New Orleans Republican.
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

Local Intelligence.

CARROLLTON SENSATION.—Milly Wash, arrested for the crime of infanticide, created considerable disturbance. The infant's body was found in a yard, concealed by bushes, and was partly decomposed. Several physicians made an examination, and concluded that the child came into the world alive. The woman asserts that it was stillborn, and that she placed it in the yard to await the arrival of some of her relatives. After she was imprisoned quite an angry crowd assembled, and there was talk that lynching would not be too good for her. As trouble was apprehended she was sent to a place where she would be safer. An inquest will be held Monday.

THE UNION STREET FIRE.—Mr. Jules Marchal, proprietor of the restaurant No. 19 Union street, informs us that the statements made by us yesterday were not altogether correct. He says that the officers did not break open his door, but admits that there was a fire and quite a volume of smoke on his premises. As there will probably be a formal investigation of the case all the facts will be investigated.

ADDITIONS TO THE CITY TREASURY.—The several municipal courts made the following returns to the Administrator of Police for the week ending June 27:

First District, Judge McArthur	$145 60
Second District, Judge Staes	125 00
Third District, Judge Long	57 50
Fourth District, Judge Miller	27 50
Seventh District, Judge Brice	15 50
Total	$410 50

The returns made by Judges Staes and Brice were for two weeks.

GONE TO A SUMMER RETREAT.—Jonah Dunton and Lindon Allen have passed on their way to the Penitentiary to serve life terms for murder. They were convicted in the parish of Plaquemine.

BRIEF MENTION.—At dusk last evening a small shower of rain fell in the First District while all was serene above Tivoli circle.

Only five persons were arrested in the first precinct between the hours of six and seven o'clock yesterday.

Excursive members of that old time fire company Creole No. 9 will make a pleasure trip to Biloxi, to return Sunday night.

"Not a word of news" was the song sung all round the City Hall yesterday.

The several municipal courts will not hold sessions to-day. Aggravated cases of drunkenness will be sobered up to shocking tines.

This is the one hundred and eighty-fifth day of the year.

John Roland came to town from green pastures over the lake, possessed of over $300 in hard money. A sharper took hold of him and John registered his name in a house on Bienville, near Burgundy street. On retiring to sleep he rolled his wealth under his pillow, never to behold it again. Laura Nichols and six other persons were arrested, but none of the cash was recovered.

A pair of burglars feloniously entered the house of Mr. Davis, No. 200 Poydras street, early Thursday morning, and took two ducks as pay for their trouble, and then left.

The dog question is agitating many large cities just now, but here we have not had a single howl; only a few mad hounds killed.

A man was seen to purchase a revolver yesterday, and had he not been a Caucasian the *Picayune* would have had food for another bit of nonsence.

The Pensacola steamship Lizzie, laid up near the navy yard for repairs, will arrive here to-morrow, all right.

It is said that the Pontchartrain railroad will put on extra trains to-day. Passengers must not fail to provide themselves with strong straps and life preservers. Please do not put on extra cars, for the thing is bad enough now.

RELEASED ON BONDS.—Messrs. T. Houlihan, Bechtel, Badger, Flanagan and Lynch yesterday furnished bonds in $1500 each. Mr. Houlihan does not take his arrest as a joke, and thinks it uncommonly hard that he should be charged with robbery for taking his own property, and then be kept in jail on all night on a bailable offense when he was able and willing to furnish bail for $3,000. Several gentlemen were ready to go in for him, and had he been arrested at the ordinary hour there would have been no necessity to turn a key on him.

THE HOW OF IT.—Mr. Tom Collins, of mean memory, was the person who reported that he had seen a man who had heard of some one who had been told that to-day a Black League would massacre every pale face who refused to furnish a glass of soda water. Collins did not let grass grow under his feet until he found Major Boyle at police headquaters and told him all about it, then he started for Galveston, but was stopped en route to Algiers.

Inhuman.

The following brutal paragraph appeared in the *Picayune* of Friday morning. We copy it as showing the spirit that animates that journal:

A gentleman from New Iberia informs us on what he believes to be reliable authority that Judge Castile, of the parish court of St. Martins, was killed in a difficulty there some days ago. Castile is one of the scalawag officials in whose behalf the famous St. Martinsville invasion was ordered. He is an ignorant, unprincipled, disreputable creature whom the entire white population of the parish holds in utter contempt and enmity, whose election was an insult and whose tenure has been fraught with evil to the people and disgrace to those who have maintained him in the tenure.

