New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN May be had of the following dealers:

George Ellis, opposite the Postoffice.

A. Simon, No. 34 Exchange Alley.

C. C. Haley, No. 19 Commercial Place.

C. G. D. Holle, No. 61 Exchange Place.

James Ennis, Pontchartrain Railroad Depot, Third District; also, at Depot foot of Lafayette Street, First District.

J. W. Long, corner of Love and Enghien Streets, Third District.

Variety news-stand, corner Dauphine and Canal streets.

AUCTION SALES TO-MORROW.

BY SHERIFF SAUVINET, at 5 o'clock, at No. 74 St. Ann street, lot of printers' implements—Ernest Turpin vs. August Fay.

Local Intelligence.

HERALDRY.—The *Picayune* has an excessively funny man on its editorial staff. He parts his hair in the middle and wears a see-more coat. It is also said he eats rice with a single-tine fork. This same squibber has invented a Warmoth coat-of-arms. For himself, that of the Twain family will suit, described, without use of queer heraldic terms, thus: A gallows with the funny man pendant; Warmoth couchant and observant.

GOING ABROAD.—That well-known and enterprising citizen, Mr. John Franklin, took passage on a St. Louis steamboat on his way to Minesota, where he goes in search of scenery and air to recuperate his failing health. We and his numerous warm friends bid him *bon voyage* and return next autumn blooming in body and spirit. In case he recovers from his bodily infirmities before the season is over he will return home to pursue his business.

A JAW BREAKER.—Friday night, about half-past nine o'clock, William Brooks assaulted and broke the jaw of Paul Despinas, at the corner of Franklin and Bienville streets. Brooks was arrested and Despinas taken to the Charity Hospital.

METHODIST CAMP MEETING.—On the twenty-first of June a Methodist camp meeting will be held near Biloxi. Extensive preparations have or will be made, as it is expected that a very large number of people will gather there for several days. The ancient town will be considerably enlivened. Several leading pastors were there last week arranging preliminaries, and a large pile of lumber is on the ground ready to be converted into small tenements.

FESTIVAL.—Mr. Phillips, foreman of Protector Fire Company No. 2, called on us yesterday morning, giving us a hearty invitation to attend the festival which the company will give on the sixteenth proximo. Entertainments of an exciting and rational kind have been prepared, and the managing committee are hopeful of securing an unusually large attendance. The boys wish to secure sufficient money to procure a new engine-house, which they stand in great need of. We hear it rumored that there will be some sharp contests for victory between several fire companies.

OVER THE LAKE.—A recent short visit to Biloxi gave us an inkling of what is in store for excursionists during the season now opening. The old town never looked smarter than it does to-day. It seems as if the anti-improvement class has in part passed away or stood aside. Houses of modern pattern are in process of construction, and the hotel keepers appear inclined to adopt more liberal systems, taking lessons from experience of former years. They, as well as other inhabitants, are somewhat despondent, in fact quite rampant, over the thought that the railroad fare from New Orleans to their town is four dollars—too heavy for poor people. It is said that unless this figure is lowered, thousands of citizens will be unable or unwilling to make an excursion. Indeed, we heard of a few summer residents trying to sell their places, arranging to pass the season elsewhere.

At Mississippi City all is as bright as a new dollar. The Barnes Hotel has been reorganized, and is in prime hands—Messrs. Hurd & Co. This is one of the most charming resorts on the coast, and will, probably, have a fair share of patronage.

Other watering places are well prepared for the season, ready to accommodate hosts of visitors.

The railroad from this city to Ocean Springs is in as good condition as any line in our country, and the rolling stock is equal to the best. Much labor and money have recently been expended on every inch of the road, and some important changes have been made in the tracks near Rigolets. At present the bed in that locality is as firm and substantial as if no alligator ever floundered there. The employes are capable and attentive—a great item on a railroad. One thing only is disagreeable, namely, the high rate of fare. Growls are heard in every direction, and the echoes are bound to have effect.

The little steam tug Novelty that was suddenly shipped down Company canal from the river, and afterward brought back by the police, has finally settled down as to ownership. Mr. Evans, who was charged with stealing the vessel, has possession of her, and holds a bill of sale. He informs us that he intends prosecuting those who made charges against him.

INCORRECT.—Judge Thomas informs us that his name was used, without his knowledge or consent, as vice president in the workingmen's meeting in National Hall. This thing is disagreeable, and the Judge can not be blamed for wishing a public denial.

THE LAST LEAF.—Between eight and nine o'clock last evening a person whose name is unknown deliberately jumped off the Second District ferry wharf and drowned himself. He left his hat on shore, and it can be seen at Captain Flanagan's police station. As the body was not recovered, the suicide will probably never be heard of more. He wore beard and dark clothing.

EXPLOSION.—Last evening just when a salute was being fired on Lafayette street, a bombshell feeling responsive to the warlike sounds, exploded in McLean's foundry furnace, corner of Port and Victory streets. The shell had been placed in the furnace with other old iron. No damage.

AN OFFICER WOUNDED.—It is seldom that any remark is made or howl set up when a policeman is harmed, though much talk is indulged in when an officer strikes a man to save himself. Last night when Officer Everett was in the act of preserving the peace at the corner of Poydras and Liberty streets, he was badly cut in his neck by Charles Smith. Had the wound been an eighth of an inch higher or lower Coroner Creagh would have been called in. He was sent home. Smith was arrested.

GINGER BEER.—As this beverage has recently come into favor in bar-rooms, we give the following recipe, hoping that the article may be manufactured at home. The peculiar bottles which are sold are imported, therefore very expensive, as price and duty are paid in gold. Take white sugar twenty pounds; lemon or lime juice eighteen fluid ounces; honey one pound; bruised ginger seventeen ounces; water eighteen gallons. Boil the ginger in three gallons of the water for half an hour; then add the sugar, the juice, and the honey, with the remainder of the water, and strain through a cloth. When cold, add the white of one egg, and half a fluid ounce of essence of lemon; after standing three or four days, bottle. This yields a superior beverage, and one which will keep for some time.

The brute that stole the pewter cups from our free fountains last night has a small chance to go to heaven. He will, undoubtedly, have his postoffice address in the other place in less than an instant after he expires.

The Baby Show.

The managers of the Industrial Exposition, wishing to attract the attention of the fair sex and to create a pleasing novelty for the benefit of their numerous visitors, advertised a list of five prizes to be awarded to the five prettiest children visiting the Exposition yesterday evening, between the hours of four and seven o'clock, viz: First prize, offered by Messrs. Suer & Spurrier, Louisville, Ky., a fine perambulator or child's carriage; second prize, by Exposition Association, a frosted silver cup; third prize, by E. A. Tyler, handsome case containing silver knife, fork and spoon; fourth prize, by E. Lilienthal, a handsome silver mug; fifth prize, by A. B. Griswold & Co., a silver and glass boquet vase. The prizes were to be awarded by a committee of five confirmed bachelors.

Children of one year and under were eligible to the first prize; two years and under, to the second and third; two years and a half and under, to the fourth and fifth. It is needless to say that such a proclamation as this was an appeal to the motherly pride of the Crescent City, and we chronicle with joy the fact that over 100 patriotic and anxious mothers appeared promptly at the hour above mentioned to exhibit their charming little ones. There were bright babies and scowling ones; babies with smiles and dimples, others with tears and woeful countenances; babies to the front, right and left of the astonished and bewildered bachelor judges.

Then there were confident mothers and arrogant ones, mothers benign and mothers bewitching, and mothers from whom the five bachelors could expect but small consolation for a decision adverse to their "own pretty ones." Can it be doubted those bachelors' hearts trembled in lonely bosoms at the spectacle?

A good brass band, with lively strains, marshaled the charming throng, and at the word of command two lines were formed, of mothers and babes, extending from one end of the Exposition hall to the other, when, with deliberate purpose and faltering step, the five bachelors essayed their perilous duties. Fifteen babies were chosen as the prettiest of the whole assemblage, and from the picked fifteen were selected the winning five. The decision of the judges was announced as follows:

First prize, Mrs. S. P. Parmly; second prize, Albert Baldwin; third prize, H. W. Fowler; fourth prize, Mrs. D. Folwell; fifth prize, Mrs. James E. Wallace.

While the five exultant victors crow with delight over their beautiful prizes, who can compensate the disappointment of the ninety-five whose dreams are now troubled by defeat? Can any one of the five bachelors?

Republican Meeting in Claiborne.

Pursuant to previous call, a meeting of the Republicans of Claiborne parish took place at the Courthouse in Homer, on Saturday, the eighteenth instant, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the Republican State Convention, called at New Orleans on the twenty-eighth instant.

Robert T. Vaughn called the meeting to order, and, on his motion, W. Jasper Blackburn was called to preside, who, on taking the chair, explained the object of the meeting, and at some length dwelt upon the present attitude of political affairs in this State and throughout the Union. His remarks were well received and attentively listened to by all present, including a number of prominent Democrats.

B. D. Harrison was then called on to act as secretary.

The appointment of delegates being in order, Robert T. Vaughn nominated W. Jasper Blackburn as one, and J. E. Scott nominated John S. Frost as the other—Claiborne being entitled to but two—both of whom were unanimously confirmed.

J. E. Scott then offered the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the delegates from this parish be and are hereby authorized and empowered to use their discretionary judgment as to the appointment of delegates to the Philadelphia convention, as also in regard to all other phases and features of the proceedings of the State convention to which they are sent.

Resolved, That in the event that only one of the two delegates be present in the State convention of the twenty-eighth instant, he shall have the power of casting the whole vote of Claiborne parish.

