New Orleans Republican.
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY R. M. & B. J. MONTGOMERY, at 11 o'clock at the corner of Natchez and Camp streets, a general assortment of new and second-hand furniture, etc.

BY C. E. GIRARDEY, at 12 o'clock, at St. Charles Auction Exchange, a lot, with buildings, on Roman, between Ursulines and Hospital streets.

BY SHERIFF HARPER, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 8 Carondelet street, contents of a coffeehouse. At 12 o'clock, at Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, a lot with buildings, on Delord and Front streets, between Lafayette and Girod streets. At 5 o'clock, at warehouse Nos. 23 and 25 Orleans street, furniture.

Local Intelligence.

POLICEMEN AND THE NEW ARRANGEMENTS.—Our Metropolitans have been in something of a boiling broth recently, and the force has been considerably agitated, anticipating a reduction in numbers. Rumors of all kinds have been wickedly circulated, but in nearly every instance they were false. The several captains held a meeting Sunday evening, when the subject of accepting a reduction in salaries was discussed, but the result is unknown. A committee was appointed to wait on the board of commissioners. The commissioners are making efforts to consummate an agreeable conclusion, and it is likely they will prove equal to the emergency.

CHEAP STEAMBOAT.—The Blanche was yesterday sold at auction by United States Deputy Marshal Stockton for $125, to Mr. Seldon.

ACCIDENTAL SHOOTING AND DEATH.—Eugene Lasalle accidentally shot and killed himself last Sunday at the stable of John Denheim, corner of Carrollton avenue and Twelfth street. He had been handling a shotgun, loaded with birdshot, and the charge entered his right groin, causing death.

CUCUMBERS.—This elongated vegetable has been in market several days, and not a single case of cholera has been reported.

THANKS FOR FAVORS RECEIVED.—During the long and interesting trial of the Grant parish prisoners, our reporter was necessarily indebted to several gentlemen for favors. Judge Woods, Clerk Wolfley, Deputy Marshals DeKlyne, Stockton and others have our thanks for timely attentions. On the other hand it may be that counsel for defense are somewhat indebted to us; if so be they are welcome to all assistance rendered.

ONCE MORE FOR COAL OIL.—Mrs. Emma Herbert, living in No. 79 Customhouse street, yesterday attempted to hasten a fire by using coal oil from a can, and the consequence was that a terrible explosion ensued. The blazing fluid fell on her clothing, putting all in a flame on the instant. The unfortunate woman, instead of standing still as possible under the circumstances, ran, fanning the fire at every step. Before she stopped, half dead, nearly all her clothing was off and her flesh badly burned. The husband, Emile, a shoemaker, was also seriously burned in attempting to extinguish the fire. The couple were sent to the Charity Hospital.

LOOKING FULL OF PROMISE.—Foliage on fig trees is nearly full, and small figs have showed themselves, promising an abundant supply.

SIXTH DISTRICT FIREMEN.—Mr. J. A. H. De Leon, secretary of Hose Hook and Ladder Company No. 1, Sixth District, on the part of his company, sends us an invitation to attend their annual celebration on the last day of this month.

BAREE MINSTON.—The Board of Police Commissioners held a session yesterday morning, short at both ends.

Major P. H. Boyle, he of the police, was smiling broadly yesterday morning in consequence of an increase in our population. It will be a voter after the lapse of twenty-one years. Champagne and cigars all round.

A furious cow in a churchyard on Craps, between Enghein and Port streets, attacked Miss Kate Blanc, and would probably have seriously injured her had the (Miss Kate) not moved off in lively style.

George Mason, the Dryades street car driver who beat a lad last Saturday, was arrested on a warrant yesterday by a first precinct officer for assault and battery. Patrick Ball is the complainant.

John Power is a prisoner in the first precinct for feloniously entering a store in the night and larceny.

Duncan Hill is under arrest for conspiring to cause the death of M. J. Morris. An examination was made by Judge Gernon yesterday, who concluded to give no decision just yet.

The bar-room, No. 20 Carondelet street, seems to be meat for a burglar who has on two occasions recently feloniously entered the place and stolen valuables.

The story of Rachel Nero is that yesterday morning, at the corner of Laurel and General Taylor streets, two men threw her down, tied her, and then proceeded to rob her. Fortunately she had only five cents, which the footpads took.

Mr. A Kinsella having been rather seriously injured by a fall while on board the steamer Admiral at Southwest Pass, was sent to his home on Canal street.

