New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY CHARLES E. FORTIER, at 10½ o'clock at No. 22 Exchange alley, a lot of watches, jewelry, etc.; also, at 12 o'clock, on St. Philip between Royal and Chartres streets, an iron safe.

BY G. DE FRIET & CO., at 12 o'clock, at St. Louis Auction Exchange, a lot of ground, with buildings thereon, in square bounded by Old Levee, Hospital, Gallatin and Ursulines streets.

BY E. M. & B. J. MONTGOMERY, at 11 o'clock, at No. 57 Natchez street, large assortment of new and second hand furniture.

Local Intelligence.

A CHILD CRUSHED TO DEATH.—Last evening car No. 142, Levee and Barracks line, ran over and instantly killed a little child, three years old, daughter of Mr. Frank Dressenger, who resides at the corner of Royal and France streets. The driver, Nicola, was arrested.

THOUGHTFUL AND GENEROUS.—Mr. Philip Werlein, dealer in musical instruments, on Baronne street, displayed the right kind of generous manhood by sending a piano out to the Insane Asylum for use of the unfortunate inmates. This act was purely voluntary, without expectation of reward further than what the deed itself carries with it. Two of the inmates can play on the instrument, and its soothing tones daily assist to bring back that reason which miserable circumstances put to flight.

On Sunday the Colored Draymen's Benevolent Association were presented with a magnificent flag, by some ladies, with which they marched to the residence of Lieutenant Governor Antoine and demanded a speech. The Lieutenant Governor responded in a few well-timed impromptu remarks, which were enthusiastically received. The next thing in order was refreshments. There are many, but there ought to be more, such organizations among our colored people.

Boys, do not swim in the river inside the city's limits, for if you do policemen will soon open a second-hand clothing store.

The members of Eagle No. 7 were doubly rejoiced when they heard that the steamship George Cromwell was safe, for their new engine is on her.

NOT EXACTLY CORRECT.—Last week an item appeared in the REPUBLICAN concerning a knock-down in Commercial alley. The gentleman who was attacked was simply pursuing the regular course of business as book agent, having been compelled to sue the assailant for two volumes which he failed to take and pay for, although the agent had his signature as a subscriber. The assault, it is stated, was exceedingly brutal and uncalled for.

At St. Paul's Church Sunday morning, Rev. Mr. Clarke, who was made a deacon a little over a year ago, and who has since for a while officiated as rector in Cavalry Church, was ordained to the priesthood. Bishop Wilmer, assisted by Rev. Messrs. Adams and Girault, performed the ceremony.

A new rowing club was organized Sunday morning at Diamond's Louisiana Hotel. John Hurley, president; P. Gallagher, vice president; Jacob Miller, secretary, and R. E. Diamond, treasurer.

A man, so full of corner grocery whisky that his last drink could have easily been drawn by a short corkscrew, was placed in the third precinct stationhouse as wet freight. He was unable to tell his name, and he was, as is usual, placed in a room that he might recover. During the night he died, and his name is still unknown.

Branch No. 3, Hibernian Benevolent Association, held its annual meeting for the choice of officers with the following result: Philip McCabe, president; W. Mayhan, vice president; Eugene King, recording secretary; John T. King, financial secretary; and Jerry Sullivan, treasurer.

FUNERAL OF OFFICER RAWLINS.—This well-known policeman died Sunday, after lingering several days in agony from wounds he received on decoration day by the premature discharge of the cannon he was assisting to fire. It was at first thought that he would survive, losing an arm, but he continued to decline, and Saturday night lockjaw set in and death relieved him from his misery. The Metropolitan Police and militia yesterday followed him to his last resting place. The gun which caused his death was in the funeral, draped.

The mourners who followed the corpse were mourners indeed, each man keenly feeling the loss of a beloved and brave companion, one who, only a few days ago, stood up with them in the glory of manhood, feeling as if he had a long lease on life. Not more than a month ago, while he was on duty, a fire on Lafayette street robbed him of his tidy little home, leaving his wife and children at the mercy of charity. Still he felt hopeful, performing his duties with a stout heart, saying that with good health he would quickly recover himself. Before he had recovered from that misfortune a greater overtook him, and his troubles are over.

A public bath house, on a large scale, with very low prices, will soon be opened in our city. It is something greatly needed, and should be so well patronized that the proprietor will be able hereafter to extend and improve his welcome enterprise.

