

New Orleans Republican. OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS NEW ORLEANS, JUNE 7, 1872. THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

The proposition of the Liberal Republicans, liberal citizens and liberal Germans, which we publish elsewhere, was laid before the Democratic and Reform conventions last evening. This proposition looks to a unity of all reform elements in the State. It should have been accepted, or modified, or a counter proposition submitted, but a packed jury having to decide, the verdict was adverse to harmony, and in favor of making a ticket freed from defeat.

It was not an unanimous verdict, however. Nearly one-half the committee were possessed of a desire to do what the interests of Louisiana demand. It is possible this minority may make such representations to the conventions that a full, fair and free expression of the people's representatives may yet be had. We hope so, for the people's sake.

More rain yesterday, but not to much extent. Second annual commencement St. Mary's college at the Varieties Theatre this evening.

The fair for the benefit of Central Church, corner of Liberty and Gasquet streets, will continue this evening.

After the shower yesterday the weather was delightful, and last night was comfortable, though the voice of the musical mosquito was heard.

The ladies of the Napoleon Avenue Presbyterian Church are still giving entertainments in their new church edifice. Refreshments at the tables.

Those who want to learn the art of rapid writing should take a course of lessons in penmanship. Shorthand writers make a profitable living. See advertisement.

"Idlewild," at the corner of St. Charles and Soniat street, will be brilliant this evening, the occasion being the entertainment for the benefit of St. Mark's Church.

The reports in the REPUBLICAN of the two State conventions now in session in this city have been full, accurate and impartial. The public look to this paper for all the news.

An ocean voyage to New York at this season of the year is delightful. The steamships George Cromwell and United States will sail for New York to-morrow morning at eight o'clock.

First Lieutenant Edward M. Hays, Fifth Cavalry, having reported to headquarters Department of the Gulf, in compliance with orders, is announced as aid-de-camp to Brevet Major General Emory.

We have received from the Treasury Department the public debt statement for June 1, and the statement of bonds purchased by the Treasury Department, which have been canceled and destroyed.

The Rising Generation is the title of a new monthly publication in pamphlet form, at \$1.50 a year, single copies five cents. The contents are interesting and very readable. Horace Vallas is editor and proprietor.

Dealers in commercial paper are warned, in the special notice column, against negotiating for a certain note, drawn by James B. Guthrie in favor of A. Beck, as suit has been instituted for the recovery of the same.

Our pleasant friend C. E. Crepey, formerly an internal revenue supervisor, is the Washington agent for the Schillinger pavement, and Lewis Clephane, of the journalistic profession, also takes orders for the same pavement.

Two gentlemen, who arrived in Council Bluffs for the purpose of investing in real estate there, were arrested the first day and fined \$18 for discharging firearms within the city limits. They are pleased with the enterprise of the city.

The Lusitanian Portuguese Benevolent Association will give a grand welcome picnic at the Fair Grounds next Sunday. A new banner will be presented to the association at their hall on Bayou Road street, at half-past ten o'clock that morning.

Who dare predict the future of America? On one single day last week there arrived no less than ten emigrant steamers, bringing over 10,000 persons. They were of all nations, but Irish, English and Scotch predominated. Ten thousand pairs of hands added to the labor of the country! This is the kind of wealth we want.

Unpaid warrants of the General Assembly of 1872, which bear the signatures of the chairman of the Committee on Contingent Expenses and the presiding officer of each branch thereof, and which have been registered in the Auditor's office, may now be presented therefor settlement by the payees or holders, and, if found to be correct, will be warranted for by the Auditor.

The first Sunday excursion train on the Jackson railroad will start from the depot at 7:30 A. M., and return to the city at 11 P. M. Fare to Frenier and intermediate stations and return, fifty cents; to Pontchartroula and return, \$1; to Amite City and return, \$1.50; to Magnolia and return, \$2. It will be a luxury to get out of the city and among the piney woods next Sunday.

