NEW ORLEANS REPUBLICAN.

SINGLE COPIES: FIVE CENTS. OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA. TERMS: $12 00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME VI—NO. 298. NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, MARCH 25, 1873. WHOLE NUMBER 1828.

AMUSEMENTS.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.
BEN DeBAR.....Proprietor
ALEX FITZGERALD.....Stage Manager
Second week of the celebrated Character Actor and Irish Comedian.
Mr. DOMINICK MURRAY.
Tuesday Evening, March 25,
The New and Exciting Drama of
THE GAMBLER'S CRIME.
Marty McNally.....Dominick Murray
Friday—Farewell benefit of Mr. Murray.
Saturday—Dominick Murray matinee.
Sunday—Benefit of P. Gleason.
Doors open at a quarter to seven. Overture to commence at a quarter to eight.
mh23 P. GLEASON, Treasurer

VARIETIES THEATRE.
SOLE LESSEE.....LAWRENCE BARRETT
Tuesday, March 25,
REPETITION FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY OF
DORA,
And the screaming farce of POOR PILLICODDY
Wednesday, March 26.
Grand Matinee at Twelve O'Clock.
LAST PERFORMANCE OF DORA.
Wednesday Evening.
BENEFIT OF LORAINE ROGERS. Only appearance of CHARLOTTE THOMPSON.
JANE EYRE.
THURSDAY, March 27—Benefit of LEE S. LYNCH. Day's great play of DIVORCE.
FRIDAY, March 28—Benefit of MISS IONE BURKE. Boucicault's beautiful drama, THE COLLEEN BAWN.
LAWRENCE BARRETT will shortly appear as DAVID GARRICK, the great actor. mh23

VARIETIES THEATRE.
BENEFIT OF LORAINE ROGERS.
Wednesday Evening, March 26.
ONLY APPEARANCE OF CHARLOTTE THOMPSON.
JANE EYRE.
From Charlotte Bronte's celebrated novel, will be presented.
Secure seats at the box office. mh25 2t

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Tuesday, March 24, 1873.
W. B. CAVANAGH'S
VARIETY AND COMIC SPECIALTIES,
Presenting a
SHORT VARIETY SEASON,
With a large number of Popular Artists of deserved professional merit, selected especially for this city.
For personnel of company and programme of entertainment see bills of the day. mh21

NOW OPEN.....NOW OPEN.
Professors Earl Mayer and Hugo Bewegh's grand moving
BATTLE PANORAMA
OF THE
LATE FRANCO-GERMAN WAR AND THE PARIS COMMUNE (1870 and 1871),
Just received by the Hamburg steamer Vandalia, and now established on the NEUTRAL GROUND, on
Canal Street, Corner of Basin,
In a beautiful pavilion having a front of over sixty-five feet.
The numerous magnificent tableaux of this fascinating panorama have been painted expressly for the proprietors at an enormous cost from the originals in possession of the Minister of War, in Berlin, by the most celebrated artists of Germany. The optical apparatus is the work of the most famous opticians and mechanicians of the old world. The city of New Orleans is the first city in which this wonderful panorama (the only one of its kind in the world) is exhibited for the first time, it having been specially stipulated in the contracts with the artists that the same should only be viewed privately by artists for the purpose of criticism, but not publicly exposed, the proprietors having determined to reserve to the connoisseurs of the Southern metropolis the gratification of passing their opinion on a work of art, such as hitherto have only been seen in this country many years after their exhibition in the European capitals.
For further particulars see handbills.
Open daily from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M.
Admission fifty cents; children half price.
WALDEMAR FURST, Manager.
WILLIAM DUPRY, Machinist. mh22 6t

LOST.

CAUTION.....CAUTION.
The following described notes having been lost or stolen, viz: A note for the sum of $450, drawn by Paul St. Pierre to his own order, and by him indorsed, dated the twenty-fifth of May, 1872, and payable twelve months after date, with eight per cent interest per annum from date until paid. Payable "ne varietur" by E. Commagere, notary, in order to be identified with an act passed before said notary on the twenty-fifth of May, 1872.
The public is hereby cautioned not to negotiate or trade for the same except with the undersigned, the legal holder thereof.
MARCELLIN SICARD.
No. 21 Jena street, Sixth District of New Orleans.
mh25 7t 5t

LOST.....LOST.
Certificate No. 1441, dated May 12, 1871, for 100 shares Crescent City Live Stock Landing and Slaughterhouse Company, in favor of M. F. Bonis.
Certificate No. 992, dated June 11, 1870, for fifty shares Crescent City Live Stock Landing and Slaughterhouse Company, in favor of L. E. Lemarie.
Certificate No. 596, dated May 19, 1870, for two shares Crescent City Live Stock Landing and Slaughterhouse Company, in favor of L. E. Lemarie.
Certificate No. 1817, dated May 9, 1871, for five shares Crescent City Live Stock Landing and Slaughterhouse Company, in favor of L. E. Lemarie.
Application for duplicates of same has been made to the company.
New Orleans, March 5, 1873. mh6 30t

