NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN.

SINGLE COPIES: FIVE CENTS. OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA. TERMS: $12 00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME VI—NO. 254. NEW ORLEANS, SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1873. WHOLE NUMBER 1784.

AMUSEMENTS.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.
BEN DeBAR.....Proprietor
ALEX. FITZGERALD.....Stage Manager
LAST NIGHTS OF MR. JOHN COLLINS AND BEN DeBAR.
Sunday Evening, February 2, 1873.
RORY O'MORE.
Rory O'More, with songs.....Mr. John Collins
To conclude with
JACK SHEPPARD.
Jos Blueskin.....Ben DeBar
Monday—Mr. C. B. BISHOP in his great sensation drama of WAR CLOUDS.
Doors open at a quarter to seven; the overture will commence at a quarter to eight o'clock.
fe2 P. GLEASON, Treasurer.

VARIETIES THEATRE.
Sole Lessee.....LAWRENCE BARRETT
ENGAGEMENT OF THE GREAT COMEDIAN,
JOHN E. OWENS,
Supported by his own dramatic company.
MONDAY, February 3—EVERYBODY'S FRIEND and SOLON SHINGLE.
TUESDAY, February 4—HEIR AT LAW and HAPPIEST DAY OF MY LIFE.
WEDNESDAY, February 5—Matinee—EVERYBODY'S FRIEND and ROUGH DIAMOND. Evening—VICTIMS and SOLON SHINGLE.
THURSDAY, February 6—POOR GENTLEMAN and SORTY WINKS.
FRIDAY, February 7—PAUL PRY and LIVE INDIAN.
SATURDAY, February 8—Matinee—VICTIMS and DUKE BELLE. Evening—HAPPIEST DAY OF MY LIVE, SOLON SHINGLE and LIVE INDIAN. fe2

RUBINSTEIN CONCERTS.
ANTON RUBINSTEIN,
The Greatest Living Pianist.
HENRI WIENIAWSKI,
The World Renowned Violinist.
MLLE. LOUISE LIEBHART,
MLLE. LOUISE ORMENY.
MONS. L. REMMELINSKI, Accompanist.
AT THE OPERA HOUSE,
ON
Friday, January 31, at 8 P. M.,
Saturday, February 1, at 2 P. M.,
AND
Monday Evening, February 3, at 8 P. M.
AT THE VARIETIES THEATRE,
Sunday Evening, February 2, at 8 P. M.
Admission, Family Circle.....$1 00
Reserved seats.....50c extra
Seats can be secured at the box office of the Varieties Theatre.
Steinway pianos used at Rubinstein concerts.
jan31 3t

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
D. BIDWELL.....Proprietor and Manager
J. KITTRIDGE.....Treasurer
A GREAT HIT—ALADDIN! ALADDIN!
The Wonderful Scamp.
This (Sunday) Evening, February 2,
MISS LYDIA THOMPSON
And her Mammoth Company will appear for the last time in
ALADDIN,
with all the Specialties, Marked Features, Gen. dames Fun, localized from Genevieve DeBrabant, by Miss Lydia Thompson and Harry Beckett; Grotesque Dance and Specialties by Willie Edouin; Double Song and Dance by Misses Atherton and Leslie; Kiss Song (by request) Miss Lydia Thompson; Solo Songs by Misses Weatherby, Dubois and Zeiblin; Skatorial Song and Dance, Major Newell. New Scenery by H. E. Hoyt; Overture between the acts, W. H. Withers. Secure your seats and avoid the rush. fe2 1t

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
D. BIDWELL.....Manager and Proprietor
J. KITTRIDGE.....Treasurer
LAST WEEK AND FAREWELL
To the world famed "Perless Queen of Burlesque,"
MISS LYDIA THOMPSON,
AND
HER MAMMOTH COMPANY,
Who have, during the past three weeks appeared before a succession of the most crowded audiences, composed of the elite and fashion of New Orleans.
The Manager regretfully announces that it is to be feared the present week will be MISS THOMPSON'S
LAST APPEARANCE IN NEW ORLEANS,
and consequently the arrangements are such as to present
A CHANGE OF BILL NIGHTLY.
Monday Evening, February 3—KENILWORTH.
Tuesday Evening, February 4—BLUE BEARD.
Wednesday Evening, February 5—ROBIN HOOD.
Thursday Evening, February 6—ALADDIN.
Friday Evening, February 7—Complimentary benefit to LYDIA THOMPSON—Two pieces—LUCIOS and NON THE GOOD FOR NOTHING.
Saturday Matinee, February 8—LURLINE.
Seats may be secured in advance for either of the above performances, and patrons will consult their better accommodation by engaging places, thereby avoiding the rush at the box office during the evening.
Doors open at half-past six; performance commences at a quarter to eight.
NO INCREASE IN PRICES.
Monday, February 10—The distinguished actress, MRS. D. P. BOWERS, supported by MR. J. C. McCULLOM and Dramatic Company. fe2

BUSINESS CARDS.