A CONVICT DROWNED.—Last week a deputy sheriff started up the river on the steamboat Tete for Baton Rouge, with a number of convicts for the Penitentiary. On the passage up Jeremiah Brown, a hard case, asked to visit the water closet. As he was well ironed the keeper readily granted the request, but remained outside the door. Waiting an undue length of time the deputy knocked at the door, but received no response. The door was broken open and no prisoner could be seen. There was only one solution—the fellow must have jumped out of a rear window into the river and was drowned. It is quite impossible for him to have reached the shore alive, as the irons were, as far as is known, well secured, leaving the prisoner but little play for arms or legs. It does not appear that the deputy sheriff can be blamed, and perhaps the case is good as it stands.

WIFE MURDER IN GRETNA.—*No Cause Assigned for the Bloody Deed.*—All Gretna was in an excited condition early yesterday morning over the story of how a husband had murdered his wife by cutting her throat with a razor.

Rhodes Harrington and his wife, or paramour, both colored, live in a humble house in the suburbs of Gretna. Harrington's father and mother live under the same roof. Sunday night Martha was sick, and her husband called on the mother-in-law to attend to her. The mother complied and remained in that side of the house until near morning. The noise as of some one moving around was heard by the father after the mother retired, but the noise did not appear unusual and no heed was given to it. Half an hour later the old man heard a scream, when he ran into his son's room and was horrified at seeing the sick woman on her bed, her throat cut in a horrible manner and blood flowing freely from the mouth.

Rhodes was sitting on the door-step, apparently unconscious that anything had happened. The father asked him what he had been doing, but no reply was made. A messenger was sent for assistance and Dr. Woods was quickly in the room, but although he believed the woman past recovery, made an effort to close the wound and partly succeeded. Blood everywhere covered the bed on which the victim was lying, and her face was so smeared that she could not be recognized—a horrible sight. The husband had gone into his father's room and thrown himself on the bed, and when Sergeant Bahncke arrived he pretended to be unable to rise. When urged to rise he dropped on the floor, apparently helpless. Justice Brown, who was present, suggested that Rhodes be taken to prison at once, at all hazards. He was marched off and when at the calaboose suddenly found his strength though still groaning as if in great distress. He called for water, which Sergeant Bahncke was about to hand him, when the fellow made a desperate effort to escape. The sergeant grappled with him, and the two rolled into a mud puddle. Assistance arrived, but Rhodes being a very strong man, managed to break from them, running toward his home. He was closely and hotly pursued, and nothing short of a forcible club brought him to his knees. He was returned to prison nearly naked, and an officer placed over him, the policeman having a loaded rifle. The sergeant, as soon as he could clean himself and obtain a change of clothing, returned to the scene where the tragedy had been enacted, and there discovered that life was about extinct. A jury was summoned soon afterward, and the coroner's verdict was, that death had been caused by Rhodes Harrington.

The weapon used to cut the poor woman's throat was an ordinary razor, the property of the accused.

Why the prisoner committed so desperate a deed is unknown, but the father thinks his son not altogether of sane mind, and the man's conduct would seem to give color to that belief. It is not known that Rhodes had had any difficulty with the woman. She was sometimes called Martha Scuddy.

Sergeant Bahncke obtained a pair of handcuffs, as he did not feel justified in leaving his man any liberty. Accused will be placed in a secure place. There was some loud talk of lynching the prisoner, but that passed off when it was discovered that the police could manage him.

STRAIGHT UNIVERSITY.—The examinations in this institution are progressing satisfactorily, and are well attended by friends of the pupils. The intermediate department, in charge of Miss Ashley, had its examination yesterday morning, when the scholars displayed undoubted intelligence and progression. In the evening the theological department, Dr. Thompson, had its ceremonies, and everything passed off in a gratifying manner. The university is gaining an excellent reputation.

SMALL FIRE.—About twelve o'clock Sunday night fire was discovered in one-story frame grocery, at the corner of Eighth and Annunciation streets, occupied by Jacob Noltz, and owned by Mrs. Sophia Martin. The origin of the fire was not ascertained, but is supposed to be the work of an incendiary, as it broke out in a corner near a five gallon can of coal oil. The stock was insured for $1000 and the furniture for $300, in the New Orleans Mutual Insurance Company. The damage amounts to about $150.

WENT THROUGH HIM.—Mr. Crowley, which one is not stated, but it was not Daniel, having filled his intestines with liquid delirium tremens, found his lava bed on the banquette corner of Esplanade and Bourbon streets. Some Modoc happened along and scalped his pockets of $85, watch and chain, hat, pantaloons and shoes. When a policeman found him he was a sight, and on learning his forlorn condition began to sober up. An officer took him to his home. Crowley insists that he was not drunk, but is unwilling or unable to fully explain the cause of his trouble. The officer states that he found him on the banquette, as stated above, late Sunday night.

