[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

bonds, which have sold up to 31¾. Extreme sales have been as follows:

Union Pacific, 31¾@31¾; Lake Shore, 74¾@74¾; Telegraph, 78¾@79¼; Wabash, 32¾@33¼; Erie, 34½@34¾; Rock Island, 100¾@101¼. Northwest, 36¾@37; St. Paul, 35½@35¾; Ohios, 24¾@24½; Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central, 8¾@9¾; Pacific Mail, 48¾@48¾.

Money is quoted at 2½@3 for call loans; 5@6 for prime short date mercantile paper, and 8½@7½ for long date.

Gold has stood firm, all sales having been at 109¾@109¾, the last price being 109¾. On gold loans rates have been flat to 1@1½ for carrying. Government bonds are ¼@½ lower than yesterday, business being small. In State bonds there were sales at the first board of Ohio sixes of 1881 at 103, and Virginia consols 55. The foreign exchange market has commanded special attention because of its weakness and because of the rapid fall in rates.

During morning sixty day bills so good as drawn by the Bank of California or Erie National of London have sold at $4 82½.

The asking rates of the four names have been reduced to $4 84 and $4 86½, with this class of bills easily obtainable at $4 83½ and $4 85½@4 86. Cabies have been quoted at $4 86¾@4 86¾ for business.

Sixes of 1867, 118½; five-twenties, of 1862, 112; of 1864, 113½; of 1865 113½; new 115; of 1867 117; of 1868 117½; new fives, 116½; ten-forties, 111½.

Tennessees 75, new 75; Virginias 26, new 23; consols 57½, deferred 9; Louisianas 24, new 21, levee sixes 20, eights 22; Alabama eights 45, fives 20, Georgia sixes 75; North Carolinas 20, new 10, special tax 5; South Carolinas 25, new 17, April and October 17.

Southern flour steady; moderate demand; common to fair extra $5 25@6 10; good to choice do $6 15@6. Wheat 1@2c better; moderate demand; advance chiefly on winter and old spring. Corn firmer and less active at 96@97c for Western mixed, 97@98c do afloat, and $1@1 01 for white Western. Coffee dull and nominal. Sugar active and firm at 8¼@8¾c for fair to good refining, 8¾c for prime, 8⅝c for muscovado do, and 9¼ for centrifugal; refined easier at 10¾@11c for hard grades. Molasses quiet; nothing of moment doing. Rice quiet and unchanged. Tallow firm; country 8¼@8½c. Rosin firm at $2 20@2 30. Turpentine quiet at 33½@34c. Pork firmer at $22 50 for new. Mess beef unchanged. Lard firmer at 13 15-16@14 11-16c. Whisky $1 07. Freights dull and unchanged.

Cotton closed steady; middling uplands 16⅞@17¼c. Sales to-day 1444 bales. Net receipts none; gross 114.

Futures barely steady; sales 25,900 bales, as follows: September 15 25-32c; October 15 5-16c; November 15 5-32c; December 15 7-32@15¾c, February 15 9-16c; March 15 27-32@15¾c; April 15¾c.

CINCINNATI, September 11.—Cotton—Demand fair and market firm; midding 16c. Flour—Demand fair and prices advanced; family $5 25@5 50. Wheat—Demand fair and market firm; red $1 10@$1 12; white $1 15@1 20. Corn—Demand fair and market firm; 90@93c. Oats—Demand fair and market firm; 46@53c. Pork scarce and firm; jobbing sales at $24. Lard quiet and unchanged. Bulk meats—Demand fair and market firm; shoulders 9¼@9½c, closing at outside figure for spot; clear rib 14c; clear nominally 14½c. Bacon scarce and firm; shoulders 10¼@10½c; clear rib 15c; clear 15½. Whisky steady; demand moderate; sales, $1.

ST. LOUIS, September 11.—Cotton nominally ¼c lower on middling and low middling. Flour quiet and unchanged in every respect. Wheat a fraction higher; No. 3 fall $1 05@1 07; No. 2, red winter, $1 16@1 16½. Corn—Demand fair and prices advanced; No. 2 mixed 77@79c. Oats—Demand fair and market firm; No. 2 50@50½c. Whisky higher; $1 02. Pork firm, $24. Bacon firm and higher; shoulders 10½@10¾c; clear rib 15c; clear 15¾@15¾c. Lard steady.

Foreign Markets.

LIVERPOOL, September 11, 6 P. M.—Yarns and fabrics at Manchester quiet and unchanged.

Cotton—Sales of shipments of new crop on a basis of middling uplands, nothing below good ordinary, 7 15-16d. The sales to-day included 8300 bales American.

LONDON, September 11.—Tallow 42s for refined. Common rosin 5s 3d@5s 5d. Linseed oil 25s 4d.

Coushatta.

The tragic incidents which have lately been connected with the town of Coushatta, in the parish of Red River, Louisiana, will make a brief notice of that new settlement interesting. Before the war Coushatta had one log house and a store. Like a great many other towns throughout Louisiana and the cotton States, its name was the biggest thing about it. It had not a single point of attraction or interest. A few bolts of cheap prints and cloths, a few Yankee notions, in the shape of baskets, buckets and brooms, a sack of coffee, a barrel of indifferent salt, a cask of molasses, and a barrel of cheap whisky for the slaves and poor whites constituted the stock in trade of Coushatta's solitary store. On Saturday afternoons negroes and "crackers" would resort there in considerable numbers to trade raccoon skins, alligator hides, eggs, butter, feathers, sarsaparilla and snake root, and other articles of country produce familiar to the backwoods merchant for whisky, tobacco and other necessaries of Louisiana life. Some of the customers walked for miles to their trading place. The negroes, who were better provided for, came in rickety wagons, drawn by skeleton teams, while the proud "cracker" aired his hickory shirt and butternut breeches on the back of a consumptive, burr-tailed pony, hardly tail enough to keep his dangling legs from dragging along the ground. The scene around the store was a lively one, for beside the gossip of the older people about plantation life and the last drove of slaves brought from the upper country by some enterprising negro trader, there was quoit pitching and other games of skill. Not seldom decks of dirty cards were shuffled by excited players, and little bundles of coon-skins and sacks of feathers, which it took weeks to collect, were lost and won as rapidly as thousands of dollars then changed hands in the gambling houses of New Orleans. If to this sketch be added games of poker and old sledge, on which money was staked, and which were played through the night and during the Sunday following, highly seasoned with oaths and whisky, and ending in a bowie-knife and pistol affray, the picture of Coushatta before the war will be tolerably accurate.

The war came and passed by. Some intelligent and enterprising mechanics and trading men, who had been in the army, thought that Coushatta offered a good location for a town of considerable importance and traffic. It was in a rich country, on an important river. They naturally reasoned that capital, industry and enterprise would make the settlement a prosperous one. They set to work and built saw mills, grist mills, a machine shop and cotton gin. The town was in a short time chosen as the capital of the new parish of Red River. A courthouse and schoolhouse were built, the levees were put in good repair, and everything shows signs of thrift and energy.

The new citizens were working men who attended to their own business and increased the value of the country around them. It was just such a settlement as Louisiana stood in need of, and the bondholders of that State as a matter of business, should have heartily encouraged the new settlers, who were doing for them what the hardy and industrious emigrants of the West have done for Ohio, Illinois and Minnesota; for Cincinnati, for Chicago and St. Paul. A State without population is a mere desert. It is industrious citizens who make a State all that it is worth, both morally and commercially.

Incredible as it appears, Coushatta, from the beginning of its new departure, has been a target for the persecution of a majority of the landholders and "crackers" of the surrounding country. Those enlightened individuals swore in their cups that the despicable interloping American citizens should be wiped out for presuming to set foot on the sacred soil of Louisiaca. Amid the fluttering of cards they paused a while to lay their hands upon their bowie knives, and aware that the soil of Louisiana should be held for the exclusive use of her illustrious pelicans, and the vow was solemnized by oaths which made the festoons of Spanish moss tremble like aspen leaves in the depth of the alligator swamps. Hardly a person was found among the older residents to express the least sympathy or kindly feeling for the new settlers. They were met on all sides by an exhibition of hate, malice and envy, which might have been looked for in a Feejee cannibal, but not in an American citizen.

It is not too much to say that if the Southern States were to pay a handsome bonus for the location of a settlement like that of Coushatta in every county, it would be the most profitable investment that they have ever made. The whole problem in a nutshell is this: Should a white laboring population be encouraged to settle in the South? All the brawling demagogues in the State of Louisiana can not make one whit more or less of the point in controversy than this. Sound political economy, based upon experience and common sense, says that the idle lands of Louisiana should be cultivated. And it is obvious that an additional population is needed to cultivate them. Yet because a colony of thrifty American citizens have attempted to carry out these principles at Coushatta several of their number have been murdered in a cruel and treacherous manner. Let the country fully understand this matter. Let it be probed to the very bottom. Let it be seen whether a set of desperadoes shall make a desert of the fertile South by driving away new comers who desire to buy unoccupied and idle lands.—*Louisville Commercial.*

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY REPUBLICAN, FRIDAY EVENING, September 11, 1874.

The money market continues quiet, with the offerings of fair extent, both in bank and on the street, but with little actual movement. With the current receipts of cotton, the restoration of confidence in our banks and the return to the city of parties, who generally invest at this period, it is generally anticipated that we must soon witness more life in financial circles, and the steady absorption of good stocks offered at present quotations, together with more demand for paper based on the incoming crop. Thus far, however, very few transactions have been reported in commercial paper. We continue to quote selected signatures, with or without collaterals, at 10@12 cent per annum; first class at 11@12; A1 at 15@18, and second grade at 20@— cent per month. First class mortgages are still quoted at 10@— cent per annum, and second grade at —.

NEW ORLEANS CLEARING HOUSE.

	Clearings.	Balances.
September 5	$711,082 35	$61,016 24
September 7	515,726 42	66,624 47
September 8	709,591 62	97,682 78
September 9	620,331 25	83,510 97
September 10	652,753 40	102,672 46
September 11	613,973 06	81,709 13
Total this week	$3,823,774 49	$493,220 30
Total last week	3,303,720 84	419,651 26
Total week before	2,765,456 42	344,025 59

Gold opened at 109½@109¾, against 109¾ at New York, and after a moderate business closed at 109¾@109¾, against 109¾ in that market. The sales summed up $39,000, embracing $2000 at 109¾; $6000 at 109¾, and $5000, $6000 $6000 and $16,000 at 109¾.

No sales of silver were reported. American half dollars continue to rule at 104½@4¾. Mexican dollars are now quoted at 97 gold.

The material advance in domestic exchange in this market being more than counteracted by the decline in gold and bills at New York, sterling closed 1-10 ₱ cent lower for commercial and 2-10 for bank. The only sale reported was at 4 80 all clear at $5 29.

Francs were a shade lower, but no sales were reported.

At the close sterling bills were quoted at $5 26¼@5 28½ for bill of lading and A1 clear and $5 25½@5 28 for bank, and francs at 5.18¾@5.16¾ for private and — for bank.

The offerings of domestic exchange were of moderate extent, and, with a fair demand, the bank checking rate on New York and commercial sight closed fully ¼ ₱ cent higher. The sales reported $182,000, embracing $22,000 commercial at par, $10,000 do at 1-16 ₱ cent premium, $15,000 commercial, $55,000 private bankers' and $10,000 and $10,000 bank at ¼, $25,000 bank at ⅛, and $25,000 private bankers' at ¼.

The banks checked on New York at the opening at ¼ ₱ cent premium, and at the close at ⅛, and commercial sight was quoted at par early, and at ⅛@3-16 ₱ cent premium later.

There is scarcely any real movement in securities. The few transactions that occur might be termed "forced sales." There seems no disposition to invest, even in favorite securities.

In stocks we noticed a sale of 51 shares New Orleans City Railroad Company at $150. At the close Citizens' Bank certificates of deposit were quoted at 82½@85.

The sales and resales of bonds included $2000 city gold bearing seven per cents at the reduced rate of 40; $20,000, a resale, at 40½; at 40¾, and $10,000 at 41. They were nominal at the close at 40@41. At 40 these bonds pay 17½ ₱ cent ₱ annum, gold, equal to about 19 ₱ cent currency.

Nothing transpired in city scrip.

City appropriation certificates, Metropolitan Police warrants and time certificates of 1873 were still quoted nominal at 44@45.

Nothing transpired in State warrants. Old were entirely nominal; new were quoted at about 65.

NOTE.—It can hardly be said that there is any market for securities. All classes are lifeless, and sales can not be forced unless at very low rates.

Bank of America	55 00	@	57 00
Canal and Banking Company	80 00	@	90 50
Germania National Bank	123 00	@	130 00
Hibernia Bank	— —	@	62 00
Lafayette Bank	37 00	@	— —
Louisiana Savings Bank	57 00	@	58 00
Louisiana National Bank	104 00	@	105 00
New Orleans National Bank	55 00	@	— —
Mechanics and Traders' Bank	20 00	@	21 00
Mutual National Bank	— —	@	43 00
People's Bank	28 00	@	29 00
Southern Bank	— —	@	55 00
State National Bank	60 00	@	62 00
Union National Bank	— —	@	49 00
Crescent Mutual Insurance	59 00	@	60 00
Commercial Insurance Company	58 00	@	60 00
Delta Insurance Company	46 00	@	— —
Factors' and Traders' Insurance	77 50	@	78 00
Germania Insurance Company	45 00	@	50 00
Hope Insurance Company	29 00	@	29 50
Merchants' Mutual Insurance Co.	— —	@	58 00
Mechanics & Traders' Insurance	68 00	@	70 00
New Orleans Mutual Insurance	16 00	@	— —
New Orleans Insurance Co.	— —	@	25 00
Sun Mutual Insurance Company	68 00	@	72 00
Union Insurance Company	30 00	@	— —
Crescent City Slaughterhouse	18 00	@	19 00
New Orleans Gas Company	144 00	@	145 00
Louisiana Levee Co. (ordinary)	4 —	@	2 00
Louisiana Levee Company	3 25	@	5 50
Louisiana Ice Manufacturing Co.	18 00	@	19 00
Louisiana State Lottery	— —	@	2 00
Mechanics' and Agricultural Fair	— —	@	5 00
New Orleans Wrecking Company	45 00	@	60 00
Sugar Shed Company	— —	@	58 00
Varieties Theatre Association	350 00	@	— —
Canal and Claiborne Street railroad first mortgage bonds	— —	@	— —
Crescent City Slaughterhouse first mortgage bonds	60	@	70
Jackson railroad mortgage bonds	95	@	98
Jackson railroad second mortgage coupon bonds	94	@	—
Jackson railroad second mortgage debt bonds	74	@	85
Louisiana levee	23	@	31
State warrants, new	—	@	65
Metropolitan Police warrants	44	@	46
City certificates of appropriation	44	@	45
Gold bond certificates	40	@	—
City six per cent bonds, consolidated, old	31	@	32
City seven per cent gold bonds	40	@	44
City six per cent railroad bonds	44	@	—
Jefferson City bonds	44	@	45
City seven per cents, old	57½	@	—
City seven per cents, new	86½	@	—
City improvement bonds	—	@	29
Street assessment bonds	—	@	28
City ten per cent bonds, 1871	58	@	59
City wharf bonds	63	@	—
Waterworks bonds	40	@	—

COMMERCIAL.

FRIDAY EVENING, September 11, 1874.

COTTON—The sales to-day embraced 530 bales, at still easier prices, requiring a further slight modification of our quotations. We give also the figures and report of the Exchange as below:

	General quotations.	Exchange quotations.
Inferior	8 @ 9	—
Low ordinary	10 @10¼	10¼
Ordinary	11½@12	12
Strict ordinary	12½@13	—
Good ordinary	14½@14¾	14¾
Strict good ordinary	14½@14¾	—
Low middling	15 @15¼	15¼
Strict low middling	15½@15¾	—
Middling	16 @16¼	16
Strict middling	16¼@16¾	—
Good middling	17 @17¾	17

There appeared to be very few orders pending for the better qualities, and the movement was consequently mainly confined to the medium and lower grades, but we nevertheless noticed small sales of middling at 16c and of strict middling at 16¼c; strict ordinary sold at 12½c. Good ordinary being the most wanted, showed less shrinkage than the better qualities. The Liverpool market is 1d@1¼d lower than at the corresponding time last year, and our own market 2⅞@3c lower for low middling, 2⅝c for middling 2¼c for strict middling, but we hear of very few orders pending. Our friends in the country will observe that notwithstanding the recent decline our market is higher than any of the Gulf or Southern Atlantic ports.

The sales for the past three days sum up 1500 bales (650 on Wednesday, 320 yesterday and 530 today), making an aggregate for the week of 2600 bales, against 2300 last week and 2600 the week before.

Week's receipts 3188 bales, embracing 512 from other delivery ports (of which 377 from Mobile and 135 from Texas), and 2676 proper, against 1164 proper last week and 2014 last year. Total proper since August 31, 3461 bales, against 3069 last year—increase 392.

The week's exports comprise 5976 bales, embracing 2497 to Liverpool and 3479 to New York.

The Exchange telegrams make the receipts at all the ports from 12 M. yesterday to 12 M. to-day 4170 bales, against 1697 on last Friday and 3400 last year, and since Friday 15,363 bales, against 8835 last week and 14,415 last year. Total since August 31, 21,425 bales, against 24,853 last year—decrease 3428.

Exports (Friday to Thursday inclusive) to Great Britain 3272 bales, against 5791 last week, and 8193 last year, and to the continent 2129 bales, against 11 last week and 2 last year.

Stocks at all the delivery ports made up to 12 M., 99,028 bales, against 107,667 last week, and 70,740 last year.

The amount on shipboard not cleared, going on board and engaged for shipment was set down at the opening this morning at 1000 bales for the North, which, when deducted from the stock on hand by our running statement yesterday evening, leaves 12,600 bales to represent the quantity at the landing and in presses unsold or awaiting orders.

The Exchange reports: "Sales 530 bales. Demand fair at quotations." Its quotations are reduced ⅛c for low ordinary, low middling and middling.

COTTON STATEMENT.

	Bales.	
Stock on hand September 1, 1874	15,953	
Arrived since last statement	1,113	
Arrived previously	3,104—	4,217
Total		20,171
Cleared to-day	922	
Cleared previously	5,454—	6,376
Stock on hand and on shipboard, not cleared		13,794
Stock same time last year		7,430

To-days exports were to New York.

Receipts proper since last evening, 855 bales, against 275 on last Friday, and 513 last year, making an aggregate since Friday evening of 2676 bales, against 1146 last week and 2014 last year, and since August 31, of 3461 bales, against 3096 last year—increase 392.

For receipts at all the ports see above report.

TOBACCO—The only sale reported to-day was 4 hhds, at —. This makes an aggregate for the week of 911 hhds, against 1518 last week and 386 the week before. The market continues strong. We quote: Inferior lugs at 7¾c; low to medium 8@9½c; good to fine 8¾@9¾c; low leaf 10@10½c; medium 11@12c; good to fine 12½@13½c; and selections at 14@15c.

FREIGHTS—We noticed yesterday that a ship had been laid on for Havre at 1¼c for cotton. There is only one steamship on for Liverpool, and she has not yet fixed a rate, which, however, will be an advance on previous quotations. Shipments have been made on through bills of lading to Liverpool via New York, by steam, at ⅝d, but ¾d is now asked. We also quote by steam tobacco to New York $3 75@3, to Liverpool via New York 52s 6d; cotton to New York ⅝c, by sail to Havre 1¼c.

SUGAR—There were no receipts this morning. The market was active to-day, with sales to dealers and grocers of 200 hhds at 3 23-32c for common and 10¾@10¾c for yellow clarified refined; 9¾c for prime, and 8¾@9¼c for fully fair, not refined. Stock in the sheds 1218 hhds.

MOLASSES—There were no receipts from plantation this morning. The market is bare of Louisiana, while there are only about 168 bbls of New York syrup in the sheds. Northern syrup is selling at 57c; city refinery molasses, 40c for common; 50c for fair; 55c for good fair, 60c for prime, and 65c ₱ gallon for choice.

FLOUR—There is no demand for export, but we notice an improvement to-day in that for the local trade. Holders are asking a little higher prices, but no advance is established as yet. The sales embrace 2575 bbls, of which 30 and 50 double extra at $4 50; 60 and 24 at $4 75; 100 at $4 87½@100 low treble extra at $5 00; 100 good do at $5 62½@5 50 good treble extra at $5 25; 50 at $5 85; 25 at $5 95; 130 at $6; 50 and 100 at $6 25; 100 at $6 35; 34, 100 and 200 choice treble extra at $6 50; 50 at $6 62½; 82 choice extra at $6 75; 25 and 100 at $7; 25 and 40 at $7 25; 35, 350 and 400 bbls on private terms.

CORN MEAL—The market is still stronger to-day. The stock has been reduced and there is very little fresh on hand. Holders are asking $4 10 ₱ bbl. 100 bbls sold at $4 10 ₱ bbl. 44 is jobbing at $4 25 ₱ bbl.

PORK—No demand for round lots, but the market is held strongly at $25@25 25 ₱ bbl for mess, the latter price for choice. Small lots are selling at retailing at $25 25 cash, and $26 time. Although there is very little doing in a round way, the stock is being gradually diminished by the job trade.

DRY SALT MEAT—The market is now supplied, both in first and second hands, though that in first hands is mostly held by one party, comprising 100 casks. We have heard of some sales of rough shoulders at 8¾@9¼c ₱ lb. Dealers are retailing them at 9¼@9½c ₱ lb.

BACON—The market is quiet to-day, but very strong, prices ruling higher, and with a still further upward tendency under stronger Western telegrams. Shoulders are held at 11¼@11½c; clear rib sides 13¾c; clear sides 14½c ₱ lb. Dealers have a good job trade at 11½c for shoulders, 13c for clear rib sides, and 14¼c for clear sides. Early in the day 25 casks clear sides sold on the landing at 13½c, and later 26 do sold in store at 13c ₱ lb, and 50 casks shoulders sold on private terms. At the close offers of 11c were refused for shoulders, 13½c for clear rib sides and 14c for clear sides.

BREAKFAST BACON—Is in light supply and fair demand at 16c ₱ lb for Western.

HAMS—Are in fair supply and dull at 13@16c ₱ lb for choice sugar-cured.

LARD—Is in light supply, in demand and firmer. 30 kegs refined sold at 10½c, and 190 tierces, to arrive, at 9¾c ₱ lb. Tierces are now quoted at 10¼ keg 10½c ₱ lb.

WHISKY—Dull. Louisiana rectified is quoted at $1 04, and Western at $1 04@1 06 for ordinary to choice. The market is bare of choice Cincinnati. It would command $1 08 ₱ gallon. A lot of 25 bbls ordinary Western rectified sold on private terms.

CORN IN BULK—None on hand. It is quoted nominally at 75c ₱ bushel, to arrive.

WHEAT IN BULK—None on hand. No 2 red winter is quoted nominally at $1 20 ₱ bushel, delivered on board ship.

CORN IN SACKS—The supply is light and the demand limited. The sales comprise 700 sacks, of which 150 mixed at 72c, 100 do and 450 choice white at 80 ₱ bushel.

OATS—Are in good supply and dull. 300 sacks sold, of which 150 ordinary at 50c, and 150 at 62c ₱ bushel.

BRAN—Is in light supply and dull. No sales. Yesterday it sold at $1 25 ₱ 100 lbs.

HAY—Is in fair supply and demand. Choice is selling at firm prices. 120, 150 and 200 bales choice sold at $27 ₱ ton.

RICE—Good demand. The stock this day comprises 27 tierces, 5 bbls, sales the past week 2015 bbls. We quote: prime 7¾@7¾c; fair 6¾@6¾c; ordinary 6½@6¾c; common 5¾@5¾c; No 2 3½@4c ₱ lb.

POULTRY—Western grown chickens sell at $6; young do $4@4 50; ducks $4@4 50; geese $6@7; turkeys $13; Louisiana grown chickens $4 50@5; young do $3@3 50; ducks $3 25@4; geese $6@7 ₱ trio; turkeys $12@15 ₱ dozen.

ESCULENTS AND GREEN VEGETABLES—The market is almost bare of potatoes. Apples, onions, cabbages and sourkrout are plentiful and dull. Western potatoes are selling at $2@2 50, Northern $4@4 50; Western onions $3 75@4 50, Northern onions $4@4 50; apples $1 50@2 ₱ bbl; cabbages $4@6 ₱ bbl, sourkrout $9@12 ₱ bbl.

EGGS—Good supply and moderate demand. Western are selling at 15@20c, Louisiana 25@30c ₱ dozen.

IMPORTED FRUITS AND NUTS—Good supply and dull. Lemons are quoted at $4 ₱ box. Bananas $1 50@2 per bunch. Layer raisins $3 50 ₱ box, quarter boxes 70c, half boxes $1 65. Currants 8c. Citron 24@26c. Brazil nuts 9c. Almonds 22c, do shelled 35c. Filberts 16c. Dates 9c ₱ lb. No pineapples in market. Cocoanuts $42 50 ₱ 100.

HIDES—Buyers have the advantage in prices, and we note a fair demand during the past week. 1000 prime selected city steers sold at 11c, 300 country do at 10c, 500 dry salted at 15c, and 1100 do flint and dry salted 15@15½c, dry flint 16c@17c; country green salted 9½@10c ₱ lb. In city slaughter sales are making as follows: Steer hides, over 35 lbs, 11@12c; do 70 to 84 lbs, 9¾@11½c; do under 60 lbs 10c; cow hides, as they run, 10c; kips, 20 to 24 lbs 14½c; do 25 to 29 lbs 12c. Calf skins each $1. Beeswax, prime yellow 23c ₱ lb; six horns 50c each.

STARCH—Good supply and quoted at 4¾@5c ₱ lb.

FISH—We quote Mackerel, extra No. 1, $23 ₱ bbls, $13 in half bbls, $7 in quarter bbls, and $2 in kits; No. 2 $16 50 in bbls, $9 75 in half bbls, $5 50 in quarter bbls, and $1 75 in kits; No. 3 $14 in bbls, $8 25 in half bbls, $3 50 in quarter bbls, and $1 45 in kits; No. 3 $9 50 in bbls, $6 in half bbls, $3 50 in quarter bbls, and $1 25 in kits. Codfish $5 25@7 40 in quarter and half drums; in quarter boxes $1 40. Herrings, $1 50 in bbls, $1 25 in half bbls, $1 75 in quarter bbls, and $4 in kits.

TALLOW—The stock is small and the demand is good at 7½@7¾c ₱ lb for prime city rendered.

BREAD AND CRACKERS—The demand is good. Ginger nuts are selling at 10c; ginger bread 10c; navy bread 6c; pilot bread 4½c; lemon snaps 14c; cream biscuits 10c; French biscuits 6c; cracknel biscuits 25c; soda crackers 4½c; butter crackers 5c; Boston crackers 6c; wine crackers 10c; sugar crackers 5c; picnic crackers 5c; water crackers 5c; cracker meal 6c ₱ lb.

IRON COTTON TIES—Good supply and demand. Selling in lots under 500 bundles at 2½@2¾c ₱ lb, net; in lots of 500 bundles at 2⅜@3c, 2½ off, and in lots of 1000 bundles and over 2½@3c ₱ lb, 5 off. The Beard & Brothers' tie sells at 4½c ₱ lb.

MOUSE CARBON OIL—Is selling at retail at 65c, wholesale 45c ₱ bbl.

LARD OIL—Light supply and moderate demand. Prices are firmer. It is selling at $1 10@1 15 ₱ gallon.

LINSEED OIL—Sells at $1 ₱ gallon for raw, and $1 05 for boiled.

OAK STAVES—The supply is good, but arrivals are small. We quote dealers' prices, delivered to ship, as follows: Extra pipe, 60 inch, $175@185; extra pipe, 56 inch, $150@155; light pipe, 56 to 60 inch, $115@120; extra hogshead; 48 inch, $125@130; extra claret, 49 inch, $90@95; extra barrel, $75@80 ₱ 1000.

COTTON SEED—The receipts are all taken by the factories, they furnishing the sacks and pay $10 ₱ ton delivered, on the levee. No sales for export.

NAVAL STORES—Rosin is freely offered at $2 35@2 50 for No. 2, and turpentine at 42@43c ₱ gallon. The stock is ample, and sellers anxious to dispose of their stock.

BALING TWINE—Demand active, stock fair, held mostly by dealers, and selling at 17c ₱ lb.

COFFEE—Is dull. We quote fair 16@16c (gold); good 18@18½c; prime 19@19½c ₱ lb.

BAGGING—The market is active. Domestic jute is retailing at 16c, hemp 15½c, India in bales and rolls 12@12½c ₱ yard.

DRIED FRUIT—Small stock and very little inquiry. Apples are quoted at 6@8c ₱ lb; peaches 8@9c ₱ lb.

COOPERAGE—Hogshead poles sell at $55@60 ₱ 1000; barrel poles $25 ₱ 1000. Molasses barrels at $1 50@2 each; sugar hogsheads $3 30@3 75 a piece. Half barrels are dull and are quoted at $1 05@1 10 a piece.

BUTTER—Receipts are small, and the demand is good. Inferior Western is selling at 20@22c; choice Western 29@30c; inferior Goshen 30@35c; choice Goshen 38@40c ₱ lb.

CHEESE—Light supply of choice and a good supply of common qualities. Choice Western factory is selling at 13@13½c ₱ lb. New York cream is not selling readily; small lots are retailing at 15@16c ₱ lb.

BEANS AND WESTERN PEAS—Light supply of Northern beans. They sell at $10 ₱ bbl. No green peas in market; new would command $8@9 ₱ bbl.

BEEF—None here. There is a fair inquiry. Fulton market is quoted at $11 25 ₱ half bbl. Choice Western $16 ₱ bbl.

STAR CANDLES—The supply is good and only a fair demand. They are quoted at 16½c ₱ lb.

COAL—Fair supply and demand. Pittsburg is quoted at 40c ₱ bbl at wholesale, and 60c at retail; $6 ₱ hhd, 50c ₱ box to steamboats, 55c to manufacturers. Anthracite $12 50@13 ₱ ton. Stock at the Willow Grove coal landing on the first instant comprised 190 boats, 7 barges and 1 bull; consumption during August 14 boats and 6 barges. No arrivals.

SALT—The stock is being reduced and some lots are going forward. Dealers' rates are: Coarse, $1 25; fine $1 35@1 40 ₱ sack. Turk's Island is quoted at 90c. Table salt in pockets 2½@6½c each, as in size.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

OFFICE OF THE REPUBLICAN, Saturday, September 12, 1874.

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

Steamship Cortes, Nickerson, for New York.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

(No arrivals from sea reported.)

STEAMBOATS.

Natchez, Leathers, from Vicksburg.
Josephine, Cozzins, from Bonnet Carre.
Trenton, Quatreveaux, from Washington.

BELOW—AT QUARANTINE.

Schooner Charlotte Buck, Hunter, 4 days from Havana, to master—

EXPORTS.

NEW YORK—Steamship Cortes—922 bales cotton 329 hhds tobacco 100 bdls hides 30 bbls bi-sulphate lime 3600 staves

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE.

VICKSBURG—Steamer Natchez—684 bales cotton 12 sks seed cotton 542 sks cotton seed and sundries

BONNET CARRE—Steamer Josephine—22 bbls rice 342 sks rough rice and sundries

WASHINGTON—Steamer Bertha—31 bales cotton 97 sks rice and sundries

RECEIPTS BY RAILROADS.

MORGAN'S LOUISIANA AND TEXAS RAILROAD, September 11—117 bales cotton 581 head cattle 3 hhds sugar and sundries

NEW ORLEANS, MOBILE AND TEXAS RAILROAD, September 11—142 bales cotton 330 pkgs tobacco 100 bbls lime 80 bbls apples 65 bbls rosin and sundries

NEW ORLEANS, ST. LOUIS AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, September 11—109 bales cotton and sundries

IN BANKRUPTCY.

ESTATE OF GUSTAVE SAMSON—NO. 1496.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S OFFICE, New Orleans, July 19, 1874.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT A WARRANT in bankruptcy has been issued out of the District Court of the United States for the District of Louisiana against the estate of Gustave Samson, of New Orleans, in the parish of Orleans. State of Louisiana, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a court of bankruptcy to be holden on the tenth day of October, A. D. 1874, at 12 M., at the Customhouse building, New Orleans, before E. R. Kellogg, Register.

S. B. PACKARD, United States Marshal.

j19 oct6

AUCTION SALES.

By Sheriff Harper.

FOR SALE FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

BY WILLIAM P. HARPER, SHERIFF.—On MONDAY, September 14, 1874, at five o'clock P. M., at his warehouse Nos. 23 and 25 Orleans street, between Royal and Bourbon streets, in the Second District of this city—

A LARGE LOT OF ASSORTED HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE, Hardware, Fancy Goods, Trimmings, Groceries, Fours iron and wood office Railing, Pianos, Shoes, Paintings, Gas Fixtures, Tin Ware, etc.

Terms—Cash on the spot. se2 10 11 12

By S. Guinault.

SUCCESSION OF MRS. LUCAS CARO.

Second District Court for the Parish of Orleans—No. 37,288.

BY S. GUINAULT, AUCTIONEER—OFFICE corner Exchange alley and Bienville street.—SATURDAY, October 3, 1874, will be sold at twelve o'clock M., at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, by virtue of an order from the honorable the Second District Court for the parish of Orleans, dated August 27, 1874—

A CERTAIN LOT OF GROUND, situated in the Third District of this city, in the square comprised within Mysterious or Columbus, St. Andrew, Goodchildren and Marigny streets, designated by No. 6, measuring 34 feet front on Mysterious or Columbus street by a depth of 123 feet on the side toward Goodchildren street and 120 feet on the side toward Love street. Together with a frame house, No. 13, slate-roofed, having three rooms, one in the attic, with balcony on the side, closed gallery and a cabinet with a staircase leading in the upper room, a large room in the yard and a wash room, yard partly paved, cistern, privy, fruit trees, etc. See plan at auctioneers' office.

Terms—One-third cash, the balance at a credit of one and two years, for notes secured by mortgage and bearing interest at the rate of eight per cent per annum from date until paid; the buildings to be kept insured and policy transferred, and in case of suit for the recovery of the notes the purchaser to pay the attorneys' fees at eight per cent on the amount sued for.

Act of sale before O. Drouet, notary public, at the expense of the purchaser, including all the taxes for the year 1874 due in 1875.

Will be sold the same day, at 3 P. M., by virtue of the same order, at the above premises No. 19 Mysterious street—

ONE LOT OF FURNITURE, amounting to $43 50, as per inventory.

Terms—Cash. se1 8 17 19 26 oct1

SUCCESSION OF WILLIAM MAITLAND.

Second District Court for the Parish of Orleans—No. 37,320.

BY S. GUINAULT, AUCTIONEER—OFFICE corner of Exchange alley and Bienville street, WEDNESDAY, September 16, 1874, will be sold at 5 P. M., at the foot of Louisa street, Third District of this city, by virtue of an order from the honorable the Second District Court for the parish of Orleans, dated August 14, 1874—

THE TUGBOAT FAIRFIELD, her tackle, apparel, furniture, etc.; one four inch gunnel barge, one scale, one copper heater, one skiff.

Terms—Cash on the spot. au28 25 se1 10 16

IN THE MATTER OF THE MINOR MARIE FRANCOISE ALIAS ELVINA BALVER.

Second District Court for the Parish of Orleans—No. 36,145.

BY S. GUINAULT, AUCTIONEER—OFFICE corner of Exchange alley and Bienville street.—ON SATURDAY, September 12, 1874, will be sold at twelve o'clock M., at the Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal street, between Canal and Customhouse streets, by virtue of an order from the honorable the Second District Court for the Parish of Orleans, dated August 6, 1874, the following property, to wit—

A CERTAIN PORTION OF GROUND, together with the buildings and improvements thereon, situated in Faubourg Marigny, Third District of this city, in the square comprised within Marigny, Elysian Fields, Craps and Love streets, having, American measure, 63 feet 2 inches front on Marigny street, by 66 feet 8 inches in depth, between parallel lines, according to a sketch drawn by C. A. Dearmas, surveyor, the nineteenth May, 1874, and deposited in the office of the clerk of the Second District Court, as part of the records of the suit No. 37,162 of the docket. Said improvements consisting of one half of the house and kitchen erected at the corner of Craps and Mar