

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Manager and Proprietor, D. B. DWYER.

Monday, September 23, 1872. ENGAGEMENT FOR A SHORT SEASON.

CELEBRATED AMERICAN ACT. MR. JOHNNY THOMPSON.

Will appear in an entirely new drama entitled 'DIME, OUR SOUTHERN HOME.'

FIRST JOINT THOMPSON MATINEE Saturday Noon.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Sunday Evening. MEMORABLE ATTRACTIONS--TWO PIECES.

THE PRINCESS GEORGES. OR OR WIFE TOO MANY.

MICHAEL EARLE, THE MANIC LOVER.

LOTTERIES.

DRAWING OF THE LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY FOR SEPTEMBER 21, 1872.

CLASS 2, 246. The above drawings are published in the public papers, and are drawn in public daily at the rooms of the company.

Information for tickets and prizes cashed by HOWARD, SIMMONS & CO., contractors.

St. Charles street, corner Union, New Orleans.

Witness our hands at New Orleans, Louisiana, this twenty-first day of September, 1872.

H. PERALTA, ADAM SMITH, JR., B. W. BROWN, Commissioners.

SEWARDS OF BOGUE LOTTERIES.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

Incorporated August 17, 1869.

CHARLES T. HOWARD, PRESIDENT.

SINGLE NUMBER LOTTERY.

SPLENDID SCHEME--ONLY 20,000 NUMBERS. Capital Price, \$50,000.

CLASS 0.

TO BE DRAWN AT NEW ORLEANS ON Saturday, October 13, 1872.

HOWARD, SIMMONS & CO., Contractors.

REBBER: 10,000 Numbers--Tickets Only \$20.

price of \$50,000... price of 20,000... price of 10,000...

price of 5,000... price of 2,000... price of 1,000...

price of 500... price of 200... price of 100...

price of 50... price of 20... price of 10...

price of 5... price of 2... price of 1...

price of 1... price of 1/2... price of 1/4...

price of 1/2... price of 1/4... price of 1/8...

price of 1/4... price of 1/8... price of 1/16...

price of 1/8... price of 1/16... price of 1/32...

price of 1/16... price of 1/32... price of 1/64...

price of 1/32... price of 1/64... price of 1/128...

price of 1/64... price of 1/128... price of 1/256...

price of 1/128... price of 1/256... price of 1/512...

price of 1/256... price of 1/512... price of 1/1024...

price of 1/512... price of 1/1024... price of 1/2048...

price of 1/1024... price of 1/2048... price of 1/4096...

price of 1/2048... price of 1/4096... price of 1/8192...

price of 1/4096... price of 1/8192... price of 1/16384...

price of 1/8192... price of 1/16384... price of 1/32768...

price of 1/16384... price of 1/32768... price of 1/65536...

price of 1/32768... price of 1/65536... price of 1/131072...

price of 1/65536... price of 1/131072... price of 1/262144...

INSURANCE.

MERCHANTS' MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS.

104 Canal Street, 104.

EIGHTEENTH ANNUAL STATEMENT.

In conformity with the requirements of their Charter, the Company publish the following statement:

Premiums received during the year ending May 31, 1872, including unearned premiums of the previous year...

On fire risks... On marine risks... On river risks...

Losses paid... Total unearned premiums... Net earned premiums...

Assets: Real estate... City bonds... Stocks...

Stock of Marine Dry Dock and Ship Yard... Stock of Marine Dry Dock Company...

Harbor Protection Company... Mortgage bonds Old Fellows Hall...

Cash on hand... St. Louis Hotel Association...

Total assets... The above statement is a just, true and correct transcript from the books...

PAUL FOURCHY, President. G. W. NOTT, Secretary.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this tenth day of June, 1872.

P. CHS. CUVILLIER, Notary Public.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held on the fourth day of July, 1872, it was resolved to pay a CASH DIVIDEND OF THIRTY PER CENT...

Directors: D. MASPERO, DAVID McCOY, F. J. GIBBS, J. G. GIBBS, M. P. GIBBS, F. J. GIBBS, D. C. CHAFFRAX, J. M. ALLEN, J. H. LAFITTE.

CRESCENT MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

Twenty-third Annual Statement.

New Orleans, May 18, 1872. The Trustees, in conformity with the charter, submit the following statement of the affairs of the company on the thirtieth of April, 1872.

