New Orleans Republican.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF NEW ORLEANS

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

Election, Monday, November 2, 1874.

For State Treasurer,
ANTOINE DUBUCLET.

For Member of Congress, First District,
J. HALE SYPHER.

For Member of Congress, Second District,
HENRY C. DIBBLE.

For Member of Congress, Third District,
CHESTER B. DARRALL.

For Member of Congress, Fourth District,
GEORGE L. SMITH.

For Member of Congress, Fifth District,
FRANK MOREY.

For Member of Congress, Sixth District,
C. E. NASH.

Proposed Amendments to the Constitution.

First—Under act No. 4, session of 1874, relative to issue of consolidated bonds. FIRST proposed amendment, FOR APPROVAL.

Second—Under act No. 4, session of 1874, reducing and limiting the State debt to fifteen million dollars and limiting taxation. SECOND proposed amendment, FOR APPROVAL.

Third—Under act No. 4, session of 1874, devoting the annual revenues of the State to the expenses of the same year. THIRD proposed amendment, FOR APPROVAL.

Fourth—Under act No. 22, session of 1874, FOR THE AMENDMENT, LIMITING THE DEBT of the city of NEW ORLEANS.

Fifth—Under act No. 61, session of 1874, FOR THE AMENDMENT to article seventeen, relative to the day of ELECTING REPRESENTATIVES.

Parish and Municipal Ticket.

CITY OFFICERS.

Mayor—Felix Labatut.
Administrator of Public Accounts—F. E. Dumas.
Administrator of Finance—J. Calhoun.
Administrator of Improvements—James Lewis.
Administrator of Commerce—L. J. Higby.
Administrator of Assessments—H. Bonzano.
Administrator of Waterworks—A. Spaticio.
Administrator of Police—W. F. Loan.

PARISH OFFICERS.

Civil Sheriff—J. L. Herwig.
Criminal Sheriff—Joseph Boutte.
Coroner of the First, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Seventh Districts—Patrick Creagh.
Coroner of the Second and Third Districts—Dr. G. Devron.

SENATORS.

First Senatorial District—John Langles, C. F. Glaudin, C. F. Ladd.
Second Senatorial District—Jules Lanabere.
Third Senatorial District—Thomas Carey.
Fourth Senatorial District—D. J. Hutchinson.
Fifth Senatorial District—Andrew Dumont.
Sixth Senatorial District—R. H. Chadbourn.

REPRESENTATIVES.

First Representative District—William Thompson, William McCann.
Second Representative District—George D. Geddes, P. H. Boyle, A. J. Brim.
Third Representative District—William Wallace, George Devezin, Charles Montaldo, F. C. Antoine.
Fourth Representative District—Robert Malcolm, W. A. Dietrich.
Fifth Representative District—Homere Boutte, S. R. Snaer.
Sixth Representative District—J. G. Paschler.
Seventh Representative District—Francis Richard, J. B. Jourdain.
Eighth Representative District—John Evans.
Ninth Representative District—Louis Cheneau, Lawrence O'Donnell.
Tenth Representative District—P. J. Poelman, Graham Bell, Henry Ballard.
Eleventh Representative District—A. Dejoie, John Bertin.
Right Bank—George Gracien.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE AND CONSTABLES.

First—George W. Sadler, justice; E. J. Cheevers, constable.
Second—W. L. Evans, justice; William Welsh, constable.
Third—A. Pluche, Jr., justice; John H. Vigers, constable.
Fourth—J. Parker, justice; G. Liautaud, constable.
Fifth—W. L. Thompson, justice; W. C. Sweet, constable.
Sixth—J. H. Dodds, justice; Charles Biggs, constable.
Seventh—Isaac W. Falls, justice; M. F. Michel, constable.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

BY SHERIFF HARPEE, at 12 o'clock, at Merchants and Auctioneers' Exchange, for city taxes, vacant and improved real estate in the First, Second, Third and Sixth Districts.

How to Reconquer the South.

