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St. Tammany Liberals—Organization and Speeches—Delegates to State Convention.

ST. TAMMANY PARISH, July 21, 1872.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:

According to previous announcement a meeting was held at the courthouse in Covington, at two o'clock this evening. The weather had been just as inclement as the worst enemy of the Liberal movement would have had it. A Liberal club was organized and delegates to the Liberal State Convention, to be held on the fifth of August, were elected. Judge E. North Cullmo and Captain Sam Houston made some appropriate remarks, which were received and heartily applauded. Rain continued to fall in torrents until a late hour in the afternoon. Judge Cullom had made an appointment to speak at Madisonville at night, and left Covington late in the afternoon for that purpose. A goodly number of citizens gathered at that place at the hour of eight o'clock, when he took the stand. He spoke for forty minutes, giving an account of the causes that gave rise to the Cincinnati convention; spoke of the platform of principles there adopted; the refusal of the conference committees appointed by the Democratic and Reform conventions to accept the nominations and platform of the Cincinnati convention, thereby willfully refusing all coalition; the subsequent ratification of that which had been thus peremptorily refused, by the Baltimore convention. Said that if national necessities had become necessarily Liberal, reason and analogy dictated the same necessity for State affairs.

The Democrats, after thus conceding that as a separate party they could do nothing in the Presidential contest, had attempted in Louisiana to take from those who had gotten up the Cincinnati convention all participation in nominating electors for their own nominees. He spoke of the history of the Democratic party as being a history of slavery in the United States, and of opposition to the political rights of the colored man. He spoke of the angry feelings that had ruled in the minds of the people ever since the war; of the alarms which had been excited by designing Radical leaders and political gleaners on the one hand, and by the senseless assertion of the Last Ditchers; that the Democratic party is the same old party which struggled so hard to establish a pro-slavery confederacy, and so persistently to withhold the ballot from the colored race. He concluded by appealing to the people of all classes, colors and faiths to rally under the banner of the Liberal party, and make a harmonious, united and patriotic effort to save the State and an oppressed people.

His speech was listened to throughout with fixed attention. The views taken were large, statesmanlike and liberal. He indulged in no abusive language toward any one, but made a speech which produced an admirable impression upon all present, and which elicited frequent applause, and will command a lasting respect.

ST. TAMMANY.

From Tensas—Election of Delegates to the Liberal Convention.

At a mass meeting of the citizens of Tensas parish, Louisiana, held the eighteenth day of July, 1872, for the purpose of electing delegates to the convention to be held in New Orleans, August 5, 1872, Dr. P. Chew was called to the chair and J. W. Chamberlain was appointed secretary. The following named gentlemen were elected delegates to said convention:

James M. Gillespie; alternate, Reeve Lewis.

Stephen M. Routh; alternate, Dr. David Newell.

Dr. Mark Andrews; alternate, Hamilton McCullough.

Charles C. Cordill; alternate, Dr. Francis Barnes.

The following resolutions were then unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the delegates from this parish to the convention are forbidden to appoint proxies in said convention; but that the vote of the parish shall be cast by those delegates or alternates who may attend said convention.

Resolved, That said delegates and alternates shall not be trammeled by instructions as to whom they shall support for nomination.

Resolved, That we condemn the action of the Democratic and Reform Central Executive Committees in their assumption of power to make a ticket by combination, after the adjournment of their regular conventions, as unwise and calculated to cause the State to fall again into the hands of unscrupulous men; that the action of the Democratic convention at Baltimore is an example worthy of imitation in our State affairs.

Resolved, That the New Orleans *Times*, New Orleans REPUBLICAN and North Louisiana *Journal* be requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting.

PHILEMON CHEW, Chairman.
JAMES W. CHAMBERLAIN, Secretary.

Mass Meeting at Amite—The Liberals Repudiate the United State Ticket and Indorse Greeley and Brown.

A large meeting of prominent citizens was held at Amite last Saturday for the purpose of electing delegates to the Liberal convention to be held in this city on the fifth of August. Captain W. H. Lillard presided; and after a few remarks explaining the object of the call, the following gentlemen were unanimously elected to represent the parish of Tangipahoa in the State convention to meet in this city on the fifth of August, viz.: Captain W. H. Lillard and Dr. John Kapman; alternates: John O. Terry, John M. Moore, Barry Cooper and Dr. J. J. Johnson. The utmost unanimity prevailed, and after the close of business the meeting was addressed by H. H. Walsh, Esq., of this city, Colonel Stephen Richardson, of St. Helena, and others.

