[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

doubtless earns; but there he is earning it speaking in Pennsylvania. [Laughter.] I have found him also in Connecticut, in Maine, and so on. How, under heaven, can he earn the money we are paying him in that position of naval officer at Boston, while he is speaking all over the country. He is a good, capable man, and makes good speeches, but I say he ought to make his speeches on own his hook as I do. [Prolonged laughter.] He ought not be paid for making them out of the federal treasury. [Great applause.]

Now, there is another point to which the people are not likely to be reconciled, and that is the enormous use of money in this election. In all the elections held from George Washington down to the present time there has not been so much money spent by both parties as in this election by the Grant party alone. They have their treasury at their back the vast army of office-holders, the Credit Mobilier men with their large dividends—dividends five times as large as the capital invested.*

I tell you that right down in honest old Vermont, where the people never heard of money being paid before, their money was poured out like water to induce Democrats to vote the Grant ticket or stay away from the polls. So in Maine $100,000 was paid for votes.

Now, gentlemen, if they elect their ticket this fall it will be because they have $100,000 to our $1.

Mr. Greeley continued at some length, touching upon the most important topics of the political canvass, and finally returned to his train amid great cheering.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Peter Cartwright Dead—Steamboatmen's Convention—National Board Organized—Lunatic Asylum Burned—Alabama Nominations—Colfax and the Credit Mobilier.

CHICAGO, September 26.—Rev. Peter Cartwright, a pioneer Methodist preacher, is dead, aged eighty-seven.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, September 26.—The steamboatmen's convention organized a national board and adjourned to meet in Philadelphia the third Wednesday in September, 1873.

The Northern Ohio Lunatic Asylum was burned last night. The lunatics are said to have been saved.

Three of the attendants were burned. It is feared others are in the debris. Loss $350,000.

MONTGOMERY, September 26.—The Democrats and Liberals of this district nominated Oates, Democrat, for Congress; Faber, Republican, for elector, and Miller, Republican, for the board of education.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., September 26.—Vice President Colfax introduced General Hawley at a Republican meeting here yesterday. Mr. Colfax used the occasion to disavow any connection with the Credit Mobilier, stating that he never had a dollar of stock in his life that he did not pay for. Colfax added: I claim the right to purchase stock in the Credit Mobilier, or the Credit Immobilier, if there is one, in the Union Pacific, or Central Pacific, or Lake Shore, South Bend and Plymouth railroads; in oil wells or gold mines promising immense dividends that sometimes fail.

BOSTON, September 26.—A cricket match between the Eleven, of England, and the Twenty-two, of Boston and vicinity, came off at the base ball grounds to-day, and although the weather in the morning was showery, the afternoon was fine, and some splendid playing was witnessed. The crowd of spectators was large.

The Twenty-two went first to bat, and scored 51, when the Englishmen followed, and had just tied them, when the last wicket fell, Mr. Grace making 26, the highest single score.

In the second innings of the Twenty-two they made 43, and the Englishmen went again to the wickets, and when the stumps were drawn they had scored 22, with the lost six wickets, including Grace, who was caught after making 5. No further play will take place in Boston, as the Englishmen leave for Quebec to-morrow, en route for home.

ALBANY, September 26.—In the International Convention of Machinists and Blacksmiths to-day, a committee was appointed to investigate the claims of New York strikers.

A resolution was adopted that each member retain his insurance policy on retiring from trades.

BUFFALO, September 26.—The old barge Iron City, with a cargo of oil, from Cleveland for Buffalo, foundered and sunk last night near Sturgeon Bay, eighteen miles from here. It is thought her captain, R. Gumming, one woman and four men were drowned. The cargo and vessel were valued at $36,000, fully insured.

PHILADELPHIA, September 26.—President Grant, accompanied by General Porter, arrived in this city at noon to-day, and was waited upon by a large number of friends and politicians, among the number Simon Cameron, H. Bucher, Swoope and others. He gave a reception, and took by the hand all who were introduced.

In the evening the merchants, who had held a mass meeting at Concert Hall, serenaded the President, and, in reply to calls, he responded as follows:

Gentlemen and merchants of Philadelphia—You have heard much better speeches than I could make if I were so inclined. I am very glad to see you are all pleased and to hear that you have been to hear such fine speeches, and how you have been engaged to-night.

Cameron, Bucher and Sweope made addresses, and the serenade was brought to a close.

Weather Report.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Office Chief Signal Officer,
Washington, September 26, 1872, 4:35 P. M.

PROBABILITIES.

For New England on Friday southerly to westerly winds and partly cloudy weather; for the Middle States winds veering to westerly, with clear weather, except probably over the northern portion of New York. From the Ohio valley to Lake Erie and the upper lakes westerly and northwesterly winds and generally clear weather. The winds over the lower lakes veer to fresh, and probably brisk westerly and northwesterly. The area of diminishing pressure over Northeastern Texas will probably move eastward over the lower Mississippi valley, accompanied by cloudy weather and probably rain, and possibly northeasterly over the Ohio valley. For the south Atlantic and Gulf States cloudy weather and rain areas, with southerly winds over the latter.