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT OR SALE.—A NEW RAISED cottage in the Sixth District, on State street, between St. Charles and St. Patrick streets. The house has all modern improvements. The grounds have a front of 70 feet, by 178 feet in depth. Terms reasonable for either rent or sale. Apply at the corner of State and St. Charles streets, or at the corner of Conti and Royal streets, to C. B. FISH. mh9

FOR RENT—A RAISED COTTAGE (IN THE Sixth District), on Valence street, between Constance and Laurel, containing six rooms, front and side galleries, wood shed, large yard. Will be rented cheap. Apply on the premises, or address letter "C" this office. fel2

HOUSE FOR RENT AND FURNITURE for sale.—A comfortable two-story house, eligibly located on Camp street, with everything complete for housekeeping, and all in good order, being nearly new, will be sold in block to a purchaser for his own use. The establishment is complete in all departments, having been selected by its owner for use. Will be sold on account of bad health. Furniture dealers and vendors need not apply. Address HOUSE, at this office. ja4

FOR RENT—ROOMS WITH OR WITHOUT board, in suites or single. Also, a few day boarders taken. Apply at No. 217 Camp street, near St. Joseph. de22

HARDWARE.

ESTABLISHED IN 1822.
SLOCOMB, BALDWIN & CO.,
HARDWARE IMPORTERS AND DEALERS,
Nos. 74 Canal and 91, 93 and 95 Common streets,
Adjoining City Hotel, New Orleans, La.
Cutlery, Guns,
Iron, Steel, Nails,
Paints, Oils, etc.
A LARGE STOCK OF FARMING IMPLEMENTS—PLOWS, SCRAPERS, SWEEPS, ETC.,
Post's Patent Plow and Scraper,
Mechanics' Tools,
Railroad Supplies.
All at the lowest prices.
SLOCOMB, BALDWIN & CO.,
mh9 1m New Orleans, La.

A. HERO, JR.,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS
Office No. 17 Commercial Place.
Passports procured with dispatch, and prompt attention given to all. ap13 1y eod

MISCELLANEOUS.

פסח
FOR THE COMING HOLIDAYS I WOULD REquest my patrons and the public to come and examine my extensive stock of RED and WHITE RHINE WINES, LIQUORS and FRUITS, suitable for Easter.
F. HOLLANDER.
mh16 1w No. 63 Customhouse street.

TARPAULINS.....TARPAULINS.
C. H. ALLEN & CO.,
No. 81 New Levee Street,
Keep always on hand a large assortment of TARPAULINS, which they will hire to merchants for covering merchandise on the levee, and will pay all damage accruing to goods when their Tarpaulins and men are employed to protect the same.
All orders for Shipping, Railroads, Cotton Presses, or any persons requiring Tarpaulins, will address orders to SAMUEL BROOK, which will be promptly attended to. mh4 3m

NOTICE.—AN ASSOCIATION UNDER THE title of the "Southern Publishing Company" was authorized by an act passed before Edward Hogan, a public notary in the city of New Orleans, of date the seventh day of December, 1869. The capital stock of this company was never subscribed. It has no assets, and the term for which its officers were appointed expired one year from the date of its incorporation, as stated. This company has, then, no organization, no assets, and no legal responsibility.
W. M. Burwell, named in the act and articles of incorporation as president of the Southern Publishing Company. mh20 1aw 4t

MOSS.....MOSS
MACHINE PICKED AND COUNTRY MOSS.
Cash paid for Country Moss.
J. M. FERGUSON,
Factory No. 99 Peters street, above Canal.
mh4 1y

HIDES.....SKINS.....FURS
JOSEPH B. WILKINSON, JR.,
Dealer in
Hides, Skins and Furs, Moss, Wool, Tallow, Etc.,
No. 29 Peters street, near the Customhouse, New Orleans, Louisiana.
Liberal advancement made on consignments.
ja14 1y

McCLELLAN SADDLES AT $5 EACH.
Five Dollars Each.
200 McCLELLAN SADDLES at $5 each.
200 BRIDLES at $1 each.
200 HALTERS at fifty cents each.
IN SPLENDID ORDER.
For sale by S. B. CHURCHILL,
No. 40 Magazine street,
Between Gravier and Natchez,
ap16 1y Under St. James Hotel.

THE "LOUISIANA FARMER,"
Published at Trenton, La.,
Has the largest weekly circulation of any paper in the State. Merchants of New Orleans will find the Farmer an excellent medium to make their business known in. Address
F. M. & W. W. FEATHERMAN,
no16 1y Publishers, Trenton, La.

L. GERTEIS, AGENT,
GUNMAKER,
JOBBER AND DEALER IN FIREARMS,
Ammunition of Every Description
AND SPORTING AND FISHING TACKLE,
No. 130 Common street.
Special attention paid to altering muzzle to breach-loaders and repairing firearms of all kinds.
ja26 1y

GET YOUR TRUSSES AND BRACES
WHERE THEY ARE MADE AND FITTED.
H. SPILLMAN,
93.....Baronne Street.....93
Manufacturer and Applier.
The best trusses and braces, abdominal and uterine supporters (for the falling of the womb) in America or Europe, can be had, and be applied by the inventor, patentee and manufacturer, whose motto is "honest dealing will last longest." The highest honors awarded at the St. Louis, Missouri, Jackson, Mississippi, Houston, Texas, and New Orleans State fairs. My instruments are recommended by all leading surgeons and physicians. Twenty-six different patterns of trusses on hand. Send with stamp, for circular. no20 6m 112p

LOTTERIES.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY
ON THE
COMBINATION PLAN.
DRAWS DAILY.
CAPITAL PRIZES
$6000.
$3000.
$4500.
All orders should be addressed to the Manager's office, corner of St. Charles and Union streets, New Orleans.
TICKETS ONLY ONE DOLLAR;
Shares in Proportion.
Sent to any address on receipt of the price of tickets or fractions.
THE POLICY PLAN
ALSO
DRAWN DAILY.
BEWARE OF BOGUS LOTTERIES.
de24 1y

DRAWING OF THE LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY FOR MARCH 24, 1873.
CLASS 70.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7	27	39	54	6	55	72	62	13	40	5	16	—	—

The above drawings are published in the principal papers, and are drawn in public daily at the rooms of the company.
Witness our hands at New Orleans, Louisiana, this twenty-fourth day of March, 1873.
H. PERALTA,
ADAM GIFFEN,
Commissioners.
BEWARE OF BOGUS LOTTERIES. mh25

CIGARS.

HAVANA CIGARS AND CIGARETTES.
Domestic CIGARS and CIGARETTES, and a full assortment of Chewing and Smoking TOBACCO constantly on hand and for sale by
ED. L. ZELL & CO.,
Corner Canal and Carondelet streets,
New Orleans, Louisiana.
Goods sold fully warranted. mh13 1m

Burning of the Europa.

Captain Fulton, of the burned ship Europa, arrived in this city from the Southwest Pass on the ship Freeman Clarke, Saturday afternoon, and we give below an account of the burning of his vessel on the evening of the sixteenth ultimo:

Smoke was first discovered issuing from the forehold of the ship at 1:30 P. M. At the time it was blowing a stiff breeze from the north and east, the ship being then near the latitude of Tortugas. The wind being fair to run for the Southwest Pass, the ship was headed that way, with the hope that the fire would not break out until assistance could be obtained at the mouth of the Mississippi. The ship Sparkenhoe, also bound to New Orleans, was about half a mile astern of the Europa. She was at once signalized, and it was understood that the two ships should not part company. Every ventilator and every possible outlet from the hold of the burning ship was securely stopped, but all was of no avail, as the fire was gaining so fast that at nine o'clock it broke through the deck in the vicinity of the foremast. It was then that Captain Fulton saw there was no chance of saving his vessel, and by the time the boats were lowered and a few necessary articles placed therein the foremast was tottering and about to fall, and the flames licking the mainmast and dancing about among the rigging and sails.

The suddenness with which Captain Fulton and his officers and crew were obliged to leave the burning ship is proven in his being obliged to leave a valuable chronometer watch and chain and many other articles of value that would have taken up very little space had he only the time to get into his cabin. The closeness of the flames to this worthy seaman is quite noticeable to those who knew him when he was in possession of a full set of eyebrows, a fine mustache and an unsinged nose. These defects, though slight, show that was there any one to leave the ship after Captain Fulton, he would have been received in the boat in a damaged condition. Nature will soon return to this veteran commander that which the fire fiend has robbed him of, and if the sincere congratulations of a few friends that met him as he disembarked on Saturday are kept up by the legion he has here and elsewhere, he will soon forget and cease to mourn the loss of his ship, the Europa.

To one interested in "those that go down to the sea in ships," the power of the great Creator to watch over and save is made manifest as often upon the sea as upon the land. A gale of wind in the case of the Europa, and months hence she would have been recorded among that already too full and solemn registry of missing.

Captain Fulton wishes through the columns of the REPUBLICAN, to tender his sincere thanks to Captain Butler, of the British ship Sparkenhoe, for his indulgence in laying by his ship while she was on fire, and for his unwearied attention to himself, officers and crew during their three days sojourn on board his ship.

The Europa belonged to the Messrs. Houghton Brothers of Bath, Maine, who own some fifteen more ships, all of which are in the New Orleans and European trade. As they insure but very little this ship will be quite a heavy loss to them. Only four years ago they laid out over $30,000 in new topping, refastening and generally overhauling her.

St. Tammany Parish.

We learn from Captain Pippo, the energetic and accommodating master of the schooner which bears his name, that he has this season brought from Covington, St. Tammany parish, 677 bales of cotton, twenty-five hogsheads of sugar, twenty five barrels of molasses, 1000 barrels of tar, twenty-five bales of hides, besides nearly one hundred thousand barrels of sand. We call this pretty good business for one vessel and not bad production for the parish, and should certainly encourage the captain to put a steamer on the line, for we feel assured that the same promptitude in business and kindliness of deportment evinced by him in his management of his schooner would at once enable him to monopolize the passengers as he almost does the freight from Covington and the other points on the Tchefuncta.

It will be noticed that sugar and molasses are set down among the products of St. Tammany, and although the amount is comparatively insignificant, still it shows that this product can be raised in the high lands as well as in the swamps of our State, and we have heard it asserted by good authority that the day would yet come when the culture of sugar cane in the pine hills across the lake would be one of the most important of its agricultural interests, as there it can be entered into with less capital and carried on with lighter labor, while the salubrious climate makes that region far preferable to the swamp for a place of residence. At all events, we see that a start has been made, and the enterprise has our heartiest wishes for its success.

There is something cheerful in this extract from the Donaldsonville *Chief*:

The latest news we have concerning our railroad is that a new set of men have taken hold of it and will renew the suspended work of construction in a week or ten days and push the road through to Texas within the extension of a year's time accorded by the General Assembly at its recent session. The creditors who placed the road and rolling stock that are above Bayou Lafourche under seizure have been satisfied, and the deputy United States marshal who was guarding the seized property has, we are informed, relinquished possession and departed whence he came. Orders have been received by the contractor who is building this section of the railroad to lay track over the new bridge and prepare that structure for immediate use. This important work will probably be commenced Monday next, and as soon as it is finished we may look for the rapid extension of our great iron thoroughfare toward the Texas border.

The stockholders of the Crescent City Live Stock Landing and Slaughterhouse Company have elected as directors for the ensuing year Messrs. Charles Cavaroc, L. E. Lemarie, E. F. Mioton, J. N. Avegno, Joseph Hernandez, James Donalson, R. G. Hubert, Charles DeRuyter and Pascal Sagthou. Mr. Cavaroc has been unanimously re-elected president of the company.

The whole number of deaths in this city last week was 146, against 133 the week previous. Eighteen died of consumption, 1 of bilious fever, 3 of congestive fever, 1 of malarial fever, 1 of typhoid fever, 9 of pneumonia and 22 of small-pox.

The New Secretary of the Treasury.

[From the Washington Republican.]

Judge William Adams Richardson, yesterday nominated and confirmed to be Secretary of the Treasury, was born in Tyngsborough, Massachusetts, November 2, 1821. He comes from a truly lawyer family, as his father was a lawyer, he has two brothers who are lawyers, and his uncle, Hon. William M. Richardson, is Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New Hampshire. He was prepared for college at Lawrence Academy, and was graduated at Harvard in 1843, from which latter institution he received the degrees of M. A. and A. B. in 1846. On the eighth of July of the latter year he was admitted to the bar in Boston on motion of the late Governor John A. Andrews, of Massachusetts. He then settled in Lowell, and began the practice of his profession in company with his brother, the Hon. D. S. Richardson; was a member of the common council of Lowell in 1849, and member and president of the same in 1853 and 1854; was appointed aide-de-camp to Governor Briggs, of Massachusetts, in 1850; was director of the Appleton Bank, of Lowell, from 1853 to 1859, and from 1867 to 1872; was president of the Wamiset Bank, of Lowell, from 1859 to 1867; was one of the trustees and a member of the finance committee of the Lowell Five Cents Saving Bank, which is an institution of great importance, and has grown into leading prominence for twenty years, from 1853 to 1873; was president of the Middlesex Mechanics' Association for two years; was appointed in 1855, with Professor Joel Parker and A. A. Richmond, to revise the general statutes of the commonwealth. This was undoubtedly the most prominent feature of his life, and the results of the four years' arduous labor which these duties entailed were so satisfactory that he was selected to edit the revision, and it was then published in a large 1100 page volume, entitled, the "General Statutes of Massachusetts." The Legislature enacted it to be the code of the State, and passed an act to employ him to edit the supplement to the code which was printed annually, and which at the end of 1872 was printed in another or second volume, also of eleven hundred pages, of the general statutes. The stereotyped plates of these volumes were destroyed by the great fire last September, and the Legislature passed an act for their re-revision and compilation. Judge Richardson and Judge George P. Sanger were selected for this duty, and it has been but recently completed, the work having been done at night, after the completion for the day of his services as assistant secretary of the treasury. The amount of labor performed in the preparation and editing of these standard works is simply miraculous, and but few persons are so well qualified as Judge Richardson to surmount it. It has been his daily habit while studying the supplementary statutes to make notes on the margin of his "copy," which were of vast service when the work of final compilation or revision began. In April, 1866, he was appointed to be judge of the probate court of Middlesex county, to succeed Judge S. P. P. Fay, who had held the office since before Judge Richardson's birth. In May, 1858, on the consolidation of the offices of judge of probate and judge of insolvency he was appointed to the consolidated office, which he held until the spring of 1872, when he resigned to accept the office of assistant secretary of the treasury, which office he had previously filled with the understanding that at any time he could vacate it and return to his judgeship. While holding this judgeship he was selected as one of two judges on a commission to revise the blanks, forms and practice of courts of probate, which revision was subsequently adopted by the Supreme Court, and ordered to be used throughout the commonwealth. He has been a member of the board of trustees of the Lawrence Academy since 1862; was twice elected, for six years each time, to be an overseer of Harvard College—the first time in 1863 by the Legislature, and the second time in 1869, under the new law by the alumni. This office of honor as well as responsibility he still holds. In 1860 he removed his law office to Boston, and in 1863 his residence to Cambridge. In 1869 he was appointed to be a judge of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts, which appointment he declined. In 1835 he published a volume entitled "The Banking Laws of Massachusetts," and in 1872, in Washington, another work, entitled "Practical Information Concerning the Public Debt of the United States and National Banking Laws." This latter work was prepared last summer, while he was acting, in the absence of Mr. Boutwell, as Secretary of the Treasury. In 1865 he visited Europe, remaining for five months, and in 1867 for seven months. During these trips he visited all the usual points of interest in a European tour, and extended his travels so as to embrace visits to Russia and other leading countries. In June, 1871, he again visited Europe, by order of the Secretary of the Treasury, to negotiate a loan for the government, which was successful, and he returned in March of the following year. During this time he placed $76,000,000 of five per cent bonds, and purchased the same amount of old bonds, which he brought back. Mr. John P. Bigelow accompanied him, and to his efficient services, with those of the capable corps of clerks under his control, Judge Richardson ascribes much of the success which attended the trip. At one time he deposited between $16,000,000 and $17,000,000 in the Bank of England, and was then its largest depositor. These enormous transactions were executed with such wonderful accuracy that not a cent in error was discovered when the accounts were closed.

In March, 1869, Judge Richardson was seated in his office trying a case, when he received a telegram from Secretary Boutwell tendering him the position of assistant secretary. This was the first intimation received by him that his services were required at Washington. He hesitated, and finally, at the advice of friends, agreed to come to Washington and consult with Mr. Boutwell. The result of this consultation was his acceptance of the office, with the understanding that he should retain his judgeship and return to it whenever he felt inclined to do so. On the twenty seventh of September, 1869, he tendered his resignation as assistant secretary, to take effect on the thirteenth of October following. The letters containing and accompanying this resignation have been on file in the department ever since. Situated as he was, with a comfortable dwelling—his own property—with political, professional and social standing of more than ordinary eminence, and not being possessed of sufficient wealth to support himself and family on his salary in Washington as comfortably as he could at home, it was with great reluctance that he consented to remain here. His relations with the President and with Secretary Boutwell, particularly with the latter, were those of the warmest personal friendship. This latter inducement was alone sufficient to overcome his reluctance, and the result, fortunate to the country and the party which he has so ably served, is known by yesterday's action of the Senate. A casual glance at the foregoing skeleton or details of his life shows that he is at once an industrious and an able man, who by capable and satisfactory labor has not only gained but deserved the confidence of his fellow-men. In short he is one of the few publicists of this country who, by the results of their efforts, have reared monuments to their industry, which will last long after they are gone in the enduring laws and memories of the greatest commonwealth of the United States.

We copy the following from the *Vicksburg Republican*:

Our correspondent from Mississippi City in a recent letter writes that the people of that thriving place begin to think themselves of some consequence, as two important railroads will soon make it their terminus—the Ship Island and the Helena. It is supposed that large amounts of cotton will come to the new port of entry, which will eclipse all other harbors from Key West to Galveston.

AMUSEMENTS.

Academy of Music.

In consequence of the announcement of the introduction of novelties by W. B. Cavanagh's variety and specialty company last night, the Academy presented a lively appearance, extremely hopeful in comparison to the meagre audiences of last week. There was a great variety in the entertainments, concluding with the musical farce of the "Swiss Cottage," which Mr. Roland Reed figured in. The same class of entertainments this evening, including dance, song, aerial exercises, juggling, mystic changes by John Morris, and Baby Benson, the infant wonder, only four years old, in artistic songs, dances and character representations.

St. Charles Theatre.

The great character actor and Irish comedian, Mr. Dominick Murray, appeared last evening at the St. Charles Theatre, in the new and powerful play of a "Gambler's Crime." Nearly every member of the St. Charles Theatre company was cast in this play, but the best support Mr. Murray, as *Morty McNally*, had was in Mr. H. H. Wood, as *Clarence Gray*, Mr. Oliver Wren, as *Daniel Dunover*, and Miss Amelia Waugh, as *Helen Wilton*. Full scope is given to the dramatic talent of Mr. Murray in the impersonation of the character he assumes in this piece, and the audience is favored with some of his best acting. The "Gambler's Crime" will be repeated this evening.

Varieties Theatre.

The audience made a very fine show last night on the occasion of Mr. Frederic Robinson's benefit, when the pastoral drama of "Dora" was presented with the beneficiary in the role of *Farmer Allen*. The piece has been produced before at the Varieties Theatre, but never with better effect than last night. It will be repeated this evening and will constitute the matinee entertainment to-morrow noon. To morrow evening has been selected as the time for the benefit of Mr. Loraine Rogers, the director of the Varieties Theatre, when Charlotte Thompson will appear for that night only in "Jane Eyre." Thursday evening, benefit of of Mr. Lee S. Lynch, the accomplished gentleman who usually receives the money for tickets and assists in selecting the best seats in the house. "Divorce" will be presented then.

Theatrical Benefits.

To-morrow evening, a complimentary benefit will be given at the Varieties Theatre, to Mr. Loraine Rogers, director. "Jane Eyre" will be put on, with Miss Charlotte Thompson in the cast.

Thursday evening, Mr. Lee S. Lynch will take a benefit at the same theatre. "Divorce" will be illustrated.

Friday evening, a complimentary benefit will be extended to Mr. Dominick Murray at the St. Charles Theatre.

The same evening is announced as the time for the benefit of Miss Ione Burke, a popular favorite at the Varieties Theatre.

Sunday evening, greatest of all, benefit of P. G., at the St. Charles Theatre, "Arrah-na-Pogue" and the "Beniela Boy."

Benefit of Mr. Loraine Rogers.

It is very kind in Miss Charlotte Thompson to come all the way down here from her home in New York to volunteer her professional services in the play of "Jane Eyre," on the occasion of the benefit of Mr. Loraine Rogers to-morrow evening. Perhaps it is the natural offering of a devoted wife to her equally devoted husband, and perhaps the knowledge of that fact may prompt many of Charlotte Thompson's admirers to join with her in paying tribute to the merits of a worthy man, whose only weakness is modesty. The friends of Mr. Rogers have already manifested their appreciation of him by securing seats for this testimonial benefit. There are, however, a few more seats left.

A sad incident in connection with the loss of the George S. Wright, the mail steamer plying between Portland, Oregon, and Sitka, Alaska, is that the captain was to be married on his return to an estimable young lady of Portland; but the orange wreath and robes of white are laid aside, and the dark garments of mourning must take their place.

The ship Jennie Eastman, from Havre for New Orleans, before reported wrecked on Cay Verde, Cuba, was built by John Howard & Son, of Bowdoinham, in 1863, and was a fine vessel of 1150 tons, and valued at $50,000. She was owned by Jarvis Patten, Francis Kelly, M. F. Gannett and others of Bath, Maine, and was partially insured.

P. G.

The affable P. G., the popular treasurer of the St. Charles Theatre, will take a benefit next Sunday night, on the occasion of the last appearance of Mr. Dominick Murray, when "Arrah-na-Pogue" and the "Beniela Boy" will be produced. Box sheets now open.

In Iowa, two brothers married two sisters, and recently the father of the two brothers married a third one of the sisters. The question now is, what is the relationship existing between the several parties and their children?

The Crescent City Railroad Company is pushing the work of extending the track on Canal street from Magazine to Camp street. Workmen are employed in track laying night and day.

One of the "counterfeit" swindlers lately arrested in New York had over two hundred money letters from greenhorn scoundrels in embryo in Iowa and Michigan.

Having failed to become Governor of New York, Francis Kernan has been made manager of the Utica Insane asylum. The appointment is the gift of Governor Dix.

Alexander H. Stephens has not retired from the Atlanta, Georgia, *Sun*, but continues to be its chief political editor.

California has had more visitors from the East during the past three months than in any previous winter.

The Donaldsonville *Chief* says:

Hon. Trasimond Landry, who holds a commission from our passive Governor as tax collector of this parish, endeavored this week to qualify for the office by filing a bond of $20,000 for the faithful performance of the duties of the position, as required by law. The security furnished by him was unexceptionable, but the recorder, clerk of the court and president of the police jury could not accept the bond, because the commission held by the claimant of the position did not emanate from the legal Governor of the State, and act No. 41 of the recent session of the Legislature declares it a crime for any officer of the government to recognize an usurper of an office.

The *Chief* believes Mr. Landry has abandoned all efforts to secure the collectorship.

It took twenty-five years of agitation to abolish the franking abuse. It died in its eighty-second year.