Cameron and Forney.

A Harrisburg interviewer reports Cameron as saying the opposition of Forney and his *Press* to Hartranft for Governor does not amount to a puff of wind now. Forney, he says, is self-reproachful, and therefore nurses a fancied bitterness toward everybody else. He feels spiteful to Hartranft because of the unpleasant admission he was compelled to make in the Evans fraud examination. Cameron, after detailing the connection of the Forney family with the Evans case, said it is believed Forney will soon find some reason for deserting Grant. He does not think McClure or Morehead exercised very much influence. He says the latter has been sour and grumbling since he left Congress a few years ago.

The Enterprise, Mississippi, *Courier* brings in further proof of the right way to destroy a pest of the cotton planter:

The cotton worms have made some depredations on several plantations near this place. We conversed with Dr. Moore, an efficient farmer, in reference to these destructionists, and think the course he has adopted is perhaps the best to pursue. He has declared war against the worms, and set upon them with his entire force. As the worms are almost always found on the top leaves of the cotton stalk, he says one hand can go over five acres of land in one day, and by this means their ravages are effectually checked. This is a practical way of proceeding, and we think it is more effective than the many heretofore published theories; at least Dr. Moore has hopes of complete success.

This is from the Donaldsonville *Chief*:

Suppose that the Liberal State Convention, which meets on the fifth of August next should select a set of candidates who would receive the indorsement of the regular Republican convention of August 9. Where then would be the delectable Grant-Kellogg ticket and the Democratic-Reform abortion? What show of success would those two twin brothers of corruption and trickery have? Verily, but little, as any sane man must admit.

OFFICIAL.

Laws of the United States Passed at the Second Session of the Forty-First Congress.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 39.]

An act to amend section thirty-five of an act entitled "An act to reduce internal taxes, and for other purposes."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the privileges of an act entitled "An act to reduce internal taxes, and for other purposes," approved July fourteenth, eighteen hundred and seventy, be and are hereby extended to the port of Pittsburg, in the State of Pennsylvania, with the same effect as if it had been inserted in the thirty-fifth section of said act.

Approved March 18, 1872.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 31.]

An act authorizing the survey and marking of the boundary between the territory of the United States and the possessions of Great Britain, from the Lake of the Woods to the summit of the Rocky Mountains.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, be, and he is hereby, authorized to cooperate with the government of Great Britain in the appointment of a joint commission, in accordance with the plan and estimates of Brigadier General A. A. Humphreys, Chief of Engineers, submitted November twenty-third, eighteen hundred and seventy, for determining the boundary line between the United States and the British possessions, between the Lake of the Woods and the Rocky Mountains: provided, however, that engineers in the regular service of the United States shall be employed exclusively as engineers in the performance of the duties contemplated by this act, without any additional salary, and the Secretary of War is hereby directed to make the necessary details of engineers for that purpose.

SEC. 2. That fifty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be required, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to carry into effect the object of said joint commission.

Approved March 19, 1872.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 36.]

An act making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the government for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the service of the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, for the objects hereinafter expressed, namely:

LEGISLATIVE.

SENATE.

For compensation and mileage of Senators, four hundred thousand dollars. And the proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department be, and they are hereby, authorized to settle and adjust the accounts of the Secretary of the Senate for compensation and mileage of Senators up to and including the third day of March, eighteen hundred and seventy-two; and that hereafter the fiscal year for the adjustment of such accounts shall extend to and include the third day of July.