Robert T. Vaughn offered the following resolution, which was also unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That inasmuch as the convention to be held at New Orleans on the twenty-eighth instant is in part for the purpose of nominating candidates for State officers, we request that the name of our long-tried and faithful fellow-citizen, Hon. W. Jasper Blackburn, be put forward as the first choice of the Republicans of Claiborne parish for the office of Governor of Louisiana at the next election.

Upon the adoption of this resolution the chairman stated that being himself a delegate, it might place him in an awkward attitude, as he certainly could not be expected to vote for himself in a nominating convention or elsewhere. Still, he received it with a high sense of gratitude, as coming in sincerity from those who knew him best; but with the personal compliment which it conveyed, it would doubtless end, as it could hardly be expected that an unsophisticated and unpretending plebian from the outskirts of the State would be accorded a candidacy for high office when there were so many nearer headquarters, pleading and even intriguing for all such positions. But he none the less heartily and sincerely thanked his friends for this expression of their partiality and good will.

On motion, the Homer *Iliad*, New Orleans REPUBLICAN and *National Republican* were requested to publish the proceedings; whereupon the meeting adjourned.

B. D. HARRISON, Secretary.

The Temperature.

The thermometer at Louis Frigerio's, No. 50 Chartres street, yesterday stood as follows: At 8 A. M., 73°; at 2 P. M., 79°; at 6 P. M., 80°. Lowest point during the night of May 24, 66°. Rain, one-tenth of one inch.

THE REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE

Address to Louisiana Republicans

EFFORTS AT A UNION

REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE, New Orleans, May 24, 1872.

To the Republicans of Louisiana:

By order of the State Central Republican Committee the accompanying correspondence is placed before the Republican party. This is done that the facts with regard to the late efforts at a union of the two divisions in the Republican party, and the true history of the prevention of this union, may be known to the party. On the second day of May the Hon. P. B. S. Pinchback, president of the Republican State Central Committee received the following communication:

ROOMS STATE CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, Republican Party of Louisiana, New Orleans, May 2, 1872.

At the meeting of the committee held this day, the following resolution was unanimously adopted, on motion of Hon. John Ray, viz:

Resolved, That a committee of three members of this committee be appointed by the chairman to confer with the committee presided over by Hon. P. B. S. Pinchback, or a committee appointed by that committee, to ascertain on what terms the existing differences in the Republican party can be satisfactorily adjusted, and that the committee report to this committee as soon as possible.

The chair appointed as such committee Messrs. Lewis, Lowell and Antoine.

T. W. DEKLYNE, Secretary.

To this the State Central Committee promptly responded by the adoption of the following resolution:

Resolved, That this committee recognizes the imperative necessity of a union of all the elements of the Republican party, and cordially invites the co-operation of all Republicans, without regard to past differences; that pursuant to this idea, the president is authorized and requested to appoint a select committee of three to confer with the committee which has been appointed by the committee presided over by Hon. S. B. Packard, and that the said select committee report its action in the premises to this committee at as early a day as possible.

The president appointed as said select committee, Hon. H. J. Campbell, chairman, Hon. George Y. Kelso and Hon. A. E. Barber.

The two committees of conference met May 3. At this interview, there was an informal interchange of sentiment, and adjourned to meet on the next day. At the next meeting, the committee of the Custom-house party, through its chairman, Colonel George W. Carter, presented the following written proposition, viz.:

At a meeting of the State Committee held May 14, 1872, the following resolution, offered by Colonel George W. Carter, was adopted:

In the interest of unity, of harmony and success for the Republican party of Louisiana, the following is agreed upon as the basis for healing all divisions and dissensions in our ranks:

First—It is agreed that the two Central Committees, presided over respectively by Messrs. Packard and Pinchback, shall be united by incorporating all members of the committee presided over by Mr. Pinchback with the other committee, except such as are identified with and committed to the Cincinnati nominees.

Second—The consolidated committee, after withdrawing the existing calls for State conventions, shall agree upon the basis of representation and issue a new call, at a time to be agreed upon, for a State convention to assemble in Baton Rouge.

Third—Coincidentally with the call and to insure harmony in the parishes where two exist, shall unite and call a convention of the parishes, except in the parish of Orleans, to elect delegates and alternates to the State convention, and also a permanent parish committee.

Fourth—That each and every mother club recognized by either of the existing State committees in the parish of Orleans, shall appoint a committee of three on canvassing in each ward; the united committee of the ward shall call an election for officers of the ward clubs, delegates to the State convention, and members of a parish committee for the parish of Orleans.

Fifth—That a provisional committee on credentials, composed of three of each of the committees, shall be agreed upon, who shall take charge of all credentials until the meeting of the convention, and that the cases passed upon prima facie as true, and where there are no contestants, shall constitute the convention, and control the temporary organization thereof, and that the cases of contestants shall be determined upon by the convention after its permanent organization.