River Intelligence.

SOUTHWEST PASS, September 26, 6 P. M.—Barometer 29:80. Wind west and light. Arrived, at 2:40 P. M., steamer Victor, Gale, master, from New York, to George A. Fosdick & Co. No departures.

SHREVEPORT, September 26.—The river has declined two inches during the past twenty-four hours. Departed—Hamilton, for New Orleans. Weather cloudy, with prospects of rain.

VICKSBURG, September 26.—Down—Mary Alice and barges at 4 P. M. Up—Colorado at 7 P. M. Weather cool and cloudy. River falling.

MEMPHIS, September 26.—Weather clear; mercury 77°. River declining. Arrived—Thomas Allen, from White river. Departed—Shannon, for New Orleans; City of Vicksburg, for St. Louis, and Allen, for White river.

CINCINNATI, September 26.—River four feet ten inches in the channel and falling. Weather pleasant.

PITTSBURG, September 26.—The Monongahela has twenty-five inches in the channel and receding. Weather cloudy.

ST. LOUIS, September 26.—No arrivals. Departed—Carrie V. Kountz, for New Orleans; Julia, for Vicksburg. Weather clear and cool. River rising slowly.

CAIRO, September 26.—Arrived—Commonwealth, from New Orleans, at 11 last night; City of Helena, from St. Louis, at 7 P. M. Departed—Bismarck, for New Orleans, at 1 A. M; Commonwealth, for St. Louis, at 7 A. M. Weather clear and pleasant. River stationary.

EVANSVILLE, September 26.—Weather clear and cool. The river has risen three inches in the past twenty-four hours.

LOUISVILLE, September 26.—River falling, with fifteen inches in the chute, and forty-one inches on Portland bar. Weather clear and cool.

MARKETS.

Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, September 26.—Cotton—Market easier; sales 1815 bales; middling uplands 18¾c; middling Orleans 19¼c. Flour inactive and unchanged. Whisky unchanged. Wheat closed quiet; the advance at noon was lost; the advanced freights depress the market. Corn steady. Rice quiet. Pork unchanged. Lard firmer at 8½@9¼c. Naval stores steady. Tallow dull at 8¾@9¼c. Freights firmer.

Receipts of cotton to-day—Net, none; gross 3755. Sales of futures 17,750 bales: September 18⅝, 18 11-16c; October 18 1-16, 18⅜c; November 18⅛, 18⅜c; December 18 5-16, 18¾c; January 18 15-16, 19 2-16c; February 19 9-16, 19⅝c; March 20, 20¼c; April 20½, 20⅝c.

Freights per sail—Cotton 5-16@⅜, grain 10@10½. Per steam—Wheat 11¾d, grain 11¼d.

Coffee quiet; Rio 14½@17¾c. Sugar is in moderate request; fair to good refining 8⅜@9¼c. Molasses dull and unchanged.

CINCINNATI, September 26.—Cotton—Demand fair and market firm; middling 18¾c. Flour steady, demand moderate at $7 40@7 65. Wheat—Demand fair and market firm; red $1 50@1 55; white $1 60@1 70. Corn quiet and weak, 41@45c. Oats steady; demand moderate; old 35@40c; new 27@34c. Pork—Demand fair and market firm at $13 75. Lard steady, demand moderate; summer 8c; steam 8⅜@8½c; sales of kettle 8¾c. Bulk meats—Demand fair and market firm; shoulders held at 7c; clear rib 10½c; clear 10¾c. Bacon—Demand fair and market firm; shoulders sales at 8c; clear rib 11¾c; clear 12c; sugar cured hams summer, 17c. No winter offered; stock about exhausted. Whisky lower and steady; sales at 89c.

ST. LOUIS, September 26.—Cotton dull and nominal. Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat—Spring unchanged; No. 2 spring Chicago $1 24@1 25; No. 2 red winter $1 83@1 85. Corn inactive; No. 2 mixed, 40c. Oats scarce and firm; No. 2 30c. Whisky firm at 91c. Pork unchanged; small lots $14 50@14 75. Bacon irregular; some sales lower; shoulders 8¼c; clear rib 11⅜@11¾c; clear 11⅞@12c. Lard—Fair demand for future; prime steam 8¼c; buyer for September.

Foreign Markets.

LIVERPOOL, September 26, Evening.—Common rosin 17s 6d. Turpentine 46s 6d. Cotton closed quiet; uplands 9½d; Orleans 9¾@9¾d.

LONDON, September 26.—Bullion in the Bank of England has decreased nearly £500,000.

John Quincy Adams—Another Bourbon Candidate who Has Nothing to Say.

[From the New York Herald.]

