

hemorrhage of lungs, 2 of heart disease, 1 of inflammation of the liver, 1 of influenza, 1 of pneumonia, 1 of measles, 1 of meningitis, 2 of old age, 1 of paralysis, 1 of peritonitis, 2 of pleurisy, 9 of pneumonia, 1 of purulent absorption, 1 of small-pox, 1 of stragulated hernia, 1 of teething, 1 of tris nascentium, 1 of varioloid, 1 not stated. In addition to the above 10 were stillborn.

SEVENTH WARD.—At a meeting of the Seventh Ward Kellogg Pioneers, held at their hall Saturday evening, February 7, 1874, for the purpose of reorganization, the following officers were elected: Vice, Samuel Freeman; president, S. Antonio, first vice president, David Gibson, second vice president, George Gandi, third vice president, Richard Harrison; secretary, L. E. Bryant; treasurer, Napoleon Wilson, grand marshal, August Myers, assistant grand marshal, Gustave Adolph, sergeant-at-arms, Edward Codrass and James Harris, assistants.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—At a called meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association, held at the annual meeting of the Association February 3 the following named gentlemen were elected officers: W. M. Greenwood, president; John G. Angell, C. H. Shute, S. K. Russ, vice president; N. W. Griswold, general secretary; R. S. Stuart, recording secretary; Charles Carroll, treasurer; F. E. Richmond, librarian.

FIRST WARD.—A regular meeting of the First Ward was held last evening. The first business was the reading of the minutes of the last meeting. Resolutions were passed expressing confidence in Messrs. Thompson and Langley, members of the Board of Health, and in Mayor Wilz, and in Senator Glaudin.

THE LATEST FROM THE FAIR.—At a late hour last night it was announced that the contest for the buggy was decided in favor of District Attorney McPhelin, he beating his competitor, Mayor Wilz, nearly two to one. The engine horse became the property of No. 2.

THE PEOPLE'S COLUMN.—[Brief Communications Published—Long Ones Invariably Rejected—The Editor not Responsible for the Sentiments Expressed in the Communications.]

Public Markets vs. Private of Free Markets.—The questions raised in the caption of this article are of considerable importance to the inhabitants of this city. There is in it public health. In all the large cities of Europe and America—London, Paris, Berlin, Vienna and others—there are places designated and set apart as public markets, where butchers' meat, fish, poultry, vegetables and fruit, brought for the consumption of the inhabitants of these capitals, are sold under regulations made by the public authorities.

These regulations are made in the interest of the public order and the public health, and they are founded on considerations of the highest importance. They are made and enforced principally to prevent the sale of tainted and unhealthy food which is perishable in its nature and of daily consumption. These regulations are particularly necessary in a warm and damp climate like that of New Orleans. It ought to be evident to all that there are great advantages to be derived from the sale of perishable articles of food in our public markets. For example, the public markets offer every facility for the inspection of the articles sold in them, not only by the public officers but by purchasers as well, and the opportunities for selection are much greater than in the private or free markets. No private vendor can offer the same advantages which are possessed by the keeper of a stall in the public market.

The following is a copy of the bill introduced in the Senate by Mr. Chabourn, of St. Charles parish. It was referred to the Committee on Education and returned to the Senate, accompanied by a favorable report, with amendments. In considering the report the merits of the bill were discussed with considerable length, which resulted in a recommitted of the bill to the Committee on Education.

AN act requiring parents, guardians or other persons having charge of children between the ages of six and sixteen years to give them an opportunity of education.

SECTION I. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened, That every parent, guardian or other person having control of any child between the ages of six and sixteen years, residing in any school district in which a school is taught for three months or more, shall, within two miles of the nearest traveled road of the residence of such child, either cause to be instructed such child in reading, writing, English grammar, geography and arithmetic, or cause such child to attend some school at least three months in each year, six weeks of which attendance shall be consecutive, and if on such cause such child to be instructed at home or elsewhere at least three months in each year in the branches above named, unless the physical or mental condition of the child is such as to render such attendance inexpedient or impracticable, or unless the child shall be reasonably proficient in said branches.

