New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN

May be had of the following dealers:

George Ellis, opposite the Postoffice.

C. C. Haley, No. 19 Commercial place.

C. G. D. Holle, No. 61 Exchange place.

A. Simon, St. Louis street, between Royal street and Exchange alley (under St. Louis Hotel).

James Ennis, Pontchartrain railroad depot, Third District; also at depot, foot of Lafayette street, First District.

Variety news stand, No. 38 Dauphine street, between Customhouse and Bienville streets.

AUCTION SALES TO-MORROW.

BY SHERIFF HARPER, at 12 o'clock, at Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, buildings and improvements, engine, boilers, fixtures, hydraulic press, mixed merchandise, furniture, etc.

BY L. P. DELILLE, constable Fifth Justice Court, at 12 o'clock, in front of courtroom, on Villere street, Algiers, lot of household furniture—Edward Cahill vs. Barney O'Brien.

Local Intelligence.

THE PACK.—We are requested to state that this honorable and ancient band of jolly citizens will meet this morning at eleven o'clock around the table, when full hands will be dealt out. All members are ordered to shuffle.

Orleans Fire Company No. 21 favors us with a complimentary ticket to the fancy dress and mask ball, next Saturday evening, at Perfect Union Hall, Rampart street. The members of this old time company understand exactly what to do to make their friends happy.

A sneak, with taking proclivities, yesterday stole enough money from the restaurant of Octave Fancon, No. 77 St. Louis street, to last him for a week. The money till misses $72.

IMPROVED IN VALUE.—As soon as it became known throughout the city that the Odd Fellows' Hall congregation had passed a resolution in consonance with the feelings of tax resisters the price of State warrants advanced four points in value. Pass it again and stronger.

Many of our readers will regret to learn of the death of Captain William B. Armstrong which took place at his residence in Bay St. Louis on the morning of Tuesday last. His remains were brought here the following day and deposited in Cypress Grove Cemetery in the same vault in which his brother was buried twenty-six years ago.

Captain Armstrong entered the United States volunteer service from Illinois in 1862, and served well and faithfully as assistant quartermaster until the fall of 1867, when he was mustered out, and was retained for some time further as disbursing officer of the Freedman's Bureau in this State. For the last three years he has been the popular host of the Crescent Hotel at Bay St. Louis. He leaves a widow and one daughter to mourn the loss of one of the best of husbands and fathers, and a host of friends who sincerely sympathize with them in their sad affliction.

Ice in street gutters yesterday morning as late as ten o'clock. At eight o'clock the thermometer showed three degrees below freezing point.

EPIZOOTY.—We have recently met several persons who, with a self-sufficient snuffle, announced that they had an undoubted attack of the horse disease. A single expression of contradiction from a listener brought the afflicted party down to his dignity, with a severe reminder that he guessed he knew what he had better than anybody else. Most victims seem to cherish the trouble as something worth having.

The remark was often made on the streets and near hot fires yesterday, that the present winter has been colder than any ever known here. Year after year, for twenty-one winters, we have heard the same assertion made, and the man who dared dispute it was coughed down as one who contained no weather wisdom.

HOW TO LEAVE A STREET CAR.—This appears to be a very serious matter with some people, and an item of great labor. Hale, hearty men are seen to emerge from a car, afraid to make a step until the mule has come to a dead halt, and then he is as careful as if he were a new band-box. Others try to depart while the car is moving slowly; he is sure to struggle, or he will keep a grasp on the door a second too long, consequently trots clumsily along several yards, endangering his limbs. Others, in a hurry, leave precipitately, but make a sight of themselves by reeling as if tightly slight. Occasionally a man drops himself out without exactly knowing how he does it, without command of his body, and down he goes, as if trying to kiss the rails. He is a subject for other passengers to ridicule, and as the car passes on his ears are saluted with ripples of suppressed laughter. That is not the mode to effect an exit. Clumsy people are advised to watch newsboys as they leave a car. The little fellow, entirely indifferent but self-possessed, lets himself out with no more trouble than if he were walking on a solid banquette. He turns his back to the driver and gracefully departs, without touching his hands to door or post. This is the proper style, and when the knack is once obtained is by far the easiest and safest. It is hoped some of the clumsy people spoken of will make a note of the above.