MORTUARY.—The number of deaths in this city for the week ending Sunday evening last at six o'clock was 108. The causes of death were as follows:

Two of anæmia, 3 of apoplexy, 1 of bronchitis, 1 of burns or scalds, 3 of Bright's disease, 2 of catarrh, 1 of cirrhosis of liver, 4 of congestion of the brain, 1 of congestion of the stomach, 1 of congestion of the lungs, 14 of consumption, 4 of infantile convulsions, 1 of croup, 2 of adult debility, 2 of infantile dibility, 2 of chronic diarrhea, 1 of dropsy of brain, 1 drowned, 1 of dysentery, 2 of diphtheria, 1 of eudo carditis, 1 of erysipelas, 1 of intermittent fever, 1 of puerperal fever, 1 of remittent fever, 1 of gastro enteritis, 2 of valvular disease of heart, 2 of enlargement of heart, 2 of inflammation of the brain, 2 of inflammation of the liver, 1 of inflammation of the spleen, 1 of inflammation of the stomach, 1 of laryngitis, 2 of infantile marasmus, 2 of old age, 1 of peritonitis, 1 of pleurisy, 8 of pneumonia, 1 pleuro pneumonia, 2 of pyemia, 3 of scrofula, 13 of small pox, 1 of softening of the stomach, 2 of suffocation, 1 suicide, 4 of tris nascentium, 1 of gunshot wounds. In addition to the above, 9 were stillborn.

SUICIDE.—Isidore Giraud, residing at No. 320 Washington street, cut his throat yesterday morning with a razor. Dr. Scott was called, but death had already taken place before he arrived. Cause, ill health. Coroner Folwell held the inquest.

LEVEE BREAK.—At the head Carrebonne street, Carrollton, a slight break occurred in the levee, which was at once repaired.

TWELFTH WARD.—A meeting of the Twelfth Ward Republican Club will be held at Jefferson City Hall, Sixth District, this evening.

ELEPHANT CLUB.—At a meeting of this club last evening about 150 members were present. Hon. James Lewis and Major Louis M. Kenner were elected honorary members. The club was addressed by the following named gentlemen: Messrs. J. Cowan, M. P. Creagh, David Wilkins, John Selles and Dr. M. F. Easson, and adjourned to meet again next Monday evening.

The Louisville *Courier-Journal* says: "Everybody has heard of 'Uncle' John Harper, the famous Kentucky horse breeder, and owner of the peerless Longfellow, and the recent report of his dangerous illness has been received with regret. A correspondent writes this morning, however, that the old man is up and about again, and has in training a promising young horse, to which he has transferred something of the pathetic devotion and pride which once encompassed Longfellow alone."

MOUTHS OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

The Jetty System—Fort St. Philip Canal—Ex-Governor Hebert on the Situation.

We find in the Washington *Republican* of the tenth instant the following letter from ex-Governor Hebert:

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 7, 1874.

Hon. William Windom, Senator in Congress:

SIR—You will, I trust, pardon this liberty. It is unnecessary, at this time, to enlarge upon the vast importance and incalculable commercial benefits of a permanent outlet, from deep water into deep water, near the mouth of the Mississippi river. This work of paramount necessity has engaged the attention of engineers from the period of Spanish and French occupation down to the present day. The idea of a canal is by no means a new one. It has the respectability of mature age. For year after year we have "tinkered" with the mouths of the river—scraping, dredging, dragging, blasting, jettying—all to no purpose and without permanent results, large sums of public money having been literally thrown away. A board of officers of the United States corps of engineers have, after mature and deliberate consideration, reported favorably upon an outlet called the "Fort St. Philip canal." This report is approved and indorsed by the chief of engineers.

The surveys upon which this report is based are as full and complete as such preliminary examinations are generally made. In all contemplated great works—whether fortifications, railroads, river improvements, canals, etc.—preliminary surveys are always in order to establish, first, expediency, practicability, feasibility. This being accomplished, a further survey, more elaborate in details and scientific data, is made, looking to the final location of the work. So soon as Congress indorses the first report, it is in order to make the second and final survey.

It is useless to review here the reason and arguments upon which the recommendation of a canal is based. The report is in your hands, and speaks for itself. It is well worthy of careful study, and will bear the most hypercritical scientific investigation.

I would simply remark that it would be establishing an unusual and dangerous precedent to reject the opinions and convictions of men eminent in the science and practice of engineering and adopt the crude, visionary speculations of outsiders to the profession, without surveys and examinations of any kind, and that, too, when millions are at stake. Money, in my humble opinion as an engineer, is as surely "thrown into the sea" as you adopt the "jetty" plan.

It is an immutable law in physics that when the cause of an evil is periodical, or constantly recurrent, the remedy must be of the same nature. Dredging the shoal mouths of a delta forming river is of this complexion—a periodical, temporary, ever costly remedy—the labor of Sysiphus.

The "jetty" system has been tried upon the bars of the Mississippi, and found wanting. The record is upon the books of the Treasury Department, showing hundreds of thousands sunk into the pockets of speculators and into the waters of the Gulf of Mexico.