A true copy from the minutes.

T. W. DEKLYNE, Secretary State Committee.

To which the State Central Committee the next day replied through its special committee, accepting the proposition for union, with one modification, in the following written communication, viz:

The committee on conference, of which H. J. Campbell is chairman, agree to the proposition submitted by the committee on conference, of which Colonel George W. Carter is chairman, with but one material change.

Article first of the said proposition contains a stipulation of a personal nature which our State Committee have not thought proper to interfere with, and which belongs exclusively to them to deal with, can not be accepted by us with that unanimity without which any compromise would not be a success. We therefore present, as you have invited us to do, a substitute which embodies one of the propositions first made to us by your original committee on conference, that will be accepted by our people unanimously:

ARTICLE I.

Each committee to issue an address on the day following the completion of this agreement, postponing the conventions called for May 28 and June 19 respectively, and convoking the same conventions to assemble in New Orleans August 9. Each call to indicate the reason of this step to be the union and harmony of the party, and success, especially on the State ticket. To this convention let the two committees remit all questions of disagreement between the two wings of the party, and the decision of the modes of settlement. The apportionment of delegates to said convention to be equal, on a basis to be agreed upon by this conference.

This proposition, thus modified and accepted by both conference committees, was recommended to each Central Committee by the following report, signed by the respective chairmen of the two conference committees:

WHEREAS, The State Central Committees, presided over respectively by Messrs. Packard and Pinchback, have appointed conference committees severally representing them, and looking to the reconstruction and harmony of the Republican party in the State of Louisiana; and,

Whereas, The respective conference committees have each suggested and submitted propositions for the purposes aforesaid which are herewith attached; and,

Whereas, Each Central Committee is united in its purposes and actions upon national politics, as will appear from their respective calls for State conventions;

We, as chairmen of the conference committees for Republican unity, submit said report and ask the favorable action thereon of the two Central Committees of the party.

GEORGE W. CARTER,
HUGH J. CAMPBELL.

To this report the Customhouse Central Committee replied as follows:

ROOMS STATE CENTRAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, Republican Party of Louisiana, New Orleans, May 16, 1872.

At a meeting of this committee held this day, the following resolutions, offered by A. J. Sypher, were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, In the interest of Republican unity, and in response to the instructions of the State Republican Convention, the State Central Republican Committee has, through a committee of conference, presented to the Central Republican Committee presided over by Hon. P. B. S. Pinchback a plan for accomplishing conciliation and harmony in the party, just and feasible in every particular; and

Whereas, Said committee has declined the proposition submitted, by so far modifying it as to destroy it, have submitted to us a plan impractical, and that guarantees no certain unity, but the contrary; therefore,

Resolved, That we, the members of the Republican State Central Committee of Louisiana, while regretting the failure of our efforts to heal the partial disunion in our party, are persuaded that the modified proposition for adjustment of existing discontents does not meet the ends of unity proposed and could not be safely accepted by us as representatives of the Republicans of the State.

Resolved, That we, the dignity and value of the interest affected considered, are still willing to adopt any practical and fair basis for settlement of any difficulties existing in our party.

Resolved, That the chairman of the conference committee furnish the committee, of which General Campbell is chairman, with a copy of these resolutions.

A true copy. T. W. DE KLYNE, Secretary.

The Republican State Central Committee regard this rejection of the compromise by the Customhouse committee, agreed to by their own committee of conference, as indicating plainly—

First—That the majority of the Custom-house committee do not desire a union of Republicans.

Second—That they would agree to no fair and honorable adjustment.

Third—That some of the leaders of that faction contemplate a sale of the Republican party to the Democrats and so-called Reformers, and therefore desire to keep the Republican party divided.

Fourth—That the mass of the Republican party is not divided, but will follow the lead of the regular Radical Republican State Central Committee, presided over by Hon. P. B. S. Pinchback of the Republican State Convention, called to meet May 28, 1872, at Mechanics' Institute.

HUGH J. CAMPBELL,
A. E. BARBER,
P. B. S. PINCHBACK,
A. B. HARRIS,
GEORGE Y. KELSO,
Committee.

WILLIAM VIGERS, Secretary.

The Italian Opera.

There was a rather thin house last night at the Varieties to hear Verdi's opera of "Traviata," on the occasion of the benefit of Mme. Corani. The performance passed off smoothly, and Mme. Corani was greatly applauded for the artistic manner in which she acted and sang the role of *Violetta*. She has decided dramatic talents and an excellent voice, and uses them both very effectively. In fact, she is a first-class artiste.

Mr. Baccei, the young tenor, won new triumphs by the manner in which he filled the role of *Alfredo*. This gentleman certainly has a voice of rare natural quality, and if he will devote himself to acquiring a little more finish in his style, he cannot fail to make himself famous.

