New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN

May be had of the following dealers:

George Ellis, opposite the Postoffice.

G. C. Haley, No. 19 Commercial Place.

G. G. D. Holle, No. 61 Exchange Place.

A. Simon, St. Louis street, between Royal street and Exchange alley (under St. Louis Hotel).

James Ennis, Pontchartrain Railroad Depot, Third District; also, at Depot foot of Lafayette Street, First District.

J. W. Lang, corner of Love and Enghien Streets, Third District.

Variety news-stand, corner Dauphine and Canal streets.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY R. M. & B. J. MONTGOMERY, at 11 o'clock, at Old Auction Mart, No. 67 Camp street, a general assortment of new and second-hand furniture, etc.

BY SHERIFF SAUVINET, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, five lots of ground and buildings on Liberty and Franklin streets—James Graham vs. estate of Edwin W. Ivens. Steamboat Katie, her furniture, tackle, etc.—Dr. St. Clair Ferris vs. James M. White. Square of ground, twenty-eight lots, bounded by St. David and Green streets, Henry Clay avenue and Bloomingdale—Mrs. E. McBeth vs. John M. Burchardt. The interest of William Freret and George Freret in a lot of ground and buildings on Baronne street—George B. Salkeld vs. William A. Freret and Frederick Freret. Promissory note for $3000, drawn by J. Louis Lalaurie and secured by mortgage—Alfred Hennen vs. Mrs. A. M. Hennen, subrogated vs. Forget & Guillotet. All the interest of John Chastant senior, in a judgment against Joseph Elliott for $1000—Aristide Miltenberger vs. John Chastant, senior. At five o'clock, at No. 374 Franklin street, furniture and movable property on the premises—B. J. Berkery vs. Olmstead and Richey.

Local Intelligence.

FIRE ALARMS, TRUE AND FALSE.—On the night of the thirty-first ultimo an alarm of fire was sent from the second precinct police station, for which some ill words have been uttered, but which would probably not have been uttered had not another fire broke out while the machines were at the Annunciation street fire, the second conflagration occurring on Baronne street, and proved a disastrous one, in consequence of the engines being absent up town at the time. The Board of Police Commissioners requested Superintendent Badger to gather all he could concerning the first alarm, sent from the second precint stationhouse. Captain B. Robinson returns answer that telegraph operator Crofton sent in the first alarm on the urgent request of Messrs. Smith and Barrett, and on information given by a woman, each of them stating that the house No. 201 Annunciation street was on fire, and facts have since proved that unless an alarm had been sounded there would have been a great conflagration.

Mr. Crofton performed his duty, although on the first warning it was only a chimney burning. More, the operator could not have anticipated that another fire would break out on Baronne street while the machines and men were at work on Annunciation street. Chief Engineer O'Connor adds his testimony in favor of Mr. Crofton, and avers that not only the chimney but the house on Annunciation street was on fire. This statement is made up from official correspondence on the subject, and conclusively proves that our fire department or Operator Crofton were in no manner to blame for the delay in reaching the Baronne street fire. We remember an instance down town where an incendiary waited until he knew that the firemen had been called to another section before he applied his torch and his place partially destroyed, yet the man who rang the alarm and the fire-fighters who responded could not be blamed for the second call.

The men who are engaged whitening the front of the St. Charles Hotel look like midges high up on the topmost cornice, and all who stand on the banquette below looking at the painters feel as uncomfortable as a lady with a stiffly starched Dolly Varden in a crowded car. If one of them should fall, and he could do so easier than falling off a log, he would never know who went to his funeral. They slap their brushes around quite as freely as if they were only a foot or two above solid ground, yet they probably look carefully where they put their feet.

INVITING THIEVES.—It seems strange that business men or their employes will, through criminal carelessness, leave their store and office doors unlocked at night. Scarcely a night passes that the police do not find open doors, places where large amounts of valuable property are ready to the hand of rascals who may choose to enter without the trouble of breaking. The Delta warehouse was found open yesterday morning, and a hungry thief had taken half a cask of bacon.

Peter Hoffman, while engaged handling iron on the steamboat Henry Johnson yesterday, accidentally fell into the hold and was badly injured.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE ARRESTED FOR MANSLAUGHTER.—Josiah Bell, justice of the peace in Kennerville, was arrested yesterday on an affidavit made by Mrs. Catherine Monroe, who charges him with the crime of manslaughter. He was released on giving bond in the moderate sum of $2000. One day during July complainant was arrested on a trifling accusation, and a warrant was issued by Justice Bell. The woman was found about two miles from the courtroom, and notwithstanding she urged her critical physical condition—about to be confined—she was forced to go to court, the constable placing her in a common road cart, a prisoner, forced to travel two miles over a rough road, every foot of the way placing her in jeopardy. She was soon afterward delivered of dead twins, of course suffering intense pains. As soon as she could she made the charge of manslaughter against Mr. Bell.

The above is a statement made to Superintendent Badger, and is only one side of the matter. For the sake of humanity and decency, it is hoped that Mr. Bell may be able to clear himself of all blame.

HOMICIDE IN THE SECOND DISTRICT.—Last evening Antonio Coralles and Joseph Pueira met on Toulouse street, between Chartres and Old Levee streets, when an old feud between them was finally settled by a deed of blood, the sacrifice of a human life. Pueira is a cigar maker, and employed in a manufactory on Toulouse street, and his story is that Coralles recently struck him, and there it ended for the time. Yesterday Coralles struck him again as he was quietly standing near the factory. Pueira had armed himself with a large butcher knife, probably anticipating another attack. No sooner had he received the blow from Coralles, than Pueira drew his knife and plunged it into his breast, the blade passing through the heart and lungs, Coralles expiring almost on the instant, but first staggering toward the street, falling on the edge of the banquette.

Pueira fled, but was arrested near the French market by Officer Donovan. When in prison last evening, accused was unwilling to speak of the affair, further than to state that he had acted in self-defense.

To-day Coroner Jackson will make an investigation.

FOR GRAND ISLE.—Jefferson Fire Company No. 22 will to-day leave for Grand Isle on a pleasure excursion, and it is expected there will be a happy time.

Mississippi Fire Company No. 2 will go over to Mississippi City on the twenty-third instant on its annual excursion. There will be a grand time.

Magnolia Garden will be brilliant to-day on the occasion of the Zum Sommernachts Fest, vocal and instrumental concert and ball.

DUEL YESTERDAY—*Both Wounded.*—In a room only a few squares from the Jackson square police station a duel was fought yesterday, and both gentlemen wounded. The weapons used were colchimards. The quarrel arose from a difference concerning a foot race, when a fine was slapped, after which a challenge was sent and accepted, the terms being that blood must flow before hostilities could cease. We did not learn the names of the duelists.

For the Watering Places.

Those who want to take advantage of the Sunday excursion rates can go out on the train from the Canal street depot to-morrow morning at twenty minutes past seven o'clock and pass the day at Bay St. Louis, Pass Christian, Mississippi City, Biloxi, or Ocean Springs, and return here before eleven o'clock at night. The sea bathing is magnificent, and the fish and oysters fresh from the sea contribute to make a splendid dinner or supper. Excursion tickets vary from $2 50 to $3 50, according to the distance. They can be bought in the morning at the Canal street station, or this evening at the Camp street office.

Among the Pine Trees.

Hundreds of people avail themselves every Sunday morning of the accommodation afforded by the Jackson railroad excursion train which leaves Calliope street depot twenty-five minutes before eight o'clock, and gets passengers back into the city by ten o'clock at night. The trip is exceedingly pleasant, the road smoother than it ever was before, the cars neat, convenient, new and strong, the conductor accommodating and the engineer skillful. Fruit can be had on the road freshly plucked from the trees or vines, and at the hotels and private residences such courtesies are extended as to make all welcome to the country.

Another Greeley Advocate.

We reproduce this morning the letter of Hon. John E. Farnsworth, of Illinois, in reply to the secretary of the Illinois State Central Committee, desiring him to fill such appointments to speak in behalf of Grant's election as that committee might make for him. General Farnsworth states very plainly the reasons why he can not support Grant, and quite as plainly the reasons why Greeley should be elected. We commend his letter to the consideration of our readers.

River Report.

The signal service of the United States army reports, for the benefit of commerce, the rise or fall of the rivers, at 3 P. M. yesterday, as follows:

Stations.	Rise, Inches.	Fall, Inches.	Above low water mark. Ft.	In.
Omaha	..	2	9	*7
Davenport	..	1	3	0
Keokuk	..	1	3	1
Cairo	..	11	16	2
St. Louis	..	8	14	6
Louisville	..	5	4	3
Memphis	..	9	12	3
Vicksburg	..	9	23	9
Shreveport	..	0	12	1
Nashville	..	1	1	10

The river here is nine feet eight inches below high water mark of 1871.

VALUABLE IMPROVED AND VACANT REAL ESTATE, STEAMBOAT KATIE, PROMISSORY NOTE AND SUIT AND JUDGMENT AT AUCTION BY THE SHERIFF.—Particular attention is called to the sales at auction to be made this day at noon, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, by the sheriff of the parish of Orleans. Said sales comprise:

1. Five lots of ground, with all the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in the First District of this city, on Liberty and Franklin streets, between Common and Gravier.

2. The undivided half of a lot of ground, with the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in the same district, on Baronne street, between Lafayette and Girod.

3. A square of ground, situated in the Sixth District of this city, late Bartheville, in the parish of Jefferson, bounded by St. David and Greene streets, Henry Clay avenue and Bloomingdale.

4. The steamboat Katie, her furniture, tackle, apparel, machinery, etc.

5. A promissory note for $8000, with interest.

6. A suit and judgment for $1100, with interest and costs.

For full particulars and terms see advertisements.

IRON COTTON TIES.—Messrs. Bartlett & Rayne, corner of Union and Carondelet streets, are general agents for all the most approved and popular iron cotton ties, and they have on hand large stocks of the same.

LOOK OUT FOR THEM.

People of New Orleans who pay five-eighths of the State taxes, see to it. Impoverished people of the country parishes, see to it. The holders of State bonds, at home and abroad, see to it. It might be suggestively added see to what? See that the rotten hulks of a past political power don't cumber the way; see that the voice of the people, chained down by those who do none of the voting and all of the growling, and who are in the first rank to get a fat office, to which their interest does not entitle them, see to it that these public demoralizers have no chance at the bellows, no finger in the pie again. The State indebtedness has not been increased one cent by H. C. Warmoth. On the contrary, villainy in the Legislature, by which the debt could be increased, was killed off by the $25,000,000 amendment, suggested by Governor Warmoth, who has destroyed by his veto more jobs than ever have passed. The State debt is but $23,000,000, all told. See to it. The State taxes are levied to pay the interest of the bonded debt, and we say, bully! We believe in paying debts—see to it. The augmentation in the city debt has been made by the rose-watered Democrats—see to it. With the bad deeds of past administrations cumbering the records, and for which the present administration has to pay—echo answers, see to it.

M. No. 2.

Grant on His Prospects.

NEW YORK, August 6.—General Grant gave his promised reception on Pullman island, St. Lawrence river, yesterday, and will indulge in another to-morrow at Ogdensburg. Sheridan assists on these occasions by kissing the pretty girls and an occasional baby. Grant not having done much in the oscular line since the news from North Carolina got into such a muddle. In conversation with a *Herald* reporter Grant expressed his personal indifference in the present campaign in these words: "I was not anxious to be President a second term, but consented to receive the nomination simply because I thought that was the best way of discovering whether my countrymen, or a majority of them, really believed all that is alleged against my administration, and against myself personally. The asperities an election campaign will give my political opponents and my personal enemies an opportunity and excuse to say all that can be said against me. That opportunity I do not grudge them, and I depend upon the people to rebuke or to indorse me, as they see fit. All those who have seated me unfairly have now a chance to declare themselves."

Correspondent—Then I may say you do not personally covet the position any longer?

President—No, sir; the mere fact of my having occupied the position I have already enjoyed was an honor to me, which I trust I duly appreciated; but attacks were made upon me long before I had fulfilled my term, and before I had ever thought of a second term. I reluctantly consented to enter upon the second struggle, and I would not have done so at all if I did not feel a desire to know whether a majority of my fellow-citizens were willing to aid my enemies in fastening slanders upon me. Besides, I am anxious to ascertain whether the Republican party, whose choice I again happen to be, wish to have its policy sustained or not.

The daily telegrams of this correspondent say: "We are told the Grant politicians of this State have laid such plans as will effectually detach 40,000 or 50,000 Irish votes from the Democratic party and transfer them to Grant, thus imperiling the chances of Horace Greeley carrying the Empire State. The leading genius in this conspiracy is Tom Murphy, assisted by Decoy Bliss, William A. Darling, James O'Brien and several prominent members of the late Tammany ring, foremost of whom is Bill Tweed. The indicted ring members are to have the suits against them dropped by the Republican Attorney General, and other favors besides, in consideration of their services. At the present moment this scheme is being matured, and the Murphy gang declare that they will take such a slice off of the Irish vote that Grant may count on a majority in New York of from 20,000 to 30,000. The Radicals, and Grant himself, have great faith in Tom Murphy's name, lineage, brogue and general low cunning, but they ignore the fact that every Irishman in New York of the least intelligence sees as fully through Murphy as they do themselves.

Barbarities at an Insane Asylum.

[From the Chicago Tribune.]

NEW YORK, August 6.—Mr. Van Vleck, banker, just released from Bloomingdale Asylum, is rapidly and effectually stirring up the gross villainy in the management of that institution by proceedings in court and statements in the daily papers. A writ of habeas corpus was issued Saturday directing the superintending physician of the Bloomingdale Asylum to produce Mary McCabe in court, before Judge Barrett, at half-past ten this morning. It is claimed that Miss McCabe has never given any sign of insanity. The theory urged on her behalf is that, being an inmate of a convent in this city, she complained that one of the officers of the convent had made proposals to her which no virtuous person could submit to, and to prevent her giving publicity to this scandal she was conveyed by force to the asylum. It was in this institution that Van Vleck was confined, until very lately, when, after being discharged, it was found that he had never been insane. He was in court this morning with his counsel. He is in appearance a quiet man of business, a little past middle life, without any evidence of that excitability associated with insanity. The return made to the writ was that Mary McCabe was no longer in their charge, but in the New York Lunatic Asylum. Mr. Townsend said this was the fifth case in which, after he had begun proceedings, the authorities of the asylum had managed in some way to get rid of the person detained. They had always done so, except in one case, where a gentleman insisted on remaining until the matter was brought before a court. The proceedings of that institution were infamous. Mr. Townsend has obtained another writ for the production of Teresa Drew, also at the Bloomingdale Asylum, although said to be quite sane. It is said she will be spirited to another asylum before the writ can reach Bloomingdale. Mr. Van Vleck says he is determined to turn the asylum inside out. He charges them with killing a patient, named Tilton, with narcotics. Two former employes of Bloomingdale back Van Vleck's report, and one of them, a lady, makes an affidavit of the licentious practices carried on by the officers of the institution.

A Story Worth Repeating.

[From the Hartford Times.]

Judge Davis, of Illinois, is a rich man. The public may not know how he became wealthy. About thirty years ago, when Judge Davis was a practicing lawyer in the West, he was employed by a Connecticut man to collect $800. Davis went to the place where the debtor lived and found him to be rich in landed possessions, but without a spare dollar in money. He finally settled the bill by giving a deed for a tract of land—a flat, moist and undesirable piece of land in appearance, lying close by a sheet of water, and consisting perhaps of sixty acres. Davis subsequently met his Connecticut client in St. Louis, when the latter (who seemed not to have the usual Connecticut shrewdness) fell to and gave him a regular "blowing up" for taking the land rather than insisting on having the $800 in cash. He did not want any of your Western land, and he told Davis that having received it in payment of the debt, he had better keep it himself and pay the money out of his own pocket. To this Davis agreed. Stepping into a friend's office he borrowed $800, took the Connecticut man's receipt for the land, and held it for a rise. That land forms part of one of the suburbs of Chicago. Judge Davis has sold two or three hundred thousand dollars' worth of it, and has nearly a million dollars' worth left. It is a striking example of what the Western property has done for its holder, and as the story has never been printed we thought it would be interesting enough to publish.

Sumner on Garrison.

WASHINGTON, August 6.—Mr. Sumner says he would dislike very much to get into a controversy with Mr. Garrison, but he may feel bound to answer his letter. He is prepared to prove from the volumes of his published speeches that Garrison is not correct in his statements of alleged facts with regard to Sumner's early course in the anti-slavery movement. Mr. Garrison, in his letter, says that Mr. Sumner was not a leader in the movement till he came to the Senate in 1851. Mr. Sumner will prove from his public works that he was engaged at it actively as early as 1845 and 1846.

Stamps on Imported Perfumery, Etc.

The new act of June 6, 1872, makes an important change in the provisions of law in reference to goods of the above class, which ought to be carefully noted by the importers and other dealers. The proviso which permitted such articles to be sold in the "original and unbroken package" is repealed, and each "packet, box, bottle, pot, phial or other inclosure" must be separately stamped before being offered or exposed for sale, and the importer or dealer is subject to the same penalties for neglect as in the case of the domestic article. This, of course, makes it necessary to break packages before offering them for sale.

The mezquite gum of Western Texas is almost identical with gum-arabic, and during the past year has become an article of export, some 12,000 pounds having been gathered in Bexar county, and as much more between that and the coast. This gum exudes from the stem and branches of the mezquite, a mimosa, several species of which grow in Texas, New Mexico and Arizona.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Office Mutual Aid and Benevolent Life Insurance Association of Louisiana, No. 120 Carondelet street, New Orleans, August 6, 1872.—Members of this association are hereby notified of the death of Miguel Gandolfo, who died in this city February 21, 1872; C. W. Culbertson, who died in this city February 27, 1872, and H. Nixon, who died in Atlanta, Winn parish, Louisiana, March 14, 1872, and are called upon to come forward, without further notice, and pay at the office of the association (No. 120 Carondelet street), $1 25 on each, on or before 4 P. M. September 10, 1872. Amount paid on losses since organization, $260,436.

au4 7t R. W. YOUNG, Secretary.

Citizens' Bank of Louisiana, New Orleans, August 1, 1872.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a semi-annual dividend of FIVE PER CENT on the capital of the banking department, was declared, payable to the cash stockholders on and after Monday, twelfth instant.

au3 15t J. L. DELERY, Cashier.

New Orleans Merchants should Advertise in the TERREBONNE PATRIOT, Houma, Louisiana; it will pay. de13 1y

New Orleans Credit Foncier Association, Office No. 46 Old Levee street, New Orleans, August 1, 1872.—Subscribers to the capital stock of this company are hereby notified that the eighth installment of TEN PER CENT shall be due, payable at the office of the company, on SATURDAY, August 10, 1872. By order of the President.

au3 18t A. SAULET, Secretary.

State National Bank—New Orleans July 13, 1872.—A meeting of the stockholders of the State National Bank of New Orleans will be held at the Banking House, on MONDAY, July 22, 1872, for the purpose of voting upon proposed amendments to the articles of association.

jy14 1m CHARLES L. C. DUPUY, Cashier.

The "Terrebonne Patriot," Published at Houma, Louisiana, is one of the best advertising mediums in Southern Louisiana. de13 1y

Batchelor's Hair Dye.—This superb hair dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine William A. Batchelor's hair dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown; leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. jy13 1y

POLITICAL NOTICES.

The Liberal Parish Executive Committee of New Orleans have removed their headquarters to REILET'S HOTEL, corner of Common and Dryades streets. Business hours daily from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., for the transaction of the business of the campaign. The Sub Executive, Naturalization and Finance Committees will meet daily at 1 P. M. The regular weekly meetings of this committee will be every Thursday evening at half-past seven o'clock, and prompt attendance of the membership is requested. And the attendance of all outsiders is strictly prohibited.

A. B. SLOANAKER, President.

GEORGE BURKHARDT, Secretary. jy23 tno9

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, City Hall, August 8, 1872.

[No. 1597—Administration Series.]

Resolved, That from and after this week each Administrator shall report to the Council the number of persons required to be employed in his department, and what for; and that the action of the Council upon said nominations shall be had before the employment of any such officer or laborer.

Adopted by the Council of the city of New Orleans, August 3, 1872.

Yeas—Shaw, Delassise, Lewis, Walton.

BENJ. F. FLANDERS, Mayor.

A true copy:

H. CONQUEST CLARKE, Secretary. au10 1t

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, City Hall, August 9, 1872.

[No. 1598—Administration Series.]

An ordinance for the payment of the pay rolls thereinafter named.

Be it ordained, That the following appropriations be and are hereby made in accordance with the terms of ordinance No. 1044, Administration series:

Pay roll Department of Police for week ending August 6, 1872:		
Public squares, labor	$194 00	
City cemeteries, labor	84 00—	$278 00
Pay roll Department of Waterworks and Public Buildings for week ending August 6, 1872:		
Street service, labor	$276 00	
Insane Asylum (Marine Hospital) carpenters	1139 46—	1415 46
Pay roll Department of Commerce for week ending August 6, 1872:		
Labor		62 50
Pay roll Department of Improvements for the week ending August 6, 1872, as far as examined and approved:		
Bureau of Streets, labor	$2479 83	
Bureau of City Drainage, labor	507 23	
Bureau of Wharves and Landings, labor	191 50—	3169 16
Total		$4926 20

Adopted by the Council of the city of New Orleans.

BENJ. F. FLANDERS, Mayor.

A true copy:

H. CONQUEST CLARKE, Secretary. au10 1t

CITY ASSESSMENTS.

Notice to Taxpayers.

DEPARTMENT OF ASSESSMENTS, City Hall, Room 15, August 10, 1872.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION SEVEN, City ordinance No. 71, Administration series, notice is hereby given that the assessment on real estate and personal property within the city, for the year 1872, is now complete, and will be open for inspection and correction at the office of the Department of Assessments, room 15, City Hall, from 9 A. M. till 3 P. M. (Sundays excepted), during thirty days from the date hereof, at which time all complaints of either excessive or inadequate assessments will be considered.

H. BONZANO, Administrator.

au10 1m

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

BOARD OF STATE TAX ASSESSORS' OFFICE, No. 187 Gravier street, Room No. 5 Cotton Exchange, New Orleans, August 1, 1872.

THE TAXPAYERS OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS are hereby notified that the assessments of State taxes for the year 1872 are completed, and the books will be exposed until the thirty-first day of August, 1872, to correct erroneous assessments.

JOHN W. SWORDS, President Board of State Tax Assessors.

N. B.—The books of the Fifth District will be exposed at the Courthouse, in Algiers, for twenty days and the remaining ten days in August, 1872, at the office of the Board of State Assessors.

N. B.—Please bring last year's tax receipts with you.

au1 1d JOHN W. SWORDS.

TO THE STATE TAX AND LICENSE PAYERS, SECOND DISTRICT.

OFFICE STATE TAX COLLECTOR, Second District, New Orleans, August 1, 1872.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL PARTIES concerned that after the fifteenth of August, all unpaid tax bills for 1871, and licenses of 1872, will be placed in the hands of the Attorney General for collection. All those wishing to avoid damages and costs are requested to call and settle at once.

au1 15t L. E. LEMARIE, Collector.

CONTRACTORS, ATTENTION.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THIS OFFICE until 12 M., August 31, 1872, for the improvement of the Tangipahoa and Tchefuncta rivers, in the State of Louisiana.

The work on the Tangipahoa will consist in clearing the stream from its mouth to Wells' Ferry of all timber obstructions to navigation, these being in its bed and on its banks.

That on the Tchefuncta will consist in the total removal of the wreck of the gunboat Oregon.

Bid will be opened August 31, 1872, at 12 M., sharp. Bidders are invited to be present.

The government reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Information as to conditions, etc., furnished upon application to C. W. HOWELL, Captain of Engineers United States Army.

Address United States Engineers' office, New Orleans, Louisiana, or postoffice lock box No. 990, New Orleans, Louisiana. jy31

CANCELLATION OF BOND.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Executive Department, New Orleans, July 6, 1872.

WHEREAS, APPLICATION HAS BEEN MADE to me for the cancellation of the official bond of W. H. Hire as coroner in and for the parish of Orleans, to wit: A bond dated April 9, 1864, in the sum of $25,000, signed by W. H. Hire as principal, and Alfred Shaw, John McHugh, John Condon and A. Schwab as sureties, the said bond being conditioned for the faithful performance by the said W. H. Hire of his duties as coroner aforesaid; notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the said bond, to file their objections to the cancellation thereof, if in writing, in the office of the Secretary of State, within ninety days after the last publication hereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State, this sixth day of July, A. D. 1872, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-seventh.

H. C. WARMOTH.

By the Governor.

F. J. HERRON, Secretary of State. jy9 30t

WANTED.

WANTED—BUILDING SUITABLE FOR A small manufacturing business, above Canal, below Jackson street, and not farther than five squares from the river. Any one wishing to sell will please address M., Republican office.

au7 3t

WANTED, $4000—ON FIRST MORTGAGE, on a cotton plantation of 1000 acres (with dwelling and out-houses), not subject to overflow, situated in the parish of Rapides, Louisiana. Address glass box No. 964, postoffice, New Orleans, Louisiana. au3 4t W1t

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE—

100 cases Kentucky SCHNAPPS,
100 cases Brady's COCKTAIL BITTERS,
200 cases Brady's FAMILY BITTERS,
100 cases Brady's GREELEY BITTERS.

By WILLIAM M. PINCKARD, Corner Common and Tchoupitoulas streets. au3 eod 1m

INSURANCE.

MERCHANTS' MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS,

104.....Canal Street.....104

EIGHTEENTH ANNUAL STATEMENT.

In conformity with the requirements of their charter, the company publish the following statement:

Premiums received during the year ending May 31, 1872, including unearned premiums of the previous year—

On fire risks	$719,323 57	
On marine risks	162,615 17	
On river risks	169,212 00	
Total premiums	$991,150 74	
Less unearned premiums	201,800 00	
Net earned premiums May 31, 1872		$789,550 74
Losses paid—		
On fire risks	$296,073 41	
On marine risks	98,680 32	
On river risks	125,965 63	
	$430,724 56	
Taxes	21,577 41	
Reinsurance, return premiums, and profit and loss	56,416 88	
Total	$508,673 65	
Deduct interest, less expenses	17,856 53—	490,322 12
Profits		$299,228 62

The company have the following assets:

Real estate	$121,665 11
City bonds	239,050 00
Bank and railroad stocks	52,168 00
Notes secured by mortgage	443,745 63
Notes secured by pledge	122,559 37
Bills receivable	49,611 30
Premiums in course of collection	72,418 95
State bonds	1,500 00
Scrip and stock of other companies	1,932 50
Stock of Vallette Dry Dock Company	19,800 00
Stock of Levee Steam Cotton Press	2,300 00
Stock of Marine Dry Dock and Ship Yard Company	4,000 00
Harbor Protection Company	1,920 00
Mortgage bonds Turners' Association	2,600 00
Mortgage bonds Odd Fellows' Hall	5,000 00
Cash on hand	261,659 83
New Orleans, Florida and Havana Steamship Company	2,000 00
St. Louis Hotel Association	5,000 00
Total assets	$1,461,241 29

The above statement is a just, true and correct transcript from the books of the company.

PAUL FOURCHY, President.

G. W. NOTT, Secretary.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this tenth day of June, 1872.

P. CHS. CUVELLIER, Notary Public.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held on the tenth day of June, 1872, it was resolved to pay A CASH DIVIDEND OF THIRTY PER CENT on the net earned participating premiums for the year ending May 31, 1872, payable on the third Monday of July next. Also, to pay on demand ten per cent interest to the scrip holders upon conversion of their scrip into capital stock, as per amended charter of the company.

Directors:

P. MASPERO, DAVID MCCOARD,
S. Z. RELF, L. F. GENERES,
M. PUIG, P. FOURCHY,
P. S. WILTZ, J. J. FERNANDEZ,
D. A. CHAFFRAIX, J. M. ALLEN,
CHARLES LAFITTE.

jel1 1y

CRESCENT MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

TWENTY-THIRD ANNUAL STATEMENT.

NEW ORLEANS, May 13, 1872.

The Trustees, in conformity to the charter, submit the following statement of the affairs of the company on the thirtieth of April, 1872:

Fire premiums for the year	$501,969 44	
Marine premiums for the year	61,359 06	
River premiums for the year	193,299 36	
Total	$756,718 44	
Earned premiums, less reinsurance and return premiums	$353,155 63	
Net profits	$79,923 31	

The company has assets to the amount of $732,129 40.

The Board of Trustees resolved to pay interest at SIX PER CENT CASH on all the outstanding CERTIFICATES OF SCRIP, to the legal holders thereof on and after the second Monday in June next.

They have also declared a SCRIP DIVIDEND OF THIRTY-THREE AND ONE-THIRD PER CENT on the earned premiums entitled to participate for the year ending April 30, 1872, for which certificates will be issued on and after the first Monday in August next, free of government tax.

THOMAS A. ADAMS, President.

HENRY V. ODDEN, Secretary.

Trustees.

SAMUEL H. KENNEDY, JOHN PHELPS,
C. T. BUDDECKE, P. H. FOLEY,
A. G. OBER, A. THOMSON,
E. H. SUMMERS, R. NEWGASS,
P. N. STRONG, VICTOR MEYER,
JOSEPH BOWLING, J. J. GARRARD,
S. S. NEWMAN.

my30 6m

BUSINESS CHANGES.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the name and style of FATJO, MARKS & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Either party will sign the name of said firm in liquidation only.

All claims to be presented to Messrs. D. FATJO & CO., at the old stand, No. 53 Tchoupitoulas street.

D. FATJO,
JOHN BRUNASO,
JOSEPH H. MARKS,
I. N. MARKS.

New Orleans, July 31, 1872.

Referring to the above notice, I will shortly announce my future business and its locality. For the present, I am to be found at my old location.

I. N. MARKS.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership, under the firm name of D. FATJO & CO., and will continue the Wholesale Grocery, Importing and General Commission business, as heretofore, at their old stand, No. 53 Tchoupitoulas street.

D. FATJO,
JOHN BRUNASO.
per proc. D. FATJO.

New Orleans, August 1, 1872. au3 1m

THE COPARTNERSHIP OF WARREN & CRAWFORD expires this day by limitation. Either partner will sign in liquidation only.

J. J. WARREN,
THOMAS W. CRAWFORD.

New Orleans, July 31, 1872.

Referring to the above, the undersigned have this day formed a copartnership to continue the cotton factorage and commission business under the name, style and firm of WARREN, ATKINSON & CO., at No. 45 Carondelet street.

J. J. WARREN,
C. ATKINSON,
J. N. ATKINSON.

New Orleans, August 1, 1872. au3 1m

NOTICE.—AS SURVIVING PARTNER OF THE late firm of S. MENDELSOHN & CO., I have been appointed liquidator by the Second District Court of this parish. All parties holding claims against the firm, or persons owing to the same will present them to me for settlement or payment.

S. MENDELSOHN, Liquidator of Mendelsohn & Co.

New Orleans, August 1, 1872. au1 1m

MR. ROBERT GRIESINGER HAS BEEN admitted a partner in our firm from this date.

ULASON & CO.

New Orleans, July 1, 1872. jy23 3taw 1m

NOTICE.—THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between the undersigned under the firm of Hinck & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Mr. F. J. KUHNHOLZ will hereafter carry on the business, at the old stand, No. 60 Camp street, on his own account. He assumes all the liabilities of the late firm, and is authorized to collect and receive all claims due the same.

New Orleans, July 13, 1872.

HENRY HINCK, F. J. KUHNHOLZ.

jy14

COPARTNERSHIP.—MR. JOHN H. BRIGHT is admitted to an interest in our business from this date, and the cotton factorage and general commission business will be conducted under the style of FARLEY, BRIGHT & CO.

jy3 1m H. W. FARLEY & CO.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.....REMOVAL.

LOUIS A. WELTON,

General Steamboat Agent,

RECEIVING, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

No. 4 Fulton street, Corner Canal and Common streets, New Orleans.

Respectfully announces to the public that he has removed his office from No. 150 Common street to the above address, No. 4 Fulton street, corner Canal and Common streets. Is agent for steamboats engaged in the Mississippi, Red, Ouachita, Arkansas and Ohio river trades. Freight consigned to his address will be promptly forwarded without charge, save current expenses. While gratefully acknowledging the encouragement heretofore extended to me by the merchants of this city and my steamboat friends, I respectfully ask a continuance of the same. LOUIS A. WELTON,

jy26 1m Corner Canal and Common streets.

GIFT CONCERT.

$1,000,000.

SECOND

GRAND GIFT CONCERT

IN AID OF THE

PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY

AT

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

By authority in the act of the Legislature, incorporating the PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY, the Trustees will give their

SECOND GRAND GIFT CONCERT,

In the great hall of the Public Library building, in Louisville, Kentucky, on

Saturday, September 28, 1872.

100,000 TICKETS OF ADMISSION

will be issued at $10 each; half tickets $5; quarter tickets $2 50; 11 whole tickets for $100; 23 for $200; 56 for $500; 113 for $1000; 285 for $2500; 575 for $5000. No discount on less than $100 worth of tickets at a time.

$500,000 IN CURRENCY

will be given to the holders of tickets by distribution, by lot of ONE THOUSAND GIFTS, as follows:

List of Gifts.

		Cash.
One grand gift		$100,000
One grand gift		50,000
One gift		25,000
One gift		20,000
One gift		15,000
One gift		10,000
One gift		9,000
One gift		8,000
One gift		7,000
One gift		6,000
One gift		5,000
One gift		4,000
One gift		3,000
4 gifts of	$2000 each	8,000
16 gifts of	1000 each	16,000
20 gifts of	900 each	18,000
21 gifts of	800 each	16,800
25 gifts of	700 each	17,500
35 gifts of	600 each	21,000
45 gifts of	500 each	22,500
50 gifts of	400 each	20,000
60 gifts of	300 each	18,000
100 gifts of	200 each	20,000
612 gifts of	100 each	61,200
Total, 1000 gifts, all cash		$500,000

The Hon. Thomas E. Bramlette, late Governor of Kentucky, has consented to represent the Trustees in the management of this second Grand Gift Concert, and he will personally see that the money from the sale of tickets is deposited with the Treasurer, that the drawing is fairly conducted; and the gifts justly awarded and promptly paid.

The drawing will take place in public, in full view of the audience, and under the immediate supervision and direction of the officers and Trustees of the Public Library of Kentucky, and the following named eminent and disinterested citizens, who have consented to be present and see that all is fairly done:

Hon. M. R. Hardin, Judge Court Appeals, Kentucky.

Hon. J. Proctor Knott, late Member of Congress, Lebanon district.

Hon. H. W. Bruce, Judge Ninth Judicial District, Kentucky.

General Eli H. Murray, United States Marshal, District of Kentucky.

Hon. T. B. Cocran, Chancellor Louisville Chancery Court.

Hon. E. D. Standiford, President Farmers and Drovers' Bank.

Hon. John Barbee, Manager Royal Insurance Company, Liverpool.

Colonel Phil. Lee, Com. Attorney Ninth Judicial District.

Dr. C. Graham, founder Graham Cabinet.

Colonel Jilson P. Johnson, Manager Galt House.

Dr. T.