New Orleans Republican.
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY R. M. & B. J. MONTGOMERY, at 11 o'clock, at the corner of Natchez and Camp streets, a general assortment of household furniture, etc.

BY NASH & HODGSON, at 12 o'clock, at the St. Charles Auction Exchange, the Belair plantation, in West Baton Rouge; a tract of land containing sixty acres, in the same parish.

BY CONSTABLE WILLIAM FOLEY, at 12 o'clock, at warehouse on St. Mary street, furniture.

BY GEORGE PEARSON, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 284 Canal street, corner of Villere, piano, elegant household and bedroom furniture.

BY SHERIFF HARPER, at 10½ o'clock, at the Red Store, on the levee, in the Second District, goods, merchandise, etc. At 12 o'clock, at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, a lot with buildings on Girod, between Liberty and Franklin streets; undivided fourth of a lot on Royal, between Bienville and Customhouse streets; a judgment. At 4½ o'clock, at warehouse Nos. 23 and 25 Orleans street, oil paintings, picture frames, etc.

Local Intelligence.

ANOTHER CASE OF GREAT INHUMANITY.—Early yesterday morning several citizens, somewhat excited, informed Officers Axelson and McAlpin that in a house on Rampart street, between Gravier and Common streets, a man was cruelly beating a boy. The policemen quickly responded to the call, forcibly entering the building indicated. The sight they beheld was sufficient to make them shudder. A boy, Marshall Lewis, only ten years old, was lying on a table, his back bare and covered with blood and the flesh raw. His hands and feet were tied so tightly that he could scarcely move. In the room stood J. T. Burns, who had beaten the lad with a whip made of leather thongs, an instrument not unlike the old navy cat o' nine tails.

The boy says that some time ago Burns picked him up and took charge of him, and knowing no other protector, submitted to his commands. Recently Burns has treated him with considerable severity, occasionally using the whip without any apparent cause. Yesterday morning he was on the banquette in front of the house when a boy passed, giving him a punch. Marshall slightly resented the attack, which Burns noticed. He then held the child, telling the strange boy to pound him; after that Burns took Marshall into the house and tied and whipped him unmercifully. Residents in the neighborhood heard his terrible cries until about the twentieth blow, when his wails ceased; no sound was heard except the falling thongs. Them it was supposed that the unfortunate child was dead. Just then the policemen arrived and arrested the brutal fellow. Restoring the boy and cleaning him, the officers took both before Judge McArthur, who gave directions for Marshall to be sent to the House of Refuge.

It is but justice to Mr. Burns to say that he denies the statements made by the officers and the boy in this case. The boy, now about fifteen years of age, has been for seven years in the family of Mr. Burns and was taken there at the request of his step-father, his parents being dead. The boy of course occasionally does wrong and at these times Mr. Burns corrects him as a parent would a child. While correcting him for a misdemeanor yesterday morning, Mr. Burns alleges, the arrest was made. The statements made, as explained by Mr. Burns, are gross exaggerations. The boy, he states, is not bruised nor injured in any way, and Judge McArthur had such a proper appreciation of the case that he only held Mr. Burns to answer at a future day on a bond of $150.

The case will soon be brought to trial, when all the facts will be made known.

RELIGIOUS RECEPTION AND PROFESSION AT ST. ALPHONSUS CONVENT OF MERCY.—Yesterday morning the very impressive and solemn ceremony of the reception and profession of five young ladies of this city took place in the beautiful chapel of this convent. The Very Rev. Maximus Leimgruber, superior of the Redemptorist Fathers in this city, officiated, and was assisted by Rev. J. B. Duffy and Rev. B. A. Neithart, Redemptorists.

Rev. Henry Giesen, the distinguished Redemptorist missionary, delivered a very eloquent and appropriate sermon. This eminent ecclesiastic is among the most popular of our pulpit orators, and the logical force of his remarks on this occasion made a deep impression upon his hearers.

The young ladies professed were Miss Ellen Brophy, in religion Sister M. Baptist Catherine, sister of Mr. Timothy Brophy, of this city; Miss Clara Cook, in religion Sister Mary Aloysius Teresa, daughter of M. B. Cook, Esq., of this city, and Miss Azelia Howdrine Wiendahl, in religion Sister Mary of Mercy, sister of Dr. J. H. Wiendahl, of this city, and sister-in law of Charles Macready, Esq., of the firm of Stauffer, Macready & Co.

Those received were Miss Charlotte Manouvrier, in religion Sister Mary Benedict, daughter of the late Albert Manouvrier, of this city, and Miss Mary Lee, in religion Sister Mary Rose, daughter of William Lee, Esq.

The convent chapel was thronged by the friends and acquaintances of the new sisters. Among the clergy present were Revs. C. J. Beecher, of St. Joseph's; J. D. Flanagan, of St. Peter's, and William Finn, of St. Patrick's.

