[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

ment of the Alabama claims or war, the enforcement of the eight hours law, the reduction of interest on money by law, and urges practical sympathy with nations which are struggling for freedom.

FOREIGN.

Cotton Arrivals at Liverpool—Hurricane at Zanzibar—One Hundred and Fifty Vessels Sunk—Ten Millions Loss—Safety of Dr. Livingstone—Desperate Conflict Between Greeks and Jews.

LIVERPOOL, May 2.—Arrived—The following vessels, all cotton laden: Arlington, from Mobile; Sebastian, from Savannah; Clous Hefted, from Mobile, and the Polly, from Galveston.

LONDON, May 2.—The island of Zanzibar has been hurricaned. One hundred and fifty vessels were sunk. Loss ten millions.

Earl Granville received Mr. Fish's second note yesterday. It is officially stated that negotiations are proceeding favorably.

A telegram has been received in this city from Bombay, announcing the safety of Dr. Livingstone. The steamer Abydos, which carried the English Livingstone search expedition to Zanzibar, had arrived at Bombay, from that place, with intelligence that the great traveler was safe.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 2.—The Greeks and Jews had a desperate conflict in the streets, growing out of reports that the Jews had sacrificed an infant.

LONDON, May 2.—In the House of Lords to-night, Granville, in reply to an inquiry from Lord Derby, said that the reply of the American government on the subject of the indirect Alabama claims had been received and had been considered at the cabinet meeting to-day. It gave grounds for a hope of the settlement of the entire matter satisfactorily to both countries. He begged of the House not to ask for papers at present.

Mr. Gladstone made a similar statement in the House of Commons, in consequence of Mr. Disraeli's inquiries.

News has been received here of the foundering of the American schooner Brooks in longitude sixty-three. All on board were lost.

MADRID, May 2.—An engagement was expected to take place to-day between the forces of Marshal Serrano, in Navarre, and the principal Carlist band in that province.

The Carlist leader Roda has reached the frontier, and it is said that he has entered France. The telegraph lines in Andalusia have all been restored. The Federal League Un on here has resolved to maintain a passive attitude, and suspended its sittings.

PARIS, May 2.—A dispatch from Bayonne states that a large number of French troops have been stationed at the end of the bridge leading from Vera, in Navarra, Spain, across the river Boadicia, to prevent the crossing of Carlists into Spain.

It is believed now that the movement of Don Carlos is a failure.

Cissey, minister of war, has informed a committee of the Assembly that the government has decided to court martial Bazaine.

He opposes publication of the report of the commission on capitulations because if the correspondence which it contains between Bazaine and Prince Frederick Charles is made known it will prejudice negotiations opened to-day with Germany for the liberation of French territory.

The committee insists on the trial of General Wimpffen, hoping thereby to expose Napoleon's conduct at Sedan.

The vote in the Assembly yesterday by which the executives are not permitted to appoint members of the Council of State reiterates.

President Thiers and the government will demand a reconsideration, and should the Assembly refuse Duaflaire will probably resign.

Forty-five deputies of the Radical Left demand that President Thiers suspend the executions of communists until the Assembly shall reach a decision on questions of amnesty and capital punishments.

HAVANA, May 2.—The *Fortnightly Official Gazette* states that 230 insurgents were killed, sixty-seven prisoners taken, and 860 presented themselves for submission. Eighteen Spaniards were killed and 121 wounded.

MISCELLANEOUS

Mississippi Republican State Convention—Chickasaw Jockey Club—Methodist Episcopal Church Conference—South Carolina Ku-Klux—Sentences for Conspiracy—Base Ball—Bostons Defeat the Baltimores.

JACKSON, May 2.—The Republican State Convention adjourned sine die last night, after appointing delegates to the Philadelphia convention, and adopting resolutions indorsing the Republican party, General Grant and Governor Powers. A resolution was also passed requesting the Mississippi delegation in Congress to vote for Mr. Sumner's civil rights bill. Much disorder attended the proceedings, and adjournment was had while two important committees were out preparing their reports.

MEMPHIS, May 2.—Chickasaw Jockey Club, fourth day; free handicap; two miles and a half; club purse $400. Won easily by Barney Williams, beating Aneroid, Lord Byron and Tom Corbett. Barney Williams was the favorite three to one, Aneroid and Lord Byron selling about equal.

Second Race.—Jockey Club purse $300; mile heats, best three in five; free for all.

Quartermaster	1	1	1
Woodford	2	dis.	
Morlacchi	3	2	2

Time—1:49, 1:48, 1:49¾.

In this race Morlacchi was the favorite before the first heat, after which Quartermaster sold at two to one against the field. Weather delightful, and attendance large.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., May 2.—In the Methodist Episcopal Conference, Bishop Simpson presiding, the lay delegates presented an address congratulating the Church that lay representation had been accomplished without acrimonious debate, and protesting against any radical change in the machinery of the Church.