The serious consideration of the present condition of the Southern States, which has been provoked not only by the results of the recent elections, but by the repetition of outrages against the life and property of peaceable, law-abiding citizens, has resulted in numerous suggestions of needed changes in that section. It is true that such copperhead organs as the *Tribune*, *Times* and *World*, of New York, have defied and insulted the intelligence of their readers by denying that a riotous condition of affairs prevails; but the accumulation of reliable statistics, in contradiction of that assumption, has opened the eyes of the people generally. The facts referred to prove that the Southern people, with rare exceptions, are so thoroughly dissatisfied with the results of the late civil war that they have been aroused to the verge of renewing the rebellion. With a wholesome dread of the result of organized conflict with the arms of the United States, they have resorted to intimidation and assassination of political opponents, and have developed their intention by these methods to gain that supremacy within the Union which they failed to gain outside of it. In plainer words, they have been forced to abandon their cherished idea of a separate form of government, and have substituted for it a design to rule the entire country on the same principles on which they expected to found the Southern Confederacy. The issues of each recurring political contest prove this to be true, because they are based, even in the Conservative State of Virginia, upon the bold declaration that the "South should be ruled by Southrons alone." The literal meaning of this declaration is that the leaders of the rebellion, with their followers, sympathizers and successors, are alone entitled to power, not only in the South, but throughout the whole country, because they can not rule one section in the Union without ruling both.

To accomplish this result, as we have repeatedly explained, they have ignored the terms of their paroles, have proved faithless to their pledges of loyalty, and violated the oaths with which they rehabilitated themselves as citizens of the United States. They had set at defiance the reconstruction acts, and have ruthlessly disregarded every law of Congress intended to preserve or protect the rights of those who were disfranchised by the war amendments to the constitution. That they will continue to do these things is now as certain as that they have done them in the past, and that they are encouraged to continue by the result of the recent elections is so apparent as to defy contradiction. We are, therefore, confronted with the existence of a great sectional conspiracy to destroy the liberties of millions of our fellow-citizens, and to repudiate the great results of the war. To overcome this conspiracy we must reconquer the South, and as we can not do it by force of arms, because the opposition presents no tangible form of overt rebellion, we must go about it in another way. There is no time to lose in this matter. Already the proposition of the infamous Hunter, of Virginia, that the slaves shall be paid for by the general government, has found echoes and re echoes from every nook and corner of the late slaveholding States, and the suggestion is made that the government shall assume the further responsibility of paying for the destruction of rebel property during the war. The next step—akin to the repudiation of our own debt—will be the assumption of the Confederate debt.

These are not wild surmises. They are facts which are more palpable than were the surmises of a conspiracy to overthrow the government when Mr. Lincoln was first elected. They have assumed definite shape—more definite than the incidents which preceded the fall of Fort Sumter, and should serve to warn us of impending danger. Can we avert it by removing from the South the great bone of contention? We mean, of course, the removal of the blacks from their present homes to some place of safety, where they would be enabled to work out their own destiny, undeterred by political strife and intimidation. The bare suggestion of this thought will strike the majority of our readers as a piece of cowardice, because it at once admits the inability of government to protect its own citizens in the exercise of constitutional rights. Its execution would be followed by the ruin of the South, the beggary of rich planters, and a general stagnation in those branches of commerce which are maintained by traffic in Southern products. At the same time, however, it would teach the Southern people that if they would gain a livelihood by working their plantations and developing the resources which a bountiful Providence has placed at their command, they must protect and encourage rather than outrage and depress the class of laborers on which they depend for everything. This is one way to reconquer the South.—*Washington National Republican.*

Local Intelligence.

PAY FOR POLICEMEN.—Every proper effort has been made by Treasurer Bray, Acting Superintendent Baldy and the other police commissioners to procure money for policemen, and the task has not been a smooth or a pleasant one. A delegation of officers from the several precincts waited on Governor Kellogg yesterday, and received the answer that a sum sufficient to pay one month's roll had been secured, and that it would be disbursed to-day. There are men on the force, it is said, who are not actually in need of funds at this date, and such names will be passed over until the treasury is better supplied with currency. If possible, Treasurer Bray will pay to-day—certainly to-morrow.

A LEGAL OPINION WANTED.—Items go in grooves, as for instance press reporters, during a week or more, find that there is a regular run on murders, then suicides, fires, elopements, accidents of a peculiar kind, etc., and so determined are these things that regular news gatherers can almost predict in the morning what kind of an important item will be obtained before the paper goes to press. Just now the rage is judicial opinions on all sorts of subjects, which reminds us of something that should be settled. The case is like this: A citizen of New Orleans is armless, therefore has no hands with which to write. He recently purchased a piece of real estate, making a partial cash payment, giving mortgage notes for the balance. Although armless, he wrote the notes himself, using his toes for a pen-holder. Now, the judicial opinion desired is: Are those documents notes of *hand*? If any one or more of our facile lawyers will, without charge, send us a written opinion, something like those given on disputed political questions, we will publish it freely, for the benefit of mankind. Perhaps this is of as much importance as some of the queer questions sprung on the public, and as full of meat. As long as people will be absurd, let us have something stupid, funny or satirical.