For compensation of the officers, clerks, messengers, and others receiving an annual salary in the service of the Senate, viz: Secretary of the Senate, four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars; officer charged with disbursements of the Senate, five hundred and seventy-six dollars; chief clerk, three thousand dollars, and the additional sum of one thousand dollars while the said office is held by the present incumbent, and no longer; principal clerk, principal executive clerk, minute and journal clerk, and financial clerk, in the office of the Secretary of the Senate, at two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars each; librarian and six clerks in the office of the Secretary of the Senate, at two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars each; keeper of the stationery, two thousand one hundred and two dollars and forty cents; two messengers, at one thousand two hundred and ninety-six dollars each; one page at seven hundred and twenty dollars; sergeant-at-arms and doorkeeper, four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars; provided, that hereafter he shall receive, directly or indirectly, no fees or other compensation or emolument whatever for performing the duties of the office, or in connection therewith, otherwise than as aforesaid; assistant doorkeeper, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars; postmaster to the Senate, two thousand one hundred dollars; assistant postmaster and mail-carrier, one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight dollars; two mail-carriers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; superintendent of the document room, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; two assistants in document room, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; superintendent of the folding room, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; three messengers, acting as assistant doorkeepers, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; twenty messengers, to be appointed and removed by the sergeant-at-arms, with the approval of the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; secretary to the President of the Senate, two thousand one hundred and two dollars and forty cents; clerk to the Committee on Finance, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; clerk to the Committee on Claims, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; clerk of printing records, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; clerk to Committee on Appropriations, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; one laborer in charge of private passage, eight hundred and sixty-four dollars; one laborer in stationery-room, eight hundred and sixty-four dollars; one special policeman, one thousand dollars; chaplain to the Senate, nine hundred dollars; chief engineer, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; three assistant engineers, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; two firemen, at one thousand and ninety-five dollars each; three laborers, at seven hundred and thirty dollars each; making in all, one hundred and twenty thousand two hundred and twenty-eight dollars and eighty cents.

For temporary clerks in the office of the Secretary of the Senate, ten thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of the Senate, viz:

For stationery and newspapers for seventy-four Senators, at the rate of one hundred and twenty-five dollars each per annum, nine thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For stationery for committees and officers, five thousand dollars.

For clerks to committees, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For fourteen pages for the Senate chamber, two riding pages, one page for the Vice President's room, and one page for the office of the Secretary of the Senate, making eighteen pages in all, at the rate of three dollars per day while actually employed, said pages to be appointed and removed by the sergeant-at-arms, with the approval of the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, eight thousand dollars.

For horses and carryalls, seven thousand dollars.

For fuel and oil for the heating apparatus, eight thousand dollars; for furniture and repairs of furniture, five thousand dollars; for labor, thirteen thousand dollars; for folding documents, and materials therefor, eight thousand dollars; for packing boxes, seven hundred and forty dollars; for miscellaneous items, exclusive of labor, thirty thousand dollars.

For the usual additional compensation to the reporters of the Senate for the Congressional Globe, for reporting the proceedings of the Senate for the session of the Forty-second Congress, beginning on the first Monday in December, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, eight hundred dollars each, four thousand dollars.

CAPITOL POLICE.

For one captain, two thousand and eighty-eight dollars; three lieutenants, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; twenty-seven privates, at one thousand five hundred and eighty-four dollars each, forty-two thousand seven hundred and sixty-eight dollars; and eight watchmen, at one thousand dollars each, eight thousand dollars; making in all, fifty-eight thousand two hundred and fifty-six dollars, one-half to be paid into the contingent fund of the House of Representatives, and the other half to be paid into the contingent fund of the Senate.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

For compensation and mileage of members of the House of Representatives and delegates from Territories, one million dollars.

For compensation of the officers, clerks, messengers, and others receiving an annual salary in the service of the House of Representatives, viz: Clerk of the House of Representatives, four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars; chief clerk and journal clerk, three thousand dollars each; six assistant clerks, at two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars each; one assistant clerk, at two thousand five hundred and twenty dollars; eight assistant clerks, including librarian and assistant librarian, at two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars each; one chief messenger in the office of the Clerk of the House, at five dollars and seventy-six cents per day; three messengers at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; one messenger in the House library, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; one engineer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; three assistant engineers, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; six firemen at one thousand and ninety-five dollars each per annum; for clerk to Committee of Ways and Means, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars; clerk to Committee on Appropriations, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars; clerk to Committee of Claims, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; clerk to Committee on the Public Lands, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; clerk at Speaker's table, at five dollars and seventy-six cents per day; private secretary to the Speaker, two thousand one hundred and two dollars and forty cents; sergeant-at-arms, four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars; provided, that hereafter he shall receive, directly, or indirectly, no fees or other compensation or emolument whatever for performing the duties of the office, or in connection therewith, otherwise than as aforesaid; clerk to the sergeant-at-arms, two thousand five hundred dollars; paying teller for the sergeant-at-arms, one thousand eight hundred dollars; messenger to the sergeant-at-arms, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; doorkeeper, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars; first assistant doorkeper, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars; postmaster, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars; first assistant postmaster, two thousand and eighty-eight dollars; four messengers, at one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight dollars each; five mail-carriers, at one thousand and eighty dollars each; chaplain of the House, nine hundred dollars; two stenographers, four thousand three hundred and eighty dollars each; superintendent of the folding-room, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; superintendent and assistant superintendent of the document-room, at five dollars and seventy-six cents per day each; document file clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; eleven messengers, five at one thousand eight hundred dollars, and six at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; twelve messengers during the session, at the rate of one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each per annum, five thousand seven hundred and sixty dollars; making, in all, the sum of one hundred and fifty-three thousand four hundred and twenty-two dollars.

For contingent expenses of the House of Representatives, viz:

For cartage, six thousand eight hundred dollars.

For clerks to committees, and temporary clerks of the House of Representatives, thirty-three thousand one hundred dollars.

For messenger to the Committee on Appriations, one thousand three hundred and fourteen dollars.

For messenger to the Committee of Ways and Means, one thousand three hundred and fourteen dollars.

For folding documents, including pay of folders in the folding-rooms and materials, one hundred thousand dollars.

For fuel, eight thousand dollars.

For horses and carriages for transportation of mails, and saddle horses for the use of messengers, ten thousand dollars.

For furniture, and repairs of the same, ten thousand four hundred dollars.

For packing boxes, two thousand six hundred dollars.

For laborers, thirteen thousand six hundred and fourteen dollars.

For miscellaneous items, sixty thousand dollars.

For newspapers and stationery for Representatives and Delegates, at one hundred and twenty-five dollars each per annum, thirty-one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; and for stationery for committees and officers of the House, five thousand dollars.

For twenty-five pages, including three riding pages, seven thousand six hundred dollars.

For five mail-boys, seven thousand three hundred and forty-four dollars; provided, that hereafter all expenditures of the Senate and House of Representatives shall be made up to the end of each fiscal year, and to be reported to Congress at the commencement of each session.

For the usual additional compensation to the reporters of the House for the Congressional Globe for reporting the proceedings of the House for the session of the Forty-second Congress, beginning on the first Monday in December, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, eight hundred dollars each, four thousand eight hundred dollars.

PUBLIC PRINTING.

For compensation of the Congressional Printer, and the clerks and messenger in his office, twelve thousand five hundred and fourteen dollars. And the compensation of the foreman of printing and the foreman of binding, at the Government Printing office, shall be two thousand one hundred dollars each, to commence on the first of July, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, and a sum sufficient to pay the increase of salary hereby provided is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

For contingent expenses of his office, viz: For stationery, postage, advertising, travelling expenses, horses and wagons, and miscellaneous items, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For the public printing, six hundred and fifty-five thousand four hundred and sixty-six dollars and thirty-six cents.

For paper for the public printing, seven hundred and nine thousand one hundred and twenty-eight dollars.

For the public binding, five hundred and fifty-two thousand four hundred and thirty-five dollars and fifty-eight cents.

For lithographing, engraving, mapping copies of maps, plans, and diagrams in facsimile on tracing-linen, and photo-lithographing plates for Patent Office illustrations, seventy-five thousand dollars.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS.

For compensation of the Librarian, four thousand dollars; and for fourteen assistant librarians, three at two thousand five hundred dollars each; two at two thousand eight hundred dollars each; one at one thousand six hundred dollars, two at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each, three at one thousand two hundred dollars each, two at one thousand dollars each, and one at nine hundred and sixty dollars per annum, in all, twenty-six thousand one hundred and forty dollars.

For purchase of books for the library, eight thousand dollars; for purchase of law books for library, two thousand dollars; for purchase of files of periodicals and newspapers, one thousand five hundred dollars; for expenses of exchanging public documents for the publications of foreign governments, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said library, two thousand dollars.

For botanic garden, grading, draining, procuring manure, tools, fuel and repairs, and purchasing trees and shrubs, under the direction of the Library Committee of Congress, five thousand dollars.

For pay of superintendent and assistant in botanic garden and green-houses, and two additional laborers, under the direction of the Library Committee of Congress, twelve thousand one hundred and forty-six dollars.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.

For clerk in the office of Public Buildings and Grounds, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For messenger in the same office, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For compensation to the public gardener, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars.

