[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

cluding the physicians; I ordered the room cleared; the doctors were doing nothing when I got there; I probed the wound; there was no nourishment given him while I remained in the room; I did probe beyond the walls of the abdomen; no one but a crazy man would consider it malpractice; probing had been done by Dr. Tripler before I arrived; William M. Tweed was with Fisk; Colonel Fisk was very anxious to know whether or not he was going to die; I ordered his will to be made; can't say that he wandered in his mind at all. I was present at the post mortem examination; was interested in it, because the brain was so large, and the heart was also large; the shock to Colonel Fisk was both from the effect of the wound and mental excitement; coma always results from peritonitis as a rule; the head is not affected in simple peritonitis; I saw him at half-past eight, and he was not then insensible; he died at eleven o'clock; was not present at his death.

Question—Did not death ensue too soon after the wound to be the effect of peritonitis?

Answer—I think so.

The court adjourned until to-morrow at the conclusion of the Doctor's testimony.

Arrived—Steamers City of Limerick, Wisconsin and City of Antwerp, from Liverpool.

The situation in regard to the labor strikes to-day is practically unchanged, and presents no new developments of interest. In some quarters rumors are rife of negotiations in progress between strikers and bosses, which promise an amicable solution of existing difficulties, but the report seems to lack confirmation.

The thermometer to-day reached 98° in the shade. Many cases of sunstroke are reported.

Money easy at 4@5 per cent on call loans. Sterling exchange strong at 9⅞. Gold 113⅞@114; loans ranged from 1 to 4 for carrying. Governments dull but steady; new fives 113⅞; sixes of 1881, ex-interest, 116⅝; five-twenties of 1862, 114¾; 1865, 115¼, new ex-interest, 113⅞; 1867, ex-interest, 115⅛; 1868, ex-interest, 114¾; ten-forties, 112⅝. State bonds dull and heavy; Tennessees, old 74, new 74; Virginias, old 42, new 50; Louisiana sixes, old 52, new 50, levee sixes 55, eights 73; Alabama eights 83, fives 60; Georgia sixes 70, sevens 88; North Carolinas, old 36¼, new 21; South Carolinas, old 50, new 29¼.

FOREIGN.

Arrivals at Liverpool—San Juan Boundary Arbitration—Alabama Claims Arbitration—Our Direct Claims—Fourth of July at Liverpool—Dinner of the American Club—King of Spain Visiting His Subjects—Republicans Oppose Every Form of Monarchy.

LIVERPOOL, July 1.—Arrived—Ships Robert Lee, from New York, with 612 bales of cotton; J. Webb, from New York, with 1492 bales; Road, from New York, with 466 bales, and A. Gallatin, from Mobile, with 3646 bales.

BERLIN, July 1.—Arbitration on the San Juan boundary question will now proceed. Bismarck is about to appoint international jurists to examine the papers submitted by the English and American governments and report to the Emperor.

GENEVA, July 1.—The Alabama claims arbitration tribunal, in dealing with the direct claims of the American government, will consider separately the character of the Confederate cruisers, and award damages according to its findings.

LONDON, July 1.—Arrangements have been made by the American Club of Liverpool for a fine celebration on the fourth of July in that city. The Bishop of Manchester, Dean of Chester, John Bright and Mr. Rathbone have been invited to attend the dinner on the occasion.

MADRID, July 1.—The King will soon visit the northern provinces of the kingdom, passing through those which have been most disturbed by the Carlists. The Republicans have resolved to oppose every form of monarchical government in Spain, to acknowledge no monarchial authority, and to abstain from all elections while monarchy exists in the country. At the same time, members of the majority in the ministry, belonging to the Conservative party, have determined to withdraw from the political arena.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Drugging a Railroad Agent—Robbing the Safe—Conference of the Labor Party—Davis and Parker Declined—The Irish Band at Boston—The Louisville Canal—No More Work on It this Season—New Sheriff at Memphis—Murder and Suicide About an Old Horse Trade—Shooting a Seducer Not Murder.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 1.—Burglars entered the depot of the Indianapolis, Bloomington & Western railroad, at Crawfordsville, last night, drugged the agent, opened the bank, extracted $1405, and then ignited a mixture of coal oil, setting fire to the depot, badly injuring their escape. The building was William[illegible] but not destroyed.

broom men, [illegible] July 1.—The mill and time, met at M[illegible]uck for a reduction of and were address[illegible] square this morning Great enthusiasm [illegible] several speakers. o'clock some 2000 form[illegible]ded. At eleven marched down town to [illegible] procession and were in operation, and pe[illegible]w mills that to join. This afternoon the[illegible] the men the mills up-town. Very few [illegible]rched to running. No disturbances so far [illegible]e now

The mayor issued a proclamat[illegible] morning ordering all places where liq[illegible] sold closed until after the fourth of July.