A COMPLIMENT.—The State *Register* makes the following on a gentleman who will to-morrow take his seat as a member of the Board of Police Commissioners:

Governor Kellogg has made a selection of Police Commissioner for the Metropolitan District that we can most emphatically indorse. Sergeant J. B. Gaudet, who has been stationed in Carrollton for some months, but who is better known as an officer in the Sixth District, is a colored man, but he is one that every citizen respects for his upright conduct, his strict attention to the duties of his position, and his gentlemanly bearing toward all with whom he came in contact either as a policeman or as a citizen. Never presuming, of strictly temperate habits, devoted to the cultivation of his mind and manners, Sergeant Gaudet has made friends of every citizen with whom he came in contact. And the public will join with us in congratulating the newly elected Governor in the wisdom of his choice in this instance, as well in wishing the new commissioner as great good fortune in the future as his merits have won for him in the past. Mr. Gaudet was appointed patrolman on the police force in October, 1868, from which position he was transferred in a few months to the sanitary department, where his services were so much appreciated that he was promoted to a corporaley in July, 1870. He was again promoted to the position of sergeant in 1870, which office he held with credit to himself until his recent promotion to the position of commissioner. As an evidence of the fidelity and faithfulness of the newly appointed officer it is worthy of remark that during his entire term of service he was never held to any charge before his superior officers, which is a statement that can be made in favor of few officers in any service.

HOW IT IS DONE.—On Friday evening some of Captain Malone's detective officers received information of a proposed burglary, which they felt it their duty to prevent. Consequently, at about eleven o'clock, at the corner of Julia and Baronne streets, two well known characters named E. B. Malone, alias Kinch, and Joe Labordo were arrested by Special Officer Ward, and locked up in the first precinct station. The following morning they were taken before Acting Recorder Bonzano and discharged, that magistrate refusing to allow the officer making the arrest to testify in the case. And still the question is asked, why do not the police do something to put a stop to the frequent robberies being committed by the gangs of outlaws now infesting the city?

THE SPIEL MARKE TRADE.—Several arrests have been made by the police lately of that class of men who make a living by selling to unsophisticated countrytrymen spiel markes or imitation gold coin for greenbacks. One of the most noteworthy cases was that of a colored man named Spencer McClellan, who imposed on a Texas traveler in this manner, and who, after his arrest, was fully identified by his victim. McClellan was at once released on "straw" bond by the recorder, and his case has been continued from week to week, nearly half a dozen times. The prosecutor has been in attendance every time the case has been continued, but it is expected he will get worn out some time or other, and when he is called will not answer to his name and then the accused will be discharged for want of evidence against him.

The Association of German Draymen last night gave its friends much reasonable recreation in a fancy dress and calico ball at Exposition Hall. The arrangements were very complete and all present seemed to enjoy themselves without stint. Credit is due the several committees for their good management; the music was harmonious, the dancing was graceful and the dressing in fine taste.

SACRED CONCERT.—Our readers are informed that this evening at six o'clock a sacred concert will be given in the Church of Notre Dame of the Sacred Heart, by Mlle. Maureau, the organist. We have been politely furnished with a programme, and can vouch for it as being an uncommonly attractive one. The selections are of a high order. Between the first and second parts Rev. Father Reville will deliver a sermon.

CATHOLIC CHURCH ITEMS.—We glean the following interesting items from the *Morning Star* of to-day:

Last Wednesday evening the Very Reverend Thomas Burke, O. P., left the city for Memphis, on the steamer City of Quincy. Father Burke's health, we are sorry to state, has been so sadly impaired that he had just received an order from his physician to cease preaching, when on Tuesday last he received a letter from the Vicar General of his order in Rome, directing him to conclude the visitation of his province and then to proceed immediately to that city, the death of the Superior General of the order rendering necessary a meeting of all the Superiors.

The third and last public session of the Provincial Council will be held to-day at the Cathedral. The Catholic societies will meet at the Cathedral at nine o'clock, without music or banners, and will form an escort for the ecclesiastical procession, which will leave the archiepiscopal residence at ten o'clock precisely.

The mass will be said by Bishop Martin, of Natchitoches, who will officiate pontifically. After mass Bishop Fitzgerald, of Little Rock, will preach in English. After the sermon the session of the Council will take place, during which the secretary will read the decrees, which will be submitted to the Bishops for their approval. The ceremonies will conclude with Papal benediction and the singing of the *Te Deum*.

Father Tobin, St. Michael's parish, returns his thanks to the kind-hearted ladies who so generously assisted at St. Michael's fair, and announces that the net receipts amounted to $4072 50. The fair for the benefit of the Church of Annunciation netted $1800. Holders of lucky tickets are requested to call on Mrs. A. Stuart, No. 551 Dauphine street.

THE $70,000 LEGISLATURE.—Members sufficient to make a quorum were slow to respond, although most of them were in Odd Fellows' Hall.

Mr. Penn presided in the Senate.

A joint resolution expressive of the gratification of this body at the interest manifested by the Congress of the United States in the situation of the question now existing in this State, and tending thanks to the Republican Senators and Representatives in Congress for their efforts in behalf of the people of the State of Louisiana, was concurred in by the Senate.

Messrs. White, Cage and McDonald were appointed a committee on the part of the Senate to consider the Governor's message.

An act to establish a park for the city of New Orleans passed to its second reading, and was referred to the Judiciary Committee when appointed. It was introduced by Senator Lewis, and repeals all other acts passed, besides providing for the payment of expenses.

An act repealing an act to build a State House in the city, and provide the necessary expenses, passed to its second reading, and was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Information was received that the House was ready to go into an election for a United States Senator.

Little business was transacted in the House.

A committee was appointed to confer with Mr. McEnery relative to his message.

In joint session the balloting was about the same as that of Friday—Ex-Governor Warmoth still leading. This diversion is growing monotonous.

MAN OVERBOARD.—The report that a sailor had been lost off the schooner Little Anne, or Emma, at the lake, was for a time somewhat mysterious. Three persons composed the crew, the master and owner being Miles Loe. The vessel was loaded with wood, from Blind river, the owner, William Sweeney, being on board. The sailor's name is William Kilty. When near the lighthouse, lake end of the New canal, the schooner was liable to go ashore, says Lee, and he waded to land to make a line fast, leaving Kilty on board. The line parted twice, and in the dark Kilty disappeared overboard, and it was supposed he had drowned. Lee and Sweeney then deserted the schooner, but it is not clear why they deserted, leaving their property to almost certain destruction. On the other hand, Kilty, who succeeded in landing his body safely, called at the first precinct police station, complaining that one of the men had knocked him overboard, and expressed a wish to make an affidavit against them. His statements were for the time accepted, when Sergeant Gaster was directed to find the accused. Late Friday night the sergeant arrested them. They say that Kilty was drunk, and fell overboard accidentally, and that he is a worthless fellow. These assertions may prove correct, as the prosecutor has failed to make his appearance since the time he made the affidavit.

The grand jury is stirring up men and things in all places with uncommon energy. Investigations will be made where needed, and probings will result in something besides skimming the surface.

The movement made by our firemen to resist exhorbitant prices for music on the fourth of March parade meets with merited favor. Let the companies march to the music of their own songs rather than pay fancy prices.

PLAYING TREASON.—The Odd Fellows are now threatening to turn their farce into a tragedy. Heretofore their "play Legislature" has been as harmless as an organization of school boys. But they have pretended to make and promulgate a law. This is playing government; still it is harmless, and only induces laughter. But, little children, you must not try to execute your law; that would be playing treason, which is so serious a matter that the real government does not allow it even in fun. Be careful about this, and you may go on with your drama until it is played out. And furthermore, in order to make your theatricals striking and effective, you must not attempt to interfere with any of the actual *dramatis personæ* of the law. If you do that the first thing you know your license will be revoked. With this advice, which is proffered in all kindness, we pass to other "amusements."

Assaulting policemen and watchmen has become quite the style recently. Eleven o'clock Friday night Joseph Donnelly, a private watchman on Canal street, when near Royal street, was violently assaulted by an unknown man, who escaped. Donnelly's head is terribly bruised, and the wounds are considered really serious.

CRIMINAL COURT.—Thomas Mayham, charged with larceny, was found guilty and recommended to the mercy of the court.

In the case of Patrick McCabe, charged with manslaughter, a mistrial was entered on account of one of the jury having been found in conversation with a witness for the State.

James A. Rogers, found guilty of assault and battery, was sentenced to pay a fine of $2 50.

John Harris, found guilty of the same charge, received the same sentence.

A. Wilson, found guilty of assault and battery, was sentenced to two months imprisonment in the parish prison.

James Gurlroney and Bridget Gurlroney, who pleaded guilty of assault and battery, were sentenced to pay a fine of $2 50, and in default, twenty-four hours in the parish prison.

Jeremiah Brown and Edward Morris, found guilty of robbery, were sentenced, the first named to four years hard labor and the last to five years hard labor in the State Penitentiary. Mr. Kendall, counsel for the accused, on motion, was granted a suspensive appeal.

P. G. Chamberlain, counsel, filed a motion to admit the men accused as being accessory to the murder of Captain Barnes to bail. Captain Barnes, it will be remembered, was killed in the longshoremen's riot. The rule is made returnable next Wednesday.

ARRESTED.—Carillon, the absconding sewing machine embezzler, was arrested in Mobile yesterday. The horse he stole was also recovered.

A gentleman yesterday visited the Charity Hospital to look at the tarred and feathered man, thinking it might be a man he recently saw held as a prisoner by some hunters on the Opelousas railroad. The hunters said the man had, after accepting the hospitalities of their camp, stolen a fine shotgun, and having captured him, were about to punish him; they had him securely bound. This is not the man. No solution to tar and feathers as yet.

Catholic Fair.

For the purpose of procuring funds to assist in erecting a school building in the Second District, Archbishop Perche has organized a fair at the Perfect Union Lodge rooms, on Rampart street, in the Third District. Great interest is manifested by the ladies of the city for the success of the cause, and nightly the beauty of our Creole population lend their presence to aid the good cause.

At Exposition Hall there is a large sprinkling of American Catholic ladies, also, and to those who attend we especially commend the following tables, where they will be hospitably received and right royally entertained:

St. John's Table—Mrs. Flood and Mrs. Wheelahan.

The Jesuits' Table—Mrs. Dr. F. H. Knapp and Mrs. Cain.

St. Joseph's Table—Mrs. Lynch.

St. Patrick's Table—Mrs. Margaret Murphy.

St. Theresa's Table—Mrs. Quirk.

To all of our readers we recommend to spend one night at the fair and to aid all they can the good cause. And having gone once, we know they will repeat the visit without further suggestion from us.

Religious Notice.

Dr. E. O. Haven, of New York, formerly president of Michigan University, will preach this morning at eleven o'clock, in the Ames Methodist Church, St. Charles street. At night at seven o'clock, in the same church, the Sunday-school and congregation unite in a meeting that will be addressed by Bishop E. S. Janes, Dr. Haven and Rev. J. M. Freeman, of New York, and Mr. Budgett, an eminent Sunday-school worker of London, England. All are cordially invited.

We copy the subjoined cotton items from the Mobile *Register* of yesterday:

During the present week we notice that there has not been, by half, as much cotton going through to New Orleans as on previous weeks during the season.

The steamer Creole, which arrived Thursday night from New Orleans, brought thirty bales of cotton, the second lot shipped from the same city by the same steamer and to the same party.

The Galveston *News* says:

Judge J. F. Crosby, of Houston, receiver of the New Orleans and Texas Railroad Company is here, in attendance on the United States Court. He and C. C. Dart, clerk of the United States Circuit Court, have been occupied for several days in settling up all claims against the road, in compliance with a decree rendered at a late term of the court. When this settlement shall have been completed, the road will be released from all embarrassment, when we suppose it will be put in running order.

UNDER THE FOAM.

It is not every one who possesses the power to commune with the dead. It is true that Spiritualists hold some such doctrine; that there is a hidden life in which the disembodied and corporeal essences known as human souls have the faculty of intercourse. Be that as it may, it is certain that some persons are so constituted as to excite in this way strange influences in their fellows.

An illustration of this theory or fact can be obtained by a visit to a person in New Orleans known as the

Priestess of the Voudous.

She lives in a quiet little alley running out from Marais street, overhung by old tumble-down buildings, redolent with evidences of decay. The green moss of nearly half a century covers the roofs and the casings, the windows and the door-steps reek with accumulated damps. Now and then on sunshiny days a few straggling rays of light penetrate the gloomy alley with ineffectual attempts to make visible the surroundings. But dusk and gloom are the prevailing characteristics of the place.

The first glance into this desolate-looking, out-of-the way abode would chill the beholder with a sort of superstitious awe. The supernatural seems to have stamped it with an indellible impression. But this feeling is doubly enhanced when, on entering the low doorway, the visitor is ushered into the presence of a weird, mysterious looking being, hollow-eyed and hollow cheeked, with long, straggling elf-locks, and a form attenuated to the verge of emaciation. It is a woman surely. But the presence discloses none of the tender attributes and softer traits of the sex. The looks are repellant, and few nerves are capable of withstanding the fierce glowing light that seems to leap and flash out of the hollow eyes.

The room is scantily furnished. A few chairs, an old table, a jug of water, and some coarse prints are all. A chintz curtain hides a door-way leading into an adjoining room; but into this apartment no visitor has ever entered. It is sacred to incantation, and, as the superstitious believe, to the association of evil spirits.

Some years since this woman was made the medium of a strange revelation. A young lady had died in her neighborhood under peculiar circumstances. She was betrothed, and shortly to have been married. Apparently enjoying the most perfect health, she retired to her room at night, and was found dead in the morning. The physicians said it was not a natural death. Some sudden shock, some terrible blow, some fearful convulsion of the mind, snapped the springs of life. What was it? The chamber had been perfectly secured before the lady retired, and revealed nothing out of place in the morning. No one but herself had entered it—no one had left it. Yet the victim lay there stark and stiff, scared to death. Surrounded with the furniture and belongings she had been accustomed to from infancy, it was impossible to conceive the cause of her fright.