Five premiums for the year... Earned premiums, less reinsurance and return premiums...

Net profits... The Board of Trustees resolved to pay interest at SIX PER CENT CASH on all the outstanding CERTIFICATES OF SHARE...

They have also declared a SCIP DIVIDEND OF THIRTY-THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT on the earned premiums...

THOMAS A. ADAMS, President. HENRY V. OGDEN, Secretary.

Trustees: SAMUEL H. KENNEDY, JOHN PHILIPS, C. T. BUCKE, P. H. FOLLY, A. G. OBER, A. THOMPSON, M. H. SUMMERS, R. W. SWINGLES, P. N. STRONG, VICTOR MEYER, JOSEPH BOWLING, J. J. GARBAUD, S. B. NEWMAN.

MACHINERY. FAIRBANKS' SCALE WAREHOUSE.

No. 53 Camp Street.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, RAILROAD TRACK, WEIGH LOCK, HAY, COAL, PLAT.

FORM AND COUNTER SCALES.

Agents for Baldwin's Patent MONEY DRAWER. Agents for Trossmer's STEEL CORN MILLS.

Fine Gold and Drugists' Scales.

CHIMNEY FLUES from four to eight inches in diameter, in sections of two feet each, ready up put in place of the regular brick chimney.

Chimney Caps, Intersections, Junctions, etc.

SEWER AND DRAIN PIPES, three to eight inches in diameter, with all the requisite joints, etc., for sale at LOW PRICES than can be furnished from the West or North, as they are manufactured in this city.

SHAKESPEARE FOUNDRY. Girard Street, between Baronne and Dryades Streets, New Orleans.

Joseph A. Shakspeare, J. Smith, & Co., Proprietors.

Corner of Delord and New Levee streets. WILLIAM GOLDING, PROPRIETOR.

BREWERIES. GEORGE MEYER.

OLD CANAL LAGER BEER AND ALE BREWERY. Corner Villere and Toulouse Streets, NEW ORLEANS.

It is to be desired to inform salesmen and keepers and the public at large that the new installation for the manufacture of Lager and Ale on the ICE AND COOL AIR PRINCIPLE is now in full operation.

can furnish the public with an article inferior to none manufactured in the West or East, and superior to any beer manufactured here and at a rate which will enable the importer to sell at a rate which will prove the truth of my assertion.

Orders filled with all necessary care and promptness, and particular attention paid to the shipping for country customers. Come and try and you will be satisfied in all and every respect.

POLITICAL GLEANINGS.

The Republican parish committee of St. John the Baptist, were in session when the Hon. Peter Harper, of St. Charles, presented himself in their hall with a copy of the New Orleans Republican in his hand, containing an account of the Governor's railroad ride after Plaquemine.

The Republicans of St. John own a beautiful twelve-pound howitzer, which they bought about a month ago to supply the place of their old gun which a cave in of the levee had carried to the muddy depths of the father of waters.

Immediately upon the perusal of Warmoth's victory three rousing cheers were given for him and a salute of six guns fired, one for each ward of the parish, in his honor.

From this fact it may be judged that St. John the Baptist "goes for Warmoth." This is done with a vim, earnestness and unanimity most astonishing, yet gratifying to his friends. But St. John does not go for fusion. Probably not a dozen Republicans nor as many Democrats but would cheerfully support him for the Governor's ship, certainly there are not so many who give cheerful support to the McEnery ticket. Fusion has fallen still-born there, and while nearly every Republican could have been carried for a Liberal ticket with a Republican as its standard bearer, they are now to a man ranged on the Customhouse side, great as is their dislike of the candidate they are thus forced to support.

There are other parishes ruled by large Republican majorities in a like condition. We have the assurance of leading Republicans that Hon. Henry Demas, one of the best and most conservative colored men in the State, and a staunch and unflinching Warmoth man, will be returned to the House of Representatives. For the Senate, the choice of the St. John Republicans lies between Peter Harper, of St. Charles, and T. B. Stamps, of Jefferson. Which will be the lucky recipient of their votes is not yet decided.

The Democrats hope to gain accessions of colored voters through the influence which Governor Warmoth will bring to bear upon them in the canvass. His personal appeals would unquestionably have great influence with our colored citizens under ordinary circumstances; but what eloquence, argument or love for their old chief can gloss over the fact that McEnery was but a few short weeks head of the conspicuous and honored figure-head of a procession which flaunted in the teeth of colored men its motto of "white man's supremacy?"