BOSTON, July 1.—The Irish band arrive[illegible] this morning, and proceeded direct to the [illegible] quarters prepared for them at the Everett House. To morrow morning a public reception will be given the band by the Irish societies of Boston and vicinity.

The weather to-day is the hottest of the season.

The Labor party has decided for a conference at the Germania Hall assembly rooms, New York, on Tuesday afternoon, July 30, Judge Davis and Governor Parker having declined their nomination. Governor Parker, in his letter of declination, says: "I have always been a member of the Democratic party for nearly thirty-five years. I have shared its triumphs and its defeats, adhering to its fortunes because I considered its success essential to good government and to the elevation of the laboring classes. Having been placed in an important position as the nominee of that party, I am bound in honor, as well as by inclination, to stand by its organization, and abide by the decision of its national convention. To be the candidate of one party while supporting the nominees of another, although the two may agree substantially in principle, would be inconsistent, and I therefore decline the nomination tendered me by the convention you represent."

BUFFALO, July 1.—Jacob Dodd's pork establishment burned. Loss $75,000. The hogs on the upper floor were roasted alive.

LOUISVILLE, July 1.—It is rumored that no more work will be done on the canal this season, as the appropriation by Congress was made on condition of a reduction of the tolls to five cents per ton, which the company claim they cannot do, having a heavy debt which that rate of tolls would not meet.

MEMPHIS, July 1.—Colonel Amos P. Curry was inducted into office as sheriff in accordance with a recent decision of the Supreme Court.

At the residence of a planter named Wray, near Brownsville, Tennessee, this morning, Benjamin H. Wray and his brother-in-law, John A. Wilson, had an altercation at the breakfast table about a horse trade, which had occurred two years ago, resulting in Benjamin Wray shooting Wilson through the heart, killing him instantly. He then ran into the yard, followed by Wilson's wife, who was begging him not to shoot her husband again, not knowing that he was dead. Her screams, it is supposed, caused him to place the pistol to his breast and fire it, causing a fatal wound. The parties are all respectable and the affair has caused great excitement there.

Dr. William Dameron, who killed Bennett Jones last April, for seducing his wife, was acquitted to-day.

LONG BRANCH, July 1.—Fifteen thousand people are now here and all the hotels are full. The excitement over to-morrow's race is intense. Prominent sporting men from all parts of the country are present. In the great race for the Monmouth cup Harry Bassett has the call. Pool buyers and betting men are very shy. John Morrissey attempted to make pools heavy, bidding $1500 on Harry Bassett, $1000 only being bid for Longfellow. This pool was withdrawn, and the following are the first three pools sold on the race: First pool—Harry Bassett $700; Longfellow $455. Second pool—Harry Bossett $400; Longfellow $330. Third pool—Harry Bassett $500; Longfellow $435.

Governor Magoffin, of Kentucky, and the Hon. John C. Breckinridge arrived here to-day.

ST. LOUIS, July 1.—The Kansas City *Times* of the twenty-seventh ultimo says that Miss Amanda Barber, who married Squatting Bear, a brute Sioux chief, at Washington in 1867, and went to Dacota Territory with her husband as a missionary, arrived in that city on the steamer Fentonelle from Fort Benton on Friday last. After spending three years with the Sioux, suffering gross indignities, and being compelled to perform the most menial services, she attempted to escape, but was captured and beaten nearly to death by her husband and then sold to a Cheyenne chief.

She was taken north in 1870, and remained with the Cheyennes till this spring, when she escaped from Fort Benton. Miss Barber left Kansas City on Friday for her home at Milford, Massachusetts.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 1.—Arrived—Steamship Sacramento, from Panama.

Whitney, a bar tender in the Central Pacific railroad saloon, Sacramento, shot a gentleman named Boyer, who interfered to prevent a fight, yesterday. Boyer is supposed to be fatally wounded.

BOSTON, July 1.—Company F, Second Regiment, Pennsylvania national guard, arrived this morning, and attended the concert this afternoon, in company with several officers of the Ninth Regiment.

The day, which was announced as peculiarly devoted to the Irish, drew an audiance of only 20,000.

A fantasie from "Faust" by the French band.

The astonishing accomplishment of Madame Peschka in the air of the "Queens of the Night," from the "Magic Flute," and the performance of the Irish band, under Clements, were the popular features. Although the English and German bands were received with great favor, the Irish musicians showed their skill under their accomplished leader, who had had them in training but a short time, and were kept on the stage for nearly one hour.

The enthusiasm was immense, and overtopped that aroused by the "Anvil Chorus," with its guns and strikers. "The harp that once through Tara's hall" was sung by the chorus and audience, and the Grenadier band revived the enthusiasm by performing, in fine style, Oberon's overture and several English and American favorites. The "Don Juan" overture by the German band was also favorably received.