ALTOGETHER TOO SPORTIVE.—William and Manuel Hara, one eleven and the other thirteen years old, found it exceedingly pleasant sport to annoy Mrs. Mary Noblet, who resides on Chartres, between St. Louis and Conti streets. For several days they lost no opportunity to render her existence miserable, and if an opportunity did not occur they would create one. The lads were as full of mischief as possible, but they carried their fun too far, for which they were landed in a prison cell. Last Sunday they actually assaulted and battered the Madame, which gave that persecuted woman a fair chance to retaliate in a proper manner. She made an affidavit and caused them to be arrested. They now think that disturbing a neighbor is not so exceedingly funny as it might be.

A FIRE IN ALGIERS.—At half-past eleven o'clock Monday night a double house, at the corner of Elmira and Peters streets, owned by Mrs. Black, and partly occupied by Mr. R. Allen, was entirely destroyed by fire. Mr. Allen lost nearly all his furniture, and hardly succeeded in carrying off some clothing. The loss will amount to about $2000, and there was no insurance.

BRAVE FELLOWS.—C. E. Dayton, John Sanders and George Wolfe displayed what kind of men they are by thumping Jenny Jackson at the corner of Basin and Customhouse streets, and perhaps would have made sausage meat out of her precious body had not Officer Short stopped such cruelty to animals by arresting the assailants.

SECOND WARD REPUBLICANS.—The regular meeting of the Republican Central Club of the second ward of this parish took place last evening.

After the regular business of the club was transacted, Colonel James Lewis, the Republican candidate for Administrator of Improvements, was called upon to address the club. Colonel Lewis occupied the attention of his audience for about thirty minutes, reviewing in his speech the present condition of our political affairs and reinforcing his arguments with suggestive and practical advices to his numerous friends in the second ward.

He was followed by General T. Morris Chester and Hon. Henry C. Dibble who, in their usual characteristic style brought forth repeated applause.

MEETING IN THE TENTH WARD.—The Republicans of the tenth ward assembled in regular meeting at eight o'clock last night, President Kyser, in the chair. During the transaction of routine business the Hon. Henry C. Dibble entered the hall and was received with deafening cheers of applause. He was called upon to speak and delivered one of his ablest and most eloquent addresses. The Hon. J. R. G. Pitkin followed Judge Dibble with an elaborate effort. The next speaker was Colonel James Lewis, who addressed the club in his usual familiar style, and was frequently applauded. General T. Morris Chester then took the stand and delivered a very interesting discourse.

The Weather and Rivers.

OFFICE METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVER, New Orleans, October 27, 1874.

The following is a report of the weather and rivers at 3:43 P. M., local time, to-day:

Places.	Ther.	Wind.	Weather.
Cairo	80	S. E.	Fair.
Corsicana	84	S.	Fair.
Cincinnati	75	N. W.	Clear.
Davenport	69	N.	Cloudy.
Dubuque	70	N. W.	Cloudy.
Galveston	68	S. E.	Clear.
Indianola	81	S.	Fair.
Keokuk	65	N.	Cloudy.
Lacrosse	74	N.	Cloudy.
Leavenworth	72	N.	Cloudy.
Louisville	77	W.	Fair.
Memphis	77	S. W.	Clear.
Nashville	81	S. E.	Clear.
New Orleans	76	S. E.	Clear.
Omaha	55	S.	Heavy rain.
Pittsburg	70	N. W.	Fair.
Shreveport	75	S. E.	Clear.
St. Louis	77	....	Clear.
St. Paul	45	N.	Cloudy.
Vicksburg	64	N. W.	Clear.
Yankton	45	E.	Cloudy.
Augusta	77	N. W.	Fair.
Baltimore	72	W.	Fair.
Mobile	68	N.	Clear.
Montgomery	74	N. E.	Clear.
New York	64	S. W.	Fair.
Savannah	73	N. W.	Clear.

RIVERS.

Stations	Rise, inches.	Fall, inches.	Above low water mark Ft.	In
Cairo	..	..	4	11
Cincinnati	..	..	4	2
Davenport	..	..	2	0
Dubuque	..	2	5	3
Evansville	..	1	1	11
Helena	..	10	8	1
Keokuk	..	1	4	1
Lacrosse	1	..	3	1
Leavenworth	..	..	..	0
Louisville	1	..	1	9
Memphis	..	3	2	1*
Nashville	..	..	2	2
New Orleans	..	5	*1	2
Omaha	..	..	2	1*
Shreveport	..	3	1*	7
St. Louis	..	2	7	5
St. Paul	1	..	3	6
Vicksburg	..	1	6	2
Yankton	..	..	2	1*

*Below high water mark of 18'4.

CITY COUNCIL—OFFICIAL

REGULAR MEETING.

CITY HALL, NEW ORLEANS, Tuesday, October 27, 1874.

The Council met this day at 12 M. in regular session.

Present—Hon. Louis A. Wiltz, Mayor, presiding, and Administrators Brewster, Calhoun, Lewis, Schneider and Sturcken.

The minutes of the last meeting were approved.

Communications from the Mayor and Administrators.

The Mayor presented the monthly report, for September, of the Administrator of Police, and it was recieved.

Financial Business and Other Bills on Final Passage.

Mr. Calhoun called up the ordinances and part of an ordinance described as follows, which, having been read twice, were now on third reading and passed unanimously, the yeas and nays having been called on each, and all the members present at roll call voting:

Providing for an issue of street improvement bonds to Higgins & Wilson.

"Providing for the payment of the several accounts therein named," beginning William Henry.

Providing appropriations to reimburse the employes of the Department of Finance for counterfeit money taken by them and shorts on pay rolls, etc.

"Providing for the payment of the several accounts therein named," beginning Folger & Co.

Requiring Alfred Philips, as the successor of the legal firm of C. Roselius and Alfred Philips, to represent the city of New Orleans before the Supreme Court of the United States, in the suit of the succession of John Davidson, in regard to the final tableau of assessment in the first drainage district.

The item of J. N. Folwell, coroner of the First, Fourth and Sixth Districts, struck out from an ordinance passed at the meeting of the twentieth instant.

Reports of Committees.

Mr. Lewis reported favorably by resolution on the petition of Higgins & Wilson for payment for graveling on Rampart street. Received.

The Mayor made the annexed report:

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, City Hall, October 24, 1874.

I have the honor to report to the City Council that, in conformity to your instructions, I have advertised for proposals for building the McDonogh Schoolhouse No. 4, in Algiers, and have received in answer to my advertisement eight proposals, as follows:

1. John Page, $14,450.
2. Andrew Downey, $16,500.
3. James C. Kiddell, $16,000.
4. James Cox, $15,900.
5. T. Ruesch, $14,675.
6. D. J. Wasson, agent, $14,700.
7. John McNally, $15,400.
8. Louis C. Sanman, $14,735.

The right to reject any or all bids was expressly reserved.

LOUIS A. WILTZ, Mayor.

On motion of Mr. Schneider, all the bids were rejected, and the Mayor was authorized to advertise again, for five days, for other proposals.

The Mayor announced that himself and the Administrators had been enjoined from passing the ordinance providing that the taxes due by the fire insurance companies should be made payable wholly to the Firemen's Charitable Association to liquidate the debt due by the city to said association, and suggested that therefore no action could be taken by the Council at present favorable to the measure.

Mr. Brewster reported favorably, by resolution, on the petition of the German Protestant Orphan Asylum for a title to certain lots in the Valence Street Cemetery. Received.

Ordinances and Resolutions Offered.

By Mr. Brewster and adopted:

"Donating certain lots in the Valence Street Cemetery of the Sixth District of this city to the German Protestant Orphan Asylum Association."

By Mr. Strucken and adopted:

For the relief of the Ocean Dry Dock Company.

By the Mayor, for the committee of the whole, and referred to the city attorney for his legal opinion:

To submit to the people of New Orleans at the election to be held on the second of November next, an ordinance to obligate the city to pay interest upon bonds to be issued by the New Orleans and Texas Western Central Railroad Company for the construction of its road.

By Mr. Lewis and read twice:

Resolved, That the Administrator of Finance be and he is hereby authorized to issue wharf improvement bonds at the rate of ninety cents on the dollar, in settlement of the following claim: John Massena, for 3644½ barrels of oyster shells, furnished for repairs to wharves, at twenty-five cents per barrel, $911 12.

Resolved, That the Administrator of Finance be and he is hereby authorized to issue wharf improvement bonds, at the rate of ninety cents on the dollar, in settlement of the following claim, under contract authorized by ordinance No. 2637, Administration series:

W. W. Walker, for 10,000 running feet of timber furnished and delivered for repairs to wharves, at eighteen cents per foot	$1800 00
Less ten per cent retained in guarantee	180 00
On account	$1620 00

Equal in wharf improvement bonds, at the rate of ninety cents on the dollar, to $1800 00

Resolved, That the sum of $1000, payable in street improvement bonds, at the rate of seventy-five cents on the dollar, be and the same is hereby allowed to Higgins & Wilson, in full settlement for graveling Rampart street, between Barracks and Hospital streets, and that the Administrator of Finance be and he is hereby authorized to issue the bonds in conformity herewith.

An ordinance providing for the payment of the several accounts therein named.