How, too, can General Campbell advocate before them the support of men who have again and again contemptuously rejected his nomination for a place on their ticket? The Democrats have deliberately built up a barrier over which the colored people cannot climb to their aid. Will another defeat teach them wisdom?

We hear it rumored that Lieutenant Governor Pinchback will follow the course taken by the Governor, with the view of contracting any anti-Republican sentiment which the latter may create.

There are all sorts of rumors current of combinations and conditions to be formed upon parish nominations. That a straight-out Democratic ticket (under whatever name it may be christened) will be put in the field by the old Last Dutch ring is certain; that it will have a rough and difficult road to travel is equally a fixed fact. That the Republicans are liberally disposed, and determined to make respectability, worth and the possession of public confidence the sine qua non in their local candidates, is a circumstance further calculated to make the ringists taste the bitterness of disappointment.

Leading Liberals urge the immediate nomination of a parish and city ticket, and by this getting first in the field use against the Democrats the arguments the latter employed to force Liberal support of their United State ticket, viz: that their nominees are good men, and hold to the same principles, etc., and therefore to support them is to give aid and comfort, if not victory, to the enemy.

As heretofore stated in the Republican, the Customhouse now seems to hold the decisive influence in the struggle.

General Sheldon at the Third Ward Club. Without doubt, the finest effort of the campaign in Louisiana, by any Republican candidate, was the address of General Sheldon to the Republicans of the third ward last night. We commend it to the careful and attentive perusal of our readers--Republican, Liberal and Democratic, white and black. Its high tone and warm catholic spirit commend its author as a statesman of the new era, prepared to rise above all party feeling in the interests of the whole people. His statements will be found to be accurate, his arguments valid, his generosity worthy of emulation, and his recommendations worthy of their following.

Blessed Rain. Last evening at seven o'clock rain--floody welcome rain--fell on the just and unjust. Not a single globe came to earth that did not send a thrill of joy to every heart. Gaping cisterns and suffering humanity, all had it a hearty welcome; and even those citizens who were once or twice drowned out of house and home greeted the fall, almost willing to suffer from another overflow. Old Probabilities think we will have a fair chance of both wind and rain.

Pardoned by the Governor. Governor Warmoth has issued a pardon to J. B. Toras, recently convicted in the Criminal Court of this parish, of assault and battery, and sentenced to pay a fine of \$50, or in lieu thereof to serve one month in Parish Prison.

Appointments. Governor Warmoth has appointed H. S. Bateman chief constable for the parish of Washington; E. B. Strass chief constable for the parish of Livingston, and Leonidas Reddit tax collector, parish of Catahoula.

The rapid growth and extraordinary voracity of the pickerel are well shown in the report of the Massachusetts Inland Fisheries Commissioners. They investigated their powers of eating in the following manner: They put two young pickerel, five inches long, in a trough with a great quantity of little minnows about one inch in length, and these two pickerel ate 138 minnows the first day, 132 the second and 150 the third, and they increased one inch in forty-eight hours.

THE CLUB DEMONSTRATIONS.

Work on the Customhouse. Captain A. J. Sypher is now superintendent of the labor on the Customhouse building, in the absence of Colonel L. F. Morse, and considerable work has been done in the last few months towards rendering the old "granite quarry" habitable. Although trifling changes have been made in the second story of the building--the Customhouse proper--material alterations have been made in the basement and in the third story. Upon each side of the main entrance of the building on Canal street elegant apartments have been finished and arranged for the appraisers, and the carpenter are now extending the postoffice department along Old Levee street to Customhouse street.