BOSTON, September 18.—John Quincy Adams, the lineal descendant of the old line of Adamses, takes his nomination by the Louisville body with a philosophical coolness characteristic of his renowned family. When the nomination was made he was away from home on a visit to friends, and since his return he has settled down quietly to the duties of his profession, evidently caring more for law and clients than he does for politics and politicians. In view of his silence since the convention, your correspondent called on him to-day to talk over the matter of his nomination and see what he proposed to do about it. I found him at his office in Pemberton square, quietly seated at a table, going leisurely through a conglomerated heap of legal documents. Except the presence of his messenger, he was solitary and alone.

"Mr. Adams, I believe," I said on entering.

"Yes, sir; that's my name. Take a seat."

"Mr. Adams," I observed, after being seated, "I have called to make a few inquiries in regard to your position with reference to the straight-out Democratic convention."

"Thank you, sir. I shall be happy to answer any questions you may be inclined to put to me, but really I have nothing in particular to say."

"I understand, Mr. Adams, that a Mr. Moreau (I think that's his name) has addressed you a letter recently that was calculated to call forth a reply from you that would exactly define your position?"

"Yes, I have received a letter from that gentleman, and have just sent him my reply."

"Could you favor me with a copy of that correspondence for publication?"

"As for my own letter, I have no copy of it."

"Might I learn its purport?"

"No, not unless the gentleman to whom it is addressed should see fit to give it the public, which, I think, he will do in a few days."

"I infer, then, from your manner, Mr. Adams, that you decline the honor tendered you by the convention?"

To which Mr. Adams smilingly responded, "You are at liberty to make what inference you please. I shall say nothing."

"Do you think it is possible for the movement to attain such prominence as would make it worth your while to lend your name to it in an outspoken way?"

"That all depends upon the managers."

"Might I inquire, then, if you have had any communication with Mr. O'Conor on this matter?"

"None whatever," replied Mr. Adams.

"I don't see, then, as there is anything else that I can learn from you concerning this matter in which the public are likely to be interested?"

"No, I don't either."

"Good day, sir." Exit *Herald* correspondent.

Governor Warmoth.

To show what Democratic journals will say about Governor Warmoth, we copy the following from the Jackson *Clarion*:

Since the fusion of the Liberal and Democratic tickets in Louisiana, the signs of a victory over Grantism are decidedly encouraging in the Pelican State. Without detracting from the merits of members of our own party, who have been instrumental in effecting this movement so full of hope to the advocates of just and constitutional government, from the outside standpoint which we occupy, we must say that a very large share of the honor of the achievement belongs to Governor H. C. Warmoth, whose self denial, consummate tact, and energy have risen superior to obstacles that would have intercepted the progress of ordinary men. We have had no predilections for him to help us to this conclusion as our readers know. But the pleasure which we are realizing in the hopeful prospects of our Louisiana friends has suggested this candid word in regard to the course of Governor Warmoth. If he succeeds in doing for Louisiana what Gratz Brown has accomplished for Missouri—what Walker has achieved for Virginia—and what Senter has done for Tennessee—there is no measure of praise which will exceed his just deserts.

The New Internal Revenue Laws.

A Washington special to the Cincinnati *Gazette* says:

The receipts of internal revenue so far this month amount to $7,823,000, indicating a total of about $10,000,000 for the month. This is a falling off from $14,000,000 in July and $11,000,000 in August, and is believed to be about an average of the monthly receipts under the new law when it is in full and fair operation. Important reductions of the machinery of the revenue bureau are likely to be made at an early day, among which will be the consolidation of the districts, the discharge of collectors and assessors and other officials, and a consequent lessening of all contingent expenses. The commissioner is, moreover, known to be favorable to the system of stamp taxes, covering all the taxes now collected, and may recommend in his forthcoming annual report legislation which, by the substitution of the stamp system, will further improve, cheapen and simplify the collection of the revenue.

The Johnson Defalcation.

The complete examination of the accounts of Johnson, the absconded stamp agent of the New York sub-treasury, shows his defalcation to be $185,000, the whole amount having been taken from the proceeds of stamps sold, and falsely accounted for, during the past month. Johnson had received a large quantity of stamps, which he had not entered upon his books, thus making his accounts superficially correct, and requiring an actual count to determine that the stealing had been going on. The remainder of the investigation showed everything correct in all of the departments of the sub-treasury, and honesty and fidelity among all officials.

Monetary--Commercial.

MONETARY.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY REPUBLICAN,
THURSDAY EVENING, September 26, 1872.

