New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN

May be had of the following dealers:

George Ellis, opposite the Postoffice.

A. Simon, No. 94 Exchange Alley.

C. C. Haley, No. 19 Commercial Place.

G. G. D. Holle, No. 61 Exchange Place.

James Ennis, Pontchartrain Railroad Depot, Third District; also, at Depot foot of Lafayette Street, First District.

J. W. Long, corner of Love and Enghien Streets, Third District.

Variety news-stand, corner Dauphine and Canal streets.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY A. J. DAVERN, Constable Second Justice Court, at 12 o'clock, at No. 94 Rampart street, household furniture and effects, one gold watch and chain, lot of boots and shoes—Frank Fehrenbach vs. Joseph Muller.

Local Intelligence.

A well known auctioneer yesterday offered several parcels of real estate for sale, in the Second and Third Districts, but failed to obtain bids on most of it. About thirty men were present, yet they declined to make offers of any kind. The lots sold did not bring good prices.

J. A. Spellicy, patrolman in the fifth precinct, died yesterday, he having been sick since last December. He was a member of the State Convention of 1864.

Suspicion rested on William Short, alias Shorty, that he murdered M. Finerty, and circumstances warranted an order for his arrest. He was captured on the levee.

The Board of Police Commissioners made a wise rule ordering the several captains to, at stated periods, change a portion of the force from night to day and from day to night. The change went into effect yesterday.

Collectors were wofully busy yesterday hunting up debtors. Debtors didn't hunt creditors much or often.

The new and reconstructed cars on the Baronne and Jackson street line display a spirit of progress and accommodation on the part of the managers worthy of imitation. These cars are really fine, roomy and airy. A large lamp beautifies the centre, and is above the heads of the tallest passengers. On the sides and ends are transoms, on which are painted the name of the line plainly. At night these narrow windows show finely with a bright light.

Coroner Creagh held thirty-six inquests and thirty-seven views in July.

Louisa Simmons, who, on the twenty-first ultimo struck Rachel Glover, will be tried for murder on the tenth instant, as Rachel died from her wounds on the twenty-ninth of July.

A Chinaman, a queer looking customer, was recently before Recorder Billings on a trifling offense, for which he was fined $5. His answer indicated that he has made great progress in American slang of the worst kind. The reply is unfit for even the coarsest ears.

Recorder Billings returned $20 fines collected last week.

MEETING OF THE TWELFTH, THIRTEENTH AND FOURTEENTH WARDS.—Pursuant to a call of the different Liberal clubs, they met at the wigwam of the thirteenth ward in joint session.

The meeting was called to order by George G. Garner, president of the Thirteenth Ward Club. Robert L. Preston, president of the Twelfth, and J. W. Hillman, president of the Fourteenth Ward, were invited to take seats upon the platform.

After the transaction of the usual course of business, it was moved that the different clubs of the district meet at the wigwam of the thirteenth ward and march in line to the procession under the command of Robert L. Preston, marshal. Carried.

Colonel Walsh being introduced by the president, after the usual speech, went into his subject in a genial and good humored way, and after perspiring freely for a few moments, sat down with the air of a man who had performed a laborious duty for his country's sake.

Mr. H. L. Lazarus being then introduced, went for the "rump ticket" in strong terms. He made mince meat of the Last Ditchers, and hovered over the form of its manufacture, saying that everybody now understands that the Liberal party represented the rights of the people, and that after all there was nothing in a name. Mr. Lazarus has a suave and easy manner with him, which always yields fruit in the clever feeling of the crowd.

It was then moved that a vote of thanks be tendered Mr. Lazarus for the able manner in which he addressed the club.

The meeting then adjourned.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.—Recorder Billings sent the following named persons to the Criminal Court:

Fanny Sieger, for battering Catherine Sieger until smoke and ashes were produced; Officer McGuinn, for assailing Gaspard Scherer with a terrible weapon; Thomas Reed, for battering Henry Brown black and blue; Franklin Ward, for burglary and larceny, Mr. R. McCoy being the complainant.

By Recorder M'Arthur—Edward Cockrem, for rolling into J. A. Wheeler; John Jackson, feloniously entering Mr. Tremoulet's warehouse on Peters street; Louis Bobb and Nicholas Winnu, for stealing tools; Michael Reed, for knowingly purchasing stolen property.

CHARITY HOSPITAL.—Mr. P. M. Tourne, clerk of the Charity Hospital, sends us the following report for July:

Admissions 404, discharges 313, deaths 158. Remaining, August 1, 475. Nativity of patients admitted: Foreigners 219, United States 175, unknown 9, at sea 1; total 404.

POPULAR APPOINTMENT.—We are gratified to be able to announce that our popular, eloquent and talented fellow-citizen, H. Meidenhain, has been appointed to a lucrative position in the office of Administrator Monzano.