BY TELEGRAPH.

LATEST NEWS FROM ALL POINTS

Collector Casey's Confirmation Strong

FUTILE EFFORT TO RECONSIDER IT

EMANCIPATION LAW FOR PORTO RICO

ITS UNANIMOUS PASSAGE

BUDGET OF FOREIGN NEWS

THE CAMBRIA DISABLED

A DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN WACO

REVOLTING OUTRAGE IN DELAWARE

FRATRICIDE IN KENTUCKY

PROSTRATION OF MRS. FOSTER

STEALING MONEY FROM LETTERS

FATAL CASUALTIES YESTERDAY

BOY KILLED IN PLAYING HANGING

SUNKEN STEAMBOAT RAISED

WASHINGTON.

Caldwell Resigned—The Arkansas Contest Ended—Confirmations and Appointments—The Savannah Collectorship—A Strong Fight—Casey's Confirmation—Motion to Reconsider It—Senator West's Efforts Defeated—Emancipation Law for Porto Rico—Its Unanimous Passage.

[First Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, March 24—*Senate.*—The proceedings came to an abrupt close to-day by the resignation of Caldwell, to take effect immediately.

[Second Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, March 24.—Upon the presentation of Caldwell's letter of resignation to the Governor of Arkansas, Mr. Morton, chairman of the Committee of Elections and Privileges, considered his duty in connection with the matter ended.

The case of Senator Clayton, of Arkansas, was then taken up on a vote of 38 to 14.

Confirmations—Gorginson, collector of customs, Petersburg, Virginia; North, postmaster at Brunswick, Georgia.

Medical Director Joseph Beale has been appointed inspector general of hospitals and fleets.

Colonel Young, collector at Raleigh, had an interview with the President to day. The name of his competitor having been withdrawn by the President, Colonel Young is fully re-established in his place.

A strong fight is being made against Adkins, an aspirant to the office of collector of customs at Savannah. Townsend, cashier of the customhouse, is indorsed for collector by Messrs. Boutwell and Dick Yates.

Townsend was an officer in Boutwell's department, and was sent to assist Colonel Robb, the collector, in the management of the office.

Mr. West to-day persuaded a Senator who had voted for Casey's confirmation to move a reconsideration of the vote. A new vote was had, resulting still favorably to Casey. This fixes him in his place.

Mr. West made a desperate fight against Casey in the face of his certain confirmation. The large majority of the latter is attributable to good personal feeling on the part of the Democrats.

Colonel George A. Williamson, of Shreveport, prominently mentioned for a foreign mission, is in close and important commercial relations with Louisiana.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—Secretary Fish to-day received the following dispatch, dated Madrid, March 22: "An immediate emancipation law for Porto Rico passed to-night unanimously. Great enthusiasm in the assembly. Signed, Sickles."

NEW YORK.

Dividends to Savings Bank Depositors—Eight-Hour Strike Movement.

NEW YORK, March 24.—The payment of a further dividend of eight per cent to the depositors of the Market Savings Bank was commenced to-day. The next dividend will be paid in December. So far the depositors have received thirty eight per cent.

The movement of the strike for eight hours seems to be gathering strength.

Evening.—Money closed easier; ranged from 1 64 to 6. Exchange firm on light business; prime bankers quoted 8, good bankers 7¾ to 7⅞. Gold opened at 115½, sold up to 115¾, fell to 115⅛, and closed at 115¼@115⅜. Loans were from 7 for carrying to flat for use. Governments dull and very strong, with five-twenty issues about ⅛ above last night's prices.

FOREIGN.

King of Portugal Honors Thiers—Geneva Award—It is not in This Year's Budget—Bradlaugh and Wilkie Collins Coming Here to Lecture—Agricultural Instrument Manufacturers—They will not be Represented at Vienna—Commune Agitators at Madrid—Porto Rico Emancipation Bill Passed—Dissolution of the Cortes—Madrid Tranquil—Discipline Wanted in the Army.

PARIS, March 24.—The King of Portugal has sent the Order of St. James to President Thiers.

The French and German governments have exchanged ratifications of the treaties for the payment of indemnities and the evacuation of French territory.

LONDON, March 24.—Mr. Gladstone states that the Geneva award does not enter into the budget for the present financial year, which expires on the thirty-first of March.

Mr. Bradlaugh, the popular orator, and Wilkie Collins are going to the United States on a lecturing tour.

The British manufacturers of agricultural implements have resolved not to participate in the Vienna exposition.

MADRID, March 23.—The bill passed by the Assembly on Saturday abolishing slavery in the island of Porto Rico provides that abolition shall follow immediately upon the promulgation of the act. The emancipated slaves will, however, be obliged to serve for three years with their present masters or other residents on the island, and will enjoy the political rights of Spanish citizens after five years shall have elapsed.

The indemnity to be paid the slaveowners is to be charged exclusively to the account of the Porto Rico budget.

Soon after the adoption of the Porto Rico abolition bill the dissolution of the Cortes was unanimously voted, and the House broke up amid great excitement in the building and on the streets, but there was no disorder, and the city has remained completely tranquil.

The *Imparcial* says: A number of foreigners have arrived here with a view to agitating the overthrow of the municipality of Madrid and establishing a commune in its place.

MADRID, March 23.—The Cortes has passed the Porto Rico emancipation bill. Slaves now have political rights.

The Cortes is considering the motion to appoint a commission to watch over the government after the adjournment of the Chamber.

MADRID, March 23.—The attempted demonstrations on Saturday and Sunday were failures, and the city to-day is tranquil.

Insubordination has made its appearance among the troops in Tarratona, and the Carlists are increasing in that province.

The *Epoca* says: "Senor Figueras has returned from Barcelona discouraged. He fears discipline can not be restored in the army there."

MARINE.

New York Arrivals—Wreck Seen by a Steamship.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Arrived—Magdelia, Old Dominion, Georgia, City of Paris and City of Houston. Arrived out—Adriatic and Asia.

The steamship City of Houston, which arrived to-day from Galveston, reports that on March 17, in latitude 26° 42' north, longitude 87° 23' west, she saw a burning wreck, supposed to be a ship of 1000 tons, could not ascertain her name.

The City of Brussels lost her rudder in mid ocean and was unmanagable for three days, when a steamer hove in sight and towed her to Queenstown.

LONDON, March 24.—The Cambria, from Hamburg for New York, is at Havre disabled. The Halsatia takes the Cambria's mail and passengers.

CRIME.

Revolting Outrage—Rape of a Young Lady—Arrest of the Miscreant—Arrested for Fraud—Fratricide in Kentucky—The Stokes Case—The Wife of Foster—Her Utter Prostration—Foster's Burial.

GEORGETOWN, Del., March 24.—About eleven o'clock this morning a daughter of John Lank, a respectable gentleman residing near Rheboth station, six miles from here, while returning from her uncle's, was accosted by a negro named Joseph Green, or Burton, who tore her clothes off her, and violated her person. After his base assault the villain fled, and the girl, who is fifteen years of age, managed to reach her father's residence, and made known the facts. The male population of the neighborhood are searching for the fiend, and no doubt, if caught, he will be lynched.

Later.—The negro, Joseph Burton, was surrounded and captured in the woods about two miles from the place where he committed the crime, at twelve o'clock M., and brought to this place by the officers at 6 P. M., and lodged in jail to await trial in April. He is a hardened wretch, and makes light of the crime.

BOSTON, March 24.—John Keddie and his son Andrew who arrived in the steamship Malta yesterday under the name of Scott, have been arrested on a cable dispatch from Edinburg, charging them with serious frauds. They will be held until the arrival of the officers with the necessary papers for their extradition.

LOUISVILLE, March 24.—Near Bardstown to-day Colonel G. W. Holtzhouse, one of the oldest and most respected citizens, was in a room with his unmarried son, J. Holtzhouse, when his married son entered shooting the younger in the left breast under the shoulder and in the head. The fratricide fled. The parties heretofore have been highly esteemed.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Mr. Dorpressas, counsel for Stokes, made application to-day in the Court of Oyer and Terminer for an order to show cause why the judgment record in the case should not be amended, on the ground that it does not include any material facts. The court took the papers.

The widow of Foster—hanged on Friday last—is utterly prostrated, and is not expected to live.

The burial of Foster in Greenwood Cemetery proves not to be an exceptional case of interment in that cemetery of persons hanged. James Stevens, who poisoned his wife ten or twelve years ago in this city and was hanged, was buried there.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Peculations extending seventeen years back are reported in the county court of Towsontown, Maryland.

The charter of Greenwood Cemetery provides that no executed criminal shall be interred there. Foster's interment in that place of burial excites comment among lot holders.

AUBURN, N. Y., March 24.—A reward of $1000 is offered for the capture of Eugene Albert Perry, who escaped from the county jail here on the night of the fourteenth, after fatally wounding his jailor.

BOSTON, March 24.—Frederick W. Cooper, distributing clerk of the Boston postoffice, has been arrested on a charge of rifling and destroying money letters. He acknowledges having taken $31,500, though it is believed his stealings will amount to much more.

FIRES.

Destructive Fire in Waco, Texas—Names of Losers—Fire in Kansas—Business Portion of a Town Burned.

GALVESTON, March 24.—A destructive fire occured at Waco last night. The following are the sufferers. Fort & Trice, owners of the building, insured for $6000; M. Goldstein, stock $20,000, insured for $11,000; Freiburg, Cohen & Co., damage by removal slight, insured for $1500; Peter McLelland, $7000, no insurance; Norris, Sleeger & Jones, law library and papers, no