The great Mississippi—the largest in the world of sediment-bearing rivers—has been, in obedience to the inevitable laws of gravitation, jettying itself for unknown and untold centuries from the foot of diluvial to the gulf margin of alluvial formations. The result has been to stretch its hydra heads deeper and deeper into the gulf, pushing the bars farther and farther into the open sea, time over time. Artificial jetties will only accelerate the process. This belongs to the inevitable. The "appetite" of the "jetty" system will "increase with what it feeds on," and the work prove interminable. So that a coming Methuselah, if he lives long enough, may yet see the day when the mighty, uncontrollable and remorseless Father of Waters will hurl its turbid and aggressive floods upon the distant shores of peninsular Yucatan.

Surely it is not unwise or irrelevant in the matter of a work of such importance and pregnant with results of such magnitude, one which has for years staggered the genius and inventive faculties of the most competent and distinguished engineers, to respectfully suggest patient reflection, grave consideration, intelligent investigation, and a resort to the exhaustive resources of scientific and practical engineering in its highest sphere of application.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

P. O. HEBERT.

AMUSEMENTS.

St. Charles Theatre.

Mr. C. W. Couldock comes back to us, after a lapse of years, full of life and vigor, and his performances will be a treat to all lovers of good acting. *Luke Fielding*, in which character he appeared Sunday and last evenings, is one of his best personations, and in that character he is known throughout the land. He realizes the perfection of acting in portraying the natural sorrows of the white haired old father, whose daughter's honor is dearer to him than life. There is an earnestness and hearty style about Mr. Couldock that makes one feel as if in the presence of a great actor, and yet the effects he produces are the result of a most simple and natural manner. The "Willow Copse" will to-night be withdrawn for the purpose of producing a Shakespearean piece, the "Merchant of Venice," in which Mr. Couldock will appear as *Shylock*. We shall see a masterly representation of the Jew, and for the sake of the legitimate drama and the fine actor, who will remain only during the present week, the performance should be largely attended.

McEvoy's Hibernicon.

The exhibition of Frank McEvoy's pictorial illustration of travel and scenes in Ireland commenced at the Varieties Theatre last night. The painting has been seen here before, and is well known as a work of great merit. The natural scenery of Ireland is romantic and beautiful in the extreme, and to those not able to make the tour of the Emerald Isle, nothing can be more entertaining and delightful than to sit for an hour while its beauties pass before one on the painter's canvas. Incidental to the exhibition the manager, in easy colloquial style, gives much valuable information regarding the scenes and land represented, and with the aid of Mr. Frank Lawler, as *Barney the Guide*, and Misses Mary MacCrea, Kate Reilley and Kate Byrnes, comedian and vocalists, all excellent in their respective lines of business, we are introduced to real characters found in the old country, and are enabled to listen to many gems of Irish song. This exhibition will be particularly appropriate tonight as a fitting termination of the celebration of St. Patrick's day, and the theatre will undoubtedly be crowded. The exhibition will continue every evening this week, and matinees will be given Thursday and Saturday noon.

Opera House.

To-night the ever popular burlesque "Barbe Bleu" will be presented.

On Thursday the matinee will take place at twelve o'clock precisely.

On Thursday evening M. Devoyod's benefit is announced to occur. On that occasion Verdi's grand opera, "Rigoletto," will be performed. The trio from the third act of "Hamlet" will also be sung.

Louisiana Lottery single number scheme.
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Comes off Saturday, March 28.
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Old and Respectable.

A demijohn labeled Kentucky whisky, ten years old, with compliments of Messrs. S. R. Perry & Co., was left at this office on Saturday, by a faithful messenger. Connoisseurs happened in soon after, a trial was had, and a verdict rendered without leaving their seats. "The label is correct." If any gentleman wants a very choice article, he may be sure he will get it by sending to No. 33 Decatur street.

Daniel Reed, a blind man, of Sioux City, has patented a new car-coupler, which is said to be simple and perfect, and he is looking for a fortune.

Boat Race on Bayou St. John.

Some ten days ago, in the course of a little friendly chaffing in regard to the result of an impromptu trial of speed and skill between a crew of the St. John Club and one from the Pelican Club, a set race was agreed upon.

The race came off on Sunday last, a start being effected at eleven o'clock. Messrs. Baker, Cannon, E. B. Musgrove and Dixon formed the crew of the St. John Club, having for coxswain little Ben Bridges, who, it will be remembered, acted in the same capacity for the Eclipse crew when they won the State championship last fall. Messrs. Villere, Volkman, Claiborne and Keene were the oarsmen of the Pelican Club, Mr. De Armas acting as coxswain. Mr. Thomas G. Richardson, of the St. John Club, acted as judge.

The boats used were lap-streaked cedar out-rigged gigs, being the same used by the respective clubs in the race at Carrollton on the first of last September.

The course rowed was from the footbridge just below the boathouse to a point three miles distant. A fair start was effected, but the St. John crew failed to catch the water properly, and, as the boats rounded the first bend, the Pelicans were a full length ahead. Passing the second bend, the St. John's boat having a little the best position, closed and lapped their opponents. From this point until entering well upon the straight reach the race was close and exciting, but Dixon's powerful and well sustained stroke began to tell. The white flag on the bow of the Slocumb was soon fifty yards ahead. The Pelicans still held on, but without avail. The St. John's boat came in an easy winner by something over two hundred yards, beating their opponents' time one minute and ten seconds.

The gentlemen of the Pelican Club took their defeat in good part, but were by no means convinced of the superiority of the St. John crew. They demanded another contest, and the victors agreeing, a return race has been arranged to come off on Sunday, twenty-ninth instant.

Direct Trade—Increased Immigration.

Pursuant to notice, a called meeting of the subscribers of the Mississippi Valley Society was held yesterday at the office of the Illinois Central railroad. Its object was to effect a temporary organization of the New Orleans branch and the election of officers, the following members having subscribed their names as members of this local organization: J. H. Oglesby, John Phelps, L. A. Wiltz, E. C. Palmer, James Jackson, A. Rocheron, S. H. Kennedy, F. Rickert, James T. Tucker, Ant. Carriere, David Hadden, J. Hassinger, H. O. Seixas, George Jonas, William C. Black, John M. Sandidge, G. T. Beauregard, Albert Baldwin, Adolph Meyer, Johnson Armstrong, A. Bowling, Charles Briggs, Thomas O. Worrall, W. G. Coyle, J. H. Stauffer, A. E. Bader, Louis Schneider, John Henderson.

William C. Black was appointed chairman and J. T. Tucker acted as secretary.

The general manager of branches, in stating the object of the meeting, suggested the names of the following gentlemen as officers:

For president, J. H. Oglesby; vice presidents, John Phelps, L. A. Wiltz, G. T. Beauregard; secretary, James T. Tucker.

Mr. Griffing remarked that the well known character of the names suggested, and the fact that their official positions would make them known abroad, would make the selection particularly appropriate.

Mr. Sandridge coincided with the views expressed, and said it was one of the best selections that could be made.

Mr. Black expressed his approval of the names, and thought the selection well adapted to meet the requirements of the New Orleans branch.

Mr. Bowling seconded the motion for their adoption made by Mr. Hadden, and they were unanimously elected.

The manager remarked that Mr. Tucker had kindly offered the society the use of the office of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, No. 26 Carondelet street, and would also act as secretary until the business of the society should require an office of its own, etc.

It was suggested that the offer of Mr. Tucker be accepted, which was unanimously agreed to.

Mr. Griffing then called attention to the fact that Mr. Oglesby had previously said that he trusted that the members individually would do all they could to secure a large addition to this branch, and that he also had expressed the hope that the present subscribers would not discontinue their efforts in this direction till the New Orleans branch should number 400 or 500 members.

Mr. Griffing said that in acting on Mr. Ogleby's suggestion, he had had printed on the margin of a few of the prospectuses a synopsis of the agreement already signed, and if each of the subscribers would take a copy and get a few of his friends to join, we should soon have in this city the largest branch of the Mississippi valley.

Mr. Black suggested that the secretary send the prospectus to each bona fide member and solicit his co-operation in securing members.

Letters were read from prominent business men of Europe expressing their desire to become better acquainted with the business men of the Mississippi valley. One was read from a large manufacturer of Belfast, Ireland, who had visited this country. He expressed great surprise that the towns of the South and West, being so large, populous and rich, should be so dependent on New York and other Eastern cities. He urged strongly the necessity of more direct trade between Great Britain and the Mississippi valley.

News having arrived from Washington that an appropriation had been secured for dredging out the mouth of the Mississippi still further, Mr. Tucker said he hoped that the Mississippi Valley Society would cooperate with the New Orleans branch in removing all obstructions to our commerce, whether natural, artificial or otherwise.

The meeting then adjourned, subject to the call of the president.

Meteorological and River Report.

The signal service, United States army, reports, for the benefit of commerce, the meteorological record, and rise or fall of the rivers, at 3:43 P. M., local time, yesterday, as follows:

Place.	Ther.	Wind.	Weather.
Augusta	53	S. E.	Heavy rain.
Cairo	54	S. E.	Threatening.
Cincinnati	52	S. E.	Cloudy.
Davenport	44	S.	Cloudy.
Dubuque	39	S. E.	Cloudy.
Keokuk	49	S. E.	Cloudy.
Key West	81	S. E.	Fair.
Lacrosse	51	S.	Cloudy.
Leavenworth	44	S. E.	Light rain.
Louisville	54	S. E.	Threatening.
Memphis	56	S. W.	Cloudy.
Nashville	59	E.	Cloudy.
New Orleans	73	S. W.	Light rain.
New York	39	E.	Cloudy.
Omaha	46	S. E.	Heavy rain.
Pittsburg	45	N. E.	Cloudy.
Savannah	63	S.	Light rain.
Shreveport	64	E.	Fair.
St. Louis	53	S. E.	Cloudy.
St. Paul	46	S. E.	Cloudy.
Vicksburg	70	N.	Heavy rain.
Yankton	43	S. E.	Light rain.
Baltimore	41	N. E.	Light rain.
Mobile	66	S.	Light rain.
Montgomery	60	S. E.	Light rain.

THE RIVERS.

Stations.	Rise, inches.	Fall, inches.	Above low water mark. Ft.	In.
Cairo	..	12	39	10
Cincinnati	..	29	20	4
Davenport	..	24	8	2
Dubuque	..	12	5	8
Helena	..	..	42	0
Keokuk	..	6	8	5
Leavenworth	..	2	0	5
Louisville	..	3	9	9
Memphis	..	..	34	2
Nashville	..	12	10	4
New Orleans	5	..	..	..
Pittsburg	2	2	3	7
Shreveport	1	..	20	7
St. Louis	2	..	16	5
Vicksburg	..	..	41	2

The river here is two feet one inch below high water mark of 1871.

"A little unpleasantness; one lawyer fondles another with a rawhide," is the playful heading of a St. Louis local item.

COURT RECORD.

MONDAY, MARCH 16, 1874.

United States Circuit Court.

United States vs. Hadnot et al.—Verdict: Alfred C. Lewis, not guilty. The jury being unable to agree as to the other prisoners, were discharged.

David Stern et al. vs. Charles Clinton et al.

J. L. Macauley vs. same. Kennard, Howe & Prentiss, and Jas. McConnell for complainants. Wm. H. Hunt, Semmes & Mott, and Billings & Hughes for defendants.

The rule in these cases to show cause why an injunction pendente lite should not be granted, came up. Arguments heard.

Supreme Court.

Adjourned to Monday, twenty-third instant, when decisions will be read.

Superior District Court.

Crescent City Live Stock Landing and Slaughterhouse Company vs. John Barbazon.—Petition alleges defendant has violated plaintiffs' charter in the first section by slaughtering forty-eight beeves at a penalty of $250 each; in the second section by yarding the same number at other places than the company's yards, at $250 each; in the fifth section by keeping a slaughterhouse twenty-four weeks at the corner of Prieur and Oswego streets and slaughtering two beeves a week there at $100 each; in the seventh section by not paying the company's perquisite of $1 per head; claims damage of $28,818, and asks for an injunction, which is issued on bond of $500.

Crescent City Gaslight Company vs. New Orleans Gaslight Company, intervention of city of New Orleans.—Intervenor's supplemental petition alleges that the city has the right without any legislative grant or authority whatever, to make and vend gas and gaslight within her corporate limits; that the grant of exclusive right to the plaintiff, being a monopoly, is in violation of the constitution, and prays judgment according to the original petition.

First District Court.

NOLLE PROSEQUI ENTERED.

Assault and battery—John Carrigan, James Regan.

INFORMATION FILED.

Selling lottery tickets not authorized, etc.—R. Mascaro, J. D. Lefevre.

TRUE BILLS.

State vs. William Egan.—Embezzlement.

State vs. Henry Stigo.—Perjury.

PLEADED NOT GUILTY.

False imprisonment—Dennis Downing.

Perjury—Dennis Downing.

Assault and battery—Louise Johnson, Mrs. Henry Tete.

Larceny—Belle Jackson, Charles Focks, George Constantine, Paul O. Taylor, Henry Brooks, Joe Paul, Joe Hunt.

MISTRIAL.

State vs. Henry Foster.—Obtaining money under false pretenses.

VERDICTS.

State vs. Tony Long.—Assault and battery. Guilty; recommended to mercy.

State vs. William Taylor.—Assault and battery. Guilty; recommended to mercy.

State vs. Jack Hannegan.—Wounding less than mayhem. Not guilty.

State vs. George W. Nash.—Wounding less than mayhem. Not guilty.

SENTENCED.

State vs. Aleck Smith.—Larceny. Two months in Parish Prison.

Second District Court.

Successions of Marceline Schixnaydre, Joseph A. Terzula and Victorine Marie Christien, deceased wife of James Alaban, opened.

Fourth District Court.

Judge Lynch has rendered the following decision:

Terence Doyle vs. William A. Bell & Co.—Petitioner claimed $491 damages for that July 10, 1873, defendants' float, driven by an employe of the firm, was run against him, causing his leg to be crushed, by the gross neglect of the employe. The float was owned by Samuel H. Bell, the book-keeper, and not a member of the firm. He can not be held liable in the present action. The firm employed the float, as did other parties, at $20 per week. The master is liable for the acts of his servant. Civil Code 2320; Peyton vs. Richards 11 A. 62; but in Laugher vs. Pointer, 5 Barn. and Cres., 562, it was decided that the owner and not the hirer was responsible for the negligence of the coachman, and this is the opinion of the later authorities. The relation of master and servant did not subsist between the defendant firm and the drayman. Petition dismissed, with reservation of plaintiff's rights against Samuel H. Bell.

Mrs. Zambelli vs. Paul Zambelli, her husband. In this case defendant having refused to pay the alimony awarded by the court of $7 50 per week, was committed to the Parish Prison for contempt.

Fifth District Court.

Judge Cullom has rendered the following decision:

David I. Adams vs. Johnson & Goodrich.—Plaintiff sold Mason Pilcher September 6, 1872, in New Orleans, a sugar mill and machinery for his plantation in Caddo for his note of $2213 33, due January 1, 1874. Privilege was recorded September 13, 1872. The machinery was delivered September 17. The plaintiff alleged the machinery had become immovable by destination; that defendants seized Pilcher's plantation and prayed for separate appraisement, and that the sheriff be ordered to retain sufficient in his hands to satisfy the note, and that he be decreed a priority of right. The order on the sheriff was granted June 21, 1873, and was obeyed except that, by agreement between Goodrich and plaintiff's attorney, July 5, 1873, Goodrich was to retain $2000 subject to the decision of this court. February 11, 1874, judgment was rendered for Adams for $2213 33, with interest, lien and privilege. The seizure at suit of Johnson & Goodrich was made May 26, 1873, and the separate appraisement of $2000 made July 5, the same day as the agreement of Goodrich. This agreement should have ended the litigation when judgment was rendered for Adams. But defendant's counsel contend there was no appraisement according to law; that the privilege was not recorded on the day the sale was made, and because the recording does not sufficiently identify the property. There was an appraisement made July 5, 1873, and the sheriff's proces verbal shows no informality. If there were a technical informality in not including an acre of ground, it is waived by Goodrich's agreement. The privilege was recorded soon enough to satisfy the requirements of the law. It was valid from the date of recording, C. C. 3273, and as the machinery at that date was on not Pilcher's place, "one acre" would not properly be included. Confusion with the balance of the property was utterly out of the question. The object is to ascertain what it will bring. Whipple vs. Hartzberger, 11 A., 475, and the appraisement established it. The law does not demand that a privilege obtained by a contract in New Orleans shall be recorded the same day 750 miles away. *Lex non cogit ad impossibilia.*

The unique syllogisms of counsel, that being required to be recorded on the day acquired, and not being so because of the distance to the place of recording from the place of the contract, would prevent the vendor from having any privilege. The appraisement seems to have been made according to the Code of Practice. The ownership, till the sale, was in Pilcher, and Adams' claim was good against him. The machinery did not become immovable till after the privilege was recorded in the parish where it was put up. It was not lost by confusion. C. C. 3227-8, arts. 3249 and 3268, relative to privilege, quoted by counsel, does not apply. Goodrich had notice of what the machinery was when he made the agreement. The description was properly made. The recording gave reasonable notice to all parties. The cases cited by counsel are not applicable. The defendants became mortgage creditors of Pilcher, and were not beguiled by insufficiency of notice of existing privileges. The privilege of Adams sprang into existence after theirs was recorded, and affected nothing upon which theirs operated. They can not be injured by the recognition of it, and therefore the third opposition is sustained, and Goodrich ordered to pay Adams, according to the tenor of his agreement.

Sixth District Court.

E. Denechaud vs. Charles T. Howard.—Defendant's plea to the jurisdiction having been overruled, he has filed an answer, calling in warranty E. Munier, judge, and Charles A. Baquie, clerk of the Third District Court, and Sheriff Harper, and cites as authority the decisions quoted by Judge Saucier in discharging the exception.

Crevasse in Carroll Parish.

Governor Kellogg received a letter yesterday from General M. Jeff Thompson, dated at Providence Landing, on Saturday last, in which the Chief State Engineer announces the breaking of the levee known as "Upper Bass," built during the season of 1872-3. The disaster occurred at five o'clock on Friday evening, the thirteenth instant. About a dozen plantations are overflowed, and the planters, of course, will lose this season's crops.

From the *Lake Republican*, of the fourteenth, we gather the following additional particulars concerning the condition of the levees in Carroll parish:

The rapid rise in the river caught the Levee Company napping as usual, and but for the prompt and efficient efforts of our own citizens, would now have been pouring through or over Elton levee. This levee has been neglected from time to time, and whenever any work has been done it was either "skimped" or placed upon a line so near the river that the same work had to be done over again the next year. Whatever has been the cause of this, such are the facts, and on last Sunday the prospects were gloomy enough; but Major Richardson, assistant engineer, happened to be on hand, and did all possible in his power. The result was that on Monday morning Mr. W. C. Sanford had organized a large force and was busily engaged raising and strengthening the levee at this point, so that when Major James arrived on Tuesday with a large number of men, Mr. Sanford's work had so far advanced he was enabled to leave its completion to Major James and discharge his force.

Much credit is due the men who so promptly obeyed the call to work on the levee in our hour of danger; and to General Sparrow, S. Lewis, R. K. Anderson, Colonel F. M. Hays, F. M. Melrose, Judge C. E. Moss, Mr. Hamilton, C. Ed. Shearer and others, for their prompt liberality in furnishing the much-needed funds for the payment of the laborers, thus establishing a precedent and confidence with that class of our citizens who are the main dependence on occasions like this.

We trust this our last lesson, will be enough, and that in the future work on the levees will be commenced and finished in due time—if for no other reason, on the score of economy, for "green levees" built at high water, with dirt from the "land" side are costly things, not to mention the bad and damaging effect upon our planting community.

We regret exceedingly to be compelled to announce to our readers this week the sad news of the breaking of what is known as the Rhodes levee, just below Judge Montgomery's residence, and immediately opposite Judge Wyly's plantation. This levee has been in danger for some days past, and would have had water running over the top of it the first part of this week, had not Mr. Husted, in charge of the Penitentiary hands, raised it some sixteen inches above its original height. But the whole levee was entirely too narrow in the base to withstand the pressure of water against it, particularly as the entire line had become thoroughly saturated with water, and being entirely of a sandy soil, it was to be expected that it would not withstand the pressure.

We understand that Major James, with 120 additional men, arrived a few hours previous to the break occurring, and put his men to raising and strengthening the lower end of this same levee, and inspected personally the levee for some distance above where the break occurred, and seeing no evidence of immediate danger at that point, placed his men at points lower down that gave more evident indications of immediate danger.

The whole secret of the business is that unless we have levees built above high water and with sufficiency of base to stand the weight of water against them, we may expect to have yearly just what has occurred on yesterday's crevasses, and even now, while writing this article, we have rumors of crevasses in several places below this.

Mr. Edwin Booth is hard at work earning a new fortune. He will appear at De-Bar's Grand Opera House, in St. Louis, on the twenty-fourth instant.

Look out for the twenty-eighth of March.
Look out for the twenty-eighth of March.
Look out for the twenty-eighth of March.
Look out for the twenty-eighth of March.
Look out for the twenty-eighth of March.
Grand drawing of single number lottery.
Grand drawing of single number lottery.
Grand drawing of single number lottery.
Grand drawing of single number lottery.
Grand drawing of single number lottery.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Hibernians, Attention!—The officers and members of Branch No. 1, Hibernian Benevolent and Mutual Aid Association of Louisiana, are hereby notified to assemble at their hall, corner of Canal and Poydras street, in full uniform, at 8 a. M. (sharp) THIS DAY (Tuesday), to participate in the celebration of St. Patrick's day. Mounted and foot aids are expected to be prompt with the uniform agreed upon.

mh17 1t JOHN McPHELLY, Marshal.

New Orleans Mutual Insurance Association. New Orleans, February 14, 1874.—Notice is hereby given that a general meeting of the stockholders of this association will be held on THURSDAY, March 19, 1874, between 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., at the office, No. 102 Canal street, for the purpose of reducing the capital stock, amending the charter, and for other general purposes, in accordance with article twelve of the charter.

fe15 td G. LANAUX, Secretary.

Notice.—New Orleans Mutual Insurance Association, New Orleans, February 16, 1874.—Stockholders indebted to the New Orleans Mutual Insurance Association for premiums payable quarterly in 1874, will be allowed a rebate of FIFTEEN PER CENT on same if paid in whole on or before the first of April next, without forfeiture of their claim to any further participation in the profits of the association in the proportion of their earned premiums at the close of the fiscal year, ending on the thirty-first of December, 1874.

fe17 d t mh19 G. LANAUX, Secretary.

POLITICAL NOTICES.

Hall Eighth Ward Central Radical Republican Club.—An election for officers of this club will be held on WEDNESDAY, March 18, 1874, at the headquarters of the club, on Urquhart street, between Mandeville and Marigny streets. The polls will open at 12 M. and close at 3 P. M.