CASEY & BLOOD,
John Casey. Austin Blood,
SODA, MEAD AND PASTRY,
No. 187 Canal street.
Between Dauphine and Burgundy streets.
Next door to the entrance of the Varieties Theatre.
jan26 3m

ZENNER & BIRMINGHAM,
BILLIARD AND SWITCHING ON WHEELS
No. 28 Commercial Place.
jan 3m

D. M'KENDRICK,
House and Ship Plumber, Gas-Fitter, &c.,
No. 96 Magazine street, near the corner of Race street, New Orleans.
Dealer in Plumbing and Gas-Fitting Materials Gas Fixtures etc. fe27 1y

RUDARIO BRODERICK,
CISTERN MAKER,
122.....Julia street.....124
(Between Camp and Magazine.)
Second hand cisterns always on hand. All work guaranteed. Lock Box No. 30 Mechanics' and Real ers' Exchange. fe25 1y

THE "LOUISIANA FARMER,"
Published at Trenton, La.,
Has the largest weekly circulation of any paper in the State. Merchants of New Orleans will find the Farmer an excellent medium to make their business known in. Address
F. M. & W. W. FEATHERMAN,
no16 1y Publishers, Trenton, La.

FURNITURE.

NOTICE.....NOTICE
MIRAMON,
Dealer in All Kinds of Furniture
NOS. 99, 101 and 103 CHARTRES STREET, New Orleans.
Has constantly on hand an assortment of carriage Bedsteads (extra make, with patent springs), with testers, $12.
Solid Walnut one-fourth Marble Bureaus, $20.
Solid Walnut Portable Armoire, with two drawers in bottom, $20.
Victoria Bedroom Sets, in Walnut, Mahogany and Imitation Rosewood, ten pieces, $120.
Spring Mattresses made to order, $25 and $30.
Parlor Sets, in Walnut, Mahogany and Imitation Rosewood, ten pieces, at very moderate prices.
Also, an assortment of Looking-Glasses at moderate prices. fe10 1y

WANTED.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A MIDDLE AGED woman, white or colored, to cook for a small family. Apply at No. 147 Gravier street, near St. Charles. fe2 2t

THE LUZENBERG HOSPITAL,
Enacted by the late Legislature the exclusive Hospital for Small-pox and contagious complaints.
IS ON THE PONTCHARTRAIN RAILROAD.
Fifth square outside Claiborne street.
Indigent cases are received according to usual city provisions, with permits from the sanitary officials.
Private or paying cases are received for: Wards $2 per day; private rooms $3.
Apply at the hospital. my22 1y

LOTTERIES.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY
IN THE
COMBINATION PLAN.
DRAWS DAILY.
CAPITAL PRIZES
$20000,
$5000,
$2500.
All orders should be addressed to the Manager's office, corner of St. Charles and Union streets, New Orleans.
TICKETS ONLY ONE DOLLAR;
Shares in Proportion.
Sent by mail address on receipt of the price of tickets or fractions.
THE POLICY PLAN
IS NOW
DRAWS DAILY.
BEWARE OF BOGUS LOTTERIES.
fe24 1y

DRAWING OF THE LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY FOR FEBRUARY 1, 1873.
CLASS 27.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
47	7	23	3	13	26	20	30	4	38	74	42	45	—

The above drawings are published in the principal papers, and are drawn in public daily at the rooms of the company.
Witness our hands at New Orleans, Louisiana, this 1st day of February, 1873.
H. PERALTA,
ADAM GIFFEN,
Commissioners.
BEWARE OF BOGUS LOTTERIES. fe2 2

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

A. GERO, JR.,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS
Office No. 17 Commercial Place.
Passports procured with dispatch and prompt attention given to all business. ap19 1y eod

MACHINERY.

FAIRBANKS' SCALE WAREHOUSE.
FAIRBANKS & CO.,
No. 53 Camp Street,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, RAILROAD CART, WEIGH LOCK, HAY, COAL, PLATFORM AND COUNTER SCALES.
Agents for Railwin's Patent HORSE PIKE.
Agents for Troemner's STEEL CORN MILL.
Fine Gold and Druggist's Scales.
CHIMNEY FLUES from four to eight inches in diameter, in sections of two feet each, ready to put up in place of the regular brick chimney.
ALSO,
Chimney Caps, Intersections, Junctions, etc.
ALSO,
SEWER AND DRAIN PIPES, from 10 to 48 inches diameter, with all the necessary junctions, joints, etc., for sale at LOWER PRICES than can be furnished from the West or North, as they are manufactured in this city.
au17 6m d&w W. B. BOWMAN, Agent.

SHAKESPEAR FOUNDRY,
Gired Street, Between Baronne and Prytanea Streets, New Orleans.
Joseph A. Shakespear, A. Smith, S. Swoop.
SHAKESPEAR, SMITH & CO.,
(Successors to Geddes, Shakespear & Co.),
IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, manufacture every variety of Steam Engines, Sugar Mills, Centrifugal Machines, Saw Mills, Draining Machines, Mill and Gin Gearing and Grate Bars Store, Fronts, Columns, Ventilators and Sash Weights.
Blacksmith work of all kinds. ap27 1y

NOVELTY IRON WORKS.
Corner of Delord and New Levee streets
WILLIAM GOLDING, PROPRIETOR.
mh8 1y

IN BANKRUPTCY.

ESTATE OF JACOB OTT.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S OFFICE, New Orleans, January 2, 1873.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT A WARRANT in bankruptcy has been issued out of the District Court of the United States for the District of Louisiana against the estate of Jacob Ott of New Orleans, in the parish of Orleans, State of Louisiana, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition; that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a court of bankruptcy, to be holden on the twelfth day of February, A. D. 1873, at 12 M., at No. 41 Exchange alley, New Orleans, before D. Augustin, Register.

S. B. PACKARD,
jy29 fe12 United States Marshal.

B. Beonby vs. Mrs. Burke—Third Justice Court for the parish of Orleans, No. 80.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS TO me directed by the Hon. John L. Laresche, Third Justice of the Peace in and for the parish of Orleans, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at my warehouse, No. 35 Bienville street, on FRIDAY, February 7, 1873, at twelve o'clock M., the following property—
A LOT OF FURNITURE.
Seized in the above suit.
Terms—Cash in United States treasury notes.
jy29 fe4 7 WILLIAM EGAN, Constable.

THE STATE HOUSE.

There was not much done in either the Senate or House yesterday. The Senate, after a very short session with open doors, went into executive session, and when that was raised, adjourned until to-morrow (Monday) at twelve o'clock M.

Before going into executive session, Senator Brewster gave notice that he designed introducing at the proper time a bill to incorporate the Monroe, Bastrop and Arkansas Railroad Company; also, a bill to incorporate the Monroe Bridge Company.

A bill was introduced to revoke and annul the charter of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and to repeal an act to increase the revenue of the State and to authorize the incorporation and establishment of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and to repeal certain other acts now in force. It was ordered to lie over.

The House did very little but discuss and finally pass the bill—known as bill No. 57—creating the parish of Algiers. This had been made the special order of the day for yesterday. Shortly after Speaker Lowell had called the House to order and a quorum announced, Mr. Benham, of Carroll, was called to the chair.

Mr. Dumont, of Algiers, then called up the bill creating the parish of Algiers, and moved that it be placed upon its third reading.

Mr. Mahoney, of Plaquemines, arose and, addressing the Speaker, said he desired to give his views on this bill before it was placed upon its third reading and final passage. He said he should oppose the bill because it proposed to create a new parish by dividing an old one. He was not in favor of creating new parishes in this way at a cost of from $15,000 to $20,000 a year for each additional parish thus created to the people. He said there had been many applications for dividing parishes, and in too many instances they had succeeded. This is generally done by men who want to be parish judges, sheriffs, etc. Mr. Mahoney said he was opposed to creating these small parishes, not only because they are a heavy expense to the State, but because they create too many offices and impoverish the people. He would, therefore, move that the bill be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Dumont replied to the gentleman from Plaquemines (Mr. Mahoney), and exhibited a memorial signed by numerous citizens of Algiers, asking for a separate parochial and municipal government for that portion of the parish of Orleans situated on the left bank of the Mississippi river. Mr. Dumont charged that Mr. Mahoney had changed his views but recently on the subject, and was unable to account for his opposition to the bill now before the House. His vacillation should not be an impediment to the wishes of the people living in the district that would constitute the parish of Algiers, if the bill passed. Mr. Dumont concluded by renewing his motion to have the bill placed upon its third and final reading.

Mr. Rodrigues, of Orleans, was most emphatically opposed to creating new parishes by dividing old ones. He heartily indorsed the views of the gentleman from Plaquemines upon this subject, and hoped members would not vote to burden the people with additional taxation by passing bills like the one under consideration.

Mr. Murrell, of Madison, entertained similar views. He said experience has shown that where parishes have been divided to create additional ones, such divisions have resulted injuriously to the great body of the people concerned, while a few persons have been benefited. He knew of memorials of citizens living in parishes that have been divided asking to be returned to their old condition.

The member from St. Charles (Mr. Hahn) desired to know whether the committee that the bill had been referred to reported favorably on it. The clerk, in answer to this inquiry, was instructed by the Speaker to read the concluding portion of the report, which was favorable to the bill.