For compensation to the laborer in charge of the water closets in the Capitol, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For compensation of a foreman and laborers employed in the public grounds, nineteen thousand two hundred and ninety-six dollars.

For compensation of four laborers in the Capitol, two thousand eight hundred and eighty dollars.

For compensation of furnace-keeper, in charge of heating apparatus under the old hall of the House of Representatives, eight hundred and sixty-four dollars.

For compensation of furnace-keeper at the President's house, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For two policemen at the President's house, two thousand six hundred and forty dollars.

For compensation of two night watchmen at the President's house, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

For compensation of the doorkeeper at the President's house, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For assistant doorkeeper, one thousand and eighty dollars.

For compensation to two draw-keepers at the bridge across the Eastern Branch of the Potomac, and for fuel, oil and lamps, one thousand six hundred dollars.

For watchman in Franklin square, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For compensation of the person in charge of the heating apparatus of the Library of Congress, and other steam heating apparatus in the central building, eight hundred and sixty-four dollars.

For electrician for the Capitol, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation of five watchmen in reservation number two, three thousand six hundred dollars.

For watchman at Lincoln square, five hundred and forty dollars.

For watchman at Lafayette square, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For watchman for circle at intersection of Pennsylvania avenue and Twenty-fourth street, five hundred and forty dollars.

For watchman for circle at intersection of Massachusetts and Vermont avenues, five hundred and forty dollars.

For contingent and incidental expenses, two thousand dollars.

EXECUTIVE.

For compensation of the President of the United States, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For compensation of the Vice President of the United States, eight thousand dollars.

For compensation of secretary to sign patents for public lands, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation to private secretary, three thousand five hundred dollars; assistant secretary (who shall be a short-hand writer), two thousand five hundred dollars, two executive clerks at two thousand three hundred dollars each, steward at two thousand dollars, and messenger at one thousand two hundred dollars, of the President of the United States; in all, thirteen thousand eight hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of the executive office, including stationery therefor, four thousand dollars.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

For compensation of the Secretary of State, eight thousand dollars; two Assistant Secretaries of State, at three thousand five hundred dollars each; for chief clerk, two thousand two hundred dollars; ten clerks of class four, additional compensation to one clerk of class four as disbursing clerk, nine clerks of class three, three clerks of class two, eight clerks of class one, one messenger, one assistant messenger, nine laborers, and four watchmen; in all, seventy-four thousand five hundred and twenty dollars.

For publishing the laws in pamphlet form, twelve thousand dollars; and in newspapers, fifty thousand dollars; provided, that after the fourth day of March, eighteen hundred and seventy-five, the publication of the laws in newspapers shall cease.

For proof-reading, and packing the laws and documents for the various legations and consulates, including boxes and transportation of the same, three thousand dollars; for stationery, furniture, fixtures, and repairs, five thousand dollars; for books and maps, two thousand five hundred dollars; for extra clerk-hire and copying, four thousand dollars; for contingent expenses, viz: rent, fuel, lights, repairs, and miscellaneous expenses, thirty-two thousand five hundred dollars; in all, forty-seven thousand dollars.

UNITED STATES AND MEXICAN CLAIMS COMMISSION.

For compensation of the commissioner on the part of the United States, four thousand five hundred dollars; for compensation of umpire, three thousand dollars; for agent, four thousand dollars; for secretary, two thousand five hundred dollars; for legal assistant to agent, three thousand dollars; for two clerks, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; for two translators, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; for one messenger, six hundred dollars; for one assistant messenger, three hundred dollars; for contingent expenses, five thousand dollars; in all, twenty-eight thousand seven hundred dollars.

UNITED STATES AND SPANISH COMMISSION.