FIRE ON CANAL STREET.—A few minutes before six o'clock yesterday morning our fire department was called out by an alarm sent from No. 236 Canal street, between Franklin and Liberty streets. Two frame shells were found in a blaze and likely to cause a large conflagration. The front building was occupied by Mr. A. Almant as a shoe store, and by Mr. A. Demailli as a cigar stand. Mr. Almant was insured for $1600 in the New Orleans Mutual office. His loss is about $2000. Mr. Demailli's loss is about $300, and no insurance. Mr. V. McCarthy resided in the rear building. Both houses were totally destroyed. The flames caught the corner building, and with fire and water destroyed nearly everything. It was occupied by G. L. Getleworth as a confectionary and barroom, who thinks his loss will amount to $3000. He is insured for $2000 in the Teutonia office. The house was owned by Mr. H. Hedden, he having an insurance of $1500. The other buildings were owned by Mr. John Gazin. Had not our firemen proved prompt workers there would have been a great loss of property.

PELICAN HOOK AND LADDER COMPANY No. 4—*Receiving its Prize.*—This handsome and efficient company last evening turned out in dress parade, by torch light, to receive a prize it won during the firemen's combination festival on the Fair Grounds. The prize is an exceedingly appropriate one and one that can be cherished as a fine memento of the company's prowess. It is a miniature truck and ladders, the metal work of which is composed of finely wrought silver. It has been on exhibition in Mr. Lilienthal's jewelry store, Canal street, for some time past, and has attracted considerable attention.

The boys last evening met at their hall, corner of Conti and Basin streets, thence marched to the jewelry store, where Mr. John Fitzpatrick was in readiness to make the presentation. This duty he performed pleasantly in about the following words, the members and friends assembled around him:

Gentlemen—It becomes my duty as chairman of the committee on festival to present to you this beautiful minature truck, won by your noble company in a test of skill in raising ladders and stripping in the quickest time at our combination festival on the Fair Grounds on the twenty-eighth of July.

Mr. Harry Wilde, in the absence of the appointed spokesman, received the token, and responded as follows:

Mr. Chairman of the Fair Grounds Committee—In receiving this from you, in the name of the gallant boys of Pelican No. 4, I can not but return you their sincere thanks, and promise, in their name, that it will be received as an emblem or token of their future triumphs to be preserved by them as such, and to remain in their memories to incite them to deeds which will ever cause their names to be remembered in this the city of our birth. Again, I thank you.

The lads then marched up to the residence of their foreman, Mr. Paul Lacour, on Constance street. When passing our office they honored us with a serenade, which compliment is fully appreciated. Leaving Mr. Lacour's hospitable roof, they visited the mansion of Captain Frank Pace, Chartres street, where many pleasant words were passed, and as the hour was late when adjournment was called, the members returned to their engine house and disbanded, feeling well over the consummation of their victory.

A FEDERAL LIEUTENANT ABSCONDS AND IS ARRESTED.—Second Lieutenant Charles Jordan, of the Sixteenth United States Infantry, stationed at Jackson, Mississippi, and recently detailed as assistant quartermaster of the post, deserted on Tuesday, taking with him something over a thousand dollars in government funds. The military authorities here were notified, who informed the police. It was discovered that he came to this city with a man named Pickett in the morning train on Wednesday, and registered under an assumed name at Cassidy's. Yesterday he procured tickets by the steamer City of Galveston for New York. While waiting for the steamer to sail, he stepped into a coffee house on the levee, to enjoy a quiet game of cards with his friend, when he was arrested by Special Officers Pearson and Dumas of the police force. A large portion of the stolen funds was found on his person when arrested. He was subsequently transferred to the custody of Lieutenant King, of General Emory's staff, who left for Jackson on the half-past seven o'clock train with the prisoner.

Members of the Solid Men's Club are requested to call this evening and secure their uniform.

The trial of Jennie Bronson Holbrook, charged with assault and battery upon Eliza Jane Holbrook, at No. 208 Constance street, will take place to-day at the First District Court.

GREELEY AND BROWN EVER ON DECK.—The R. D. R. R. L. R. and A. I. G. and B. Club held a regular meeting at its hall No. 93 St. Charles street last night. The proceedings showed a spirited disposition on the part of the members, who have become very numerous, many accessions having been made during the week, and still more last night. In consequence of the increased strength of the club it was deemed advisable to elect a fourth vice president, and Dan Owens was chosen to that position by acclamation. The meeting passed off harmoniously, there being no peelers, revenue cutters or Gatlin guns brought to *bear* upon it except the pet *bear* Horace, and after several short but pointed addresses by prominent speakers, the club adjourned in good order, having first passed a resolution that the roll was open to every one who favored the cause, without any question as to previous status, the only exception being made against Alaskians, and ordering the secretary to make a requisition for lamps, the number being given in by the committee at 1005. The "press gang" was well represented. An error in our last report made Robert J. Clohcey third vice president, whose name was misspelled.

LIGHTNING FREAK.—Between two and three o'clock last evening, during the dark thunder storm, lightning struck the station gong of No. 9's engine house, head of Esplanade street, ringing the gong for the last time, and completely ruining it. The magnets were thoroughly burned out. Two feet of large sized copper wire were utterly obliterated, for no trace of it remains. The case of black walnut is a total wreck, split up into fine toothpicks. During the storm natural electricity played on the city wires, snapping and snarling uncomfortably.

CRIMINAL COURT.—Edward Donnelly, charged with the murder of Dennis Callagher (Kelley) on the twenty-seventh of September, 1870, will be tried on the twenty-ninth instant—second trial.

Edward H. Morris, Jerry Brown and James E. Wright (of Wright's United Brethren Grant and Wilson Club), charged with shooting and killing Julia Perkins, on Sunday, the twenty-first of January last, at No. 190½ Locust street, were tried yesterday and acquitted. Wright was acquitted first, and then gave evidence for the defense.

The case has been fully published before in this paper. There were, at the time of this homicide, five men in the house, of whom only the three accused have been arrested. Two others, also indicted, were never arrested. The woman was shot during a melee among the men, and, as some suppose, accidentally.

The case was not finished.

Last Chappaqua Reunion—Speech of Mr. Greeley.

[From the Cincinnati Enquirer.]

NEW YORK, July 28.—The announcement that the receptions at Cappaqua would be discontinued after yesterday, made all who had visited Horace Greeley at his rural home anxious to join the party which gathered beneath the umbrageous foliage of the now celebrated groves. There were also many who had not heretofore enjoyed Mr. Greeley's hospitality who availed themselves of the present opportunity. As might have been expected, a large crowd assembled at the New Haven depot, including all the members of the Lincoln club. The number was increased at every station, and arrived at Chappaqua, the party poured out of the cars, each one looking for the portly figure of the wood chopper. He was soon espied coming down the road, his face wreathed in smiles, and his brow shaded with the inevitable white hat. Greetings, introductions and congratulations followed the Sage's arrival at the depot. He soon had the ladies seated in carriages, and the gentlemen marshaled for a walk to the homestead.

Arrived at the farm, those who had previously been these strolled off here and there, while the strangers were chaperoned over the premises. Mr. Greeley exhibited his stock and his crops with pardonable pride, and was as enthusiastic as ever over the merits of his celebrated spring. Each guest quaffed a goblet of the sparkling water, and after a short pause in the grove the assemblage started for the house. Here the ladies were found awaiting the arrival of the gentlemen. Dinner was served in the grove, and the substantials and delicacies alike disappeared with rapidity. Miss Ida Greeley dispensed her father's hospitality with a grace which added zest to the viands. Dinner over, a meeting was organized, and after several speeches had been delivered Horace Greeley said:

"Ladies and Gentlemen—It was once said by one Irish orator to another that he never opened his mouth but he put his foot in it. One of the ideas of a candidate for the Presidency is that he always commits an error of the same nature. Their friends always advise them not to talk, although they might talk if they did not say any thing. Without referring to politics, I shall speak of the meetings in this grove, as this will be the last one. For twenty years, my friends and neighbors, it has been my chief delight to spend one day at least in the week among you. I have enjoyed myself in your society, and I have had the recreation which my physical nature required. In working on my farm this spring a new series of circumstances arrayed themselves about me. Quite unexpectedly to me, I was named as a candidate for the Presidency by my most intimate friends. Then my circle grew from six or eight to fifty or a hundred. We met in this grove, and so much of my time was demanded by them that I was compelled to give up my exercise. These reunions were very gratifying to me; but the critical state of my wife's health, and the ill-natured and, I must say, impertinet remarks and criticisms of certain journals, have rendered them sources of uneasiness and discomfort to those who united with me. I never doubted that persons who consented, as I do, to become candidates for public offices are fair subjects for criticism, but I can not see why ladies should have their names criticised in newspapers, and drifted across the continent by electricity. I don't think such commentaries, such pertinent revelations, are consistent with reputable journalism, nor with that courtesy and good feeling which seems to me to be improved wherever one man meets another. It is, therefore, deemed expedient by our friends to ask all who could not come here to-day, to say after this our meetings will be intermitted. I trust they have been to most of us pleasant occasions, long to be remembered. Whatever the future may have, the past is not to be forgotten. Friendships of the warmest kind have been formed in these gatherings, and if we could have been secluded from those insolent intrusions which were deliberately intended to be unkind and disparaging, we should have continued our reunions. But since we can not be secured against gossips and tale-bearers we will discontinue them here and meet elsewhere. [A voice—"At the White House." Cheers.] After a while it will be nothing of particular interest and profit to misrepresent what is done here. The objection made to the speeches of candidates for the Presidency is not what they shall say that is improper or indiscreet, as what they shall say that is liable to misrepresentation. I was plunged, neck and crop, the other evening, into a gathering—a social dinner of college graduates. It would have been easy to make excuses against going there, but I went. I was entreated to speak, and did speak for three minutes on the subject of education. It was at once reported around the country that I proposed to give the government the entire control of the education of the American people. The impression was sent abroad that I favored putting within the sphere of the federal government all matters of this kind. You will, therefore, cease your visits for the next few months. Then in November the election will be over, and I trust that we shall after that have occasion to meet in this grove and renew our aspirations of friendly regards toward each other, and hope and pray for each other's long life and prosperity."