There is a time for all things, and the time for the drawing of the single number tickets, Louisiana State Lottery, will be to-morrow at eleven o'clock in the morning, over the rooms of the company. The capital prize is \$50,000, and as only 20,000 numbers are offered for sale at twenty dollars for each ticket, the chances are very fair that somebody will draw \$50,000 with a number that cost him only twenty dollars. Who that lucky person may be remains, of course, to be learned after the drawing. We hope it will be some unprotected widow or some good man who ranks among the toilers, that he or she may know the blessings to be derived from moderate wealth. If you want to spend twenty dollars that way, do so.

THE DOOR OF OPPORTUNITY. The State Democratic Convention is laboring under three distinct delusions. First, that it can elect a Governor; second, that Governor Warmoth is undone without its support; third, that it is possessed of all the honesty and patriotism in the State. We propose to treat these delusions in their proper order and with judicial fairness.

In the first place, then, it may be set down that no Democrat can be elected Governor. An effort may be made in that direction, and probably will be, but it will be as bad a failure as that which was made in 1868. Why? Because the Democracy has not the votes to do it with, and secondly, because the Republicans have. The Democrats think the Republicans are divided, and that they can take advantage of that division. There never was a greater mistake committed, if we except the error that the Democrats made in 1868, when they thought they could secure the colored vote by the liberal use of whisky in their club rooms. Our party is no more divided than the Union army was when Sherman headed one column and Grant headed another. The two wings are in speaking distance of each other, and they can coalesce at any moment against the common enemy. The Republicans, it is true, are marshaled in the field under two leaderships, and each of these organizations feels itself strong enough to wrestle with the other for the mastery, if the occasion should arise for them to engage in a deadly grapple; but as yet they have made no irreconcilable breach that they can not overcome. The Liberal wing is on speaking terms with the Customhouse organization as yet, and friendly offers pass between the two camps almost daily. They are watching each other, and in the meantime they are both seeking that strength from an outside alliance which will turn the scale of power. If the Liberal Republicans can obtain assistance from the conservative strength of the country, they will be prepared to strike in favor of the greatest interests of the Confederation; if the Customhouse Republicans can prevent this conjunction, or if they can attract Democratic support, they will achieve their own success at the expense of both the Liberal Republicans and the Democratic party. If they can win a victory by strategy, the game will be theirs entirely. If they can not win it otherwise, they will submit to such an alliance as the Liberal Republicans may offer. In any event, and at every turn, the Democrats are doomed to defeat in their ambition to put their own Governor over the people of Louisiana. It is against the order of things that they should succeed, because they are in the minority, as they themselves confess, which makes their pretensions in that direction ridiculous. Secondly, Governor Warmoth is not undone without Democratic support any more than he was in 1870. He is not dependent for his advancement upon the Democracy at all, but, on the contrary, he is now and has all the time been in peril of defeat and destruction from the liberality with which he has treated individual Democrats. Because he consented to appoint decent gentlemen to public position at the instance of respectable Democrats, he has created enemies in his own party; and because he would not allow the State to be unmercifully plundered by his own party friends, and by selfish cronies in the Democratic party, he is denounced as a robber himself in the conventions of both parties. Burch and Carter scandalize him in the Republican camp because he arrested their attempts upon the treasury; and Hunt and Gautreaux vent their wrath upon his head in the Democratic wigwag because they have not had their way in hunting office and doing violence. The Citizens' Guard maligns him because he swamped an effort to steal the Waterworks of the city, and the Bee and Pioniere say at him for his defense of the private purse of the people and the treasury of the State against their rapacity. All his efforts to do his duty have made bitter and malignant enemies, who routh these complaints that because their rascalities were not permitted, the officer who stood in the way must be overwhelmed out of the path. And gentlemen of irreproachable character are assailed with vicious and libelous innuendoes by bullies who do not know the merits of a rudimentary principle and have no more integrity in their performances than they have politeness in their manners, merely because they solicited from the Governor of the State reputable officers for the people of the State. And men who pretend to be courageous and patriotic, apologize and equivocate about a matter that they should be proud of, that they were far enough above petty prejudice to appeal to their own officer in their own behalf and in behalf of their neighbors. We say, then, that Governor Warmoth has created his own peril by his attempts to do justice to his political opponents. His own party abuses and the beneficiaries of his manliness are afraid to endorse the acts that helped them. By doing such favors to the Democrats as he was in duty and conscience bound to do, the Governor has been taxed with perjury by the Republican party, and yet it is said that he is undone without the help of the very men who would have been and will be undone unless he did and does help them. Was there ever such perversity?