The money market presented no new feature to-day. If anything it was less stringent. There appears to be less demand for currency to send to the country, and the demand for discounts on the street was only moderate. The banks discounted to-day most of the offerings of good paper, but show no disposition to extend their lines of discounts. This necessarily throws a considerable amount of very good paper on the street where notes with A1 signatures or unexceptionable collaterals are easily done at our quotations. Second grade is still rather difficult to place. We have heard of several instances where higher rates have been asked and given for good paper, but the transactions have not been of sufficient magnitude to affect our quotations. We continue to quote first-class paper at 9@10 ⅌ cent ⅌ annum, A1 at 10, less desirable names not second grade, at 11, and second grade at 12@15, first-class mortgage at 9½@10, good to second grade do at 11@12. Among to-day's transactions in commercial paper $7000 and $10,000 first class at 12 ⅌ cent per annum, and about $10,000 in two lots of good at 15.

NEW ORLEANS CLEARING HOUSE.

	Clearings.	Balances.
September 21	$[illegible]	$[illegible]
September 23	2,161,362 55	449,252 83
September 24	1,221,997 09	87,252 91
September 25	1,183,195 03	212,608 41
September 26	971,656 16	174,363 05
Thus far this week	$5,539,952 35	$[illegible]
Same time last week	4,546,103 91	626,077 64
Total last week	6,209,279 39	869,011 83
Total week before	6,126,314 59	749,595 95

Gold opened at 113¾@114, against 114 at New York, and, after an active business, closed at 113⅞@114⅛ in that market. The sales amounted to $77,000, including $10,000 ($1000, $1000, $1000, $2000 and $5000) at 113¾; $21,500 ($500 and $15,000) at 113⅞; $25,000 at 113⅞@114; $10,000 ($1000, $1000, $2000 and $6000) at 114; $14,500 ($1500, $5000 and $5000) at 114⅛, and $5000 at 114¼.

The only sale reported in silver was $600 in American half dollars at 110. The market is now quoted at 109@110 for American half dollars, and 2@5 ⅌ cent premium, gold, for Mexican dollars.

The movement in sterling exchange was moderate, and private advanced about ¼ ⅌ cent. The sales comprise £19,000, embracing £3500 bill of lading at 120¾, £2500 do at 121, £5000 do at 121⅛, £3000 A1 clear at 121⅜, and £5000 bank at—.

The sales of francs comprised 385,000, and included 150,000 commercial at 4 80, 100,000 do at 4 78¾, 50,000 do at 4 78, and 85,000 first class at 4 77.

At the close sterling bills were quoted at 120⅞@121⅜ for bill of lading and A1 clear, and 122 for bank, and francs at 4 80@4 78¾ for private, and nominal for bank.

Domestic exchange was a shade firmer. The sales comprised $168,000 sight on New York, embracing $3000 commercial at ⅜ ⅌ cent discount; $5000 bank at 9-32; $120,000 ($20,000 commercial, $10,000, $20,000, $20,000, $20,000 and $30,000 bank) at ¼, and $15,000 commercial and $25,000 bank (payable in greenbacks) at 5-16.

The banks checked on New York at ⅛ ⅌ cent discount, and commercial sight was quoted at ¼@5-16.

The sales of stocks included a round lot of New Orleans City railroad at $178; 25 shares Factors & Traders' Insurance Company at $91; a round lot of do at $91 50; 5 shares Crescent Mutual Insurance Company at $86, and — do at $85 50.

Nothing was reported in bonds.

The sales of gold certificates included $1000 with three months' interest at 6%.

The only sales of warrants reported were $500 new State at 38½, and $1500 do at 39½.

City appropriation certificates were quoted at the close at 64@65. The sales included $1500 at 64½; $2800 ($1000 and $1800) at 64, and $2700 ($1000 and $1700) at 65.

COMMERCIAL.

THURSDAY EVENING, September 26, 1872.

COTTON—The sales to-day summed up a little over 3100 bales, at irregular prices, showing an advance of ⅛@⅜c, closing at ⅛c. We raise our quotations accordingly, and give also the Exchange figures, which are for average lists according with its official type, while ours present the proper range of the market for average lists, but with the outside figures for low middling given as the outside figures for strict:

NEW ORLEANS CLASSIFICATION, ASSIMILATED TO THAT OF LIVERPOOL.

	General quotations.	Exchange quotations.
Low ordinary	— @—	—
Ordinary	17 @—	—
Good ordinary	17½@17¾	17½
Low middling	18 @18⅛	18⅛
Middling	18⅝@18¾	18¾
Strict middling	19 @19⅛	—
Good middling	19⅜@19½	—

The market opened with an active demand and only moderate supply. Notwithstanding the latter a fair business was done during the morning, mostly at an advance of ⅛@¼c. Later in the day, under a lively competition among buyers, factors were enabled to realize still higher prices, showing in some cases an improvement of ⅜c. Strict good ordinary sold at 17¾c, low middling at 18, 18⅛ and 18¼c, strict do at 18⅜, and 18½c, strict middling at 18c and good middling at 19⅛ and 19½c. Some authorities quoted strict low middling at 18⅛@18½c, and middling at 18⅜@18½c. The reported sales included 300 bales, to arrive next week. Twenty brokerage houses participated in the business.