There are to be more representations by this troupe this week, on which our people are to be congratulated. Monday night the opera of "Lucretia Borgia," with Corani and Baccei in the cast, will be sung, and we feel safe in prophesying a great treat to those who attend. We are assured that Mme. Corani won great success in "Lucretia" in London and St. Petersburg. We hope to see as full a house as the merits of these artists should secure them.

Besides the opera of "Lucretia," there will be given the great hymn, "Roma Capitole," composed by Signor Nicolao.

On Tuesday "Il Trovatore" will be repeated, with Mme. Corani as *Leonora* and Baccei as *Manrico*.

First Congregational Church.

Rev. Myron W. Reed will preach his farewell sermon this morning at eleven o'clock at the First Congregational Church, corner of Calliope and Prytania streets. We regret exceedingly that New Orleans is to lose the services of Mr. Reed in the ministry. With an intellectual strength unsurpassed by that of our ablest divines, he has displayed an originality and freshness of thought calculated to satisfy the most critical, and it is just to add that his powers have been faithfully devoted to the annunciation of the broad principles of Christianity and salvation through Jesus Christ. Besides the admiration, he has won the love and esteem of his people and a large circle of friends by his genial disposition, purity of life and freedom from ostentation and cant.

He is young, and a student, therefore a growing man, and in a latitude where his physical health will permit the free exercise of his mental powers, he can not fail to make his mark and serve the highest interests of any community fortunate enough to secure him.

He will leave here Tuesday or Wednesday of this week, bearing with him the best wishes of all his people for a successful and happy life.

We understand that the church is already taking steps to secure a pastor in the fall, and in the meantime there is to be a regular service on Sabbath mornings, when sermons selected from the efforts of the ablest preachers will be read.

Decoration Day at Chalmette.

The members and friends of the American Union Club are respectfully informed that Thursday, the thirtieth instant, will be observed as a day for decorating the graves at Chalmette Cemetery. A programme will be announced on the morning of that day.

Members of the club are requested to procure tickets for transportation for themselves and families from the committee, at the rooms of the club, on Tuesday, from 7 to 10 P. M., and Wednesday from 10 A. M. till 10 P. M.

Committee of Arrangements—R. D. Mitchell, Charles H. Merritt, Charles Barward, A. S. Badger, G. P. Ferwald, J. D. Rouse, E. W. Foster.

Base Ball.

The Excelsior and Lone Star Base Ball Clubs meet on the grounds of the Louisiana Base Ball Park this evening, to decide the fourth game of the championship series. The Excelsiors have been greatly strengthened, and a close and exciting contest may be expected.

Excursion to Chalmette.

The German Veteran Union of New Orleans has arranged an excursion to Camp Chalmette, on the thirtieth instant, the national decoration day. See advertisement in another column.

The Pope is an early riser, and according to the advice of his physicians, does not allow himself to be overcome by the indolence of ordinary old men. He has a decided aversion to carpets, and has none, summer or winter, in his simply furnished bed chamber.

THE PEOPLE'S COLUMN.

[Brief Communications Published—Long Ones Invariably Rejected—The Editor not Responsible for the Sentiments Expressed the Communications.]

Attachment of Wages—Justices' Courts.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:

Your issue of the third of this month, of which I keep a file, contained the following:

"CLOSING THEIR BUSINESS.—Act No. 39, to amend article No. 644 of the Code of Practice, has been promulgated, and takes the sting out of those engines of tyranny, justices of the peace. This amendment exempts $600 worth of the poor man's property from seizure, and he can now lie down to sleep knowing that that insatiate monster, the constable, can not take the table and dishes he eats off of, or the chair he sits on."

It is strange, Mr. Editor, but it seems that your views, and those of everybody else, in fact, upon the sound constitutionality of this exemption law, are not concurred in by every legal mind who presides over the destinies of the different justices' courts of this city. For instance, that distinguished "judex" of the Sixth (Justice Meyers), in a suit pending before him, has seen fit to allow, in spite of that act, No. 39, and of its promulgation in your paper, attachments to issue from his court directing the president of the Canal and Claiborne Street Railroad Company to answer under what he knows concerning the wages of a certain Adam Smith, one of the drivers on the line; and Smith went up, swore to an affidavit, gave bond, filed a petition for a writ of injunction and the release of his wages, after which he was politely told by the "insatiate," as you justly call them, that he owed $3 50, notwithstanding the remark of Smith's counsel to the "judex" that "an injunction against an execution is not a new suit in which the debtor becomes plaintiff, but in the nature of an opposition to the first suit, and forms part of it."