BAD TASTE.—As the sorrowing procession of policemen passed through the streets yesterday on their way to the last resting place of their comrade, the brave Rawlings, their route led them by the office of a contemporary. Some persons standing at the door of the counting room had so little regard for decency, so utter a lack of reverence, and so much of the spirit of Esop's ass as to insult the dead lion by hooting at his mourning comrades.

ITALIAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.—Many of the Italian residents of our city yesterday celebrated the independence of their native land by a public parade and private dinner. Mr. Joseph Macheca was grand marshal for the occasion, and he acquitted himself creditably. The procession moved from the hall, corner of Customhouse street and Exchange alley, down to the St. Louis Hotel, where the Italian consul, Count Galli, is located. He joined his countrymen in the march. The procession passed through several principal streets and back to their hall, where a collation had be spread. Mr. V. Lamantia delivered an interesting address, appropriate to the occasion, closing as follows:

The executive committee has this year proposed to grant each of you a certificate of admission, which will show your title in the society as active or honorary members. It will enable your children to say that their fathers belonged to a respectable association for the honor of the Italian name. In the name of the society I present you this document, with the great seal annexed. Keep it as a remembrance, and continue ever the models of peace and cordiality, furnishing to your fellow-citizens such proofs of the beneficent and moral effects of the society, that with you many will lift up their voices with the cry of "Viva l'Italia."

The society was formed in the year 1868, and is to-day in a flourishing condition, the members taking pride in it. The names of the officers are: President, Antonio Sidoti; vice president, G. Miniri; secretary, V. Lamantia; treasurer, J. Cimerelli; aids to marshal, S. Damico and L. Torre.

The following from the *St. Charles Herald*, published at Hahnville, in this State, shows that the present managers and purchasers of the railroad sold by the United States marshal on Friday last, are not held in the highest esteem by the country press:

We are surprised to see some papers in New Orleans affect to believe that the New Orleans, Mobile and Texas railroad—now that it has been sold to the very men who have mismanaged the road the past three years—will soon be completed to Texas by the new owners. The past management of this road, by a few would-be capitalists of New York and Boston, has been characterized by an ignorance of the geography of our State, the interests of our people and by a disregard of all the principles of public spirit and good faith seldom seen in any company in this country. The present owners will, no doubt, allow the road to be sold out again under the first mortgage bonds, after a default on the July interest, and what will ultimately come of the road nobody now can tell. We advise our people to take no stock in the road, and we call on the State authorities to grant it no charter, franchises or favors until the road passes into the hands of men who have some interest in this State, who are not Boston or New York speculators, and who have a reputation for honesty and good faith, qualities sadly lacking in the present controllers of the company. We shall have much more to say on this subject hereafter. In the meantime we hope the press and public men of our State will assist us in getting this road into the possession of our own people, so that it may be managed not in the interest of heartless and faithless speculators, but for the good of our own people and State, and according to the rules of honor and good faith.

What These Grangers Mean.

Mr. George Kimball, brother of Samuel Kimball, of this city, has been sick and unable to do his farm work this spring. Seventeen of the Burroak Grangers rigged their teams Monday and broke up twenty-seven acres of ground and left it ready for planting. There is something practical in that kind of Grangers work, and it has a smack of brotherly kindness in it that would make most any half decent man want to be a farmer and a Granger. Mr. Lamian, an artist of this city, got word of what was going on, took his instruments and went to the spot, and succeeded in getting an excellent photograph of this practical demonstration of the Grangers.—*Lawrence, Kansas, Tribune.*

Twenty years ago the son of a widowed mother was an uneducated, and half cared-for youth. He went into a store as errand boy, saved up his money, worked hard every day, limited himself to but few amusements, principally fishing and seven-up, which he indulged in on Sunday, so as not to injure his employer, and is now worth $200,000. His mother enjoys a luxurious home, with every want attended to, and the young man is now in Europe, waiting for the affair to blow over.

THE PEOPLE'S COLUMN.

[Brief Communications Published—Long Ones Invariably Rejected—The Editor not Responsible for the Sentiments Expressed in the Communications.]

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:

Will you give your correspondent and the public some light on the Mayor's project of divesting the public squares of their iron railings? The citizens in this section of the Third District fail to discover what direct special benefit will inure to the city by employing a force which must be paid out of the treasury to do this work, while they are of the opinion that in separating the posts from the granite blocks in which they are secured a total destruction of said granite blocks will be the result, and the bars, as a general rule, rendered more or less unserviceable. They seem also to be of the opinion that the streets should be kept clean, and several new bridges built, and those that are in bad order repaired, before any of the city's funds should be expended for that which, to say the least, is not essential. PRUDENCE.