The amount on shipboard not cleared, going on board and engaged for shipment, was set down at the opening this morning at 26,300 bales, embracing 11,000 for Liverpool, 13,000 for Havre, and 2300 for the North, which, deducted from the stock on hand by our running statement on last evening, left 8800 bales to represent the quantity at the landing and in presses unsold or awaiting orders.

With the exception of yesterday's business, which was probably larger, the above is the heaviest reported this season.

The Exchange reports, "Market active at quotations," which are raised ⅛c for good ordinary and ⅛c for low middling and middling.

COTTON STATEMENT.

	Bales.
Stock on hand August 31, 1872	9,279
Arrived since last statement	1,307
Arrived previously	42,172— 43,479
Total	53,379
Cleared to-day	1,320
Cleared previously	13,379— 14,699
Stock on hand and on shipboard, not cleared	38,680
Stock on hand same date last year	18,029

To-day's exports were to New York. Receipts proper since last evening 3475 bales, against 2310 on last Thursday and 514 last year, making an aggregate since Friday evening of 12,523 bales, against 9917 last week and 4013 last year, and since August 31 of 37,803 bales, against 12,537 last year—increase 25,266.

The Exchange telegrams make the receipts at all the ports from 12 M. yesterday to 12 M. to-day 2559 bales, against 7527 last week and 4572 last year, and since Friday 33,262 bales, against 40,298 last week and 27,469 last year. Total since August 31, 145,960 bales, against 71,268 last year—increase 74,392 bales.

Exports Friday to Wednesday inclusive, to Great Britain 7912 bales, against 8745 last week, and to the continent 3751, against none. Stocks at all the delivery ports, made up to 12 M., 130,200 bales, against 87,872 last week.

SUGAR—The market is dull to-day. 20 hhds white clarified sold on the landing at 12½c, and a few job sales were made on the landing at 10¾@10⅞c for good fair, and 11¼c for fully fair.

MOLASSES—The supply is now confined to city refinery, which is selling at 40c for common; 52c for fair; 57c for prime; 62c for choice.

FLOUR—The market is firm, with a fair demand for the local trade and on speculation. The stock on hand is small. The sales to-day embrace 3700 bbls, of which 350 bbls sour at $3 62½; 180 do at $3 75; 325 do at $4; 50 superfine at $5 85; 100 on its merits at $6 75; 50 and 175 double extra at $7; 50 low treble extra at $7 37½; 90 do at $7 50; 150 good treble extra at $7 75; 100 do at $8 12½; 50, 75 and 100 do at $8 25; 50 choice extra at $8; 150 and 100 do at $9; 50 do at $9 12½; 300 do at $9 35; 50 and 50 at $9 37½; 50 do at $9 50; 25, 37 and 210 do at $10 ⅌ bbl. There are large orders here for Great Britain, but they can not be filled, owing to the want of freight room. 50 half bbls treble extra sold at $4 25, and 50 do choice extra at $5 ⅌ half-bbl.

CORN MEAL—The market is quiet, with a light supply on the landing and a good stock in store. 125 bbls sold on the landing at $2 70. It is jobbing at $2 75@2 85 ⅌ bbl.

PORK—Mess is held strongly at $15 ⅌ bbl. It is retailing at $15 25 ⅌ bbl. 100 bbls sold at $14 87½, and 25 do at $15 ⅌ bbl.

BACON—The market is dull and unsettled. Shoulders are quoted nominally at 8½c; clear rib sides 11⅜c; clear sides 12⅜@12½c ⅌ lb. 25 casks clear rib sides sold, buyer's option, October delivery, at 12c ⅌ lb.

HAMS—There is no movement beyond jobbing lots. Choice sugar-cured are quoted at 17¾@18½c; ordinary brands 16½@17½c ⅌ lb. A lot of 5 tierces sold at 18c ⅌ lb.

BREAKFAST BACON—Is dull and prices are lower. 34 boxes Western sold on private terms. It is quoted at 14½@15c ⅌ lb.

DRY SALT MEAT—The stock is held by dealers, who are retailing shoulders at 8½c ⅌ lb.

LARD—Good supplies are expected, and the market is dull. Tierces are quoted at 9¾@10c; kegs 12c ⅌ lb.

WHISKY—Is less in demand to-day, though the market is firm and prices are unchanged. 25 bbls Louisiana sold at 91c ⅌ gallon. Choice Cincinnati rectified is quoted at 93@95c ⅌ gallon.

BULK CORN—Is offering at 52c ⅌ bushel. There are large orders here for Great Britain, but they can not be filled, owing to the want of freight room.

CORN IN SACKS—Is in moderate supply and fair demand, with prices in favor of sellers. The sales embraced 2600 sacks, of which 200 yellow at 62c, 400 white mixed at 62c; 800 yellow at 63c, and 1000 white at 63c ⅌ bushel.