And then, if that was all. But oh! there is another of those talented justices who entertains the same disregard of act No. 39. I allude to the Hon. H. M. Dibble, who has allowed the same harsh remedy to issue, compelling the president of the New Orleans Railroad Company to declare what he knows concerning the budget of one certain John Gingas, another driver. The same formality that Adam Smith went through with was employed for John Gingas, but with this little slight difference, that it costs poor John the pretty sum of seven dollars and some cents!

Now, Mr. Editor, candidly, what is the necessity of enacting and commenting on good laws if they are to be irrespectfully obeyed? Yours,

ATTORNEY.

THE SCHILLINGER PAVEMENT.—In a city like this, where the foundation of our streets is everywhere mud, and where there are no quarries from whence to draw supplies of stone for paving purposes, it behooves our people to take an interest in any invention which promises to afford a cheap and reliable substitute for natural stone with which a firm foundation can be made for our banquettes, court-yards and alley ways. The substance known as the Schillinger pavement appears to us to fill all these requirements. It has been subjected to the severests tests as to its strength to resist pressure, its toughness and its resistance to the effects of damp, frost and travel, and has been triumphant in all. It can be laid down upon all descriptions of surfaces and in any desired form or color, with almost the same facility that mortar can be spread upon bricks, drying quickly and hardening ready for use almost immediately. In localities where grass is likely to grow in the cracks of flag stones or between the bricks of pavement, this pavement, as it has no seams, is particularly adapted, and while it wears as well or better than the best German flags, it has none of the objectionable features of that material, as it can not be mashed out of place by weights or thrown out of level by frosts, thus making those nuisances known in cities as "dandy traps," and thus destroying the beauty and comfort of the pavement. Persons who may feel curious concerning the Schillinger pavement can see it before the *Times* office, on Camp street, or before the residence of our enterprising friend B. T. Walshe, at No. 344 Baronne street. At both these places it forms the banquette, and we will venture to say that there are no banquettes in the city—no matter what the material may be—which are smoother, harder or more beautiful. Mr. G. F. Brotte, No. 27 Carondelet street, is the agent for the Schillinger Paving Company for this city, and is prepared to put it down in any required form or extent on most reasonable terms. See card concerning it in another column.

STILL VICTORIOUS.—It is remarkable that the people of the Southwest are so unanimous in their admiration of the Grover & Baker sewing machine. If this admiration had been elicited in our community, or even State, we would not be astonished, although unanimity of sentiment upon one subject—especially when there are adverse interests which, of course, labor to prevent it—is of rare occurrence; yet, as the machine in question is almost perfection, and our people highly appreciative of a good thing, the thing might happen quite naturally. But it is not one community or State, but a whole series of communities and States, that has spoken with one voice, from Alabama to Texas, from Arkansas to Louisiana. This is astonishing, and is an honor which few machines, indeed, have received since man first began inventing. Certainly no one can doubt now the value of the Grover & Baker sewing machine.

THE CHEAPEST AS WELL AS THE BEST.—Those splendid shirts, which Mr. S. N. Moody is now selling for the mere song of $8 for six, are perhaps the greatest bargains ever offered in this city. Made up in the most durable manner, out of fine and fresh materials, they will, undoubtedly, last as long as any wearer could desire. And so far as looks are concerned, we defy anybody not an expert in the selection of dry goods, to detect any difference while only having the slight opportunity afforded by social intercourse with the wearer. Therefore, as the case stands, everybody who desires to economize, should at once invest in a supply of these shirts. Six for $8. Going, going—gone!

EYE GLASSES.—It is a matter of the gravest importance to all whose infirmity of eye-sight requires them to use eye-glasses to get the best, or they may suffer serious consequences. Mr. William Bohne, optician, who has succeeded the late celebrated Professor Leja (so long known in the rotunda of the St. Charles Hotel) has removed his store to No. 1 Carondelet street, and is prepared to fit the suffering public with the very best quality of eye-glasses or spectacles at most reasonable prices. All who need such articles should patronize him.

Election of Delegates.

The following is the result, so far as ascertained, of the election for delegates to the Republican State Convention, to be held in this city next Wednesday:

First ward—Joseph P. Murphy, Randall McDonnell, Thomas Boswell, Thomas Isabelle.

Second ward—H. C. Dibble, P. E. Bechtel, Lawrence Brown, Thomas Murray.

Third ward—William Walsh 418; Patrick Creagh 359; Thomas Lynne 367; T. Daley 301; J. W. Quinn 388; William Barrett 375; W. Johnson 366; A. E. Barber 190.

Fourth ward—P. B. S. Pinchback, C. T. Butler, L. Duffy and William Weeks. Alternates—C. W. Ringgold, W. P. Collins, H. Steel and John Vigers.

Fifth ward—William Vigers, E. Alix, H. Boutte, J. Lanabere, H. Ries, P. Montane.

Ninth ward—Thomas Cary 377; Jack Augustin 335; George Rowald 283; Davjd Douglas 275.

