

and addressed to the United States of Ecuador, respectively, on which the foreign and international postal charges are fully prepaid, shall, when forwarded in the mails of either country to the other, be delivered in the country of destination free of charge.

ARTICLE VIII. The official correspondence between the two governments, that of each government with its legation, and that of each government with the other government, shall be conveyed to its destination free of postage and with all the precautions which the two governments may find necessary for its inviolability and security.

ARTICLE IX. When in the two countries there is no legation of the other, the franking privilege of the vacant legation shall be transferred, in the terms stipulated in the preceding article, to the respective consular or vice consulate at New York or Guayaquil.

ARTICLE X. Neither Post Department shall be required to deliver any article received in the mail, the circulation of which shall be prohibited by the laws in force in the country of destination; and any article subject by the laws of either country to customs duty or to confiscation shall, when received in the mails from the other, be treated in accordance with the laws of the receiving country.

ARTICLE XI. The two Post Departments may, by mutual agreement, provide for the transmission of registered articles in the mails exchanged between the two countries.

ARTICLE XII. The register of each article shall be contained in the United States and one in Ecuador.

ARTICLE XIII. The two Post Departments shall settle, by agreement between them, all measures of detail and arrangement required to carry into effect the provisions of the present convention, and may modify the same in like manner, from time to time, as the exigencies of the service may require. Articles may also, by mutual consent, be transmitted by express, according to the requirements of the service, without re-issuing or otherwise altering or impairing any other of the articles of this convention.

ARTICLE XIV. This convention shall take effect from the date of the exchange of ratifications, and shall continue in force until annulled by mutual consent, or until the expiration of notice given by one of the two departments to the other of its desire to terminate the same.

ARTICLE XV. Done in duplicate at the city of Washington, this ninth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

JOHN A. J. CRESWELL, Postmaster General of the United States. ANTONIO FLORES, Consul General of Ecuador.

I hereby approve the foregoing convention, and in testimony thereof I have caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

U. S. GRANT, President. HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State. WASHINGTON, May 9, 1871.

A PROCLAMATION. BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Convention between the United States and the German Empire respecting Consuls and trade-marks, signed December 11, 1871; exchanged April 29, 1872; proclaimed June 4, 1872.

Whereas, A convention between the United States of America and the German Empire, relating to the rights, privileges, immunities and duties of Consuls, and to the protection of trade-marks, was concluded at Berlin on the eleventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, by their respective plenipotentiaries, and whereas a protocol thereto was signed by the said plenipotentiaries on the twenty-ninth day of April last; which convention and protocol, in the English and German languages, are contained in the following articles:

ARTICLE I. The President of the United States of America, George Bancroft, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the United States of America to the German Empire, and his Majesty the Emperor of Germany, King of Prussia, in the name of the German Empire, have agreed upon the conclusion of a convention, and for that purpose have appointed their plenipotentiaries, who are named in the following articles.

ARTICLE II. Each of the contracting parties agrees to receive from the other Consular Agents, Vice Consuls, and Consular Agents in all cities, towns, and places, where it may not be convenient to recognize such officers. This reservation, however, shall not apply to one of the contracting parties without also applying to every other party.

ARTICLE III. The Consular General, Consul, Vice Consul, or Consular Agent shall be reciprocally received and recognized, on the presentation of their credentials, as established in their respective countries. The necessary acquittal for the exercise of their functions shall be furnished to them free of charge, and shall be retained on the instrument, which shall be administered at once, and without difficulty, by the consular authorities, federal, state or municipal, judicial or executive, of the ports, cities, towns, and places, to which they are appointed, to the enjoyment of the prerogatives reciprocally granted. The government that furnishes the acquittal reserves the right to withdraw the same, on account of the reasons for which it has thought proper to do so.

ARTICLE IV. The plenipotentiaries General, Consul, Vice-Consul, or Consular Agent, as well as their chancellors and secretaries, shall enjoy in the two countries all privileges, exemptions and immunities which have been granted, or may hereafter be granted, to the agents of the same rank of the most favored nation. Consular officers, not being citizens of the country where they are accredited, shall enjoy, in the country of their residence, personal immunity from arrest or imprisonment, except in the case of crimes, exemption from military billeting and contributions, from military service, from all taxes and public duties, and from all direct or personal or summary taxes, duties and contributions, whether Federal, State, or municipal. If, however, the said consular officers are or become owners of property in the country in which they reside, or engage in commerce, they shall be subject to the same taxes and imposts, and to the same jurisdiction, as citizens of the country. Property holders, or merchants. But no circumstances shall their official immunity be subject to any tax. Consular officers shall engage in commerce shall not plead the consular privilege to avoid the duties of commercial liability. Consular officers of either character shall not in any event be interfered with in the exercise of their official functions, or in the administration of the laws of the country.

ARTICLE V. Consular General, Consul, Vice Consul or Consular Agents may place over the outside of their offices, or in the building, the arms of their nation, with the proper inscription indicative of the office. Any flag may be hoisted at the flag of their country, or the flag of the nation, except in places where the flag of their country is prohibited.

ARTICLE VI. The offices and dwellings of Consular officers who are not citizens of the country of their residence shall be at all times inviolable.

ARTICLE VII. The local authorities shall not, except in the case of the pursuit for crimes, under any pretext invade them. In no case shall they be arrested, or their persons or dwellings be searched, or their papers or effects deposited. In no event shall their offices or dwellings be used as places of asylum.

ARTICLE VIII. In the event of the death, prevention, or absence of a Consul, Consul, Vice Consul, Consular Agents, their chancellors or secretaries, whose official character may have previously been made known to the respective authorities in Germany or Austria, shall temporarily exercise their functions, and, while thus acting, they shall enjoy all the rights, prerogatives, and immunities granted by this convention to the incumbents.

ARTICLE IX. Consular General and Consul may, with the approval of their respective governments, appoint Vice Consul and Consular Agents in the cities, ports and places within their consular jurisdiction. These officers may be citizens of Germany, of the United States, or of any other country. They shall be furnished with a commission by the Consul, and shall be subject to the laws of the country where they are appointed. They shall be subject to the laws of the country where they are appointed. They shall be subject to the laws of the country where they are appointed.

ARTICLE X. Consular General, Consul, Vice Consul and Consular Agents shall have the right to apply to the authorities of the respective countries, whether Federal or local, judicial or executive, within the extent of their consular district, for the redress of any infringement of the treaties and conventions existing between the two countries, or of international law, or to ask information of said authorities, and to address said authorities to the end of protecting the rights and interests of their countrymen, especially in cases of the absence of the latter, in which cases they may, within the limits of their consular district, be their legal representatives. If no notice should be taken of such application, the consular officers aforesaid, in the absence of the Consul, or of the Consul General, may apply directly to the government of the country where they reside.

ARTICLE XI. Consular General, Consul, Vice Consul or Consular Agents of the two countries, or their chancellors, shall have the right, conforming to the laws and regulations of their country— 1. To take at their office or dwelling, at the residence of the parties, or on board of vessels, or on the coasting trade, or on other, the local authorities shall inform the Consul General, Consul, Vice Consul, or Consular Agent of the district of the occurrence, or, if there be no such consular agent, they shall inform the Consul General, Consul, Vice Consul, or Consular Agent of the nearest district. All proceedings relative to the salvage of wrecked vessels, or of goods, or of merchandise, in the territorial waters of the German Empire shall take place in accordance with the laws of Germany; and, reciprocally, all measures of salvage, or of goods, or of merchandise, in the territorial waters of the United States shall take place in accordance with the laws of the United States. The consular authorities have, in both countries, to intervene only to superintend the proceedings having reference to the repair and refitting, or, if necessary, to the sale of the vessel wrecked or cast ashore. For the intervention of the local authorities no charges shall be made except such as in similar cases are paid by vessels of the nation. In case of a doubt concerning the nationality of a shipwrecked vessel, the local authorities shall have exclusively the direction of the proceedings provided for in this article. All merchandise and goods not destined for consumption in the country where the wreck takes place shall be free of all duties.

ARTICLE XII. With regard to the marks or labels of goods, or of their packages, and also with regard to patterns and marks of manufacture and trade, the citizens of Germany shall enjoy in the United States of America, and American citizens shall enjoy in Germany, the same protection as native citizens.

competent authorities, and make a request in writing for the deserters, supporting it by an official extract from the register of the vessel and the list of the crew, or by other official documents, to show that the men whom they claim belong to said crew. Upon such request alone this supported, and without the intervention of any other of the Consuls, the deserters (not being citizens of the country where the demand is made either at the time of their shipping or of their arrival in the port) shall be sent on to the Consuls. All aid and protection shall be furnished them for the pursuit, seizure and arrest of the deserters, who shall be taken to the prisons of the country and there detained until the request and the expense of the Consuls, until the said Consuls may find an opportunity of sending them away.

ARTICLE XIII. In the absence of an agreement to the contrary between the owners, freighters and insurers, all damages suffered at sea by the vessel or its cargo, or by the crew, whether they enter port voluntarily or are forced by stress of weather, shall be settled by the Consuls General, Consul, Vice Consul and Consular Agents, or by the Consul, or, if, however, any inhabitant of the country, or citizen or subject of a third power, shall be interested in the matter, and the parties do not agree, the competent local authorities shall decide.

ARTICLE XIV. In the event of a vessel belonging to the Government, or owned by a citizen of one of the two contracting parties being wrecked or cast ashore, on the coasting trade, or on other, the local authorities shall inform the Consul General, Consul, Vice Consul, or Consular Agent of the district of the occurrence, or, if there be no such consular agent, they shall inform the Consul General, Consul, Vice Consul, or Consular Agent of the nearest district. All proceedings relative to the salvage of wrecked vessels, or of goods, or of merchandise, in the territorial waters of the German Empire shall take place in accordance with the laws of Germany; and, reciprocally, all measures of salvage, or of goods, or of merchandise, in the territorial waters of the United States shall take place in accordance with the laws of the United States.