Mr. Greeley's speech was heartily applauded.

We copy this paragraph from the Chicago *Tribune:*

Fifteen thousand majority for the anti-Grant State ticket in Pennsylvania. Properly interpreted, that is what Sunday's dispatch concerning the proposed withdrawal of Hartranft means. Such action will be looked upon as an acknowledgment of defeat, and any eleventh hour candidate, no matter how popular he may be, can but have a poor start and a stern chase, with a certainty of defeat.

Monthly Report of Barometer and Thermometer.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Signal Service United States Army,
New Orleans, August 1, 1872.

The following table shows the monthly mean of barometer and thermometer, and amount of rainfall for the month of July 1872:

Date.	Mean Barometer.	Mean Thermometer.	Rainfall.
July 1	30.14	79	.79
July 2	30.09	82	.22
July 3	30.04	80	.03
July 4	30.01	80	.16
July 5	30.09	81	.03
July 6	30.05	84	....
July 7	30.04	81	....
July 8	29.98	84	....
July 9	29.95	82	.52
July 10	29.90	79	.50
July 11	29.96	81	.21
July 12	29.94	81	.07
July 13	29.98	78	....
July 14	29.93	81	....
July 15	29.99	82	....
July 16	30.03	82	....
July 17	30.05	79	1.33
July 18	30.15	82	....
July 19	30.09	81	.03
July 20	30.01	79	.10
July 21	30.03	81	.24
July 22	30.06	79	.63
July 23	30.10	82	....
July 24	30.15	84	....
July 25	30.14	82	....
July 26	30.10	83	.04
July 27	30.06	83	.06
July 28	30.04	81	....
July 29	30.11	83	.14
July 30	30.02	83	....
July 31	30.03	84	....
Monthly mean.	30.03	82	
Total rainfall			6.43

Prevailing wind, southwest; total number of miles traveled, 4085.

F. MANSFIELD, Observer,
Signal Service United States Army.

FIRST SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE CRESCENT CITY NATIONAL BANK.—Our readers are invited to peruse this document, which will be found on another page this morning. It shows most convincingly that the bank is flourishing to an extent hardly anticipated by its most sanguine friends, while the solid proof of five per cent dividend, which the stockholders will receive on demand, must have the effect of satisfying them that the officers have performed their duties in a most masterly manner.

THE PEOPLE'S COLUMN.

[Brief Communications Published—Long Ones Invariably Rejected—The Editor not Responsible for the Sentiments Expressed the Communications.]

Something About a Name.

NEW ORLEANS, August 1, 1872.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:

In the issue of this morning's REPUBLICAN it is reported that the "Gratz Brown Guards" are composed mainly of members of the "Frank Blair Guards;" that a committee of conference from the last named club was present for the purpose of effecting a fusion with the former.

As a member of the "Frank Blair Guards," you will please allow me a space in your column to deny the above report. No committee of conference was appointed by our club, and if any party or parties appeared for such purpose, they were simply acting without authority. But as the writer of this article was present during the entire proceedings, he, in behalf of the "Frank Blair Guards," denies that any such overture was made. The "Frank Blair Guards" being a "simon pure" Democratic organization, could not consistently affiliate themselves with any parties who are in sympathy with the Liberal movement; and as a Democratic club, every member of the same is determined to "fight it out on that line if it takes all summer."

By inserting this in the "People's Column" of your journal you will confer a mere act of justice upon

A MEMBER
Of the Frank Blair Guards.

THE COURTS.

Eighth District Court.

The case of Joseph L. Tharp against Timothy Doherty, State tax collector of the Sixth District of this city, in which plaintiff charged defendant with having usurped and intruded into and unlawfully holding and exercising the functions of the office of State tax collector of the Sixth District of the city of New Orleans, was decided by the jury in favor of Mr. Doherty.