The terrible blow almost shattered her mother's reason. An only child, she could not realize the fact of her death, and entreated that she might not be buried at once. It may have been that a taint of suspicion in her mind induced her to visit the voudou priestess and ask her advice. At any rate, she did so. As she entered the door the woman said to her:

"I know why you have come. Your daughter is not dead. Let her not be buried; she will revive on Wednesday."

Confirmed in her hopes the mother hastened back to her residence to find the preparations for the funeral already far advanced. She protested and entreated in vain. They buried the girl despite all the mother could say to the contrary.

A week afterward, however—the Wednesday named by the voudou—the mother was allowed to visit the tomb, and at her request the vault was opened. Suddenly the sound of loud shrieks broke upon the ear, and tearing open the coffin the mother clasped her frantic child in her arms. She had just come in time—an hour later and the young lady would have fallen a victim to the terrible fate of the buried alive. How did the voudou know it?

St. Mary Parish.

We learn that Mr. E. B. Mentz, the legally elected and commissioned judge for St. Mary parish, arrived in Brashear last Wednesday, en route for Franklin, to assume the duties of his office, and that he has been obliged to remain there some days attending to the preliminary examination of several shooting and stabbing affrays which occurred during the week.

The town council, lately commissioned by Governor Warmoth refused him the use of the court house, and hastily convening in extra session, took action in regard to a prisoner who was locked up in a box car by order of Justice Harris, to await examination before the parish judge. Although the warrant on which the prisoner was arrested specified that he should be brought before the parish or district judge for examination, the prisoner was released by the mayor on a bond of $250.

Judge Mentz hired a room temporarily, where he held court, and had the prisoner rearrested and brought before him. After hearing the witnesses, who proved clearly that a murder was intended, and that the prisoner had lodged four bullets in the body of his intended victim, the judge ordered that he be taken to jail, or furnish a proper bond to appear at the next term of the district court. Other cases will be attended to before he leaves. In every instance the witnesses responded cheerfully to the orders of Judge Mentz.

Meteorological and River Report.

The signal service, United States army, reports, for the benefit of commerce, the meteorological record, and rise or fall of the rivers, at 3:43 P. M., local time, yesterday, as follows:

Place.	Therm.	Rain.	Weather.
Cairo	46	N.	Threatening.
Chicago	46	N. W.	Light snow.
Cincinnati	16	N.	Cloudy.
Davenport	18	S. W.	Fair.
Galveston	43	N.	Clear.
Keokuk	16	N. W.	Clear.
Leavenworth	19	N.	Fair.
Louisville	14	S. W.	Light snow.
Memphis	21	N. W.	Fair.
Nashville	17	W.	Cloudy.
New Orleans	40	N. W.	Clear.
Omaha	15	S.	Cloudy.
Pittsburg	16	S. W.	Light snow.
Shreveport	37	.....	Clear.
St. Louis	19	S. W.	Light snow.
St. Paul	3	E.	Clear.
Vicksburg	34	N. W.	Clear.

THE RIVERS.

Stations.	Rise, inches.	Fall, inches.	Above low water mark. Ft.	In.
Davenport			2	2
Keokuk	River gorged.			
Cairo		14	17	6
St. Louis			10	9
Pittsburg			18	3
Cincinnati			14	2
Louisville			7	7
Memphis			11	4
Vicksburg			15	10
Shreveport			4	4
Nashville			6	11
New Orleans				

The river here is thirteen feet four inches below high water mark of 1871.

The Temperature

The thermometer at Louis Frigerio's, No. 50 Chartres street, yesterday stood as follows: At 8 A. M., 29°; at 2 P. M., 38°; at 6 P. M., 38°. Lowest point during the night of January 17, 24°.

As about one-half of the people of Louisiana are colored and as they are the actual producers of most of the wealth of the State as they certainly are the greatest consumers of what is bought and sold in the retail stores, when the New Orleans *Times* abuses the negroes it abuses the props of the community and the customers of the mercantile fraternity and drives them away. We fully agree with the New Orleans REPUBLICAN in its assertion that the *Times* has done more to drive business away from the city than any other instrumentality known to the community.—*Carrollton Register.*