OATS—Are in fair supply on the landing, the market is dull and prices are lower. 1450 sacks were sold, to wit: 300 ordinary at 38c; 200 prime St. Louis at 41c; 400 St. Louis at 42c, and 500 choice St. Louis at 43c ⅌ bushel.

BRAN—Is in light supply and moderate demand at unchanged prices. 100, and 750 bags sold at $1 05 ⅌ 100 lbs.

HAY—The supply on the landing is fair, but much of it consists of the poorer grades, which are neglected, while choice is in demand at firm prices. The sales embrace 1775 bales, of which 150 ordinary at $20 50; 50 prime at $24; 50 and 150 prime at $25; 50 and 150 prime at $26; 250 choice at $26; 200, 300 and 400 choice at $27, and 50 choice at $28 ⅌ ton.

POULTRY AND EGGS—Chickens are in moderate supply and are selling at $7@8 ⅌ dozen for grown, and $4 25@5 for young. There are no ducks or turkeys coming in. Louisiana geese $6@7. Good Western eggs are selling at 27@30c ⅌ dozen.

ESCULENTS—Potatoes are in light supply and higher; russets by rail are selling at $3 25@3 35 in flat hoop, and $3 50 in flour barrels. Choice onions $4@3 20 ⅌ bbl. Cabbages, $8@8 50 ⅌ bbl. Sour krout is very scarce; 50 bbls sold to arrive at $8 ⅌ bbl. Northern beans—White $4@5; Western $13@13 50; green peas $8@8 50; lady peas $6@8 ⅌ bbl; dried apples at 5½@6½c for good to fancy; dried peaches 5@6c ⅌ lb.

BUTTER—The stock of choice Western is light and in demand at 20@22c ⅌ lb. There is a light supply of choice Goshen in market; it is in fair demand at 50@55c ⅌ lb. The inferior grades are plenty and neglected, and prices are nominal.

CHEESE—The market is bare of choice Western; it would command 18c ⅌ lb. English dairy is quoted at 18c; do mutting 12c; Northern factory 15c; New York cream is scarce at 17@18c ⅌ lb.

RICE—The market is steady with a fair demand and the stock is reduced. No sales of India. We quote: No. 2 (broken) 8½@9c; inferior 5¾@6c; ordinary 6¾@7c; choice 8¼@8½c ⅌ lb. The stock of Louisiana is about 700 bbls in first hands and 650 bags of Rangoon, which is held at 3½c in gold in bond.

COFFEE—We note a fair jobbing demand, but sales are restricted on account of the poorly assorted stocks. We quote for cargoes: Prime (gold) 18@18½c; good 17@17½c; fair 16½@17c; ordinary 15@16c ⅌ lb. Jobbers' prices (in currency) are: Choice 21¾c; prime 20½c; good 20c; fair 19½c ⅌ lb.

DOMESTIC FRUIT—Is in moderate supply and demand. We quote: Duchess pears (small boxes) $4 75; do (large boxes) $5 ⅌ box; do $20 ⅌ bbl; California pears $5 50@6 ⅌ box. Peaches (small boxes) $1@1 75; do (large boxes) $2 75@3 ⅌ box. Grapes (Western) 3 lb boxes, 35c each. Green apples $3 50@4 ⅌ bbl for choice.

SALT—There is a moderate business doing, sales being restricted from low water in the tributaries of the Mississippi. Dealers' rates from store are $1 70 for coarse and $1 75 for fine, with a reduction of 10c ⅌ sack when taken in lots from warehouse. In Turks Island there is a light demand, but no cargoes offering. The stock is ample, and selling from store at $1 35 ⅌ bag. Table salt in pockets is selling at 2¼@2½c each, as in size.

IMPORTED FRUIT AND NUTS—The stock of nuts and raisins is ample for the moderate demand. We quote: lemons $8 ⅌ box; oranges, none in market; layer raisins $4 50@5 ⅌ box; London layers none; citron 16@17c; currants 7¾@10c; prunes (German) 9@10c; Brazil nuts 15c; English walnuts 15@18c; almonds 20@21c; shelled almonds 50c; filberts 14@15c; pecans 15c; figs 16c ⅌ lb; bananas $1@2; plantains 50c@$1 ⅌ bunch; pineapples (scarce) $3@5 ⅌ dozen; cocoanuts $4 50@1 ⅌ 100.

FISH—The supplies coming in are light and readily taken at full prices. We quote: Extra No. 1 $20 in bbls, $10 50 in half bbls and $6 50 in kits; No. 1 bay $15 in bbls, $8 in half bbls, and $1 85 in kits; No. 2, $12 in bbls, $6 25 in half bbls, and $1 55 in kits. Potomac roe herring $7@7 50 in half bbls. Cod ⅌ box $1 40@1 45, and 6c ⅌ lb in drums. New haddock $1 35@1 40, and herrings 45c ⅌ box.