Tharp claimed to have been appointed collector of the Sixth District by Governor Warmoth on the eighth of June, 1872, and that he had qualified, etc.

Doherty denied the allegations of plaintiff, and alleged that he (Doherty) was the sole and bona fide tax collector of the State for the Sixth District, that he had been commissioned, sworn, given bond, and faithfully discharged all the duties of said office, except when interrupted by the lawless and violent attempts made to remove him.

The verdict of the jury dissolves the writs of injunction and sequestration sued out, and leaves Doherty in possession of the office of tax collector. Doherty has reserved his right of action for damages against J. L. Tharp.

The defense contended that Governor Warmoth had committed an arbitrary and unlawful act in removing Doherty from office, the latter having faithfully discharged his duties.

Mr. Tharp was represented by Attorney General Belden, Judge A. A. Atocha and J. P. Horner. General Harry T. Hays and Mr. John Ellis defended Mr. Doherty.

The two rules in the case of Bronson vs. Holbrook, one for alimony by Jennie Bronson Holbrook, and to set aside the appeal by A. M. Holbrook, having been continued to Thursday, were accordingly taken up yesterday at 11 A. M., when, upon calling the witnesses, four who had been attached failed to answer, whereupon Mr. Howard asked for a continuance on the ground that, without the absent witnesses, he could not go on with the case, as their testimony was very essential to his client.

Judge Morgan argued that counsel could hardly claim a continuance on the grounds set forth, inasmuch as the witnesses had been properly attached, and, if not in court, counsel had his recourse to compel their attendance.

Mr. Howard strenuously opposed the trial of the case under existing circumstances, but the court held that the case must go on, and thereupon ordered the absent witnesses to be sent for instanter.

Mr. Howard—May it please your honor, if you order the case to trial, I will not be able to take part in it. I can only sit down and listen to the opposite counsel.

The Court (Judge Emerson)—Very well. Go on Mr. Morgan.

Mr. Morgan stated that he had no further evidence to offer, but that, touching the taking of Mrs. Russell's testimony (which had been offered by counsel for A. M. Holbrook on Wednesday, twenty-fourth ultimo), he desired to have called the sheriff who served Mrs. Bronson Holbrook with a notice that such testimony was to be taken, to prove that the notice was given early enough to enable Mrs. Holbrook to be present at the taking of the testimony.

The sheriff thereupon being called, testified that he served the notice at 12:45 P. M., the testimony having been taken at 2:30 P. M. Witness also testified that he left a similar notice at Mr. Howard's office, that gentleman being out of town.

Mr. Howard now maintained that even if the service were good, the fact that no counsel was present to represent Mrs. Holbrook should invalidate the testimony; but this the court overruled, to which Mr. Howard took a bill of exceptions.

Thereafter came up the question: Was there given sufficient time, between 12:45 and 2:30 P. M., to enable Mrs. Holbrook, who was at No. 266 Roman street, to reach No. 52 Chestnut street, where the testimony was taken?

The court decided that sufficient time had been given.

Pending the arrival of attached witnesses the court took a recess.

Referring to the evidence of Mrs. Russell, the following affidavit has been made:

Alva M. Holbrook vs. Mrs. Jennie Bronson, his wife.—Henry R. Hubert, deputy sheriff and crier of the Eighth District Court, Orleans parish, being sworn, says that he was present in the clerk's office of the Eighth District Court on Saturday, July 20, 1872, at 12:16 P. M., at which time counsel for A. M. Holbrook, plaintiff, presented to him to be served on the defendant herein and her counsel, a notice to take testimony of Mrs. Martha A. Russell, residing at No. 52 Chesnut street, New Orleans, on the rules in this case, to be taken at 2:30 P. M. same day. Notice had not been served nor sent to the civil sheriff's office to be served at that time, at which time defendant's counsel was absent from the State, and this fact made known by me to plaintiff's counsel at the time.

R. H. HUBERT.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this first day of August, 1872.

O. M. TENNISON, Deputy Clerk.

The above statement is correct.

S. P. WILLIAMS,
GEORGE W. FLYNN,
ALEX. T. DONOVAN,
ALBERT FLANAGAN.

Subscribed to and sworn to before me this twenty-sixth July, 1872.

THOMAS SQUIRE, Clerk.

At 1:15 P. M. the deputy sheriff returned to court with the intelligence that the missing witnesses could not be found, whereupon Judge Morgan desired to know what it was proposed to prove by the witnesses. Mr. Howard replied that it would take him three hours to write out the facts which he intended to prove by them.