After further debate, which was of a rambling and confused nature, the main question was ordered, and the bill finally passed by a vote of forty-three yeas to seventeen nays.

When the yeas and nays were ordered on the final passage of the bill, Mr. Gair, of East Feliciana, gave notice that when his name was called he would claim the right to explain his vote. This he did as follows:

He said he was not opposed to creating the parish of Algiers, but he was opposed to the bill in its present shape. He desired to amend it. If members would carefully examine the bill, he was satisfied they would not vote for it until it was amended. It proposed to change officers that had been elected by the people, and substitute in their places men appointed by the Governor. This could not be done without great wrong and expense to the people—an expense of at least $50,000. The men who had suffered a defeat at the hands of the people were the leaders in the present movement—are the men who have been defeated in a popular election, and take this unfair way to give themselves another chance of office. Mr. Gair was opposed to this way of doing business in the Legislature. That branch of the State government had already had too much sin laid at its door by those who are ever ready to find fault with the acts of a Republican majority; and legislation of this kind would tend to strengthen the charges that have been made against the Legislature by the enemies of Republicanism. For these reasons he hoped the bill would not pass without being amended. He voted no.

In adopting the title of the bill there was an ineffectual attempt made to amend it.

Mr. Montaldo, of Orleans, introduced an act to enforce article 117 of title six of the State constitution, and for other purposes. It was read twice and referred to the Committee on Constitution.

Article 117 of the State constitution prohibits one person from holding more than one office at a time, and the object of Mr. Montaldo's bill is to have this article enforced.

The House adjourned to meet to-morrow (Monday) at twelve o'clock M.

ASSESSMENTS Nos. 122, 123, 124 AND 125.—*See Special Notice Column.*—Death of William Weiss, Conrad Kaiser, John Felder and Henry Hillebrand, payable at the office of the Mutual Aid and Benevolent Life Insurance Association of Louisiana, No. 19 Camp street. Amount paid out since organization, August, 1868, $304,250.

A Reward of Merritt.

Yesterday afternoon, just at the close of office hours at the Customhouse, a neat little episode occurred. Among the dusty shelves and musty volumes of the record room, a number of the clerks connected with the office assembled to pay a compliment to the late auditor of customs.

For nearly four years the duties of this office has been ably performed by that courteous and genial gentleman, Captain Charles H. Merritt.

Recently, however, his services have been required in another field of labor, and his official career at the auditor's desk was brought to a close. His associates and assistants took advantage of this occasion to testify to him their esteem in a neat and appropriate manner. For the services he has rendered in the few years of their mutual association, they tendered him a silver service.

At about three o'clock on Saturday afternoon a committee escorted the gentleman to the record room, where the donors of the gift were already gathered. He was escorted to the head of the hall, where, behind a table, stood John L. Neelis, the veteran warehouse book-keeper of the Customhouse. Mr. Neelis, addressing himself to Captain Merritt, said:

Captain Merritt, when in the course of human events friends are called upon to separate, to dissolve the bonds which have long connected them in the active relations of life, it is natural and proper on such occasions to review the past, in order that the good accomplished therein and the pleasant remembrances thereof should be duly impressed upon the mind, and fondly cherished in future years.

Sir—During the past three years you have occupied the honorable and responsible position of auditor of customs at the port of New Orleans, and on behalf of those gentlemen present—colaborers and intimately associated with you during that period—I beg to assure you that your many sterling qualities both of head and heart have won for you the lasting esteem of your many friends, their confidence and friendship, and as a small token or testimonial of the regard in which you are held, I now have the pleasure, on behalf of your friends, of presenting you this beautiful silver set. Its intrinsic value is small compared with the value which you will doubtless place upon it, aware, as you must be, that it comes to you stamped with the seal of warm, sincere and disinterested regard.

Captain Merritt, you may, if you please, regard this as a withdrawal entry from appreciative friends consigned to a most excellent and courtly gentleman, and, in Customhouse phraseology, it comes to you duty paid, or you may have received it in bond—the bond of friendship; and I fondly hope that this present will remain with you, and remind you of the donors and of this happy occasion, until you are exported (not for the benefit of drawback) to that port of entry on high where merit alone will be the standard of all.

As he closed, Mr. Neelis uncovered the gift that lay spread out upon the table before him, meantime handing Captain Merritt a letter of which the following is a copy:

NEW ORLEANS, February 1, 1873.

MR. CHARLES H. MERRITT:

SIR—We beg your acceptance of the accompanying silver set as a slight testimonial of the regard and esteem in which you are held by the undersigned, your long-time associates and co-workers in the auditor's office of this department. As our chief, we have ever found you so tempering justice with courtesy and kindness as to retain our sincere friendship, without detracting from official discipline. It is with unfeigned regret that we learn you contemplate severing the official relations that have bound us together, but we trust that no circumstances will ever occur to break our pleasant bond of friendship. This slight gift we now offer you may serve to remind you of the warm friends you leave behind, and may in future call to your mind some happy memories. Poor as our offering is, it serves to show you and the world that where you are best known you are best regarded and most esteemed.