CHARLESTON, May 2.—In the United States Court to-day fifteen prisoners who had pleaded guilty to conspiracy were sentenced to imprisonment, the terms varying from one month to eight years, and the fines ranging from $10 to $500. This concludes the Ku-Klux trials for this term.

PHILADELPHIA, May 2.—To-night at Calvert's, No. 229 Arch street, articles of agreement were drawn up between Johnny Lazarus and John Felden, yclept the Unknown, light weights, to fight a prize fight for $1000 a side, to take place on the eighteenth day of July, in Virginia. Lazarus goes into training the latter part of the present month, under the charge of Jim Parker, of the American House, New Jersey. But little is known so far about the Unknown.

BALTIMORE, May 2.—The first championship game between the Boston and Baltimore clubs was played here this afternoon, resulting in a victory for the Boston club by a score of five to four.

Weather Report.

WAR DEPARTMENT, Office Chief Signal Officer, Washington, May 2, 1872, 4:55 P. M.

PROBABILITIES.

The barometer will probably rise over the New England, Middle and Southern Atlantic States on Friday, but fall from the lower Missouri valley to Lake Superior. Northerly to westerly winds and clear weather will generally prevail at the stations east of the Rocky Mountains on Friday. Dangerous winds are not anticipated.

River Intelligence.

SOUTHWEST PASS, May 2, 6 P. M.—Barometer 30:15. Wind northwest, fresh. No arrivals. Sailed—Steamship William J. Hewes and ship Richard McManus.

VICKSBURG, May 2.—Up—Julia, 4 P. M. Weather warm and clear. River rising.

CINCINNATI, May 2.—River stationary; fourteen feet in the channel. Weather cloudy and cool.

ST. LOUIS, May 2.—No arrivals except packets. Departed—Colorado, for Vicksburg. Weather clear and cool. River rising.

LOUISVILLE, May 2.—River falling slowly, with six feet eight inches in the canal, and four feet eight inches in the chute. Weather alternately clear and cloudy, quite cool and windy. Arrived—Alice Dean and C. B. Church, from New Orleans.

CAIRO, May 2.—Arrived—City of Quincy, from Vicksburg, at 1 P. M. Departed—Tom Jasper, for New Orleans, at 1 P. M.; City of Vicksburg, for St. Louis, at 4 P. M. River has fallen two feet. Weather clear. Mercury 60.

SHREVEPORT, May 2.—Weather clear and cool. The river fell three inches to-day. Arrived—Mollie Moore from St. Louis, and C. H. Durfee from New Orleans. Departed—C. H. Durfee for Jefferson.

MEMPHIS, May 2.—Weather clear. River falling rapidly. Passed down—H. S. Turner and City of Helena. Passed up—Alaska, James Howard and Mary Ann and barges.

MARKETS.

Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Cotton quiet; sales 742 bales; uplands 23¾c; Orleans 24⅛c; futures very quiet; sales to-day 5800 bales, as follows: Low middlings for May 23 1-16@23 3-16c; June 23⅜@23 11-16c; July 23⅞@23 15-16c; August 23 15-16c; September 20⅜@20 3-16c; October 20¼c; November 19⅜c; December 19⅜c. Flour quiet and unchanged. Whisky 89c. Wheat slightly favors buyers. Corn active and firmer at 74c; white Southern at 78c. Rice and pork quiet. Lard a shade firmer at 8¾@9⅜c. Tallow steady. Freights steady. Coffee unsettled. Sugar firm; fair to good refining 8⅜@9c; Cuba 8½@9c. Molasses firm; Porto Rico 50@55c. Rice quiet at 8½@9¼c.

CINCINNATI, May 2.—Cotton—Demand light and holders firm; low middling 22¼@22½c. Flour—Demand good; family $8 50@$8 75. Wheat scarce and firm; prices advanced; red $1 90@1 95. Corn—Market steady, with a moderate demand at 49c. Oats—Market steady, with a moderate demand at 42@45c. Pork quiet and weak; regular offered at $13; city packed sold to cliques at $14 cash. Lard—Demand light, but holders firm at 8¾@9c. Bulk meats opened firm, but closed dull; shoulders 4½c; clear rib 6⅞c; clear 6½@7c loose; ½c higher asked for boxed. Bacon—Demand light, but holders firm; shoulders 5¼c; clear rib 7¼c; clear 7½c asked. Whisky quiet and weak at 83c.

ST. LOUIS, May 2.—Cotton dull and prices are nominal. Flour—Demand fair and market firm; double extra winter $7 25@7 80; treble $8@8 75; family $9 10@10; fancy $10 25@11 25. Wheat dull, and prices have declined; No. 3 fall $1 95; medium $2 03. Corn opened firm, but closed dull at 46½@47c. Oats opened firm, but closed dull at 42½c. Whisky steady at 84c. Pork dull, and prices drooping; $12 offered, $12 50 asked. Bacon dull, and prices a shade lower; clear rib 7¼c; clear 7½c. Lard salable at 8⅜c.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, May 2, Evening.—Bullion in the Bank of England increased £195,000. Sugar afloat 30s 6d@30s 9d.

[Yesterday's Evening Dispatches.]

NEW YORK, May 2.—A special dispatch, dated at Revolutionary Camp, five miles from Matamoras, says: General Diaz has reoccupied Guadalajara. Complete anarchy prevails in the State of Guanajuata. Government troops have evacuated Durango.

When General Trevino received notice yesterday that the black flag had been raised at Matamoras, he laughed, and said, "the flag of cowards."

CINCINNATI, May 2, 10 A. M.—The hall and galleries are well filled.

A feeling of uneasiness is expressed by many in anticipation of an acrimonious discussion to-day.

The anti-Greeley members of the New York delegation will offer a protest against the action of a majority in voting to cast the vote of the entire delegation for Greeley.

An effort is anticipated in the convention to overrule that action, and assert the right of each delegate to express his individual preference.

Susan B. Anthony and Laura Deforce Gordon enter and take seats on the platform, amid cheers and hisses.

The convention was called to order, and a committee on credentials, composed of one from each State and Territory, was appointed.

A committee of nine on rules was appointed.

A motion was then made to adjourn to two o'clock. Lost.

The following letter from Chief Justice Chase is published to-day:

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 29, 1872.

My Dear Sir—My name, if we may judge from the newspapers, will not be much considered at Cincinnati. I am quite content, and none the less gratified to friends who think it should be so.

As you know I have not sought or desired the nomination, but if it were judged the best means of uniting the greatest number of those opposed to the administration on principle, it would be my duty to accept it.

If any other name be preferred, I shall be entirely satisfied. What is essential with me is that what has been gained of freedom be secured beyond peradventure; that the currency be placed on a sound basis; that real reform be accomplished in taxation, internal and external, and in perfect reconciliation of sections and citizens. Your Parkersburg platform, as I remember it, embodies these views substantially, and I hope none contrary will be adopted.

Yours truly, S. P. CHASE.

Mr. Hickman, of Pennsylvania, hoped the convention would sit till a President was nominated.

Mr. Davis (colored), from Kentucky, opposed business until the convention heard from Cassius M. Clay. [Great applause.]

Finally the convention adjourned to three o'clock.

MADRID, May 2.—Marshal Serrano is advancing on Estella. Several Carlist defeats have been officially announced. The Duke of Gesta, a partisan of Isabella, was arrested here.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 2.—The steamship America takes $1,500,000 in specie to China, and a cargo of flour.

HALIFAX, May 2.—The steamship Concordia, from New Orleans, with cotton, bound to Liverpool, went ashore at Louisburg. No particulars.

PARIS, May 2.—The Assembly voted 353 to 322 against allowing President Thiers the power of appointing a council of state.

Thiers and the German embassador were closeted yesterday. The interview terminated amicably.

The State Administration—Its Enemies.

We copy the following from the Feliciana *Republican:*

In this and the neighboring parishes, the foes, those most unrelenting, of the State administration, are in the main men who at the last election proclaimed with loud acclamation their preference of H. C. Warmoth as Governor of Louisiana. Some, whose enthusiasm even carried them so far as to openly avow their intention of supporting Governor Warmoth for the second office within the gift of the American people. Of these men there are two classes—one composed of old played-out Democrats, who now stand without the pale of party lines, and who, in order to accomplish certain ends, would forfeit the respect of their fellow-citizens. The buncomb leaders of that clique, failing to receive recognition at the hands of Governor Warmoth, now let loose their mighty wrath.

The snake so long coiled rids itself of its venom, and fastens its fangs on the body which gave it life. Of that class little need we say. Our readers know what estimate to place upon their influence and character. Disappointed in everything, rebuked by honest men, they now seek within the Customhouse fold a comfort for their office-racking brain. Their ardor will dampen as the idea of November draw near.

Another class, the less numerous, is composed of men whom society abhors—men whose honesty has always been a question of doubt. These men have neither influence nor ability. Let loose in the lowest pit of degradation, they have become the centre point of all villainies. They are, truly speaking, the scum, the refuse of the two parties. Their names are used as a by-word of scorn. Despised by white and black, there are none so low as to do them reverence.