TOPEKA, Kansas, July 1.—Trains on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad will commence running to Raymond to-morrow. Large cattle yards have been built there, and it is reported that 40,000 head of cattle are now there awaiting shipment.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., July 1.—Workingmen this evening visited the lumber yards, shut down mills that were running and will visit the Great Dodge mill to-morrow. The laborers assemble at nine o'clock. The leaders caution moderation and the men are sober and orderly.

One mill which is working in accordance with their system was loudly cheered.

The weather was intensely hot and the men continually fell out of line. They intend to start earlier to-morrow morning. Everything is orderly, saloons and bars all closed for four days in accordance with the proclamation of the mayor.

LITTLE ROCK, July 1.—Last Wednesday, at Fort Smith, Frederick Trasse struck Anna McGrew, a dressmaker, on the head with an iron bar, felling her to the earth. Thinking she was dead, he shot himself through the heart. Jealousy was the cause.

BOSTON, July 1.—In a game of base ball to-day between the Boston and Forest City, of Cleveland, Ohio, clubs, the former beat the latter by a score of seventeen to nothing.

NASHVILLE, July 1.—The races at Long Branch are exciting much attention here. Pool selling to-night is active. Bassett is the favorite.

Weather Report.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Office Chief Signal Officer,
Washington, July 1, 1872, 4:23 P. M.

PROBABILITIES.

The barometer will probably continue falling on Tuesday, with southwest winds and increasing cloudiness over the lakes. The area of highest temperature will move northeastward, followed by cooler weather south and west of New York. Partially cloudy and close weather will prevail on the South Atlantic and Gulf States. The area of rain will move eastward into Northern Canada. Light local rains will prevail at a few places from Louisiana to Cape Hatteras.

River Intelligence.

SOUTHWEST PASS, July 1, 6 P. M.—Barometer 29.90. Wind south-southeast, light. No arrivals. Sailed—Schooner J. E. King.

VICKSBURG, June 30.—Passed down—A. J. Baker and barges at noon; Louisville at 7 P. M. Passed up—Julia at 6 P. M. Weather warm and cloudy. River falling.

PASS-A-L'OUTRE, July 1, 6 P. M.—Wind south-southeast, light. Arrived at 1 P. M.—Steamship Tappahannock, Reade, master, sixty hours from Havana via Key West, with a cargo of sugar, cigars and fruit, to Fairbanks & Leaycraft; steamship Havana at 1:20 P. M., Pennington, master, from Havana via Florida ports, with sugar, passengers and mails, to J. K. Roberts. No departures.

VICKSBURG, July 1.—Down—John T. Hoe and Henry Ames, at 7 A. M.; James Up[illegible], at 10 A. M.; Pargoud, at 5 P. M. and bl[illegible] of Cairo, 10 A. M.; Smoky City M. Wea[illegible] at 12 M.; H. C. Wilson, at 12 [illegible]

CINCINNA[illegible]arm and clear. River falling six inches in [illegible]ly 1.—River twelve feet cury 92° at 7 P. [illegible]annel and falling. Mer[illegible]

LOUISVILLE, [illegible]—Weather clear. with six feet two [illegible]. The river is rising, feet two inches in the [illegible] in the canal, four the hottest of the seaso[illegible]te. To-day was 6 P. M. No business. [illegible]ercury 100° at

EVANSVILLE, July 1.—We[illegible] hot; mercury 98°. The rive[illegible] clear and three inches. Passed up—John [illegible] fallen noon. [illegible]r, at

CAIRO, July 1.—Arrived—Colorado, [illegible] St. Louis, at nine last night; Glencoe, [illegible] New Orleans, at 11 A. M.; Great Republ[illegible] from New Orleans, at 4 P. M.; Belle St. Louis, from Vicksburg, at 4 P. M.; St. Johns, from Vicksburg, at 8 P. M. Departed—Colorado, for Vicksburg, at 10 A. M.; Great Republic, for St. Louis, at 5 P. M.; Belle St. Louis, for St. Louis, at 5 P. M. The Glencoe is unloading railroad iron at Mound City. The river has fallen six inches. Weather clear and hot.

ST. LOUIS, July 1.—Arrived—City of Vicksburg, from Vicksburg. No departures. Weather clear and warm. River falling slowly.

MEMPHIS, July 1.—Weather clear and hot. River falling steadily. Passed up—Glencoe, Mohawk and barges and Nick Longworth. Passed down—Kellogg and barges last night, James Howard to-day.

MARKETS.

Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, July 1.—Cotton—demand fair, holders free sellers; sales 1500 bales; middling uplands 25¾c, middling Orleans 26c. Futures—sales to-day 13,950 bales as follows: Low middling for July 24@24¾; August 24⅝@25 1-16; September 22¼@22 13-16; October 20¼; November 19⅝@19¾; December 19 5-16. Flour flat; prices declining, common to fair extra $7 15@9 25; good to choice extra $9 40@12 75. Whisky dull; buyers 90, sellers 91. Wheat 1@2c lower. Corn a shade lower with a fair export demand at a decline, home trade buying moderately 62@63c for steamer Western mixed. Pork dull; $13 20@13 25. Beef—plain mess $7 50@9 50. Lard dull; 8¼@9⅛c. Turpentine dull and heavy; 48½c. Rosin dull; $3 10. Freights a shade firmer.