The *Bulletin* of last evening hoped the rumor was untrue. We don't.

The Weather and Rivers.

OFFICE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVER, New Orleans, July 3, 1874.

The following is a report of the weather and rivers at 3:43 P. M. to-day, local time:

Place.	Ther.	Wind.	Weather.
Cairo	91	N. E.	Clear.
Cincinnati	76	N. E.	Clear.
Davenport	94	W.	Fair.
Dubuque	86	S. W.	Clear.
Fort Sully	99	N. E.	Fair.
Galveston	85	S.	Threatening.
Indianola	89	N. E.	Fair.
Keokuk	97	W.	Clear.
Key West	85	S. E.	Fair.
Lacrosse	84	S. W.	Fair.
Leavenworth	96	S. W.	Clear.
Louisville	89	S.	Clear.
Memphis	91	N. W.	Clear.
Nashville	93	N.	Clear.
New Orleans	81	E.	Fair.
Omaha	94	S. W.	Clear.
Pittsburg	82	N. W.	Clear.
Shreveport	93	N. E.	Clear.
St. Louis	92	N. E.	Fair.
St. Paul	82	S. W.	Clear.
Vicksburg	89	N. E.	Clear.
Yankton	85	S. W.	Clear.
Augusta	80	S. E.	Cloudy.
Baltimore	87	N. W.	Fair.
Mobile	73	N. E.	Threatening.
Montgomery	84	.....	Fair.
New York	80	W.	Clear.
Savannah	73	S.	Light rain.

THE RIVERS.

Stations.	Rise, inches.	Fall, inches.	Above low water mark. Ft.	In.
Cairo	..	5	12	8
Cincinnati	..	2	5	3
Davenport	1	..	6	2
Dubuque	1	..	9	3
Keokuk	1	..	6	1
Leavenworth	..	5	7	5
Lacrosse	..	1	7	2
Louisville	..	1	4	7
Memphis	..	4	11	4
Nashville	..	..	1	4
Omaha	5	..	11	1
Pittsburg	..	..	1	8
Shreveport	..	2	13	5
St. Louis	..	2	13	10
St. Paul	..	3	11	4
Vicksburg	..	8	20	8
Yankton	..	13	13	7

The river here is six feet ten inches below high water mark of 1871.

Remember
Remember
The summer scheme
The summer scheme
Louisiana State Lottery.
Louisiana State Lottery.
Three capital prizes,
Three capital prizes,
$10,000 each,
$10,000 each.

[Communicated.]

Charbon.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:

As the above disease is still making terrible havoc among our brutes, allow me, through your columns, to make a few remarks thereupon.

Under date of the twenty-third of last month a printed circular, signed, by Duncan F. Kenner, chairman, was issued in New Orleans from the "rooms committee on distribution."

The object of the committee is evidently benevolent, and its members deserve all praise; but they do not go far enough with their information, seeing that they say nothing about the source or origin of the disease, and nothing about any measures of prevention.

Everybody, I believe, admits that the disease is produced by the introduction into the system of the victim of a venom, or virus, perhaps, rather, from some source and almost every one thinks that source is a fly, or winged insect of some kind, and this I admit to be a fact.

Some say that a new fly has recently been seen, with a sting in its rear, that makes it look worse than the tail of the "Pagan dog of Cerberus;" and that said tail is more potent than the tail of the "great red dragon" of the Revelations.

But whether it be that fly or not that does all the mischief, it is my impression that the tail of the fly is not the end used, but that it is the bill, snout or perforator, or whatever else it may be called; and that it is by introducing that perforator into one animal, and then into another, that the disease is produced. This view of the case supposes, of course, that the virus is deposited in the animal assailed from the outside of the perforator, and not through the inside.

The nature or source of the virus may not always be the same, and the special symptoms and differences that attend the disease in its development may be due to season, climate, temperature and other influences, just as it is with yellow fever, plague and other diseases of the human family exclusively.

Pathologists say that whenever certain kinds of dead animal matter are introduced into a living system, the dead matter imparts to the living fluide a sort of fermentative putrefaction, which runs through the system just like the virus of the small-pox, which, although almost imperceptible in amount, soon pervades the entire economy.