SECTION 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That it shall be the duty of school directors or other school officers having control of any school, to prosecute to the best of their power, and any person who shall violate said section one shall be punished by a fine of not less than five dollars and not more than twenty-five dollars, payable to the school fund of the parish in which he resides for every week not exceeding ten weeks in any one year, during which he shall have failed to comply with the provisions of said section, said fine, when received, to be paid to the treasurer of the parish school board for the benefit of the schools in said parish.

SECTION 3. Be it further enacted, etc., That the school directors or other school officers having control of any school, when a written notice has been served on any two or more of them, by any citizen of any parish, stating by whom and how any such penalty has been incurred, who shall neglect for fifteen days after the service of such notice upon them to institute a suit for the recovery of the same, shall be held guilty of neglect, unless upon investigation during that time they shall be satisfied that no penalty has actually been incurred, or that the sum of not more than ten dollars per day for the sum of not more than ten days, or more than thirty dollars for each neglect, to be recovered before any court of competent jurisdiction; such penalty when recovered shall be paid to the treasurer of the parish school board of the parish in which the penalty was incurred and added to the school fund thereof.

SECTION 4. Be it further enacted, etc., That it shall be the duty of the school directors, upon application, to furnish any child between the ages of six and sixteen years, residing in their district, with the necessary books to use in the school, and that the parents, guardian or other person having control of such child is in indigent circumstances and unable to procure books and stationery, or any other articles which the treasurer of the parish school board shall pay for such books out of the school fund in his hands, on the order of the president of the board.

SECTION 5. Be it further enacted, etc., That all laws or parts of laws in conflict with this act be and the same are hereby repealed, and that this act take effect from and after its passage.

SPECIAL NOTICES. BATHURST. HIS MAJESTY'S LORD HIGH CHAMBERLAIN, 1212½ Postoffice Box No. 703.

Office Patent Tailor and Clothing. New Orleans, La. 1874. Members of this association are hereby notified that the annual meeting of the office of Mr. B. J. West, No. 117 Magazine street, on TUESDAY, February 10, 1874, at 6:30 P. M., for the purpose of making the annual report and a change of the par value of the stock, and an increase of the capital stock of the company.

INSURANCE. SUN MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY. Paid Up Capital, \$500,000. EIGHTEENTH ANNUAL STATEMENT—FOR THE YEAR 1873.

Amount of premiums for the year, \$269,827 53. Less unexpired risks, and return premiums, 61,359 89. Net earned premiums, \$208,467 64. Discount and interest, 4,087 22. Total, \$212,554 86.

Losses paid, reinsurance and unadjusted losses, \$153,159 77. General expenses and taxes, 32,173 21. Reserve fund and dividend, \$3,982 41. On stock, 20,314 70—\$141,157 68. Net profit, \$70,707 18.

Assets of the company, estimated at their market value: Bonds, stocks, loans and bills receivable, \$554,786 43. Cash on hand and premiums in course of collection, 35,565 89. Total assets, \$590,352 32.

LIABILITIES. Bills receivable, \$4,579 68. Due by individual accounts, 19,085 68. Loan on mortgage, 20,070 00. Loan on mortgage, 58,113 64. Stock and bonds, 17,375 50. Office furniture, 4,338 59. Cash on hand, 25,918 31. Total, \$209,042 80.

INSURANCE. GERMANIA INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS. SEVENTH STATEMENT OF THE COMPANY. In conformity with the requirements of the charter, the company publishes the following statement, ending December 31, 1873.

Premiums received during the year ending December 31, 1873, \$100,000 00. Less unearned premiums, 10,000 00. Net earned premiums, 90,000 00. Discount and interest, 1,000 00. Total, 91,000 00.

LIABILITIES. Bills receivable, \$1,000 00. Due by individual accounts, 5,000 00. Loan on mortgage, 10,000 00. Stock and bonds, 15,000 00. Office furniture, 2,000 00. Cash on hand, 10,000 00. Total, 43,000 00.

INSURANCE. LAFAYETTE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS. Fourth Annual Statement, 1873. In conformity with the requirements of its charter, the company publishes the following statement of its business for the year ending December 31, 1873.

Amount of premiums on fire risks during the year, including unearned premiums of 1872, \$67,519 41. Less unearned premiums of 1873, \$9,714 50. Net earned premiums, 57,804 91. Interest, 5,366 62. Profit and loss, 21 00—\$63,192 53.