The newly received upon entering the chapel were arrayed in gorgeous bridal attire, which was subsequently exchanged for the neat, unostentatious, holy habit of the Sisters of Mercy. The altar of the chapel was beautifully decorated. The convent choir sang Mozart's twelfth mass—an undertaking for the choir of a conventual institute—in excellent and perfect style. In this institute young ladies are taught habits of industry as well as accomplishments for every station in life. The reverend mother superioress is a lady highly esteemed, zealous, gifted, possessing great administrative ability and literary talent of a high order.

ELEVENTH WARD.—At the election last Saturday in this ward the following named gentlemen were returned as elected to the parish committee: E. W. Tostrick and Graham Bell.

Two hundred and seventy prizes,
Two hundred and seventy prizes,
Two hundred and seventy prizes,
Capital prize $20,000,
Capital prize $20,000,
Capital prize $20,000,
In the single number lottery,
In the single number lottery,
Will be drawn May 30.
Will be drawn May 30.

WHO OWNS THIS TRUNK.—About seven o'clock yesterday evening a trunk marked Fenton Jackson was brought by James Dooley to the harbor police station. It seems that the trunk had been intrusted to his care for conveyance to the depot of the Mobile and Texas railroad. The trunk was intrusted to Mr. Dooley by a colored man at the corner of Magazine and Race streets. Some mistake is apparent, and the owner had better come forward and claim his baggage. In connection with this incident we must take occasion to compliment all draymen and handcartmen for their honesty in the delivery of articles intrusted to their care. No instance is on record where they have failed to deliver goods properly and promptly; in default of correct directions, invariably the articles are turned over to the police.

BURNING A PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Between three and four o'clock yesterday morning, a Presbyterian Church, situated on St. Anthony, near Roman street, was discovered to be on fire and burned so fiercely that it was next to impossible to save any portion of it, even had water been abundant. A cottage, occupied and owned by William Green, near the church, was destroyed, as was a house occupied by Edward Forman. A dwelling, tenanted by John Vincent, was destroyed, making a loss of not less than $5000 on the dwellings and $4000 on the church. It is believed that the church was purposely fired, but by whom no one can conjecture.

At seven o'clock fire broke out in Pillsbury's bar-room, No. 357 Decatur street, partly destroying the house. The contents were badly damaged. Loss nearly $1000; insured in part.

BRIEF MENTION.—Frank Hines, fourteen years old, was yesterday drowned in the river, head of Mandeville street.

Giles Hill, or Lewis, a boy, swimming in the New canal, at Galvez street, Sunday, was drowned, caused by cramps. The body was recovered and sent to No. 132 Franklin street.

Green Curtis had so much real or imaginary trouble, that he attempted to kill himself Sunday morning. Saturday night he had attended a wedding, and on returning home found that his wife was out. His jealousy got the better of him, and he shot himself in his breast with a pistol. The bullet refused to do deadly work, so Curtis still lives, though a sufferer.

Defenders of dumb animals visited the French market, Sunday morning, and arrested several chicken vendors, who were cruelly treating the birds, by tying their legs together.

Joseph Frederick was pulled in because he threw a cat under a street car to kill kitty. The feline is free, but Joseph is in trouble.

Captain Schriber has a Tobias gold watch and heavy chain at police headquarters, waiting an owner. One at a time.

BORDELAIS A PRISONER ONCE MORE.—Gustave Bordelais, one of the worst criminals of these times and an escaped convict, has been arrested, and the credit is principally due to Captain Octave Key, who is in command of the fourth police precinct. The captain, late Saturday night, learned that Bordelais was or would be in a house on Toulouse, between Roman and Prieur streets, therefore picked a detail of men and before morning visited the designated place, posting his guard to prevent escape. Effecting an entrance the captain was not kept waiting long, for his keen eyes quickly sighted Bordelais sitting at a table, in company with two or three other men, eating a hearty meal. The escaped convict did not halt to take a second look to see who his pursuer was, for he could not be mistaken. He bolted through a rear door with as much speed as if he had been shot out of a cannon and over a back fence, probably thinking that he could outfoot the overgrown captain, but he was mistaken. Key took the fence, but his great weight flattened a section of it. Before the crash was fairly over the captain's revolver was out, cocked and there was no explosion. Bordelais heard the ominous click, which induced him to turn and hold up his hands in token of surrender.

Captain Key and Officer Edgar then took their captive to prison, lodging him so securely that he will not take French leave as he did of the Penitentiary. The officers met with no particular opposition, but it is a pity that they did not arrest every person found in the house, for perhaps the law needs them all. The fourth precinct has put a feather in its Metropolitan cap.