CHARLES JOSEPH, President.
T. A. THRIAN, Secretary. mh17 1t*

At a meeting held at Lutheran Hall, of the Third Ward Antoine Sub-Club, the following resolutions, offered by Thomas Corcoran, were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we indorse Felix Antoine as the bona fide president of the Third Ward Central Club, and request our members to enroll their names upon the book of the club of which he is president.

Resolved, That we, the members of the Antoine Sub-Club, do declare our unalterable adherance to Colonel James Lewis, administrator of Improvements, as an honest administrator and an incorruptible politician; and also indorse his active and gentlemanly assistant, Louis M. Kenner. We look upon them as men who dare to do right as true Republicans, and not to be swerved by the pressure of demagogues.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the New Orleans Republican.

C. A. DEISLER, President.
J. R. GLEASON, Secretary. mh17 1t*

Attention, Republicans of the Eighth Ward.—In accordance with the resolution of the State Central Executive Committee, all Republicans are requested to enroll their names at the hall of the Eighth Ward Central Club room, corner of Elysian Fields and Dauphine streets, in order to participate in the primary elections. None will be permitted to vote unless they are enrolled. The hall will be open TUESDAY, March 17, from five until eight o'clock, and will close the second SATURDAY in April.

A. J. ARMSTRONG,
Chairman Committee on Enrollment.
E. V. LECLERE,
President Eighth Ward Central Club.
A. B. DUHART, Secretary. mh17 1t*

Hall Eighth Ward Central Republican Club, New Orleans, March 16, 1874.—The following resolutions, introduced by E. Erwin, were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, It has pleased the Almighty to remove from the earth the soul of our illustrious champion, Charles Sumner; and

Whereas, His services through a long and useful life had been peculiarly devoted to the elevation and disenthralment of mankind; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we deplore the calamity that has befallen us as a nation, and more particularly the loss to the Republican masses who have leaned upon him for support on so many trying occasions ever to find him equal to the emergencies demanded by passing events.

Resolved, That while we bow in humble submission to Him who doeth all things for the best, we humbly beseech Him to bring forward other champions of the cause of that equality of rights to which all are entitled.

Resolved, That the club room be draped in mourning for thirty days, and that the members wear the usual badge of mourning during the same period of time.

CHARLES JOSEPH, President.
T. A. THRIAN, Secretary. mh17 1t*

CONSTABLES' SALES.

A. De Monasterio vs. Robert Foster and W. A. Seymour.—Fifth Justice Court for the Parish of Orleans, No. 751.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS TO me directed by the Hon. H. S. Laturnette, fifth justice of the peace in and for the parish of Orleans, I will proceed to sell at public auction on FRIDAY, March 27, 1874, at twelve o'clock M., in front of the Courthouse, on Villere, between Seguin and Barthelemew streets, Fifth District of New Orleans—

THE ONE UNDIVIDED THIRD PART AND INTEREST in and to a certain lot of ground, with the improvements thereon, rights, ways, etc., situated in the Fifth District of this city, on the right bank of the Mississippi river, in the square bounded by De Armas, Monroe, Franklin and Lapeyrouse streets, designated as No. 11, said lot measuring 35 feet 10 inches 7 lines front on Lapeyrouse street, between Franklin and Monroe streets, by 159 feet 10 inches 2 lines in depth between parallel lines, English measure.

Seized in the above entitled suit.
Terms—Cash in United States currency.
fe26 mh16 3t* PHILIP McKENNA, Constable.

John McCaffrey vs. M. Hottes—Second Justice Court for the parish of Orleans—No. 5402.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS TO me directed by the Hon. W. L. Evans, Second Justice of the Peace in and for the parish of Orleans, in the above stated suit, I will proceed to sell at public auction, in front of Abbott's stable, on Rampart, between Gravier and Perdido streets, on TUESDAY, March 24, 1874, at 11 A. M.—

ONE FOUR-WHEELED SPRING WAGON.
Seized in the above stated suit.
Terms—Cash on the spot.
mh13 17 24 JOHN McCORMICK, Constable.

Simon & Loeb vs. A. Miller and Jean Bergerot—Fifth Justice Court for the Parish of Orleans, No. 775.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS TO me directed by the Hon. H. S. Laterrette, fifth justice of the peace in and for the parish of Orleans, I will proceed to sell at public auction, on FRIDAY, March 20, 1874, at twelve o'clock M., at the courthouse, on Villere street, between Seguin and Bartholomy streets—

TWO MILCH COWS.
Seized in the above entitled suit.
Terms—Cash on the spot.
mh5 12 20 PHILIP McKENNA, Constable.

S. Dolin vs. D. Gillen—First Justice Court, Parish of Orleans, No. 1516.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS to me directed by the Hon. W. T. Houston, First Justice of the