BREAD AND CRACKERS—In consequence of the rise in the price of flour, all grades of these articles have advanced 1c ⅌ lb. We now quote navy bread at 5c, pilot bread 6@7c, French biscuit 7c, soda crackers 7@8c, butter 7@8c, Boston 7@9c; picnic 7@9c, oyster 7c, sugar 10@13c, cream 12@13c, nic-nac 16c, ginger nuts 12@13c, lemon snaps 17c, crescent biscuit 16c, cracknel biscuit 35c ⅌ lb.

BAGGING—The last sales of domestic jute at wholesale were at 15c, and of India in bales 12½c ⅌ yard. Dealers are doing a moderate business in filling country orders, and are retailing domestic jute at 17c, India in bales at 14½c and 13½c ⅌ yard in rolls. Hemp and flax is held at 17c ⅌ yard.

BALING TWINE—Dealers are retailing at 17c ⅌ lb.

IRON COTTON TIES—Owing to the upward tendency in the price of iron in England, all kinds have advanced, and they are now selling at 8½@9c ⅌ lb.

GUNNY BAGS—There is very little demand for them. They are held at 13c each.

COOPERAGE—Sugar hogsheads and molasses barrels are selling at $3 75@4 for the former and $1 60@1 65 for the latter. Hoop poles are held at $80@85 for hogsheads; $30@35 for barrel, and $20 ⅌ 1000 for half bbls. Cypress staves sell at $18@22 ⅌ 1000 for barrel, and $35@40 for hogshead.

MALT AND HOPS—Some new hops, the first of the season, have been received by express, and are selling at 60@65c ⅌ lb. The price will soon fall, as the crop, both in this country and Europe, has been abundant. Choice Western barley malt is selling at $1 35@1 50; good at $1 10@1 20, and common at 90c ⅌ bushel. There is no Canada in market. Old hops are neglected and prices are nominal.

BEEF—The scarcity of shipping in port has confined the demand to the local trade, and the market has been very dull. Texas is in good supply, with a scarcity of Northern and Western. We quote: Texas mess $11@11 50, extra mess $12 50 ⅌ bbl, and $7@7 50 for half-bbls. Tierces are quoted at $17@17 50 for mess, and $18@18 50 for prime mess. Western mess $14@15 in bbls, and Northern $16@20 for bbls and $10 50 for half bbls.

LARD OIL—Is selling from store at 70c ⅌ gallon for summer and 85c for winter strained.

STAR CANDLES—Are in ample supply for the wants of the trade, all weights command 19c wholesale and 19½c ⅌ lb jobbing.

WOOL—The market is quiet and very little is being done. Northern orders having been withdrawn on account of the dullness of manufactured goods. We quote, nominally, lake 40@44c; clean Louisiana 37@40c, and burry 29@25c ⅌ lb.

TALLOW—There is some demand for export, but orders can not be filled for want of freight room. It is quoted at 8@8¼c for ordinary and 9@9¼c ⅌ lb for prime.

HIDES—The market for green hides is weaker, without quotable change in prices. We quote: Green hides 9½c ⅌ lb; green salted 10c; dry salted 15@16c; flint 16c. In city hides there is a good demand. We quote: Steer hides, city slaughter 10½c; do 70 to 84 lbs 11c; do under 70 lbs 10½c; kips, 20 to 24 lbs 14c; do 25 to 30 lbs 12c; calf skins, $1; country hides, flint, 20 to 25 lbs 15@16c; damaged half price. Ox horns 5c apiece.

NAVAL STORES—Owing to light receipts and small stock spirits turpentine has advanced, now held at 60c ⅌ gallon. The demand for rosin is confined to the local trade, want of tonnage restricting shipments. It is quoted at $5 ⅌ bbl for pale and virgin; $3 75@4 for No. 1; $3 50 for No. 2, and $3 for common. The market is bare of pitch, and a good article would command $5 ⅌ bbl. Tar is held at 10@12c ⅌ gallon, with very little demand.

SOAP—The demand is good for the local trade, and the New Orleans brands are being shipped freely to Texas and Mexico. Manufacturers sell to the trade at 9c ⅌ lb for palm, 6@6¼ for olive, 6¼@6½c for Southern family, 12c for castile, 5½c for magnolia; in large lots ½@1c less ⅌ lb. Cold water soap 10c; salt and hard water 10c; polishing soap 10c ⅌ lb. Extra olive commands 7c in round lots, and 7¾@7½c job.

COAL—Is in fair supply, with a limited demand. Pittsburg is selling at 55c ⅌ bbl by the boat load and $7 50 ⅌ hhd. 70c ⅌ bbl to steamboats, 75c to manufactories and 85c at retail. Anthracite is retailing at $12 50@13 ⅌ ton, and American cannel at $1 10 ⅌ bbl. No English cannel coal in market.

OAK STAVES—The stock on hand is large, and few shipments are being made on account of the scarcity of tonnage. We quote extra pipe, culled, ⅌ 1000, delivered alongside of vessel, $190; wine pipe $115@120; extra hhd $135@140; extra claret $100@105; bbl $90, and keg $40@45.