The St. Louis *Times* comments this wise upon a paragraph that recently appeared in our columns:

A New Orleans paper chronicles a case of cholera in this way: "A colored woman named Marie Williams was sent to the hospital, suffering from an attack of cholera. She had been arrested on a charge of drunkenness." The last clause of the paragraph, it may be added, is extremely suggestive. It will account for about seven-eights of the cases of this disease that are so regularly reported almost everywhere on the incoming of hot weather. Our grim Asiatic visitor is charged with a good deal that really has its origin in Cincinnati whisky.

The *Daily Graphic* remarks: "It strikes us strangely that the veteran soldiers of our city failed to decorate the tomb of Major General Richard Montgomery, who fell in the attack on Quebec, December 31, 1775. Commissioned by the Continental Congress, he left his elegant country seat on the Hudson to pierce the wilderness in the north, and with his raw troops attempt the capture of Great Britain's chief stronghold in America. His tomb, under the east window of old St. Paul's, looked out in vain upon the procession for recognition. Officers of the Ninth regiment went to Brattleboro, Vermont, to decorate the grave of the late Colonel Fisk. But there were no kindly hands to weave a garland for Montgomery, earliest of our patriot generals to fall in battle. Who is responsible for the neglect?"

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Foreign Indorsement of the Standard Tonic of America.—There seems to be no limit to the celebrity of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Every year the demand for it increases and the territorial area of its popularity expands. It has long been the standard tonic and an approved remedy for epidemic disease in the Republics of South and Central America, in Brazil and the West Indies and the British Colonies on this continent. More recently its merits have been appreciated at the antipodes, and it is now shipped in large quantities to Australia and Tasmania. The reasons why it is making such extraordinary headway in remote regions, as well as in America, are very simple and lie in a nutshell. It is a medicine suited to all peoples, all climates and all ordinary disorders and disabilities. It prevents and cures malarious diseases, relieves indigestion, braces the nerves, improves the appetite, clears the brain, regulates the liver, arrests intermittent fever, strengthens the physique and invigorates the constitution. je4 Sun6 W

Knights of Pythias.—The Grand Lodge of Louisiana, Knights of Pythias, will meet at the Clerks' Hall, No. 8 Carondelet street, WEDNESDAY, June 11, and FRIDAY, June 13, at 7:30 P. M. All Past Chancellors will please attend.

A. SAMBOLA, Grand Chancellor.
H. CLARENCE, Grand Scribe. je10 2t

Young Men's Christian Association.—The regular monthly meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association of New Orleans will be held THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at half-past seven o'clock, at the rooms, No. 82 Camp street.

By order of the president:
je10 J. M. HARDING, Recording Secretary.

Louisiana War Veterans Mexican War, 1846-47.—Louisiana Mexican War Veterans will enroll and organize as a permanent association at the office of Colonel George W. Carter, room No. 2, No. 20 St. Charles street.

Louisiana Mexican War Veterans throughout the State may enroll by letter addressed to the undersigned, stating place and date of muster, discharge, and their company, battalion or regiment.

Pension and Homestead Bounty, act of February 11, 1871, extended to all Mexican War Veterans, including sailors and marines.

Two delegates from each State, in person or by proxy, will be elected.

National Convention of Mexican War Veterans to be held in Washington, District of Columbia, January 15, 1874.

Muster roll will be forwarded to Washington City on or before the thirteth of July next. Enrolling fee, fifty cents, to be forwarded to the secretary.

N. B.—Sailors on sail or steamship transports, teamsters, train wagon masters, post couriers and agents in the service of the Mexican war will be enrolled. J. EDMONSTON,

Late Major Colored Cavalry, Mexican War, 1846-47.
W. A. CAMPBELL, Secretary. je10t

Metropolitan Loan and Savings Bank, No. 14 Camp street, New Orleans, June 3, 1873.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this bank to-day, a dividend of TEN PER CENT upon the paid up capital was declared to the credit of the unpaid stock out of the net earnings of the bank for the past six months.

je6 6t T. D. VAN HORN, Cashier.

Passengers to Liverpool.—The magnificent clipper ship MATAURA, 1700 tons register, Henry L. Townsend, commander, will be dispatched for Liverpool on or about TUESDAY, the first of July; time for first class passage obtains for eight or ten cabin passengers. This vessel is the favorite California clipper, formerly known as the Neptune's favorite, and is expected to be in Liverpool inside of twenty-five days. Parties wishing to have a pleasant sea voyage will find her a most comfortable conveyance. Fare $120 in currency.