For the compensation and expenses of the commission for determining the pending questions between the United States and Spain growing out of the acts of the Spanish officials in and about Cuba, fifteen thousand dollars.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

For compensation of the Secretary of the Treasury, eight thousand dollars; two Assistant Secretaries of the Treasury at three thousand five hundred dollars each; chief clerk, two thousand two hundred dollars, and three hundred dollars additional for acting as superintendent of the building; forty-nine clerks of class four, additional compensation of two hundred dollars to one clerk of class four as disbursing clerk; thirty clerks of class three, twenty-six clerks of class two, twenty-seven clerks of class one; thirty-two female clerks at nine hundred dollars each; eleven messengers, one assistant messenger, and ten laborers; one clerk of class four and one clerk of class one, to assist the chief clerk in superintending the building; one captain of the watch, one thousand four hundred dollars; one engineer, one thousand four hundred dollars; one machinist and gas-fitter, one thousand two hundred dollars; one storekeeper, one thousand four hundred dollars; sixty watchmen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each, and two of said watchmen, acting as lieutenants of watchmen, two hundred and eighty dollars each, in addition; thirty laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; five firemen, at six hundred dollars each; ninety charwomen, at one hundred and eighty dollars each; in all, three hundred and sixty-one thousand six hundred and twenty dollars; and for additional clerks and additional compensation to clerks in his office, twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars.

Supervising Architect.—In the construction branch of the Treasury: For supervising architect, three thousand dollars; assistant supervising architect, two thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; photographer, two thousand five hundred dollars; two assistant photographers, one at one thousand six hundred dollars, and one at one thousand two hundred dollars; two clerks of class four, four clerks of class three, three clerks of class one, and one messenger; in all, twenty-seven thousand two hundred and forty dollars.

First Controller of the Treasury.—For First Controller of the Treasury, five thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; ten clerks of class four, twelve clerks of class three, twelve clerks of class two, six clerks of class one; six copyists, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger, one assistant messenger and three laborers; in all, seventy-seven thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.

Second Controller of the Treasury.—For Second Controller of the Treasury, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; twelve clerks of class four, twenty clerks of class three, twenty-eight clerks of class two, twenty-one clerks of class one; twelve copyists, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger, eight hundred and forty dollars; one assistant messenger, at seven hundred and twenty dollars; and two laborers; in all, one hundred and thirty-six thousand eight hundred dollars.

Commissioner of Customs.—For Commissioner of Customs, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; two clerks of class four, six clerks of class three, nine clerks of class two, seven clerks of class one, one messenger and one laborer; in all, forty thousand seven hundred and sixty dollars.

First Auditor.—For the First Auditor of the Treasury, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; three clerks of class four, ten clerks of class three, ten clerks of class two, thirteen clerks of class one, one messenger, one assistant messenger, and one laborer; in all, fifty-eight thousand two hundred and eighty dollars.

Second Auditor.—For Second Auditor, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; six clerks of class four, and for additional to disbursing clerk, two hundred dollars; fifty-four clerks of class three, one hundred and nine clerks of class two, one hundred clerks of class one, one messenger, five assistant messengers and seven laborers; in all, three hundred and eighty-four thousand four hundred and eighty dollars.

Third Auditor.—For Third Auditor, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; fourteen clerks of class four, additional to one clerk of class four as disbursing clerk, two hundred dollars; thirty-two clerks of class three, ninety-two clerks of class two, fifty-one clerks of class one; ten copyists at nine hundred dollars each; two messengers, three assistant messengers and seven laborers; in all, two hundred and eighty-nine thousand four hundred and eighty dollars.

Fourth Auditor.—For the Fourth Auditor, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; five clerks of class four, eighteen clerks of class three, twelve clerks of class two, eleven clerks of class one; seven female clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger, one assistant messenger, and three laborers; in all, eighty-two thousand eight hundred and twenty dollars.

Fifth Auditor.—For the Fifth Auditor, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; four clerks of class four, eight clerks of class three, eight clerks of class two, twelve clerks of class one; seven copyists, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger, one assistant messenger, and two laborers; in all, fifty-nine thousand nine hundred dollars.

Auditor of the Treasury for the Postoffice Department.—For compensation of the Auditor of the Treasury for the Postoffice Department, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; nine clerks of class four; additional to one clerk of class four as disbursing clerk, two hundred dollars; forty-four clerks of class three, sixty-four clerks of class two, thirty-seven clerks of class one, one messenger, one assistant messenger and fifteen laborers; also, five additional clerks of class three, five additional clerks of class two and fifteen assorters of money orders at nine hundred dollars each for the money order division; in all, two hundred and sixty-six thousand six hundred and sixty dollars.