Be it ordained, That the following appropriations be and are hereby made, and that the Administrator of Public Accounts warrant on the Administrator of Finance in payment of the same, whenever there shall be money in the city treasury to the credit of the appropriate fund for each account and not otherwise appropriated:

DEPARTMENT OF IMPROVEMENTS FOR OCTOBER, 1874.

Department Proper—	
John W. Madden, stationery	$49 25
Bureau of Streets—	
William McQuaid, ballast	360 50
Manuel Frigo, ballast	50 00
Thomas Duffy, repairing tools	62 50
Barrett & Wiemann, hardware	295 35
John W. Madden, stationery	80 75
John M. Murch, reimbursement	27 50
Bureau of Wharves and Landings—	
Barrett & Wiemann, hardware	96 40
Bureau of Drainage—	
H. Steele, roofing slates	30 00
D. & J. D. Edwards, iron work	225 00
W. J. Poitevent, lumber	486 78
Thomas Duffy, repairing water valve	45 75
Total	$1809 78

SURVEYOR'S DEPARTMENT.

John W. Madden, stationery	$328 00
J. C. Davey, repairs to harness, etc	42 00
John C. Pooley, lumber	12 00
James Smith, vegetables purchased	37 50
Mrs. H. McGuinn, wood and coal	72 00
Louis Ruch, fresh beef	136 00
J. M. Rogers, fresh milk	12 40
Langshaw & Baker, forage	417 65
Total	$1,465 40

HOME OF AGED AND DESTITUTE.

Louis Ruch, fresh beef	$300 00
E. Vallee, groceries and provisions	404 04
Mrs. H. McGuinn, five cords wood	67 50
Total	$671 54

DISINFECTANTS.

Thomas Pickles, for sprinkling carbolic acid, etc., by order of the Board of Health	$92 00

BURYING INDIGENT DEAD, ETC.

John C. Pooley, lumber for coffins	$120 00

LIGHTING CITY.

Thomas Pickles, lighting city with oil	$2,716 68
Jefferson City Gaslight Company, lighting city with gas	2,630 74
New Orleans Gaslight Company, lighting city with gas	14,279 62
Total	$19,627 02

MUNICIPAL POLICE COURTS.

Langshaw & Baker, forage	$292 43
Mrs. H. Sullivan, ice furnished	8 10
Mrs. H. Sullivan, ice furnished in September	7 80
Total	$308 33

PARISH PRISON.

W. J. Kelly, medical supplies	$207 15

PUBLIC POUNDS.

Mrs. James Wright, rent First District pound	$25 00
William Malady, rent Fourth District pound	30 00
Total	$55 00

PUBLIC SQUARES.

Thomas Pickles, removing posts in 1873	$28 50
Themas Pickles, removing and resetting lamp posts, in 1874	193 00
Total	$221 50

By Mr. Calhoun and adopted:

1. To amend resolution No. 2730.
2. To amend ordinance No. 2736.
3. For the relief of Mrs. Margaret Cenas and other heirs of Hilary B. Cenas.

By Mr. Calhoun and read twice:

"To purchase certain real estate in suburb Gueno, in order to compromise a claim of Charles B. Singleton."

"Providing for the sale at auction of certain real estate belonging to the city of New Orleans."

"To amend and readjust the budget of 1874."

Mr. Lewis called up the resolution providing that claims for salaries, wages and supplies, acquired during 1874, should be receivable for taxes of 1873 and previous years, in the same proportion as other scrip, and, on his motion, the resolution was again laid over.

Petitions and Communications.

The undermentioned petitions and communications, presented by the Mayor, were severally disposed of or referred as stated:

From Loeds & Co. for an increase of appropriations made to them in 1873 and 1874, for which cash was to have been paid but has not been paid, the increase to compensate for the discount on said appropriations in the market; from the Board of School Directors, city of New Orleans, transmitting their budget for the year 1875, and from Mrs. Jane McCerren, relative to the claim of her husband, deceased, against the city. To the committee of the whole:

From C. Faurie, Jr., for stay of execution in tax suit against him. To the committee created by ordinance No. 2632.

From George Stromeyer, secretary of the board of commissioners of the Fink Asylum, notifying the Council of the organization of said board. Ordered to be filed.

From citizens of the Sixth District against shanties being erected on the public thoroughfares thereof; and from A. Delavigne for the restoration of curb stones taken by city workmen from the front of his property and the Ursulines Convent adjoining. To the Administrator of Improvements.

From Mrs. A. Leblanc for cancellation of an erroneous tax bill. To the Administrator of Assessments.

From Skilmoh H. Smith for permission to erect a camera obscura on the neutral ground of Canal street, at the intersection of Camp. To the Administrator of Police.

The Council then adjourned.

DANIEL SCULLY, Secretary.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Office Firemen's Charitable Association. New Orleans, October 27, 1874.—Board of Delegates' special meeting, FRIDAY EVENING, October 30, at seven o'clock, in the Hall of Louisiana Hose Company. Business of the utmost importance will be transacted, and every delegate is expected to be present.
oc28 3t C. C. FLANAGAN, Secretary.

New Orleans, October 25, 1874.—From and after this date Mr. E. Champaign, Jr., is the only authorized collector for the Ocean Saw Mill.
oc27 10t N. KEYES, General Superintendent.

Office Lafayette Fire Insurance Company. New Orleans, October 20, 1874.—At a meeting of the board of directors held on October 15, 1874, it was resolved to call in a cash installment of FIVE PER CENT on the capital stock, in accordance with article four of the constitution of the company, payable at the office of the company within forty days.
LOUIS MATHIS, Secretary.
oc21 40t

Notice.—The stockholders of the New Orleans Manufacturing and Building Company are requested to call with their certificates of stock on Mr. Theo. Lilienthal, No. 131 Poydras street, to receive a final dividend of $1 55 per share.
J. A. BLAFFER,
FRANK RODER,
THEO. LILIENTHAL,
Liquidators.
oc13 15t

Special Notice.—Office American Mutual Insurance Association of New Orleans, No. 25 Commercial place, between St. Charles and Camp streets, New Orleans, October 7, 1874.—At a meeting of the Board of Trustees, held this day, it was unanimously resolved to convene a meeting of the stockholders on TUESDAY, November 10, 1874, at 6 P. M., on business of importance.
By order of the President.
oc8 30t P. J. SULLIVAN, Secretary.

POLITICAL NOTICES.

Headquarters State Central Executive Committee Republican Party of Louisiana, New Orleans, Louisiana, August 29, 1874.—The committee met pursuant to the call of S. B. PACKARD, president (as per resolution of State Convention) and the following organization was effected, to wit:

President—S. B. PACKARD.
Vice President—JAMES LEWIS.
Secretary—CHARLES HILL.
Assistant Secretary—L. LAMANIERE.
Corresponding Secretary—J. E. G. PITKIN.
Treasurer—E. F. JOUBERT.

SUB-Eexecutive COMMITTEE.

S. B. PACKARD, Chairman ex-officio.

B. F. FLANDERS,	JAMES F. CASEY,
E. F. JOUBERT,	C. W. LOWELL,
MICHAEL HAHN,	JAMES LONGSTREET,
JAMES LEWIS,	S. C. ANTOINE,
JOHN S. HARRIS,	T. T. ALLAIN,
R. A. BRAY,	F. RIARD.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

C. C. BLANDIN, Chairman.
E. F. JOUBERT, ex officio.

C. F. LADD,	T. B. STAMPS,
L. DARRALL,	JOHN GAIR,
P. B. S. PINCHBACK,	WILLIAM F. LOAN,
J. L. HERWIG,	T. A. CAGE,

L. E. BENTLEY.

All communications must be addressed to S. B. Packard, president, New Orleans, Louisiana.
au30 CHARLES HILL, Secretary.

Third Congressional District.—Rooms State Central Executive Committee of the Republican party.—The following dates, localities and speakers have thus far been indicated for Republican campaign meetings in the Third Congressional District of Louisiana:

Franklin, St. Mary parish, Saturday, October 31.
Pattersonville, St. Mary parish, Sunday, November 1.
Attorney General Field, Lieutenant Governor Antoine and other prominent speakers will speak at—
Donaldsonville, Friday, October 23.
Napoleonville, Saturday, October 24.
Thibodaux, Sunday, October 25.
S. B. PACKARD, President.
CHARLES HILL, Secretary. oc19

POLITICAL NOTICES.

Sixth Ward Radical Republican Central Club, New Orleans, October 26, 1874.—The officers and members of this club are notified that a regular meeting will be held THIS EVENING at seven o'clock, at the rooms of the club on Claiborne street, near Ursulines street. Punctual attendance is requested, as business of importance will be transacted. Hon. J. R. G. Pitkin and other prominent speakers will address the club.
B. F. JOUBERT, President.
L. LAMANIERE, Jr., Secretary. oc28 1t

Rooms State Central Executive Committee of the Republican Party, State of Louisiana, New Orleans, October 19, 1874.—The parish committees who have not already done so must send the names of parish nominees to the president of the State committee at once, in order that the tickets may be printed and sent out.
S. B. PACKARD, President.
CHARLES HILL, Secretary. oc20

Republican Central Clubs of the Parish of Orleans.—The following are the names of the officers of the Central Ward Republican Clubs of this parish, and their time of meeting, as recognized by the Parish Executive Committee:

First ward—J. C. Miller, president; George C. Norcross, secretary; meets at the corner of White and Melpomene streets Monday night.