The court then ordered the case to be continued until to-day, at 11 A. M., to give counsel time to prepare the documents, and to grant further time for the procuring of the missing witnesses, remarking that the case would then be tried, even if the witnesses were not on hand. Alluding to the return of the sheriff, Judge Emerson stated that he had yet to learn that a sheriff had a right to return a writ without having executed it. If he was ordered to find witnesses, it was his duty to do it.

We adopt the report of the *Times.*

Mr. Blanton Duncan and Mr. Horace H. Day are cooking up another star combination, the object of which will be to beat both Grant and Greeley. Duncan proposes to accomplish this object through a convention to be held at Louisville on the third of November.

LOOK OUT FOR THEM.

People of New Orleans who pay five-eighths of the State taxes, see to it. Impoverished people of the country parishes, see to it. The holders of State bonds, at home and abroad, see to it. It might be suggestively added see to what? See that the rotten hulks of a past political power don't cumber the way; see that the voice of the people, chained down by those who do none of the voting and all of the growling, and who are in the first rank to get a fat office, to which their interest does not entitle them, see to it that these public demoralizers have no chance at the bellows, no finger in the pie again. The State indebtedness has not been increased one cent by H. C. Warmoth. On the contrary, villainy in the Legislature, by which the debt could be increased, was killed off by the $25,000,000 amendment, suggested by Governor Warmoth, who has destroyed by his veto more jobs than ever have passed. The State debt is but $23,000,000, all told. See to it. The State taxes are levied to pay the interest of the bonded debt, and we say, bully! We believe in paying debts—see to it. The augmentation in the city debt has been made by the rose-watered Democrats—see to it. With the bad deeds of past administrations cumbering the records, and for which the present administration has to pay—echo answers, see to it.

M. No. 2.

THE NEW ORLEANS STENCIL WORKS.—We invite the attention of our commercial community to the card of Messrs. George E. Teetzel & Co., No. 145 Gravier street. These gentlemen are most skillful workmen in all kinds of stencil and seal cutting, and manufacture to order cotton brands, ribbon stamps, burning brands, door plates, etc. They are, besides, sole agents for that celebrated and very popular article for reburnishing silver plate known as the "Golden Wonder." They work prompt, charge reasonable prices, and are worthy men, and consequently should be patronized.

CHANGE OF FIRM.—As will be seen upon reference to our advertising columns this morning, that highly respectable and ancient firm of Warren & Crawford was dissolved by limitation on the thirty-first ultimo, and that a new firm has been organized, in which Messrs. J. J. Warren, C. Atkinson and J. N. Atkinson are the partners. We wish the new firm every success which they so well deserve, as every member is a merchant and gentleman of whom our city may well be proud.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

New Orleans Credit Foncier Association, Office No. 46 Old Levee street, New Orleans, August 1, 1872.—Subscribers to the capital stock of this company are hereby notified that the eighth installment of TEN PER CENT shall be due, payable at the office of the company, on SATURDAY, August 10, 1872. By order of the President.
aug2 10t A. SAULET, Secretary.

State National Bank—New Orleans July 13, 1872.—A meeting of the stockholders of the State National Bank of New Orleans will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY, July 22, 1872, for the purpose of voting upon proposed amendments to the articles of association.
jy14 1m CHARLES L. C. DUPUY, Cashier.

Office of the New Orleans Gaslight Company.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the eighteenth of June, 1872, a dividend of SIX DOLLARS PER SHARE was declared, payable on the fifteenth of July. The transfer book of the company will be closed until after the fifteenth instant. WILLIAM S. BROWN,
jy4 1m Treasurer.

New Orleans Merchants should Advertise in the TERREBONNE PATRIOT, Houma, Louisiana; it will pay. de13 1y

The "Terrebonne Patriot," Published at Houma, Louisiana, is one of the best advertising mediums in Southern Louisiana. de13 1y

Batchelor's Hair Dye.—This superb hair dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine William A. Batchelor's hair dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown; leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. ly13 1y

POLITICAL NOTICES.

Headquarters of the Parish Executive Committee of the Liberal Party.—All clubs that are not supplied with torches can obtain the same for SATURDAY NIGHT by applying at these headquarters, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 12 M., and producing proper vouchers.
By order of the President.
aug2 P. B. WOODLIEF, Secretary.

