

RAILROADS.

ROUND TRIP EXCURSION TICKETS.

TO THE VIRGINIA SPRINGS, VIA LOUISVILLE. Parties leaving New Orleans will find round trip tickets...

NEW ORLEANS, ST. LOUIS AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY.

(GREAT JACKSON ROUTE.) Trains depart and arrive as follows from Callopie...

THE MOBILE LINE.

On and after May 21, trains will leave depot of Callopie street, as follows: Express and mail daily...

LOTTERIES.

SUMMER SCHEDULE.

ONLY 10,000 NUMBERS. LOUISIANA STATE SINGLE NUMBER LOTTERY.

Three Capital Prizes of \$10,000 each. LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

On Saturday, August 1, 1874.

LOTTERIES.

SUMMER SCHEDULE.

ONLY 10,000 NUMBERS. LOUISIANA STATE SINGLE NUMBER LOTTERY.

Three Capital Prizes of \$10,000 each. LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

On Saturday, August 1, 1874.

LOTTERIES.

SUMMER SCHEDULE.

ONLY 10,000 NUMBERS. LOUISIANA STATE SINGLE NUMBER LOTTERY.

Three Capital Prizes of \$10,000 each. LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

On Saturday, August 1, 1874.

LOTTERIES.

SUMMER SCHEDULE.

ONLY 10,000 NUMBERS. LOUISIANA STATE SINGLE NUMBER LOTTERY.

Three Capital Prizes of \$10,000 each. LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

On Saturday, August 1, 1874.

LOTTERIES.

SUMMER SCHEDULE.

ONLY 10,000 NUMBERS. LOUISIANA STATE SINGLE NUMBER LOTTERY.

Three Capital Prizes of \$10,000 each. LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

On Saturday, August 1, 1874.

LOTTERIES.

SUMMER SCHEDULE.

ONLY 10,000 NUMBERS. LOUISIANA STATE SINGLE NUMBER LOTTERY.

Three Capital Prizes of \$10,000 each. LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

On Saturday, August 1, 1874.

LOTTERIES.

SUMMER SCHEDULE.

ONLY 10,000 NUMBERS. LOUISIANA STATE SINGLE NUMBER LOTTERY.

Three Capital Prizes of \$10,000 each. LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

On Saturday, August 1, 1874.

LOTTERIES.

SUMMER SCHEDULE.

ONLY 10,000 NUMBERS. LOUISIANA STATE SINGLE NUMBER LOTTERY.

Three Capital Prizes of \$10,000 each. LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

On Saturday, August 1, 1874.

LOTTERIES.

SUMMER SCHEDULE.

Six Days Between the Cities of Mexico and Washington via New Orleans.

We publish from the Two Republics, of the City of Mexico, an excellent resume of the plan proposed of connecting the cities of Vera Cruz and Mexico by steam postal service.

The New Orleans REPUBLICAN of June 2 contains an article on the subject of a route of communication with Vera Cruz, showing that the press of that city has at last been awakened to the value of an intercourse for which we have so long and enthusiastically contended.

It shows also the difference in costs, comfort and risks and dangers between the "inboard route" and that around by Progress and Havana to New York.

The article of the REPUBLICAN looks like business. It will turn all the American travel and traffic and a large amount of the European and from the tropical countries to their natural depot, the new Mexican and tropical, and the southwestern channels, the legitimate route.

Below we append a portion of the remarks of the REPUBLICAN containing a correct estimate and one which ought to carry conviction to the most doubting mind.

"Our object is only to show that with the route proposed between thirty-five and forty millions of dollars invested, and the roads all in condition to do mere business without additional expense, the expenditure necessary to turn this Mexican and Central American business upon them would be small.

"We connect these suggestions to the inboard line of travel and transportation between New Orleans and Vera Cruz on common account and at common expense. They should appeal to the Congress of the United States and Mexico to the effect that a subsidy or to make up a weekly or semi-monthly mail and give them the postage.

"The joint company might either buy, build or hire steamers for the enterprise. The gain from such a common work would amply repay each company for any outlay or risk necessary to make the enterprise permanent or experimental.

"We connect these suggestions to the inboard line of travel and transportation between New Orleans and Vera Cruz on common account and at common expense. They should appeal to the Congress of the United States and Mexico to the effect that a subsidy or to make up a weekly or semi-monthly mail and give them the postage.

"The joint company might either buy, build or hire steamers for the enterprise. The gain from such a common work would amply repay each company for any outlay or risk necessary to make the enterprise permanent or experimental.

"We connect these suggestions to the inboard line of travel and transportation between New Orleans and Vera Cruz on common account and at common expense. They should appeal to the Congress of the United States and Mexico to the effect that a subsidy or to make up a weekly or semi-monthly mail and give them the postage.

"The joint company might either buy, build or hire steamers for the enterprise. The gain from such a common work would amply repay each company for any outlay or risk necessary to make the enterprise permanent or experimental.

"We connect these suggestions to the inboard line of travel and transportation between New Orleans and Vera Cruz on common account and at common expense. They should appeal to the Congress of the United States and Mexico to the effect that a subsidy or to make up a weekly or semi-monthly mail and give them the postage.

"The joint company might either buy, build or hire steamers for the enterprise. The gain from such a common work would amply repay each company for any outlay or risk necessary to make the enterprise permanent or experimental.

COURT RECORD.

FRIDAY, JULY 17, 1874.

Superior District Court.

Borton Brothers & Bushnell vs. New Orleans Mobile and Texas Railroad Company. Petitioners contracted, January 1, 1872, to build the road of defendants, and allege performance and balance due of \$470,000.

First District Court.

NOLLE PROSEQUI ENTERED. Larceny—Jane Beloit Barrett. HABEAS CORPUS.

State ex rel. J. T. D. Lefebre, Eugene Delande and A. Popillon—Petitioners were arrested by Police Magistrate McArthur for violation of the lottery act, and pray for a writ of habeas corpus, arguing the law is unconstitutional. Taken under adjournment and bail.

Fruit Growers' Exhibition.

Notwithstanding there has been exhibited a mean and small opposition to the exhibition of fruits, flowers and plants of the Fruit Growers' Association of the Gulf States, the affair closed last evening with considerable eclat.

The following additional entries were made yesterday: Mrs. J. P. Becker—Red and white dahlia as low as the Monday sun, and we will be found ever battling in the same cause.

"Our object is only to show that with the route proposed between thirty-five and forty millions of dollars invested, and the roads all in condition to do mere business without additional expense, the expenditure necessary to turn this Mexican and Central American business upon them would be small.

"We connect these suggestions to the inboard line of travel and transportation between New Orleans and Vera Cruz on common account and at common expense. They should appeal to the Congress of the United States and Mexico to the effect that a subsidy or to make up a weekly or semi-monthly mail and give them the postage.

"The joint company might either buy, build or hire steamers for the enterprise. The gain from such a common work would amply repay each company for any outlay or risk necessary to make the enterprise permanent or experimental.

"We connect these suggestions to the inboard line of travel and transportation between New Orleans and Vera Cruz on common account and at common expense. They should appeal to the Congress of the United States and Mexico to the effect that a subsidy or to make up a weekly or semi-monthly mail and give them the postage.

"The joint company might either buy, build or hire steamers for the enterprise. The gain from such a common work would amply repay each company for any outlay or risk necessary to make the enterprise permanent or experimental.

"We connect these suggestions to the inboard line of travel and transportation between New Orleans and Vera Cruz on common account and at common expense. They should appeal to the Congress of the United States and Mexico to the effect that a subsidy or to make up a weekly or semi-monthly mail and give them the postage.

"The joint company might either buy, build or hire steamers for the enterprise. The gain from such a common work would amply repay each company for any outlay or risk necessary to make the enterprise permanent or experimental.

"We connect these suggestions to the inboard line of travel and transportation between New Orleans and Vera Cruz on common account and at common expense. They should appeal to the Congress of the United States and Mexico to the effect that a subsidy or to make up a weekly or semi-monthly mail and give them the postage.