Thirdly, the claim which the Democrats, or the honest portion of them, set up to a monopoly of political honesty, is the baldest pretense imaginable. Their very speeches demonstrate this fact beyond cavillation, because they are purposely vague and indefinite. Concentrate all the utterances of Hunt and Hyams, and what do they amount to? Render them into a dejection, and there is not an ounce of sentiment that a reasonable man would be willing to exhibit in a school of analytics. Hunt says the man he solicited a favor from is infamous, but he gives no proof to sustain his assertion. Hyams says the Governor is degraded, and yet he offers no substantive fact to prove that he knows what he asserts. The fact of the matter is, these men are afraid to make direct charges. They dare not put their words

JUDGE OGDEN'S RESOLUTION. The passage of Judge Ogden's resolution yesterday in the Democratic convention, offered as a substitute to the one reported by the committee on resolutions, to the effect that the convention refused any alliance with Governor Warmoth and his friends, the Liberal Republicans, is an encouraging evidence that something good may yet result from the labors of this convention.

The resolution ignoring Governor Warmoth and the Liberal Republicans was reported by Mr. Carlton Hunt, the chairman of the committee on resolutions, and when Judge Ogden's resolution, offered as a substitute to the same, inviting the co-operation of all parties in favor of reform, came up it was vigorously opposed by all the power and eloquence of Judge Hunt, who said, in his positive way, that he did "not think it proper to put aside the judicious resolution of the committee on resolutions to consider the substitute before the convention."

There was an evident indisposition on the part of a majority of the convention to hear Judge Ogden's opposition to the passage of Judge Ogden's resolution, but deference to the patriarch, and his perseverance, finally succeeded in giving him a hearing; and he certainly did his level best to defeat even a chance of opening the door of the Democratic convention to Governor Warmoth and the Liberal Republicans. But the power and eloquence of Judge Hunt were not sufficient to arrest the passage of Judge Ogden's resolution. And what is still more wonderful, after the studied effort of a learned and righteously judge, is that the resolution should have passed the convention by a vote of 242 to 281 nays.

This is certainly encouraging to those friends of reform who have joined Governor Warmoth and the Liberal Republican party, inaugurated at Cincinnati, looking to the regeneration of State and national politics, even if the "impracticables" in this convention should defeat in the end the efforts of Governor Warmoth and the Liberal Republicans to bring about such wholesome results. In that case there will be no alternative left but to call a Liberal Republican convention in this State and make a straight-out Liberal Republican State and national ticket, and present it to the people for their support. We are satisfied that such a ticket, pledged to the reform of State and national politics, could not fail to receive a large majority of the votes of our people, regardless of old party ties.

SOMETHING LIKE IT. Mr. I. W. Patton denies that he used the language which we placed in his credit on Tuesday. He says he did not affirm of the Democratic party that the people had lost confidence in it. If he did not say that he ought to have said it, and he did say something so much like it that we are critically disinclined to draw the distinction. But to bring the matter to the judgment of the public, we give the precise language of Mr. Patton, as we find it in an address issued by him from the rooms of the Democratic Parish Committee on the twelfth of March last, to wit:

Disaffection and distrust have been aroused against the party by the betrayal of our interests and principles by some of our former leaders, both in and out of office, upon whom the Democracy of the State in former days delighted to shower honors of place and power. While we admit the truth of the charge with humiliation we deny that these recreant servants of the people have received countenance or support since the discovery of their crimes from the party which elected them to office.