ARTICLE XV. The convention for the mutual delivery of criminals, fugitives and deserters, concluded at Berlin, on the eighth of July, 1856, by the government of the United States of America on the one part and the Austro-Hungarian Monarchy on the other part, as well as the convention for the mutual delivery of criminals, fugitives and deserters, concluded at Berlin, on the eighth of July, 1856, by the government of the United States of America on the one part and the Austro-Hungarian Monarchy on the other part, shall remain in force until the end of the month of January, 1873, as follows:

ARTICLE XVI. The present convention shall go into effect immediately on the exchange of ratifications, and shall continue in force ten years, unless the plenipotentiaries of the other six months previous notice of its intention to terminate the same, it shall further remain in force until the end of twelve months after either of the contracting parties shall give notice to the other of such intention.

ARTICLE XVII. The present convention shall be ratified by the plenipotentiaries of the United States, and with the consent of the Senate of the United States, and by his Majesty the Emperor of Austria, etc., King of Hungary, with the constitutional consent of the plenipotentiaries of the Austro-Hungarian Monarchy, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Vienna within twelve months from the date thereof.

ARTICLE XVIII. The plenipotentiaries have signed this convention as well in German as in English, and have thereto affixed their seals.

ARTICLE XIX. Done at Vienna the twentieth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, in the fifth year of the Independence of the United States of America, and in the twentieth year of the reign of his imperial and royal Apostolic Majesty.

JOHN JAY, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the United States of America to the German Empire, and his Majesty the Emperor of Austria, etc., King of Hungary, have caused the said convention to be made public, to the end that the same may be observed and fulfilled with good faith by the United States and the citizens thereof.

ARTICLE XX. The plenipotentiaries have signed this convention as well in German as in English, and have thereto affixed their seals.

ARTICLE XXI. Done at the city of Washington this first day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, in the fifth year of the Independence of the United States of America, and in the twentieth year of the reign of his imperial and royal Apostolic Majesty.

ARTICLE XXII. The plenipotentiaries have signed this convention as well in German as in English, and have thereto affixed their seals.

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INSURANCE. NEW ORLEANS MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

TRUSTEES' ANNUAL STATEMENT. In conformity with their charter, the Company publish the following statement: Premiums during the year ending December 31, 1872: On fire... \$1,125,000.00; On marine... \$200,000.00; On river... \$200,000.00.

ARTICLE I. The name of the company shall be "The New Orleans and Grand Canal and Camp Streets." Its domicile is hereby established in the city of New Orleans, and it shall have a separate existence for the term of twenty-five years from the date of these presents, unless sooner dissolved. The company shall have a seal, having for its device the image of the company.

ARTICLE II. The operations of said company shall be the purchase, or building, or chartering of one or more steamships, and the carrying of freight or passengers, and also, to do, these several things, agree and covenant to form themselves into a corporation for the object and purposes, and under the stipulations, regulations and obligations following, to wit:

ARTICLE III. The capital stock of said company is hereby divided into shares of one hundred dollars each, divided into shares of ten dollars each, and is to be paid for as follows to wit: Thirty per cent in advance, and the balance in ten equal installments of ten per cent upon the call of the Board of Directors. The company may require it. This company shall go into operation as soon as the sum of forty thousand dollars has been received for the same.

ARTICLE IV. The affairs of the said company shall be under the direction of a Board of Control, composed of five stockholders, to be chosen by the stockholders, and the first of which shall be chosen by the stockholders, at a meeting of the stockholders, held on the twentieth day of December, 1872.

ARTICLE V. The regular meeting of the stockholders shall be held annually on the third Monday of January, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Board of Control, represented at the meeting, shall choose a Board of Directors, to be chosen by the stockholders, at a meeting of the stockholders, held on the twentieth day of December, 1872.

ARTICLE VI. The Board of Directors shall have the power to appoint one or more directors, and to fill the vacancies in the office of any director, and to elect a President, and to elect a Secretary, and to elect a Treasurer, and to elect a Auditor, and to elect a Controller, and to elect a Receiver, and to elect a Manager, and to elect a Superintendent, and to elect a Steward, and to elect a Clerk, and to elect a Porter, and to elect a Cook, and to elect a Baker, and to elect a Butcher, and to elect a Grocer, and to elect a Druggist, and to elect a Apothecary, and to elect a Physician, and to elect a Surgeon, and to elect a Dentist, and to elect a Barber, and to elect a Tailor, and to elect a Shoemaker, and to elect a Hatter, and to elect a Saddler, and to elect a Coachman, and to elect a Driver, and to elect a Porter, and to elect a Cook, and to elect a Baker, and to elect a Butcher, and to elect a Grocer, and to elect a Druggist, and to elect a Apothecary, and to elect a Physician, and to elect 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