For freight or passage apply to
A. K. MILLER & CO. Agents,
je6 1m No. 20 Carondelet street.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.—This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world. The only true and perfect dye. Harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or unpleasant odor. Remedies the ill effects of bad dyes and washes. Produces immediately a superb black or natural brown, and leaves the hair clean, soft and beautiful. The genuine, signed by W. A. Batchelor. Sold by all druggists.

CHARLES BATCHELOR,
oc3 1y Proprietor, New York.

HOTELS.

STOKES' HOTEL.

This favorite summer resort, at Bay St. Louis, will open on SUNDAY, June 15, 1873, under the management of Mr. Abraham Green, and the proprietors hope to enjoy the liberal patronage of their friends and the lovers of recreation.

je6 1m SuTuTh

GRAND ISLE HOTEL.

ON THE SHORE OF THE GULF OF MEXICO, LOUISIANA.

Open for the Season of 1873.

The finest surf bathing in the South. Delightful shady groves of orange and oak. The finest beach for driving in the world. The oyster farm of the South. Fish abound in every variety, and game, shrimps and crabs always plentiful. Sail boats, bathing tackle and guides to enable guests to enjoy the best of sport will always be kept, and no effort spared to make this hotel the ne plus ultra of Louisiana.

The swift, light draft and comfortable steamer BOSSIER, under command of Captain Gus Richards, will leave Harvey's canal every TUESDAY and SATURDAY, at 9 A. M., for Grand Isle and way landings, at the moderate fare of $3.

Board per month $50; per week $15; per day $3. Terms for families or for over one month very liberal. The only real watering place and the most comfortable boat to take you there in the entire South.

B. MAROUE,
je8 Proprietor.

CENTRAL HOUSE—

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

Camp street.

(Opposite Lafayette square),

BY MRS. D. POWNALL.

Prices greatly reduced, as follows:

Board and Lodging according to rooms occupied.
Day Board, three meals, per month.....$25 00
Single Meals..... 75
Dining room restaurant style.
All the delicacies afforded by the market.
Cooks and waiters first class. my17 1m

WASHINGTON HOTEL

AND RESTAURANT,

Lake End, Pontchartrain Railroad.

This favorite establishment with the public having been thoroughly renovated, is now open for the season. All the delicacies to be procured in the market always on hand. Wedding parties and excursionists will receive the best of attention. Prices moderate. my10 1m

MARSHAL'S MONITIONS.

Lessasier & Wise vs. Steamboat Southwestern—No. 10,215.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, District of Louisiana.—In obedience to an admiralty warrant, to me directed in the above entitled suit, I have seized and taken into my possession—

THE STEAMBOAT SOUTHWESTERN, her tackle, etc., now libeled by Lessasier & Wise, for the causes set forth in the libel now pending in the District Court of the United States.

And I do hereby cite and admonish the owner or owners thereof, and all and every person or persons having or pretending to have any right, title or interest in or to the same, to be and appear at a district court of the United States for the district aforesaid, to be holden at the city of New Orleans, on the third Monday of June, to show cause, if any they have or can, why the said steamboat should not be condemned and be sold agreeably to the prayer of libelants.

United States Marshal's office, New Orleans, ninteenth day of May, 1873.

S. B. PACKARD,
my20 2t je10 1t United States Marshal.

John J. Barr et al. vs. Steamboat Garry Owen—No. 10,234.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, District of Louisiana.—In obedience to an admiralty warrant, to me directed in above entitled suit, I have seized and taken into my possession—

THE STEAMBOAT GARRY OWEN, her tackle, etc., now libeled by John J. Barr et al., for the causes set forth in the libel now pending in the District Court of the United States.

And I do hereby cite and admonish the owner or owners thereof, and all and every person or persons having or pretending to have any right, title or interest in or to the same, to be and appear at a district court of the United States, for the district aforesaid, to be holden at the city of New Orleans on the first Monday of July, to show cause, if any they have or can, why the said steamboat should not be condemned and be sold, agreeably to the prayer of the libelants.

United States Marshal's office, New Orleans, June 9, 1873.

S. B. PACKARD,
je10 2t je11 6t United States Marshal.

D. C. McCan & Son vs. Steamboat Mayflower—No. 10,233.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, District of Louisiana.—In obedience to an admiralty warrant, to me directed in the above entitled suit, I have seized and taken into my possession—

THE STEAMBOAT MAYFLOWER, her tackle, furniture, etc., now libeled by D. C. McCan & Son for the causes set forth in the libel now pending in the District Court of the United States.