The above extract admits the loss of confidence, confesses the reason, and asks for a re-hearing. The popular distrust and dissatisfaction that were aroused against the Democracy originated in the betrayal of the principles of that party by its trusted leaders, and while Mr. Patton is humiliated at making the admission, he appeals to the people to renew their trust, because the men who betrayed them had been displaced by other and better leaders. If the political chemists of the Democratic convention can make anything less out of the above extract than we did they are respectfully invited to submit their analysis.

We gave Mr. Patton credit for making the above assertion, because it hit the truth squarely on the head. The people have lost confidence in the Democratic party, and the Democrats know it. The uprisings all over the country prove the fact. The distraction that prevails in the Democratic convention establishes the point. The defection of the Reformers goes clearly to evidence that they had no confidence in the ability or strength of the Democracy to save the State. New York has repudiated it. Pennsylvania has repudiated it. Tennessee has abandoned it. Arkansas has departed from the faith. Missouri has gone to the Liberal Republicans. And the best Democrats in Louisiana will not support its ticket if it insists on bothering them with a set of Bourbon nominees. Mr. Patton told the truth, and we intend to hold to it if he does not.

OF CREEK THE CREEKIEST. In proposing to sell out the entire remainder of the State ticket to the Democrats for their nomination of him as Governor, and promising to have the Baton Rouge convention ratify this hermaphroditic ticket, Senator William Pitt Kellogg, of Illinois and Nebraska, showed most consummate impudence and self-reliance, and placed an unusually low estimate upon the colored people of Louisiana. We don't believe that Mr. Kellogg ever made a pretense that Louisiana was his home, that he ever had more than an official residence here, or had a single interest in common with Louisianians. As collector of the port he sojourned here as brief time as the safe-keeping of his lucrative office would permit, and the increased independence granted him as Senator has enabled him to inflict upon us but merely formal calls, short and far between. The records of the departments furnish abundant proof that his solicitude in the way of office-getting has been confined almost exclusively to his Illinois friends and neighbors, and even the foreign appointments which have been conceded, and in the blue book are charged to Louisiana, are filled by non-residents and strangers to

our people. And yet he has the audacity to ask of Democrats, with whom or whose welfare he never even claimed to have the slightest sympathy, the highest honor within their gift. Is this not impudence which touches sblunty?

As Andy Johnson's collector of customs, he used the government patronage to first teach the newly enfranchised negroes the corrupting and demoralizing influences of bribery. Since securing the Senatorship through such agencies, he has ever manifested for them the least regard or interest in their welfare? Has he gone among them or shown the least disposition to identify himself with their fortunes? Then it is evident Mr. Kellogg thinks his original purchase of a few weak and easily seduced representatives has vested in him the ownership, politically, at least, of the entire colored strength of this State, which he may sell, trade or give away at will. How do Messrs. Burch, Ingraham, Lewis and other Customhouse followers like the idea of this condition of political chattelship?

NATURE STRONGER THAN PREJUDICE. Judge T. G. Hunt made a very natural and just admission yesterday. He rejoiced that slavery was abolished. It is "natural and just" that he feels thus. It is unnatural and unjust that he failed to express these sentiments long ago. Hear him:

I rejoice at the abolition of slavery. Thank God! thank God there is not a slave in America. It is natural and just that it should be so. It is far better for us and our children.

That's what's the matter! Let Judge Hunt's and several other member's children be accorded their rights. Let Judge Hunt propose one of his as a candidate for the State at large to the Democratic convention at Baltimore. Try it on, Judge. Now is the hour and the chance.