At the further end, corner of Customhouse street, three rooms have been prepared for the occupancy of the special agents and route agents of the Post office Department. The next adjoining room will be occupied by the carriers, and adjoining that the newspaper department. All along the front of these departments will be erected lock boxes of the new pattern recently ordered by the government, which will entirely supersede glass boxes in a few months. On the third floor and over the offices of the naval officer and the district attorney, elegant, large and airy rooms are provided for Messrs. Barnard and Hyatt, of the United States Land Office, and Captain Rogers, of the United States Surveyor General. In the opposite corner, and over the collector's office, Special Agent Kinelsa and his assistants are established in pleasant quarters, while the room adjoining is occupied by Colonel Morse and Captain Sypher. Beyond is located one of the most interesting features of the building, but about which very little is generally known, except as it is heard from daily in the morning papers--the branch office of the signal service bureau, under the charge of Mr. F. Mansfield, of the United States army. The peculiar business of this office, and how he manages it, is a mystery to many. An anemometer--a very simple instrument for measuring the currents of air--swings on a pivot on the roof of the building; and as a mile of wind passes over it the fact is communicated to a dial, wherein it registers itself with more than the accuracy of clockwork. So accurate indeed is this instrument that the velocity of the wind is registered to a fraction of a second. Another neat and simple contrivance is the casemate like wall overhead which designates the quarter from whence the wind blows, and every deviation in the current.

Ascending a flight of stairs, the fourth floor of the building shows the carpenter's and blacksmith's shops of the building; immense piles of material; a steam elevator communicating with the basement floor; large numbers of workmen busy at their various employments. This floor, once an open hall, has been cut up into more than a score of apartments by two-foot thick brick walls intersecting the walls around the corridor of the rotunda, and interpenetrated with iron trusses, as an additional support to the roof.

At the present time more than seventy laborers are employed on the building, in addition to some thirty carpenters and bricklayers, and everything is ready now to push the work rapidly through to completion. The east iron cornice for the Old Levee front street of the building have already been received. The staging is being erected, and by the first of October the work of placing them in position will commence. These iron castings are made in imitation of granite, and will raise the frontage of the building about nine and a half feet higher than it is at present. They are made in sections about six feet wide each, and constructed to key firmly together. The flight of steps up the main entrance from the street will be reconstructed after a handsome model than at present. Arriving at the landing, two flights of steps to the right and left continue on up to the third floor.

It was at one time intended to erect a dome over the rotunda; this project has been abandoned, however, and in lieu thereof that portion of the building from the inner walls of the corridor will be covered by a roof of hammered glass.

Band Music for the Public. Probably no city in this country is so much supplied with brass bands as is New Orleans, and no other city pays one half as much as our citizens do for a little paraded music. On the annual parade of our fire department, the several companies expend fabulous sums for in different bands, which, fact alone, should attract the attention of good musicians, and invite new organizations. This want will in part be supplied if a proposition made by Colonel M. J. Behan be adopted. This well known gentleman has, by good judgment and long seeking gathered together thirty skillful musicians, uniformed for the First Regiment of Field Artillery. The Colonel proposes to have this excellent band furnish free music in public squares, say three times each week, if the city administration will agree to pay a small sum for the compensation.

Other cities indulge the inhabitants to such measured recreation, understanding that attractions of that kind will make the place pleasant to strangers, and strangers assist greatly to build up a city. The regiment must have a brass band, and, under present circumstances, our militia can not afford the expense of maintaining a field band. It is thought that if the city will aid, something to the fund the band can be permanently secured by Colonel Behan, and all financial deficiencies may be made up by engagements filled by the band at balls and public parades. At the close of the war a military band treated our citizens to gratuitous evening concerts, generally at Clay square, and the pieces played were appreciated by all kinds of folk.

A Parisian fly-ophist has been calculating out of how much dinner that energetic and appetitious insect cheats the human race. He puts 300 flies and a weighted loaf of sugar in a close room, and four days after found but a teaspoonful of sugar left. Therefore, he calculated, a fly living the average life and feeding on thirteen cents a pound sugar, costs the individual who keeps the boarding house twenty cents. As there are annually about 13,000,000 flies a house during the season, the cost is \$260,000 a year. This is what takes the profit.

One of the features of a London theatre is a woman, styling herself a Mexican beauty, who holds suspended by a cord from her teeth two 180 pound balls.

BY TELEGRAPH.

GOVERNOR WARMOTH TAKES THE STUMP.

ARRIVAL AT BRASHEAR CITY.

ENTHUSIASTICALLY RECEIVED.

(Special to the New Orleans Republican.)

BRASHEAR CITY, September 21, 1872. Governor Warmoth, Colonel F. H. Hatch, and Colonel Elbert Gant, of St. Landry, arrived here this noon in a special car. They will proceed to Opelousas, and participate in the grand mass meeting to be held there on Monday next. The Governor will then continue the tour of the State with Messrs. McEnery and the gentlemen who accompany him.