Says the Washington *Chronicle:*

It will occur to the public as something rather strange that the seceding Senators should have remained and assisted in all that has been done thus far, even to the declaration of Kellogg's election, and now abandon their associates. The result is ascribed to wholesale bribery, in which Warmoth has been an active agent. They have been among the active instruments of the late Governor in all his frauds upon the State.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Counsel for Ailing.—Nothing is cheape to those who give it than good advice; nothing is more valuable to those who receive it in the right spirit and promptly act upon it. Well, then, we advise the feeble, the ailing, the despondent, to become strong and hearty and cheerful. "Ah!" reply all these unfortunates in a breath, "it needs no wiseacre to teach us that such a change is desirable; but how is it to be effected?" Your patience, sick and sorrowful friends, and we will inform you. Learn, then, that there is such sanitary value in the famous vegetable restorative known as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, that no phase of muscular or nervous debility, no species of bilious disorder, no variety of that torment called dyspepsia, no case of chills and fever, no form of hypochondria, that may not be cured by the persevering use of this harmless but irresistible invigorant, alterative and corrective. ja16 eod W

Calcasieu Sulphur and Mining Company, January 13, 1873.—At the annual election held on Monday, thirteenth instant, for twelve directors, the following gentlemen have been elected, for the ensuing year:

C. Roselius,	A. M. Fortier,
M. Musson,	E. Ganucheau,
S. H. Kennedy,	T. H. Hunt,
Paul Fourchy,	Henry Peychaud,
A. C. Hutchinson,	W. B. Kenntz,
C. G. de l'Isle,	Theo. Hellman.

And at a meeting of the Board of Directors held on the seventeenth instant, Colonel T. H. Hunt has been unanimously elected President, and V. A. Belanme appointed Secretary.

ja19 3t V. A. BELAUME, Secretary.

Executive Committee to Procure an equestrian portrait of U. S. Grant, Room No. 170 Canal street, New Orleans, January 17, 1873.—We the members of the executive committee, in a special meeting assembled, have the honor to extend our hearty thanks to our Governor, W. P. Kellogg, for his patriotism in granting the use of the hall of the House of Representatives, at the Mechanics' Institute, for the Republican mass meeting to be held on the twenty-fifth of January, 1873, and, also, to the Speaker of the House, Hon. C. W. Lowell.

By order of the committee.

R. CRASTO, President.

V. VOGT, Secretary.
E. ECTHER Assistant Secretary. ja18 3t

The Louisiana National Bank of New Orleans, New Orleans, January 15, 1873.—At an election by the stockholders of this institution on the fourteenth instant, the following named gentlemen were duly elected directors for the ensuing year, viz:

J. F. D. LANIER,	W. A. JOHNSON,
W. J. FRIERSON,	T. L. AIREY,
J. N. LEA,	THEO. HELLMAN,
	J. H. OGLESBY.

And at a meeting of the board held this day, JOSEPH H. OGLESBY, Esq., was unanimously re-elected president.

ja16 6t A. LURIA, Cashier.

Citizens' Bank of Louisiana, New Orleans, January 2, 1873.—The annual election for seven directors of this Bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking house, on MONDAY, February 3, 1873, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M. J. L. DELERY, Cashier.

ja3 codim

Notice.—The stockholders of the Union Wood Preserving Company are notified to meet at 6 P. M. MONDAY, February 17, 1873, at the office of J. C. Denis, Esq., No. 57 Carondelet street, to make modifications, additions or changes in the act of incorporation of the company.

By order of the Board of Directors.

ja17 td BENJ. F. FLANDERS.

New Orleans National Banking Association New Orleans, January 16, 1873.—At an election held on the thirteenth instant, the following named gentlemen were elected directors for one year:

CHAS. CAVAROC,	E. F. MOTON,
J. ALDIGE,	E. K. CONVERSE,
S. CAMPION,	P. S. WILTZ,
C. DERUYTER,	LEON HAAS, JR.,
A. TERTROU,	THEO. LANAUX,
A. A. MOUTON,	JOHN ROCHI.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Directors this day, Mr. CHARLES CAVAROC was unanimously re-elected President.

ja17 1m HENRY BLACHE, Cashier.

St. Louis Hotel Association.—The first election of the seven members of the Board of Directors of this Association will take place on the first day of February, in the office of the Association, between 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

ja11 10t H. DANSEREAU, Secretary.

Office New Orleans City Railroad Company, January 9, 1873.—At an election held at this office on Monday, December 16, 1872, the following gentlemen were elected directors to serve for the ensuing year:

B. Biscoe,	John C. Rogers,
J. P. Coulon,	Samuel Smith,
J. M. Demarest,	C. H. Slocomb,
H. Gally,	P. Simms.
James Jackson,	I. H. Stauffer,
R. M. O'Brien,	Frederick Wintz.

And at a meeting of the Board of Directors held January 8, 1873, FREDERICK WINTZ, Esq., was unanimously re elected President, and C. C. LEWIS Secretary.

C. C. LEWIS, Secretary.

ja10 t fel

New Orleans National Banking Association, New Orleans, December 31, 1872.—At a special meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a semi-annual dividend of SIX PER CENT was declared, payable to the stockholders on and after the tenth day of January next.

jal 1m HENRY BLACHE, Cashier.

W. W. Johnson, Inspector of Weights and measures of the first district.—Office 165 Lafayette street. de31

State National Bank of New Orleans. New Orleans, December 23, 1872.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a dividend of three and a half per cent to the Stockholders and a dividend of one per cent to the depositors upon their average daily balances, was declared out of the earnings of the bank for the past three months, payable on and after MONDAY, January 13, 1873.

CHARLES L. C. DUPUY, de29 1m Cashier.

On Marriage.—Happy relief for young men from the effects of errors and abuses in early life. Manhood restored. Impediments to marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and circulars sent free, in sealed envelops.

Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania—an institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill. de13 3m eod

Notice to the Stockholders of the New Orleans Republican Printing Company is hereby given that a meeting of stockholders will be held at the office of the company, No. 94 Camp street, on MONDAY, January 27, 1873, at 2 P. M., for the purpose of considering a proposition to increase the stock of the company.

By order of the Board of Directors.

T. G. TRACY, Secretary.

New Orleans, December 26, 1872 30t

Batchelor's Hair Dye.—This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world. The only true and perfect dye. Harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or unpleasant odor. Remedies the ill effects of bad dyes and washes. Produces immediately a superb black or natural brown, and leaves the hair clean, soft and beautiful. The genuine, signed by W. A. Batchelor. Sold by all druggists.

CHARLES BATCHELOR, oe3 1y Proprietor, New York.

POLITICAL NOTICES.

Headquarters of the Executive Committee to procure an Equestrian Portrait of General U. S. Grant, President of the United States, New Orleans, January 17, 1873.—We respectfully invite all the Republican clubs of the parish of Orleans and State of Louisiana at large to assemble on the twenty-fifth instant, at the House of Representatives (Mechanics' Institute) on Dryades street, to hold a mass meeting of all Republicans in this State to show our fidelity, patriotism and justice to the government of the United States and the State of Louisiana. Come one, come all.

By the Committee.

ROCHUM CRASTO, President.

General J. B. Spiller, first vice president.
Judge S. H. Train, second vice president.
Senator T. E. Stamps, third vice president.
P. Lasatut, Esq., fourth vice president.
V. Vogt, secretary.
E. Seyler, assistant secretary.

N. B.—The meeting will take place at 7 P. M. precisely. ja18 7t

Special Notice.—The members of the various Ward Republican Clubs of the parishes of Jefferson, St. Charles, St. John the Baptist, and the Twelfth, Thirteenth and Fourteenth Wards of the parish of Orleans, are hereby notified to send delegates to a convention of the party, which will assemble in the Courthouse, in the parish of St. Charles, on MONDAY, January 27, 1873, for the purpose of nominating a candidate to fill the vacancy occasioned by the expulsion of Hon. S. M. Todd, late Senator from this (the Sixth Senatorial District) of Louisiana. The various wards and parishes composing said district will send the same number of delegates as at the last Senatorial Convention.

PAUL BRUCK,
President Twelfth Ward Republican Club.
A. DEJOIE,
President Thirteenth Ward Republican Club.
R. G. BRAM,
President Fourteenth Ward Republican Club.
T. E. STAMPS,
President of the Parish Committee Parish of Jefferson. ja13 td

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS HOLDING VOUCHERS OR WARrants issued by the House of Representatives during 1870 and 1871 and the regular session of 1872 are requested to present them for examination to the special committee appointed for that purpose before the fifteenth day of February, 1873, at the rooms of the committee, No. 250 Canal street, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M.

DAVID YOUNG, Chairman.
ja18 30t J. A. ABBOT, Clerk.

CANCELLATION OF BOND.

STATE OF LOUISIANA,
Executive Department,
New Orleans, January 14, 1873.

WHEREAS, APPLICATION HAS BEEN MADE TO me for the cancellation of the official bond of Moses Fox, as constable of the Eighth Justice Court, in and for the parish of Jefferson, to wit: A bond dated February 20, 1869, in the sum of $500, signed by Moses Fox as principal, and Henry Weber as surety, the said bond being conditioned for the faithful performance by the said Moses Fox of his duties as constable aforesaid: Notice is hereby given to all persons interested in the said bond to file their objections to the cancellation thereof, in writing, in the office of the Secretary of State, within ninety days after the last publication hereof.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State, this fourteenth day of January, A. D. 1873, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-seventh.

WILLIAM P. KELLOGG.