PROTECTOR NO. 2 PROMENADES.—This Sixth District fire company experienced a pleasant time Sunday, in Hickok's Garden, in treating their friends to a promenade concert and picnic. Everything passed off delightfully, and, it may be added, with financial success. The Protectors certainly understand how to manage such things.

AN UNCOMMON ACCUSATION.—Aleck White was last evening imprisoned in the first police station, charged with having drowned Joseph Raymond at Magnolia bridge, New canal, on the nineteenth instant. The complaint is made by Nelson Peyton and Christopher Collins. The iron bridge had broken down, and passengers were ferried over in skiffs. When a boat would land at either bank crowds of men would rush in, which was supposed at the time to have been the one cause of Raymond's death. It seems that there is a belief that White was in fault.

MUNSON ALEXANDER SHOT THROUGH HIS HEART.—At police headquarters it was recently ascertained that burglars resorted in a house on Seventh, near Carondelet street, and it was understood that the Alexander brothers, Benjamin and Munson, were among the number. It was known that the Alexanders robbed Mr. Phelps' grocery, and for that they were wanted by the detectives. Detectives Smith and Devereaux were detailed by Captain Schreiber to hunt these men, and they were so successful as to arrest one of them, Benjamin, but Munson escaped, after a sharp scrimmage, during which he was badly wounded, though this latter fact was not particularly mentioned at the time.

The officers felt somewhat chagrined at the escape, although they had acted well their part. The next thing was to remedy the loss by actually arresting the fellow. Nothing was left undone and every theory was patientley listened to. It was learned that Munson occasionally visited his sister's house on Freret between Josephine and Jackson streets, so a room in a building opposite was hired, and Smith and Devereaux took possession of it Saturday night, closely watching everything in the neighborhood. About three o'clock Sunday morning their man appeared and entered his sister's house, where he remained until sun up. After he had been inside a considerable time some one stepped out on a front gallery and surveyed the street.

Not long afterward Munson Alexander walked out, when the detectives emerged from their hiding place, having armed themselves with well loaded shot guns, anticipating long range work, and knowing that Alexander cared little for ordinary revolvers. When they called on him to halt his disposition to resist was not awed by the sight of large weapons and he attempted to draw a revolver, moving off at the same time. The second summons was sent from one of the shot guns, fired wide purposely. Still Alexander paid no attention to that and continued moving. The officers knew his desperate character, and firmly believed that he would try his best to kill them rather than be taken. Then it became a question as to who would get to work first. One or both of the detectives fired and Alexander was a dead man, one of the buckshot having penetrated his heart.

The body was conveyed at the Rousseau street station house, where Dr. Ames held an autopsy. Several shots had entered his body and it was discovered that the old wounds, one of them in the abdomen, were so serious that it is wonderful how he managed to walk.

It is now thought that the burglaries, especially in the Fourth District, will be few and far between. With Bordelais well ironed, and Munson Alexander dead comes exemption. If Bertin is here he will hardly dare to operate. An inquest will be held to-day by Coroner Folwell on Munson's body.

MORTUARY.—The number of deaths in this city for the week ending Sunday evening last at six o'clock was 148. The causes of death were as follows:

One of aneurism of aorta, 1 of bronchitis, 1 of cancer of the stomach, 1 of cancer of the ovary, 2 cholera sporadica, 7 of cholera infantum, 1 of cholera morbus, 2 of congestion of the brain, 17 of consumption, 6 of infantile convulsions, 2 of cyanosis, 6 of adult debility, 2 of infantile debility, 2 of chronic diarrhea, 1 of dropsy, 3 drowned, 2 of dysentery, 1 of acute dysentery, 2 of chronic dysentery, 1 of diptheria, 2 of entero colitis, 1 of erysipelas, 6 of congestive fever, 1 of intermittent fever, 1 of remittent fever, 1 of fracture of the ribs, 4 of gastro enteritis, 1 of hemorrhage of the lungs, 3 of disease of the heart, 1 of valvular disease of the heart, 1 enlargement of the heart, 1 of hemplegia, 1 of inflammation of the bowels, 2 of inflammation of the liver, 1 of injuries, 2 of intemperance, 1 of jaundice, 1 of lockjaw, 8 of infantile marasmus, 1 of meningitis, 1 of cerebro spinal meningitis, 1 of old age, 1 of paralysis of lung, 1 of pleurisy, 5 of pneumonia, 1 of premature birth, 1 of pyemia, 1 of retention of urine, 23 of small-pox, 1 of sclerema, 1 of scepticimia, 1 of teething, 1 of tris nascentium, 1 of tabes mesenterica, 1 of gunshot wound. 3 not stated. In addition to the above 15 were stillborn.