Attention, White Hot Young Men's Independent Greeley and Brown Club of the Third Ward.—The officers and members of this club are notified to attend a special meeting, to be held THIS EVENING, at their hall over Riley's Hotel, to transact business of importance for members only. W. L. STAMFORD, President.
L. S. LEHMAN, Secretary. aug 1t

Hall of the Eleventh Ward Greeley and Brown Central Campaign Club, New Orleans, July 31, 1872.—The officers and members of the several auxiliary clubs of the Eleventh Ward are hereby notified to meet at the hall of the Central Club, on Chippewa street, between Eighth and Ninth streets, on SATURDAY EVENING next, August 3, 1872, at half-past six o'clock, sharp.
By order of the club.
H. G. PEARSON, President.
W. F. HOPKINS, Secretary. aug 1t

Headquarters State Central Committee, Regular Republican Party of Louisiana. New Orleans, August 1, 1872.—A GRAND MASS MEETING will be held in Mechanics' Institute on MONDAY EVENING, August 5, at half-past seven o'clock, under the auspices of the State Central Committee, at which prominent speakers will deliver addresses. All are invited to attend.
By order of the Committee.
HUGH J. CAMPBELL, President.
WILLIAM G. BROWN, Secretary. aug 1t

Hall Third Ward Central Club.—The regular meeting of this club will take place on FRIDAY, August 2, at No. 110 Carondelet street, at half-past seven o'clock P. M. All citizens favorable to the Liberal movement are respectfully invited to come forward and enroll themselves.
By order. THOMAS O'CONNOR, President.
J. COURNOW, Secretary. * jy31

The Liberal Parish Executive Committee of New Orleans have removed their headquarters to REILEY'S HOTEL, corner of Common and Dryades streets. Business hours daily from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., for the transaction of the business of the campaign. The Sub Executive, Naturalization and Finance Committees will meet daily at 1 P. M. The regular weekly meetings of this committee will be every Thursday evening at half-past seven o'clock, and prompt attendance of the membership is requested. And the attendance of all outsiders is strictly prohibited.
A. S. SLOANAKER, President.
GEORGE BURKHARDT, Secretary. jy22 1m60

Headquarters Liberal Party of Louisiana, New Orleans, July 17, 1872.—The Liberal Party, Greeley and Brown, will have a grand torchlight procession and mass meeting in Lafayette square, on SATURDAY EVENING, August 3, 1872.
All clubs in the parish of Orleans will report to the Parish Executive Committee for instructions.
D. R. PENN, President.
A. HERO, JR., Secretary. jy18

BUSINESS CHANGES.

THE COPARTNERSHIP OF WARREN & CRAWFORD expires this day by limitation. Either partner will sign in liquidation only.
J. J. WARREN.
THOMAS W. CRAWFORD.
New Orleans, July 31, 1872.

Referring to the above, the undersigned have this day formed a copartnership to continue the cotton factorage and commission business under the name, style and firm of WARREN, ATKINSON & CO., at No. 42 Carondelet street.
J. J. WARREN,
C. ATKINSON,
J. N. ATKINSON.
New Orleans, August 1, 1872. aug5 1m

NOTICE.—AS SURVIVING PARTNER OF THE late firm of S. MENDELSOHN & CO., I have been appointed liquidator by the Second District Court of this parish. All parties holding claims against the firm, or persons owing to the same will present them to me for settlement or payment.
S. MENDELSOHN,
Liquidator of Mendelsohn & Co.
New Orleans, August 1, 1872. aug1 1m

MR. ROBERT GRIESINGER HAS BEEN admitted a partner in our firm from this date.
CLASON & CO.
New Orleans, July 1, 1872. jy28 3taw 1m

NOTICE.—THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned, under the firm of Hinck & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
Mr. F. J. KUHNHOLZ will hereafter carry on the business, at the old stand, No. 99 Camp street, on his own account. He assumes all the liabilities of the late firm, and is authorized to collect and receive all claims due the same.
New Orleans, July 15, 1872.
HENRY HINCK,
jy14 F. J. KUHNHOLZ.

COPARTNERSHIP.—MR. JOHN H. BRIGHT is admitted to an interest in our business from this date, and the cotton factorage and general commission business will be conducted under the style of FARLEY, BRIGHT & CO.
jy9 1m H. W. FARLEY & CO.

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

BOARD OF STATE TAX ASSESSORS' OFFICE,
No. 137 Gravier street,
Room No. 5 Cotton Exchange,
New Orleans, August 1, 1872.

THE TAXPAYERS OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS are hereby notified that the assessments of State taxes for the year 1872 are completed, and the books will be exposed until the thirty-first day of August, 1872, to correct erroneous assessments. JOHN W. SWORDS,
President Board of State Tax Assessors.

N. B.—The books of the Fifth District will be exposed at the Courtesse, in Algiers, for twenty days and the remaining eleven days in August, 1872, at the office of the Board of State Assessors.

N. B.—Please bring last year's tax receipts with you.
aug 1d JOHN W. SWORDS.

TO THE STATE TAX AND LICENSE PAYERS, SECOND DISTRICT.

OFFICE STATE TAX COLLECTOR,
Second District,
New Orleans, August 1, 1872.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL PARTIES concerned that after the fifteenth of August, all unpaid tax bills for 1871 and licenses of 1872, will be placed in the hands of the Attorney General for collection. All those wishing to avoid damages and costs are requested to call and settle at once.
aug 1 3t L. E. LEMARIE, Collector.

CONTRACTORS, ATTENTION.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THIS OFFICE until 12 M., August 31, 1872, for the improvement of the Tangipahoa and Tchefuncta rivers, in the State of Louisiana.

The work on the Tangipahoa will consist in clearing the stream from its mouth to Wells' Ferry of all timber obstructions to navigation, these being in its bed and on its banks.

That on the Tchefuncta will consist in the total removal of the wreck of the gunboat Oregon.

Bid will be opened August 31, 1872, at 12 M., sharp. Bidders are invited to be present.

The government reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Information as to conditions, etc., furnished upon application to C. W. HOWELL,
Captain of Engineers United States Army.

Address United States Engineers' office, New Orleans, Louisiana, or postoffice lock box No. 990, New Orleans, Louisiana. jy31

NOTICE.

OFFICE STATE TAX COLLECTOR,
First District, No. 9 Carondelet street,
New Orleans, July 29, 1872.

UPON ALL LICENSES AND TAX BILLS REmaining unpaid after August 1, 1872, summary process will be instituted.

Parties are again reminded that immediate settlements will save costs, etc.
jy30 5t GEORGE A. SHERIDAN, Collector.

CANCELLATION OF BOND.

STATE OF LOUISIANA,
Executive Department,
New Orleans, July 6, 1872.

WHEREAS, APPLICATION HAS BEEN MADE to me for the cancellation of the official bond of W. H. Hire as coroner in and for the parish of Orleans, to wit: A bond dated April 9, 1864, in the sum of $25,000, signed by W. H. Hire as principal, and Alfred Shaw, John McHugh, John Condon and A. Schwab as sureties, the said bond being conditioned for the faithful performance by the said W. H. Hire of his duties as coroner aforesaid; notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the said bond, to file their objections to the cancellation thereof, in writing, in the office of the Secretary of State, within ninety days after the last publication hereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State, this sixth day of July, A. D. 1872, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-seventh.
H. C. WARMOTH.
By the Governor,
P. J. HERRON,
Secretary of State. jy9 30t

CANCELLATION OF BOND.

STATE OF LOUISIANA,
Executive Department,
New Orleans, June 29, 1872.

WHEREAS, APPLICATION HAS BEEN MADE TO me for the cancellation of the official bond of G. De Feriet as auctioneer in and for the parish of Orleans, to wit: A bond, dated March 27, 1869, in the sum of $10,000 signed by G. De-Feriet as principal, and P. S. Wilts and V. M. Bienvenu as sureties, the said bond being conditioned for the faithful performance by the said G. De Feriet of his duties as auctioneer aforesaid; Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the said bond to file their objections to the cancellation thereof, in writing, in the office of the Secretary of State, within ninety days after the last publication hereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State this twenty-ninth day of June, A. D. 1872, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-sixth.
H. C. WARMOTH.
By the Governor:
P. J. HERRON, Secretary of State. jy6 30t

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS,
City Hall, July 31, 1872.

[No. 1683—Administration Series.]

An ordinance granting the right for a railroad from Canal street, in the city of New Orleans, at or near its junction with St. Patrick street, to Lake Pontchartrain.

Be it ordained, That the right of way and privilege be and is hereby granted to George F. Brott, his associates or assigns, to lay a single or double track railroad, with the necessary turnouts, switches and turntables, through the following named streets: Commencing on Canal street, at its junction with St. Patrick or Bernadotte streets, thence along either of said streets to Orleans street; thence along Orleans street to the shore of Lake Pontchartrain, with the privilege of extending said railroad along said lake shore to the mouth of Bayou St. John and New canal, and that the right and privilege be granted for thirty years upon the following conditions:

ARTICLE I.

The rails used to be the same pattern as used on the St. Charles street railroad, above Tivoli circle, known as the T rail, and to weight at least twenty pounds to the yard, to be laid on cross-ties.

ARTICLE II.

The cars to be propelled by mule, steam or any other power deemed economical and safe.

ARTICLE III.

The lines and levels of the road to be located and marked by the City Surveyor; the lumber and materials used in the construction of said road and bridges to be approved by, and the road to be constructed under the supervision of the Administrator of Improvements and the City Surveyor.

ARTICLE IV.

The rate of fare going or returning, or for any intermediate distance shall not exceed ten cents; that is to say, the fare shall not exceed ten cents from Canal street to the lake or any intermediate distance, and the same returning; and the rate of speed shall not exceed ten miles per hour, and the said grantees or assigns shall be compelled to run at least