MOSS—There is a little better demand for country black at our quotations, but little or no demand for gray. We quote gray 2@2½c; country black 1@1½c ⅌ lb. City picked is very dull at 6@9½c ⅌ lb.

COTTON SEED—The receipt is now comparatively large, and two of the mills are now at work. Manufacturers pay $13 ⅌ ton, they furnishing the bags.

COTTON SEED OIL—There is none here for sale, but it has slightly improved in New York.

COTTON SEED OIL CAKE—There is no city on hand, and only a little of the country in market.

TOBACCO—The only sale reported to-day was 1 hhd at —. Nothing has transpired to indicate any change in prices, and we continue to quote lugs at 8½@9½c, low leaf at 9½@10½c, medium at 10½@11½c, good at 12@12½c, and fine and selections at 13@14c. Sales of the latter have been made as high as 15c.

FREIGHTS—A ship was taken up to-day for Liverpool at 13½d for bulk grain, which is a material advance on previous rates. There are only four or five unengaged ships in port, and they refuse anything less than ¾d for cotton. About 3500 bales have been engaged for the steamship Bolivar, to arrive, at 13 16d for Liverpool, which is the ruling steam rate via New York. We quote: By steam, cotton to Liverpool 13-16d; do via New York 13-16d; to New York ⅝c; to Boston ¾c. By sail, cotton to Liverpool 11-16d@—; to Havre 1⅝c.

Marine Intelligence.

OFFICE OF THE REPUBLICAN,
Friday, September 27, 1872.

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

British steamship Chrysolite, Corbishley, for Liverpool.
Schooner Gertrude Howes, Smith, for Boston, Jas Lowe.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamship Maryland, Johnson, from Baltimore 20th instant, via Key West, 4th M Wallace, spoon—1st district 15
Steamship Lavaca, Cockcar, from Galveston, to Post & Hobby—1st district 14
Bark Annie Torrey, Libby, 45 days from Richmond, Walter to Boyd, Georgia & co—1st district

TOW BOATS.

Harry Wright, Follett, from the Tennessee—West coast night—Brought up Bark Annie Torrey

STEAMBOATS.

W S Pike, Brown, from Timbes
Spark, Hamilton, from Alexandria
Frank Pargoud, White, from Argyle Landing
Harry Owen, Bunker, from Shreveport
Lessie Taylor, Barance from Baton Rouge

BELOW COMING UP.

Ship Octavian, Strickland, Strickland, 11 days from New York, to Lovell & Daley.

EXPORTS.

LIVERPOOL—Steamship Chrysolite—7771 bales cotton 41 skks cotton seed stalks
BUENA VISTA—Schooner Gertrude, Howes—17 bbls flour 5 bbls pork 25 bbls bread 5 half bbls beef 4 bales hides 6000 feet lumber 10 sets shingle plugs mdse
IMPORTS.
GALVESTON—Steamship Whitney—1 bale cotton 6300 in specie $470 in currency 70 head cattle and sundries
NEW YORK—Bark H D Brockman—3190 bars and 1000 pigs iron
BALTIMORE VIA KEY WEST—Steamship Maryland—Asst mdse
CEDAR KEYS—Steamship Lavaca—8 bales cotton and sundries

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

TUNICA—Steamer W S Pike—730 bales cotton 771 skks seed cotton 1205 skks cotton seed and sundries
ALEXANDRIA—Steamer Spark—161 bales cotton 11 skks seed cotton and sundries
ARGYLE LANDING—Steamer Frank Pargoud—1907 bales cotton 3041 skks cotton seed 42 skks seed cotton and sundries
SHREVEPORT—Steamer Harry Owen—103 bales cotton and sundries
BATON ROUGE—Steamer Lessie Taylor—10 hhds sugar 42 bales cotton 7 skks seed cotton 407 skks cotton seed and sundries

RECEIPTS BY RAILROAD.

MORGAN'S LOUISIANA AND TEXAS RAILROAD, September 26—193 bales cotton 3 skks seed cotton 215 skks cotton seed 24 head cattle and sundry produce
NEW ORLEANS, MOBILE AND TEXAS RAILROAD, September 26—160 bales cotton 230 pkgs tobacco and sundry produce
NEW ORLEANS, JACKSON AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD, September 26—302 bales cotton and sundry produce

POUND NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF POLICE,
New Orleans, September 24, 1872.

WAS BROUGHT TO THE FOURTH DISTRICT Pound, on Dryades street, between Jackson and Philip streets—

One red COW, branded "O" on the right hip.

Which, if not claimed within five days, and the expenses thereon paid, will be sold at public auction at said Pound on SATURDAY, September 28, 1872, at twelve o'clock M.

JAMES LEWIS, Administrator.

No. 147—se25 1d

FOR SALE.

FOR