Eleventh ward—H. G. Pearson 497 votes; A. M. C. Hearsy 457; F. J. Herron 432; N. H. McLemore 416.

Twelfth ward—George Baldey, E. C. Johnson.

Thirteenth ward—J. B. Gaudet, John Garstkamp.

Fourteenth ward—Madison Brown, W. R. Fish.

Fifteenth ward—B. Buchanan 405 votes; H. Fuentes 406; J. H. H. Camp 404; N. W. Farrow 403. Alternates—David Mason 399; M. Anderson 401; James Robinson 401; G. Martin 401.

Reduction in Local Fare.

We are glad to learn by an announcement in another column that quarterly tickets at greatly reduced rates will be placed on sale from New Orleans to Magnolia and all intermediate stations on the Jackson railroad. Mr. A. D. Sheldon, agent under the City Hotel, will give further information to the public.

If any thing could account for Mr. Robert Hart, of Utica, New York, emerging from the second story of his boarding house without going through the formalities of the stairs, it was the presence of four of his wives.

A bright little girl at Milton, Wisconsin, having been desired to write a sentence introducing the word "carrion," presented the following to her teacher: "Bad children often carrion in church when they ought to be quiet."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Louisiana Association of Junior Base Ball Players, New Orleans, May 23, 1872.—At a special meeting of the Louisiana Association of Junior Base Ball Players, held on the twentieth instant at Mechanics' Institute, on motion of W. Nelson, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the thanks of the Louisiana Association of Junior Base Ball Players be and are hereby tendered to his Excellency Governor H. C. Warmoth for his kindness in extending to this Association the use of the Mechanics' Institute as a place for its meetings.

Resolved, That a committee of four be appointed to prepare a copy of these resolutions to be presented to his Excellency Governor Warmoth, and publish the same in the New Orleans Republican, Sunday, May 26.

The chair appointed Messrs. M. Duffey, C. Wheelahan, H. S. Boensel and R. Furyear as such committee. M. P. CREAGH, President.

H. S. BOENSEL, Secretary. my26 1t*

Lecture.—THIS (SUNDAY) EVENING the Rev. Father Hegarty will deliver a lecture in the Church of St. John the Baptist, Dryades street, the proceeds of which will be for the benefit of that church. The subject of the lecture (which will commence at half-past seven o'clock) will be "The Mission of the Irish." Admission fifty cents. my26 1t

Notice.—Calcasieu Sulphur and Mining Company, New Orleans, May 25, 1872.—The stockholders of this company are hereby notified that a ninth installment of five dollars per share on all the ordinary stock, and a like installment of five dollars per share on all the preferred stock of the company has been called by the Board of Directors, and made payable on the first of June next, at the office of the company, No. 3½ Carondelet street.

my25 13t ALEX. BONNEVAL, Secretary.

Pleasure Excursion to and from Carrollton every Sunday.—The splendid low-pressure steamer Frances, late of Morgan's lake coast and Mobile line, will run to and from Carrollton, for the accommodation of persons desirous of taking a cool and delightful trip on the river, at the low fare of only twenty-five cents each way. Passengers will take cars at depot, foot of Canal street, at 4 P. M., and the Frances at wharf foot of Calliope street, at 4½ P. M.

The Frances will leave Carrollton wharf at 6 P. M., stopping at Westwego for Donaldsonville passengers. G. W. R. BAYLEY,

my9 tjel General Superintendent.

Office Louisiana Paper Manufacturing Company, New Orleans, May 13, 1872.—At an election held on the sixth instant by the stockholders of this company, the following Directors were elected to serve during the ensuing year, viz:

A. EIMER BADER, THEO. HELLMAN,
DR. J. WENZ, C. S. SAUVINET,
H. CLARENCE, C. J. LEVEQUE,
J. HASSINGER.

And at a meeting of the new Board held this day, the following officers were chosen:

DR. J. WENZ, President.
A. EIMER BADER, Vice President.
H. CLARENCE, Secretary and Treasurer.

my19 6t H. CLARENCE, Secretary.

The "Terrebonne Patriot," Published at Houma, Louisiana, is one of the best advertising mediums in Southern Louisiana. del3 1y

Office Mississippi and Mexican Gulf Ship Canal Company, New Orleans, May 20, 1872.—Stockholders of this company are hereby notified that a meeting will be held at the office of the company, No. 123 Common street, on SATURDAY, June 1, for the election of a full Board of Directors for the coming year.

The transfer books will be closed May 25.

my21 td N. P. RICE, Secretary.