"The joint company might either buy, build or hire steamers for the enterprise. The gain from such a common work would amply repay each company for any outlay or risk necessary to make the enterprise permanent or experimental.

"We connect these suggestions to the inboard line of travel and transportation between New Orleans and Vera Cruz on common account and at common expense. They should appeal to the Congress of the United States and Mexico to the effect that a subsidy or to make up a weekly or semi-monthly mail and give them the postage.

Our Indians.

Military advices all along the line of northwestern Texas, the Kansas frontier and New Mexico, indicate the necessity for decided movements against the various Indian tribes that still have an organized existence.

It seems as if a general insurrection had smitten a portion of the people of Louisiana. Much as they have suffered from pestilence and flood and political misrule, their own folly has been by far the most prolific source of calamity.

The "White League" is simply an offshoot of the Ku Klux Klan. The hideous costumes and the instruments of torture are wanting, but the spirit of proscription and intimidation are the same, and the objects to be attained are precisely similar.

Every white man in a parish is asked to become a member; if he refuses he is told that henceforth he will be expected to be treated as a negro. The alternative having been placed before him, he must take the consequences of his own choice, and if he prefers to act with an alien race rather than with his own, he must do so.

War policies, peace policies, treaties, annuities, Christian commissions, and many other measures have been tried, with varying success. The dictates of humanity favor reasoning with the simple child of nature, but he is hardly a reasonable being.

The following additional entries were made yesterday: Mrs. J. P. Becker—Red and white dahlia as low as the Monday sun, and we will be found ever battling in the same cause.

"Our object is only to show that with the route proposed between thirty-five and forty millions of dollars invested, and the roads all in condition to do mere business without additional expense, the expenditure necessary to turn this Mexican and Central American business upon them would be small.

"We connect these suggestions to the inboard line of travel and transportation between New Orleans and Vera Cruz on common account and at common expense. They should appeal to the Congress of the United States and Mexico to the effect that a subsidy or to make up a weekly or semi-monthly mail and give them the postage.

"The joint company might either buy, build or hire steamers for the enterprise. The gain from such a common work would amply repay each company for any outlay or risk necessary to make the enterprise permanent or experimental.

"We connect these suggestions to the inboard line of travel and transportation between New Orleans and Vera Cruz on common account and at common expense. They should appeal to the Congress of the United States and Mexico to the effect that a subsidy or to make up a weekly or semi-monthly mail and give them the postage.

"The joint company might either buy, build or hire steamers for the enterprise. The gain from such a common work would amply repay each company for any outlay or risk necessary to make the enterprise permanent or experimental.

"We connect these suggestions to the inboard line of travel and transportation between New Orleans and Vera Cruz on common account and at common expense. They should appeal to the Congress of the United States and Mexico to the effect that a subsidy or to make up a weekly or semi-monthly mail and give them the postage.

"The joint company might either buy, build or hire steamers for the enterprise. The gain from such a common work would amply repay each company for any outlay or risk necessary to make the enterprise permanent or experimental.

"We connect these suggestions to the inboard line of travel and transportation between New Orleans and Vera Cruz on common account and at common expense. They should appeal to the Congress of the United States and Mexico to the effect that a subsidy or to make up a weekly or semi-monthly mail and give them the postage.

"The joint company might either buy, build or hire steamers for the enterprise. The gain from such a common work would amply repay each company for any outlay or risk necessary to make the enterprise permanent or experimental.

"We connect these suggestions to the inboard line of travel and transportation between New Orleans and Vera Cruz on common account and at common expense. They should appeal to the Congress of the United States and Mexico to the effect that a subsidy or to make up a weekly or semi-monthly mail and give them the postage.

Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The commissioners to settle up the affairs of the Freedmen's Saving and Trust Company, are busy engaged in examining the books of the institution, and will in the course of a few days issue a circular to those interested, giving an approximate statement of what they expect to be able to do, and urging them not to sacrifice their claims but retain them if possible till the affairs of the institution can be arranged, when it is expected nearly the whole amount of the claims will be paid.

NEW YORK.

Judgment Against the Erie Road. NEW YORK, July 17.—The Supreme Court of the State has rendered the guarantee of the Erie Railroad Company of \$5,000,000 of the bonds of the Boston, Hartford and Erie Railroad Company is valid, and that the Erie Company is liable. Executions for some of the holders of the bonds have been placed in the hands of the sheriff to attach the locomotives and cars of the Erie Railroad Company.

The Monument to Father Matthew. The Roman Catholic societies this evening elected Rev. Dr. McFlinn to the leadership of the movement now on foot for the erection of a monument to Father Matthew, and a resolution was passed authorizing him to appoint two members from each society to assist him in carrying out the work. Dr. McFlinn pledged himself to make the movement a success.

Arrival of Monettes. About 600 Monette colonists arrived here yesterday from Hamburg. College of Pharmacy. At a meeting of the College of Pharmacy yesterday evening the second annual report of the board of pharmacy was submitted, showing that of 101 candidates examined during the past year seventy-one passed a satisfactory examination, and thirty-one were rejected. The total registered pharmacists has now reached 1063, of whom 517 were proprietors, and 546 assistants.

Adjustment of the Board of Appeals. NEW YORK, July 17.—The board of appeals of the National Trotting Association adjourned last evening without giving any decisions. They will be rendered at the fall meeting. Gladstone Changes Front. LONDON, July 17.—In the House of Commons yesterday Mr. Gladstone withdrew his resolution against the public worship regulation in consideration of the unanimity of the vote in its favor on its second reading.

The Great Comedian Coming. John Lawrence Toole, the comedian, sailed for New York to-day. Died. A dispatch from Lausanne, Switzerland, announces the death of the Rev. Dr. Goodrich, the grandson of Noah Webster. The Cession of the Fejee Islands. In the House of Lords this evening the Earl of Cairnmuir, colonel Minister, stated that the government was ready to accept the cession of the Fejee Islands if it was made unconditional, but the conditions proposed by Fejee were not accepted. The Earl of Cairnmuir stated that the government was ready to accept the cession of the Fejee Islands if it was made unconditional, but the conditions proposed by Fejee were not accepted.

Disensions in the Ministry. PARIS, July 17.—The cabinet members in the ministry are questioning the general policy but no change in the government other than the retirement of Magne, which is expected before the debate next Monday on Vauquelin's report from the committee of thirty. The Carlists have seized 1600 women and children on the Cantabrian coast and in Biscay, intending to hold them as hostages. The Carlists have seized 1600 women and children on the Cantabrian coast and in Biscay, intending to hold them as hostages.

Madrid journals state that the Carlists have seized 1600 women and children on the Cantabrian coast and in Biscay, intending to hold them as hostages. The Carlists have seized 1600 women and children on the Cantabrian coast and in Biscay, intending to hold them as hostages.

Resignation of Fourten. M. Fourten, Minister of the Interior, has resigned, and MacMahon has accepted his resignation. It is said that in consequence of the refusal of the Minister of the Interior to authorize the prosecution of Rouher, the Duke de Castes threatened to resign if Fourten remained in the Cabinet. Another cause which led to resignation was that Fourten's policy determined upon by them of the constitution of a definite government until the expiration of MacMahon's term.

Tax Riot at Lerida. MADRID, July 17.—There was a riot at Lerida yesterday, arising from the opposition of the people to a certain tax. The troops suppressed disorder. Several persons were injured. The Carlists have burned several houses in the suburbs of Cuenca, and killed many of the inhabitants.

The Fire at Galates. CONSTANTINOPLE, July 17.—The fire at Galates yesterday was not extinguished until after raging six hours. About 200 houses were destroyed. The Presidency of the International Congress. BRUSSELS, July 17.—Baron Jomine, the Russian representative in the Congress on International Law, will probably be chosen president.

Bismarck's Wounds. KISSEGEN, July 17.—The wounds received by Bismarck in the war are nearly healed, and he is expected to return to his post in the autumn. The French ambassador here has just congratulated the Bismarck on his escape.

Items from Havana. HAVANA, July 17.—One exchange office reopened its doors for business to-day. The order of the Captain General requiring the removal of the Bismarck's portrait from the office of gold to be posted in a conspicuous place, was complied with. Numerous complaints are made that landlords are raising the rents, and thereby making it impossible for tenants to pay the extraordinary taxes imposed by the government. The Captain General has commuted the death sentence of two deserters and of a slave, convicted of murder. Bodies of counter guerrillas are forming for operations in the hills near Trinidad, and two small flying columns of cavalry have been organized to protect the plantations and farms in the valley.

Miscellaneous. NEW YORK, July 17.—Sister Mary Theresia, five times the mother of the poor, died at the age of 102. The body was buried in the cemetery of the Holy Trinity. The body was buried in the cemetery of the Holy Trinity. The body was buried in the cemetery of the Holy Trinity.

A Fight With the Indians in Northwestern Texas. GALVESTON, July 16.—A News special from Jacksboro, Texas, July 15, via Dallas, July 17, says: The twelfth instant Major Jones, with thirty-four men, fought a large war party of Kiowas, Comanches and Apaches in Lost Valley, Jack county, killing three and wounding three that were soon, and supposed to have killed, and wounded several others among the rocks in the mountains. Major Jones lost two men killed and two wounded, and fifteen horses killed and wounded. The fight lasted three hours.

MARKETS. NEW YORK, July 17.—Sister Mary Theresia, five times the mother of the poor, died at the age of 102. The body was buried in the cemetery of the Holy Trinity. The body was buried in the cemetery of the Holy Trinity. The body was buried in the cemetery of the Holy Trinity.

BY TELEGRAPH.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The commissioners to settle up the affairs of the Freedmen's Saving and Trust Company, are busy engaged in examining the books of the institution, and will in the course of a few days issue a circular to those interested, giving an approximate statement of what they expect to be able to do, and urging them not to sacrifice their claims but retain them if possible till the affairs of the institution can be arranged, when it is expected nearly the whole amount of the claims will be paid.

NEW YORK.

Judgment Against the Erie Road. NEW YORK, July 17.—The Supreme Court of the State has rendered the guarantee of the Erie Railroad Company of \$5,000,000 of the bonds of the Boston, Hartford and Erie Railroad Company is valid, and that the Erie Company is liable. Executions for some of the holders of the bonds have been placed in the hands of the sheriff to attach the locomotives and cars of the Erie Railroad Company.

The Monument to Father Matthew. The Roman Catholic societies this evening elected Rev. Dr. McFlinn to the leadership of the movement now on foot for the erection of a monument to Father Matthew, and a resolution was passed authorizing him to appoint two members from each society to assist him in carrying out the work. Dr. McFlinn pledged himself to make the movement a success.

Arrival of Monettes. About 600 Monette colonists arrived here yesterday from Hamburg. College of Pharmacy. At a meeting of the College of Pharmacy yesterday evening the second annual report of the board of pharmacy was submitted, showing that of 101 candidates examined during the past year seventy-one passed a satisfactory examination, and thirty-one were rejected. The total registered pharmacists has now reached 1063, of whom 517 were proprietors, and 546 assistants.

Adjustment of the Board of Appeals. NEW YORK, July 17.—The board of appeals of the National Trotting Association adjourned last evening without giving any decisions. They will be rendered at the fall meeting. Gladstone Changes Front. LONDON, July 17.—In the House of Commons yesterday Mr. Gladstone withdrew his resolution against the public worship regulation in consideration of the unanimity of the vote in its favor on its second reading.

The Great Comedian Coming. John Lawrence Toole, the comedian, sailed for New York to-day. Died. A dispatch from Lausanne, Switzerland, announces the death of the Rev. Dr. Goodrich, the grandson of Noah Webster. The Cession of the Fejee Islands. In the House of Lords this evening the Earl of Cairnmuir, colonel Minister, stated that the government was ready to accept the cession of the Fejee Islands if it was made unconditional, but the conditions proposed by Fejee were not accepted.

Disensions in the Ministry. PARIS, July 17.—The cabinet members in the ministry are questioning the general policy but no change in the government other than the retirement of Magne, which is expected before the debate next Monday on Vauquelin's report from the committee of thirty. The Carlists have seized 1600 women and children on the Cantabrian coast and in Biscay, intending to hold them as hostages.

Madrid journals state that the Carlists have seized 1600 women and children on the Cantabrian coast and in Biscay, intending to hold them as hostages. The Carlists have seized 1600 women and children on the Cantabrian coast and in Biscay, intending to hold them as hostages.

Resignation of Fourten. M. Fourten, Minister of the Interior, has resigned, and MacMahon has accepted his resignation. It is said that in consequence of the refusal of the Minister of the Interior to authorize the prosecution of Rouher, the Duke de Castes threatened to resign if Fourten remained in the Cabinet. Another cause which led to resignation was that Fourten's policy determined upon by them of the constitution of a definite government until the expiration of MacMahon's term.

Tax Riot at Lerida. MADRID, July 17.—There was a riot at Lerida yesterday, arising from the opposition of the people to a certain tax. The troops suppressed disorder. Several persons were injured. The Carlists have burned several houses in the suburbs of Cuenca, and killed many of the inhabitants.

The Fire at Galates. CONSTANTINOPLE, July 17.—The fire at Galates yesterday was not extinguished until after raging six hours. About 200 houses were destroyed. The Presidency of the International Congress. BRUSSELS, July 17.—Baron Jomine, the Russian representative in the Congress on International Law, will probably be chosen president.

Bismarck's Wounds. KISSEGEN, July 17.—The wounds received by Bismarck in the war are nearly healed, and he is expected to return to his post in the autumn. The French ambassador here has just congratulated the Bismarck on his escape.

Items from Havana. HAVANA, July 17.—One exchange office reopened its doors for business to-day. The order of the Captain General requiring the removal of the Bismarck's portrait from the office of gold to be posted in a conspicuous place, was complied with. Numerous complaints are made that landlords are raising the rents, and thereby making it impossible for tenants to pay the extraordinary taxes imposed by the government. The Captain General has commuted the death sentence of two deserters and of a slave, convicted of murder. Bodies of counter guerrillas are forming for operations in the hills near Trinidad, and two small flying columns of cavalry have been organized to protect the plantations and farms in the valley.

Miscellaneous. NEW YORK, July 17.—Sister Mary Theresia, five times the mother of the poor, died at the age of 102. The body was buried in the cemetery of the Holy Trinity. The body was buried in the cemetery of the Holy Trinity. The body was buried in the cemetery of the Holy Trinity.

A Fight With the Indians in Northwestern Texas. GALVESTON, July 16.—A News special from Jacksboro, Texas, July 15, via Dallas, July 17, says: The twelfth instant Major Jones, with thirty-four men, fought a large war party of Kiowas, Comanches and Apaches in Lost Valley, Jack county, killing three and wounding three that were soon, and supposed to have killed, and wounded several others among the rocks in the mountains. Major Jones lost two men killed and two wounded, and fifteen horses killed and wounded. The fight lasted three hours.

MARKETS. NEW YORK, July 17.—Sister Mary Theresia, five times the mother of the poor, died at the age of 102. The body was buried in the cemetery of the Holy Trinity. The body was buried in the cemetery of the Holy Trinity. The body was buried in the cemetery of the Holy Trinity.

The number of Indians were estimated at 135; all armed with improved breech-loading guns and well mounted. They used no arrows. The Indians retreated in a north-westerly direction. Major Jones did not have sufficient force to pursue them.

The Arrested Child Stealer. PHILADELPHIA, July 17.—Christopher Wooster, arrested for complicity in the child stealing case, is still in custody, though there is a strong opinion that he is the suspicious man, and that he is the author of the letters written proposing the return of the child for money.

No New Developments. No new developments in the child stealing case at night. Weather clear and calm, and the detectives are hard at work at the matter.

A Denial from Senator Grant. AT WASHINGTON, July 17.—Senator Grant denies he ever claimed any intimacy with President Grant, or to know anything of his political views or purposes from any conversation with him, which has been the subject of an announcement with Grant as to his party organization, or programmes past, present, or future. He states his belief in the success of the Democratic party, with a truly Democratic candidate.

Death of an Old Lady. HARRISBURG, July 17.—Mrs. Barbara De Hart, aged 101, died at six months, and yesterday. She was the mother of five children, forty-two grandchildren, seventy-seven great-grandchildren, and one great-grandchild. She had been blind for twenty years.

Loss of Life at the Chicago Fire. CHICAGO, July 17.—Thus far seven persons are known to have lost their lives by the fire. Strenuous efforts are being made to furnish those deprived of homes by fire with new dwellings. All the aid societies are giving their help.

Freight Regulations. At the meeting of the general superintendents and general freight agents of all roads in Chicago, held on Monday last, it was decided not to pool the earnings, but to advance the present freight rates to the Southwest ports. All opposition between the roads has been abandoned, and higher rates will be obtained.

National Photographic Association. The National Photographic Association, which has been in session here since Tuesday, yesterday elected the following officers: W. H. Woodbury, president; J. C. Smith, secretary; and Albert M. Moore, Pennsylvania, treasurer. Vice presidents were elected from Maryland, Illinois, Kansas, New York and Ohio. A committee on the progress of photography, consisting of seven members, from various parts of the United States and from England, was appointed to an executive committee, were appointed.

Workmen's Convention. BALTIMORE, July 17.—The International Workmen's Protective Association are holding a state convention at this city. The proceedings are quiet. The object of the meeting is said to be the promotion of the welfare of the workmen and their mutual co-operation.

Thieves at Long Branch. LONG BRANCH, July 17.—A gang of thieves have been operating among the cottages and hotels during the past few days. Several large robberies have been reported, and the police are now here looking for the miscreants.

Again Postponed. SARATOGA, July 17.—The University race which was to have taken place to-day, was again postponed on account of rough water. The race was postponed on account of rough water. The race was postponed on account of rough water.

Disensions in the Ministry. PARIS, July 17.—The cabinet members in the ministry are questioning the general policy but no change in the government other than the retirement of Magne, which is expected before the debate next Monday on Vauquelin's report from the committee of thirty. The Carlists have seized 1600 women and children on the Cantabrian coast and in Biscay, intending to hold them as hostages.

Madrid journals state that the Carlists have seized 1600 women and children on the Cantabrian coast and in Biscay, intending to hold them as hostages. The Carlists have seized 1600 women and children on the Cantabrian coast and in Biscay, intending to hold them as hostages.

Resignation of Fourten. M. Fourten, Minister of the Interior, has resigned, and MacMahon has accepted his resignation. It is said that in consequence of the refusal of the Minister of the Interior to authorize the prosecution of Rouher, the Duke de Castes threatened to resign if Fourten remained in the Cabinet. Another cause which led to resignation was that Fourten's policy determined upon by them of the constitution of a definite government until the expiration of MacMahon's term.

Tax Riot at Lerida. MADRID, July 17.—There was a riot at Lerida yesterday, arising from the opposition of the people to a certain tax. The troops suppressed disorder. Several persons were injured. The Carlists have burned several houses in the suburbs of Cuenca, and killed many of the inhabitants.

The Fire at Galates. CONSTANTINOPLE, July 17.—The fire at Galates yesterday was not extinguished until after raging six hours. About 200 houses were destroyed. The Presidency of the International Congress. BRUSSELS, July 17.—Baron Jomine, the Russian representative in the Congress on International Law, will probably be chosen president.

Bismarck's Wounds. KISSEGEN, July 17.—The wounds received by Bismarck in the war are nearly healed, and he