Coffee quiet; Rio 16¼@19¼c. Sugar dull; fair to good refining 8⅝@9c; Cuba 8⅛@9c. Molasses dull and nominal. Rice steady; 9@9½c.

CINCINNATI, July 1.—Cotton dull and prices nominal; low middling 24¼@24½c. Flour—Demand fair and market firm; $7 25@7 50. Wheat—Demand fair and market firm at $1 45@1 55. Corn—Demand fair and market firm at 49c. Oats dull and prices a shade lower, 33@38c. Pork—Demand light but holders firm; city $14 75. Lard—Demand light but holders firm, prices nominal; summer 8½c; steam 8¾c; kettle 9c. Bulk meats—Demand fair and market firm; shoulders 4½@4¾c; clear rib 6½@6¾c; clear 6¾c. Bacon—Demand fair and market firm; jobbing sales of shoulders 5¾c; clear rib 7¼c; clear 7½c. Whisky quiet and weak at 85c.

ST. LOUIS, July 1.—Cotton dull and prices are nominal. Flour dull and market unsettled; scarcely anything doing. Wheat—Spring lower; No. 1 spring Chicago $1 20; sample lots of new No. 2 red winter $1 40; old do $1 50. Corn dull and prices have declined; No. 2 38@40c, closing dull at 39c. Oats steady with a moderate demand; No. 2 29@29½c. Whisky unchanged at 88c. Pork dull at $11 80@12. Dry salt meat firm; clear rib 6¾c. Bacon firm; order lots of shoulders 5½c; clear rib 7⅝@7¾c; clear 7⅞c. Lard dull at 8c for country steam.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, July 1.—Consols closed at 92⅝ for money and 92⅝@92¾ on account. American securities unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, July 1.—Cotton closed dull but unchanged. Sales to-day 10,000 bales, 2000 of which were for export and speculation; uplands 11⅛@11¼d; Orleans 11½d.

Throwing Away a Fortune.

Some twelve or fifteen years ago (says the Pittsburg *Commercial*), when land in the (now) outer wards of the city was regarded as of little value, and when those who farmed it imagined—if they ever gave the subject a thought at all—that Pittsburg would never grow beyond the boundaries of the old nine wards, a beautiful tract of fifty acres, overlooking the Monongahela, opposite the City farm, was owned by a man whose chief characteristic was the unyielding determination never to submit to what he might deem a wrong or an imposition. He had on one occasion to employ a physician, as most men have, and the doctor, like most other doctors, expected pay for his services. He sent in his bill to the farmer, and the farmer refused to pay. He had made up his mind not to pay the bill, and that was enough. The doctor brought suit. The case was finally submitted to arbitrators, who cut down the bill, fixing the amount justly due at $5. The farmer still refused to pay—declared he never would yield. The doctor got stubborn, too, and vowed he would have his money. The magistrate gave judgment against the farmer; but, nevertheless, he adhered to his purpose not to pay.

An execution was issued, the property was seized by the sheriff and advertised for sale. The farmer's mind was made up, and was not to be changed either by sheriff's writs or the advice or entreaties of friends. The property was actually sold on the execution, based on the five dollar judgment, and of course was "knocked down" at a mere song. The farmer was thus divested of his title, and was eventually compelled to surrender possession. After the sale he was offered his property back if he would pay the judgment and costs, but he refused to do so. In a few years after the farm sold for $3400 to a gentleman who kept it eight or nine years. Then consolidation came, and it changed hands again at an enormous advace. These purchasers held the property until last year, when they sold it to the Homestead Bank for the handsome sum of $60,000. This company, within the last few days, under their admirable system of selling lots for homes, disposed of over $100,000 worth of this same land, and still have over one-third of their purchase unsold! Had the farmer been as determined on holding fast to his property as he was on throwing it away he would have made himself rich, or left a handsome fortune for his heirs.

The Father of Carpet-baggers.

This is copied from the Greensburg (St. Helena parish) *Star and Journal:*

We have been informed that the convention that assembled at Baton Rouge last week placed at the head of their ticket the father of all carpet-baggers, with his enforcement act. His nomination as a Reformer reminds us of what a very prominent State Senator said in a speech last August, "That William Pitt Kellogg was the first man, to his knowledge, that ever introduced bribery into the Legislature; that when William Pitt Kellogg ran for the United States Senate, he was offered money to support him, and he was satisfied that he did procure votes with money." We would suggest to all honest men not to support the old carpet-bagger, unless they want to see the State go into bankruptcy. We would also suggest to our colored brethren to examine the report of the congressional committee in regard to the riot in New Orleans in 1866, where he states that they were the cause of the riot, and that he (Kellogg) had no sympathy for them. So much for the carpet-bagger.

Snow in Maine.

We copy the following from the New York *Commercial Advertiser*:

A few days since a party of gentlemen from this city went fishing in Maine, a hundred miles or so north of Portland. On Friday last the heat was almost intolerable. That day the party left on their return. After riding a few miles they stopped to engage in a game of snowball, at a drift of enormous dimensions. Two miles further on they stopped for the night, and at that place the mercury that day had marked 105° in the shade. The drift in question was seventy-five feet high when formed in the winter, and it bids fair to last the rest of the summer. This mass of snow is so phenomenal to that part of Maine that the people propose to celebrate its presence by a picnic on the Fourth of July, to which the denizens of more temperate regions will be welcome. From all accounts it is reasonable to infer that Maine had its full share of snow last winter. No one there complains of dry streams or low springs.

Long John Wentworth, of Chicago, in a recent campaign speech, made the following trenchant reference to one of President Grant's peculiarities:

Some years ago a President of the United States did the unheard of thing of receiving a present. When I was mayor of this city I discharged a policeman for doing that very same thing. When I was connected at one time with another institution, and one of the employes thereof received a present from his subordinates, I used my influence to discharge him, and he was discharged. I made uh my mind then as while General Grant was a good soldier he did not understand American politics, he did not appreciate the dignity of the office of Washington's successor.

Inasmuch as we are solemnly assured that there are three generals Grant and William Pennsylvania, and that Greeley men in Pennsylvania will carry the [illegible] majority, where by from 30,000 to 90,000 majority, where by from 30,000 to Delaware, *Gazette* mees the Wilmington, along the border of Pendby saying: "All of Republicans having takeania we hear ley against Grant—men who took in Greefore been the most outspokeere heretofore. The following prominent politicadicals, mentioned as having abandoned Gra are Chester county—Dr. Frank Taylor is Internal revenue under Lincoln; Smedley Darlington, of West Chester, financial operator; John Hickman, ex-member of Congress; John B. Wood, ex-chairman county committee. In Delaware county—John H. Barton, of Chester, ex-member of the Legislature."

Less than 31,000 persons own all the real estate in England, including all the owners of city houses and building lots, and one-half the land is owned by 150 persons. England is said to have 51,000 square miles; taking one-half of that and converting it into acres, it will average over 100,000 to each person. In Scotland 19,500,000 of acres are owned by twelve persons.

The Opelousas *Courier* says:

Mr. Fernest Martin, of Lafayette parish, was in our town this week. He brings the information that a corps of engineers, twenty-five in number, will soon locate here, to begin the survey of the branch road to Shreveport. We would like to see them at work.

To encourage beet sugar manufacture in New Jersey, the last Legislature passed a law exempting from taxation capital employed exclusively in this industry.

Monetary--Commercial.

MONETARY.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY REPUBLICAN,
MONDAY EVENING, July 1, 1872.

We notice that in addition to the dividends mentioned in our last report the State National Bank has declared 5 ⅌ cent from the profits of the past six months; the Bank of Lafayette 5 ⅌ cent, and the Hibernia Bank 7 ⅌ cent, payable to shareholders next Monday.

The money market continues quiet. All approved short paper is readily accepted by the banks from their customers, and, with satisfactory collaterals, can be placed without difficulty on the street at inside rates; but long paper is neglected and slow of negotiation at our quotations, which we repeat as follows: —@10 ⅌ cent ⅌ annum for first-class signatures or unexceptionable collaterals; 11@12 for less desirable names, which can hardly be classed as second grade; 12@15 for second grade; —@10 for first-class mortgages, and 12@15 for second grade.

NEW ORLEANS CLEARING HOUSE.

	Clearings.	Balances.
June 29	$823,953 10	$189,412 66
July 1	1,149,784 86	321,173 56
Thus far this week	$1,973,737 96	$510,616 22
Same time last week	1,672,536 23	257,029 28
Total last week	5,237,461 79	908 520 28
Total week before	4,805,002 66	779,755 74

* Gold opened at 113@113¼ (an advance of ⅛ on Saturday's figures), against 113¾ at New York, and, after a moderate business, closed at 113⅛@113⅜, against 113⅜ at New York, to which that market had receded after touching 114. The reported sales covered $46,500, embracing $1000 at 112¾, $2000 at 112⅞, $5000 ($1000, $1600 and $3000) at 113, $4000 ($1000, $1000 and $2000) at 112⅛, $18,000 ($1000, $7000 and $10,000) at 113¼, $4000 ($1000 and $3000) at 113⅜, $10,000 at 113⅜@113½, and $2500 ($1000 and $1500) at 113½.

Nothing was reported in silver. It is still quoted at 108@108½ and 109 for American half-dollars, and 3½@5½ ⅌ cent premium, gold, for Mexican dollars.

The offerings of sterling were limited, and the only negotiations reported were £1500 A1 clear at 124, and £400 at —.

At the close sterling was quoted at 124@124½ for bill of lading and A1 clear, and 125@125¼ for bank, showing an advance of ¼ ⅌ cent on the outside figures, but none on the inside; francs were nominal at 4.63¾@4.62½ for private and 4.57½@— for bank.

Domestic exchange was quiet and rather weaker, but the banks continued to check on New York at ⅜ ⅌ cent premium, and commercial ranged from ⅛@¼ premium. The reported movement covered $183,000, embracing $20,000 commercial and bank sight on New York at ⅛@3-16 ⅌ cent premium; $53,000 ($5000 and $8000 commercial and two sums of $20,000 each of bank) at ¼; $70,000 bank ($10,000, $15,000, $20,000 and $25,000) at 9-32, and $40,000 Boston sight at 1-16.

A bank gold check on New York for $5000 was passed at ½ premium.

There was rather more inquiry for stocks, but the only sales reported were 450 Louisiana Levee, ordinary (100, 150 and 200), at $4 25; 100 do, thirty days', buyer's option, at $4 50, and 20 Pacumatic Propelling Company at $3 50. Also, on Saturday, not reported, 500 shares Louisiana Levee, ordinary, at $4 25.

The sales of bonds included $2000 old State sixes, free school fund, at 51½; $16,000 city improvement seven-thirties at —; $1000 old city consolidated sixes at 70, and $5000 city fives, waterworks, at 52. There was some inquiry for city seven ⅌ cents.

There appeared to be very little movement in warrants, the only sales reported being $1000 new State at 50, and $3200 old do, registered, at 56¾.

The sales of city appropriation certificates included $3000 at 71 and $2000 in numerous retail sums at 72.

COMMERCIAL.

MONDAY EVENING, July 1, 1872.

COTTON—The sales to-day embraced 460 bales, all taken by one party, at easier prices, requiring some modification of our quotations. We give also the Exchange figures, which are for average lists according to its styles, while ours are also for average lists, but with the outside figures for strict:

	Average lists.	Exchange figures.
Low ordinary	18 @18⅛	—
Ordinary	19¾@20¼	20¼
Strict ordinary	20½@21	—
Good ordinary	22 @—	22
Low middling	23½@23¾	23½
Middling	24½@—	24½
Strict middling	— @—	—
Good middling	— @—	—

A decline of ⅛c in "spots" at New York early and a further reduction of ¼c, subsequently, making the entire falling off ⅜c, accompanied a demoralized and lower market for futures, was calculated to depress prices to a corresponding extent, but the stock has been so much reduced, and the supply actually on sale is in such few hands, that the holders were unwilling to give way, and some of them adhered to their previous pretensions, others on the contrary were willing to make some concessions, and 21c was accepted for a high style of strict ordinary, which would have been quoted on Saturday at 21⅛c or 21¼c. A style between strict good ordinary and low middling approximating the latter, sold at 23c. At the close the tendency was, if anything, still more in favor of buyers, and we have consequently reduced our outside figures for ordinary ¼c, our inside for strict ordinary ¼c, and the outside for strict low middling ⅛c, and have dropped the outside for middling. Although the business done was all by one party there were two others looking around, who were unable to find the kinds they wanted at their limits.

The Exchange reports: "Market irregular, quotations nominal." Its figures for good ordinary, low middling and middling are reduced ¼c.

The amount on shipboard not cleared, going on board and engaged for shipment was set down this morning at 11,500 bales (7500 for Liverpool and 4000 for Havre), which, deducted from the stock then on hand by our running statement, leaves 12,000 to represent the quantity in presses and pickeries unsold and awaiting orders, to which should be added the bales made from waste and samples since the count of stock.

COTTON STATEMENT.

	Bales.
Stock on hand September 1, 1871	25,323
Arrived since last statement	166
Arrived previously	1,848,133
Add allowed for samples, wrecked cotton, etc	13,511—1,861,812
Total	1,907,135
Cleared to-day	none
Cleared previously	1,863,522—1,863,522
Stock on hand and on shipboard, not cleared	23 613
Stock same date last year	37,878

Receipts proper since Saturday evening 127 bales, against 172 on last Sunday and Monday, and 2906 last year, making an aggregate since Friday evening of 179 bales, against 281 for the corresponding time last week and 4216 last year, and since September 1 of 949,713 bales, against 1,411,803 last year—decrease 462,090. The Exchange telegrams make the receipts at all the ports from 12 M. on Saturday to 12 M. to-day 717 bales, against 1578 on last Sunday and Monday and 4547 last year, and since 12 M. on Friday 1317 bales, against 2566 last week and 8005 last year. Total since September 1 2,660,134 bales, against 3,880,918 last year—decrease 1,230,784 bales. Exports to-day ag[illegible] Saturday, to Great Britain, 1390 bales, agai[illegible] 127 last week; to the continent none, up to [illegible]one. Stocks at all the ports made last week 144,451 bales, against 153,604