A correspondent in Paris says: "The French customhouse officers, I hear from an English traveler, have taken to searching your person in a most vexatious and annoying manner. Nothing is neglected to keep away foreigners from France. The railway tickets are taxed, and now the mail boats can not convey goods of a certain weight without paying extra port dues. If you want to travel through or live in France, you can only do so with inconvenience and difficulties and heavy taxation. M. Thiers says that foreigners ought to contribute to the immense revenue which war and revolution have obliged the people to raise."

Meteorological and River Report.

The signal service, United States army, reports, for the benefit of commerce, the meteorological record, and rise or fall of the rivers, at 3:43 P. M., local time, yesterday, as follows:

Place.	Ther.	Wind.	Weather.
Augusta, Ga	76	N. W.	Fair.
Baltimore	71	S. E.	Fair
Boston	60	S. W.	Cloudy.
Buffalo	44	S. W.	Threatening.
Cairo	62	N. W.	Fair.
Charleston	80	W.	Fair.
Chicago	53	N. W.	Fair.
Cincinnati	51	N. W.	Threatening.
Davenport	50	W.	Clear.
Galveston	76	N.	Clear.
Indianapolis	47	N. W.	Cloudy.
Indianola	76	N.	Fair.
Jacksonville, Fla	80	N. E.	Fair.
Key West	69	N. W.	Fair.
Leavenworth	62	N. W.	Clear.
Louisville	53	N. W.	Cloudy.
Memphis	65	N. W.	Cloudy.
Mobile	76	N.	Fair.
Nashville	67	N.	Fair.
New Orleans	75	N. W.	Fair.
New York	62	S. E.	Cloudy.
Norfolk	70	S.	Cloudy.
Omaha	65	W.	Clear.
Pittsburg	50	W.	Cloudy.
Portland, Maine	49	S.	Threatening.
Punta Rassa, Fla	80	W.	Fair.
Savannah	78	N. W.	Cloudy.
Shreveport	70	N. W.	Fair.
St. Louis	60	N. W.	Fair.
St. Paul	64	W.	Fair.
Vicksburg	71	N. W.	Fair.
Wilmington, N. C.	75	S. W.	Cloudy.

RIVERS.

Stations.	Rise, inches.	Fall, inches.
Cairo	..	24
Cincinnati	..	3
Davenport	..	1
Louisville	..	2
Memphis	..	19
Omaha	..	1
Pittsburg	..	4
Shreveport	..	7
St. Louis	23	..
St. Paul	..	1
Vicksburg	..	1

Eileen Oge.

The popular play of "Eileen Oge" will be presented, for the first time in this city, next Monday evening, at the Varieties Theatre, with new and magnificent scenery and effects, by that eminent artist, Mr Joseph Pigott.

"Eileen Oge" is new to this city, but it had an excellent and successful run in New York and Boston, and has been warmly commended by the press of the former city.

That the piece will be put on in handsome style, there is certainly sufficient guarantee in the knowledge of what has been done at the Varieties during the past few months. The entire talent of the Varieties company will be drawn upon to produce a cast both appropriate and attractive, and we hazard little in pronouncing, in advance, a belief in the success of "Eileen Oge."

The members of the company take the deepest interest in the parts assigned to them, and they are studying hard to perfect themselves in the several roles. We have heard so much of "Eileen Oge" that we are really anxious to see it and the public generally share in that anxiety.

The Revenue Requirements.

In a speech in the House of Representatives last Saturday, Mr. Wood said:

In order to get intelligently at a fair estimate of the necessities of the government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1873 (the period for which we now desire to provide revenue), it is but proper that we should begin by taking the estimates of the Secretary of the Treasury, as derived from the reports of the several bureaus and from other sources. While I do not concede that these estimates are correct or should be allowed, yet it is well while on this point to show how much is asked for by the departments.

EXPENDITURES.

Estimates of the Treasury Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1873.

Legislative establishment	$3,421,812 49
Executive establishment	17,443,931 38
Judicial establishment	3,383,340 00
Military establishment	31,442,569 53
Naval establishment	19,946,693 85
Indian affairs	5,445,617 97
Pensions	30,480,000 00
Public works under—	
Treasury Department	$3,164,560 00
Interior Department	244,800 00
War Department	14,609,662 97
Navy Department	1,483,100 00
Agricultural Department	26,500 00— 19,468,562 97
Postal service	5,474,001 00
Miscellaneous	11,258,325 44
Permanent appropriations	126,281,974 00
Sinking fund	22,895,930 00
Interest upon the capital of sinking fund	5,783,333 00
Total	$301,705,036 99

This is the amount estimated for, but it is not that which should or will be granted. I do not think that Congress can or will concede this sum. It is greater than should be allowed under any circumstances, certainly very far in excess of what can be justly appropriated where we know the departments have very large sums at their command in addition to the appropriations of Congress. Of the items composing this aggregate estimate of $301,705,036 99, it will be seen that the War and Navy Departments ask for $50,368,598 83, or over one sixth of the whole. They ask this in addition to the sums which they have received or have now on hand, or should have (for they have not been covered into the treasury), for materials sold. The following is an exhibit of sums acknowledged to have been received. I am indebted to the honorable member from Kentucky (Mr. Beck) for these figures:

Official report of the War Department for sales of government property during the years indicated.