By the Governor:
WILLIAM WEBBS, Assistant Secretary of State.
ja15 30t

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

WILLIAM CULLINAN VS. A CERTAIN PORTION OF GROUND ON LEPAGE STREET.

Sixth District Court for the Parish of Orleans—No. 4146.

WHEREAS, WILLIAM CULLINAN DID PRESENT his petition to the honorable the Judge of the Sixth District Court for the parish of Orleans, praying the provisional seizure and sale of a certain portion of ground, hereinafter described, upon which he hath a privilege to satisfy his demand for $355 59, with eight per cent interest from May 28, 1872, for the construction of a sidewalk before the same, and to pay all costs; and

Whereas, I, William P. Harper, sheriff, by virtue of an order and writ of provisional seizure to me issued and directed by the said honorable court, in the above entitled and numbered suit, have seized and taken into my possession the following described property, to wit—

A certain square or portion of ground, situated in the faubourg St. John, in the city of New Orleans, designated by the number six on a plan of said faubourg, drawn by Lafon in 1809, deposited in the office of the late Pierre Pedesclaux, notary public. Which said square includes and comprises all that portion of ground bounded by Lepage, Seventh, Broad, Gentilly road and the Grand Route St. John.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given to all persons interested and to the heirs of Robert F. Stockton to appear within fifteen days to answer to the petition of William Cullinan so presented, as above set forth.

Sheriff's office, parish of Orleans, New Orleans, January 17, 1873.

ja18 25 fe4 W. P. HARPER, Sheriff.

CITY LICENSES FOR 1873.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
New Orleans, January 3, 1873.

DUE NOTICE WILL BE GIVEN, BY PUBLICATION through the city papers, as soon as this Department is prepared to receive city licenses for 1873.

LOUIS SCHNEIDER,
ja3 Administrator of Finance.

BANKS AND BANKING.

STATEMENT

OF THE

LOUISIANA SAVINGS BANK

AND

SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY,

51 ..... Camp Street. 51

January 17, 1873.

ASSETS:

Cash, currency	$97,297 23	
Checks on local banks	69,459 62—	$166,756 85
Due from banks and bankers		137,787 93
Notes and bills discounted		282,653 25
Notes protested		3,720 00
Call loans		10,500 00
Loans on mortgage		56,768 56
Stocks and bonds		190,098 23
Safe deposit vault		50,000 00
Banking house and furniture		52,000 00
Expenses		159 67
Total		$970,603 89

LIABILITIES:

Capital stock		$150,000 00
Individual deposits—		
Savings department	$245,091 48	
Banking department	273,386 61—	$518,478 05
Due banks and bankers		258,760 84
Unpaid dividends		3,698 00
Bills payable, mortgage on banking house		8,333 33
Surplus fund		30,000 00
Profit and loss	$924 42	
Interest	321 29	
Exchange	87 96—	1,333 67
Total		$970,603 89

ja19 1m JOHN S. WALTON, Cashier.

SECOND SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

OF THE

MUTUAL NATIONAL BANK

OF NEW ORLEANS,

106 ..... Canal Street 106

At the close of business, Tuesday, December 31, 1872.

RESOURCES.

Cash—Currency	$732,744 45
Cash—Gold coin	104,372 38
Loans and discounts	1,049,981 65
United States bonds to secure circulation	466,000 00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages	3,000 00
Due from redeeming and reserve agents	291,957 15
Due from other banks and bankers	10,019 30
Banking house	7,670 80
Furniture and fixtures	16,354 61
Premium on United States bonds	72,247 50
Premium on gold	1,528 51
Total	$2,725,876 84

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$500,000 00
Surplus fund		16,503 76
Circulation		419,000 00
Dividends unclaimed		394 84
Individual deposits		1,746,440 97
Due to other banks and bankers		2 63
Profit and loss		49,455 24
Total		$2,725,876 84

ALL DEPOSITORS PARTICIPATE IN THE PROFITS

Second Semi-Annual Dividend,

Declared December 31, 1872.

6½ per cent to Stockholders.
1½ per cent to Depositors.

PAUL FOURCHY, President.
ALBERT BALDWIN, Vice President.
JOSEPH MITCHELL, Cashier.

Directors:

F. Maspero,	John T. Hardie,
John D. Cobb,	Charles Lafitte,
Adolph Meyer,	P. Poursine,
Albert Baldwin,	Paul Fourchy,
Ernest Miltenberger,	

jal9 3m

QUARTERLY REPORT

OF THE

STATE NATIONAL BANK

(Mutual System).

Condition at the close of business December 28, 1872

ASSETS.

Cash		$544,121 63
Checks on other banks		32,771 14
Portfolio		1,049,275 64
United States bonds to secure circ