SUGAR—Th[illegible] of 10 hhds fro[illegible]were receipts this morning is in good supp[illegible]plantation. The market sales to-day are co[illegible]ount very dull, and the for fully fair, and 10[illegible]d to 22 hhds at 9⅝c clarified. [illegible] for prime yellow

MOLASSES—Some 17 bbls [illegible] this morning, and were mos[illegible]ere received ⅌ gallon for fair reboiled. [illegible]sold at 40c

FLOUR—The month opens wi[illegible] tremely dull market and only a li[illegible]an ex-business doing. The principal sales [illegible]d job were confined to 600 barrels, of which [illegible]ay low treble extra at $8; 75 good do at $8 [illegible] 50 and 50 choice do at $8 75; 100 do at $9; 100 choice extra at $9 25; 30 do at $9 75; 50 do at $10 25, and 25 at $10 50 ⅌ bbl.

CORN MEAL—Is in fair supply and quiet, with holders asking $3 50 ⅌ bbl. 600 bbls were sold, of which 100 on the landing at $3 40; 154 at $3 45; 50, 50, 100 and 100 do at $3 50; and 25 in store at $3 55 ⅌ bbl.

HAY—Is plenty and dull. 50 bales prime St. Louis sold at $26; 200 do at $27 ⅌ ton. Choice is quoted at $30 ⅌ ton.

COW PEAS—The stock is small, and plantation orders are being filled at $3 50@3 60 ⅌ bushel. Round lots can be had at $3 25 ⅌ bushel.

PORK—The market is quiet with some demand in a small way. Round lots are held at $12 75 ⅌ bbl. 175 bbls mess were sold to-day, of which 100 at $12 70; 25 do at $12 75; 25 do at $12 87½, and 25 at $13 15 ⅌ bbl. It is retailing at $13 25 ⅌ bbl.

BACON—The market is firmer with a light stock on hand and a scarcity of shoulders and clear rib sides. Shoulders are quoted at 6½c; clear rib sides at 8c; clear sides at 8⅜c ⅌ lb. Shoulders are in active demand. The sales embrace 225 casks, of which 20 casks shoulders to arrive at 6c; 20, 20, 25 and 25 do to arrive at 6⅛c; 10 casks shoulders on the spot at 6⅛c; 10 casks clear rib and 10 do clear sides at 8c; 5, 5 and 30 casks clear sides, in lots, at 8⅛c ⅌ lb.

LARD—Is dull, with a fair stock on hand. Tierces (packers) is quoted at 9c; refined 9¼@9½c; kegs (kettle rendered) 10¼c; refined 10¾c ⅌ lb. 25 kegs refined sold at 10⅞c ⅌ lb.

HAMS—Choice sugar-cured are in light supply and fair demand. Some 100 tierces were sold, of which 7 and 35 tierces at 12½c; 40 at 12⅜c, and 15 do at 12¾c ⅌ lb.

DRY SALT MEAT—Is in light supply and quiet. There are no sides on hand. Shoulders sell from first hands at 5¾c, and from dealers at 5½c ⅌ lb.

BREAKFAST BACON—Is in light supply and good demand at 10½c ⅌ lb for good. A lot of 5 boxes ordinary sold at 10⅛c ⅌ lb.

WHISKY—The market is very dull and prices are lower. Choice Cincinnati rectified is offering at 95c, and common and New Orleans at 85@90c ⅌ gallon.

BULK CORN—There is no movement, owing to the want of freight room for Great Britain. The market is quoted at 56@57c ⅌ bushel.

CORN IN SACKS—Is in moderate supply with a fair demand. The sales embrace 8700 sacks, of which 100 red at 56c; 200 and 1260 mixed at 57c; 500 and 560 mixed at 58c; 500 white at 68c; 2000 at 69c; 800, 400 and 1600 white at 70c ⅌ bushel, and 1400 sacks at —.

OATS—Are in moderate supply and good demand. 5700 sacks were sold, of which 146 inferior at 38c; 200 ordinary at 41c; 600 Ohio river at 42c; 800 ordinary at 42c; 2600 St. Louis at 43c; 1200 choice at 46c, and 500 Galena at 46c ⅌ bushel.

BRAN—Is in light supply and fair demand to-day. 200 sacks sold at $1 10 ⅌ 100 lbs.

BUTTER—The market is overstocked with Western. There is very little demand, with a downward tendency. We quote choice Western at 16@18c. Goshen is in good supply, and selling at 28@30c ⅌ lb for choice. Inferior grades of both are neglected, and prices are nominal.

CHEESE—No choice Western cheese in market. It would command 14@15c ⅌ lb. New York cream is dull at 17c ⅌ lb. Inferior grades are dull and neglected.

POULTRY AND EGGS—Chickens are in light supply and selling on the landing at $6@7 for grown and $3@4 ⅌ dozen for the young; ducks $3@4; geese $6@7; turkeys $12@15. Eggs 8@11c ⅌ dozen, as in condition.

