New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY SHERIFF HAEPER, at 12 o'clock, at Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, premises Nos. 201 and 203 Burgundy street; lot, with buildings, on Architect, between Port and St. Ferdinand streets; same, on Marigny, between Levee and Victory streets.

Local Intelligence.

STREET DISCUSSIONS ON POLITICAL MATTERS.—If a man desires to have his brain muddled to such a degree that he does not know which car to go home in, he should listen to little squads of men who daily and nightly congregate near Clay statue and discuss political matters. If you are willing to hear all the news and much more, join one of those cliques for a few minutes, but do not expect to glean any solid information. The wildest and most absurd rumors are talked about in dead earnest, and perhaps the relator's bias twists the statements considerably.

As a general thing, the talk concerning conference committees is not favorable to such proceedings, and the most ultra White Leaguers actually scout the idea of a few presumptive leaders attempting to settle our political cauldron. This class, it is said, almost to a man, has agreed not only not to register but to take no part in this fall's campaign; in fact, to let the election go by default, so far as they, in a party sense, are concerned.

In opposition to this some of the ambitious ones, who think there is a chance for them to secure an office, urge their friends to register, and so save the country once more. Candidates are not scarce, and already good voters are saluted by polite aspirants, who lose no opportunity to present small cards which signify what position is sought. These cards are cheap, and it costs only a small effort to shy them at persons who are liable to vote.

Beyond this citizens of the Democratic persuasion are not doing much; at least nothing appears on the surface.

A RED-HOT VIRGINIAN.—A person in Richmond, who must have read something about our recent unpleasantness, unloaded his ponderous mind by writing a letter of six lines, solving the great White League problem. Unfortunately for him he seemed to know no one in this city by name, so directed his epistle to the "Chief of Police," but it did not fall into the hands intended for. The writer was altogether too modest to sign more of his name than is contained in the letter W. The note came rather late after the battle, consequently in due course went to police headquarters, and General Baldey properly broke the envelope. "W." fixed all things well for the Leaguers by insisting that they should kidnap Governor Kellogg and hold him a close prisoner, which would certainly prevent President Grant recognizing him hereafter. That settles it, as a raw egg said to a pot of camp coffee.

CRUSHED TO DEATH BY A CAR.—On the evening of the fourteenth instant, when only one line of up-town cars was running, there was a great rush of people for the St. Charles street cars. When the rush was greatest, at the Napoleon avenue station, Thomas L. Toole, sixteen years old, somehow got between two cars, was knocked down and fell on the track. One wheel passed over him, crushing one leg and mashing a foot, injuring him so seriously that he died soon afterward. Coroner Folwell held an inquest, yesterday, and the jury returned a verdict that death was caused accidently. He lived at the corner of Camp and Erato streets.

IMPROVING.—General Badger continues to improve, and his condition is far better than the surgeons expected. One or two of his friends remain with him every night, to attend to him in case of necessity.

COMEDY AND HISTORY.—As a general thing people do not expect to hear professional comedians, even when off the stage, talk seriously on any subject, and perhaps the estimate is not far from right. Of course there are exception, and there was a demonstration of that fact only a day or two ago. Mr. Constantine, who is at present playing at the Academy of Music, and duly appreciated, was in company with a party of mixed citizens, gentlemen who are or should be well posted in our country's history. Several points in the conversation were in dispute, which Mr. Constantine promptly and positively answered, even to precise dates. This somewhat surprised the party, who were aware that he was born and educated in Hungary. His pleasant social qualities and ability to discuss matters of interest so pleased the party that they thereafter purposely disputed in order to bring him out. Few men are more familiar with our national history than he is, and even our local troubles are well understood by him. Indeed, his opinions of the late turbulence are solider than all that a conference committee can hatch. Mr. Constantine, though a stranger to the gentlemen present, quickly won their favor and esteem. It is the lack of such actors that keeps a stain on the profession.

APPOINTMENT.—Mr. Charles I. Carley is appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the death of William McGeery, in the third ward registration office.

BRIEF MENTION.—At half-past twelve o'clock Wednesday night Richard Anderson fell from a third-story window of the house No. 25 Basin street, and was so badly injured that it is doubtful if he can recover. He is not a Son of Temperance.

John Wilson and Nathan Johnson are caught, one for stealing a cart, and the other for rolling off a wagon somewhere in the Fourth District.

Kate and Georgiana Hapff, who den at the corner of Perdido and Basin streets, relieved W. Hardin of such small change as $110 in gold coin. They were arrested, but the money was not. It is the same old sile story.

High hopes that burned,
Like stars sublime,
Go down in the heaven
Of right and freedom,
While we patiently wait
For the "turning of the tide."
Why don't you invest
A small amount
In the Louisiana State Lottery,
The drawing to take place October 31

The Weather and Rivers.

OFFICE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVER, New Orleans, September 24, 1874.

Places.	Ther.	Wind.	Weather.
Cairo	70	S. E.	Cloudy.
Cincinnati	70	S. W.	Fair.
Corsicana	72	N. E.	Cloudy.
Davenport	75	S.	Cloudy.
Dubuque	74	S.	Cloudy.
Fort Sully	69	S. W.	Clear.
Galveston	77	N. W.	Cloudy.
Indianola	81	S. W.	Fair.
Keokuk	71	S.	Cloudy.
Lacrosse	70	S.	Fair.
Leavenworth	73	S. E.	Threatening.
Louisville	80	S. E.	Cloudy.
Memphis	73	S. E.	Fair.
Nashville	80	E.	Cloudy.
New Orleans	80	S. E.	Light rain.
Omaha	74	S. E.	Fair.
Pittsburgh	79	S. W.	Fair.
Savannah	77	N. E.	Cloudy.
Shreveport	76	E.	Clearing.
St. Louis	69	S. E.	Light rain.
St. Paul	70	S.	Clear.
Vicksburg	79	S. E.	Light rain.
Yankton	77	S.	Fair.
Augusta	82	E.	Fair.
Baltimore	72	S.	Clear.
Mobile	84	S.	Fair.
Montgomery	87	E.	Cloudy.
New York	71	S. E.	Fair.

RIVERS.

Stations.	Rise, inches.	Fall, inches.	Above low water mark. Ft.	In.
Cairo	..	8	4	2
Cincinnati	..	13	3	4
Davenport	..	..	2	6
Dubuque	3	..	5	9
Fort Sully	..	1	4	5
Keokuk	..	8	4	5
Leavenworth	..	1	..	8
Lacrosse	..	12	4	11
Louisville	..	1	2	1
Memphis	12	..	3	4
Nashville	..	2	1	10
New Orleans	6	..	*13	0
Omaha	..	..	3	7
Pittsburg	4	..	1	8
Shreveport	10	..	4	8
St. Louis	3	..	9	5
St. Paul	..	..	4	5
Yankton	..	1	8	6

*Below high water mark of 1874.

On One Wheel.

The Weston family, pedestrians, all the way from New Orleans by wheelbarrow, came over the bridge yesterday morning at nine o'clock. As they betook themselves toward the City Hall in quest of the mayor, to obtain permission to pitch their tent on an empty lot somewhere in the city, this strange family excited no little interest. The leader of the little troop stalked through the middle of the street, wheeling an old broken wheelbarrow, which contained all of his worldly goods and his youngest child, while close behind him walked his wife and two children. After interviewing the authorities at the City Hall and Four Courts, they pitched their tent on a vacant lot near the latter institution. Sitting there on a log, in front of their tent, they held a grand reception all the afternoon yesterday.

Last night a reporter for the *Times* was detailed to interview these eccentric travelers. Having arrived at the lot where he had been told they could be found, he undertook to find them. After stumbling over two or three piles of rubbish, and falling into as many ditches, he came upon a crowd of boys barely distinguishable in the darkness, in the centre of which sat grouped together "the happy family." The news gatherer inquired for Mr. Weston, and was confronted by a tall man a little past the prime of life, but apparently still vigorous, attired in a worn straw hat, brown woolen jacket, dark colored pants and heavy carpet slippers. As soon as Mr. Weston knew the character of his visitor and the nature of his visit, he extended his hand, saying: "How d'ye do, stranger, I'm right glad to see you. You newspaper men have done me good service since I started on this little jaunt. I find I'm known now wherever I go. Take a seat; I was just having a little talk with my wife before turnin' in." Motioning the reporter to a seat on the log, he sat down. Sitting ranged along on the same improvised settee, were the members of his family. His wife is a tall woman, rather spare in flesh, and has a tired and weatherbeaten appearance. She was more neatly dressed than one would expect a woman in her circumstances to be, and held in her arms the youngest child, aged about two years. Near her sat a little girl scarcely four years old, nodding, almost asleep; and in front of her stood a little boy, apparently about eight years of age. The little girl was dressed in a cheap calico dress, and the boy wore a blue check shirt and pants made of ordinary bagging, which had once been white. The children were all bare-headed and bare-footed. These observations were made by the light of a candle which Mr. Weston had lighted. A few feet in front of the group stood the famous wheelbarrow, and to the right, pitched ready for occupancy, stood the tent.

"How long is it, Mr. Weston, since you left New Orleans?" queried the reporter.

"I left New Orleans," said Weston, "in the latter part of February, and have been traveling most of the time since."

"What induced you to start on such a tramp?"

"Well, I'll tell you. You see, I came down here from Nebraska about two years ago. I spent the winter of '72 and '73 down here at the mouth of the Meramec. I took a notion that I wanted to go to Texas. In the spring I rigged up a little boat, stored it with such provisions and utensils as it would carry, and taking my family on board started down the river to Texas, expecting to go by way of the Red river. When we got pretty well down, I became alarmed at what I heard of the ravages of the yellow fever, and sold my boat. We at last wandered down as far as New Orleans. I could get nothing to do, and we came very near starving to death. We got down as low as ten cents' worth of meal once. I had almost despaired, and we might have died there if it had not been for my wife. She said we must come back North. Accordingly we loaded what little stuff we had on board two wheelbarrows and started, my boy here wheeling one and I the other. Maybe you think I tell you a big story, stranger, but that little chap wheeled a barrow 175 miles."

"Can you give me the principal points on your route?" interposed the reporter.

"Yes; I took some notes on my journey." He here produced a little note book, by the aid of which he continued as follows: "After leaving New Orleans the first place of any importance through which we passed was Donaldson, Louisiana, sixty-five miles north of New Orleans. From there we came on to Baton Rouge; from Baton Rouge to Fayette; from Fayette to Woodville. We then crossed over into Mississippi and went to Jackson, and from Jackson to Yazoo City. We stopped near Yazoo City for three weeks. Just before we got to that place we had to pass through a regular wilderness. My wife became very sick, and I thought we would all perish there. She begged me to leave her to die and to go on with the children and try to get to the North if possible. I finally got her up near Yazoo City, where he rested for three weeks. She had then so far recovered as to be able to travel again. We started again, came through Lexington, Carleton, Charlestown, Batesville, Como, Canatoba, Coldwater, Hernando, and thence to Memphis, Tennessee. We arrived at Memphis on the first of August, and met with a hearty reception. The people had heard of us there through the newspapers, and were very hospitable. Indeed, we have been treated very kindly all along the route. From Memphis we went to Covington, Kentucky, and from that point came through Ripley, Dryhill, Dyersburg, Palestine, Troy and Moscow, in the same State, and then crossed over to Cairo. From Cairo our route has been through Jonesboro, Murphysboro, Pinckneyville, Coulterville, Tilden, New Athens, Belleville to East St. Louis:

"And now that you have come thus far, will you go farther or make your home here?"

"I think I will stay here until after the fair. The fact is, that I have taken notes of my trip, first, for my own satisfaction, but afterward with a view to publishing an account of our adventures. The idea was suggested to me in Memphis, and I think it would not be uninteresting. I mean to consult proper persons to-morrow in reference to it, and if I am advised to do so, will set about the preparation of the pamphlet at once. I have no money to publish it myself, but I hope to find some one who will be willing to invest; I have quite a number of friends south of here who, I think, will aid me. As for going further north, I think I will; I want to get back to Nebraska."

"Is it a fact that you have supported yourself and family on this trip simply by making and selling ax handles?"

"It is; I have made and disposed of about seventy dozen since the first of January."

"What do you get for them?"

"Well, I suppose the average price is about twenty-two cents."

"What is your full name, Mr. Weston?"

"G. W. Weston?"

"George Washington?"

"Yes, sir. I was born at Erie, Pennsylvania, in 1825. I lived a number of years in Illinois, but had been living in Nebraska before I came down here two years ago. I am a brickmaker by trade."

The reporter having expressed a wish to examine his "Irishman's buggy," he explained that only a few pieces of the original were left. Resting on the handles is a box about six inches deep, three feet long, and about two wide; on this he carries their tent, bedding, clothing, and the baby. It is covered with bows over which he spreads a blanket when traveling, to shelter the child. Just over the wheel is an ordinary cracker box, in which they carry their cooking utensils, consisting of a Dutch oven, a frying pan, a small coffee pot, and a tin cup for cooking rice. Under the wheelbarrow is another box in which they carry their provisions and quinine. This constitutes the outfit.—*St. Louis Times.*

Recently a swimming match was arranged to take place at Easthorn, England, between a fisherman and a mastiff dog. But there was no race, because the dog, once in the water with the man, supposed his duty there was to save the latter's life, and persisted in his endeavors to keep the man afloat by thrusting his head under his opponent's chin.

When people become insane, the habit has been to say, "He has gone out of his mind," instead of saying, "His mind has gone out of him." We look for Richard Grant White, the language mender, to correct this.

OFFICIAL.

To the Qualified Electors of the State of Louisiana.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Office of the Secretary of State, New Orleans, July 14, 1874.

In conformity to article 147, title nine of the constitution of 1868, publication is hereby made to the voters of the State of Louisiana, of the proposed amendments to the constitution of the State agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the elected to each house of the regular session of the General Assembly of the year 1874, and required to be published three months before the next general election for Representatives to the General Assembly in at least one newspaper in every parish of the State, in which a newspaper shall be published. Said amendments appear fully in acts Nos. 4, 22 and 64 of said session of the General Assembly, which are herewith officially published for the information of voters, and will be submitted to the people at the general election Monday, November 2, 1874, in such manner and form that the people may vote for or against such amendments separately; and if a majority of the voters shall approve and ratify all or either of said amendments, the same shall become a part of the constitution.

P. G. DESLONDE,
Secretary of State.

No. 4.]
An act proposing amendments to the constitution of the State of Louisiana.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened (two-thirds of the members of each house agreeing thereto), That the following amendments be proposed and entered upon the respective journals of the Senate and House of Representatives, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and the Secretary of State shall cause the same to be published three months before the next general election for representatives to the General Assembly in at least one newspaper in every parish of the State in which a newspaper shall be published. And said proposed amendments shall be submitted to the people at said election in such manner and form that the people may vote for or against each amendment separately—i. e., "first proposed amendment for approval," or "against approval," and in like manner as to the others; and if a majority of the voters at said election shall approve and ratify such amendment or amendments, the same shall be appropriately numbered and become a part of the constitution, and be proclaimed as such by the Governor and Secretary of State.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION

No. 1.—The issue of consolidated bonds authorized by the General Assembly of the State, at its regular session in the year 1874, is hereby declared to create a valid contract between the State and each and every holder of said bonds, which the State shall by no means and in no wise impair. The said bonds shall be a valid obligation of the State in favor of any holder hereof, and no court shall enjoin the payment of the principal or interest thereof, or the levy and collection of tax therefor; to secure such levy, collection and payment, the judicial power shall be exercised when necessary. The tax required for the payment of the principal and interest of said bonds shall be assessed and collected each and every year until the bonds shall be paid, principal and interest, and the proceeds shall be paid by the Treasurer of the State to the holders of said bonds as the principal and interest of the same shall fall due, and no further legislation or appropriation shall be requisite for the said assessment and collection and for such payment from the treasury.

No. 2.—Whenever the debt of the State shall have been reduced below twenty-five million dollars, the constitutional limit shall remain at the lowest point reached, beyond which the public debt shall not thereafter be increased, and this rule shall continue in operation until the debt is reduced to fifteen million dollars, beyond which it shall not be increased. Nor shall taxation for all State purposes, excepting the support of public schools, ever exceed twelve and a half mills on the dollar of the assessed valuation of the real and personal property in the State, except in case of war or invasion.

No. 3.—The revenue of each year derived from taxation upon real, personal and mixed property, or from licenses, shall be devoted solely to the expenses of the said year for which it shall be raised, excepting any surplus remain, which shall be directed to sinking the public debt. All appropriations and claims in excess of revenue shall be null and void, and the State shall in no manner provide for their payment.

(Signed) CHARLES W. LOWELL,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) C. C. ANTOINE,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved January 24, 1874.
(Signed) WILLIAM P. KELLOGG,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy:
P. G. DESLONDE, Secretary of State.

No. 64.]
An act proposing an amendment to the constitution of the State of Louisiana, changing the day for holding the general election.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened (two-thirds of the members elected to each house agreeing thereto), That the following amendment to the constitution of the State of Louisiana shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the State at the next general election for Representatives of the General Assembly: That the words "first Monday," in article seventeen of the constitution, be stricken out, and the words "first Tuesday after the first Monday" be substituted in lieu thereof, and if approved by a majority of the voters at said election the same shall become a part of said article seventeen.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, etc., That this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

(Signed) CHARLES W. LOWELL,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) C. C. ANTOINE,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved March 21, 1874.
(Signed) WILLIAM P. KELLOGG,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy:
P. G. DESLONDE, Secretary of State.

No. 22.]
Joint resolution submitting an amendment to the constitution of the State to limit the debt of New Orleans, and the issue of warrants by the officers; and prescribing certain penalties.

SECTION 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened (two-thirds of the members elected to each House agreeing thereto), That at the general election for members of the General Assembly, which will take place in November, 1874, an amendment to the constitution of the State shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the State for their ratification or rejection in the words following:

Article —. The city of New Orleans shall not hereafter increase her debt, in any manner or form, or under any pretext. After the first day of January, 1875, no evidence of indebtedness or warrant for payment of money shall be issued by any officer of said city, except against cash actually in the treasury; but this shall not be so construed as to prevent a renewal of matured bonds at par, or the issue of new bonds in exchange for other bonds: provided the city debt be not thereby increased, nor to prevent the issue of drainage warrants to the transferee of contract, under act No. 30 of 1871, payable only from drainage taxes, and not otherwise; any person violating the prohibitions [provisions] of this article shall, on conviction, be punished by imprisonment for not less than two nor more than ten years, and by fine of not less than three dollars nor more than ten thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That at said next general election, the wishes of the electors in the premises, shall be expressed by printed or written ballots, as follows:

"For the amendment limiting the debt of New Orleans;" or, "Against the amendment limiting the debt of New Orleans," and the said ballots shall be counted and returns made, and the result declared as in the case of election of State officers.

(Signed) CHARLES W. LOWELL,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) C. C. ANTOINE,
Lieutenant Governor and President of the Senate.
Approved February 24, 1874.
(Signed) WILLIAM P. KELLOGG,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.
A true copy:
P. G. DESLONDE, Secretary of State.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Tradesmen's Fire Insurance Company, No. 73 Carondelet street, New Orleans.—In accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors at a meeting held on the eleventh instant, the subscribers to the capital stock of this company are hereby notified to come forward and pay at this office, at the dates undermentioned, the following installments on the amounts they may respectively owe to the company, viz: Ten per cent on October 26, 1874, ten per cent on November 25, 1874, ten per cent on December 25, 1874, otherwise the last clause in article three of the amended charter will be put in full force.

By order of the Board.
J. McD. TAYLOR, Secretary.
se19 6t eod

Citizens' Bank of Louisiana.—At a regular meeting of the Board held Friday, the twenty-eighth instant, Mr. JAMES J. TARLETON was unanimously elected Cashier, in place of Mr. J. L. Delery, removed.

JOHN G. GAINES, President.
New Orleans, August 29, 1874. au30 1m

POLITICAL NOTICES.

The Parish Executive Committee of the Republican party, parish of Orleans, are hereby requested to meet on FRIDAY, September 25, at 2 P. M., at the State House.

By order of the President.
S. M. QUETE, Secretary.
se24 2t

Republican Parish Executive Committee.
Parish of Orleans.

JAMES LEWIS, President.
E. W. TOSTRICK, Vice President.
SAMUEL M. QUETE, Secretary.
CHARLES A. BAQUIE, Assistant Secretary
P. J. MALONEY, Corresponding Secretary.
P. F. HERWIG, Treasurer.
JOHN L. COLLINS, Serg-ant-at-Arms.
A. SKILLMAN, Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms.

DELEGATES.

First ward—John Langles, W. S. Wilson.
Second ward—P. F. Herwig, H. C. Nichols.
Third ward—W. L. Evans, George Devezin.
Fourth ward—James Lewis, Charles E. Ingalls.
Fifth ward—William Vigers, E. Alex.
Sixth ward—Joseph Diaz, E. Joubert.
Seventh ward—John Barrow, Charles W. Boothby
Eighth ward—E. V. Leclerc, Webster Long.
Ninth ward—T. V. Coupland, J. W. Edwards.
Tenth ward—Simon J. Flatow, J. A. Paturel.
Eleventh ward—E. W. Tostrick, Graham Bell.
Twelfth ward—Paul Bruce, A. M. Aucoin.
Thirteenth ward—A. Delpie, W. Baudult.
Fourteenth ward—W. R. Fish, N. D. Bush.
Fifteenth ward—W. F. Loan, Edmond Jones.
Sixteenth ward—H. Davis, George W. Moore.
Seventeenth ward—T. B. Stamps, William Kern

STANDING COMMITTEES.

SUB-EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
W. S. WILSON, Chairman:
George Devezin, William Vigers,
E. Joubert, Webster Long.
T. V. Coupland, S. J. Flatow,
A. M. Aucoin, George W. Moore,
William Kern. W. R. Fish.

CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE.
P. F. HERWIG, Chairman.
Charles Ingalls, John Barrow,
Graham Bell, William F. Loan,
A. Dejoie, T. B. Stamps.

COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS.
H. C. NICHOLS, Chairman;
Joseph Diaz, E. V. Leclerc,
J. R. Paturel. Edmond Jones.

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE.
JOHN LANGLES, Chairman;
Ernest Alex, Charles W. Boothby,
E. W. Tostrick. Paul Bruce.

COMMITTEE ON CLUBS.
W. L. EVANS, Chairman;
J. W. Edwards, Edmund Jones,
H. Davis. N. D. Bush.

JAMES LEWIS, President.
S. M. QUETE, Secretary. jy14

Republican Central Clubs of the Parish of Orleans.—The following are the names of the officers of the Central Ward Republican Clubs of this parish, and their time of meeting, as recognized by the Parish Executive Committee:

First ward—J. C. Miller, president; George C. Norcross, secretary; meets at the corner of White and Melpomene street on Monday nights.

Second ward—C. F. Glandin, president; A. Frelot, secretary; meets on Erato, between Carondelet and Baronne streets, Tuesday night.

Third ward—C. F. Ladd, president; J. P. Pullen, secretary; meets at Clay Hall Saturday night.

Fourth ward—R. M. J. Kennet, president; meets on Gravier street Monday night.

Fifth ward—J. Lanabere, president; O. P. Fernandez, secretary; meets at the corner of Orleans and Claiborne streets Thursday night.

Sixth ward—B. F. Joubert, president; L. Lamaniere, secretary; meets at the corner of Claiborne and Ursulines streets Wednesday night.

Seventh ward—C. J. Adolphe, president; M. A. Perault, secretary; meets at the corner of Dauphine and Union street's Monday night.

Eighth ward—F. Burns, president; William J. Ennis, secretary, meets on Urquhart street Wednesday night.

Ninth ward—Tom Carey, president; J. Blandin, secretary; meets at the corner of Mazant and Dauphine streets Thursday night.

Tenth ward—J. A. Kayzer, president; F. DePruville, secretary; meets on First street, near Liberty, Tuesday night.

Eleventh ward—Edward Williams, president; E. J. Mallang, secretary; meets at the corner of Sixth and St. Patrick streets Monday night.

Twelfth ward—A. Anderson, president; E. B. Falls, secretary; meets at Jefferson Hall Friday night.

Thirteenth ward—A. Delpie, president; P. J. Maloney, secretary; meets on Cadiz, between Chestnut and Camp streets Wednesday night.

Fourteenth ward—Eli Johnston, president; H. Powell, secretary; meets on Broadway street Tuesday night.

Fifteenth ward—A. Dumont, president; Charles Hill, secretary; meets on Valette street, near Bourbon, Monday night.

Sixteenth ward—J. T. Claiborne, president; H Macray, secretary; meets at the corner of Adams and Anthony streets.

Seventeenth ward—T. B. Stamps, president; P. Duvel, secretary; meets at the corner of Camp and Barth streets.

JAMES LEWIS, President.
S. M. QUETE, Secretary. jy14

Headquarters State Central Executive Committee Republican Party of Louisiana, New Orleans, Louisiana, August 29, 1874.—The committee met pursuant to the call of S. B. PACKARD, president (as per resolution of State Convention), and the following organization was effected, to wit:

President—S. B. PACKARD.
Vice President—JAMES LEWIS.
Secretary—CHARLES HILL.
Assistant Secretary—L. LAMANIERE.
Corresponding Secretary—J. R. G. PITKIN.
Treasurer—B. F. JOUBERT

SUB-EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

S. B. PACKARD, Chairman ex-officio.
B. F. FLANDERS, JAMES F. CASEY,
B. F. JOUBERT, C. W. LOWELL,
MICHAEL HAHN, JAMES LONGSTREET,
JAMES LEWIS, C. C. ANTOINE,
JOHN S. HARRIS, T. T. ALLAIN,
R. A. BRAY, F. RIARD.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

O. C. BLANDIN, Chairman.
B. F. JOUBERT, ex officio.
C. F. LADD, T. B. STAMPS,
L. DARRALL, JOHN GAIR,
P. B. S. PINCHBACK, WILLIAM P. LOAN,
J. L. HERWIG, T. A. CAGE,
L. E. BENTLEY.

All communications must be addressed to S. B. Packard, president, New Orleans, Louisiana.
au30 CHARLES HILL, Secretary.

BANKS AND BANKING.

LOUISIANA SAVINGS BANK
AND
SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY,
No. 51 Camp Street.

CAPITAL.....$500,000.

E. C. PALMER, President.
JAMES JACKSON, Vice President.

Directors:

E. CONERY, FRED. WING,
J. H. KELLAR, W. H. THOMAS,
DAVID WALLACE, JAMES JACKSON,
E. C. PALMER.

Its capital gives security to depositors. Deposits of Fifty Cents and upward received, and SIX PER CENT INTEREST allowed.
jy7 1y JOHN S. WALTON, Cashier.

THE CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK

Is a strictly legitimate bank for savings, modeled upon the plan of popular and successful institutions in New York and London, and incorporated April 24, 1872, under a special and favorable charter granted by the Legislature of the State of Louisiana, with an authorized capital of $200,000.

Interest six per cent per annum.
Deposits of ten cents and upward received.
All deposits are payable on demand.
Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturday evening from six to eight o'clock.

GRUNEWALD HALL,
No. 24 Baronne Street.

M. BENNER, Cashier. J. L. GUBERNATOR, President.

DIRECTORS.

JOHNSON ARMSTRONG, THOMAS HASAM,
E. W. BURBANK, J. L. GUBERNATOR,
M. BENNER.
mh1 1y

NEW ORLEANS SAVINGS' INSTITUTION, No. 156 Canal street. Trustees—Dr. W. Newton Mercer, L. F. Generes, George Jonas, Thomas J. Adams, Thomas Allen Clarke, Charles J. Leeds, David Urquhart, John G. Gaines, Carl Kohn, Christian Schneider, Samuel Jamison.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

L. F. GENERES, President.
CHARLES KILSHAW, Treasurer. mh28 1y

Succession of Widow Julia Hogan.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans. No. 37,454.—Whereas, Thomas Gleason has petitioned the court for letters of administration on the estate of the late Widow Julia Hogan, deceased, intestate. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, to show cause within ten days why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

By order of the Court.
se16 22 26 FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

Succession of John O'Loghlin.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans. No. 37,451.—Whereas, E. T. Parker has petitioned the court for letters of administration on the estate of the late John O'Loghlin, deceased, intestate. Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern to show cause within ten days why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

By order of the Court.
se16 22 26 FRANK PACE, JR., Clerk.

LEGAL NOTICES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA.

IN THE MATTER OF THE NEW ORLEANS, MOBILE and Texas Railroad Company, against whom a petition for adjudication of bankruptcy was filed on the twenty-seventh day of May, A. D. 1874—District of Louisiana, s. s.—No. 1424.

UPON FILING PROOFS SUSTAINING THE ALLEGATIONS of the petition aforesaid, it is ordered that the said New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad Company do appear at this court, as a court of bankruptcy, to be holden at New Orleans, in the parish of Orleans and State of Louisiana and district aforesaid, on the sixteenth day of November, 1874, at 11 A. M., and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted; and it is further ordered that a copy of this order be served on said New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad Company by publication in the New Orleans Republican, as required by law, the last insertion to appear at least five days previous to the day herein required for their appearance.

Witness the Hon. Edward H. Durell, judge of the said court, and the seal thereof, at New Orleans, in said district, on the seventeenth day of June, A. D. 1874.

K. LOEW, Deputy Clerk.
je20

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

PROCLAMATION.

THE ASSASSINATION OF RED RIVER PARISH OFFICERS.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Executive Department, New Orleans, September 3, 1874.

Whereas, During the morning of Sunday, August 30, 1874, at the McFarland plantation, in the parish of Bossier, about forty miles east of the Texas line, HOMER J. TWITCHELL, ROBERT A. DEWEES, CLARK HOLLAND, W. J. HOWELL, FRANK S. EDGERTON and M. C. WILLIS, peaceful and law abiding citizens of this State, were cruelly murdered in cold blood by a body of armed and mounted men claiming to belong to an organization known as the White League of Louisiana;

Now, therefore, I, William Pitt Kellogg, Governor of the State of Louisiana, with a view, if possible, of bringing the perpetrators of this great outrage to justice, and of preventing the repetition of such crimes in the future, do issue this my proclamation offering a reward of FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS each for such evidence as shall lead to the arrest and conviction of the said murderers, or any of them.

Given under my hand, and the seal of the State hereunto attached, this third day of September, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and seventy-four, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-ninth.

WILLIAM P. KELLOGG.

By the Governor:
P. G. DESLONDE,
Secretary of State.
se4 2p

EIGHT THOUSAND DOLLARS REWARD.

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT, Washington, D. C., September 9, 1874.

WHEREAS, BY AN ACT OF CONGRESS APPROVED June 22, 1874, entitled "an act making appropriations to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the service of the government for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1873 and 1874, and for other purposes," the Postmaster General was authorized to offer certain rewards for the apprehension of the parties concerned in the late mail robberies in Missouri and Texas.

Now, therefore, I, Marshall Jewell, Postmaster General of the United States of America, by authority vested in me by said act, do offer the sum of FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS for the apprehension or the parties who committed the mail robbery in the State of Missouri on the thirteenth day of January 1874, commonly known as the "Gad's Hill mail robbery," and the sum of THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS for the apprehension of the parties who committed the mail robbery in the State of Texas on the seventh day of April, 1874, commonly known as "the San Antonio stage robbery, near the city of Austin." The said respective rewards to be paid upon the conviction of the parties who were engaged in the perpetration of said robberies.

MARSHALL JEWELL,
Postmaster General.
se15 22 23 oc6

REGISTRATION OFFICES.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Office State Registrar of Voters, New Orleans, August 24, 1874.

THE FOLLOWING LOCATIONS OF THE OFFICES of registration are hereby announced for the guidance of qualified electors of the several election precincts of the parish of Orleans:

FIRST ELECTION PRECINCT.
Bounded by Felicity and Thalia streets, and the Mississippi river.
Assistant Supervisor.....PERRY R. EMERSON
Office No. 409½ St. Charles street.

SECOND ELECTION PRECINCT.
Bounded by Thalia and Julia streets, and the Mississippi river.
Assistant Supervisor.....THOMAS B. WYNNE
Office corner of Calliope and Carondelet streets.

THIRD ELECTION PRECINCT.
Bounded by Julia and Canal streets and the Mississippi river.
Assistant Supervisor.....DANIEL A. ROSE
Office No. Carondelet 157 Carondelet street, near Lafayette.

FOURTH ELECTION PRECINCT.
Bounded by Canal and St. Louis streets and the Mississippi river.
Assistant Supervisor.....A. J. KENNER
Office Treme street, between Conti and Bienville.

FIFTH ELECTION PRECINCT.
Bounded by St. Louis and St. Philip streets and the Mississippi river.
Assistant Supervisor.....L. D. LARRIEU
Office corner St. Peter and Rampart streets.

SIXTH ELECTION PRECINCT.
Bounded by St. Philip and Esplanade streets and the Mississippi river.
Assistant Supervisor.....J. B. ROUDANEZ
Office No. 265 Treme street.

SEVENTH ELECTION PRECINCT.
Bounded by Esplanade and Elysian Fields streets and the Mississippi river.
Assistant Supervisor.....N. B. HUTTON
Office corner of Bagatelle and Burgundy streets

EIGHTH ELECTION PRECINCT.
Bounded by Elysian Fields street, Lafayette avenue and the Mississippi river.
Assistant Supervisor.....E. V. LECLERE
Office corner of Gired and Marigny streets.

NINTH ELECTION PRECINCT.
Bounded by Lafayette avenue, lower limits of the city, and the Mississippi river.
Assistant Supervisor.....JAMES H. DOUGHERTY
Office corner of Independence and Rampart streets

TENTH ELECTION PRECINCT.
Bounded by Felicity, and First streets and the Mississippi river.
Assistant Supervisor.....MICHAEL J. CONNORS
Office corner Josephine and Laurel streets.

ELEVENTH ELECTION PRECINCT.
Bounded by First and Toledano streets and the Mississippi river.
Assistant Supervisor.....R. B. BAQUIE
Office No. 272 Washington street.

TWELFTH ELECTION PRECINCT.
Bounded by Toledano street, Napoleon avenue and the Mississippi river.
Assistant Supervisor.....THOMAS K. FLANNAGAN
Office on Magazine street, between Milan and Marengo streets.

THIRTEENTH ELECTION PRECINCT.
Bounded by Napoleon avenue, Peters avenue and the Mississippi river.
Assistant Supervisor.....P. J. MALONEY
Office corner Magazine and Bordeaux streets.

FOURTEENTH ELECTION PRECINCT.
Bounded by Peters avenue and Lowerline street and the Mississippi river.
Assistant Supervisor.....W. H. FINNEGAN
Office Nashville avenue, between Live Oak and Laurel streets.

FIFTEENTH ELECTION PRECINCT.
Orleans, right bank.
Assistant Supervisor.....W. F. LOAN
Office old courthouse, Algiers.

SIXTEENTH ELECTION PRECINCT.
Bounded by Lowerline street, Carrollton avenue and Mississippi river.
Assistant Supervisor.....LEN WILLIAMS
Office Courthouse, Carrollton avenue.

SEVENTEENTH ELECTION PRECINCT.
Bounded by Carroll