Received by Quartermaster's Bureau—	
1866	$30,470,579 44
1867	3,442,913 23
1867	16,246,736 46
1868	5,841,259 61
1869	1,051,204 96
1870	1,639,264 96
1870	9,290,111 01
1871	1,375,728 34
Total	$69,278,049 56
Received by Bureau of Ordnance—	
1866	$1,079,937 73
1867	432,200 23
1868	2,330,767 26
1869	1,377,967 66
1870	2,167,202 82
1871	9,980,390 97
Total	$17,343,971 67
The amount expended by the Freedmen's Bureau since June 30, 1865, in addition to amounts appropriated by Congress, is	1,935,074 35
Total	$19,179,046 02

Prediction that Grant will not be Elected.

We copy this from the Houston *Telegraph:*

Astrology has had its believers in all ages and countries, nor can the general reader but be aware that there are on record not a few remarkable predictions that were apparently verified, whether accidently or not. Napoleon I. was a firm believer in it, and used to consult an astrologist in Paris; nor is there a clearer historical fact than the singular faith of that extraordinary man in his star, which he conceived ruled his destiny.

Such were the reflections of this local yesterday, on hearing from Professor Margrave, at his rooms at the Enterprise Hotel, a singular prediction in regard to the issue of the great political campaign on which the country is now entering. Indeed, this astrologist, who produced such a sensation in the theatre the other night while DeCastro was performing his tricks, asserts that General Grant was born under the influence of the planet Saturn; that the stars show that he will never be President again, even should he be renominated, which is doubtful. The astrologist also hinted at another and a foreign war; his theory being that great wars are generally followed by other wars at about the period of seven years.

If we live, we shall watch with deep interest for the fulfillment of Professor Margrave's prophecy in November next.

The *Seashore Republican* says:

The extensive plains lying between Bay St. Louis and Pearl river are eminently adapted to the cultivation of sea island cotton. A large tract of land, lying between Grand Bayou and Cadet's Bayou, now owned by Dr. D. L. Phares, of Woodville, was formerly cultivated in sea island cotton by the late General John Joor. We have seen a letter from him, dated November 12, 1859, in which he stated that his crop had just been sold in Liverpool for twelve pence round. The same variety of cotton grown in this county has commanded since the war from seventy-five cents to $1 per pound.

Monetary--Commercial.

MONETARY.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY REPUBLICAN, THURSDAY EVENING, May 2, 1872.

The money market is without any material change. We still quote, as street rates, 8@10 ⅌ cent ⅌ annum for A1 paper with unquestionable collaterals, and 11@12 for second grade; 10@— for A1 business notes without collaterals, and 12@— for second class. Mortgage paper rules at 9@10 ⅌ cent ⅌ annum for A1, and —@12 for second class.

Gold opened at 112¼@112⅜ (against 112½ at New York), and closed at 112¼@112½ (against 112½). The sales included $1000, $1000, $2000 and $2000 at 112⅜; $2000 and $10,000 at 112¼; $1000, $2000 and $7500 at 112⅜; $8500 at 112 5-16, and $20,000 at 112⅜@112½

The only sale of silver reported is $1700 in American half dollars at 108¾. We quote 108@109, and Mexican dollars at 4½@5 ⅌ cent premium in gold.

Foreign exchange was quiet and steady, with small offerings. The reported sales of sterling were confined to £15,000, of which £1000 clear at 122½; £1000, £1500 and £5000 clear and £2500 bill of lading at 122⅝, and £2000 and £2500 A1 clear at 122¾.

In francs we noticed sales of 100,000 commercial at —, 25,000 at 4.65 and 25,000 at 4.64⅞. We repeat previous quotations for sterling, viz: 122½@122¾ for good to A1 bill of lading and clear, and 123¼@123½ for bank.

Only a limited business was reported in domestic exchange, the sales including $20,000 commercial New York sight at 3-16 ⅌ cent premium, and $20,000 bank at 7-32, the regular checking rate being still ¾.

In stocks, 200 shares ordinary Louisiana Levee sold at $5 37½; 200 do at $5 50, and 300 preferred do ($3 50 paid) at $8 50.