Assets. Cash, \$1,000 00. Bonds, 10,000 00. Stocks, 5,000 00. Loans on mortgage, 10,000 00. Office furniture, 2,000 00. Cash on hand, 10,000 00. Total, 38,000 00.

LIABILITIES. Bills receivable, \$1,000 00. Due by individual accounts, 5,000 00. Loan on mortgage, 10,000 00. Stock and bonds, 15,000 00. Office furniture, 2,000 00. Cash on hand, 10,000 00. Total, 43,000 00.

INSURANCE. LOUISIANA MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY. Corner of Canal and Camp Streets. FOURTEENTH ANNUAL STATEMENT. In conformity with its charter, the company publishes the following statement of its business for the year ending December 31, 1873.

Premiums received during the year ending December 31, 1873, \$100,000 00. Less unearned premiums, 10,000 00. Net earned premiums, 90,000 00. Discount and interest, 1,000 00. Total, 91,000 00.

Assets. Cash, \$1,000 00. Bonds, 10,000 00. Stocks, 5,000 00. Loans on mortgage, 10,000 00. Office furniture, 2,000 00. Cash on hand, 10,000 00. Total, 38,000 00.

LIABILITIES. Bills receivable, \$1,000 00. Due by individual accounts, 5,000 00. Loan on mortgage, 10,000 00. Stock and bonds, 15,000 00. Office furniture, 2,000 00. Cash on hand, 10,000 00. Total, 43,000 00.

INSURANCE. LAFAYETTE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS. Fourth Annual Statement, 1873. In conformity with the requirements of its charter, the company publishes the following statement of its business for the year ending December 31, 1873.

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Assets. Cash, \$1,000 00. Bonds, 10,000 00. Stocks, 5,000 00. Loans on mortgage, 10,000 00. Office furniture, 2,000 00. Cash on hand, 10,000 00. Total, 38,000 00.

LIABILITIES. Bills receivable, \$1,000 00. Due by individual accounts, 5,000 00. Loan on mortgage, 10,000 00. Stock and bonds, 15,000 00. Office furniture, 2,000 00. Cash on hand, 10,000 00. Total, 43,000 00.

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LIABILITIES. Bills receivable, \$1,000 00. Due by individual accounts, 5,000 00. Loan on mortgage, 10,000 00. Stock and bonds, 15,000 00. Office furniture, 2,000 00. Cash on hand, 10,000 00. Total, 43,000 00.

CORPORATIONS. CHARTER OF THE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS. STATE OF LOUISIANA—PARISH OF ORLEANS. Be it known that on this twentieth day of January 1874, the undersigned, duly qualified for the purpose, have caused to be published in the public papers of this State, a copy of the charter of the Fire Insurance Company of New Orleans, and that the same has been approved by the laws of this State of Louisiana for the organization of corporations.

ARTICLE I. This company shall be designated and formed under the title and name of THE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS, and its domicile shall be in the parish of Orleans, State of Louisiana, and the president thereof, or in his absence, the secretary, shall be the person or persons whom may be named in the charter, and who shall be sworn to and qualified in accordance with the provisions of the laws of this State.

ARTICLE II. The purpose for which the said Merchants Fire Insurance Company of New Orleans is established and the nature of its business to be carried on by it, shall be declared by the charter.

ARTICLE III. The capital stock of this company is hereby fixed at one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, said capital to be divided into shares of twenty dollars each, to be paid in cash, or in installments, at the option of the subscribers, and the amount of each installment shall be fixed by the charter.

ARTICLE IV. The net profits arising from the business, as ascertained by the audited publications, shall be divided among the stockholders in proportion to the amount of their shares, and the amount of each dividend shall be paid in cash, or in installments, at the option of the stockholders.

ARTICLE V. The charter of this company may be amended, altered, or changed, by a majority of the stockholders, and the amendments, alterations, or changes, shall be in writing, and shall be signed by the president and secretary, and shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the parish.

ARTICLE VI. The charter of this company may be amended, altered, or changed, by a majority of the stockholders, and the amendments, alterations, or changes, shall be in writing, and shall be signed by the president and secretary, and shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the parish.

ARTICLE VII. The charter of this company may be amended, altered, or changed, by a majority of the stockholders, and the amendments, alterations, or changes, shall be in writing, and shall be signed by the president and secretary, and shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the parish.