New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY THE UNITED STATES MARSHAL, at 12 o'clock, at the entrance to the Customhouse, the steamer Flavilla, her tackle, etc.

BY SHERIFF HARPER, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, three lots, with buildings, on Washington street, between Prytania and St. Charles streets; one lot, with buildings, on Seventh street, between Dryades and St. Denis streets; same on Howard street, between Melpomene and Thalia streets.

Local Intelligence.

TROUBLE WITH THE FIREMEN.—It is well known that Fire Company No. 25 is an independent company and has no connection with the Firemen's Charitable Association. But no one thought, when the company was organized, that it would come into collision with the association. It was objected to No. 25 that its operations at fires were only dilatory, and perhaps some hard feelings were engendered. At any rate, they fell under the displeasure of Chief O'Connor at the Marigny street fire. Now, Tom isn't a man to be trifled with, and when he found that hand engine in the way he got it out of the way by causing the arrest of Messrs. F. Schwartz and John Aglee, members of No. 25.

Proceeding in regular course, Chief O'Connor made an affidavit against them for interfering with him in the discharge of his duty, and violating the city ordinance. The members of the company did not propose to wait till the day of trial, but struck the first thing for the Superior District Court, where they entered suit against the Firemen's Charitable Association.

Theresa Ryan is in confinement. It is on account of a little mistake about some clothes and a fisticuff intercourse with Delia Myers on the subject.

CRIMINAL COURT.—Arraignments—S. W. Otts, oppression in administration of office.

Thomas Englander, murder.

William Brown, Dave Bradley and Andrew Wickle, breaking and entering a shop in the night time and larceny. All pleaded not guilty.

Nolle prosequi entered—Henry Ward, burglary and larceny.

Andrew Johnson, receiving stolen goods.

Sentenced—Samuel Johnson, larceny; ten days' Parish Prison.

Jim Wilson, larceny; one year in Penitentiary.

Convicted—Henry Harris, burglary, larceny and armed with a dangerous weapon; verdict, guilty of larceny.

FIRE ON MARIGNY STREET.—At about three o'clock yesterday morning the one-story double frame dwellinghouse owned by Louis Mestier, on the corner of Rampart and Marigny streets, caught fire. The department was promptly on the spot, but could not save it. The building was valued at $2000, and was partially insured. From this fire the dwellinghouse of Mr. Samuel Averals caught and was also destroyed. It was valued at about $5000; insured, with the furniture, for $3000 in the New Orleans Insurance Company.

Sheridan Grant bilked Martha Frances out of goods, and suffers confinement for his false pretenses.

Joseph Benjamin suffers in mind and body. The fair Mary Holmes and he had an altercation, and Mary stuck a knife into his shoulder, so hard that he had to go to the Charity Hospital and she to the calaboose. What troubles his mind most is that she got the best of the argument.

An unknown man, a Georgian, twenty-five years old, fell off the steamer C. Hensley, sixty miles down the river and was drowned.

CHRISTENING.—In order to make every thing pleasant, Perseverance Fire Company No. 13 are going to christen their new engine next Saturday. We have not been favored with the name of the lady who will share the honors with the engine, but are sure it is all right. No. 13 is very lively in getting to a fire, and it doesn't make any mistakes.

ACCIDENT.—While working on the steamship General Sherman, yesterday, Jesse Williams had his right leg broken by a box falling on it. He was taken to his residence.

PLAYING WITH CARTRIDGES.—A little boy, ten years old, named James L. Murphy, found a cartridge in the gutter. As other little boys might do, he took it for a new toy. He will not take any more of them, for the thing exploded and sent the ball through his right hand. He was taken home and fixed up.

Meteorological and River Report.

The signal service, United States army, reports, for the benefit of commerce, the meteorological record, and rise or fall of the rivers, at 3:43 P. M., local time, yesterday, as follows:

Place.	Ther.	Wind.	Weather.
Cairo	89	N. E.	Cloudy.
Chicago	77	E.	Fair.
Cincinnati	78	S.	Fair.
Davenport	82	S. W.	Fair.
Galveston	81	W.	Cloudy.
Indianola	84	S. E.	Cloudy.
Keokuk	85	N.	Fair.
Leavenworth	91	E.	Cloudy.
Louisville	82	.....	Cloudy.
Memphis	93	W.	Fair.
Nashville	91	N.	Cloudy.
New Orleans	84	S. W.	Fair.
Omaha	89	E.	Fair.
Shreveport	92	E.	Cloudy.
St. Louis	84	S. E.	Fair.
St. Paul	62	N.	Clear.
Vicksburg	93	N. W.	Fair.
Fort Benton	80	E.	Fair.