ESCULENTS—There are but few new potatoes coming in. They are selling on the landing at $2 75 ⅌ bbl. New Louisiana command $2 25@2 50 ⅌ bbl in sacks and $3 in bbls. Choice Western onions sell at $3 25@3 50 and Louisiana at $4 ⅌ bbl. Green apples $2@3 ⅌ bbl, and 50c@$2 ⅌ box, as in size and quality. Cabbages 5@10c ⅌ head. Sourkrout $12@14 ⅌ bbl. Northern beans—White command $12; Western white $10@12; red $8@12; green peas $8@9; lady peas $6@8 ⅌ bbl. Dried apples 8@10c; dried peaches 5@6c ⅌ lb.

COFFEE—The market is quiet but firm. We quote prime 19½c, gold, in bond; good 18¾@19¼c; fair 18@18½c. There is a stock in dealers' hands of about 8000 bags Rio; none in first hands. In bonded warehouse stored are 20,000 bags, held by grocers here and in the interior. It is retailing at 22@22½c for prime to choice, in currency.

COOPERAGE—The season is now coming on and planters are looking around for contracts. Sugar hogsheads are held at $3 75@4, and molasses barrels at $1 50 each. The stock of hoop poles is ample for the demand, which is very moderate. Barrel poles are held at $20@25; half bbl $18@20, and hogshead $60@70 ⅌ 1000. Cypress staves sell at $15@20 ⅌ 1000, as in quality and dryness, and $35@40 for hogshead.

STAR CANDLES—The market is amply supplied for the wants of the trade. All weights command 13c ⅌ lb, wholesale, and 19½c jobbers' prices.

FISH—The demand is confined to a small local trade, and very little will be done until the supplies of new come in. We quote: Mackerel No. 1 $13 50 in bbls, $7 in half bbls and $1 50 in kits; do No. 2, $10 50 in bbls $5 50 in half bbls, $1 35 in kits; and No. 3, $8 in bbls, $4 25 in half bbls and $1 20 in kits. Cod ⅌ box $1 40, and 5½c ⅌ lb in drums. New haddock $1 25@1 30, and herrings 35c ⅌ box.

BAGGING—We note a better inquiry in filling orders and a good stock on hand. India is held, in round lots, at 16c, but no sales, and domestic jute at 18c in round lots. Dealers are retailing domestic jute at 19@19½c ⅌ yard. Hemp and flax is held at 18c. India in bales is retailing at 16½@17c ⅌ yard.

BALING TWINE—Dealers are retailing at 17@18c ⅌ lb.

IRON COTTON TIES—Are selling at 8c ⅌ lb.

GUNNY BAGS—The market is very quiet. They are held at 18c each.

RICE—Some small receipts of fresh beat Louisiana have come in from the lower coast, and some of the new crop will probably arrive by the sixth of August. We quote Louisiana at 9¾@10c, and India at 7½c ⅌ lb. Demand light.

HIDES—The small supplies coming in are readily purchased for shipment. We quote green hides at 9c ⅌ lb; green salted 10½@11½c for light, and 11½@12c for heavy; dry salted 15@16c; green kips 12@12½c; salted kips 14c; flint hides 17c; steer hides city slaughtered over 85 lbs 11c, 70 to 84 lbs 10½@11c. 70 lbs 10c; cow hides, as they run, 10c; kips, city slaughter, 20 to 24 lbs, 12@12½c. 25 to 30 lbs 11c ⅌ lb. Calf skins, each $1. Country hides, flint, 20 to 25 lbs, 16@17c; damaged half price. Beeswax, prime yellow, 30@32c ⅌ lb. Ox horns 5c each.

FRUIT—Trade is dull. The stock of nuts and raisins is ample for the demand, but lemons are scarce and high. We quote lemons (repacked) at $9 ⅌ box. Oranges (choice Louisiana) $12 ⅌ box. Layer raisins $3@3 05; black basket $3 25@3 50 ⅌ box; London layers, half boxes $2 and quarter boxes $1 each; almonds 17@18½c; shelled almonds 30c ⅌ lb; English walnuts 15@18c; filberts 12@12½c; pecans 10c; figs 17c; citron 45c; dates 8@9c; peanuts 10c ⅌ lb; pineapples $2@3 ⅌ dozen; bananas $1@3 ⅌ bunch; cocoa nuts $3 50@4 ⅌ 100; peaches $1 25@2 ⅌ box, as in size and quality.

BEEF—The supply is light, with a moderate local demand. Texas mess commands $11 50@12; extra mess $12 50 ⅌ bbl, and $9 for half-bbls. Tierces are quoted at $17@17 50 for mess, and $18@18 50 for prime mess. Western is scarce and selling at $15 50@16. There is very little Northern here; it commands $17 ⅌ bbl.

LARD OIL—Is selling from first hands at 69c ⅌ g