

New Orleans Republican. OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES. OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS.

SOMETIME. Well, either you or I. After whatever is to say is said, I hear through the other, if the other dead, after, through distance, if the other dead, sometime.

And you or I must look. Into the other's grave, or far or near. And read, as in a book, 'Till it is that words we made bitter here, sometime.

Then, through what paths of dew. That flush of flowers, what glory in the grass. Even as a shadow walking, blind may pass, sometime.

And, if the nestling song. Break from the breast of the bird for love. No more to listen long. One shall be dead, one dead above, sometime.

For both must lose the way. Wherein we walk together very soon. One in the dusk shall stay. The other first shall see, sometime.

O, fast, fast friend of mine! Lift up the voice I love so much, and warn; 'Till faintly heard, or never, I tell me I will be left forlorn, sometime.

his wife dearly, was constantly buying for her costly and beautiful articles. He filled her lap with such little things as he saw from the window, though she would not see her. She lived in a boarding house. One day her husband noticed that she was with certain articles he had bought her only a short time before. He began to inquire and learned that the landlady had borrowed her furs to wear to market; that her sister had borrowed her jewelry and other articles to wear to a party; that a lady friend had borrowed her bonnet to wear on the street, and that scarcely one of the beautiful articles he had bought for his wife, because he loved her and wished to have her in her best possession. Whoever should see her in company, even with her own articles on her person, would think they were borrowed of those to whom she had loaned them rather than lose their friends.

As the articles were returned to their owner, some of them torn, broken, soiled and damaged, like a sensible man he threw them into the fire and took the landlady to court for not being strong enough to keep for her own use such ornaments as he bought for her alone she might buy for herself hereafter. There is no difference between a man who is not as well understood as he is, and a man who is not as well understood as he is, and a man who is not as well understood as he is.

Commodore William B. Whiting, on the retired list of our navy, who now resides at Delafair, in Waukesha county, Wisconsin, contributes to the Army and Navy Journal the following interesting incident, which occurred during his service as a midshipman on board the vessel in question more than forty years ago.

In 1833 the typhoon of the Northern Pacific was not as well understood as he is, and a man who is not as well understood as he is, and a man who is not as well understood as he is.

The Press and the Politicians. The Poland bill and the law which Senator Carpenter introduced into the Senate seem to reveal a conspiracy of politicians against the press.

As the power, as those know best who are most familiar with the press, is often abused for the meanest and most selfish purposes. Indeed, it is a power which is often used by many persons come to mean very inferior kind of morality, and unquestionably editors often permit themselves to say in their papers what they would hesitate to say upon their own personal responsibility.

Probably the most valuable human remains in the United States just now are those of William Jennings, whose funeral took place ninety-nine years ago in Nottaway, Virginia. As has been the case with many a greater man's grave, the particular interest which Major General John C. Calhoun, Jr. (for he was a British officer) Jennings long since passed from the memory of the oldest inhabitant, even the fact that he was buried in his awe-inspiring tomb in the city of Nottaway, Virginia, is almost forgotten.

Excursions for Mothers of Young Children. The report made to the Board of Health is an eloquent commentary on the importance of the children's excursions, and an unanswerable plea for the extension of the excursions to the mothers of young children.

Who a Real Lady Never Does. The woman who is more or less green or snobbish borrows clothes, ribbons, jewelry and bonnets with which to dress. The genuine lady is never guilty of such a degradation. Her articles of dress or jewelry are common with another; she will never run to borrow new gloves, new ribbons, new cloaks, shawls and other articles of dress.

A gentleman friend of ours, who loves a smile of our labored side, and remained on our level, but stationary. It looked like the back of a huge whale, but it sloped less, and was of a brownish color. Even at that distance it seemed to be basking in the sun.

PERDITA. I dipped my hand in the sea. I saw the waves roll over the cave. I drew a pearl from the sea. I saw the waves roll over the cave. I drew a pearl from the sea.

There is my hand it lay. How could I say. How from the depths of the ocean calm and clear, I drew a pearl from the sea. I saw the waves roll over the cave. I drew a pearl from the sea.

And carelessly grow, ah me! I held between two fingers fine. I held between two fingers fine. I held between two fingers fine. I held between two fingers fine.

A Writer's Treasures. A correspondent of the Cincinnati Gazette writes as follows: I can not say that I am a writer, but I am a collector of treasures.

A New Orleans Invention Utilized. From the New York Herald, July 23. The process for rapid transit seems to be the problem of solution among our neighbors of Brooklyn, and although the method of arriving at this desirable result which has been adopted, is not the most perfect.

The fireless engine is supplied with steam from a stationary boiler, and in the manner by which this steam is supplied and preserved consists the principal merits of the invention. The boiler of the engine is of an inch thick, with an air space immediately supervening, about one inch in depth.

Of course steam gratings will require a greater expenditure of steam and provision for supplying the necessary amount of fuel. The inventor of the fireless engine, Mr. Charles Sumner, found in Major Poore his most intimate friend and companion. One can imagine the curiously loving statesman contentedly luxuriating in the arms of his friend.

Photography at the Bottom of the Sea. Dr. Neumayer has recently exhibited before the Berlin Geographical Society a photographic apparatus designed for the determination of the temperature and the currents at great depths in the ocean.

Lord Derby, at a recent public dinner in London, remarked that "he did not think it the part of a public man to blow his own trumpet, though in a popularly governed country, where appearances are a part of the routine of life, that is a kind of music with which one becomes tolerably familiar."

THE LADDER OF ANGELS. When Jacob slept in Bethel, and there dreamed of angels ever climbing and descending the ladder, which was set up against the wall of glory of the ineffable Presence blending. The place grew sacred to his reverent thought. He said to himself, "I know it not."

Wherever you help, even the lowest round. Man by a hand's help, lifts his feet to another. The gate of heaven is love; there is no other. The gate of heaven is love; there is no other. The gate of heaven is love; there is no other.

A Remarkable Order. The following was written recently by the veteran Dr. Ashbel Smith, one of the oldest physicians and most accomplished scholars in Texas.

An Interesting Relic. A highly valued friend has placed in my possession of probably the oldest specimen of the "Ladder of Angels" which I have seen. In 1793, the late Colonel Andrew Marchant, then an officer in the United States Army, brought with him, to the Mississippi Territory, a small printing press, on which he printed the first issue of the "Ladder of Angels" for the Territorial Council.

A Cure for the Ills of Civilization. The surest remedy for the ills of civilized life is to be found in some form of return to barbarism, and the common sense of the mass of people has taught them this, but they will not do it.

Death and Burial of a Consul's Daughter. On the sixth of July, Miss Agnes, daughter of Colonel E. Johnson, United States Consul at Tampico, Mexico, died in that city of fever. The young lady was well known in this city, and her family formerly resided in Mexico.

The Order of the Good Shepherd. The Baltimore, Md. Standard is learned from Sister Joseph, of Baltimore, who has just returned from France, that at the late convention of the Sister Superiors of the Good Shepherd, Cincinnati, was unanimously elected mother general of the order.

Cured at Last. A lady acquaintance read the following paragraph in a paper: "A young life once cured her husband of a disposition to be absent from home at night by providing a good dinner, and saying to him afterwards: 'George, if you find a sweeter spot than our own, describe it to me, and I will reward you with my love.' A kiss and a few tears completed the victory."

Who a Real Lady Never Does. The woman who is more or less green or snobbish borrows clothes, ribbons, jewelry and bonnets with which to dress. The genuine lady is never guilty of such a degradation. Her articles of dress or jewelry are common with another; she will never run to borrow new gloves, new ribbons, new cloaks, shawls and other articles of dress.

A gentleman friend of ours, who loves a smile of our labored side, and remained on our level, but stationary. It looked like the back of a huge whale, but it sloped less, and was of a brownish color. Even at that distance it seemed to be basking in the sun.

and of novel surprises will bear a little comment. It is an old claim at first to feel you are being out of doors with no builded home to sleep in; but this simple fact is full of value. In our common, every day life of home and street we prey on each other's nerves, and from this, with over-heating of our homes, I suspect, the many little colds and nasal catarrhs which most of us are liable to.

Not only are well people better for such steady exposure, but cases of chronic catarrhs rapidly disappear under the natural and unexcited of going into and out of houses, their lack of abruptness and their moderate temperature are sufficient to deprive them of their vitality. The temperature of Lake Superior the middle of the month in August was 70° to 80° Fahrenheit, and the minimum of the night was 65°; yet, as I remember, no one on the large party suffered in any way.

Proposed Amendments to the Constitution. SECTION I. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened (two-thirds of the members of each house may vote for or against said amendments separately; and if a majority of voters shall approve and ratify all or either of said amendments, the same shall become a part of the constitution.

SECTION II. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened (two-thirds of the members of each house may vote for or against said amendments separately; and if a majority of voters shall approve and ratify all or either of said amendments, the same shall become a part of the constitution.

SECTION III. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened (two-thirds of the members of each house may vote for or against said amendments separately; and if a majority of voters shall approve and ratify all or either of said amendments, the same shall become a part of the constitution.

SECTION IV. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened (two-thirds of the members of each house may vote for or against said amendments separately; and if a majority of voters shall approve and ratify all or either of said amendments, the same shall become a part of the constitution.

SECTION V. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened (two-thirds of the members of each house may vote for or against said amendments separately; and if a majority of voters shall approve and ratify all or either of said amendments, the same shall become a part of the constitution.

SECTION VI. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened (two-thirds of the members of each house may vote for or against said amendments separately; and if a majority of voters shall approve and ratify all or either of said amendments, the same shall become a part of the constitution.

SECTION VII. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened (two-thirds of the members of each house may vote for or against said amendments separately; and if a majority of voters shall approve and ratify all or either of said amendments, the same shall become a part of the constitution.

SECTION VIII. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened (two-thirds of the members of each house may vote for or against said amendments separately; and if a majority of voters shall approve and ratify all or either of said amendments, the same shall become a part of the constitution.

Office of the Secretary of Louisiana. In conformity to a resolution passed by the voters of the State of Louisiana, the proposed amendments to the constitution of the State agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the General Assembly of the year 1874, and required to be published three months before the next general election for Representatives of the State, shall be published in a newspaper published in this State, in which a newspaper shall be published in this State, in which a newspaper shall be published in this State.

Office of the Secretary of Louisiana. In conformity to a resolution passed by the voters of the State of Louisiana, the proposed amendments to the constitution of the State agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the General Assembly of the year 1874, and required to be published three months before the next general election for Representatives of the State, shall be published in a newspaper published in this State, in which a newspaper shall be published in this State.

Office of the Secretary of Louisiana. In conformity to a resolution passed by the voters of the State of Louisiana, the proposed amendments to the constitution of the State agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the General Assembly of the year 1874, and required to be published three months before the next general election for Representatives of the State, shall be published in a newspaper published in this State, in which a newspaper shall be published in this State.

Office of the Secretary of Louisiana. In conformity to a resolution passed by the voters of the State of Louisiana, the proposed amendments to the constitution of the State agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the General Assembly of the year 1874, and required to be published three months before the next general election for Representatives of the State, shall be published in a newspaper published in this State, in which a newspaper shall be published in this State.

Office of the Secretary of Louisiana. In conformity to a resolution passed by the voters of the State of Louisiana, the proposed amendments to the constitution of the State agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the General Assembly of the year 1874, and required to be published three months before the next general election for Representatives of the State, shall be published in a newspaper published in this State, in which a newspaper shall be published in this State.

Office of the Secretary of Louisiana. In conformity to a resolution passed by the voters of the State of Louisiana, the proposed amendments to the constitution of the State agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the General Assembly of the year 1874, and required to be published three months before the next general election for Representatives of the State, shall be published in a newspaper published in this State, in which a newspaper shall be published in this State.

Office of the Secretary of Louisiana. In conformity to a resolution passed by the voters of the State of Louisiana, the proposed amendments to the constitution of the State agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the General Assembly of the year 1874, and required to be published three months before the next general election for Representatives of the State, shall be published in a newspaper published in this State, in which a newspaper shall be published in this State.

Office of the Secretary of Louisiana. In conformity to a resolution passed by the voters of the State of Louisiana, the proposed amendments to the constitution of the State agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the General Assembly of the year 1874, and required to be published three months before the next general election for Representatives of the State, shall be published in a newspaper published in this State, in which a newspaper shall be published in this State.

Office of the Secretary of Louisiana. In conformity to a resolution passed by the voters of the State of Louisiana, the proposed amendments to the constitution of the State agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the General Assembly of the year 1874, and required to be published three months before the next general election for Representatives of the State, shall be published in a newspaper published in this State, in which a newspaper shall be published in this State.

Office of the Secretary of Louisiana. In conformity to a resolution passed by the voters of the State of Louisiana, the proposed amendments to the constitution of the State agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the General Assembly of the year 1874, and required to be published three months before the next general election for Representatives of the State, shall be published in a newspaper published in this State, in which a newspaper shall be published in this State.

Office of the Secretary of Louisiana. In conformity to a resolution passed by the voters of the State of Louisiana, the proposed amendments to the constitution of the State agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the General Assembly of the year 1874, and required to be published three months before the next general election for Representatives of the State, shall be published in a newspaper published in this State, in which a newspaper shall be published in this State.

Office of the Secretary of Louisiana. In conformity to a resolution passed by the voters of the State of Louisiana, the proposed amendments to the constitution of the State agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the General Assembly of the year 1874, and required to be published three months before the next general election for Representatives of the State, shall be published in a newspaper published in this State, in which a newspaper shall be published in this State.

Office of the Secretary of Louisiana. In conformity to a resolution passed by the voters of the State of Louisiana, the proposed amendments to the constitution of the State agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the General Assembly of the year 1874, and required to be published three months before the next general election for Representatives of the State, shall be published in a newspaper published in this State, in which a newspaper shall be published in this State.

Office of the Secretary of Louisiana. In conformity to a resolution passed by the voters of the State of Louisiana, the proposed amendments to the constitution of the State agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the General Assembly of the year 1874, and required to be published three months before the next general election for Representatives of the State, shall be published in a newspaper published in this State, in which a newspaper shall be published in this State.

Office of the Secretary of Louisiana. In conformity to a resolution passed by the voters of the State of Louisiana, the proposed amendments to the constitution of the State agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the General Assembly of the year 1874, and required to be published three months before the next general election for Representatives of the State, shall be published in a newspaper published in this State, in which a newspaper shall be published in this State.

Office of the Secretary of Louisiana. In conformity to a resolution passed by the voters of the State of Louisiana, the proposed amendments to the constitution of the State agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the General Assembly of the year 1874, and required to be published three months before the next general election for Representatives of the State, shall be published in a newspaper published in this State, in which a newspaper shall be published in this State.

Office of the Secretary of Louisiana. In conformity to a resolution passed by the voters of the State of Louisiana, the proposed amendments to the constitution of the State agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the General Assembly of the year 1874, and required to be published three months before the next general election for Representatives of the State, shall be published in a newspaper published in this State, in which a newspaper shall be published in this State.

Office of the Secretary of Louisiana. In conformity to a resolution passed by the voters of the State of Louisiana, the proposed amendments to the constitution of the State agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the General Assembly of the year 1874, and required to be published three months before the next general election for Representatives of the State, shall be published in a newspaper published in this State, in which a newspaper shall be published in this State.

Office of the Secretary of Louisiana. In conformity to a resolution passed by the voters of the State of Louisiana, the proposed amendments to the constitution of the State agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the General Assembly of the year 1874, and required to be published three months before the next general election for Representatives of the State, shall be published in a newspaper published in this State, in which a newspaper shall be published in this State.

Office of the Secretary of Louisiana. In conformity to a resolution passed by the voters of the State of Louisiana, the proposed amendments to the constitution of the State agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the General Assembly of the year 1874, and required to be published three months before the next general election for Representatives of the State, shall be published in a newspaper published in this State, in which a newspaper shall be published in this State.