amnesty bill passed for several persons in Louisiana. Several members sent up additional names to be inserted. The Speaker required all the names to be read, remarking that in addition to the name of Zebulon B. Vance, to which he had called attention some weeks since as having been put into an amnesty bill, he had subsequently been informed that two other objectionable names had been inserted—those of A. O. P. Nicholson and Isham G. Harris, of Tennessee. Mr. Caldwell, of Tennessee, stated he had sent up the names of Messrs. Nicholson and Harris, but had no idea those gentlemen were objectionable to the House.

The Speaker had no doubt that the names had been sent up through inadvertence. The case of Mr. Nicholson came within the exceptions mentioned in the two general amnesty bills passed by the House.

Mr. Cox inquired whether there was any way to stop this mockery of legislation.

The Speaker said he himself did not use that designation, but he was glad that it was used by the gentleman from New York. He had hoped that all these bills would be referred to the Judiciary Committee, who was allowed a special clerk for the purpose of alphabetizing them and presenting them in due form.

Mr. Butler, of Massachusetts, said there were 5000 names before the Judiciary Committee for amnesty, and the committee would report a bill as soon as it got the list of names complete.

The Speaker answered that he would hereafter recognize no member except one of the Judiciary Committee to move to suspend the rules to pass an amnesty bill. Subsequently it was discovered that the name of Pope Walker, of Alabama, once Secretary of War to the Confederate government, was among the names sent up, and on the Speaker calling attention to it, the name was withdrawn. The amnesty bill was, with all the additions to it, then passed.

Under a suspension of the rules in the House to-day W. H. Handley, of Alabama, succeeded in passing a bill silencing all those who had applied to Senator Goldthwaite or himself for relief of their political disabilities. This list was a long one, and included many of the best citizens of the State.

Mr. Morey, of Louisiana, introduced a bill, which passed under a suspension of the rules, for the relief from political disabilities of the following named persons:

General John Young, Benj. R. Coleman, of Claiborne; Samuel S. Bowman, of Catahoula; D. C. Morgan, of Morehouse; J. A. Dowden, W. B. Grayson, S. D. Fillman, A. Harris, John J. B. Everett, of Caldwell; T. J. Holmes, C. Lewis, A. F. Osborne, of Franklin; R. W. Futch, Joseph R. Goynor, of Union; R. W. Richardson, Charles H. Morrison, of Ouachita; A. P. Wells, of Richland; Chichester Chapman, of Natchitoches; F. O. Stark, J. T. Hanlon, of Orleans; John J. Morgan, Joseph M. Moore, of St. Landry; Augustus Talbot, of Iberville; G. S. Wells, A. S. Herron, of Baton Rouge; A. P. Jones, of Tensas; John P. Wall, Lewis H. Young, of St. Helena; A. L. Tucker; R. B. Thrall, Robert McMillan, G. B. Sheppard, of St. Mary.

WASHINGTON.

Commissioner Douglass Gone to Savannah—President Gone to New York—New Potomac Railroad Depot—Debt Statement—$15,500,000 Decrease in March—Delegates to Colored National Convention—Earl Granville's Second Letter—The Case of Dr. Howard—Official Correspondence.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Commissioner Douglass has gone to Savannah for his health.

The President leaves to-morrow for New York.

The new Potomac railroad depot will be located at the corner of Sixth and B streets. It is stated that Scott has all the material ready, and will complete the structure in ninety days. This has been a square fight between the Baltimore and Ohio and the Pennsylvania Central interests, the Pennsylvania Central winning the fight.

The debt statement shows a decrease of nearly $15,500,000. Coin in the treasury over $120,000,000; currency nearly $10,500,000.

Iselli Mertina and George L. Ruffin are here en route for the colored convention at New Orleans. They represent themselves as strong administration men.

Earl Granville's second letter to Secretary Fish regarding the Alabama claims has reached here, and will be read at a Cabinet meeting to-morrow.

The official correspondence in relation to the case of Dr. Howard shows that several prominent citizens of Philadelphia interested themselves in behalf of Dr. Howard. Secretary Fish informed Mrs. Dutton, January 4, that the case of her brother should receive early consideration, and that it was desirable that the State Department should be furnished at an early day with proper evidence of Dr. Howard's citizenship.

Mrs. Dutton on the eighth of that month sent to Mr. Fish such evidence as she had, including a document showing that Dr. Howard's father was naturalized in Philadelphia in 1803, and that her brother was born in that city. The papers submitted to Congress embrace a letter from Dr. Howard, dated from prison, addressed to Mr. Morris, United States consular agent at Cienfugas, in which he states that he proved by two witnesses that the medicine box, with his name on it, found in the insurgents' camp, was sold to Felix Bourgon in 1861 or 1865; denied the charges brought against him before the courtmartial, and declared himself to Mr. Morris a citizen of the United States. He was recorded as such in the consular records of the United States as early as the beginning of 1869.

Mr. Fish has instructed Mr. Adee to make use of this paper in his business with the Spanish government, in the demand for Dr. Howard's release.

Mrs. Dutton characterizes the charges of the Spanish officials as fabrications and sophistries, and denies her father ever renounced his American nationality, or that he ever held the office of a commissioner or any other office under the Spanish government in Cuba.

Mrs. Dutton to-day telegraphed to the Hon. Samuel Randall, that she noticed by the papers that the Secretary of State would communicate to the House papers relative to the case of her brother, Dr. Howard, and adds: "Heretofore the State Department has given me several reasons, furnished by Spaniards, why my brother should not be protected by his government, all of which have been proven to be founded on false statements, but that he had sworn allegiance to the Spanish government, has not been before stated. It is not denied that my brother is a native of this city, Philadelphia, and an American citizen, and I submit that he is entitled to protection until it is found that he has forfeited his right, and that the statements of the Spanish officials, incited by hatred and hope of confiscation, should not be accepted as proof, but that they be considered as nothing until my brother or his friends have an opportunity to deny and disprove them. As our government seems to accept every statement of the Spanish officials as true, even made to supply the place of those previously proved to be false, we are preparing a statement of facts and proofs to send you."

The documents were referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

CONNECTICUT.

Details of the Election Yesterday—Entire Republican State Ticket Elected.

HARTFORD, April 1.—The voting to-day is progressing quietly and with less than the usual excitement. The Democrats are not working with half their usual zeal in their strong wards.

Eight towns in New Haven county give Marshall Jewell, Republican candidate for Governor, 2689 votes, and R. D. Hubbard, Democratic candidate, 2385, and Gillette, Temperance, 722.

The vote last year was, Jewell 2722, English 2447.

Later.—Fifty-three towns out of 166 show a loss to Jewell of