Second ward—C. F. Glaudin, president; A. Frelot, secretary; meets on Erato, between Carondelet and Baronne streets, Tuesday night.

Third ward—C. F. Ladd, president; J. P. Pullen, secretary; meets at Clay Hall Saturday night.

Fourth ward—Robert Malcolm, president; J. H. Grinnell, secretary; meets on Derbigny street Monday night.

Fifth ward—J. Lanabere, president; O. P. Fernandez, secretary; meets at the corner of Orleans and Claiborne streets Thursday night.

Sixth ward—B. F. Joubert, president; L. Lamaniere, secretary; meets at the corner of Claiborne and Ursulines streets Wednesday night.

Seventh ward—C. J. Adolphe; president; M. A. Perault, secretary; meets at the corner of Dauphine and Union streets Monday night.

Eighth ward—F. Burns, president; William J. Ennis, secretary, meets on Urquhart street Wednesday night.

Ninth ward—Tom Carey, president; J. Blandin, secretary; meets at the corner of Marant and Dauphine streets Thursday night.

Tenth ward—J. A. Kayzer, president; F. DeFruville, secretary; meets on First street, near Liberty, Tuesday night.

Eleventh ward—Edward Williams, president; H. J. Malling, secretary; meets at the corner of Sixth and St. Patrick streets Monday night.

Twelfth ward—A. Anderson, president; R. B. Falls, secretary; meets at Jefferson Hall Friday night.

Thirteenth ward—A. Dejoie, president; P. J. Maloney, secretary; meets on Cadiz, between Chestnut and Camp streets Wednesday night.

Fourteenth ward—Eli Johnston, president; H. Powell, secretary; meets on Broadway street Tuesday night.

Fifteenth ward—A. Dumont, president; Charles Hill, secretary; meets on Valette street, near Bouny, Monday night.

Sixteenth ward—J. T. Claiborne, president; H. Macray, secretary; meets at the corner of Adams and Anthony street's.

Seventeenth ward—T. B. Stamps, president; F. Deivel, secretary; meets at the corner of Camp and Barth streets.
JAMES LEWIS, President.
S. M. QUEEN, Secretary. jy14

Republican Parish Executive Committee, Parish of Orleans.

JAMES LEWIS, President.
E. W. TOSTRICK, Vice President.
SAMUEL M. QUEEN, Secretary.
CHARLES A. BAQUIE, Assistant Secretary.
P. J. MALONEY, Corresponding Secretary.
P. F. HERWIG, Treasurer.
JOHN L. COLLINS, Sergeant-at-Arms.
A. SKILLMAN, Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms.

DELEGATES.

First ward—John Langles, W. S. Wilson.
Second ward—P. F. Herwig, H. C. Nichols.
Third ward—W. L. Evans, George Devezin.
Fourth ward—James Lewis, Charles E. Ingalls.
Fifth ward—William Vigers, E. Alex.
Sixth ward—Joseph Diaz, E. Joubert.
Seventh ward—John Barrow, Charles W. Boothby.
Eighth ward—E. V. Leclerc, Webster Long.
Ninth ward—T. V. Coupland, J. W. Edwards.
Tenth ward—Simon J. Flatow, J. A. Paturel.
Eleventh ward—E. W. Tostrick, Graham Bell.
Twelfth ward—Paul Bruce, E. B. Falls.
Thirteenth ward—A. Dejoie, W. Bauduit.
Fourteenth ward—W. R. Fish, N. D. Bush.
Fifteenth ward—W. F. Loan, Edmond Jones.
Sixteenth ward—H. Davis, George W. Moore.
Seventeenth ward—T. B. Stamps, William Kern

STANDING COMMITTEES.

SUB-EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.
W. S. WILSON, Chairman;

George Devezin,	William Vigers,
E. Joubert,	Webster Long,
T. V. Coupland,	S. J. Flatow,
A. M. Aucoin,	George W. Moore,
William Kern,	W. R. Fish.

CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE.
P. F. HERWIG, Chairman.

Charles Ingalls,	John Barrow,
Graham Bell,	William F. Loan,
A. Dejoie,	T. B. Stamps.

COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS.
H. C. NICHOLS, Chairman;

Joseph Diaz,	E. V. Leclerc
J. H. Paturel,	Edmond Jones.

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE.
JOHN LANGLES, Chairman;

Ernest Alex,	Charles W. Boothby,
E. W. Tostrick,	Paul Bruce.

COMMITTEE ON CLUBS.
W. L. EVANS, Chairman;

J. W. Edwards,	Edmund James,
H. Davis,	N. D. Bush.

JAMES LEWIS, President.
S. M. QUEEN, Secretary. jy14

LEGAL NOTICES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA.

IN THE MATTER OF THE NEW ORLEANS, MOBILE and Texas Railroad Company, against whom a petition for adjudication of bankruptcy was filed on the twenty-seventh day of May, A. D. 1874—District of Louisiana, s. s.—No. 1424.

UPON FILING PROOFS SUSTAINING THE ALLEGATIONS of the petition aforesaid, it is ordered that the said New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad Company do appear at this court, as a court of bankruptcy, to be holden at New Orleans, in the parish of Orleans and State of Louisiana and district aforesaid, on the sixteenth day of November, 1874, at 11 A. M., and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted; and it is further ordered that a copy of this order be served on said New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad Company by publication in the New Orleans Republican, as required by law, the last insertion to appear at least five days previous to the day herein required for their appearance.

Witness the Hon. Edward H. Durell, judge of the said court, and the seal thereof, at New Orleans, in said district, on the seventeenth day of June, A. D. 1874.
je29 E. LOEW, Deputy Clerk.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

DISTRICT OF LOUISIANA.

IN THE MATTER OF MEYERS & LEVI ET AL. vs. Bloch Brothers, Bankrupts.

In Bankruptcy—No. 1368.

WHEREAS, JOSEPH BLOCH AND SIMON Bloch, individually and as members of the firm of Bloch Brothers, of the State of Louisiana, and district aforesaid, duly declared bankrupts under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, have this day filed in said court a petition praying for a discharge and certificate thereof from all their debts and other claims provable under said act.

Notice is therefore given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and to all other persons in interest, that the sixteenth day of November, 1874, at 11 A. M., is assigned for the hearing of the same, and that they may then and there attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted; and further notice is given that the bankrupt will undergo an examination before Register Kellogg on the fourteenth day of November, A. D. 1874, at 11 A. M., at his office, Customhouse building, New Orleans.

Clerk's office, New Orleans, October 27, 1874.
oc28 no3 10 K. LOEW, Deputy Clerk.

MONITION.

STATE OF LOUISIANA.

SIXTH DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH OF ORLEANS.

THE STATE OF LOUISIANA TO ALL WHOM it may concern, greeting:

Whereas, Charles F. Schmidt, of the city of New Orleans, having purchased at a public sale made by W. P. Harper, civil sheriff of the parish of Orleans, on the eighteenth day of July, 1874, the property hereinafter described, has applied to this court for a monition or advertisement in conformity of law (Revised Statutes, sections 2370 to 2380, inclusive):

Now, therefore, know ye and all persons interested herein, are cited and admonished in the name of the State of Louisiana and of the Sixth District Court for the parish of Orleans, who can set up any right, title or claim in and to the property hereinafter described, in consequence of any informality in the order, decree or judgment of the court under which the sale was made, or any irregularity or illegality in the appraisements and advertisements, in time or manner of sale, or for any other defect whatsoever, to show cause within thirty days from the day this monition is first inserted in the public papers why the sale so made should not be confirmed and homologated.

The said property was sold to the civil sheriff of the parish of Orleans, acting by virtue of a writ of seizure and sale issued to the said sheriff from the Sixth District Court for the parish of Orleans, as the suit of John Carron vs. Francois Lacroix, No. 6395 of the docket of said court, at which sale the said Charles K. Schmidt became the purchaser for the price and sum of $2900.

Description of property acknowledged in the judicial conveyance recorded in the clerk's office of the said Sixth District Court: A certain lot of ground, with all and singular the buildings and improvements thereon and appurtenances thereof, situated in the Second District of this city on Chartres street, between St. Louis and Conti streets, having thirty-two feet front on Chartres street by an irregular depth of about ninety-six feet.

Which property was acquired by Francois Lacroix by purchase from J. B. Lacroix, by act passed before Felix Percy, late notary public in this city, on the eighth day of July 1857.

Witness our hands and the seal of the aforesaid court this twenty-sixth day of October A. D. eighteen hundred and seventy-four, and the ninety ninth year of the independence of the United States of America.
A. SAUCIER, Judge.
JOHN J. O'BRIEN, Clerk. oc28 no4 11 12 25 24

OFFICIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO MEMBERS OF THE BAR.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT FOR THE PARISH of Orleans.—Notice is hereby