Treasurer.—For compensation of the Treasurer of the United States, six thousand five hundred dollars; assistant treasurer, two thousand eight hundred dollars; cashier, two thousand eight hundred dollars; assistant cashier, two thousand five hundred dollars; five chiefs of division, at two thousand two hundred dollars each; two principal book-keepers, two thousand two hundred dollars each; two tellers, at two thousand two hundred dollars each; one chief clerk, two thousand dollars; two assistant tellers, two thousand dollars each; fifteen clerks of class four, fifteen clerks of class three, eleven clerks of class two, nine clerks of class one; sixty female clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; fifteen messengers; five male laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; and seven female laborers, at two hundred and forty dollars each; in all, one hundred and eighty-nine thousand four hundred and eighty dollars; provided, that eight thousand five hundred dollars are hereby appropriated to be expended in the office of the Treasurer of the United States at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury.

Register of the Treasury.—For compensation of the Register of the Treasury, three thousand dollars; assistant register, two thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; eight clerks of class four, twelve clerks of class three, fifteen clerks of class two, ten clerks of class one; eight copyists, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger, two assistant messengers, and two laborers; in all, eighty-four thousand five hundred and twenty dollars.

Controller of the Currency.—For Controller of the Currency, five thousand dollars; deputy controller, two thousand five hundred dollars; twelve clerks of class four, fourteen clerks of class three, twelve clerks of class two, twelve clerks of class one, thirty female clerks, four messengers, four laborers, and two night-watchmen; in all, one hundred and seventeen thousand three hundred and eighty dollars.

Commissioner of Internal Revenue.—For Commissioner of Internal Revenue, six thousand dollars; deputy commissioner, three thousand five hundred dollars; two deputy commissioners, at three thousand dollars each; seven heads of divisions, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; thirty-four clerks of class four; forty-eight clerks of class three, fifty-two clerks of class two, twenty-eight clerks of class one; seventy-five copyists, at nine hundred dollars each; seven messengers, three assistant messengers, and fifteen laborers; in all, three hundred and sixty-three thousand seven hundred and forty dollars.

For dies, paper, and for stamps, four hundred thousand dollars.

For salaries and expenses of collectors, assessors, assistant assessors, supervisors, detectives, and storekeepers, together with the expense of carrying into effect the various provisions of the several acts providing internal revenue, excepting items otherwise provided for, four million seven hundred thousand dollars; and hereatter the total net compensation of collectors of internal revenue shall in no case exceed four thousand five hundred dollars per annum.

For detecting and bringing to trial and punishment persons guilty of violating the internal revenue laws, or conniving at the same, in cases where such expenses are not otherwise provided for by law eighty thousand dollars; and from and after the passage of this act the Secretary of the Treasury shall have power to employ not more than three persons to assist the proper officers of the government in discovering and collecting any money belonging to the United States whenever the same shall be withheld by any person or corporation, upon such terms and conditions as he shall deem best for the interests of the United States; but no compensation shall be paid to such persons except out of the money and property so secured; and no person shall be employed under the provisions of this clause who shall not have fully set forth in a written statement, under oath, addressed to the Secretary of the Treasury, the character of the claim out of which he proposes to recover, or assist in recovering moneys for the United States, the laws by the violation of which the same have been withheld, and the name of the person, firm, or corporation having thus withheld such moneys; and if any person so employed shall receive or attempt to receive any money or other consideration from any person, firm or corporation alleged thus to have withheld money from the United States, except in pursuance of the written contract made in relation thereto with the Secretary of the Treasury, such person shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars or imprisoned not less than two years, or both, in the discretion of any court of the United States having jurisdiction; and the person so employed shall be required to make report of his proceedings under such contract at any time when required to do so by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Light-House Board.—For chief clerk of the Light-House Board, two thousand dollars; two clerks of class four, two clerks of class three, one clerk of class two, one clerk of class one, one female copyist, one messenger, and one laborer; in all, thirteen thousand eight hundred and sixty dollars.

Bureau of Statistics.—For the officer in charge of the Bureau of Statistics, two thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; twelve clerks of class four, twenty clerks of class three, twenty-eight clerks of class four, eight clerks of class three, ten clerks of class two, five clerks of class one, five copyists at nine hundred dollars each, one messenger, one laborer, and one charwoman at four hundred and eighty dollars; in all, sixty-five thousand four hundred and forty dollars.

For temporary clerks for the Treasury Department, forty thousand dollars: provided, that hereafter no temporary clerk shall receive a greater compensation than at the rate of one thousand two hundred dollars per annum for the time actually employed.