And I do hereby cite and admonish the owner or owners thereof, and all and every person or persons having or pretending to have any right, title or interest in or to the same, to be and appear at a District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid, to be holden at the city of New Orleans on the first Monday of July, 1873, to show cause, if any they have or can, why the said steamboat should not be condemned, and be sold agreeably to the praver of libelants.

United States Marshal's office, New Orleans, ninth day of June, 1873.

S. B. PACKARD,
je10 2t je12 6t United States Marshal.

James W. Lyons vs. Steamship Fire Queen—No. 10,229.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, District of Louisiana.—In obedience to an admiralty warrant to me directed in the above entitled suit, I have seized and taken into my possession—

THE STEAMSHIP FIRE QUEEN, her tackle, apparel, etc., now libeled by James W. Lyons for the causes set forth in the libel now pending in the District Court of the United States.

And I do hereby cite and admonish the owner or owners thereof, and all and every person or persons having or pretending to have any right, title or interest in or to the same, to be and appear at a District Court of the United States, for the district aforesaid, to be holden at the city of New Orleans, on the third Monday of June, to show cause, if any they have or can, why the said steamship should not be condemned and be sold agreeably to the prayer of libelant.

United States Marshal's office, New Orleans, fourth day of June, 1873.

S. B. PACKARD,
je5 1t je12 4t United States Marshal.

United States vs. 683 Packs Monte Cards, Etc.—No. 10,225.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, District of Louisiana.—In obedience to an admiralty warrant, to me directed in above entitled suit, I have seized and taken into my possession—

683 PACKS MONTE CARDS, 2000 Packs Cigarettes, 1000 Cigars, now libeled by the United States for the causes set forth in the libel now pending in the District Court of the United States.

And I do hereby cite and admonish the owner or owners thereof, and all and every person or persons having or pretending to have any right, title or interest in or to the same, to be and appear at a District Court of the United States, for the district aforesaid, to be holden at the city of New Orleans on the third Monday of June, to show cause, if any they have or can, why the said merchandise should not be condemned, and be sold agreeably to the prayer of libelants.

United States Marshal's office, New Orleans, twenty seventh day of May, 1873.

S. B. PACKARD,
my27 3t je1 8 1t United States Marshal.

United States vs. 3264 Cigars, 85 Rolls Cigarettes, etc.—No. 10,223.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, District of Louisiana.—In obedience to an admiralty warrant, to me directed in the above entitled suit, I have seized and taken into my possession—

3264 Cigars, 85 rolls Cigarettes, 52 pounds of Tobacco 6 boxes of Jolly Cottles Gin, 2 Panama Hats, and one pair Slippers, now libeled by the United State for the causes set forth in the libel now pending in the District Court of the United States.

And I do hereby cite and admonish the owner or owners thereof, and all and every person or persons having or pretending to have any right, title or interest in or to the same, to be and appear at a District Court of the United States, for the district aforesaid, to be holden at the city of New Orleans on the first Monday of July, 1873, to show cause, if any they have or can, why the said articles should not be condemned, and be sold agreeably to the prayer of libelants.

United States Marshal's office, New Orleans, third day of June, 1873.

S. B. PACKARD,
je4 1t je11 4t United States Marshal.

LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA.

IN THE MATTER OF JULES BOURRIER BANKRUPT.

In Bankruptcy—No. 1208.

WHEREAS, JULES BOURRIER, OF NEW ORLEANS, and district aforesaid, duly declared bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, has this day filed in said court a petition, praying for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act.

Notice is therefore given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and to all other persons in interest, that the fourteenth day of June, 1873, at 11 A. M., is assigned for the hearing of the same, and that they may then and there attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted; and further notice is given, that the bankrupt will undergo an examination before Register Augustin on the twelfth day of June, A. D. 1873, at 11 A. M., at his office, No. 41 Exchange alley.

Clerk's office, New Orleans, May 24, 1873.

my25 je3 1t K. LOEW, Deputy Clerk.

INSURANCE.

AMERICAN MUTUAL INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF NEW ORLEANS.

25.....Commercial Place.....25

Between Camp and St. Charles streets.

CAPITAL, $500,000.

(Strictly Fire.)

Parties desirous of insurance have the privilege of making two half yearly payments and are entitled to an equal portion of the dividends at the end of the year, or in lieu thereof to the usual rebate. Insures against fire risks exclusively, in city or country, at the lowest rates of premiums.