With hearty wishes for your future welfare and success,

F. B. Bernard,	Mark Joseph,
George C. Nocross,	Van R. K. Hilliard,
J. H. Van Antwerp,	T. Winfried Hall,
I. J. Fenwick,	J. M. Holland,
H. Hanewinckel,	C. H. Thompson,
Alexander McLeod,	Henry Gormley,
James H. Wright,	Robert C. Clebsuns,
Polo Hard,	Arnold Bertonneau,
Henry Kleinfeller,	John E. Neelis,
W. M. Aikman,	Leon Irwin,
William F. Perkins,	Thomas P. Boyden,
F. H. Whitaker,	R. L. McKnight,
Isidore McCormack,	Paul Blache.

Captain Merritt was evidently much embarrassed at the turn the affair had taken, at the unexpected gift and the circumstances attending it. He briefly but feelingly responded:

Sir—To you and to the gentlemen who have presented me with this testimonial I can but express my heartfelt thanks. This "souvenir" shall be sacredly kept, not for its intrinsic value, but for its greater worth—that given it by what my heart tells me is the prompter, friendship. You have alluded to bonds, and remarked that the one which binds us is of greater strength than those which are usually taken in the "Customhouse" bond line. Sir, I trust that it is, and that the provisions of our bond do not require, nor will permit, a binding certificate to cancel it.

If, as your chief, I have won your esteem, I have done so by following one principle, and that is, plainly, to do my duty.

Gentlemen, it is with regret that I feel that our official paths from this day diverge; yet each of us has a work which our destiny has assigned us. Let us meet it.

As for me, I shall ever remember this occasion as one of the most encouraging and happy of my life.

Mutual congratulations followed, and it was evident that the remarks of Mr. Neelis, in his presentation speech, were an expression of the sentiments which controlled the feelings of all concerned.

The gift of which Captain Merritt became the recipient is of costly and elegant workmanship, and was manufactured expressly for the occasion by Leibenthal, of Canal street.

Roller Skating.

A large number of ladies and gentlemen assembled last evening at Carondelet Hall, Exposition building, to witness a tournament of the various clubs which have been formed to enjoy this healthful and amusing exercise.

Among those who enjoyed the entertainment, especially the exhibition of Mr. Crocker, who surpassed himself, were Rubinstein and Wieniawski, of concert fame, who accompanied their friend and compatriot, Dr. Leo D. Aryall.

The presence of the large number of ladies, and the interest they manifested, was very pleasing, and showed they are beginning to appreciate the benefits of this graceful and innocent amusement.

The manner and decorum of the skating clubs, under the superintendence of Mr. Barwise, deserve the highest praise and afford a guarantee of the success of the institution and the benefit derived from it by its devotees.

The Rubinstein Matinee.

The matinee of the Rubinstein and Wieniawski troupe at the Opera House yesterday was a brilliant success. Whatever doubts these splendid artists may have previously entertained concerning the desire of our proverbially music-loving people to hear their performances, must have been dispelled yesterday. Long before the moment when the concert was announced to commence, not only was the parquette filled with ladies and children, but the dress circle, *loges grillees* and second tier chairs also blossomed out, all around the gilded horse-shoe curves, in one unbroken border of beautiful girls and scarcely less beautiful matrons, attired in fresh and elegant costumes suitable for the occasion. It was a happy thought to give the young people an opportunity of listening to the music made by such performers as those who charmed and astonished them yesterday, for the result can not but have the effect of elevating the tone of the domestic circle, where, too often of late years, very many of our children have drifted, for want of a more generous and thorough instruction, into the shallowest of musical channels.

The lack of a liberal musical education in many communities in our country has had the effect before now of forcing artists to desert the advanced continental standard, and in order to tickle the ear of superficially trained audiences, to make sensational and mediocre selections, such as would likely be recognized as quickly by the gamin in the gallery as by the amateurs and dilettanti in the choicest seats of the house. Messieurs Rubinstein and Wieniawski, however, who are students of art and who aim to instruct as well as to please, are beyond such trickery as this, and whether they stand or fall, can not be induced to prostitute their genius for the sake of gaining the applause and good will of so large a class, who might be desirous of having them adopt such a course.

For this reason, therefore, when such artists present themselves before a community like ours, which has always had the reputation of enjoying an elevated tone of musical thought, combined with the cleverest critical discrimination, that they should not only be liberally patronized by connoisseurs and amateurs, but that old and young, and particularly the young, many of whom are laboring assiduously to acquire a thorough insight in music's exquisite but complicated mysteries, should have an opportunity to sit under their influence, and become magnetized, as it were, into devotees of art for art's pure sake alone, stripping it of all the meretricious finery with which superficial worshippers at its shrine are ever so ready and eager to bedeck it.

