

New Orleans, to-morrow, twenty-second instant, at twelve o'clock M.

Which was unanimously adopted. The chair announced the convention adjourned to meet pursuant to resolution adopted.

Sixth Day's Proceedings. New Orleans, June 22, 1872.

Pursuant to adjournment at Baton Rouge, the convention was called to order by Hon. H. Campbell, president.

Roll called: forty-eight parishes present. Mr. Young, of Concordia, on behalf of the committee on resolutions, submitted the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That this convention, recognizing in Lieutenant Governor Pinchback prominent courage, unswerving devotion to Republican principles, fidelity to his interests of his race, and also to the welfare of Louisiana, with pride and esteem point to him as one of the most eminent standard bearers of the Republican cause in this State, and pledge to him our hearty support, and support in carrying to victory the flag of Republican principles in the coming contest.

Resolved, That it is the unanimous sentiment of this convention that this organization is the sole existing one to which Republicans can look with any hope for maintaining their position of control in the executive, legislative and judicial departments of the government, for preserving the equal rights of all the people of the State, for continuing and increasing the number of colored citizens, and for delivering our people from the reactionary tendencies and devices of the Democracy.

Resolved, That we pledge ourselves to the people of this State to an honest and earnest endeavor to stop extravagance, curtail expenditures, diminish the taxes, put down venality and corruption, oppose usurpation of power by any individual, and to encourage harmony and good feelings between all the people of this State, and the obliteration of all the animosities and distrusts caused by past political divisions.

Resolved, That we are in favor of electing to office honest and capable men, identified with the people of this State and having their homes and interests within it.

Resolved, That with all our care and salvation of our own State are paramount to all considerations of national politics, and are the dearest objects of our desires.

Resolved, That we will do our utmost to attain these high and noble aims, the convention, when it adjourns, do adjourn to meet at Mechanics' Institute, in New Orleans, on the eighth day next, or at the call of the State Central Committee.

Resolved, That the State Central Committee be authorized to call upon the different parish organizations, and to request their present delegates to the convention to meet on August 9.

Resolved, That it is the will of this convention in view of the numerous divisions existing among the members upon the expediency of declaring at this time its preferences on national questions, that it refer to the committee of opinion to support of candidates for the Presidency, leaving to each delegate full liberty to declare preferences to the wishes of his constituents.

Resolved, That the convention assembled under the auspices of the Customhouse at Baton Rouge have betrayed the Republican party; have annulled with a high hand the will of the people; have expelled their legally elected delegates; have usurped their places who were not elected, and who do not even live in the parishes they pretend to represent; have used bribery, threats and other means to induce the members of the organization of the convention against the known will of the delegates; they have outraged every principle of parliamentary law and the rights of the people; they have refused to meet in the convention; they have representing three of the largest parishes in the State unless they would first pledge themselves to vote for the candidates selected by the convention.

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one year from and after the passage of this act.

Approved, February 2, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 8.] An act to establish certain post-routes in the State of Iowa.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following be, and the same are hereby, established as post-routes in the State of Iowa:

From Franklin, in Winnebago county, State of Iowa, to Washington Prairie, in the same county; also, From Union, in Allamakee county, State of Iowa, via Rnd's, Dorchester, Wilmington, to Caledonia, in the State of Minnesota.

Approved, February 2, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 9.] An act to exempt the iron steam boats constructed by the city of Philadelphia from inspection required by the act of February 27, 1871.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of February 27, 1871, entitled "An act to provide for the better security of life on board of vessels propelled in part by steam, and for other purposes."

Approved, February 6, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 11.] An act for the relief of Alexander Smith and Halsey Skinner.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioner of Patents be, and he is hereby, directed to grant a rehearing of the application of Alexander Smith and Halsey Skinner for a patent for an improvement in power looms.

Approved, February 6, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 12.] An act to authorize the construction of a bridge across the Missouri river at or near St. Joseph, Missouri.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of February 27, 1871, entitled "An act to authorize the construction of a bridge across the Missouri river at or near St. Joseph, Missouri."

Approved, February 6, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 13.] An act making appropriations for the payment of invalid and other pensions of the United States for the year ending June thirty, 1872.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of \$1,000,000 be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Approved, February 20, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 14.] An act to amend an act entitled "An act to provide a national currency issued by the United States."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of June 30, 1864, entitled "An act to provide a national currency issued by the United States."

Approved, February 20, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 15.] An act to amend an act entitled "An act to provide a national currency issued by the United States."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of June 30, 1864, entitled "An act to provide a national currency issued by the United States."

Approved, February 20, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 16.] An act to amend an act entitled "An act to provide a national currency issued by the United States."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of June 30, 1864, entitled "An act to provide a national currency issued by the United States."

Approved, February 20, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 17.] An act to amend an act entitled "An act to provide a national currency issued by the United States."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of June 30, 1864, entitled "An act to provide a national currency issued by the United States."

Approved, February 20, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 18.] An act to amend an act entitled "An act to provide a national currency issued by the United States."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of June 30, 1864, entitled "An act to provide a national currency issued by the United States."

Approved, February 20, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 19.] An act to amend an act entitled "An act to provide a national currency issued by the United States."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of June 30, 1864, entitled "An act to provide a national currency issued by the United States."

Approved, February 20, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 20.] An act to amend an act entitled "An act to provide a national currency issued by the United States."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of June 30, 1864, entitled "An act to provide a national currency issued by the United States."

Approved, February 20, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 21.] An act to amend an act entitled "An act to provide a national currency issued by the United States."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of June 30, 1864, entitled "An act to provide a national currency issued by the United States."

Approved, February 20, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 22.] An act to amend an act entitled "An act to provide a national currency issued by the United States."

scribes; provided, that bonds shall be given for the payment to the United States of any and all of any articles as shall not be re-exported within six months after such importation.

Approved March 5, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 23.] An act transferring certain powers and duties to the Department of Justice, and providing a seal therefor.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all and singular the powers, conferred and duties enjoyed by existing laws upon the Secretary of the Interior relating to the imprisonment or discharge of convicted offenders against the laws of the United States, or to the reform school and jail in the District of Columbia, be, and the same are hereby, transferred to the Department of Justice.

Approved, March 5, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 24.] An act supplementary to the act entitled "An act to prevent the extermination of fur-bearing animals in Alaska."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of February 27, 1871, entitled "An act to prevent the extermination of fur-bearing animals in Alaska."

Approved, March 5, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 25.] An act to amend an act approved July twenty-seventh, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of July 27, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Approved, March 5, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 26.] An act to amend an act approved July twenty-seventh, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of July 27, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Approved, March 5, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 27.] An act to amend an act approved July twenty-seventh, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of July 27, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Approved, March 5, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 28.] An act to amend an act approved July twenty-seventh, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of July 27, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Approved, March 5, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 29.] An act to amend an act approved July twenty-seventh, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of July 27, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Approved, March 5, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 30.] An act to amend an act approved July twenty-seventh, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of July 27, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Approved, March 5, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 31.] An act to amend an act approved July twenty-seventh, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of July 27, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Approved, March 5, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 32.] An act to amend an act approved July twenty-seventh, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of July 27, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Approved, March 5, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 33.] An act to amend an act approved July twenty-seventh, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of July 27, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Approved, March 5, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 34.] An act to amend an act approved July twenty-seventh, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of July 27, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Approved, March 5, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 35.] An act to amend an act approved July twenty-seventh, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of July 27, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Approved, March 5, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 36.] An act to amend an act approved July twenty-seventh, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of July 27, 1871, entitled "An act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries."

tion arising from any obstruction, or alleged obstruction, to the free navigation of said river, the cause may be tried before the district court of the United States of any State in which a suit may be brought; provided, that said bridge shall not be so located or constructed as to interfere in any manner with the approach to the railroad bridge now existing at Clinton, or with the piers of the same, or so as to obstruct in any manner the passage of boats, vessels, or rafts, or to render any passage more difficult or dangerous: Provided, however, That this clause shall not be construed to prohibit the crossing of the approaches to said bridge, if such crossing shall be found necessary.

Sec. 2. That any bridge built under the provisions of this act may, at the option of the contractor, be a draw-bridge, or a draw-bridge, with a pivot or other continuous spans, provided, that if the said bridge shall be a draw-bridge, it shall not be less than one hundred and fifty feet in length, and the bottom chord of the bridge, not less than one hundred and fifty feet in length, and the piers of said bridge shall be parallel with the current of the river, and the main span shall be over the main channel of the river, and not less than three hundred feet in length; and provided also, that if any bridge built under this act shall be a continuous bridge, the same shall be constructed as a pivot draw-bridge, with a draw over the main channel of the river, and an accessible and navigable point, and with spans of not less than one hundred and sixty feet in length in the clear on each side of the central or pivot pier of the draw; and the next adjoining spans to the draw shall not be less than fifty feet in length; and said spans shall not be less than thirty feet above low-water mark, and not less than ten feet above extreme high-water mark, and the piers of said bridge shall be parallel with the current of the river, where said bridge may be erected: And provided, that said draw shall be opened promptly upon reasonable signal, for the passage of boats.

Sec. 3. That any bridge constructed under this act, and according to its limitations, shall be a lawful structure, and shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 4. That all railway companies desiring to use the said bridge shall have and be entitled to equal rights and privileges in the use of the bridge, and the use of the machinery and fixtures thereof, and of all the approaches thereto, under and upon such terms and conditions as shall be provided by the Secretary of the Interior, hearing the allegations and proofs of the parties in case they shall not agree.

Sec. 5. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 6. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 7. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 8. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 9. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 10. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 11. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 12. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 13. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 14. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 15. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 16. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 17. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 18. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 19. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 20. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 21. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 22. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 23. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 24. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 25. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 26. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 27. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 28. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

Sec. 29. That the structure herein authorized shall be subject to the same laws, regulations, and penalties, as other bridges, and no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war, than is made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and the munitions of war.

be, and is hereby, constituted a port of delivery, within the collection district of New Orleans; and there shall be appointed a collector of duties, to reside at said port, who shall receive and collect the duties on goods imported from foreign countries, not exceeding fifteen hundred dollars per annum.

Approved March 1, 1872. [GENERAL NATURE—No. 12.] An act making appropriations to supply a deficiency in the appropriations for salaries to the Post Office Department for the current fiscal year.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply the deficiency in the appropriations for the service of the Post Office Department for the present fiscal year, viz: