

VOLUME VIII—NO. 119.

WHOLE NUMBER 2770.

LOTTERIES.

SUMMER SCHEME. ONLY 10,000 NUMBERS.

LOUISIANA STATE SINGLE NUMBER LOTTERY

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY

CLASS M. To be drawn in public at New Orleans.

On Saturday, September 13, 1874.

SCHEME. 10,000 Tickets.....Tickets only \$10

Halves, Quarters and Eighths in proportion.

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

EXPLANATION OF APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

DRAWING OF THE LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY FOR AUGUST 25, 1874.

BEWARE OF BOGUS LOTTERIES.

BANKS AND BANKING.

LOUISIANA SAVINGS BANK

SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY.

NEW ORLEANS SAVINGS INSTITUTE.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LEVEE CONTRACTORS.

PROK STEAM RICE MILL.

CHESTER MAKER.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

CAMERO'S RESTAURANT.

LEGAL NOTICES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA.

UPON FILING PROOFS SUSTAINING THE

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

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CAMERO'S RESTAURANT.

AUCTION SALES.

By R. M. & E. J. Montgomery.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, 1809

By W. W. McCullough.

By W. W. McCullough, AUCTIONEER.

By C. E. Girardey.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND MOVABLE EF.

By C. E. Girardey, AUCTIONEER.

COURT RECORD.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 25, 1874.

Superior District Court.

First District Court.

Second District Court.

Pass-a-l'Outre and Southwest Pass.

The New York Herald in its issue of the

twentieth instant fathers a statement from

the New Orleans Times which is erroneous.

The statement sets forth that there is eight-

teen feet of water on the bar at Southwest

Pass at extreme low tide, with a mean rise

of two feet. The article further declares

that at Pass-a-l'Outre there is but thirteen

feet of water. These statements should be

reversed. Even at the date indicated Pass-

a-l'Outre had an depth of eighteen feet at

extreme low tide, with a tide of two to two

and a half feet, while at Southwest Pass

the lead marked scant thirteen feet. Dur-

ing the last ten days the bar at Pass-a-

l'Outre has somewhat shoaled, and Major

Howell now reports sixteen and a half feet

water there at extreme low tide, with tides

of two to two and a half feet. No change

has taken place at Southwest Pass, and

soundings still show only thirteen feet at

low tide and fourteen and a quarter feet at

high tide. The survey at Southwest Pass

is in progress.

Louisiana Agricultural and Mechanical

College.

The closing exercises of the summer ses-

sion of the Louisiana Mechanical and Agri-

cultural College will take place in the Sen-

ate Chamber in the State House, Friday,

August 23, commencing at 11 A. M.

They will be conducted under the super-

vision of Governor William P. Kellogg,

president of the board of control, and the

city will be represented by his honor Mayor

L. A. Wiltz.

The exercises will commence by an ad-

dress on "The Political Economy of Popu-

lar School Education" by Hon. W. M.

Burwell. This will be followed by an

address by Hon. Hugh J. Campbell, on the

subject of "The Special Culture most De-

manded in the National Agricultural and

Mechanical Colleges."

The closing remarks will be made by

Professor Thomas Nicholson, president of

Address of Judge Beattie.

On Saturday, the fifteenth instant, Judge

Beattie (always noted for his remarkable

fairness of mind) delivered an address be-

fore 500 people of Lakeview. The Judge's

address on the political evils which attend

the rule of a few men, who in the name

of the people have brought about this

state of things, was one of the most in-

spiring and powerful ever heard in this

city. His business intercourses has al-

ways commanded respect, and his social

position has placed him in the admira-

tion of all honest men. He has never

plained himself in an independent man-

ner, asking no favors and giving none

but his good advice. He expressed himself

in favor of General Grant, and in the

name of the people he has advocated the

reform of the civil rights bill, free thought,

free speech and freedom of the press. He

spoke of the late war, and of the govern-

ment of a State and country, and com-

pletely demoralized the instigators of

bad government in Louisiana, to-

gether with heavy taxation. In a

word, he measured his blame of the govern-

ment for being instrumental in causing the

corruption which has prevailed. Not satis-

fied with this, the judge in a few clear

remarks pointed out the errors in some

matters of importance. He proved to

them the evils perpetrated by oppression

against a vindictive foe. The judge's

speech was most noted for the picture of

calamity which he painted of the South

in the assassination of Abraham Lin-

coln. We greatly admire Judge Beattie's

doctrine, and hope to see him visit Ter-

rebonne parish, and see the spot where

the late president of the United States

was murdered. The judge's address was

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A Great Fire in the Third District.

The Third District is once more a sufferer

from fire. About three o'clock last evening

flames started in a one-story frame house

on Levee, between Congress and Independ-

ence streets, owned by Pepe Lulu, which

was totally destroyed, the loss being \$1500.

The fire caught the adjoining house, also

owned by Lulu and occupied by Mr. Staf-

ford, which was entirely burned. Loss

\$700.

The building corner of Levee and Independ-

ence streets, owned by Lulu and occu-

ped by Mr. Grass as a brewery, is a total

loss. Loss \$6000; insured for \$3000 in

the Lafayette office. A double frame house

on Independence, between Levee and Char-

tres streets, owned by Lulu and tenanted by

D. Bird, was burned. Loss \$1800. The next

house, a double frame, owned by Lulu and

occupied by C. Cornelia, was burned. Loss

\$1200. The large building at the corner

of Chartrés and Independence streets, owned

by Lulu and occupied by F. Niblers, was

entirely burned. Loss \$3000; insured for

\$850 in the Tennessee office. A house oc-

cupied by H. Eckert, owned by Lulu, was

destroyed. Loss \$1500. The house in which

Patrick Casey resided was burned. Loss

\$1500.

A building at the corner of Congress and

Chartrés streets, a double frame, owned by

Lulu and occupied by Mr. Sussere, was

burned. Loss \$2000. The flames from there

caught an old house owned and occupied

by Widow Gibson. Loss \$1000; same for

the house occupied by Mr. Chevrelle. The

next house, owned and occupied by Louis

Meyers, was badly damaged.

From this point the fire extended over

to Levee street, between Elyria and Congress

streets, and a house owned by L. B.

Boucher and occupied by F. Killbuck,

was damaged. A two-story frame house at

the corner of Congress and Chartrés, owned

and occupied by Joseph Weil, was de-

stroyed. Loss \$1500; insured in the Mer-

chants' office for full amount. The next

house on Congress street, owned and oc-

cupied by Mrs. Boyce, was entirely burned.

Loss \$3000; insured in the Merchants' office.

A dwelling on Independence street,

BY TELEGRAPH.

"WE, THE WHITE PEOPLE"

THE BATON ROUGE CONVENTION

SECOND DAY'S PROCEEDINGS

Nominations Made and Address Adopted

(Special to the New Orleans Republican.)

BATON ROUGE, August 25, 1874.

The Democratic convention assembled

again to-day at Pike's Hall, and proceeded

to nominate for State Treasurer, John C.

Moncreur, of Caddo, was nominated to that

office.

A resolution, offered by Judge Walker,

to nominate an Auditor upon the resignation

of Clinton, was rejected, as involving the

recognition of what the sense of the con-

vention terms the de facto or present State

government. The Democrats will make no

nomination for Auditor, even if an election

for one is ordered.

Nearly the whole day was consumed by

the committee of twenty-one on resolutions

and addresses. Their work, as submitted

and adopted, commences with a preamble,

"We, the white people of Louisiana, em-

bracing the Democratic party, the Conserv-

ative party and all others opposed to the

Reform party, do solemnly resolve and

declare," etc.

Under this name the party which does

not desire to be called Democrat will go</