We think the feeling of opposition to the "Hunt family," which a few indiscreet remarks of individual members is creating, is unworthy so dignified a body as the Democratic convention. Despite Mr. Carlton Hunt's unreasoning opposition to Governor Warmoth, he deserves and has received commendation at our hands. While the Governor was away at the Cincinnati convention, he procured from acting Governor Pinckback the removal of the board of administrators of the University of Louisiana, his intervention resulting in the selection by Mr. Pinckback of a good Republican administration for that institution, prominent among the members of which are two leading colored gentlemen of this city. We would see no man fall short of his just need of praise.

THE LUZEBURG HOSPITAL. Enacted by the late Legislature the exclusive Hospital for Small-pox and contagious complaints, IS ON THE PORTCHARTRAULIN RAILROAD. Fifth square outside Chalmette street. Indigent cases are received according to usual regulations, with permits from the sanitary officials. Private or paying cases are received for Wards, \$2 per day, private rooms, \$5. Apply at the hospital. ny21 1/2

THE NEW LOUISIANA REMEDY. SMITH'S LIFE TONIC Is incomparably the most effective Blood Purifier and Spring Tonic extant.

SMITH'S PULMONIC SIRUP. The other form of the New Louisiana Remedy, for Coughs, Bronchitis, Consumption, etc., a peerless. Parent Office—No. 20 Baronne street. ap2 3m 21/2

REDMOND B. MANNING, Issues Travelers' Letters of Credit Messrs. N. M. Rothchild & Sons, London; Messrs. S. M. de Rothschild Brothers, Paris; Messrs. M. A. de Rothschild & Sons, Frankfurt and all their correspondents. ny21 1/2

TRAVELING TRUNKS FOR THE LADIES. SATCHELS, VALISES, CARPET-BAGS, ETC. GENTS' TRAVELING TRUNKS, Of English, French and American manufacture. Every Size and Description, AND AT PRICES TO SUIT EVERY BUYER.

WILLIAM HOGAN'S GREAT SHOE HOUSE, Nos. 99 and 101 Canal Street.

A CARD. In assuming the management of the St. Louis Hotel, authorized by the unanimous vote of the stockholders of the association, at a called meeting on the twenty-seventh instant, I desire to state to the public that it is my intention to make the St. Louis a first class hotel in every respect, and particularly adapted to the comfort and pleasure of families.

LADIES' BOOTS AND SHOES. DOLLY VARDEN GAITERS AND TIES, NEWPORT TIES, NILLSON TIES, CHARINA SHOES, BALMORAL SHOES, SPANISH BUTTON SHOES, And a thousand other styles, all of the very latest fashion, and of the best material and make.

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JOHN W. MADDEN, STATIONER, LITHOGRAPHER, JOB PRINTER, AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER, 73.....Camp street.....73 Recreates all orders with promptness and a date. 1a20

BANKS AND BANKING. CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT, London by the STATE NATIONAL BANK, Nos. 31 and 33 Camp street. ny21 1/2

DIED. NICHOLS—At ten minutes to ten o'clock this morning, June 6, LEWIS NICHOLS, born in Petersburg, Virginia, aged fifty-seven years, a resident of this city for the last nine years.

THE BRITISH GENERAL GRAVES, who was present at the battle of New Orleans in 1815, died a few days ago, in England.

NOTICE. The Grand Drawing of the Single Number Tickets, Louisiana State Lottery, will take place to-morrow, SATURDAY, the eighth day of June, 1872, at eleven o'clock A. M., over the rooms of the company. Capital Prize.....\$50,000. Only 20,000 Numbers. TICKETS ONLY TWENTY DOLLARS. The public are invited to witness the drawing. 1a21 1/2

THE EXPOSITION BUILDING WILL BE REOPENED ON MONDAY, JUNE 8, AS A PERMANENT EXHIBITION AND SALESROOM For all manufactured articles.