D. LRIBIE, President.
O. S. ASCH,
Superintendent of Agencies.

B. MEYER, Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

F. Beling,	P. S. Anderson,
S. E. Loeb,	F. Blanc,
H. Weiser,	Charles Toeldman,
F. Robbert,	M. Ascona,
E. Broderick,	H. Marquart,
William Hipper,	L. Schormann,
H. Hatter,	J. R. Vurger,
W. Leonard,	J. Buckley,
M. Pokorny,	F. Hollander,
A. S. Cutler,	Hugo Bolwitz,
William Swan,	William Kerr,
F. Pippo,	J. A.
F. Zimmer,	je24 6m

NEW ORLEANS MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office Corner of Camp and Canal Streets.

Capital.....$[illegible]
Assets December 31, 1872.....755,811 24

Insures Fire, Marine and River Risks, dividing the profits separately on each department to the insured.

For the accommodation of its customers, the Company will make marine losses payable in London.

J. TYVES, President.
J. W. HINCKLEY, Secretary.

Directors.

George Crephart,	M. Payro,
C. T. Dugasoz,	Placide Forstall,
G. W. Babcock,	Aug. Reichard,
T. Bailly Blanchard,	E. Miltenberger,
A. Schreiber,	W. B. Schmidt,
Charles Lafitte,	J. Tuves. je14 1y

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF WHARF IMPROVEMENT BONDS.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
City Hall, New Orleans, June 7, 1873.

PROPOSALS FOR THE SALE TO THE CITY OF twenty wharf improvement bonds, will be received by the undersigned, until WEDNESDAY, eighteenth instant, at 11 A. M.

The right to reject any or all proposals is reserved.

LOUIS SCHNEIDER,
je7 td Administrator of Finance.

PROPOSALS

For Furnishing Rations and Fuel for Light Vessels, Lighthouses and Tenders in the Eighth Lighthouse District.

LIGHTHOUSE INSPECTOR'S OFFICE,
No. 12 Conti street,
New Orleans, La., June 7, 1873.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office until twelve o'clock M., FRIDAY, the twentieth day of June, 1873, for furnishing and delivering any Rations and Fuel that may be called for by the inspector for the tenders, light vessels and lighthouses in the Eighth Lighthouse District, for one year from the first day of July, 1873, to the thirtieth of June, 1874, inclusive.

The rations to be of good and approved quality; to be delivered alongside of the lighthouse tender or other vessel provided for the purpose at New Orleans, Louisiana, in good and sufficient packages, barrels, boxes and cases, and in good order, for the number of persons which will be specified by the inspector for each vessel and lighthouse once a quarter, or when required, free of all expense to the United States, agreeably to specifications and tables attached thereto, which will form a part of the contract, copies of which may be had by applying at this office.

All bids must be sealed and indorsed "Proposals for Rations and Fuel for light vessels," etc., and then placed in another envelope, and left at or directed to this office, prepaid, if sent by mail.

By order of the Lighthouse Board.

ROBERT BOYD, JR.,
Commander United States Navy and Lighthouse Inspector. je9

PROPOSALS FOR HARD WOOD.

OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
Department of the Gulf,
New Orleans, La., May 31, 1873.

SEALED PROPOSALS, IN TRIPLICATE, WITH A copy of this advertisement attached to each, will be received at this office until twelve o'clock M., July 5, 1873, for supplying the post of Jackson, Mississippi, monthly, as required, from July 1, 1873, to June 30, 1874, with 700 cords of hard wood, more or less.

All necessary information in regard to bidding, requirements, etc., with blank forms of proposals describing the quality of the wood, will be furnish on application to this office, and bids not made upon these forms, or in conformity thereto, will not be considered.

Proposals to be addressed to the undersigned and marked "Proposals for wood for Jackson, Mississippi."

WILLIAM B. HUGHES,
je1 6t Chief Quartermaster.

NOTICE.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Office of the Controller of the Currency,
Washington, March 21, 1873.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL PERSONS who may have claims against the Crescent City National Bank of New Orleans, Louisiana, that they are called upon to present the same and to make legal proof thereof to Charles Case, receiver, at the office of said receiver, No. 55 Natchez street, New Orleans, Louisiana.

JOHN JAY KNOX,
mh22 3m Controller of the Currency.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT it is the intention of the Council of the city of New Orleans to cause Poland street to be widened on the lower or north side from Peters street to Bolhonde street, in accordance with the following petition:

NEW ORLEANS, July 3, 1872.

To the Mayor and Administrators of the city of New Orleans:

The undersigned, owners of property fronting on Poland street in the Third District of this city, respectfully represent that, in consequence of the existence of a double railroad track on the said street, and the said street being only twenty-two feet wide, the same is almost impassable and inaccessible for vehicles; that it operates greatly to the injury of property fronting on the said street and proximate thereto; that inasmuch as the lower portion of the Third District is the few wide avenues, and the property required being nearly all improved, the undersigned respectfully petition your honors to cause the said Poland street to be widened on the lower or north side to a width of not less than sixty nor more than ninety feet, in addition to the present width, from Peters to Bolhonde street, with banquettes not less than twelve nor more than fifteen feet wide on each side.