THE RIVERS.

Stations.	Rise, inches.	Fall, inches.	Above low water mark. Ft.	In.
St. Paul	..	..	4	7
Fort Benton	..	2	1	5
Omaha	..	5	2	0
Davenport	..	..	2	6
Leavenworth	..	3	4	8
Keokuk	..	..	2	8
Cairo	..	1	13	6
St. Louis	..	2	11	10
Cincinnati	..	..	9	9
Louisville	1	..	5	7
Memphis	..	4	10	1
Vicksburg	..	9	17	4
Shreveport	5	..	12	5
Nashville	..	3	2	4
New Orleans	..	5	..	..

The river here is eleven feet below high water mark of 1871.

Louisiana Institution for the Deaf and Dumb.

The trustees of this institution have addressed a circular to the police juries, municipal authorities and friends of the deaf and dumb in Louisiana as follows:

The trustees of the Louisiana institution for the education of the deaf and dumb call your attention to this unfortunate class, and the provision made for them by the State in this institution. All the deaf between the ages of eight and twenty-five, of sound physical and mental constitutions, will be admitted and provided with instruction, board, lodging, medicine and medical attendance at the expense of the institution; and all those in such indigent circumstances as shall appear by a certificate of any member of the police jury of the parish, or mayor of the city where they reside, to render such aid necessary, will also be furnished with clothing and traveling expenses to the institution. The institution also affords a mechanical department in which instruction is given in such trades as may be best suited to render the pupils self sustaining citizens. The education of the deaf is of peculiar importance to them and to the State; but from want of information, indigence or other reasons on the part of parents, less than half in the State avail themselves of the privileges afforded. This is all wrong; hence the trustees call the attention of all proper authorities to the duty of seeing that all the deaf in their respective parishes or cities are informed of the privileges provided, and that in cases of indigent circumstances means be provided for conveying such to this institution. Proper provision will be made for both white and colored.

In case of any deaf known at this institution to be in your city or parish, the names are appended to this letter. Should you know or learn of others, their address is earnestly desired.

Louisiana Affairs at the North.

We copy the following from the New York *Tribune* of the ninth instant:

In the middle of last June a mass meeting of New Orleans colored people with delegations from surrounding parishes, 3000 in all, appointed a committee of seven to go North and enlighten the public as to the attitude of the colored men in Louisiana in the election of last year. The committee comprised Colonel James Lewis, Administrator of Public Improvements in New Orleans, chairman; General T. Morris Chester, State Senators J. Henri Burch, A. E. Barber and James H. Ingraham; J. Ross Stuart, of the Louisiana House of Representatives, and W. G. Brown, State Superintendent of Education. Of this delegation, Colonel Lewis and General Chester are now in the city, the former intending to return to New Orleans next week, and the latter being on his way to Harrisburg. A *Tribune* reporter called on Colonel Lewis last evening, and was informed of the plans of the delegation and of New Orleans affairs as viewed by a Kellogg partisan.

Most of the delegation left New Orleans in the last part of July, so as to be present at the Saratoga convention of colored men, which was held on Wednesday, expecting to meet there the prominent colored men of this and adjoining States, and to make arrangements with them for the holding of more meetings at various points to listen to the statements of the delegation. But the Saratoga convention was very meager, and extended arrangements were not made. In the evening a mass meeting was held, at which Messrs. Lewis, Burch and Barber spoke. Another meeting will be held at Saratoga next Tuesday evening, to be addressed by members of the delegation, who are expecting to attend the Massachusetts Republican State Convention and speak there. They will call a mass meeting at the Cooper Institute, in this city, in the latter part of this month, and will occupy themselves in the North for two months. A prominent object of the delegation is to show that the people of Louisiana are now for the most part content under the present government, and to influence popular and congressional sentiment against the ordering of a new election. A committee of twenty-one was appointed at the New Orleans June mass meeting to gather further testimony of the alleged frauds by which the original board of returns declared Governor McEnery elected last autumn. That committee is actively at work, and Colonel Lewis states has already obtained new proofs of the asserted falsity of the first returns. Colonel Lewis affirms that ballot boxes have been discovered secreted under the jail floor at Baton Rouge, which were put away with their contents uncounted because they contained so large a proportion of Republican votes. He says that the committee of twenty-one have taken the sworn statements of nearly half of the supervisors and commissioners of election who acted last fall; and these statements, it is alleged by the delegation, are sufficient to overturn the evidence on which Governor Warmoth based his claims. The Lynch board of returns is blamed for not having gathered this testimony before the congressional investigating committee last winter. It is affirmed that if this had been put in, the majority report, denying the legality of Kellogg's occupation of the Governor's chair, would never have been rendered.

Colonel Lewis declares himself as certain that the Kellogg administration is daily gaining in force in Louisiana, as Governor Kellogg has exerted himself largely to redeem the financial credit of the State, and has raised more money in a given time to meet its liabilities than any preceding administration. He estimated the "nufication" movement highly. It is just what is necessary to restore harmony and prosperity. He was confident that the Democrats who had taken part in the movement were sincere, for they saw the imperative need of a grand, united effort to rally all the forces of the whole people of Louisiana to the support and revival of its drooping resources. Moreover, some of them are very influential, and carry great weight with the party. Hence Colonel Lewis expressed himself as hopeful from the growing content under the Kellogg government and the prospect of the success of unification.

A Washington special to the New York *Times*, of the same date, says:

United States Marshal Packard, of Louisiana, has been in the city several days on official business. He reports the operation of the State government under Governor Kellogg as complete. Its appointees are now exercising their functions in every parish without resistance, and no other assumed authorities are attempting any such exercise. People are paying their taxes, and the State treasury is rapidly preparing to redeem the past due State obligations. There is, nevertheless, a party, led by ex-Governor Warmoth, who, whatever the condition of things may be next December, will probably appeal to Congress for interference. Non-interference has thus far been productive of most excellent results. It has been ascertained that nearly every member of the so-called McEnery Legislature, who was legally elected, will return to the regular body when it again meets.

The Oldest Man in America.

Dr. A. A. Davidson writes to the Louisville *Courier-Journal*, from Mayfield, Kentucky, an interesting sketch of an old colored man, probably the last survivor of the revolutionary war:

Seeing an extract from the Newport *News* in your paper concerning the death of "Aunt Hannah," colored, who was 122 years old, has induced me to write you the following:

On the farm of Dr. Scott, on the headwaters of Forkydeer river, near Milan, Gibson county, Tennessee, there lives an old negro named Fortune Snow, who is in his one hundred and twenty-fourth year! In June, 1872, I went to see him; and I will tell you what I saw when I got to the house. I met an old snaggled tooth amendment gentleman sixty-five years old, who told me his "grandpap" was in the house, who soon came tripping down the steps as nimble as some fifteen year old boy. He told me he was twenty-five years old when the revolutionary war began. He belonged to Captain Snow, who served, during the war, under General Marion; was born in South Carolina; fought through the war under his master in nearly every battle. Yet he never has received a pension from the "best government the world ever saw."

He said when he was about ninety years old he went totally blind and remained so two years. His hair all came out, which was as white as wool. Subsequently his eye sight returned, and a new growth of hair came out, which is now about half gray. Enjoys fine health. On examination with the *ophthalmoscope* and *otoscope*, I found his sight and hearing to be good. He opened his Bible at the eighth chapter of Revalations, and read the chapter distinctly without glasses. Goes hunting, and shoots birds and squirrels without glasses. Is very religious, believes strongly in the "Good God" who preserved his life through the "old war." Reads his Bible very constant. Is the father of thirteen children, the oldest of whom would be over 100 years, if living—is living with his youngest child who is fifty-three years old.

Old Fortune says he was never sick in his life, and never took a dose of medicine from a doctor—never has the toothache—not an unsound tooth in his mouth—nor any other kind.

He moved from South Carolina to Alabama, where he lived fifty-three years, then came to Tennessee. Captain Snow, at his death, gave Mr. Chapman, his son-in-law, $500 to support old Fortune the balance of his life; and this Mr. Chapman lived on and on for forty-seven years, and died and left old "Nig" still living.

I have been precise in giving his location, so that any one who doubts this can go and see him—hundreds of people visit him, and he is always glad to see company, and talks fluently and readily.

He certainly is the last of the revolutionists. He is about five feet six inches, weighs about 115 pounds, very black, with iron-gray hair.

The Boston *Transcript* says:

If ever Chelsea, Winthrop, Revere, Cambridge, Charlestown, Somerville, Malden, Everett, Medford, Arlington, Brookline, Belmont, and West Roxbury become bone of our bone, will our chief magistrate be styled "Mayor of Massachusetts" or only "Governor of Boston?"

CITY COUNCIL—OFFICIAL

REGULAR MEETING.

CITY HALL, NEW ORLEANS, Tuesday, August 12, 1873.

The Council met this day at 12 M., in regular session.

Present—Hon. Louis A. Wiltz, Mayor, presiding, and Administrators Brewster, Calhoun, Fitzenreiter, and Turnbull.

The minutes of the last meeting were approved.

Communications from the Mayor and Administrators.

The Mayor laid before the Council the monthly reports of the Administrators of Improvements and Police for the month of July, and the same were received.

Financial Business and Other Bills on First Passage.

Mr. Calhoun called up the ordinances described as follows, which had been read twice. Said ordinances being now on third reading were severally passed, the yeas and nays having been called on each:

"Providing for the payment of the several accounts therein named," beginning Firemen's Charitable Association of New Orleans, $11,666 67, with an amendment striking out for further consideration the item of I. W. Patton, criminal sheriff.

Providing for the payment of J. T. Hamlin.

"Providing for the payment of the several accounts therein named," beginning New Orleans Herald, $12.

"Providing for the payment of the several accounts therein named," beginning Barrett & Weimann $7 50.

"Providing for the payment of the several accounts therein named," beginning John W Madden $66, with an amendment striking out for further consideration the item of George C. Oliver.

Reports of Committees.

Mr. Calhoun, as Administrator of Public Accounts, reported as follows upon petitions referred to him, and the reports were received and adopted:

To the City Council of New Orleans:

The undersigned, to whom the petitions and claims of the undermentioned persons were referred, respectfully reports thereon as follows:

1. Andrew Hero, Jr.—Petitioner paid into the treasury May 14, 1873, tax bill of A. Holt, No. 2688, for 1867, $345, and $19 interest and costs—total $364. He states that he has reason to believe that the bill had been already paid to a former assistant city attorney (Mr. F. Michinard), who failed to account to the city treasury therefor; and he proposes, if the city will refund him the $364, to apply it and an additional amount, to the payment of another tax bill of A. Holt, No. 4429 of 1869, for $491 62.

It is not improbable that the bill of 1867 for $345, interest and costs, was paid to the assistant city attorney, as Mr. Hero supposes. It was placed by the Treasurer in his hands for collection, and never accounted for. But if paid, Mr. Holt or his agent ought to be able to show a receipt for it, which has not been done. I, therefore, recommend that the proposition of the petitioner be agreed to, and settlement made in conformity therewith, when he furnishes satisfactory evidence of the previous payment of the bill of 1867, but not until then.

2. B. Claverie.—Petitioner instituted suit against the city for salary as "commissary of private markets," he having been commissioned to that office on the thirtieth of September, 1868, by Mayor Conway. The amount claimed by him is $1350, but he offers to compromise for a smaller sum. It is believed that he was unlawfully appointed, no such office having been created by the Council. I, therefore, recommend that his petition be rejected, and that his claim be left to the decision of the courts.

3. P. R. Fell.—Petitioner requests the Council to change his assessment for 1873 from $22,450 to $20,620, the difference being on personal property and income. On examination, I find him assessed for real estate $20,000, furniture $2000, income $300, horses $240; total $22,540. His own return shows furniture $1500, income $300, horses $120; consequently his true assessment, including his real estate, would be $21,920. The additional $620 is from an error in the Assessment Department. A resolution on the subject is herewith presented.

4. P. R. Fell.—Petitioner asks that $500 license tax, paid by him as insurance agent in 1872, and the same amount in 1873, be credited on his tax bills for 1871 and 1873, on the ground that insurance companies which pay an annual license to the State of $1000 are, by law, exempt from all other taxes, State, parish or municipal. The City Attorney is of opinion that the law referred to by petitioner does not relieve him; and it is recommended that his petition be rejected.

5. John Klein & Co., for C. H. Eslava.—Petitioner asks a rebate of the interest on his tax bills for 1869, 1870 and 1871, and that payment of the whole amount of the taxes thus reduced be received in obligations of the city. The rejection of the petition is recommended.

6. John Klein & Co., for R. Y. Black.—Petitioner asks that the amount of a tax bill of Mrs. M. J. Block, for 1871, on an assessment of $1000, which he alleges was paid by R. Y. Black in error, and which he says was included in the assessment of the latter for the same year, be refunded. The amount was not included in the assessment of R. Y. Black, and the undersigned recommends the rejection of the petition.

7. Louisa Schwarz.—Petitioner claims payment from the city of a bequest in her favor by the late John D. Fink. The undersigned believes that she is entitled to it (an opinion concurred in by the City Attorney), but asks time for further investigation.

J. CALHOUN,
Administrator of Public Accounts.

August 12, 1873.

Mr. Calhoun, as Administrator of Improvements ad interim, reported that certain improvements on Notre Dame street petitioned for had been made. Received.

Ordinances and Resolutions Offered.

By Mr. Calhoun, and read twice:

An ordinance providing for the payment of the several accounts therein named.

Be it ordained, That the following appropriations be and are hereby made, and that the Administrator of Public Accounts warrant on the Administrator of Finance in payment of the same, whenever there shall be money in the city treasury to the credit of the appropriate fund for each account, and not otherwise appropriated:

New Orleans Republican Printing Company, advertising city taxes, etc., for Department of Finance, approved, $66; advertising sale of public markets for August, 1873, approved by the Administrator of Commerce, $10.

New Orleans Times, subscription from August 7, 1873, to August 7, 1874, for wharfinger's office, First District, approved by Administrator of Commerce, $14.

John Calhoun, cash advanced for telegrams, postages, affidavits, etc., $14 25.

A. Boucher, opening, door frame and sash, etc., for Department of Finance, approved, $92 50.

I. W. Patton, criminal sheriff, for maintenance of prisoners and turnkey's fees in July, 1873, approved by judge of the First District Court, $6536 60.

German Gazette, advertising notice to license payers, approved by City Attorney, $20.

W. J. Kelly, disinfectants furnished to sanitary inspectors in July, 1873, approved by Administrator of Police, $186.

An ordinance providing for the payment of the several accounts therein named.

Be it ordained, That the following appropriations be and are hereby made for the Department of Assessments, and that the Administrator of Public Accounts warrant on the Administrator of Finance in payment of the same, whenever there shall be money in the city treasury to the credit of the appropriate fund for each account, and not otherwise appropriated:

Register of Conveyances, 272 certificates of transfer of property during the month of June, 1873, at fifty cents $136 00

Barrett & Wiemann, bolts, screws, hooks and lock, during the month of June, 1873 ..... 9 85

New Orleans Republican Printing Company, one year's subscription for three copies New Orleans Republican, from April 4, 1873, to April 4, 1874 ..... 36 00

New Orleans Herald, one year's subscription for one copy of the New Orleans Herald, from May 4, 1873, to May 4, 1874 ..... 12 00

Clemens Hunger, one ordinance book, July 1, 1873 ..... 10 50

John W. Madden, stationery, July 4 and 18, 1873 ..... 57 20

Mrs. John Gauche, one looking-glass, July 23, 1873 ..... 5 00

Register of conveyances, 251 certificates of transfer of property during month of July, 1873, at fifty cents 125 50

Total $392 05

An ordinance to provide for a settlement of amounts due by the late Drainage Commissioners in addition to the claims enumerated in ordinance No. 1093.

Be it ordained by the Council of the city of New Orleans, That the Administrator of Public Accounts be authorized to draw his warrant on the Administrator of Finance for the following claims, upon the approval of the Mayor and Administrator of Finance, and payable out of the drainage fund, viz:

Bill of J. Davidson & Hill, as per judgment of the Fourth District Court, rendered March 10, 1871, against the Commissioners of the Second Drainage District, for rent from November 1, 1868, to March 1, 1871, $2160, and judicial interest till date of payment.

Bill of J. Davidson & Hill, dated September 20, 1871, for four months' rent for use of First District Drainage Commissioners, approved by W. T. Mayo, secretary, $120.

Mr. Fitzenreiter reported that bids had been received from D. Cronan, Jr., John Lockwood, Dennis Long and E. E. Chubbuck for a contract for furnishing 10,000 feet of water pipe, and the bid of Dennis Long being reasonable as to price and terms of payment, he recommended the passage of the following resolution, which was read twice:

Resolved, That the bid of Dennis Long to furnish 5000 feet eight-inch water pipe, 3000 feet six-inch and 2000 feet four-inch, at $76 per ton of 2000 pounds, delivered in this city, and payable within six months after delivery of pipe, be and is hereby accepted, and the Mayor is authyrized to sign the necessary notarial act, and is further authorized to furnish Mr. Dennis Long with the necessary voucher promising on behalf of the city the payment of the beforementioned pipe in accordance with contract.

By Mr. Calhoun and adopted:

For the relief of P. R. Fell.

In relation to obstructions and encumbrances upon the levees and wharves.

Petitions, etc.

The undermentioned petitions and communications, presented by the Mayor, were severally referred as stated:

From Martin Lannes, in relation to damages suffered from leakage in the Magazine Market. To the Administrator of Waterworks and Public Buildings.

From property holders, complaining of want of police protection on Claiborne street, between Customhouse and Bienville streets; from J. J. Gutierez, relative to sign for street lamps; from J. J. O'Hara, relative to the same, and from V. S. Jourdain, relative to the same. To the Administrator of Police.

From R. L. Adams, for reduction of assessment for 1872, and from A. Anfoux respecting his claim for care of small-pox patients. To the Committee of the Whole.

From property owners against the erection of a cotton pickery, proposed at the corner of Market and St. Thomas streets. To the Administrator of Commerce.

From Dr. Newman, sanitary inspector of the Third District, giving his opinion as to the cause of unhealthiness in a certain locality in that district; from Dr. C. B. White, president of the Board of Health, in relation to nuisances which the board desires to be abated; from property holders in the neighborhood of St. Bernard avenue canal, respecting the bridges and sidewalks in the vicinity; from property holders, for the improvement of Liberty street, between Jackson and Washington streets; from property holders, for bridges on Liberty and St. George streets, from Washington street to Seventh street; from property owners in the rear of the third ward, complaining of the conditions of Gravier, Perdido, Poydras, Lafayette and Julia streets; from property owners, for the construction of bridges at certain points in the neighborhood of London avenue, and from W. F. Loan, harbor master of the Third District, representing the wharves there as needing repairs. To the Administrator of Improvements.

From William E. Fitzgerald, agent of the Ætna Life Insurance Company and the North British and Mercantile Insurance Company, for return of city licenses paid by him for said companies. To the Administrator of Public Accounts.

From the New Orleans Sanitary and Fertilizing Company, J. D. Souillard, Louis Dubroc, V. Mayer, Hilarion Verdon, M. Malone, trustee of Methodist Episcopal Church on Liberty street, and from Barrett & Lesassier, for reduction of their respective assessments. To the Administrator of Assessments.

The Council then adjourned.

DANIEL SCULLY, Secretary.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Putting Down Rebellion.—When the stomach rebels against food and obstinately refuses to digest sufficient aliment to keep the body well nourished, it can only be compelled to resume its natural duties by a wholesome tonic. The powerful alkaloids so often administered for this purpose are not wholesome. They are, for the most part, deadly poisons, and even when taken in very small quantities, react violently upon the nervous system. Not so Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This salutary combination of vegetable juices, embracing the finest invigorants and alteratives which the botanical kingdom affords, operates mildly, steadily and beneficially upon the digestive, secretive and discharging organs. In dyspepsia, bilious affections, nervous complaints, periodic fevers, chronic constipation, bodily weakness, mental depression, languor, sleeplessness, and the various disabilities incident to old age and premature decay, its effects are so wonderful that to be comprehended they must be witnessed or experienced. au13 6teodW

Southern Bank, New Orleans, July 12, 1873.—Notice is hereby given that the unredeemed notes issued by the old "Southern Bank" must be presented for payment within one year from the first publication of this notice, at the office of the Auditor of this State, who, on receiving satisfactory proof of the publication of this notice for one year, as aforesaid, will surrender any funds he may hold for the payment of the said unredeemed notes.

jy15 eowly J. GARR, Cashier.

Notice.—A meeting of the stockholders of the Workingmen's Accommodation Bank of New Orleans will be held at the banking house, No. 9 Camp street, on MONDAY, the eighth of September next, 1873, from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M. to take into consideration proposed amendments to the charter.

By order of the Board of Directors.

JOSEPH MENARDE, Cashier.

New Orleans, August 5, 1873. au5 1m

Batchelor's Hair Dye.—This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world. The only true and perfect dye. Harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or unpleasant odor. Remedies the ill effects of bad dyes and washes. Produces immediately a superb black or natural brown, and leaves the hair clean, soft and beautiful. The genuine, signed by W. A. Batchelor, sold by all druggists.

CHARLES BATCHELOR,
oc3 1y Proprietor, New York.

LOTTERIES.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY

OF THE

COMBINATION PLAN.

DRAWS DAILY.

CAPITAL PRIZES

$6000,

$5000,

$4500.

All orders should be addressed to the Manager' office, corner of St. Charles and Union streets, New Orleans.

TICKETS ONLY ONE DOLLAR;

Shares in Proportion,

Sent to any address on receipt of the price of tickets or fractions.

THE POLICY PLAN

ALSO

DRAWN DAILY.

BEWARE OF BOGUS LOTTERIES.

de24 1y

DRAWING OF THE LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY FOR AUGUST 12, 1873.

CLASS 190.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
17	60	19	71	70	32	23	45	75	73	29	61	78	—

The above drawings are published in the principal papers, and are drawn in public daily at the rooms of the company.

Witness our hands at New Orleans, Louisiana, this twelfth day of August, 1873.

R. PERALTA,
ADAM GIFFEN,
Commissioners.

BEWARE OF BOGUS LOTTERIES. au13

$300,000.

MISSOURI STATE LOTTERY.

Legalized by State Authority and Drawn in Public in St. Louis.

GRAND SINGLE NUMBER SCHEME.

50,000 NUMBERS.

CLASS H, TO BE DRAWN AUGUST 30, 1873.

5880 Prizes, Amounting to $300,000.

1 prize of	$50,000	500 prizes of	$100
1 prize of	15,470	9 prizes of	1000
1 prize of	10,000	9 prizes of	500
1 prize of	7,500	9 prizes of	300
4 prizes of	5,000	9 prizes of	270
4 prizes of	2,500	56 prizes of	200
20 prizes of	1,000	56 prizes of	150
20 prizes of	500	140 prizes of	100
40 prizes of	250	5000 prizes of	10

Tickets $10. Half tickets $5. Quarters $2 50.

Our lotteries are chartered by the State, are always drawn at the time named, and all drawings are under the supervision of sworn commissioners.

The official drawing will be published in the St. Louis papers, and a copy of the drawing sent to purchasers of tickets.

We will draw a similar scheme the last day of every month during the year 1873.

Remit by postoffice money orders, registered letter, draft or express.

Send for a circular. Address

MURRAY, MILLER & CO.,
Postoffice box 2446, St. Louis Missouri.
ap16 eod 6ly

MEDICAL.

BUREAU OF MONADIC MEDICINE, Surgery and Midwifery, No. 163 Bienville, corner of Rampart street, near Canal street.

Medical Department—Cures Palsy, Fevers, Erysipelas, Epilepsy, Insanity, Dropsy, Rheumatism, and in a few days all painful affections and inflammations of the Brain, Spinal Cord and Nerves, Throat, Lungs, Heart, Liver, Stomach, Bowels, Bladder, Kidneys, Bones, Joints, etc. Ten dollars a week for the treatment and cure of any disease.

Surgical Department—Reduces Fractures, Tumors and Dislocations; speedily cures Impotentia and Sterility, Scrofula, all Urethral and Seminal Discharges, Venereal, Scrotal and Skin Diseases, frequent or difficult Urinations; preserves limbs from amputation and the Bladder from Lithotomy by dissolving stones, etc., and cures Ulcers, Cancers or Strictures without pain.

Midwifery Department—Positive's cures all diseases of the womb and ovaries, all unusual discharges, ulcerations or irritations, and when the menses are painful or obstructed from any cause whatever, the cause is removed and health restored in a few days.

Letters addressed to postoffice box 1171, New Orleans, Louisiana, will receive attention. Office hours for ladies 10 A. M. to 12 M., and 6 to 8 P. M. For gentlemen from 1 to 6 P. M.

LANCELOT H. EVERITT,
Coronated Doctor of Medicine and Philosophy, Member Elect of the Royal College of Surgeons and of the Hunterian Society of Medicine, Philosophy and Belles Letters of the Universities of London, Edinburg, St. Andrew's and Louisiana. fe20 1y

NOTARIES.

A. HERO, JR.,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS

Office No. 17 Commercial Place.

Passports procured with dispatch, and prompt attention given to all. 1y eod

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

PETITION.

NEW ORLEANS, June 2, 1873.

TO THE HONORABLE MAYOR AND BOARD OF Administrators of the city of New Orleans: Gentlemen—We, the undersigned, owners of property fronting on Jackson street, between Bacchus and Claiborne streets, respectfully ask your Honorable body to cause to be advertised and sold, according to law, a contract for express curbing and brick banquette on both sides of Jackson street, where not already made.

	Feet.	Inches.	Lines.
A. Cavard	100	..	..
G. H. Koester	50	..	..
Charles Benard	3	..	..
Louis Hoffman	60	..	..
Frank Jones	60	..	..
R. Haley	40	..	..
Washington Scanlon	40	..	..
F. Reinhard	27	8	4
F. Drebing	42	..	..
E. Maher	50	..	..
R. Bliesarth	50	..	..
Peter Noll	24	..	..
James Haywood	40	..	..
John Muller	150	..	..
S. Menard	125	..	..
John Mahony	50	8	4
Friedrich Holm	27	8	4
William James	50	..	..
Frank Hemmer	42	..	..
John Sullivan	50	9	..
J. H. Keller	124	..	..
Frank Vatter	60	..	..
G. Wolf	58	..	..
H. Meyer	124	..	..
James Coyle	2 squares.		

DEPARTMENT OF IMPROVEMENTS, New Orleans, August 7, 1873.

I certify that the above is a true copy from the original petition now on file in this office.

J. CALHOUN,
aug8 15 22 29 Administrator ad interim.

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

EXTENSION OF PATENT FOR FASTENING COTTON BALES.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE, Washington, D. C., August 7, 1873.

ON THE PETITION OF JOHN T. BUTLER, of New Orleans, Louisiana, praying for the extension of a patent granted to him on the fifteenth day of November, 1859, for an improvement in fastening metal hoops on cotton bales—

It is ordered that the testimony in the case be closed on the fourteenth day of October next; that the time for filing arguments and the Examiner's report be limited to the twenty-fourth day of October next, and that said petition be heard on the twenty-ninth day of October next.

Any person may oppose this extension.

au13 law 3w M. D. LEGGETT, Commissioner.

NOTICE.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, City Hall, August 9, 1873.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF ordinance No. 2262, Administration series, public notice is hereby given that it is the intention of the city to cause Poydras street, from Front to Delta streets, to be paved with square granite blocks, and to place iron bridges at the intersections.

au10 10t LOUIS A. WILTZ, Mayor.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

OFFICE BOARD OF SCHOOL DIRECTORS, City of New Orleans (Sixth Division), No. 20 Burgundy street, August 7, 1873.

THE FOLLOWING RESOLUTION WAS OFFERED by Dr. J. S. Clark, at a meeting of the School Board, held August 6, 1873:

WHEREAS, It is of importance to directors to have due notice of the intended resignation of teachers, as required by paragraph twenty-eight of the rules of the board;

Resolved, That teachers intending to resign shall give two weeks' notice of such intention to the superintendent or directors of their respective school districts.

J. G. BADENHAUSEN,
au8 tau3 Secretary Board of Directors.

PROPOSALS.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, New Orleans, August 8, 1873.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the undersigned until FRIDAY, the fifteenth day of August, 1873, at twelve o'clock M., for the lease for a term of three years, beginning September 1, 1873, for a certain square or slet of ground belonging to the city of New Orleans, bounded by Canal, Wells, Crossman and Water streets, Second District, according to plan on file in this office.

Bids from any one designing to conduct such business as barrel houses, snake shows or gambling dens will not be entertained.

The city reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for lease of city property."

B. M. TURNBULL,
au9 12 13 14 15 Administrator of Commerce.

NOTICE.

UNITED STATES CONSOLIDATED LAND OFFICE, New Orleans, La., August 4, 1873.

COMPLAINT HAVING BEEN ENTERED AT THIS office by Bertrand Roberts against Robert Gibson, William Johnson, William Morris, Fanme Oestereicher, and Isachim Oplatek, for abandoning their respective homestead entries, as follows, to wit: West half of southwest quarter of section eight, township eight south, range thirteen east; east half of southwest quarter of section eight, township eight south, range thirteen east; west half of northwest quarter and west half of southwest quarter of section five, township eight south, range thirteen east; west half of southeast quarter of section five, township eight south, range thirteen east; and east half of northwest quarter of section eight, and east half of southwest quarter of section five, township eight south, range thirteen east, Greensburg, district of Louisiana, with a view to the cancellation of said entries, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the tenth day of September, 1873, at twelve o'clock M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

HARRY LOTT, Register.
au5 12 19 26 JULIAN NEVILLE, Receiver.

PROPOSALS

DEPARTMENT OF WATERWORKS AND Public Buildings, New Orleans, July 27, 1873.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the undersigned until MONDAY, August 11, 1873, at twelve o'clock M., for furnishing 5000 feet 8 inch water pipe, ½ inch thick; 3000 feet 6 inch pipe, ½ inch thick; 2000 feet 4 inch pipe, ¾ inch thick, total 10,000 feet. Said pipe to be capable of standing a pressure of 300 pounds to the square inch, and to be free from all defects.

All parties making proposals for this contract are required to deposit with the Administrator of Finance, as evidence of their intention to abide by the adjudication, the amount of $200 in cash, which shall be forfeited to the city in case of failure to sign the contract. Bidders to whom the contract is not awarded, will have their deposits returned to them on the day the adjudication is made. No bid will be received unless accompanied by the certificate of the Administrator of Finance, certifying that the required cash deposit has been made.

The city reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Proposals to be indorsed, "Proposals for furnishing water pipe."

CHARLES FITZENREITER,
jy29 Administrator.

CITY ASSESSMENTS.

Notice to Taxpayers.

DEPARTMENT OF ASSESSMENTS, City Hall, Room 15, July 29, 1873.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION SEVEN, CITY ordinance No. 71, Administration series, notice is hereby given that the assessment on real estate and personal property within the city, for the year 1873, is now complete, and will be open for inspection and correction at the office of the Department of Assessments, room 15, City Hall, from 9 A. M. till 3 P. M. (Sundays excepted), during thirty days from the date hereof, at which time all complaints of either excessive or inadequate assessments will be considered.

jy29 1m H. F. STUECKEN, Administrator.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

OFFICE STATE BOARD OF TAX ASSESSORS, No. 9