The programme yesterday was in keeping with the standard adopted from the first, Mr. Rubinstein opening with an "air et variations," by Handel, which he followed up as soon as the vociferous applause which greeted him would admit with "variations serieuses," by that charming composer, Mendelssohn, whose very name falls upon the ear like a double harmony, and whose literary compositions and letters are almost as full of melody as is his daintiest music. Mr. Rubinstein, as might have been expected, was called out several times after this initial performance, the little folks fairly blistering their little hands in their frantic efforts to reward him for what they even felt was the very perfection of playing.

Mr. Wieniawski came next for his share of applause, which burst in upon him even at times when he could have hoped for the quiet that was necessary for a perfect exhibition of his marvelous skill and delicious fancy.

As upon a former occasion, he gave the "Carnival of Venice" for an encore, in the execution of which he fairly carried the audience by storm, and all present, as far as we could learn, freely admitted that they had never before listened to such an extraordinary performance.

In the second part of the programme Mr. Rubinstein rendered with consummate skill and most exquisite effect selections from Chapin, an author with whom very many of the Creole young ladies present were familiar, and therefore all the more interested in listening to the rendering of his music by such a master as Mr. Rubinstein.

At the close this artist gave selections from Liszt and Schubert, finishing up with a brilliant barcarole and clever etude of his own composition.

Mlle. Louise Ormeny still continuing indisposed, Miss Liebhart was called upon to do double duty, acquitting herself very creditably in an air from Mozart in the first part, and an air by Mendelssohn and one from Kucken in the second. Miss Liebhart was very choice in her costumes, and was yesterday most becomingly attired in a dress which drew down upon her the approving glances of every lady in the house.

This evening the third grand concert of the troupe will take place at the Varieties Theatre, and to-morrow night the fourth concert will be given at the Opera House, at the usual hour. On Thursday next a second matinee will be given at the Opera House.

The row between the police commissioners and superintendent of police, in Chicago, finally culminated on Friday, in the suspension of the latter by the former; whereupon the mayor of the city suspended the commissioners, and ordered the captains to report to Washburn as before. The commissioners have refused to recognize the mayor's power to remove them, as they were elected by the people. If the captains conclude to disregard the mayor's order, as they probably will, he says he will remove them and fill their places, and will also remove every patrolman who fails to obey Washburn.

Three magisterial clergymen of Sutterworth, England, sent an old woman of seventy-five to prison for seven days, recently, because she broke a stick from a farmer's hedge, thereby inflicting damages to the amount of one penny.

Secretary Robeson discovered that he was standing on a lady's train, and exclaimed, "Though I may not have the power to draw a mortal from the skies, I have pinned an angel to the earth." The lady did not seem to be in the least offended.

Major Eugene A. Cair, of the Fifth Cavalry, has been promoted to Lieutenant Colonel.

BY TELEGRAPH.

LATEST NEWS FROM ALL POINTS

BELDEN GOING TO WASHINGTON

FARRAGUT'S STATUE INJURED

STOKES AND TWEED CASES

CARLIST MOVEMENTS IN SPAIN

HURRICANE AT ASPINWALL

THE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILROAD

Ex-Governor Matteson Dead.

WASHINGTON.

Mr. Belden Summoned to Washington—Redemption of Three Per Cent Certificates—Debt Statement—The Farragut Statue Injured.

WASHINGTON, February 1.—The Committee on Privileges and Elections has summoned, by authority, ex-Attorney General Belden.

Secretary Boutwell has ordered the redemption of over a half million of three per cent certificates, leaving about $875,000 on the market.

Debt Statement—An increase of nearly $500,000 in the Treasury in coin, making the coin balance $92,375,000, currency $7,000,000.

Vinnie Ream's statue of Farragut, while going to the Capitol for competition, fell from the wagon and was badly injured.

The latest advices from Annapolis state Mrs. Wharton's jury still out, with no prospect of agreeing.

NEW YORK.

Steamer Olympic Overdue—The Stokes Case—The Tweed Case—No New Trial—Bank Statement—Fire Marshal's Investigation—Cuban Anti-Slavery Committee.

NEW YORK, February 1.—The steamer Olympic is overdue.

In the Over and Terminer Court to-day, Judge Boardman heard the counsel in the matter of the bill of exceptions in the case of Stokes. The judge decided to exclude from the bill the allegations in reference to Stokes having been absent from court while part of the testimony was being taxen; also that the judge was at one time off the bench, but allowed them to be brought in by an affidavit on motion for a new trial.