Inexpensive as the expropriation will be to the city, the property being almost entirely unimproved, the enlargement of said street will largely stimulate building and improvements, and permanently beautify that portion of the city, and annually yield increased revenue to the city. Wherefore, for which reason your petitioners pray that your honorable body will grant the necessary ordinance and relief.

Respectfully yours,
E. WINTZ, President City Railroad, 3 feet;
PATRICK IRWIN & CO., 3214 feet.

je6 10t

CITY TAXES OF 1873.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
New Orleans, May 17, 1873.

A DISCOUNT OF TWO PER CENT ON THE cash portion of the bill will be allowed to all persons who pay their city taxes for 1873 on or before June 15, 1873.

LOUIS SCHNEIDER,
my17 tjel5 Administrator.

NOTICE.

TAXPAYERS IN THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS are hereby notified that the City Assessors are now engaged in assessing property in the several assessment districts hereinafter set forth, being the assessment districts into which the city is divided, and as soon as the assessments are completed, notice of which will be duly published, all parties interested are peremptorily requested to call promptly at the office of the Administrator of Assessments, room No. 15, City Hall, for the purpose of making necessary rectifications.

The boundaries of the assessment districts are as follows:

First Assessment District—Bounded above by Felicity street, below by Thalia street, and in front by the river bank.

Second Assessment District—Bounded above by Thalia and Felicity street and the upper limits of the First District, below by St. Joseph and Delord street and the New canal, in front by the river bank and in the rear by Lake Pontchartrain.

Third Assessment District—Bounded above by St. Joseph street, Delord street and the New canal, below by Poydras street, and in front by the river bank.

Fourth Assessment District—Bounded above by Poydras street, below by Gravier street, in front by the river bank, and in the rear by the New canal.

Fifth Assessment District—Bounded above by Gravier street and the New canal, below by Canal street and the lower limits of the First District, in front by the river bank, and in the rear by Lake Pontchartrain.

Sixth Assessment District—Bounded above by Canal street and the lower limits of the First District, below by St. Louis street, in front by the river bank and in the rear by Lake Pontchartrain.

Seventh Assessment District—Bounded above by St. Louis street, below by Esplanade street, in front by the river bank, and in the rear by Lake Pontchartrain.

Eighth Assessment District—Bounded above by St. Philip street, below by Esplanade street and the limits of the Second District, in front by the river bank, and in the rear by Lake Pontchartrain.

Ninth Assessment District—Bounded above by Esplanade street and the lower limits of the Second District, below by Mandeville street, in front by the river bank, and in the rear by Lake Pontchartrain.

Tenth Assessment District—Bounded above by Mandeville street, below by the lower limits of the city, in front by the river bank, and in the rear by the rear limits of the city.

Eleventh Assessment District—Bounded above by Toledano street, below by Felicity street, in front by the river bank, and in the rear by Chestnut street.

Twelfth Assessment District—Bounded above by Toledano street, below by Felicity street, in front by Chestnut street, and in the rear by the rear limits of the city.

Thirteenth Assessment District—All that portion of the city of New Orleans situated on the right bank of the Mississippi river, known as the Fifth Ward.

Fourteenth Assessment District—Bounded above by Joseph street, below by Toledano street, in front by the river bank, and in the rear by the intersection of Toledano and Joseph streets.

Fifteenth Assessment District—Bounded above by the upper limits of the city, below by Joseph street, in front by the river bank and in the rear by the rear line of the Sixth Ward.

H. F. STURGKEN,
my13 1awtf Administrator of Assessments.

SUCCESSION NOTICES.

Succession of Irene Lamorandier, Widow of Celestin Morel de Commandant—No. 5,248.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by the administrator of this estate should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.

FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.
je10 1t 15

Succession of William Phillips—No. 25,006.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF Orleans.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by the administrator of this estate should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.

FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.
je10 1t 15

Succession of Rose Prampin, Wife of J. B. Montana—No. 29,651.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by the testamentary executor of this estate should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.

FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.
je10 1t 20*

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Jean Anatole Laurent vs. F. J. DaSilva.

FOURTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans. No. 42,447.—By virtue of a writ of seizure and sale to me directed by the honorable the Fourth District Court for the parish of Orleans, in the above entitled cause, I will proceed to sell at public auction, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange,