Orleans Republican.
AL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES
AL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

Local Intelligence.

MARSHALL SCHOOL, FIRST DISTRICT.—This school is one of the best in the department, is located on Church street, between Girod and Julia, not far from Lafayette square. The average attendance is about 130, and the pupils will compare favorably with those in any school inside our limits. The boys are of the better class, many of them sons of parents who move in refined society. They are invariably neatly attired, well behaved and intelligent above the average. During school hours they apply themselves to their studies with a commendable zeal, ambitious to shine in the estimation of their teachers. Of course much of this excellent condition of things is due to the untiring efforts of the instructors, who naturally pride themselves on their accomplishments. The standing of the school, in the estimation of the directors, is as fair as any, and perhaps is something superior as to general advancement.

The building, city property, is in a woful condition. Windows, doors, plastering, galleries and fastenings are all miserable, and the entire inside should be whitewashed. Many of the doors have no fastenings of any kind. Three of the rooms are, or soon will be, tolerably well furnished. The other rooms are sadly neglected and shabby. The authorities should at least make an effort to make the place comfortable.

Mr. Golden, the principal, has a proposition or two to make, which he has kindly furnished the reporter in writing:

The Marshall School has now more pupils on the roll than at any previous time during the past four or five years, and if boys continue to apply for admission as they have for the last four or five weeks it will be necessary to establish another department. One of the strangest and most encouraging features is that a great many of the admissions are in the higher departments. Therefore, if another department be added one of an upper grade will be needed most. The one great difficulty that is to be met is the want of a suitable room.

There is, however, a small room, which, with little alteration, could be converted into a very good recitation room.

In order to promote the efficiency of the school, and at the same time obviate the above named difficulty, the principal suggests the following plan: He would have the present first assistant take charge of the second division, of what is now the principal's class. This, with his own first division, would make a good number. Let another first assistant be appointed, for the second division of the second department, together with such as may be promoted in December. The principal can then instruct his first division, or the "high school" class, in the small recitation room, and between recitations allow them to retire to their seats in the room presided over by the first assistant. As it is, the principal's time is monopolized in teaching his two divisions, and he often finds himself pressed for time for even this; he has no time whatever to devote to the other departments. Besides giving him much more time for the high school class, this plan will enable him to give some of the benefits of his experience to the other rooms, and will save the expense of another apartment and furniture.

The principal has adopted a daily programme of recitation, which he has had printed and pasted in the pupils' books. By this means much more is accomplished. The boys, by looking at their programmes and the clock, know just when a lesson is coming, and are generally prepared for it.

The following is a list of the teachers, all of whom have good records: Mr. F. A. Golden, principal; Mr. J. Weber, Miss A. Mayer, Miss S. B. Redwood, Miss M. A. Porter, Mrs. F. Palmer, assistants.

Mrs. Palmer is at present in very bad health, so serious that she is compelled to remain at home. Mrs. E. C. Earhart has her position temporarily.

A MASQUERADE BALL NEXT MONTH.—A ticket on our desk bears the pleasant news that the Pickwick Quadrille Club will give a masquerade and fancy dress ball in Exposition Hall on the eighth of November.

NOTHING FROM THEM.—If no news is good news, then the boys in blue who sailed up Red river are doing well.

FOR ALL SAINTS' DAY.—Next Saturday, first of November, will be All Saints' Day, and active preparations in the several cemeteries are progressing. Vaults, tombs and graves are receiving attention from active hands that remember friends and relatives who have passed away.

COLORED LONGSHOREMEN DEFINING THEIR POSITION.—A committee representing this association called at police headquarters, laying down the following platform:

1. That they had a right to ask whatever their pleased for their work.

2. That they would compel members to cease working when they wanted to, and when they were working under less than society rates.

3. They desired the police should not interfere with them when they paraded up and down the levee, or desired to stop their members from working; and

4. They complained that the police were paid to fight against them by the captains and stevedores.

Mr. Isaac Harris, president of the society, acted as chairman. Superintendent Badger had nothing to say to the first proposition, but as to the second he would take a hand, as no one has a right to interfere with another because he labors for such wages as suits himself. On the matter of parading, no association will be disturbed by the police unless there is a breach of the peace by members in line. The committee heard all the Superintendent had to say, and then quietly went their way.

THEY ARE NOTIFIED. — Administrator Lewis has officially informed the president of the Canal and Claiborne, and the Crescent City railroads, that the square block pavement at the corner of Poydras and Tchoupitoulas streets needed repairing, and the companies can pay $280 assessment. That looks like business.

SECOND EDITION.—Fig trees have a second crop of leaves and figs, but the fruit will never amount to anything.

Mardi Gras will fall on the seventeenth of February next year. Up to the present time nothing has been reported concerning the festivities for that event.

A PLEASANT TIME.—The friends and members of Protector Hook and Ladder Company No. 9 had a pleasant time at their ball last night, in Stonewall Jackson Hall.

SCHOOL TEACHERS RECEIVING CERTIFIED CHECKS.—City Hall looked pleasanter yesterday than it has for many a day, as tidy looking school teachers, male and female, called at Lyceum Hall to receive their certified checks, in lieu of currency. A majority of the profession accepted the situation, being compelled by financial circumstances to grasp at anything in the form of money. A few, considering the sacrifice too great, concluded not to sign for the checks, preferring to wait a little longer, hoping for a favorable change.

POLICE TRANSFERS.—Sergeant Fuentes, Algiers, is transferred to the harbor station. Sergeant Chapman goes from the harbor to Algiers.

DIVINE SERVICES TO-DAY.—The ninth anniversary of the restoration of the Free Church of the Annunciation will be celebrated to-day in the building corner of Race and Camp streets. There will be divine service at eleven o'clock in the morning and half-past seven o'clock in the evening. Holy communion will be administered at the morning service.

TO AID THE SUFFERERS.—There will be some interesting shooting at the Magnola Garden to-day and to-morrow, the proceeds to be devoted to the unfortunates of Shreveport and Memphis. The prize will be well worth contending for, and as the enterprise is in the hands of Major Shipley no one need fear that the trust will be abused. The undertaking is a good one and to the credit of the club. Persons willing to make donations to the fund or to participate in the charity can learn all they desire by calling at the beer saloon of Mr. H. Redwitz, Common street; at the Tattersall's shooting gallery, on St. Charles street, or at Magnolia Garden.

A WATCH AND A CIRCUMSTANCE.—A. J. Redon had a watch in his possession which is successfully claimed by another party. Redon gave the ticker to a young woman in part payment of an obligation, agreeing to redeem the watch before the next century. He failed to make any response inside a reasonable time, so the youngish woman sent the timepiece up a spout, holding the ticket ready for Redon. The real owner wanted his property, and through that circumstance the transaction became known. Redon was arrested and tried to have that youngish feminine put in hockelty, but failed. Probably the case will be settled without the trouble of an extended investigation.

PETITION FOR VARIETIES.—Mr. J. Flynn, proprietor of the concert beerhouse at the corner of Royal and Conti streets, in the old bank, has handed Mayor Wiltz a petition signed by several residents in that neighborhood, asking that he be allowed to open an establisment of a theatrical order. His honor will investigate the case at an early day.

WILL VACATE THE OLD TRAP.—Mayor Wiltz has notified the owners of the old building at the corner of St. Charles and Lafayette streets, now used as a recorder's court and police station, that on the thirteenth of November the city will have no further use for it. The courtroom and police station will be moved to Davidson court.

ONE TOO MANY.—Thomas Corcoran makes bold to swear that Maria O'Rourke has a husband or two too many, although she has seen the sunshine of fifty-five summers. Maria was found at the corner of Berlin and Tchoupitoulas streets, and Judge McCullogh will interview this feminine Mormon concerning this breach of law.

FIRE LAST EVENING.—The alarm of fire at twenty minutes after four o'clock last evening was sent from a one-story double frame kitchen on Marigny, between Roman and Derbigny streets, owned by Mr. Gerschen and occupied by Mr. Roth and Martha Davis. The building was entirely destroyed. The fire originated through accident.

AMUSEMENTS.

St. Charles Theatre.

The amusement season has now fairly commenced in New Orleans, and with the variety of entertainments all can find something to please. To-morrow evening the old St. Charles falls into line, and will open with a new and large company, and with the additional attraction of Mr. Oliver Doud Byron, who will appear as *The Ferret* in his sensational four act play, entitled "Across the Continent." The company is composed of old favorites, and some new candidates for public approval. The following named ladies and gentlemen are engaged for the stock: Messrs. J. G. Steele, John Davis, W. A. Whitcar, P. E. Sullivan, J. S. Delaney, J. A. Thompson, J. F. Stevens, R. S. McBride, J. McLaughlin, F. O. Savage, Horton, Ravenac and Alexander Fitzgerald, and Misses Amelia Waugh, Minnie Doyle, E. Andrews, Imogene Trasey, Jenny Cooke, L. Sheppard, Hattie Vallee, Emma Arnot, Miss Page, Miss Campbell, and Mrs. Alexander Fitzgerald.

Academy of Music.

To night will be given the last representation of "Uncle Tom's Cabin." Its production has been a success, all things considered, and we have to thank the manager for giving us a chance to see this drama carefully put upon the stage and well acted. To-morrow evening, Miss Blanche Clifton and Mr. Frank Hussey, will make their first appearance here in H. M. Cooper's drama, called "Hazard," in which the stars will display their specialties in the way of songs, dances, banjo solos, and character personations, in which they are said to excell.

Duprez & Benedict's Minstrels.

Business is steadily improving at the Varieties Theatre, occupied by this troupe, as the merits of their entertainments become better known. They played to a good matinee house yesterday, and had a very fair audience last night. For to-night and to-morrow evening entirely new programmes will be presented, and from an extensive repertoire the choicest songs and acts are selected. The dry humor of Edwards, the "bones," is irresistible, and he has fortunately been able to illustrate that an end man can be very funny without coarseness of expression and manner. We have previously had occasion to speak of the excellence of Frank Kent, and of Fox and Ward in their acts, and of the superior vocal ability displayed in the company, and must now allow our readers to see and judge for themselves. Prompted by the success of the entertainment given Saturday noon, Mr. Duprez has decided to give a grand matinee performance on Wednesday next. The party remains only one week.

A Fine Piece of Work.

Mr. A. S. Hebert, the gunsmith of Commercial alley, has just completed, for Mr. D. Flanery, one of his new telegraphic machines. Some days since a notice appeared of this invention of Mr. Flanery, showing how, without any knowledge of telegraphy, an operator could send a message, printing it at the same time, and, by setting the machine to work while he was away, come back and find his messages received all registered. Mr. Hebert is at work on a pair of them, and they are as creditable to his skill and pains as the invention is to the genius of the inventor.

Meteorological and River Report.

The signal service, United States army, reports, for the benefit of commerce, the meteorological record, and rise or fall of the rivers, at 3:43 P. M., local time, yesterday, as follows:

Place.	Ther.	Wind.	Weather.
Cairo	74	S.	Cloudy.
Chicago	49	N. E.	Clear.
Cincinnati	59	E.	Clear.
Davenport	54	S. E.	Cloudy.
Dubuque	49	N. W.	Cloudy.
Galveston	74	S. E.	Fair.
Indianola	70	S.	Fair.
Keokuk	56	S. E.	Cloudy.
Leavenworth	66	S.	Cloudy.
Louisville	74	E.	Fair.
Memphis	52	N. E.	Threatening.
Nashville	52	.....	Cloudy.
New Orleans	75	S. E.	Fair.
Omaha	42	E.	Cloudy.
Pittsburg	55	W.	Clear.
Shreveport	63	S. E.	Cloudy.
St. Louis	57	S. E.	Cloudy.
St. Paul	34	E.	Light snow.
Vicksburg	70	N. W.	Fair.
Fort Benton	38	S. W.	Light snow.
Fort Gibson	62	E.	Cloudy.
Yankton	36	N.	Light snow.

THE RIVERS.

Stations.	Rise, inches.	Fall, inches.	Above low water mark. Ft.	In.
Cairo	1	..	7	1
Cincinnati	12	..	11	10
Davenport	..	..	4	2
Evansville	1	..	9	2
Fort Benton	..	..	9	4
Keokuk	..	..	1	7
Leavenworth	..	..	1	1
Louisville	1	..	2	10
Memphis	2	..	2	0
Nashville	2	..	1	..
New Orleans	1	..	..	7
Omaha	..	5	10	1
Pittsburg	..	2	3	1
Shreveport	..	2	5	8
St. Louis	..	4	4	9
St. Paul	1	..	3	8
Vicksburg	..	5	2	..
Yankton	..	..	4	..

The river here is fourteen feet two inches below high water mark of 1871.

"If I were only a sunbeam" was written by a poetess weighing not less than 200 pounds.

Dead at Her Post.

[From the Memphis Avalanche, October 19.]

One of the most touching of a thousand incidents which has stirred the hearts of men since the prevailing pestilence began its reign is that of the death of the brave and noble Mattie Stephenson, whose spirit winged its way heavenward at yester's break of dawn. It was only on the previous day that the story was told in the columns of this journal of the way this impulsive girl came here alone, two weeks ago, from Towanda, Illinois, unknown to her relatives or friends, to serve the sick and suffering of our sorely stricken city, paying her own passage by rail. Within two hours after her arrival, in response to the request of Dr. Blackburn, she was at the bedside of Mrs. Adair, on Commerce street—a peculiarly trying case for one so young—watching with a woman's unflinching devotion till the fearful struggle with the monster was over. Then she went to nurse a family named Sullivan, on Concord street, where she did patient and faithful service to several sick persons, even assisting in all sorts of drudgery.

Last Monday she was stricken with the treacherous malady, whose deadly breath she had inhaled, and was soon after taken to the infirmary, where she was cared for, nursed and watched by Drs. Luke P. Blackburn, W. E. Rogers, Barnett, of Vicksburg, J. B. Barbot, of New Orleans, and two kind and faithful nurses. In spite of the skill and care of all of the above, the fever proved too much for her frail, unacclimated form, and she sank to rest, a martyr to humanity's cause, while her pure spirit passed upward to the regions of eternal glory.

When it was announced at the Howard Association rooms, on Madison street, that the little girl was dead, a pang of sorrow pervaded every heart, and preparations were at once made to follow her remains to the crowded city of the dead.

The heroine had arrived here without a change of garments, and her entire wardrobe was on her person, or in a little satchel she brought. She declined any pay for her duty, and refused to accept articles in the way of clothing. So, writing back home for a few needed articles, a box was sent by express in return, which only came here day before yesterday, when she was too low to know anything of it. Yesterday, in presence of one or two persons, Mr. Langstaff opened the package to find, if possible, some trace of the girl's history. A couple of clean, plain calico dresses, some cuffs, a few garments of underwear, several packages of nick-nacks, evidently put up by tiny hands of loved kindred for their angel of mercy to distribute among the sick; these were all the box contained, and they were all carefully repacked and laid aside, while the bystanders shed tears, and turned away in silence.

A meeting of the Howards convened to arrange preliminaries, and at two o'clock they were again gathered in front of the infirmary on Promenade street. The mortal remains of the poor girl had been laid out in pure, white garments and placed in a handsome metallic casket, mounted by a silver plate, inscribed with her age and name, "Mattie Stephenson, died October 17, 1873."

The casket of the deceased was decorated tastefully with wreaths of flowers, and when the persons present had taken a last look at the placid features of the departed, eight pall-bearers, with white and black crape on their left arms, took charge of and placed the casket in the hearse. The procession moved down Main street, and out to Elmwood in the following order: Two carriages with pall-bearers; hearse with remains; pall-bearers; G. W. Gordon, A. D. Langstaff, S. P. Robertson, J. J. Murphy, Butler Anderson, W. J. Smith, W. J. B. Lonsdale, E. J. Mansford; carriage with the Revs. W. E. Boggs and Dr. Luke Blackburn. Members of the Howard Association on foot. Acting Mayor Cicalla, followed by carriages containing several members of the press and others.

As the solemn procession moved down Main street, an intuitive knowledge seemingly pervaded the minds of persons along that highway that an angel spirit had left its mortal tenement for happier realms, and they looked in silence at the cavalcade as it passed to escort the earthly remains to the grave.

At the cemetery, in a conspicuous spot, not far from the entrance gate, a grave had been dug, and here the procession halted, and placed the casket within it.

The Rev. Mr. Boggs, of the Second Presbyterian Church, then read from the tenth chapter of Luke's gospel the parable of the good Samaritan, remarking in substance at the close, "This is the time for action rather than for words. I must not trespass upon the precious time consecrated to the human task of caring for the living. You of the Howard Association may not linger even by a spot so hallowed as the grave of this brave and tender woman. I saw her but once, and under the most trying circumstances in which a modest girl could be placed. It was in the chamber of a victim of this fearful scourge, who had been hurried by it into the pangs of motherhood. Terror had broken the tenderest ties of life. Men had nerved themselves to face the danger by strong drink; women, otherwise so ready with their sympathy and aid in the hour of agony, whose bitterness only a woman can know, stood aloof with pale faces and parted lips. A slender, shy girl hovered over that panting young mother, whose pangs were not repaid by hearing the welcome cries of a living child. She knelt with me in prayer to the Great Father to heal the exhausted body, or if such was his higher will to receive her departing soul to Himself. There was nothing of the self-conscious heroine about the shy and gentle creature—no traces of the Jean d'Arc or Charlotte Corday, as we see them portrayed by the painter's brush; and, rude man that I was, I had well nigh forgotton the circumstance until recalled by the statement of her noble-hearted physician (Dr. Blackburn), who wept for her as for a beloved daughter. The two women now sleep not very far from each other in the quiet shades of our beautiful Elmwood—the one from Illinois, the other from the more distant hills of Bonnie Scotland. Lips like mine can not fittingly speak the praises of such a life, such a glorious death. May Divine Power use this example of unselfish philanthropy to engrave upon our hearts the sublime moral which the blessed Son of God draws from his wondrous parable of the good Samaritan—"Go thou and do likewise." And hereafter, when our duties to the dying sufferers shall allow of it, let her simple story be told to our boys and girls when we shall be cold, and, it may be, forgotten beneath the green sod. Let the breathing marble and the sculptor's art do some justice, not to her merit, which man can never reward, but to ourselves and the gratitude of our city.

A prayer of thanksgiving was then offered to God for the holy teachings of the inspired book, and for the examples which in some degree embody them, by imperfect yet lovely imitations of that one great example of a few who "went about doing good" to suffering men. And the mourners were dismissed with the apostolic benediction to their urgent duties in behalf of the living.

Among others noticed at the funeral of this heroine who has fallen a victim to the scourge, were Major Walthall, of Mobile; W. W. Cooper, of New Orleans; acting Mayor Cicalla, and Messrs. James G. Simpson, A. J. Kellar, C. A. Leffingwell, Holt, Porter, Waiting, Halstead and Foster, of the Howard Association; also, Mrs. Jennie Canneer, Mrs. Fisher and Eliza Fay, from Mobile, and Mrs. Bernard and Mrs. James, of New Orleans, all connected with the Walthall Infirmary, where Miss Stephenson died. Every one of the persons named, and indeed all present, were visibly affected to sadness during the ceremonies, and many strong hearts shed genuine tears of sorrow for the pure hearted victim who so nobly sacrificed herself in a cause which will win her a crown among the angels.

John Milton's tomb is still intact in London. In the parish of St. Giles, Cripplegate, the remains of the poet, interred in 1674, lie with those of his father, buried in 1646. The church itself is of grand proportions, and the oldest but one in London, having been built in 1090.

A plain spoken casuist says that there is no absolute sin in horse racing, but that if there is anything provoking in this world it is to bet your money on the wrong horse and be obliged to steal a ride home or go afoot.

LETTER FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, October 21, 1873.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:

The New York Democrats are rejoicing over a victory in Ohio, but they do not say anything about the administration victory in Pennsylvania. The truth is that the "victory" in neither State is one for any particular policy of which the people of either State could be proud or could depend upon for permanent support and relief.

At the time of writing there seems to be evidences of returning confidence in the business circles, especially among the merchants and manufacturers. All excitements on the street have died out. The Stock and Gold Exchanges hold sessions every day with as much quietness, comparatively speaking, as church congregations. The bulletin this afternoon is that "there have been no exciting or specially interesting features presented;" that "generally dull and unimportant markets were observed." This sentiment pervades, and has reference mainly to the speculators. Government bonds are dull to-day, however, and gold is down to 108⅝. Railroad stocks are quiet, and the general clamor is for more greenbacks. Yesterday there was a report of financial trouble in the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company, a blow at Tom Scott in his absence, accompanied by a blow at the Texas Pacific Company, of which he is president. To-day the plot was exploded and the stock of the Pennsylvania Central advanced one and a half per cent. Vanderbit and Jay Gould have been the targets of defeated and bankrupt speculators, but as they have thus far been able to avoid the shots the firing has ceased.

The attention of the public is naturally turning to Congress for relief as I made mention in my last letter. Several shrewd Senators and Representatives are already taking advantage of the popular current by which to guide their political crafts in the future.

The "back pay grab," so-called, has proved a dangerous thorn for the reform and civil service Congress. An effort will be made to enter upon the records at the next session a solemn vote of censure upon those members who voted for the measure. The Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives informed me a few days since, as he was passing through to Washington, that considerable amounts of the "grab salary" was yet uncalled for in his office. The officer of the House referred to, Mr. Ordway, refused to accept an increase of his salary.

Western and Southern merchants, either in person or by commission, are purchasing to replenish their stocks. Trade in that line is brisk and healthy. The purchasing merchants now seem to have obtained their greenbacks, and are using them freely.

A gentleman high in authority who arrives here to-day from Washington, says that he has a letter from President Grant to a bank officer, in which the President announces his intention to draw on the $44,000,000 legal tender reserve to the extent of $3,000,000 per week for several weeks to come, and at the same time to buy £1,000,000 of exchange on London for the use of the State and Navy Departments.

Many New Orleans gentlemen are yet in the city.

The President and Cabinet ministers come and go about the same as ever. Hardly a night passes but some one of the Washington officials of the executive department may be seen threading his way through the crowd in Fifth Avenue, or acting as a hearer or speaker in one of the groups in that hotel.

Politics in New York, State and municipal, are still very much mixed. There is a competition between the Democrats and Republicans to gobble up the Liberal vote. The probability is that it will bedivided, more than half not voting at all; the other half scattering between the Democrats and Republicans.

The city presents, on the whole, the appearance of dullness. A depression rests upon the spirits of the people generally.

H.

"Die With My Face to the Foe."

A writer in the Louisville *Courier-Journal* tells the following amusing story of the rebellion:

A single shot, followed by a loud shriek, told us that one of my best ten (Bradley) was hurt. He proclaimed his agony with loud voice, turned over on his back, and commenced kicking so vigorously that the surgeon had difficulty in getting near him.

"Poor fellow!" said the doctor, as he saw a whitish liquid oozing out; "shot in the bladder. I'm afraid it's fatal"

And he commenced opening his coat.

"Oh, my God!" said Bradley, "I'm a dead man."

"Keep up your spirits, my boy; never say die," said Captain Johnson, kneeling kindly over him.

"Doctor," asked the wounded soldier, feebly, "will you write to my mother and tell her that I died bravely, doing my duty, with my face to the foe, and that I thought of her when dying?"

"Yes," said the doctor, with dim eyes and a husky voice; "I will write to her, and tell her, too."

But, suddenly springing to his feet, with an indignant voice, said:

"Why, confound it, man, you're not hurt a bit. It's only your canteen that's shot, and that's the water from it. Get up, will you!"

Bradley raised himself so slowly, felt himself all over, and, with an exceedingly foolish countenance, crawled back to his position amid the uproarious laughter of the whole regiment.

For months after that, on the march or in camp, and sometimes in the stillness of the night, you would hear a voice in some direction demanding:

"What shall I tell your mother!" and perhaps half a dozen responses would be heard: "Tell her I died withmy face to the foe," and then Bradley would come out and hunt for the man that said it

He seldom found him, but when he did there was certain to be a fight.

A Western musical critic has speaks of a prima donna: "She had, all we suppose still retains, a magnificent voice for a log whistle. Its compass was perfectly surprising. She would shake he chandelier with a wild whoop that made every man instinctively feel for his scalp, and followed it up with a roar that would shame a bass' soon."

Dr. Reid, the celebrated medical writer, was requested by a lady of literary eminence to call at her house. "Be sure you recollect the address," she said, as she quitted the room—"No. 1 Chesterfield street." "Madam," said the doctor, "I am too great an admirer of politeness not to remember Chesterfield, and, I fear, too selfish ever to forget number one."

Outward grace is but the visible symbol of inward culture. External harmony is but the visible revelation of that proper balancing of intellectual and moral forces that constitute a perfect character.

General Custer listened to a lecture in Duluth on how to save the Indians. He said the doctrine was good for the inside of a church, but no man could practice it on the plains and save his hair

COURT RECORD.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1873.

Superior District Court.

Cases were called in this court this morning and rules heard.

First District Court.

State vs. Charles and Mary Burgess.—Rape, etc. Argument of council.

Assistant Attorney General Braughn opened the case for the State. He minutely reviewed the whole testimony of the case, beginning with that of Dr. Cooper to that of Dr. Roudanez. The story of the little girl was again detailed in the most feeling manner, and the corroborating testimony of the other State witnesses brought forward with great effect. He reviewed the law on the subject from the earliest English authorities to the latest American. The competency of the child was argued by him, but the court said that was a matter for exception.

Mr. Braughn thoroughly analyzed the medical testimony as applied to the law of the case. His argument was an exceedingly valuable one in a legal point of view, while all technical terms were explained in such a lucid manner as to retain the attention of the jury and the audience to the end.

William R. Whitaker, Esq., opened the argument for the defense. He said it was not necessary to praise the jury on their patience or intelligence, but he paid Mr. Braughn a compliment on his argument, eloquence and ingenuity, which was well deserved. He then outlined the course his argument would take in relation to the crimes of which his clients were accused.

At this point the court adjourned to Monday morning.

Fifth District Court.

This court was in session this morning, Judge Tissot presiding for Judge Cullom.

The following petition has been filed:

B. Laporte, for the use of P. Laporte vs. New Orleans Mutual Insurance Company. Petitioner represents that June 15, 1873, as agent for P. Laporte, he insured in the defendant company the two-story double tenement brick slated building No. 236 Peters street, for $2000, which was burned June 19, 1873, and said company have refused to pay the amount, although the legal delay has expired. Wherefore he prays judgment.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Teutonia National Bank of New Orleans, New Orleans, October 17, 1873.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this bank, held this day, it was resolved that the position of Cashier be declared vacant, and from this date J. M. WAGNER is no longer authorized to sign as such.
oc24 3t J. R. WILDERMANN, President.

Office of the New Orleans Mutual Insurance Association, New Orleans, October 22, 1873.—A general meeting of the stockholders of the New Orleans Mutual Insurance Association will be held at its office, No. 102 Canal street, on THURSDAY, the sixth day of November, 1873, at 6 P. M., for the purpose of taking into consideration the affairs of said association, and adopting such measures as may be deemed advisable in the premises.
G. LANAUX, Secretary. C. CAVAROC, President.
oc23 td

Southern Bank, New Orleans, July 12, 1873.—Notice is hereby given that the unredeemed notes issued by the old "Southern Bank" must be presented for payment within one year from the first publication of this notice, at the office of the Auditor of this State, who, on receiving satisfactory proof of the publication of this notice for one year, as aforesaid, will surrender any funds he may hold for the payment of the said unredeemed notes.
jy13 eowly J. GARR, Cashier.

Notice.—New Orleans Clearing House, September 26, 1873.—Whereas, the certification of checks is intended for use in the Clearing House, all depositors in the Associated Banks of New Orleans are hereby notified to make their checks PAYABLE THROUGH THE CLEARING HOUSE.
se27 1m ISAAC N. MAYNARD, Manager.

SUCCESSION NOTICES.

Succession of Henry F. Given—No. 36,680.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF Orleans.—Whereas, Mrs. Annie E. Given has petitioned the court for letters of administration on the estate of her late husband, Henry F. Given, deceased, intestate. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern to show cause, within ten days, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.
By order of the Court.
oc19 24 28* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of Joseph M. Reeve—No. 25,886.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by the testamentary executrix of this estate should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.
By order of the Court.
oc21 25 28* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of Alexander Norton—No. 34,127.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by Henry Bidwell, testamentary executor, in this estate should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.
By order of the Court.
oc25 26 30* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of John Lorenzo—No. 36,450.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF Orleans.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause, within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by the testamentary executor of this estate, should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.
By order of the Court.
oc16 21 24* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of Sarah A. Harper—No. 36,477.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by the executors of this estate should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.
By order of the Court.
oc16 19 24* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of Mrs. Dina Mahnken—No. 36,679.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans.—Whereas, Louis Newald has petitioned the court for letters of administration on the estate of the late Mrs. Dina Mahnken, deceased, intestate. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern to show cause within ten days why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.
By order of the Court.
oc18 22 26* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of Fanny Chase, Widow of John F. Deane—No. 36,682.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF Orleans.—Whereas, William S. Lecour has petitioned the court for letters of administration on the estate of the late Fanny Chase, widow of John F. Deane, deceased, intestate. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern to show cause within ten days why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.
By order of the Court.
oc21 26 30* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of Charles Ducros—No. 36,686.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans.—Whereas, Pierre Theophile Commagere has petioned the court for letters of administration on the estate of the late Charles Ducros, deceased, intestate. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, to show cause within ten days why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.
By order of the Court.
oc21 27 1* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of James M. Givan—No. 34,727

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by the testamentary executrix of this estate should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.
By order of the Court.
oc22 26 30* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of Thomas Jefferson Beck, Jr. —No. 36,016.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by the administrator of this estate should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.
By order of the Court.
oc22 24 30 FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of Mrs. Alice A. Davern—No. 34,768.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF Orleans.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by Patrick Halpin, tutor, as such administering this estate, should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.
By order of the Court.
oc21 26 30* FRANK PACE, Clerk.

LOTTERIES.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY

OF THE

COMBINATION PLAN.

DRAWS DAILY.

CAPITAL PRIZES

$50000,

$5000,

$4500.

All orders should be addressed to the Manager' office, corner of St. Charles and Union streets, New Orleans.

TICKETS ONLY ONE DOLLAR;

Shares in Proportion,

Sent to any address on receipt of the price of tickets or fractions.

THE POLICY PLAN

also

DRAWN DAILY.

BEWARE OF BOGUS LOTTERIES.
de24 1y

DRAWING OF THE LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY FOR OCTOBER 25, 1873. CLASS 254.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
7	36	62	17	30	29	5	74	42	27	72	31	28	—

The above drawings are published in the principal papers, and are drawn in public daily at the rooms of the company.

Witness our hands at New Orleans, Louisiana, this twenty-fifth day of October, 1873.
H. PERALTA,
ADAM GIFFEN,
Commissioners.
BEWARE OF BOGUS LOTTERIES. ap22

$300,000.

MISSOURI STATE LOTTERY.

Legalized by State Authority and Drawn in Public in St. Louis.

GRAND SINGLE NUMBER SCHEME.

50,000 NUMBERS.

CLASS K, TO BE DRAWN OCTOBER 31, 1873.

5880 Prizes, Amounting to $300,000.

1 prize of	$50,000	500 prizes of	$100
1 prize of	13,450	9 prizes of	1000
1 prize of	10,000	9 prizes of	500
1 prize of	7,500	9 prizes of	300
4 prizes of	5,000	9 prizes of	250
4 prizes of	2,500	36 prizes of	200
20 prizes of	1,000	36 prizes of	150
20 prizes of	500	180 prizes of	100
40 prizes of	200	2500 prizes of	50

Tickets $10, half tickets $5. Quarters $2 50.

Our lotteries are chartered by the state, are always drawn at the time named, and all drawings are under the supervision of sworn commissioners.

The official drawing will be published in the St. Louis papers, and a copy of the drawing sent to purchasers of tickets.

We will draw a similar scheme the last day of every month during the year 1873.

Remit by postoffice money orders, registered letter, draft or express.

Send for a circular. Address
MURRAY, MILLER & CO.,
Postoffice box 2446, St. Louis Missouri.
ap10 eod 1ly

GIFT CONCERT.

SHORTEST ROUTE TO FORTUNE.

$100,000 for Only $2 50.

THE LARGEST RETURN FOR THE SMALLEST INVESTMENT.

A GRAND GIFT CONCERT

Will be held at

LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS,

December 31, 1873,

For the benefit of a

JUVENILE REFORM SCHOOL.

40,000 Gifts, $450,000 in Prizes.

Principal Prize, $100,000.

Consists of the superb palatial residence of Simon Abeles, fitted, unsurpassed as a private dwelling in the United States, being only a few blocks from the Courthouse, surrounded by magnificent grounds, orchards, gardens and vineyards. The building has been only recently completed with all modern improvements.

PRIZE LIST.

1 prize, real estate	$100,000
1 cash prize	20,000
2 cash prizes, $10,000 each	20,000
4 cash prizes, $5,000 each	20,000
8 cash prizes, $2500 each	20,000
20 cash prizes, $1000 each	20,000
50 cash prizes, $500 each	25,000
100 cash prizes, $200 each	20,000
200 cash prizes, $100 each	20,000
500 cash prizes, $50 each	25,000
688 cash prizes, $20 each	13,760
1,000 cash prizes, $10 each	10,000
4,134 cash prizes, $5 each	20,670
36,250 cash prizes, $2 50 each	91,125
40,000 prizes	$450,000

The title to the above real estate is guaranteed perfect. The liberal terms of this scheme bring it within the reach of all—the greatest opportunity ever offered for the poor man to rise to wealth.

PRICE OF TICKETS—Single tickets $2 50; eleven tickets $25; fifty-six tickets $125; 115 tickets $250.

The drawing will be made under the superintendence of a committee appointed by the highest officials in the State, duly sworn to the faithful performance of the duties assigned them. The highest officials, both of city, county and State, have not only indorsed Mr. Abeles, but also his scheme. The demand for tick