Governor Warmoth was escorted to the train at Algiers by A. C. Hutchinson, Esq., general manager of the Morgan line; Elingham Lawrence, Esq., Colonel Bragdon and Major Baker.

The Governor was visited and welcomed here and along the line of the road by many prominent citizens.

SENATOR KELLOGG AT SHREVEPORT.

THOUSANDS OF PEOPLE PRESENT.

INTENSE ENTHUSIASM.

ONE HUNDRED GUNS FIRED.

(Special to the New Orleans Republican.)

SHREVEPORT, La., September 21, 1872. Senator Kellogg addressed an immense meeting here to-day. Thousands of people were present, including the most prominent citizens of this section of the country. Yesterday immense numbers of people came in from the country, and those who could not find accommodations in town camped in tents on the outskirts.

This morning the Union Republican Club fired one hundred guns in honor of the distinguished guest. Subsequently a large procession of voters formed and marched in review before the hotel in which Senator Kellogg and party were stopping.

The best feeling prevailed among all the people, and great enthusiasm was manifested by the Republicans.

Fully five thousand were present when Senator Kellogg spoke.

LATEST NEWS FROM ALL POINTS.

GOVERNOR WARMOTH AT FRANKLIN.

MR. GREELEY AT CINCINNATI.

HE MAKES A LONG SPEECH.

STRAIGHT-OUT NOMINATIONS IN ILLINOIS.

VIGILANCE COMMITTEE AT WORK.

CONDITION OF AFFAIRS IN CUBA.

Catholic Movements in Europe.

[Associated Press Dispatches.]

FRANKLIN, LA.

Arrival of Governor Warmoth--Reception at Brashear--Land at Franklin--Enthusiastic Reception and Makes a Speech.

FRANKLIN, La., September 21--Upon the Governor's arrival at Brashear City a salute was fired, and Hon. Charles Smith, late collector of internal revenue, and the leading members of the Greeley and Brown club received him. The Governor visited the club, after which the steamer Steamer steamed around the bay, and gave the steamer an opportunity of seeing Morgan's improvements at Centreville.

Delegates from Franklin, consisting of Colonel A. L. Tucker, W. N. Kierulff, Dr. C. M. Smith, Dr. White and J. B. Herod, came on board.

A large crowd on the wharves at Franklin, including a Greeley and Brown club, were in waiting to receive the party.

Colonel Tucker introduced Governor Warmoth, as going forth in the good cause of the redemption of the State. The Governor was received with the most cordial greetings, and returned thanks for the kindly greeting he said: "Many say the colored people will be ostracized if Colonel McEnery is elected Governor, and I am sure that I am not a black man as to the white." A voice--Three cheers for the redoubtable Louisiana, which were heartily given. Colonel Tucker followed in a brief speech, expressing the hope that a scramble for office would not defeat the fusion ticket.

WASHINGTON.

Can a Colored Alien be a Presidential Elector--Mail Contracts Awarded--Ku-Klux Prisoners Released--Paroled.

WASHINGTON, September 21--The Bureau of Justice is considering the eligibility of James Lee, colored alien, nominated in Mississippi as Presidential elector, to cast a vote in the electoral college. The decision will probably be that he must have been a natural citizen since the ratification of the fourteenth amendment, to make his vote valid. The question was first asked of the Attorney General, who declined answering, but subsequently, through the direction of the President, the law was investigated. The question is regarded important in Radical circles, as the rejection of Lee's vote might defeat Grant's election.

Revenue officers are about being issued for the redemption of stamps which changes in the law have rendered useless.

The contract for carrying the mails between the United States and Great Britain has been awarded to the White Star line. The contract for carrying the continental mails was awarded to the Bremen line.

The Star says it is stated that the President has refused to pardon certain Ku-Klux prisoners now in the Albany penitentiary, who had been recommended for executive clemency, because of a protest coming from the best citizens where the criminals were convicted; from those who would be most endangered by their release. Let us be calm, colored alien, nominated in Mississippi as Presidential elector, to cast a vote in the electoral college. The decision will probably be that he must have been a natural citizen since the ratification of the fourteenth amendment, to make his vote valid. The question was first asked of the Attorney General, who declined answering, but subsequently, through the direction of the President, the law was investigated. The question is regarded important in Radical circles, as the rejection of Lee's vote might defeat Grant's election.

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