We note sales of $1300 city appropriation certificates at 78½c, and $6000 city 10 ⅌ cent bonds at 89c.

COMMERCIAL.

THURSDAY EVENING, May 2, 1872.

COTTON—The sales to-day embraced 1600 bales at easier prices, requiring an irregular reduction in our quotations of ⅛c. We give also Exchange figures, which are for average lists according to its types, while ours are also for average lists, but with the outside figures for strict:

	Average lists.	Exchange figures.
Low ordinary	17¾@18¼	—
Ordinary	19½@20¾	—
Good ordinary	21¾@21⅞	21¼
Low middling	22⅜@22⅞	22¼
Middling	23 @23¼	23⅛
Strict middling	23⅜@—	—
Good middling	23½@23¾	23⅝

The kinds below good ordinary are nominal, but may be specified as follows: Inferior 17@17½c; low ordinary 17¾@18¼c; ordinary 19½@20c, and strict ordinary 20¼@20¾c. A list hitherto held at 21c could have been bought at 20½c. We heard of barely good ordinary at less than our inside figures for that grade, and a high style, barely strict, at 21½c, while fully strict would have commanded 21¾c. Barely Liverpool low middling sold at 22c. The market opened with a very slack demand, and in order to bring out buyers factors were compelled to make concessions to the extent noted above.

The Exchange reports: "Demand fair; prices easy at quotations."

COTTON STATEMENT.

		Bales.
Stock on hand September 1, 1871		25,222
Arrived since last statement	966	
Arrived previously	1,016,955—1,017,921	
Total		1,043,224
Cleared to-day	3,699	
Cleared previously	949,169— 952,868	
Stock on hand and on shipboard, not cleared		90,446
Stock same date last year		167,116

To-day's exports embraced 969 bales to Liverpool, 1490 to Bremen and 1150 to Narva. Receipts proper since last evening 500 bales, against 441 on last Thursday, and 4747 last year, making an aggregate since Friday evening of 5034 bales, against 4602 for the corresponding time last week, and 17,794 last year, and since August 31 of 910,949 bales, against 1,293,704 last year. The Exchange telegrams make the receipts at all the ports to-day 1920 bales, against 2623 last week, and 8412 last year; since Friday 16,884 bales, against 20,251 last week, and 42,227 last year, and since August 31 2,562,715 bales, against 3,596,920 last year—a decrease of 1,034,205 bales.

SUGAR—The receipts from plantation meet with pretty ready sale on the landing, and those this morning sold at 8⅝@9c for good fair; 9¼@9½c for fully fair, and 10¼c for prime. The stock in the sheds is very dull.

MOLASSES—Some small lots received from plantation this morning sold at 60c for choice and 50c for prime fermenting.

FLOUR—The market is very dull, with a good stock on hand. Double extra is quoted at $7 25, low treble extra $8 25, good treble extra $8 50@9 25, choice treble extra $9 50@9 75, choice and family extra $10@12 ⅌ bbl. The movement is confined to a job business and small sales to the local trade at these figures.

CORN—Is in fair supply and moderate demand. 7000 sacks were sold, of which 500 yellow and 400 yellow mixed at 70c; 150 mixed, 500 yellow mixed and 1000 white mixed at 71c; 250 and 500 white mixed at 72c; 1200 white, in dundees, at 73c, and 1500 white, in dundees, in store, at 73c ⅌ bushel.

OATS—The market is in light supply and quiet. 200 sacks sold at 68c, and 100 at 70c ⅌ bushel.

BRAN—We note a quiet market and a light supply on hand. 250 sacks sold in lots at $1 50, and 100 at $1 60 ⅌ 100 lbs.

HAY—Is scarce. 125 bales choice sold at $35 ⅌ ton.

PORK—The market is dull. Mess is offering at $13 75, and is quoted at $13 50 ⅌ bbl. A lot of 100 bbls mess sold on private terms; 64 bbls rumps sold on private terms. Mess is retailing at $13 75@14 ⅌ bbl.

DRY SALT MEAT—Is also dull and lower. 65 casks shoulders sold on private terms; 26 boxes and 7 casks do at 5c, and 16 casks hams at 7c ⅌ lb. Clear sides are offering at 6¾c ⅌ lb.

BACON—Is dull. Shoulders are held at 5½c; clear rib sides 7½c; clear sides 8c. 5 casks shoulders sold at 5⅝c, and 20 do at 5½c. Last evening, not reported, 30 casks clear rib sides sold at 7½c, and 31 do clear sides at 8c ⅌ lb.

LARD—Is in light supply and firm, and in request for export. Tierces are quoted at 9¼c for packers', and 9¾c for refined; kegs 10½@10¾c ⅌ lb for refined, and 10¼c packers'.

LARD OIL—A lot of 20 bbls summer strained sold at 73c ⅌ gallon.

CORN MEAL—The market is firm, with a fair demand. 500 bbls sold, in several lots on the landing, at $3 40. Holders now ask $3 50 ⅌ bbl.

WHISKY—We note another sale of 25 bbls choice Cincinnati rectified at 94c. Indiana is quoted at 80@85c ⅌ gallon. The market is dull.

HAMS—Are quiet but firm, and are quoted at 11⅛@11¼c ⅌ lb for sugar cured.

BREAKFAST BACON—Western is dull at 9½c ⅌ lb.

COW PEAS—Are very dull. They are retailing at $2 25 ⅌ bushel.

BUTTER—Choice continues scarce and in demand. Western commands 28@30c; Goshen 40c ⅌ lb.

CHEESE—The supply, as usual at this season of the year, is poor in quality. The new is tasteless and soft, while the old is too strong. New and old Western is quoted at 13@17c; old Northern 22c ⅌ lb.

POULTRY AND EGGS—Chickens are selling on the landing at $3@4 for the young, and $7@8 for the grown; ducks $4@5; geese $6@8; turkeys $7@30; eggs 14@16c ⅌ dozen.

ESCULENTS—Potatoes are selling on the landing at $3@3; new onions $2 50; apples $3@7 ⅌ bbl., cabbages 20@25c ⅌ head; sour-krout $10@15 ⅌ bbl; horse radish $2@5 ⅌ bbl; green peas $7@9; lady peas $6@8; black-eye peas $5@6; red beans $8@12; Western beans $10@12 ⅌ bbl; dried apples 7@10c; dried peaches 5@6c ⅌ lb.

MOSS—Choice is scarce and in demand at 6@11c. Common is plenty and dull at 4@6c ⅌ lb.

SALT—There are no cargoes afloat, but we have a good stock on hand. The demand is limited. The last cargo sale was at $1 42½ ⅌ sack. The dealers' rates from store are $1 60@1 65 ⅌ sack for coarse and $1 70@1 75 for fine. Turks Island is selling at $1 30@1 35 ⅌ sack of two bushels. A cargo of Turks Island, in bond, sold at 22c ⅌ bushel. Table salt in pockets is selling at 2¾@7½c, as in size.

BAGGING—India is held in large lots at 16½c, and domestic jute at 18c. There were some sales of the latter at 17½c. The dealers' rates are 17c for India in bales, 16c in rolls; jute 18½; Western bagging 18c ⅌ yard.

GUNNY BAGS—Are held at 18¾@18½c apiece.

IRON COTTON TIES—Are selling at 7c ⅌ lb.

COOPERAGE—There is now no demand for sugar and molasses packages. Poles are dull, although there are not many in market. Barrel poles are quoted at $20@25, hogshead poles $45@50 ⅌ 1000. Cypress staves are in light supply, and quoted at $18@20 for barrel and $40 for hogshead.

NAVAL STORES—The market is bare of pitch and rosin. A few small lots of rosin come in, which are sold at $4 50 for No. 1 and $4 for No. 2. Tar is in good demand and sells as fast as received at 12½c ⅌ gallon. Spirits turpentine are in good supply and are held at 70c ⅌ gallon.

LOUISIANA RICE—Is dull, with very little on hand. Fair is quoted at 8¼@8½c, prime 8¾@9c. Carolina is in light supply, and retailing at 9@9⅛c. India is dull and lower, with a large and accumulating stock on hand. Another cargo has arrived. It is quoted at 6¾@7c ⅌ lb, currency, and 3½@5½c, gold, in bond.

TALLOW—Is dull and quoted at 9@9½c ⅌ lb.

HIDES—Are dull at 9@10c for green; 15@16c for dry, and 11@12c for kips.

COFFEE—The market is dull with only a job demand. We quote prime 19¾@20¼c; good 19¼@19¾c; fair 18¾@19c; ordinary 18¼c ⅌ lb, gold duty paid. Stock in first hands 11,982 sacks; in dealers' hands 12,000 sacks.

MACKEREL—Is coming in more freely and is selling at $14@18 for No. 1 bbls; $11@11 50 for No. 2; $8@9 for No. 3; $1 65 for No. 1 kits; $1 40 for No. 2, $1 20 for No. 3.

WOOL—Supplies are coming in quite freely, and meet with a good demand at 33@34c for burry, 35@37c for slightly burry, 48@50c for clear of burr, 50c for lake and 40@45c for Texas clean. Some sales are being made at higher rates.

Marine Intelligence.

OFFICE OF THE REPUBLICAN, Friday, May 3, 1872.

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

Bark Kimball, Stinson, for Pensacola, in ballast
British bark Slains Castle, Williams, for Liverpool
British bark Lothlair, Lesnie, for Bremen
Norwegian bark Helvia, Mathison, for Narva, Russia

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamship Hutchinson, Talbot, from Indianola and Galveston, to C A Whitney &co—1st district 16
Steamship Victor, Gates, from New York 24th ult, to Geo A Fosdick &co—2d district
Ship Victory, Cushing, from Liverpool February 25, to master—Point
Schooner Mary Emily, —, from Pensacola, to master—New Basin

TOWBOATS.

Tecumseh, Averill, from the Passes—Towed down and to sea, 27th ultimo, ship Ocean Pearl, barks Sarnia and John Ericson—Brought up ship Victory

STEAMBOATS.

John Kilgour, Stein, from Cincinnati
John F Toole, Brady, from St Louis
W S Pike, Brown, from Fort Adams
Tahlequah, Dalferes, from Lockport
Sallie V, Jeanfrau, from Lower Coast
Gladiola, Lee, from Minden
Henry Tete, Dalferes, from Thibodaux
Ozark, Glasscock, from Bayou des Glaizes
J. Sharp McDonald, Dowds, from Pittsburg with five coal boats

BELOW COMING UP.

Norwegian bark Norsk Veretos, Rus, from Cardiff February 26, to master—

EXPORTS.

NARVA—Bark Helvia—1150 bales cotton
LIVERPOOL—Bark Slains Castle—969 bales cotton 6000 staves
BREMEN—Bark Lothair—1490 bales cotton 356 hhds tobacco 900 staves

IMPORTS.

NEW YORK—Steamship Victor—Astd mdse
PENSACOLA—Schooner Mary Emily—700 sks salt
LIVERPOOL—Ship Charles Davenport—Astd mdse
APALACHICOLA AND CEDAR KEYS—Steamship Lavaca—9 bales cotton 1425 sks peas and sundries

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

CINCINNATI—Steamer John Kilgour—19 hhds tobacco 540 bbls pork 314 bbls whisky 30 half bbls do 562 tcs hams 46 tcs lard 2325 bxs starch and sundry produce

ST LOUIS—Steamer John F Tolle—73 hhds tobacco 4579 bbls flour 430 half bbls do 3125 sks corn 1728 sks oats 900 sks bran 742 bales hay 156 cks bacon 125 pkgs lard and sundry produce

PORT ADAMS—Steamer W S Pike—42 bales cotton and sundries

LOCKPORT—Steamer Tahlequah—2 bales cotton 2 sks cotton 1 hhd sugar 3 bbls molasses

LOWER COAST—Steamer Sallie V—10 bbls rice and sundries

MINDEN—Steamer Gladiola—189 bales cotton and sundries

THIBODAUX—Steamer Henry Tete—32 hhds sugar 25 bbls molasses and sundries

BAYOU DES GLAIZES—Steamer Ozark—65 bales cotton 284 sks cotton seed 118 hhds sugar 1 bbl molasses and sundries

PITTSBURG—Steamer J Sharp McDonald and five coal boats 111,000 bushels coal

ARKANSAS—Per Lucas' boat—20,000 staves

KENTUCKY—Per Davis' boat—20,000 staves

BY THE RAILROADS.

MORGAN'S LOUISIANA AND TEXAS RAILROAD, May 2—14 bales cotton 106 hhds sugar 3 bbls sugar 12 bbls molasses and sundries

NEW ORLEANS, MOBILE AND TEXAS RAILROAD, May 2—351 bales cotton 175 pkgs tobacco and sundries

NEW ORLEANS, JACKSON AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD, May 2—265 bales cotton and sundry produce

LOTTERIES.

DRAWING OF THE LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY FOR MAY 2, 1872.

CLASS 105.

4	8	5	4	3	6	7	8	3	10	11	13	15	14
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
21	14	15	57	29	77	34	26	55	6	50	24	—	—

The above drawings are published in all the principal papers, and are drawn in public daily at the rooms of the company.

Information furnished and prizes cashed by HOWARD, SIMMONS & CO., Contractors. St. Charles street, corner Union, New Orleans.

Witness our hands at New Orleans, Louisiana, this second day of May, 1872.

M. PERALTA, ADAM GIFFEN, Commissioners.

BEWARE OF BOGUS LOTTERIES. ap26

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

Incorporated August 17, 1868.

CHARLES T. HOWARD.....PRESIDENT.

SINGLE NUMBER LOTTERY.

SPLENDID SCHEME—ONLY 20,000 NUMBERS.

Capital Prize.....$50,000.

CLASS G.

TO BE DRAWN AT NEW ORLEANS ON Saturday, May 18, 1872.

HOWARD, SIMMONS & CO., Contractors.

SCHEME