GRAND BAZAR. And examining the articles on exhibition and for sale (the latest improvements in every line) before making their purchases. OPEN EVERY DAY DURING BUSINESS HOURS. Free to the public. 1a21 1/2

C. W. CAMMACK, MONEY BROKER. 181.....Common street.....181 ny21 1/2

THE TIMES COOKING STOVE. Will save its cost in fuel in one year. It will outlast any other, as it contains twice the metal. It will cook meats and breads in a shorter time. It will broil as well as a range. And it is the cheapest stove in the market. HENRY PERRY, Agent for the Times Cooking Stove, mh9 1/2 31 1/2

GEORGE ALICES, PREMIUM CIGAR MANUFACTORY, DEALER IN LEAF TOBACCO, 185.....Rampart Street.....185 (Below Canal street).

LOCK BOX NO. 241. ny2 3m 21/2

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ATTORNEYS AT LAW. NOTICE. A. AUGUSTIN, attorney at law, No. 41 Exchange Alley, register in bankruptcy before the United States Courts, register of the involuntary bankruptcy of the Bank of Louisiana, will receive and attend to the admission of claims of creditors on notes, deposits, shares, etc., will prepare and see to the admission of balance sheets of bankruptcies, and procure, in a short time, passports from Washington. ny21 1/2

A. HERO, JR., NOTARY PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS, Office No. 17 Commercial Place. Passports procured with dispatch and prompt attention given to all business. ap19 1/2

HAWKINS & THARP, (A. HAWKINS—DEAN TARP.) ATTORNEYS AT LAW, 19.....Commercial Place.....19 Prompt attention given to all business in the State and United States Courts.

MACHINERY. SHAKESPEAR FOUNDRY, Girod Street, Between Baronne and Dryades Streets, New Orleans. Joseph A. Shakespear, A. Smith, S. Swoop. SHAKESPEAR, SMITH & CO. (Successors to Geddes, Shakespear & Co.) IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRIES AND MACHINISTS, manufacturing every variety of Steam Engines, Sugar Mills, Centrifugal Machines, Saw Mills, Draining Machines, Mill and Gin Gearing and Grate Bars, Stone Fronts, Columns, Ventilators and Steam Weights. Blacksmith work of all kinds. ap27 1/2

NOVELTY IRON WORKS, Corner of Delord and New Levee streets, mh9 1/2

ARMSTRONG'S FOUNDRY AND BOILER MANUFACTORY, Corner of Erato and New Levee streets, NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA. W. J. J. ARMSTRONG, Manager. Manufacturer of Vertical and Horizontal Steam Engines, Sugar Mills, Draining Machines, Saw Mills, Cotton Gearing, and every variety of Steam Engines, Sugar Mills, Centrifugal Machines, Furnace Mouths, Grate Bars, Boiler Black, Reversing, Gas Rotors, Railroad Frigs, etc. Also, Presses, Screw Conveyors, Fire Engines, Cylinder Boilers of all kinds, Filters, Juice Bores and Clarifiers, etc. 1a21 1/2

J. S. SLEIGHTS & CO., Nos. 19 Canal, 3 Crossman and 4 Front Streets. DEALERS IN HARDWARE, IRON AND SHIP CHANDLERY, Nails and Castings, Hoop, Sheet and Bar Iron, Manila and Tarrad Cordage, Sail Duck, Flows, Shovels and Spades, Sheet Copper and Zinc Anvils and Chains, Axes and Hoes, Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead, Paints and Oils, Blocks and Caps.