The judge then signed the bill. The motion for a new trial was then commenced, and papers in the case read. Among them were numerous affidavits alleging irregularities and openly expressed hostility to the prisoner by the jurors. One special affidavit is by Mary Bear, stating that on the day of the murder, in going past the Grand Central Hotel, she saw Fisk, whom she knew while a domestic at Long Branch go inside the private entrance, and instantly backed out and pulled out a pistol, and retreated. As she passed the hotel she heard pistol shots. She was about to marry at this time, and her friends, fearing she would be locked up as a witness, dissuaded her telling what she saw. She gave numerous references to respectable parties. The motion will be decided Monday.

It is stated that the authorities around the City Hall are about petioning Governor Dix for a pardon for Foster.

George A. Everett, charged by Fannie C. Shotwell with having abstracted $50,000 worth of bonds from her in connection with Frank A. Brooks, arrived here last night in the custody of detectives from Chicago. He offered bail this evening for trial.

Judge Davis denied the motion for a new trial in the Tweed case. This ends the prosecution for the present.

Bank statement: Loans increased $1,750,000; specie decrease $1,750,000, legal tender $125,000; deposit increased $375,000.

The fire marshal's investigation in the Broadway fire discloses the losses to be nearly $400,000. Nicol & Colalisha, and not Calasha, Ingalls & Co., as before stated, who occupied the second floor, estimate their loss at $300,000 in gold, on which is an insurance of $250,000 in gold. Wood Brothers' loss is said to be $75,000. Other losses are trifling.

Counsel in the Stokes case, in the event of failure to obtain an order for a new trial from the new judge, Beardman, will apply for a stay of proceedings, and thereby secure a review of the case by a full bench of the Supreme Court, and on failure there will go to the Court of Appeals.

The Cuban Anti-Slavery Committee here, of which S. R. Scottron is chairman, and Rev. H. H. Garnet secretary, have issued an address to the President and people of the United States, asking support in the movement for the abolition of slavery in Cuba.

The gentlemen mentioned will visit the principal cities for the purpose of holding Cuban anti-slavery meetings, and to personally urge the attention of the matter upon the President.

Mr. Tweed, last evening, said his trial was merely political, but they would never get a jury to convict him. He was tired of the business. The prosecuting lawyers claim that the jury was packed. The jurors refused to reveal what occurred in the jury room.

Money closed at 7 per cent. Sterling 9½@16. Gold 113⅜. Governments heavy at ⅛@⅜ lower. State securities quiet and nominal, sixes of 1881, 118¼; five-twenties of 1862, 114⅝; 1864, 114¾; 1865, 115⅛, new 114⅝; 1867, 116¼; 1868, 116¼; new fives ex-interest, 113½ ten forties 115. Tennessee sixes, 81; new, 82; Virginia sixes 57½, new, 56; consolidated 55½, deferred 14; Louisiana sixes 50, new 47, levee sixes 50, eights 70; Alabama eights 84, fives 55; Georgia sixes 73, sevens 96; North Carolinas 34, new 16, special tax 12; South Carolinas 40, new 22; April and October 25½.

Cotton for the week has been active and higher. The week's sales reached 150,402 bales, of which 23,800 were for future delivery and 16,912 bales on the spot and to arrive.

Money easy. Call loans on call made at 7 currency to 7 gold, but in the afternoon there was a decline to 5. Exchange quiet, 9 5-16 to 9⅜. Gold opened at 113⅛@113⅜; sold down to 113⅛; closed heavy at 113⅛@113⅜. Loans were 2 to 7 for carrying. Governments opened heavy at ⅛@⅜ lower; dull and heavy all day.

FOREIGN.

Communication Interrupted by Carlists—Carlist Band Intrenched—Spanish Customs Officers Driven Out—The Lyons War Contracts—More Telegraph Lines Wanted in Spain—Excesses of the Carlists—Attempted Insurrection in Hayti—Hurricane at Aspinwall—Damage to Shipping—The Wyoming—Fire at Woolwich—Strike of Portuguese Railroad Men—Sultan of Turkey Going to Vienna Exhibition.

PARIS, February 1.—Communication between San Sebastian and the interior of Spain has been entirely interrupted by the Carlists, and no mails have been received in Paris for three days. There is no communication with Bilboa except by sea, and an attack on that town by the Carlists is apprehended. The railway between Alasua and Beasin had been cut by the insurgents, and the running of trains between these places suspended.

A Carlist band entrenched at Sturria was attacked by a force of royal troops and maintained their position after a conflict of three hours' duration. The insurgents claim a victory.

Several Spanish custom officers on the frontier have been driven away by the Carlists and were forced to take refuge on French territory.

After three days' agitated debate on the report of the committee on the Lyons war contracts, the National Assembly this afternoon, by a vote of 569 against 42, adopted a resolution condemning the conduct of parties who hoisted the red flag in that city.