The wheel of fortune
The wheel of fortune
The wheel of fortune
Will turn on the thirtieth of May.
Will turn on the thirtieth of May.
Will turn on the thirtieth of May.
$80,000 in prizes.
$80,000 in prizes.
$80,000 in prizes.
$80,000 in prizes.

COURT RECORD.

MONDAY, MAY 25, 1874.

United States Circuit Court.

United States vs. W. J. Cruikshank et als.—Conspiracy and murder. On trial.

Supreme Court.

The following decisions were rendered:

BY CHIEF JUSTICE LUDELING.

No. 5191. John Hughes vs. Charles F. Caruthers, appellant.—From Fifth District Court. The lessor can not seize movables belonging to a third person which have been removed from the leased premises within fifteen days from the date of seizure. C. C., 2709. Judgment reversed in favor of third opponent.

No. 4250. Voisin & Livandais vs. City of Carrollton, appellant.—From Second Judicial District. Appeal being taken for delay, judgment confirmed with ten per cent damages.

No. 4307. M. D. F. H. Brooks, appellant, vs. Mrs. M. W. Stewart.—From Sixth District Court. The note was given as a part of the transaction, and the debt incurred was for the benefit of the wife. Judgment annulled, plaintiff to recover $3000.

No. 5127. Jules A. Florat vs. Alfred Marchand et al., apellants.—From Fourth District Court. When one of two innocent persons must suffer, be whose act contributed to the loss must suffer rather than the other. The plaintiff can not compel the defendant to pay twice. Judgment reversed.

No. 3508. Edward A. Switzer, appellant, vs. Mrs M. A. Zeller.—From Second Judicial District. No judgment against the bankrupts could be obtained since there is nothing in the bankrupt law which requires the discontinuance of suits. Bunp. Bank, 186. Judgment set aside and a new trial ordered.

No. 4665. Union National Bank vs. W. H. Cooley & D. C. Dabatt, appellant.—From Sixth District Court. The warrant pledged to secure the indorsee having no validity giving it up had no effect. Judgment affirmed.

No. 4782. Union Insurance Company vs. succession of E. W. Rodd, appellant.—From Second District Court. Suit against the succession of the indorser of a promissory note. A demand must be made to hold the indorsor, unless the impossibility is shown. Toby vs. Marian; Chitty Bills, 317; Bayley Bills, 126; 3 Pet., 87; 7 Pet., 287; 7 Mort., 364; 1 Pard., 373. Pot. Con. 146. Judgment reversed.

No. 5296. State ex rel. F. C. Mahan vs. Judge Superior District Court.—The application for a mandamus to grant an appeal not being made within the proper time, is refused.

BY JUSTICE TALIAFERRO.

No. 4714. Charles G. Schulze vs. Chapsky & Schultze et al., appellants.—From the Sixth District Court. On promissory notes. Judgment affirmed.

No. 5007. Charles Donnelly vs. St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church, appellant.—From Fourth Court. On a promissory note of $800. Judgment affirmed.

BY JUSTICE WELY.

No. 5175. J. Valerien Allain vs. city of Carrollton, appellant.—From Second District Court. Judgment affirmed.

Superior District Court.

A. Eyrich vs. Charles Clinton.—Action for salary for first quarter of 1874. Rule to compel the issuance of warrant made absolute.

City of New Orleans vs. I. W. Patton.—Action to compel the restitution of fees. Judgment for defendant.

Superior Criminal Court.

INFORMATIONS FILED.

Burglary, etc.—John McCoit, Madison Lewis, G. Morel, alias J. Moreau, h. Marshall, Jack Rooney, William Sanders.

Carrying concealed weapons—Isaac Williams.

PLEADED NOT GUILTY.

Burglary, etc.—William Jones, George Grover Frank Page.

Assault on an officer—Mrs. R. Buylan.

VERDICTS.

State vs. Jules Belfort.—Burglary, etc. Not guilty of first count; guilty of second.

State vs. M. T. Lang—Robbery. Mistrial.

SENTENCED.

Carrying concealed weapons—Anthony Fernandez and Annie Black, twenty days each in Parish Prison.

Manslaughter—Philip Smith, five years in Penitentiary.

JURIES.

A venire of thirty-six jurors for the First District and forty-eight for the Superior District Courts were ordered,

GRAND JURY.

State vs. W. J. Latourette.—Extortion under the color of office. A true bill.

State vs. Sam Stevens.—Murder. Not a true bill.

First District Court.

NOLLE PROSEQUI ENTERED.

Larceny—Frederick Kepper.

VERDICTS.

Knowingly receiving stolen goods—Louisa Smith, guilty.

Larceny—Moses Gustave, John Marshall, guilty; Henry Williams, alias Price Wilson, not guilty.

Obtaining money, etc.—Henry Walter, not guilty.

SENTENCED.

Larceny—John Marshall, Edward McGraw, ten days each.

Assault and battery—Mary Newton, ten days; Peter Colfax, $50 or two months in Parish Prison.

Entering, etc.—George Power, thirty months in Penitentiary.

Assault with intent to rob—John Henry, eighteen months in Penitentiary.

Fifth District Court.

Judge Cullom rendered the following decision:

W. S. Buckner vs. P. J. Pavy & Co.—This suit is based on two promissory notes made payable, the one to the order of J. D. Lefond and by him indorsed, and subsequently indorsed by P. J. Pavy & Co.; the other to the order of P. J. Pavy & Co. and by them indorsed. Some payments were made on them, leaving a residue of $9008 25, for which plaintiff claims judgment with interest as stipulated in the notes. The firm of P. J. Pavy & Co. consisted of Pierre Joseph Pavy, Alfred Pavy, and Joseph B. Hinks. It was dissolved before the institution of this suit, and the notice of its dissolution was regularly published in the several papers of New Orleans for one week. On the thirteenth day of March, A. D. 1874, Hinks was declared a bankrupt by the District Court of the United States in this district. Citation and service were made on him as a member of said firm, March 21, 1874, just one week after he had been adjudicated a bankrupt. He comes now and excepts to the service made on him, and to the plaintiff's right to maintain this action: First, because the firm had been dissolved and at the time of citation made upon him, was no longer in existence of which the plaintiff was informed; and, second, because he had been previously declared a bankrupt individually, and as a member of the commercial firm of P. J. Pavy & Co.

In the case of Leblanc vs. Perroux 21 An. 27, the court held that "the power to receive citation for another must be express and special, and can not be conferred by a general mandate." It is true that, in commercial partnerships quod third parties, the several members thereof are a unit, for all the purposes contemplated by and immediately springing out of its existence. The voluntary dissolution of it does not destroy the solidarity of its obligations, and therefore it continues to exist as to the rights of its creditors. The only question is, how are these to be exercised. The two Pavys are in Europe, and have been ever since the dissolution of partnership between themselves and Hinks. Hinks was declared a bankrupt before service was made upon him. Therefore, as between him and them, the ordinary agency (for partnership is a species of agency which gives by necessary implication, the right of one partner to represent, act for and bind the others, was destroyed. There is no evidence tending to show that he has been discharged. Section twenty-one of the bankrupt act declares that "no creditor whose debt is provable under this act shall be allowed to prosecute to final judgment any suit at law or in equity therefor against the bankrupt until the question of the debtor's discharge shall have been determined." Any such suit or proceedings, shall upon the application of the bankrupt, be stayed to the determination of the court in bankruptcy on the question of the discharge, provided there be no unreasonable delay on the part of the bankrupt in endeavoring to obtain his discharge." In re Rosenberg, 2 B. R. 81; Sampson vs. Burton, 4 B. R. 1. If therefore, the partnership, as between the partners, was actually dissolved, the agency of one to represent the others had ceased at the time of citation. If the surrender in bankruptcy effectually inhibited creditors from pursuing Hinks in a solidary obligation, until his final discharge in bankruptcy, it is difficult to understand how service could be made upon him for any purpose, except, perhaps, to prevent prescription. As to him it is plain; this suit can not be further prosecuted, until the United States District Court expressly grant an order to the contrary effect, or until after a reasonable time has been allowed him to obtain his discharge. It must be suspended until one of these contigencies arise. As to the absent partners, P. J. and A. Pavy, I think it logically follows that they have not been cited. The exception must prevail, so far as to suspend all further proceedings against Hinks, in conformity with the above quoted provisions of the bankrupt act. And as to the Pavys, it is sustained, with permission to amend the pleadings, and to cause due service to be made.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Office American Mutual Insurance Association, New Orleans, May 23, 1874.—To whom it may concern: By resolution adopted by Board of Trustees at an adjourned meeting on the twenty-second instant, Mr. L. LORENZ is no longer authorized to collect for this Association.
By order of the Board.
my24 3t A. L. BARNETT, Secretary.

Office American Mutual Insurance Association, New Orleans, May 23, 1874.—At an adjourned meeting, held May 23, 1874, Mr. B. MEYER ceased to be Secretary of this Association.
At the same meeting Mr. A. L. BARNETT was elected Secretary.
By order of the Board.
my24 3t S. E. LOEB, President.

Germania Insurance Company, No. 124 Common street, New Orleans, May 11, 1874.—Notice is hereby given that a general meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held on the tenth of June next, at 7 P. M., for the purpose of reducing the capital stock.
my12 1m E. MAIRE, Secretary.

Commercial Insurance Company.—An annual election for Directors of this company was held on May 4, 1874. The following gentlemen constitute the Board:

ED. A. YORKE.	J. S. COPES,
JOHN T. HARDIE,	P. POURSINE,
J. N. BEADLES,	W. T. BLANEMORE,
JOSEPH WEST.	C. H. DOLSEN,
GEORGE O. SWEET,	R. H. WILSON,
JOSEPH H. OGLESBY,	J. J. IRBY,
J. G. PARHAM,	E. KIRKPATRICK,
E. H. FAIRCHILD,	THEO. BERKSON,
JULIUS WEIS,	G. R. PRESTON,
CHARLES PLEASANTS,	G. P. HARRISON,
JOSEPH O'BRIEN,	T. J. ROBERTS,
L. ALCUS,	GEORGE WEBSTER,
	W. T. HARDIE.

At a meeting of the Board held this day, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:
JOSEPH H. OGLESBY, President.
JOHN T. HARDIE, Vice President;
my13 1m WALTER HUNTINGTON, Secretary.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

New Orleans National Bank.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this bank, held this day, ALBERT BALDWIN, Esq., was unanimously elected President, and Captain JESSE K. BELL Vice President.
BENJAMIN FLORANCE, Assistant Cashier.
New Orleans, May 23, 1874. my24 3t

Notice.—Office of the New Orleans City Railroad Company, No. 124 Canal street, New Orleans, May 23, 1874.—The connection of the Bayou Bridge and Levee lines of this company, by a double track on Esplanade street, being completed, the cars will commence running regularly at 5 A. M. on SUNDAY, the twenty-fourth instant, affording increased facilities for reaching the Magnolia Gardens, Jockey Club, Fair Grounds, French Market, courts, ferries, sugar sheds, Postoffice, etc.
This line also runs within one square of the Pontchartrain railroad depot, corner of Elysian Fields and Decatur streets.
my24 6t C. C. LEWIS, Secretary.

POLITICAL NOTICES.

Important Notice.—Hall Fifth Ward Radical Republican Central Club, New Orleans, May 22, 1874.—By a unanimous vote of the club at the regular meeting, held Thursday, May 21, 1874, the following was adopted and ordered to be published in the New Orleans Republican:

Mr. Jules Lanabere having been impeached as President of the Fifth Ward Radical Republican Central Club at the regular meeting of the club, held Thursday, May 7, 1874, and Mr. Lanabere continuing to call himself President of the Radical Republican Central Club (Fifth Ward), we, by this, warn all the good Republicans of the ward not to countenance the club presided over by Mr. Lanabere as the Central Club, and we further notify all those Republicans who, through an erroneous impression, have followed Mr. Lanabere, that the Radical Republican Central Club meets every Thursday, at 7:30 P. M., on Carondelet walk, between Robertson and Claiborne streets.
SEYMOUR R. SNARE, President.
M. CAMPS, Secretary. my23 3t

Hall of Irad Ferry Steam Fire Engine Company No. 12—New Orleans, May 25, 1874.—Parties having claims against Irad Ferry Steam Fire Engine House for services rendered will present the same at the Engine House for examination and payment on or before May 30, 1874.
By order. JAMES F. CLARKE, President.
D. BRADY, Treasurer. my26 1t

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALES.

Myra Clark Gaines vs. the City of New Orleans.

IN THE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT FOR the Fifth Circuit and District of Louisiana, No. 2695.—By virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed in the above entitled suit, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY, May 30, 1874, at twelve o'clock M., at the entrance to the Customhouse, on Canal street, in this city, the right, title and interest of the city of New Orleans in and to the following described property, viz—
1. FOUR LOTS OF GROUND, in the square bounded by Baronne, Clio, Erato and Dryades streets, numbered 16, 17 and 18, on a plan of W. H. Bell, city surveyor, dated December 7, 1867, having a front on Erato street of 168 feet, by a depth of 159 feet 6 inches, between parallel lines.
2. ONE LOT OF GROUND, in the square bounded by Penn, Poydras, Perdido and Baronne streets, running through from Baronne to Penn streets, having 20 feet front by 68 feet 5 inches in depth, being the property leased by Kern & Fellman by act passed before W. J. Castel, no ary, on the fourteenth of September, 1869, for fourteen years, at the rate of $200, the buildings on said lot, at the end of the lease, to revert to the city of New Orleans, all subject to the lease.
3. THREE LOTS OF GROUND, forming the corner of Chippewa and Richard streets, in the square bounded by those streets and St. Thomas and Market streets, measuring 82 feet front on Chippewa street, by 125 feet front and depth on Richard street.
4. THE IRON BUILDING, at the head of Canal street, the same being about 84 feet in length by about 43 feet in width.
5. THREE LOTS OF GROUND in square No. 2A, bounded by Front, Wells, Crossman and Customhouse streets, measuring together 73 feet 9 inches front on Wells and Front streets, by a depth of 120 feet, between parallel lines, being lots Nos. 1, 2 and 3, as per plan of W. H. Bell, city surveyor, dated December 7, 1867, lot No. 1 forming the front on Crossman street.
6. A QUARTER OF A SQUARE OF GROUND OR FIVE LOTS, forming the corner of Bacchus and Robert streets, in the square bounded by those streets, Apollo or Carondelet and Upperline streets, measuring together 150 feet front on Bacchus street, by 120 feet in depth and front on Robert street.
7. A TRACT OF LAND in the parish of St. Bernard, near the line of the parish of Orleans, left bank, measuring about 44 feet front on the Mexican Gulf railroad, by about 15,346 feet 8 inches in depth, and about 526 feet 1 inch in the rear, bounded above by the property now or lately belonging to the State of Louisiana, as per sketch by W. H. Bell, city surveyor, dated December 7, 1867.
8. THE SQUARE OF GROUND bounded by Canal, Gravier, Delta and Water streets, as also in and to the batture and future accretions in front of said square.
9. THE SQUARE OF GROUND bounded by Gravier, Poydras, Delta and Water streets, as also in and to the batture and future accretions in front of said square.
10. THE SQUARE OF GROUND bounded by Water, Pile, Girod and Notre Dame streets.
11. THE SQUARE OF GROUND bounded by Pile and New streets, running parallel to each other, and the extension of Girod and Notre Dame streets, as also in and to the batture and future accretions in front of said square.
12. THE SQUARE OF GROUND bounded by Pile and New streets, and the extension of Notre Dame and Julia streets, as also in and to the batture and future accretions in front of said square.
13. ELEVEN LOTS OF GROUND adjoining each other, in the square bouded by Pile and New streets and the extension of Julia and St. Joseph streets, being the half of the square nearest to and fronting on Julia street as the same would be when extended, as also in and to the batture and future accretions in front of the whole of said square.
14. ALL THE RIGHT OF BATTURE AND FUTURE ACCRETIONS in front of the squares between Poydras and Lafayette and between Lafayette and Girod streets.
Seized in the above suit.
Terms—Cash on the spot.
United States Marshal's Office, New Orleans, April 28, 1874.
S. B. PACKARD,
an28 mw5 22 26 30 United States Marshal.

Crescent Mutual Insurance Company vs. S. Gottgetreu.

IN THE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT, FOR the Fifth Circuit and District of Louisiana, No. 7168.—By virtue of an order of court to me directed in the above entitled suit, I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY, June 6, 1874, at twelve o'clock M., at the main entrance to the Customhouse, on Canal street, in this city, the following described property, viz—
15,203 STAVES (more or less), stored at L. W. Miller's stave yard, in Carrollton, opposite Hickok's Garden.
Terms—Cash at time of adjudication.
United States Marshal's office, New Orleans, May 23, 1874.
S. B. PACKARD,
my26 27 31 je6 United States Marshal.

MARSHAL'S MONITIONS.

Frederick Luke vs. Ship Advance.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, DISTRICT of Louisiana, No. 10,531.—In obedience to an admiralty warrant, to me directed in the above entitled suit, I have seized and taken into my possession—
THE SHIP ADVANCE, her tackle, apparel, etc., now libeled by Frederick Luke, for the causes set forth in the libel now pending in the District Court of the United States.
And I do hereby cite and admonish the owner or owners thereof, and all and every person or persons having or pretending to have any right, title or interest in or to the same, to be and appear at a District Court of the United States, for the district aforesaid, to be holden at the city of New Orleans, on the third Monday of June, 1874, to show cause, if any they have or can, why the said ship should not be condemned and be sold agreeably to the prayer of libelant.
United States Marshal's office, New Orleans, May 13, 1874.
S. B. PACKARD,
my14 26 je6 16 United States Marshal.

SUCCESSION NOTICES.

Succession of Richard B. Campbell.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE ESTATE OF the late Richard B. Campbell will make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them for settlement to the undersigned, or to J. McConnell, Esq., attorney, No. 25 Commercial place.
JOHN O. PICKENS,
my26 3t e15 25 Testamentary Executor.

Succession of Virginia A. Gourraud.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 37,150.—Whereas, Francis M. Ziegler has petitioned the court for letters of administration on the estate of the late Mrs. Virginia A. Gourraud, deceased, intestate. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern to show cause within ten days why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.
By order of the Court.
FRANK PAGE, JR., Clerk.
my24 3t

Succession of Leonard Spangenberg.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 36,478.—Whereas, E. T. Parker has petitioned the court for letters of definitive tutorship over the estate of the late Leonard Spangenberg, deceased, intestate. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, to show cause within ten days, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.
By order of the court.
my17 22 26 FRANK PAGE, JR., Clerk.

EDUCATIONAL.

[illegible] No. 69 Canal street or No. 42 Exchange alley.
my24 5t

MEDICAL.

DR. E. DE F. CURTIS,
Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London,
Licentiate Royal College of Physicians,
Edinburg, etc.,
AUTHOR OF "MANHOOD," MEDICAL ESSAYS ON MARRIAGE, ETC.,
begs to inform his Southern patients that he will remain in New Orleans until
Friday, May 29,
upon which day he will positively leave for the North, and may be consulted as heretofore at his rooms,
NO. 9 RAMPART STREET,
Between Canal and Customhouse,
Daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and from 6 to 8 P. M.
On Sundays from 11 to 2 only.

Dr. CURTIS has devoted twenty years of his extensive practice entirely to the treatment of SEXUAL AND NERVOUS DISEASES arising from Exhausted Vitality, Abuses of the System, Debility, Sterility, Overtaxed Constitutions, Excess and others appertaining thereto, and offers his services to invalids laboring under such maladies.

The most continent and pure-minded men occasionally find themselves the subjects for these distressing afflictions. In this manner, and for these causes, we frequently meet with men of good intellect, high moral worth and refinement, who, in consequence of infirmity, suffer much mental distress, amounting to profound melancholy. Such cases demand both MORAL and MEDICAL TREATMENT, and should enlist our best efforts. Some practitioners affect great indifference and even aversion to individuals who are in a suffering condition from the disease under consideration. Such patients, although they may be reaping the rewards of their own folly, are nevertheless, the very ones who have special need of correct counsel, and are, for the most part, in just the frame of mind to appreciate advice fitly rendered by a judicious medical man. In my experience, it has always appeared strange to me why treatment of these diseases should remain abandoned by respectable members of the profession to the benefit of quacks and those vile harpies who prey on this class of victims.

Medical men are too apt to treat the complaints of such patients lightly, making no effort to allay their anxiety—a course which often leads them to apply for aid in illegitimate quarters, and to become the victims of unprincipled men.

The brain is usually the first organ to give indication of disturbance. Therefore, many years of experience have taught me the utility of directing my treatment to a regeneration of the cerebral organs.

The Medical Times says: "Dr. Curtis' system of treatment, the result of twenty years' successful practice, differs essentially from all others in general use, and from its simplicity commends itself to the afflicted as the only true source of relief. Many important cases pronounced incurable have yielded to the remedies employed by him."

MANHOOD.
TWO HUNDREDTH EDITION.
Revised and corrected by the author, E. de F. Curtis, M. D.
Price fifty cents by mail. Apply at GEORGE ELLIS' Book Store, opposite the Postoffice, or to the author, at No. 9 Rampart street.
N. B.—Dr. Curtis would strongly impress upon those who purpose consulting him the necessity of doing so at as early a date as possible, so that he may be able to mark the progress of the case during his stay here. One personal interview is of great importance in enabling him to form a correct diagnosis of the patient's case.
CONSULTATIONS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.
ap28 1d*

POUND NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF POLICE,
New Orleans, May 23, 1874.

WAS BROUGHT TO THE SECOND DISTRICT Pound, corner of St. Philip and Tonti streets—
ONE BAY HORSE, about fifteen and a half hands high.
Which, if not claimed within five days, and the expenses thereon paid, will be sold at public auction, at said pound, on WEDNESDAY, June 3, 1874, at twelve o'clock M.
R. BREWSTER, Administrator.
No. 54—my24 1d

BANKS AND BANKING.

THE CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK

Is a strictly legitimate bank for savings, modeled upon the plan of popular and successful institutions in New York and London, and incorporated April 24, 1872, under a special and favorable charter granted by the Legislature of the State of Louisiana, with an authorized capital of $200,000.

Interest six per cent per annum.
Deposits of ten cents and upward received.
All deposits are payable on demand.
Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturday evening from six to eight o'clock.
GRUNEWALD HALL,
No. 22 Baronne Street.

M. BENNER, Cashier. J. L. GUBERNATOR, President.
DIRECTORS.
JOHNSON ARMSTRONG, THOMAS HASAM,
E. W. BUREANK, J. L. GUBERNATOR,
mh1 1y M. BENNER.

NEW ORLEANS SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 156 Canal street. Trustees—Dr. W. Newton Mercer, L. F. Generes, George Jonas, Thomas A. Adams, Thomas Allen, Narcisse Cheval, J. Leeds, David Urquhart, John G. Gaines, Carl Kohn, Christian Schneider, Samuel Jamison.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
L. F. GENERES, President.
SAM JONES, JR., Treasurer. mh28 1y

THE FREEDMEN'S SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY,
A NATIONAL SAVINGS BANK
Chartered by the United States March, 1865.
NEW ORLEANS BRANCH,
No. 182 Canal Street, corner of Dryades,
Bank hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.
Open Satur