INDIA RUBBER BELTING, Hose, Packing, and all supplies necessary for Railroads, Steamships, Plantations, etc. "Self-Lubricating Packing." COPPER, TIE, SHEET IRON AND GAS WORKERS ny21 1/2

BUSINESS CARDS. D. M'KENDRICK, House and Ship Plumber, Gas-Fitter, Etc., No. 46 Magazine street, near the corner of Race Street, New Orleans. Dealer in Plumbing and Gas-Fitting Materials, Gas Fitters, etc. 1a21 1/2

RICHARD BRODERICK, CISTERN MAKER, 132.....Julia street.....132 (Between Camp and Magazine.) Second hand cisterns always on hand. All work guaranteed. Lock box No. 20 Mechanics and Jewelers' Exchange. 1a21 1/2

PATENTS. AMERICAN AND FOREIGN, Solicited by JERKINS & OLMSTEAD, Architects and Engineers, mh12 1/2

D. URBAN, NOTARY PUBLIC AND UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER, Commissioner of the United States Court of Claims and Court of Accounts, Office No. 60 Camp Street, New Orleans. Testimony and depositions taken at short notice. Passports procured, and Customhouse papers promptly attended to. 1a21 1/2

REUSING & ERNEST, (E. Reusing and J. Ernest.) UPHOLSTERS AND FURNITURE DEALERS. Carpets, Mattings and Oil Cloths cleaned and laid. Furniture covers made to order. All orders will receive prompt attention and satisfaction guaranteed. No. 206 Julia street, between Baronne and Tryonde, New Orleans. 1a21 1/2

JOHN GRAY, Proprietor of Plumber Stables and Undertaker, Nos. 25 and 27 Elysian Fields street, opposite Poydras street railroad, Third District, New Orleans. Carriages, Harness, Saddles and Saddle Horses to hire. Horses bought, sold and kept on hand. Walnut and Oak Coffins always on hand. Funerals attended to by the Proprietor, who hopes, by strict attention to business, to obtain a share of public patronage. 1a21 1/2

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SAMUELS & KNOOP, (J. Samuels and J. Knop.) DEALERS IN ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER of all descriptions, Shingles, Laths, Doors, Sash and Blinds. No. 287 Julia street, New Orleans. Plantation, shalrains, Louisiana. Dealers in Furniture, Carpets, Mattings and Oil Cloths cleaned and laid. Furniture covers made to order. All orders will receive prompt attention and satisfaction guaranteed. No. 206 Julia street, between Baronne and Tryonde, New Orleans. 1a21 1/2

JOHN G. FLEMING, DEALER IN GAS FITTINGS, Has now on hand and for sale at his store, No. 144 Poydras street, the largest and finest assortment of goods in his branch of business that can be found west of south of the Allegheny Mountains. Call and see for yourselves. 1a21 1/2

P. A. MURRAY, CISTERN MAKER, No. 191 Magazine Street, between Julia and St. Joseph Streets. Cisterns made to order and repaired. All work warranted. A lot of cisterns made of the best material and workmanship kept constantly on hand, and for sale at prices to suit the times. Orders promptly attended to. 1a21 1/2

DR. F. B. ALBERS, RESIDENCE No. 43 ERATO STREET. Office No. 68 Canal street, corner of Magazine. Office hours from 12 M. to 3 P. M., and from 7 to 9 P. M. del21 1/2

DR. JOHN G. ANGELL, DENTAL SURGEON, Office and residence, 152.....Julia Street.....152 NEAR CAMP. All operations in Operative, Mechanical and Surgical Dentistry carefully performed. Nitrous oxide and other anæsthetics administered. 1a21 1/2

HORSES—MULES—THE UNDERSIGNED takes this opportunity to announce to the public that he has perfected arrangements with Western breeders that will enable him to keep constantly on hand the largest assortment of horses and mules to suit the country and city demand, which he can sell as low as any other dealer, and guarantees all stock sold as represented. JAMES RAGAN, Stenwell Sale Stables, 134 Baronne street. del21 1/2

CHEAP GAS FITTINGS AND PLUMBERS MATERIALS, SULLIVAN & BULGER, PLUMBERS AND GAS FITTERS AND AGENTS FOR THE BARSTOWN COOKING RANGE. 115 Poydras, next door to Camp street. Dealers in Plumbing and Gas Fitting Materials, House, ship and steamboat work promptly attended to. Box No. 226 Mechanics and Dealers' Exchange. 1a21 1/2