MADRID, February 1.—During the session of the Lower House of the Cortes to-day, Senor Zorilla, President of the Cabinet Council, asked for an appropriation of 12,000,000 reals to enable the government to put the telegraph lines throughout the kingdom in thorough working order. In reply to the question by a deputy in reference to the insurrectionary movements in the north, Senor Zorilla said he regretted to announce that many excesses were being committed by the roving bands of Carlists. The government forces, however, were active, and were vigorously pursuing the insurgents. The government had received intelligence of the destruction of Malstrezzos by a band of Carlists, the defeat of Ribbell's band, and the complete rout of another force of 1200 insurgents, with a loss of twenty-eight killed, including two priests.

It was expected that the insurrection would soon be ended, and that the communication with France, which was now interrupted, would be restored at an early day.

PORT AU PRINCE, January 20.—There has been an attempt to create an insurrection in Hayti for the purpose of preventing an election for President. The demonstration was soon suppressed and the ringleaders arrested, five of whom were executed.

ASPINWALL, January 20.—A terrible hurricane visited this portion on the eighteenth, and did much damage. The schooner Royal Arch was driven through the Pacific Mail Company's wharf, and seventy-five feet of wharf, the wharf engines and a quantity of merchandise were destroyed. The schooner afterwards sunk. The bark Orient was driven into the railroad wharf, and destroyed sixty-five feet of it, and then sunk. The lumber schooner C. H. Kelly and the bark Gilmore were driven ashore.

The brig Elvea Allen and the bark Louis Stoker were slightly damaged. All the steamships are safe. Three lives lost. The total loss is between $500,000 and $1,000,000. The steamship Henry Chauncy arrived on the nineteenth.

Financial matters are more quiet. Communication by cable between Domingo and Martinique is interrupted, and vessels have been engaged to carry telegrams between these islands.

Numerous complaints from the public in consequence of the interruption of telegraphic communication between Havana and Kingston. Telegrams are nine days coming, owing to the bad condition of the short land line between Havana and Batavino.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, January 22.—The United States steamship Wyoming and the German fleet have arrived here.

LONDON, February 1.—A fire broke out in the central block of the Royal Military Academy at Woolwich, to-day. The flames were not extinguished until the entire block was destroyed. Total loss, $250,000.

LISBON, February 1.—The strike of the engineers and stokers on the Portuguese railroads has terminated, the government having interfered and compelled them to resume work. Trains have again commenced running as usual.

CONSTANTINOPLE, February 1.—The Sultan will attend the Vienna Exhibition. He will leave the government in charge of Yussef Izeddin Effendi, and before starting will proclaim the latter the heir to the Turkish throne.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Embezzlement Case Dismissed—Woolen Factory Burned—The Wharton Jury—Inability to Agree—Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad—Death of Commodore Maury—Fire and Loss of Life—Ex-Governor Matteson Dead—Direct Trade and Immigration Convention.

MEMPHIS, February 1.—The case of James M. Tomeny, late United States marshal of this district, for embezzling $14,000 of the estate of J. Dessauer, a bankrupt, was dismissed to day by Judge Flipp in the Criminal Court, for want of jurisdiction.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., February 1.—At 2:30 P. M. the Wharton jury were unable to agree, and asked for a discharge, which the judge refused.

MONTPELIER, Vt., February 1.—James Gould's Sons' woolen factory was burned to day; loss $100,000.

RICHMOND, February 1.—The first train east over the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad, through from the Ohio river, arrived this morning, bringing about fifty passengers, mostly West Virginians, and four loads of cannel coal, the first of the kind ever received in Richmond.

At a conference of leading citizens held this afternoon, a committee of fifteen was appointed to ascertain when trains would be run regularly on the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad, to make arrangements for a grand celebration which will probably embrace an excursion to the Ohio and return, and will bring a large delegation from Western cities to participate in the ceremonies.

Commodore Matthew Fontain Maury, American hydrography and naval officer, died at Lexington, Virginia, at one o'clock to-day, aged sixty-seven years. He was the author of letters on the Amazon, and on the Atlantic Slopes of South America, the Relation between Magnetism and the Circulation of the Atmosphere, Astronomical Observations, Physical Geography of the Sea, etc.

During the late war he was an officer of the Confederate navy, and at the time of his death was a professor of physics in the Virginia Military Institute.

CHICAGO, February 1.—The dwelling house of Henry Carns, near Jefferson, Iowa, was burned last night. Mr. Carns, two of his children and his brother perished in the flames.

BALTIMORE, February 1.—It is rumored that Joshua Nicholson, one of the three parties arrested for the murder of Mr. Lampley, has turned State's evidence and confessed.

He says that while he was up-stairs breaking open the trunk where the money was deposited,