Parties having left any watches to be repaired at Mr. FOURNIER'S, No. 200 Rampart street, are requested to call and claim them at No. 39 St. Philip street. my2 1m*

Batchelor's Hair Dye.—This superb hair dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine William A. Batchelor's hair dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown; leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. ly13 1y

New Orleans Merchants should Advertise in the TERREBONNE PATRIOT, Houma, Louisiana; it will pay. del3 1y

New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad, Mobile Division—Special Notice.—The citizens of New Orleans are informed that on and after May 10, 1872, excursion and trip tickets, at a great reduction in fare, will be on sale at the ticket office, corner of Camp and Common streets, opposite the City Hotel, to and from Miller's Bayou, Lookout, Bay St. Louis, Pass Christian, Mississippi City, Biloxi, Ocean Springs, East Pascagoula. The coast accommodation train runs to Ocean Springs, leaving at 4 P. M. and arriving at 10 A. M., daily, except Sundays. G. W. R. BAYLEY,

my9 tmy22 General Superintendent.

POLITICAL NOTICES.

Fourth Ward Republicans.—At an election held by the Fourth Ward Radical Republican Mother Club, the following named gentlemen were duly elected delegates to the State Nominating Convention, viz:

Delegates—P. B. S. Pinchback, 442 votes; C. T. Butler, 443; L. Duffy, 443; William Weeks, 436.

Alternates—C. W. Ringgold, W. P. Collins, H. Steel, John Vigers.

Clerks—A. Pinche, Jr., Charles P. Vigers, John O'Neil.

Chairmen of the Board of Commissioners—Leon Populus, George Paris, Charles Middleton, Joseph Bowser, J. Bell. my26*

A Special Meeting of the Parish Sub-Executive Committee will be held on MONDAY, the twenty-seventh instant, at 1 P. M., in the office of the Clerk of the House of Representatives. A full attendance is requested.

THOMAS ISABELLE, President.

J. D. O'CONNELL, Secretary. my26 2t

Provisional State Central Committee of the Liberal Republican Party—New Orleans, May 23, 1872.—The following gentlemen are announced as the Provisional State Central Committee of the Liberal Republican party, and are requested to attend a meeting on MONDAY, May 27, 1872, at 7:30 P. M., in the Senate Chamber, Mechanics' Institute, viz:

Colonel G. W. Munday.	J. J. Lane.
Charles Potthoff,	C. McRae Selph,
S. Thezan,	George Nungesser,
James Graham,	A. P. Dumas,
Joseph Magner,	Gen. James Longstreet,
S. Claisire,	Octave Rey,
J. M. Dirrhammer,	John Lockwood,
Sibert Gantt,	Emerson Bentley,
H. H. Harris,	E. North Cullom,
Judge John S. Robertson,	H. C. Morgan,
W. W. Farmer,	Judge W. B. Phillips,
Judge A. R. Sloanaker,	S. Danziger,
Joseph L. Montieu,	Frederic Landreaux,
Alexander Dimitry,	Andrew Hero, Jr.,
Duncan Stewart,	John W. Denson,
	E. H. Brasgin.

By order of G. H. BRAUGHN, Chairman.

P. F. BECHTEL, Secretary of the meeting of delegates to the Cincinnati Convention. my24 2t

Special Notice.—The proposed meeting of the Fourth District Greeley and Brown Club, which was to have taken place to-night, is hereby postponed until MONDAY NIGHT at half-past seven o'clock, at Union Hall, corner of Third and Magazine streets.

By order of H. C. WARMOTH, President.

JOHN KAISER, Secretary. my24 3t

POLITICAL NOTICES.

Address of the Republican Central Committee.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE, Republican Party of Louisiana, New Orleans, March 18, 1872.

To the Republicans of the State of Louisiana:

The Republican State Central Committee having, in the discharge of the duties imposed upon them by the last State Convention, arrived at the regular period which has been set apart by the usages of the party for its State Conventions, and having authorized their President to issue the usual call therefor, deem the occasion suitable to address these brief remarks upon the political situation to their fellow Republicans. The quadrennial election for a President of the United States occurs this year. The election of this high officer of the republic, whose character and political views are so important, especially to the Republicans of the South, and whose selection almost decides our political fate for the next four years, and perhaps for the whole future, makes this election one of the deepest and most vital interest to all our people. We feel that we speak their unanimous sentiment when we invite them to respond to the call of the National Republican Committee, and advise them to send our best representative men to the Philadelphia Convention, to help in selecting a tried, true and unflinching Republican to be our next President. Our State election is also of the greatest importance. We have to elect a Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts, Superintendent of Public Education, Attorney General, a new General Assembly, and Representatives in Congress. In fact, this election is to determine a question still more important to us than who shall be the next President. It is to determine for the next four years whether the State government shall be Republican or Democratic; in favor of equal rights, or against them; in favor of progress, education and improvement for all people, black as well as white, or in favor only of white progress, education and improvement, and opposed to equal advantages for the black people; whether we shall retain all that we have won and go forward, or whether we shall lose all and go back to where we were at the close of the war.

We wish plainly and distinctly to understand the fact that all parties opposed to the Republican party, whether under the name of Democrats, Reformers, People's party, or any