The increase and spread of the virus may be more or less rapid. In the small-pox it is not always so rapid but what the conservative powers of the system of the victim may have time to rally, and thus overcome the virus before the virus can overcome them. The progress of the virus is probably rather in proportion to the virulence of it than to the quantity. In the case of the small-pox it takes days at least to kill its victim, while in the case of a snakebite as many hours only will sometimes suffice.

It does not necessarily follow that the first animal into which the fly plunges his perforator must be diseased; for however healthy he may be on the withdrawal of that instrument, some portions of his fluid are left upon it, and that portion from exposure to the air, soon loses its vitality, and thus becomes, before its introduction into another animal, a dead but still fermentable matter—capable like any other dead animal matter, of starting into activity that putrefactive fermentation just spoken of and thus effecting a true and literal corruption of the blood. The extremely minute quantity that can be thus introduced says nothing against the supposition, for it is well known that an almost inconceivably small amount of matter will propagate contagious diseases, just as a very little of the appropriate ferment will leaven the whole lump of bread.

The difference between the progress of disease in different animals may, in part, depend upon the number of contaminated flies that make punctures, partly upon the number of punctures made by even the same fly, and partly from such other causes as I have already alluded to, and which in one case develops yellow fever and in another case some other disease.

As to the treatment of the disease, as described in the pamphlet, and intended, of course, to be curative, I have little to say beyond that it is severe, and that whenever it fails to cure the poor brute it can hardly fail to hasten its death. Besides the "white hot" iron the one great and indeed only remedy is hartshorn; hartshorn to the swelling; hartshorn by the mouth, hartshorn tea, hartshorn internally, hartshorn externally and hartshorn eternally.

It is always "hartshorn;" and yet, I have nothing to recommend in preference to the "hartshorn," or indeed to the rest of the treatment; and one reason for my reticence, is, that I verily believe that though medicines may sometimes cure both this and other diseases, yet that they sometimes also kill; and that it is not every time that either a man or a beast takes medicines, and gets well, that it was the medicines that cured him!

Then, again, whether this hartshorn treatment be good or bad, it is of little avail in the country, especially in regions thinly settled; for it is not always easy to find it in sufficient quantities, or sufficiently strong (for it must, it seems, be concentrated hartshorn; which, remote from large towns, it is difficult either to obtain, or to keep on hand when obtained); nor can every one command, without too great a delay, the manual assistance necessary to carry out the associate means.

There is one treatment, however, which I will recommend; and that treatment is a preventive one.

It is well known that flies of almost every kind, and not only flies, but other animals, are strongly affected by odoriferous substances—some of these substances attracting them, and some repelling them. Now among the latter, there is nothing perhaps so potent, and at the same time so cheap, as tar.

An ounce or two of tar—whether vegetable tar or mineral tar—sufficiently diluted with grease of almost any kind, with turpentine, coal oil, or with any other thing with which it will mix and blend freely, smeared several times a day over each beast, either with a sponge, cloth or rag, will not only be an almost costless, but also, I verily believe, an efficient preventive.

To this, however, I would add, whenever practicable, and with the same object in view, smouldering fires, or smokes, kept up day and night, at one or more points on the premises.

Yours, etc.,
GEORGE COLMER, M. D.
Springfield, La., July 1, 1874.

The Temperature.

The thermometer at Louis Frigerio's, No. 50 Chartres street, on July 3, stood as follows: At 8 A. M., 78°; at 2 P. M., 84°; at 6 P. M., 81°. Lowest point during the night of July 2, 73°. Rain, one-third of an inch.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Special Notice—New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Company, Office Freight Agent, New Orleans, July 3, 1874.—On and after this day all freights to be forwarded by the New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad will be received at their levee depot, foot of St. Joseph street.

Combustible articles will not be received until further notice.

jy4 5t F. A. BURKE, Freight Agent.

Office of the Mississippi and Mexican Gulf Ship Canal Company, No. 57 Camp street, New Orleans.—An election for nine directors of this company will be held on MONDAY, July 20, between the hours of 12 M. and 2 P. M., at the office of this company. S. D. MOODY,

jy4 1d Secretary.

Germania National Bank, New Orleans, June 30, 1874.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a semi-annual dividend of SEVEN AND ONE-HALF PER CENT was declared, payable to the stockholders on demand.

jy2 6t HERM. ROEHL, Cashier.

Louisiana Savings Bank and Safe Deposit Company, No. 51 Camp street, New Orleans, July 1, 1874.—At a meeting of the directors of this bank the following gentlemen were elected to fill vacancies, viz:

MR. SAMUEL JACKSON, President New Orleans Gaslight Company.
MR. ED. CONERY, of E. Conery, Son & Co.
MR. THOMAS SMITH, of Smith & McKenna.

The board is now composed of the following:

ED. CONERY.	THOMAS SMITH.
JAMES JACKSON.	DAVID WALLACE.
JOHN S. WALTON.	W. H. THOMAS.
ED. C. PALMER.	
JOHN S. WALTON,	

jy1 Cashier.

Notice.—New Orleans, July 1, 1874.—All powers of attorney granted by me, except those to John A. Stevenson, John H. Stevenson and Charles K. Burdean, are from and after this date revoked.

jy2 6t* J. T. BURDEAU.

Office of the Home Mutual Insurance Company—New Orleans, July 1, 1874.—Notice is here by given to the scrip holders of this company that in compliance with a resolution previously adopted by them, Certificates of Stock—in lieu of scrip—have been issued, and are now ready to be delivered to them upon the surrender of their certificates of scrip.

jy1 1m CHARLES LE SASSIER, Secretary.

New Orleans National Bank.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the twenty-fourth ultimo, Mr. JOHN H. PIKE was unanimously elected Cashier of this bank.

jy1 4t BENJAMIN FLORANCE, Secretary.

Southern Bank, New Orleans, July 12, 1873.—Notice is hereby given that the unredeemed notes issued by the old "Southern Bank" must be presented for payment within one year from the first publication of this notice, at the office of the Auditor of this State, who, on receiving satisfactory proof of the publication of this notice for one year, as aforesaid, will surrender any funds he may hold for the payment of the said unredeemed notes.

jy13 eowly J. GARR, Cashier

Hibernia National Bank, New Orleans, June 27, 1874.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors, this day, a dividend of FIVE PER CENT out of the earnings of the last six months was declared, payable on the thirteenth of July, proximo.

jy29 7t JOHN G. DEVEREUX, Cashier.

Notice.—Office Board of Underwriters, New Orleans, June 9, 1874.—At a meeting of this Board, held this day, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That no claim for loss under our fire policies be paid until SIXTY DAYS after satisfactory proof of the same, excepting sums not exceeding $1000; provided the fire shall not have originated on the premises.

The following was adopted October 13, 1873:

Resolved, That the Fire Wardens be and are hereby instructed to investigate, judiciously, the origin of all fires, in accordance with act of the Legislature, No. 158, section four, A. D. 1855.

The following companies compose the Board of Underwriters:

Crescent Mutual Insurance Company.
Merchants' Mutual Insurance Company.
Factors and Traders' Insurance Company.
Mechanics and Traders' Insurance Company.
Commercial Insurance Company.
Teutonia Insurance Company.
Hibernia Insurance Company.
Germania Insurance Company.
Louisiana Insurance Company.
New Orleans Mutual Insurance Association.
New Orleans Mutual Insurance Company.
Peoples' Insurance Company.
Sun Insurance Company.
Home Insurance Company.
Hope Insurance Company.
Union Insurance Company.
Delta Insurance Company.
C. N. Welshans, Agent.
P. A. Barker, Agent.
S. A. Moritz, Agent.
By order of the Board.

je13 8t 1m GEORGE MATHER, Secretary.

New Orleans Canal and Banking Company, New Orleans, Monday, June 22, 1874.—At a special meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a semi annual dividend of FIVE PER CENT was declared, payable to the stockholders on the first Monday in July next.

je23 15t CH. JUMONVILLE, Cashier.

SUCCESSION NOTICES.

Estate of Louis Savini.

THE CREDITORS OF THIS ESTATE ARE NOTIFIED to present their claims, and the titles by which they are established, to the undersigned, and the persons who are indebted to said estate are also notified to settle immediately, or No. 252 Poydras street.

je27 jy2 6* CHARLES SAVINI, Administrator.

Succession of Thomas Hale.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 29,384.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by the testamentary executrix of this estate should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.

jy6 3 12* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of Paul Marcus.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 37,237.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by the administrator of this estate should not be homologated and approved and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.

jy1 5 9* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of A. De Couvreur.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF Orleans, No. 37,212.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by the administrator of this estate should not be homologated and approved and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.

jy1 5 9* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of Ann E. Jones.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE LATE ANN E. Jones are notified to pay to the undersigned, and all persons having claims against said decedent will please present them at once to

DUNCAN JONES,
Dative Testamentary Executor.
Or to his attorney, J. O. Nixon, Jr., No. 91 Camp street.

je27 jy1 7

Succession of Charles Stephen Frey.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 36,840.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause, within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by the administratrix of this estate should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.

jy3 7 12* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of Frederick Polchow and Wife.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 37,281.—Whereas, Carl Polchow has petitioned the court for letters of administration on the estate of the late Frederick Polchow and wife deceased, intestate. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern to show cause within ten days why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

By order of the Court.

jy3 7 11* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

In the Matter of Daniel Genella, Interdict.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF Orleans, No. 37,282.—Whereas, Mrs. Margaret Genella has petitioned the court for letters of curatorship on the estate of Daniel Genella, interdict. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern to show cause within ten days why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

By order of the Court.

jy3 7 11* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of Royal A. Porter.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 36,547.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the provisional account presented by the testamentary executor of this estate, should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.

jy3 7 11* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of George Zickendrath.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 36,993.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate and to all other persons herein interested to show cause, within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by Mrs. Amelia de Zayas, administratrix of this estate should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.

je30 jy5 5* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of Michael Bayley.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans, No. 36,223.—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate, and to all other persons herein interested, to show cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by the tutrix administering this estate should not be homologated and approved, and the funds distributed in accordance therewith.

By order of the Court.

je26 30 jy5* FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

MONITION.

UNITED STATES CUSTOMHOUSE, Collector's Office, New Orleans, July 1, 1874.

THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED GOODS HAVING been seized for violation of the revenue laws as herein set forth, notice is hereby given that unless the persons claiming the same shall appear and file their claims according to law, within twenty days from date hereof, the goods will be advertised and sold at public auction, as provided by sections eleven, twelve, thirteen and fourteen, of the act of Congress, approved July 18, 1866:

MERCHANDISE.	MARKS AND NUMBERS.	DATE OF SEIZURE.	VESSEL.	FROM.	VIOLATION.
50 Cigars	No mark	1874, April 9	Margaret	Havana	Section 4, act July 18, 1866
10 bottles Brandy	No mark	April 9	Unknown	Unknown	Section 4, act July 18, 1866
140 Cigars	No mark	April 12	Margaret	Havana	Section 4, act July 18, 1866
6 rolls Cigarettes	No mark	April 23	Unknown	Unknown	Section 4, act July 18, 1866
635 packs Cigarettes	No mark	April 23	Havana	Havana	Section 4, act July 18, 1866
1 Accordeon	No mark	April 24	Frankfort	Havana	Section 4, act July 18, 1866
4300 Cigars Guava Jelly	No mark	May 1	Seely	Havana	Section 45, act March 2, 1799
4 pieces Linen, 79 yards	No mark	May 1	George Seely	Havana	Section 45, act March 2, 1799
200 Cigars	No mark	May 2	Wilmington	Havana	Section 24, act March 2, 1799
9 rolls Cigarettes	No mark	May 2	Wilmington	Havana	Section 24, act March 2, 1799
11 packs Cigarettes	No mark	May 18	Wilmington	Havana	Section 24, act March 2, 1799
25 packs Monte Cards	No mark	May 20	W. P. Clyde	Havana	Section 24, act March 2, 1799
575 rolls Cigarettes	No mark	May 20	W. P. Clyde	Havana	Section 24, act March 2, 1799
15 packs Playing Cards	No mark	June 22	W. P. Clyde	Havana	Section 50, act March 2, 1799
100 Cigars	No mark	June 22	Margaret	Havana	Section 24, act March 2, 1799
72 packs Playing Cards	No mark	June 22	Theresa	Havana	Section 24, act March 2, 1799
100 Cigars	No mark	June 22	Juniata	Havana	Section 24, act March 2, 1799
50 rolls Cigarettes	No mark	June 23	Unknown	Havana	Section 4, act July 18, 1866
50 rolls Cigarettes	No mark	June 23	Unknown	Havana	Section 4, act July 18, 1866

jy2 10 21 P. F. HERWIG, Special Deputy Collector.

PROPOSALS FOR FRESH BEEF.

OFFICE COMMISSARY SUBSISTENCE, United States Army, New Orleans, July 1, 1874.

SEALED PROPOSALS, IN TRIPLICATE, WITH A copy of this advertisement attached are invited till the first day of August, 1874, at twelve o'clock M., for furnishing FRESH BEEF to the troops to be stationed at Holly Springs, Mississippi.

The beef to be delivered in all cases, to be of a good and marketable quality, and in equal proportions of fore and hind quarter meat, with necks, shanks and kidney tallow excluded, and to be furnished as often as the government may require it.

The deliveries to be secured by a contract, with a good and sufficient bond, and to continue in force till November 1, 1874, or such less time as the Commissary General of Subsistence may direct.

Envelopes to be indorsed "Proposals for fresh beef," and directed to the undersigned.

Any further information required can be obtained on application at this office.

THOMAS C. SULLIVAN, Captain and Commissary Subsistence, Chief Commissary Subsistence, Department of the Gulf.

jy2 6t

SALE OF TUGBOAT.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER'S OFFICE, No. 23 Rampart street, New Orleans, July 1, 1874.

THERE WILL BE SOLD, AT PUBLIC AUCTION, in the city of New Orleans, in the auction room under the St. Charles Hotel, at 1 P. M. SATURDAY, August 1, 1874, to the highest responsible bidder, for cash on the spot—

THE TUGBOAT known as the S. C. Hall, her tackle, apparel, furniture, etc.

The vessel is of the following dimensions: Length 68 9 10 feet, breadth 17 1-10 feet, depth 6 5-10 feet, and measures 40 49-100 tons. Her cylinder measures 20 by 22 inches. She is suited for harbor and other towing.

Persons desiring to bid are requested to examine the vessel, now lying at the bank in Algiers, opposite New Orleans. Permission to do so can be obtained at this office.

C. W. HOWELL, Captain of Engineers, United States Army.

jy2 6t

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF WHARF IMPROVEMENT BONDS.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, New Orleans, July 1, 1874.

PROPOSALS FOR THE SALE TO THE CITY OF ten wharf improvement bonds will be received at this office until SATURDAY, the eleventh instant, at twelve o'clock M.

The city reserves the right to reject any or all proposals.

LOUIS SCHNEIDER, Administrator of Finance.

jy1 10t

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS OF THE LATE CITY OF CARROLLTON.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, New Orleans, June 21, 1874.

THE TAX BILLS FOR 1873, PAYABLE IN 1874, of the late city of Carrollton (now Seventh District of the city of New Orleans, have been prepared and completed, and are now due. Taxpayers will find it to their interest to make prompt settlements.

LOUIS SCHNEIDER, Administrator of Finance.

je21

LEGAL NOTICES.

THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

FOURTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS.

MRS. STEPHANIE LIVAUDAIS, WIFE OF H. Dussuau de Lacroix, vs. her husband—No. 21,798.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT ON THE TWENTY-seventh day of May, 1874, judgment was rendered in this court in the following entitled suit in the words and figures following, to wit:

Mrs. Stephanie Livaudais, wife of H. Dussuau de Lacroix, vs. her husband—No. 21,798.

For reasons this day orally assigned by the court, and considering the law and the evidence adduced to be in favor of plaintiff, it is ordered, adjudged and decreed that the judgment, by default, herein entered on the eighteenth instant, against defendant, be now confirmed and made final, and accordingly that there be judgment in favor of plaintiff, Stephanie de Livaudais, wife of Hyppolite Daussuau de Lacroix, her husband, decreeing a separation of property between them; and it is further ordered, adjudged and decreed that said plaintiff recover and have judgment against said defendant, her husband, for the sum of twenty-five thousand six hundred dollars, with legal interest thereon from the ninthday of July, 1868, until paid, and the costs of suit, the whole to be secured by privilege and mortgage granted by law to married women on the property of their husband.

Judgment rendered May 27, 1874.
Judgment signed June 1, 1874.

B. L. LYNCH, Judge.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the said court at the city of New Orleans, on this second day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and the ninety-eighth year of the independence of the United States.

je6 21 jy5 OSCAR ARROYO, Deputy Clerk.

THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

SIXTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS.

MRS. MARY E. KIRKPATRICK, WIFE OF JOHN J. O'Brien, vs. Her Husband—No. 5723.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT ON THE SIXteenth day of May, 1874, judgment was rendered in this court in the following entitled suit in the words and figures following, to wit:

Mrs. Mary E. Kirkpatrick, wife of John J. O'Brien, vs. her husband, No. 5723.

In this case, by reason of the law and the evidence being with the plaintiff, it is ordered, adjudged and decreed that there be judgment in favor of plaintiff, Mrs. Mary Ellen Kirkpatrick, and against the defendant, John J. O'Brien, her husband, decreeing a separation of property between the said parties, and a dissolution of the community of acquets and gains hitherto existing between them; that the plaintiff be decreed the owner of the movable property and household furniture, valued at about $3000, referred to in the petition herein; that she have the management and control of her own separate property; that the defendant pay the costs of this suit.

Judgment signed May 21, 1874.

A. SAUCIER, Judge.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the said court, at the city of New Orleans, on this fourth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

je5 21 jy1* FRANK WALL, Deputy Clerk.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA.

IN THE MATTER OF THE NEW ORLEANS, Mobile and Texas Railroad Company, against whom a petition for adjudication of bankruptcy was filed on the twenty-seventh day of May, A. D. 1874—District of Louisiana, s. s.—No. 1424.

UPON FILING PROOFS SUSTAINING THE ALlegations of the petition aforesaid, it is ordered that the said New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad Company do appear at this court, as a court of bankruptcy, to be holden at New Orleans, in the parish of Orleans and State of Louisiana and district aforesaid, on the sixteenth day of November, 1874, at 11 A. M., and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted; and it is further ordered that a copy of this order be served on said New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad Company by publication in the New Orleans Republican, as required by law, the last insertion to appear at least five days previous to the day herein required for their appearance.

Witness the Hon. Edward H. Durell, judge of the said court, and the seal thereof, at New Orleans, in said district, on the twenty-second day of June, A. D. 1874.

je24 K. LOEW, Deputy Clerk.

MARSHAL'S MONITIONS.

United States vs. 1024 Pounds Perique Tobacco.

IN THE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT, District of Louisiana, No. 10,557.—In obedience to a warrant to me directed in the above entitled suit, I have seized and taken into my possession—

1024 POUNDS PERIQUE TOBACCO, now libeled by the United States for the causes set forth in the libel now pending in the District Court of the United States.

And I do hereby cite and admonish the owner or owners thereof, and all and every person or persons having or pretending to have any right, title or interest in or to the same, to be and appear at a district court of the United States for the district aforesaid, to be holden at the city of New Orleans, on the first Monday of August, 1874, to show cause, if any they have or can, why the said tobacco should not be condemned and sold agreeably to the prayer of libelant.

United States Marshal's office, New Orleans, July 2, 1874.

S. B. PACKARD, United States Marshal.

jy2 11 25 au2

Good Intent Dry Dock Company vs. Steamer Tahlequah.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, District of Louisiana, No. 10,558.—In obedience to an admiralty warrant, to me directed in the above entitled suit, I have seized and taken into my possession—

THE STEAMER TAHLEQUAH, her tackle, engines, apparel, etc., now libeled by the Good Intent Dry Dock Company, for the causes set forth in the libel now pending in the District Court of the United States.

And I do hereby cite and admonish the owner or owners thereof, and all and every person or persons having or pretending to have any right, title or interest in or to the same, to be and appear at a district court of the United States, for the district aforesaid, to be holden at the city of New Orleans, on the first Monday of August, 1874, to show cause, if any they have or can, why the said steamer Tahlequah should not be condemned and sold agreeably to the prayer of libelant.

United States Marshal's office, New Orleans, July 1, 1874.

S. B. PACKARD, United States Marshal.

jy2 11 25 au4

United States vs. Steamer Florence.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, District of Louisiana, No. 10,5 5.—In obedience to an admiralty warrant to me directed in the above entitled suit, I have seized and taken into my possession—

THE STEAMBOAT FLORENCE, her engines, apparel, furniture, tackle, etc., now libeled by the United States, for the causes set forth in the libel now pending in the District Court of the United States.

And I do hereby cite and admonish the owner or owners thereof, and all and every person or persons having or pretending to have any right, title or interest in or to the same, to be and appear at a district court of the United States, for the district aforesaid, to be holden at the city of New Orleans on the first Monday in August, to show cause, if any they have or can, why the said steamboat Florence should not be condemned and be sold agreeably to the prayer of libelant.

United States Marshal's office, New Orleans, July 3, 1874.

S. B. PACKARD, United States Marshal.

jy4 11 13 au4

John Martin, Jr., et als. vs. Schooner Odessa, etc.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, District of Louisiana, No. 10,537.—In obedience to an admiralty warrant to me directed in the above entitled suit, I have seized and taken into my possession—

THE SCHOONER ODESSA, her tackle, apparel and furniture, etc., now libeled by John Martin, Jr., et als., for the causes set forth in the libel now pending in the District Court of the United States.

And I do hereby cite and admonish the owner or owners thereof, and all and every person or persons having or pretending to have any right, title or interest in or to the same, to be and appear at a District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid, to be holden at the city of New Orleans, on the first Monday of July, 1874, to show cause, if any they have or can, why the said schooner should not be condemned and sold agreeably to the prayer of libelants.

United States Marshal's office, New Orleans, May 28, 1874.

S. B. PACKARD, United States Marshal.

my29 je17 30 jy5

Joseph Parks and others vs. steamboat Carrie V. Kountz.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, District of Louisiana, No. 10,529.—In obedience to an admiralty warrant, to me directed in the above entitled suit, I have seized and taken into my possession—

THE STEAMBOAT CARRIE V. KOUNTZ, her tackle, etc., now libeled by Joseph Parks et al. for the causes set forth in the libel, now pending in the District Court of the United States.

And I do hereby cite and admonish the owner or owners thereof, and all and every person or persons having, or pretending to have, any right, title or interest in or to the same, to be and appear at a District Court of the United States, for the district aforesaid to be holden at the city of New Orleans, on the first Monday of July, 1874, to show cause, if any they have or can, why the said steamboat should not be condemned and sold agreeably to the prayer of libelants.

United States Marshal's office, New Orleans, May 29, 1874.

S. B. PACKARD, United States Marshal.

my30 je17 30 jy5

United States vs. Two Hundred Rolls Cigarettes, etc.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, DIstrict of Louisiana, No. 10,548.—In obedience to an admiralty warrant, to me directed in the above entitled suit, I have seized and taken into my possession—

TWO HUNDRED ROLLS CIGARETTES and 700 Cigars, now libeled by the United States for the causes set forth in the libel now pending in the District Court of the United States.

And I do hereby cite and admonish the owner or owners thereof, and all and every person or persons having or pretending to have any right, title or interest in or to the same, to be and appear at a District Court of the United States, for the district aforesaid, to be holden at the city of New Orleans, on the first Monday of July, 1874, to show cause, if any they have or can, why the said articles should not be condemned and be sold agreeably to the prayer of libelant.

United States Marshal's office, New Orleans, June 15, 1874.

S. B. PACKARD, United States Marshal.

je16 23 30 jy5

J. Anderson et. al vs. Steamboat Bart Able.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, District of Louisiana, No. 10,539—In obedience to an admiralty warrant to me directed in the above entitled suit, I have seized and taken into my possession—

THE STEAMBOAT BART ABLE, HER TACKLE, APPAREL, etc., now libeled by J. Anderson et al for the causes set forth in libel now pending in the District Court of the United States.

And I do hereby cite and admonish the owner or owners thereof, and all and every person or persons having, or pretending to have, any right, title or interest in or to the same, to be and appear at a District Court of the United States, for the district aforesaid, to be holden at the city of New Orleans, on the first Monday of July to show cause, if any they have or can, why the said steamboat should not be condemned, and sold agreeably to the prayer of libelants.

United States Marshal's office, New Orleans, June 1, 1874.

S. B. PACKARD, United States Marshal.

je2 17 30 jy5

CONSTABLES' SALES.

Benjamin L. Millaudon vs. Mr. and Mrs. Kressler—Third Justice Court for the Parish of Orleans, Nos. 2183 and 2284.

BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FIERI FACIAS to