For stationery for the Treasury Department and its several bureaus, fifty thousand dollars.

For postage, newspapers, arranging and binding canceled marine papers, sealing ships' registers, care of horses for mail and office wagon, repairs of wagons and harness, washing towels, investigation of accounts and records, brooms, brushes, crash, cotton cloth, cane, chamois skins, dusters, flour, keys, lye, matches, nails, oil, powders, repairing hand stamps, sponge, soap, tacks, wall paper, and the other miscellaneous items required for the current and ordinary business of the department, sixty-five thousand dollars.

For furniture, such as carpets, desks, tables, chairs, shelving for file-rooms, boxes and repairs of furniture, cases, oil-cloth, matting, rugs, chair-covers and cushions, repairs and laying of carpets, and other miscellaneous articles of the like character, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For coal, wood, lighting the Treasury building, baskets, books, spittoons, drop-lights and tubing, files, blank-keys, water-coolers, tumblers, hatchets, ice-picks, mail sacks, match-safes and matches, pitchers, towels, traps, thermometers, buckets, dippers, saws, and other miscellaneous items, fifty thousand dollars.

INDEPENDENT TREASURY.

Office of the assistant treasurer at New York: For assistant treasurer, eight thousand dollars; for deputy assistant treasurer, three thousand six hundred dollars; cashier and chief clerk, four thousand two hundred dollars; chief of coin division, four thousand dollars; chief of general pay division, three thousand dollars; assistant chief of general pay division, two thousand two hundred dollars; chief of currency receiving division, three thousand dollars; assistant chief of currency receiving division, two thousand two hundred dollars; chief of registered interest division, two thousand eight hundred dollars; general pay teller, two thousand eight hundred dollars; assistant general pay teller, two thousand four hundred dollars; coin paying teller, two thousand three hundred dollars; coin receiving teller, two thousand three hundred dollars; assistant coin receiving teller, two thousand two hundred dollars, chief of coupon interest division, two thousand three hundred dollars; chief of fractional currency division, two thousand five hundred dollars; register of coin certificates, two thousand two hundred dollars; one clerk, two thousand and fifty dollars; nine clerks, at two thousand dollars each, eighteen thousand dollars; one book-keeper, one thousand nine hundred dollars; one book-keeper, one thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars; four book-keepers, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each, seven thousand two hundred dollars; five clerks, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each, nine thousand dollars; three clerks, at one thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars each, five thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; four clerks, at one thousand seven hundred dollars each, six thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; four clerks, at one thousand five hundred dollars each, six thousand dollars; six clerks at one thousand four hundred dollars each, eight thousand four hundred dollars; three clerks, at one thousand three hundred dollars each, three thousand nine hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand dollars; two messengers, at one thousand three hundred dollars each, two thousand six hundred dollars; six messengers at four dollars per day each, seven thousand five hundred and twelve dollars; one messenger, eight hundred dollars; one keeper of building, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one engineer, one thousand dollars; one porter, nine hundred dollars; six watchmen, at two dollars per day each, four thousand three hundred and eighty dollars; one watchman, six hundred dollars; chief detective, one thousand eight hundred dollars; assistant detective, thousand four hundred dollars; in all, one hundred and forty-eight thousand nine hundred and forty-two dollars.

Office of the assistant treasurer at Boston: For assistant treasurer, five thousand dollars; for chief clerk, two thousand seven hundred dollars; for paying teller, two thousand five hundred dollars; one interest clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; receiving teller, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one book-keeper, one thousand seven hundred dollars; two clerks; at one thousand five hundred dollars each, three thousand dollars; two clerks, at one thousand four hundred dollars each, two thousand eight hundred dollars; two clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each, two thousand four hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand one hundred dollars; two clerks at one thousand dollars each, two thousand dollars; one clerk, eight hundred dollars; two watchmen, at eight hundred and fifty dollars each, one thousand seven hundred dollars; one messenger and watchman, one thousand and sixty dollars; in all, thirty-two thousand eight hundred and sixty dollars.

Office of assistant treasurer at San Francisco: For assistant treasurer, in addition to his salary as treasurer of the branch mint, one thousand five hundred dollars; for cashier, three thousand dollars; for book-keeper, two thousand five hundred dollars; for assistant cashier, two thousand dollars; for assistant book-keeper, two thousand dollars; for stamp-clerk, two thousand four